A

COLLECTION

OF ALL THE

Irish and *English* STATUTES

Now in FORCE and USE,

Relating to His Majesty's REVENUE of *IRELAND*, with Notes in the Margin, to the End of the Sixth Session of our Most Gracious Sovereign Lord King GEORGE the Second. To which several other Matters are added concerning His Majesty's said Revenue.

WITH

A View of the RATES of GOODS and MERCHANDIZES Imported and Exported, and of the NEAT DUTIES payable according to the said Rates, and of all the Additional, and other Duties which have been granted by any of the said Statutes, and of the Neat Duties to be repaid upon the Exportation of Foreign Goods.

LIKEWISE

A TABLE of the Titles of the several Acts, with their Commencement and Continuance: With several other useful Tables.

TOGETHER WITH

An Alphabetical INDEX to the Whole.

By *JAMES FLEMING*.

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MDCCXLI.

MVSEVM
BRITAN
NICVM

TO THE

Right Honourable and Honourable

THE

Chief COMMISSIONERS

AND

GOVERNORS,

OF

His Majesty's Revenue of

IRELAND.

This Collection of Statutes is most humbly
DEDICATED, By

Their Honours

Most Dutiful,

Most Faithful,

And most Obedient

Servant,

JAMES FLEMING.

TO THE

Right Honourable and Honourable

THE

Chief COMMISSIONERS

AND

GOVERNORS,

OF

His Majesty's Revenue of

IRELAND.

This Collection of Speeches is most humbly

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TABLE

OF THE

Titles of the ſeveral Acts, their Commencement, and Continuance.

Anno 15 Henrici 7 Regis.

TWELVE Pence levied by the King out of every Twenty Shillings worth of Wares brought into *Ireland*; Wine and Oyl only excepted. Cap. 1. Page 1

Granted to the King and his Heirs.

Anno 14 & 15 Caroli 2 Regis.

A Clauſe in an Act intituled, An Act for the better Execution of his Majeſty's gracious Declaration for the Settlement of his Kingdom of *Ireland*, and Satisfaction of the ſeveral Intereſts of Adventurers, Soldiers, and other his Majeſty's Subjects there. Cap. 2. 2

Granted to the King, his Heirs, and Succeſſors.

Anno 14 & 15 Caroli 2 Regis.

An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe or New Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted. Cap. 8. 3

Granted from 25 *December*, 1661, for ever.

Anno 14 & 15 Caroli 2 Regis.

An Act for ſettling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tunnage, and other Sums of Money, unto his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported, and exported, Cap. 9.

into, or out of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed. 50
Granted from 1 *December*, 1661, for ever.

Anno 14 & 15 Caroli 2 Regis,

Cap. 13. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for encouraging Proteſtant Strangers, and others, to inhabit and plant in the Kingdom of *Ireland*. 114
Granted for 7 Years, from the End of this Parliament.
By 4 *Gul.* & *Mar.* cap. 2. revived and continued for 7 Years, from the End of this Seſſion of Parliament.
By 2 *Ann.* cap. 14. revived, and continued for 5 Years, from 25 *March*, 1704, and to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 4 *Geo.* 1 Regis, cap. 9. revived, and made perpetual.

Anno 14 & 15 Caroli 2 Regis.

Cap. 17. An Act for eſtabliſhing an additional Revenue upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for the better Support of his, and their Crown and Dignity. 116
Granted from 29 *September*, 1662, without Limitation.

Anno 14 & 15 Caroli 2 Regis.

Cap. 18. An Act for the Improvement of his Majeſty's Revenue, upon the granting of Licences for the ſelling of Ale and Beer. 123
Granted without Limitation.

Anno 17 & 18 Caroli 2 Regis.

Cap. 2. A Clauſe in an Act, Anno Regni Caroli 2 Regis, Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ, 17.
At the Parliament begun at *Dublin* on the Eighth Day of *May*, Anno Domini, 1662, in the 13th Year of the Reign of our moſt gracious Sovereign Lord *Charles* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *England*, *Scotland*, *France* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. And there continued by ſeveral Prorogations, unto the 26th Day of *October*, Anno Domini 1665, and in the 17th Year of his Majeſty's Reign. 127
Granted to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

Anno 17 & 18 Caroli 2 Regis.

Cap. 18. An additional Act for the better ordering, and collecting the Revenue ariſing by Hearth-Money. 128
Granted without Limitation.

Anno 17 & 18 Caroli 2 Regis.

Cap. 19. An Act for the better ordering the ſelling of Wines and Aqua-vitæ, together with all ſorts of Strong-Waters by Retail. 133
Granted from 29 *September*, 1666, without Limitation.

Anno

Anno 7 Gul. 3 Regis.

The 4th Clauſe, and Part of the 5th Clauſe, in an Act, intituled, An Act for granting unto his Majeſty an Aid or additional Cuſtom, on the ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned. 137 Cap. 16.
Granted from the Day of the Royal Aſſent given tothis Act, without Limitation.

Anno 9 Gul. 3 Regis.

An Act for making the Collectors Receipts for Quit-Rent, Crown-Rent, and other Rents due to the Crown, full and legal Diſcharges for the ſame, and for limiting their Fees thereon. 138 Cap. 31.
Granted without Limitation.

Anno 2 Annæ Reginæ.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for encouraging the Importation of Iron and Staves. 140 Cap. 2.
Granted without Limitation.

Anno 2 Annæ Reginæ.

A Clauſe in an Act for continuing the additional Duty of Exciſe on Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, &c. 142 Cap. 4.
To continue without Limitation. But by the 5 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 3. ſome Alterations are made in the Fees.

Anno 2 Annæ Reginæ, Seſſ. 2.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the Improvement of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures in this Kingdom. 142 Cap. 4.
The firſt Clauſe to be in Force from 1 *May*, 1706, without Limitation.
The other Clauſes from 1 *Auguſt*, 1705, without Limitation.

Anno 2 Annæ Reginæ.

An Act for leſſening the Duty of Rapeſeed to be exported. 143 Cap. 7.
Granted from 1 *June*, 1705, for 3 Years, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 6 *Ann.* cap. 12. made perpetual.

Anno 2 Annæ Reginæ.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for regulating the Weights uſed in this Kingdom, and that Salt and Meal ſhall be ſold by Weight. 144 Cap. 14.
To be in Force from 1 *November*, 1705, to the End of the next Seſſions of Parliament.
By 6 *Ann.* cap. 12. made perpetual.

Anno 2 Annæ Reginæ.

Cap. 15. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act to prohibit Butchers from being Graziers; and to redreſs ſeveral Abuſes in buying and ſelling of Cattle, and in the ſlaughtering and packing of Beef, Tallow, and Hides. 145
To be in Force for the ſpace of ſeven Years, from 1 *February*, 1703, and thence to the End of the next Seſſions of Parliament.
By 9 *Ann.* cap. 7. made perpetual.

Anno 6 Annæ Reginæ.

Cap. 1. Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for granting to her Majeſty an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Tobacco, Callicoes, Linnens, Muſlins, and other Goods and Merchandizes. 146
Granted from 29 *September*, 1707, without Limitation.

Anno 6 Annæ Reginæ.

Cap. 9. A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for the Encouragement and Improvement of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufacture. 147
Granted from 24 *December*, 1707, without Limitation.

Anno 6 Annæ Reginæ.

Cap. 18. An Act for encouraging the Exportation of Corn. 148
Granted without Limitation.

Anno 6 Annæ Reginæ.

Cap. 20. Two Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for cleanſing the Port, Harbour, and River of *Dublin*, and for erecting a Ballaſt-Office in the ſaid City. 149
To continue without Limitation.

Anno 8 Annæ Reginæ.

Cap. 2. A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for granting to her Majeſty an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Tobacco, Callicoes, Linnens, and other Goods and Merchandizes; and alſo a Duty on Rock-Salt. 150
Granted from 24 *June*, 1709, without Limitation.

Anno 8 Annæ Reginæ.

Cap. 3. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for explaining and amending an Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery. 151
To take Effect from 1 *September*, 1709, and to continue without Limitation.

Anno

Anno 2 Geo. 1 Regis.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes. 152 Cap. 1.

Granted from 21 *November*, 1715, for 6 Calendar Months.
By 2 *Geo.* 1 R. cap. 7. granted and continued from 21 *May*, 1716, to 21 *November*, 1717.
By 4 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1. continued to 21 *November*, 1719.
By 6 *Geo.* 1 cap. 4. to 25 *December*, 1721.
8 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1723.
10 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1725.
12 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1727.
1 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *March*, 1728.
1 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 4. to 25 *December*, 1729.
3 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1731.
5 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1733.
7 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1735.
9 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1737.
11 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1739.
13 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1741.

Anno 2 Geo. 1 Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for granting to his Majeſty an additional Duty on all Wines, and Strong-Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and upon all Spirits made, and diſtilled of Wine; and alſo a Tax on Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees, and Penſions, therein mentioned. 154 Cap. 3.

Granted from the laſt Day of *January*, 1715, to 21 *November*, 1717.
By 4 *Geo.* 1 cap. 2. further continued unto 21 *November*, 1719.
By 6 *Geo.* 1 cap. 4. to 25 *December*, 1721.
8 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1723.
10 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1725.
12 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1727.
1 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *March*, 1728.
Cap. 4. to 25 *December*, 1729.
3 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1731.
5 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1733.
7 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1735.
9 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1737.
11 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1739.
13 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1741.

Anno 2 Geo. 1 Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for continuing the Encouragement given by former Acts of Parliament, to the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures, and for the further Improvement and Regulation of the ſame. 156 Cap. 13.

The Præmium of 5 *s. per* Hogſhead for Hemp-ſeed, or Flax-ſeed imported, granted for 21 Years, from 24 *December*, 1716.

By

By 7 *Geo.* 2 cap. 10. further continued from 24 *December* 1737, for 7 Years, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

The Duty of 5*s. per* Hogſhead for foreign Hemp-ſeed, or Flax-ſeed to be exported to continue for 21 Years, from 24 *December* 1716.

By 7 *Geo.* 2 cap. 10. continued to 24 *December* 1744.

The Premiums of 2*d. per* Yard for the cheaper, and 4*d. per.* Yard for Mainſail Canvas exported, are granted for 10 Years after 24 *December* 1716. And after the Term of 10 Years, for 11 Years after, 1*d. per* Yard, for the cheaper, and 2*d. per* Yard for Mainſail Canvas. But by 10 *Geo.* 1 c. 2. the Premiums of 2*d.* and 4*d.* granted for 10 Years as above, are continued for 8 Years longer.

By 7 *Geo.* 2 c. 10. continued to 25 *December* 1744.

The Clauſe for the additional Duty on Flaxen Yarn, not ſtatutable, to continue from 1 *January* 1717, without Limitation.

Anno 2 Geo. 1 Regis.

Cap. 16. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for the more effectual Amendment of the Law in Relation to Butter, and Tallow Caſks; and of an Act for planting, and preſerving Timber-Trees, and Woods: And of another Act for prohibiting Butchers from being Graziers, and to redreſs ſeveral Abuſes in buying and ſelling of Cattle, and in the ſlaughtering and packing of Beef, Tallow, and Hides. 158

To continue from 24 *June*, without Limitation.

Anno 2 Geo. 1 Regis.

Cap. 18. An Act for preventing Abuſes, and Deceits in his Majeſty's Revenue, by importing of Brandy in ſmall Quantities. 159

To continue from 29 *September* 1716, without Limitation.

Anno 4. Geo. 1 Regis.

Cap. 2. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for continuing to his Majeſty an additional Duty on all Wines, and Strong-Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and upon all Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine; and alſo a Tax on all Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees, and Penſions, therein mentioned. And for granting a further additional Duty on Ale, Beer, and Strong-Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and upon all Spirits made, and diſtilled of Wine; and for ſecuring the Repayment of Fifty Thouſand Pounds Sterling, formerly advanced unto his Majeſty, for the Uſe of the Publick, together with the Intereſt thereof. 160

Granted

Granted from 21 *November* 1717, unto 21 *November* 1719.
By 6 *Geo.* 1 cap. 4 further continued until 25 *December* 1721.
8 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1723.
10 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1725.
12 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1727.
And a further additional Duty of 3*s.* 4*d. per* Gallon granted, on Spirits above Proof imported.
By 1 *Geo.* 2 *R.* cap. 1 to 25 *March* 1728.
By 1 *Geo.* 2 *R.* cap. 4 to 25 *December* 1729.
And the additional Duties on Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ, Strong-Waters, or Spirits made in *Ireland* for Sale, are conſolidated; and the additional Duty on Spirits above Proof imported, augmented to 5*s. per* Gallon.
By 2 *Geo.* 2 *R.* cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1731.
5 *Geo.* 2 *R.* cap 1 to 25 *December* 1733.
By 7 *Geo.* 2. *R.* cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1735.
9 *Geo.* 2 R. Cap 1 to 25 *December* 1737.
11 *Geo.* 2 R. cap 1 to 25 *December* 1739.
13 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December* 1741.

Anno 4 Geo. 1 Regis.

An Act for the preſerving all ſuch Ships, and Goods thereof which ſhall happen to be forced on Shore, or ſtranded upon the Coaſts of this Kingdom. 164 Cap. 4.
To remain in Force for 3 Years, from 25 *December* 1717, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 8 *Geo.* 1 cap 6 continued to 25 *December* 1721, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 10 *Geo.* 1 cap 4 for 7 Years, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 3 *Geo.* 2 R cap. 5 to 25 *March* 1737, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 11 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 9 made perpetual.

Anno 4 Geo. 1 Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for exempting *Britiſh* Linen imported from all Duties, and granting to his Majeſty an additional Duty on Cordage, and for the more effectual preventing Frauds, and Abuſes, in the Hempen, and Flaxen Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for the further Encouragement thereof. 169 Cap. 6.
To continue ſo long as it ſhall be lawful to Ship from *Ireland*, white and brown *Iriſh* Linen-cloth, to the *Britiſh* Plantations.

Anno

Anno 4 Geo. 1 Regis.

Cap. 9. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled an Act for reviving, continuing, and amending ſeveral Statutes made in this Kingdom, heretofore temporary. 170

By this Statute an Act 14 *Car.* 2 cap 13. is made perpetual, except the Clauſe therein which exempts Proteſtant Strangers from Payment of Exciſe.

Anno 6 Geo. 1 Regis.

Cap. 4. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act, for continuing to his Majeſty, the additional Duties on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes, and alſo on all ſorts of Wine, Strong-Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and upon all Spirits made, and diſtilled of Wines. And alſo a Tax on all Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees, and Penſions therein mentioned; and for continuing the further additional Duty on Ale, Beer, and Strong-Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and upon Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine; and for granting an additional Duty on Molaſſes, Treacle, Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, and Cocoa Nuts; and for ſecuring the Repayment of fifty thouſand Pounds *Sterl.* formerly advanced to his Majeſty for the Uſe of the Publick; together with the Intereſt thereof 173

The additional Duty on Molaſſes, and Treacle, are granted from the laſt Day of this Seſſion, for 7 Years, and to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament after the End of the ſaid 7 Years.

By 1 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1 further continued from 25 *December* 1727, to 25 *March* 1728.

By 1 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 4 to 25 *December* 1729.

By 3 *Geo.* 2. R. cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1731.

5 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1733.

7 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1735.

9 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1737.

11 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1739.

13 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1741.

The additional Duties on Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, and Cocoa Nuts, are granted from 1 *September* 1719, until 25 *December* 1721.

By 8 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1 further continued to 25 *December* 1723.

10 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1725

12 *Geo.* 1 cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1727.

1 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *March* 1728.

1 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 4 to 25 *December* 1729.

3 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December* 1731.

5 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1733.

7 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1735.

9 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1737.

11 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1739.

13 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1 to 25 *December* 1741.

Anno 6 Geo. 1 Regis.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the better regulating the buying and ſelling of Yarn, and Cloth, and further improving the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures of this Kingdom. 174 Cap. 7.
Granted from 1 *November* 1719, without Limitation.

Anno 6 Geo. 1 Regis.

An Act for the more effectual preventing the running of Goods, and for the further preventing Frauds committed in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms. 175 Cap. 8.
Granted for 2 Years, from 1 *November* 1719, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 8 *Geo.* 1 cap. 6. continued for 2 Years from 25 *December* 1721, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 10 *Geo.* 1 cap. 4. for 7 Years, from 25 *December* 1723, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 3 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 5. to 25 *March* 1737, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
11 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 3. To be in Force for 2 Years from the Expiration, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno 6 Geo. 1 Regis.

Two Clauſes in an Act for the more effectual Amendment of the Pavements of the ſeveral Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns in this Kingdom: And for preventing Miſchiefs that may happen by Fire in the City of *Dublin*; and for augmenting the Number of Hackney Coaches and Chairs in the ſaid City. 179 Cap. 15.
To continue without Limitation.

Anno 8 Geo. 1 Regis.

A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, an Act for the further Amendment of the Law; and for continuing and amending ſeveral Acts near expiring. 179 Cap. 6.
To continue from the firſt Day of the Seſſion of Parliament, without Limitation.

Anno 10 Geo. 1 Regis.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for amending the ſeveral Laws now in Force for encouraging the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures, in this Kingdom, and for the further Improvement thereof. 180 Cap. 2.
The Premiums of 2*d. per* Yard for the cheaper, and 4*d. per* Yard for Mainſail Canvas, granted by 2 *Geo.* 1 c. 13. for 10 Years after 24 *December* 1716, are continued for 8 Years longer.
By 7 *Geo.* 2 cap. 10. continued to 25 *December* 1744.

Anno 12 Geo. 1 Regis.

Cap. 2. An Act to prevent the fraudulent and clandeſtine importing of Goods.
To continue until 25 *March* 1728, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament. 181
By 1 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 17. further continued to 25 *March*, 1730.
By 3 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 5. to 25 *March*, 1737, and to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
11 *Geo.* 2 cap. 3. To be in Force for 2 Years from the Expiration, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno 1 Geo. 2. Regis.

Cap. 2. Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for allowing further Time to Perſons in Offices to qualify themſelves, purſuant to an Act, intituled, an Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery. 188
To continue from the firſt Day of this Seſſion, without Limitation.

Anno 1 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 4. Part of the firſt Clauſe, and ſeveral other Clauſes, in an Act, intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Wine, Tobacco, and other Goods, and Merchandizes, therein mentioned; and alſo a Tax on Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees and Penſions; and for ſecuring the Repayment of fifty thouſand Pounds *Sterling*, formerly advanced to his late Majeſty, for the Uſe of the Publick, together with the Intereſt thereof. 188
Granted from 25 *March* 1728, to 25 *December*, 1729.
By 3 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1731.
5 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1733.
7 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1735.
9 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1737.
11 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1739.
13 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1741.

Anno 1 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 6. An Act for the more effectual preventing ſeveral Frauds and Abuſes committed in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and Exciſe, and for ſettling the Rates of certain Goods, and Merchandizes not particularly valued in the Book of Rates. 190
To continue until 25 *March* 1733, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 7 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 3. continued with ſome Alterations, and Amendments, to 25 *March* 1735, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

By

By 11 *Geo.* 2 R. c. 3. To be in Force for 2 Years from the Expiration, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno 1 Geo. 2 Regis.

A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act to continue the Parliament for the Time being, on the Demiſe of his preſent moſt gracious Majeſty, or any of his Heirs, or Succeſſors, for the Term of Six Months, from the Day of the ſaid Demiſe; and likewiſe to prevent the Publick Funds from expiring, during the ſaid Term. 199 Cap. 7.

To continue without Limitation.

Anno 3 Geo. 2 Regis.

An Act for the Encouragement of Tillage, and better Employment of the Poor; and alſo for the more effectual putting in Execution an Act, intituled, an Act to encourage the draining and improving of Bogs, and unprofitable low Grounds, and for eaſing and diſpatching the Inland Carriage, and Conveyance of Goods from one Part to another within this Kingdom. And alſo for laying ſeveral Duties upon Coaches, Berlins, Chariots, Calaſhes, Chaiſes, and Chairs, and upon Cards, and Dice, and upon wrought and manufactured Gold and Silver Plate, imported into, or made in *Ireland*, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned. And alſo for repealing the Duties payable upon the Exportation of Wool, Bay-yarn, and Woollen-yarn out of this Kingdom for *England*. 200 Cap. 3.

Granted from 25 *March* 1730, for 21 Years.

Anno 3 Geo. 2 Regis.

Two Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for cleanſing the Ports, Harbours, and Rivers of the City of *Corke*, and of the Towns of *Galway*, *Sligoe*, *Drogheda*, and *Belfaſt*; and for erecting a Ballaſt Office in the ſaid City, and each of the ſaid Towns. 218 Cap. 21.

To continue without Limitation.

Anno 5 Geo. 2 Regis.

An Act for the better ſecuring and collecting his Majeſty's Revenue. 219 Cap. 8.

To continue from 25 *March* 1732, for 2 Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

By 7 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 3. continued until 25 *March* 1735, and thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

By 9 *Geo.* 2 R. c. 6. until 25 *March* 1737, and thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

By 11 *Geo.* 2 cap. 3. to be in Force for 2 Years from the Expiration, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno 7 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 3. An Act for continuing and amending an Act, intituled, an Act for the more effectual preventing ſeveral Frauds, and Abuſes, committed in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and Exciſe; and for ſettling the Rates of certain Goods, and Merchandizes, not particularly valued in the Book of Rates. And for continuing and amending an Act, intituled, an Act for the better ſecuring and collecting his Majeſty's Revenue; and alſo for preventing Frauds in the Collection thereof. 225

To continue until 25 *March* 1735, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

By 9 *Geo.* 2 R. c. 6. until 25 *March* 1737, and thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

By 11 *Geo.* 2 cap. 3. to be in Force for 2 Years from the Expiration, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno 7 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 10. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for the further Regulation, and Improvement of the Flaxen and Hempen Manufactures. 228

The Premium for Flax-ſeed and Hemp-ſeed imported, is continued for 7 Years from 24 *December* 1737, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament, and a Premium granted for Flax-ſeed and Hemp-ſeed imported, of the Growth of the *Engliſh* Plantations in *America*, from 24 *June* 1734, to 24 *December*, 1744.

The additional Duties on Callico, and painted Muſlin, and Linen, except *Britiſh*, continued until 25 *December* 1744, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

The Premium of 2*d. per* Yard for the cheaper, and 4*d. per* Yard for Mainſail Canvas exported, are continued until 25 *December* 1744, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

The like Premiums granted, and to continue for the ſame Term, for Sail-cloth made into Mainſails, or Topſails, for the Uſe or Furniture of any Ship or Ships.

Anno 9 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 1. Two Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for granting, and continuing to his Majeſty, an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Wine, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned. 230

Granted and continued from 25 *December* 1735, to 25 *December*, 1737.

By 11 *Geo.* 2 cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1739.

By 13 *Geo.* 2. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1741.

Anno

Anno 9 Geo. 2 Regis.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty a further additional Duty on Wine, Silk, Hops, China, Earthen, japanned or laquered Ware, and Vinegar; and alſo a Tax of Four Shillings in the Pound on all Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees, and Penſions, to be applied to pay an Intereſt of Five Pounds *per Cent. per Annum*, for the Sum of Three hundred thouſand Pounds, or ſuch Part thereof, as ſhall remain unpaid on the Twenty fifth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, and towards the Diſcharge of the ſaid principal Sum. 232 — Cap. 2.

Granted from 25 *December*, 1735, until 25 *December*, 1737.
By 11 *Geo.* 2. cap. 2. until 25 *December*, 1739.
By 13 *Geo.* 2. cap. 2. until 25 *December*, 1741.

Anno 9 *Geo.* 2 Regis.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the further Encouragement and Improvement of the Flaxen and Hempen Manufactures. 238 — Cap. 4.

The Premium for Sail-cloth made in this Kingdom of Hemp of the Growth thereof, for Home Conſumption, to continue from 1 *May*, 1736, to 25 *December*, 1744.
Alter'd, as to the cutting, by 11 *Geo.* 2. R. cap. 4.

Anno 9 *Geo.* 2 Regis.

A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for continuing and amending ſeveral Statutes now near expiring. 239 — Cap. 6.

To continue in Force from the firſt Day of the Seſſion of Parliament for two Years, and thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 11 *Geo.* 2. cap. 3. to be in Force for 2 Years from the Expiration, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno 9 Geo. 2 Regis.

An Act for accepting the ſolemn Affirmation or Declaration of the People called Quakers, inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form. 240 — Cap. 16.

To continue in Force for eleven Years, and thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno 11 Geo. 2 Regis.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for granting and continuing to his Majeſty an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Wine, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes, therein mentioned. 242 — Cap. 1.

Granted from 25 *December*, 1737, to 25 *December*, 1739.
By 13 *Geo.* 2 R. cap. 1. to 25 *December*, 1741.

Anno

Anno 11 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 3. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for continuing and amending ſeveral Laws heretofore made, relating to his Majeſty's Revenue, and the more effectual preventing the running of Goods. 243
To be in Force for 2 Years, from 25 *March*, 1738, and from thence to the End of the then next enſuing Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno 11 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 4. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the further encouraging the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures. 247
Granted for the ſpace of 3 Years, from 29 *September*, 1738, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno 11 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 9. An Act for enforcing and making perpetual an Act, intituled, An Act for the preſerving of all ſuch Ships, and Goods thereof, which ſhall happen to be forced on Shore, or ſtranded upon the Coaſts of this Kingdom; and alſo for inflicting the Puniſhment of Death on ſuch as ſhall wilfully burn, ſink, or deſtroy Ships. 249
The Act 4 *Geo.* 1. cap. 4. is hereby made perpetual; and the Clauſe herein which makes it Felony to deſtroy Ships, is in Force from 25 *March*, 1738, and to continue without Limitation.

Anno 11 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 11. Part of the 4th Clauſe, and the 5th Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for the buying and ſelling of all ſorts of Corn and Meal, and other Things therein mentioned, by Weight; and for the more effectual preventing the Frauds committed in the buying and ſelling thereof; and for regulating the Price and Aſſize of Bread, and for better regulating the Markets. 250
To continue from 1 *Auguſt*, 1738, without Limitation.

Anno 11 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 14. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the further Improvement and Encouragement of the Fiſhery of this Kingdom. 251
To continue in Force for the ſpace of 3 Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno 13 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 3. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for continuing and amending ſeveral Laws heretofore made relating to his Majeſty's Revenue, and the more effectual preventing Frauds in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Exciſe. 251
To continue in Force for 2 Years, from 29 *Sept.* 1740, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno

Anno 13 Geo. 2 Regis.

A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for continuing and amending the Laws now in Force, in relation to Butter and Tallow, and the Caſks in which ſuch Goods are to be made up, and for the curing of Hides, and making up Beef and Pork for Exportation; and for preventing the Deſtruction of Salmon. 253 Cap. 12.
To continue until 25 *March*, 1747, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Several Acts, and Clauſes in Acts, made in Great Britain, *which bind* Ireland, *in relation to the Trade thereof.*

Anno 12 Caroli 2 Regis.

AN Act for the encouraging and increaſing of Shipping and Navigation. 254 Cap. 18.
Granted from 11 *December*, 1660, without Limitation.
And inforced in *Ireland*, by 14 *Car.* 2. cap. 9. Rule XLIX.

Anno 12 Caroli 2 Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for prohibiting the Exportation of Wool, Wool-fells, Fullers Earth, or any kind of ſcouring Earth. 261 Cap. 32.
Granted from 14 *January*. 1660, without Limitation.

Anno 14 Caroli 2 Regis.

Part of the ſixth Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuſes in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms. 264 Cap. 11.
Granted from 1 *October*, 1662, without Limitation.
Made a temporary Act, and continued by ſeveral Statutes.
By 1 *Geo.* 1. cap. 12. made perpetual.

Anno 14 Caroli 2 Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act againſt the exporting of Sheep, Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers Earth, Fulling Clay, and Tobacco-pipe Clay. 265 Cap. 18.
To be in Force in *England* and *Ireland* with regard to the preſſing of Wool, *&c.* with Screws, *&c.* with Intention to export the ſame, from 1 *Auguſt*, 1662.

With

With regard to Tobacco-pipe Clay, to be in Force in *England*, from 1 *Auguſt*, 1662.
In *Ireland* and *Wales*, from 1 *January*, 1662.
In regard to carrying of Wool, &c. by Inland Carriage in *England*, at unſeaſonable Hours, from 1 *Auguſt*, 1662.
In *Ireland*, from 1 *January*, 1662, without Limitation.

Anno 15 Caroli 2 Regis.

Cap. 7. Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade. 266
To continue from 25 *March*, 1664, without Limitation.

Anno 1 Gulielmi & Mariæ, Regis & Reginæ.

Cap. 32. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the better preventing the Exportation of Wool, and encouraging the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom. 267
To continue for 3 Years, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 9 & 10 *Gul.* 3. cap. 40. continued without Limitation.

Anno 7 & 8 Gulielmi 3 Regis.

Cap. 22. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuſes in the Plantation Trade. 269
The Clauſe prohibiting the landing of Plantation Goods in *Ireland*, takes effect from 1 *December*, 1696.
The Clauſe for regiſtering Ships trading to the Plantations, from 25 *March*, 1698. Both to continue without Limitation.

Anno 7 & 8 Gulielmi 3 Regis.

Cap. 28. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the more effectual preventing the Exportation of Wool, and for the encouraging the Importation thereof from *Ireland*. 271
To continue for 3 Years, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament.
By 9 & 10 *Gul.* 3. cap. 20. to continue without Limitation.

Anno 7 & 8 Gul. 3 Regis.

Cap. 39. A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for encouraging the Linnen Manufacture of *Ireland*, and bringing Flax and Hemp into, and the making of Sail-Cloth in this Kingdom. 272
To continue from 1 *Auguſt*, 1696, without Limitation.

Anno

Anno 10 & 11 Gulielmi 3 Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wool, out of the Kingdoms of *Ireland* and *England*, into Foreign Parts, and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of *England*. 273 — Cap. 10.

To continue from 24 *June*, 1699, without Limitation.

Anno 1 Annæ Reginæ.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for explaining a Clauſe in an Act, made at the Parliament begun and holden at *Weſtminſter*, the two and twentieth of *November*, in the Seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King *William* the Third, intituled, An Act for the better Security of his Majeſty's Royal Perſon and Government. 278 — Cap. 8.

To be in Force from 8 *March*, 1701, without Limitation.

Anno 3 & 4 Annæ Reginæ.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act to permit the Exportation of *Iriſh* Linnen Cloth to the Plantations, and to prohibit the Importation of *Scotch* Linnen into *Ireland*. 279 — Cap. 8.

To continue from 24 *June*, 1705, for eleven Years.

By 1 *Geo.* 1. cap. 26. further continued for one Year.

3 *Geo.* 1. cap. 21. further continued, ſo long as *Britiſh* Linnen ſhall be permitted to be imported into *Ireland* free.

Anno 4 Annæ Reginæ.

An Act for making the Town of *New Roſs* in the County of *Wexford*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, a Port for the exporting Wool from *Ireland*, into this Kingdom. 281 — Cap. 7.

To continue from 24 *June*, 1706, for ever.

Anno 5 Annæ Reginæ.

An Article, and Part of the 6th Article in an Act, intituled, An Act for an Union of the two Kingdoms of *England* and *Scotland*. 282 — Cap. 8.

To continue from 1 *May*, 1707, for ever.

Anno 8 Annæ Reginæ.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Impoſitions, additional Impoſitions, and Duties upon Goods imported, to raiſe Money by way of Loan for the Service of the Year 1710; and for taking off the Over-ſea Duty on Coals exported, in *Britiſh* Bottoms; and for better preventing Frauds in Drawbacks upon Certificate Goods, &c. 283 — Cap. 13.

To continue without Limitation.

Anno 8 Annæ Reginæ.

Cap. 16. An Act for explaining, and making more effectual an Act for the better enabling the Maſter, Wardens, and Aſſiſtants of *Trinity-Houſe* to rebuild the Light-houſe on the *Eddyſtone* Rock. 284
To continue without Limitation.

Anno 9 Annæ Reginæ.

Cap. 12. A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for laying a Duty upon Hops. 286
To continue from 1 *June*, 1711, for 4 Years.
By 1 *Geo.* 1. cap. 12. made perpetual.

Anno 10 Annæ Reginæ.

Cap. 17. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the better collecting, and recovering the Duties, granted for the Support of the Royal Hoſpital at *Greenwich*, and for the further Benefit thereof; and for the preſerving her Majeſty's Harbour-moorings. 286
From the firſt Day of the Seſſion, without Limitation.

Anno 1 Geo. 1 Regis.

Cap. 12. A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for enlarging the Fund of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, relating to *Exchequer* Bills, *&c.* 290
To continue from 10 *September*, 1715, without Limitation.

Anno 3 Geo. 1 Regis.

Cap. 21. Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for continuing the Liberty of exporting *Iriſh* Linnen Cloth, to the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, Duty free; and for the more effectual Diſcovery of and proſecuting ſuch as ſhall unlawfully export Wool, and Woollen Manufactures from *Ireland*, &c. 291
The Clauſe for Liberty to export *Iriſh* Linnen Cloth to the *Britiſh* Plantations, to continue in Force, ſo long as white and brown *Britiſh* Linnen Cloth may be imported into *Ireland* free.
The Clauſe relating to Wool, and Woollen Goods, from 29 *September*, 1717, without Limitation.

Anno 5 Geo. 1 Regis.

Cap. 11. Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act againſt clandeſtine running of uncuſtomed Goods, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms. 292
The Clauſe relating to the *Eaſt-India* Goods, to continue from 1 *May*, 1719, without Limitation.
The Clauſe relating to the Wool, and Woollen Goods, from 24 *June*, 1719, without Limitation.

Anno

Anno 6 Geo. 1 Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for preventing Frauds, and Abuſes, in the publick Revenues of Exciſe, Cuſtoms, &c. 294 Cap. 21.
To continue from 1 *Auguſt* 1720, without Limitation.

Anno 7 Geo. 1 Regis.

A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, an Act for the further preventing his Majeſty's Subjects from trading to the *Eaſt-Indies* under foreign Commiſſions, &c. 297 Cap. 20.
To continue from 24 *June* 1721, without Limitation.

Anno 12 Geo. 1 Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for the Improvement of his Majeſty's Revenues of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, and Inland Duties. 298 Cap. 28.
To continue from 24 *July* 1726, without Limitation.

Anno 2 Geo. 2 Regis.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for the more effectual collecting in *Great-Britain*, and *Ireland*, and other Parts of his Majeſty's Dominions, the Duties granted for the ſupport of the Royal Hoſpital at *Greenwich*. 300 Cap. 2.
To continue without Limitation.

Anno 3 Geo. 2 Regis.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act for reducing the Annuity, or Fund, of the united *Eaſt-India* Company, and for aſcertaining their Right of Trade to the *Eaſt-Indies*, &c. 302 Cap. 14.
To continue until the whole capital Stock be repaid to the united Company.

Anno 3 Georgii 2 Regis.

Part of the firſt Clauſe, and ſeveral other Clauſes in an Act, intituled, an Act, for confirming a Patent granted by her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, to *William Trench*, Eſquire, deceaſed, for erecting a Light-houſe upon the Iſland, or Rock, called *Skerries*, &c. 304 Cap. 36.
Granted for ever, ſubject to a Proviſo as to the maintaining the ſaid Light-houſe, &c.

Anno 4 Georgii 2 Regis.

An Act for importing from his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, directly into *Ireland*, Goods not enumerated in any Act of Parliament. 308 Cap. 15.
To continue without Limitation.

Anno 5 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 9. An Act to explain an Act, made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, an Act for importing from his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, directly into *Ireland*, Goods not enumerated in any Act of Parliament, ſo far as the ſaid Act relates to the Importation of foreign Hops into *Ireland*. 309

To continue without Limitation.

Anno 5 Georgii 2 Regis.

Cap. 21. An additional Act for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, by the more effectual preventing the unlawful Exportation of the Woollen Manufactures of the Kingdom of *Ireland* to foreign Parts. 310

To continue without Limitation.

Anno 6 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 13. An Act for the better ſecuring, and encouraging the Trade of his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*. 313

To continue in Force for 5 Years from 24 *June* 1733, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

By 11 *Geo.* 2. continued for 7 Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

Anno 7 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 19. An Act for the more effectual preventing the Clandeſtine Importation of foreign Hops into *Great-Britain*, and *Ireland*, and to prevent the adulterating, or ſophiſticating of Hops, *&c.* 318

To continue from 1 *May*, 1734, without Limitation.

Anno 12 Geo. 2 Regis.

Cap. 21. An Act for taking off the Duties upon Woollen and Bay Yarn imported from *Ireland* to *England*, and for the more effectual preventing the Exportation of Wool from *Great-Britain*, and of Wool, and Wool manufactured, from *Ireland* to foreign Parts. 320

From 1 *May* 1740, the Duties on Woollen and Bay Yarn ſhall ceaſe and determine.

From

From 25 *December* 1739, no Wool, *&c.* ſhall be carried Coaſtwiſe, until certain Requiſites are performed.

Anno 12 Geo. 2 Regis.

An Act to rectify a Miſtake in an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George*, for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the Publick Revenues of Exciſe, Cuſtoms, Stamp-Duties, Poſt-Office, and Houſe-Money, relating to the Condition of Bonds taken from Maſters of Ships; and to indemnify Perſons who have acted under the ſaid Miſtake; and alſo to obviate a Doubt which has ariſen upon an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, for the further preventing his Majeſty's Subjects from trading to the *Eaſt-Indies* under foreign Commiſſions; and for encouraging and further ſecuring the lawful Trade thereto, with Regard to Proſecutions in *Ireland* in a Summary Way, for the fraudulent Importation of *Eaſt-India* Goods into that Kingdom. 333 Cap. 22.

To continue from the paſſing of the Act without Limitation.

A Table of ſeveral Matters contained in this Book, whereby they may the more readily be found.

THE Exciſe Rates of Goods imported, by 14 and 15 *Car.* 2. cap 8. Page 28 to 49

The Rates of Merchandizes inwards, by 14 and 15 *Car.* 2. cap. 9. 61 to 95

The Rates of Merchandizes outwards, by the ſaid Stat. 95 to 102

The Rates of Goods and Merchandizes imported and exported, by 1 *Geo.* 2 cap. 6. 193 to 198

The Cuſtom and Subſidy of Goods not rated, how to be levied. 102

The Exciſe on Goods imported, not rated, how to be levied. 4

Certain Rules, Orders, and Directions, *&c.* annex'd to the Book of Rates for Cuſtom. 103 to 111

Tables

Tables of Fees. 111, 112, 113, 339, 340, 341
Goods imported from foreign Parts, what the Duties thereon. 113, 114.
Goods imported, or exported, by Aliens, what the Duties thereon. 51, 52, 113, 114
Prizage, and the Rates ſettled thereon. 337
Butlerage. *ibid.*
Light-Money. *ibid.*
Ports of *Ireland* and Places thereof for lading and unlading of Goods. 338, 339
Forms of Informations upon the Act for imported Exciſe. 342 to 359
The Rule to gauge a Ship. 372
A Table of the Proviſion uſually allow'd for Ships trading to foreign Parts, *&c.* 374
The uſual Allowances in *Ireland* to Maſters of Ships, and Merchants, in the Duties inwards. *ibid.*

A View of the Goods and Rates inwards, and outwards, copied from the ſeveral Statutes; together with the neat Duties payable according to the ſaid Rates, and the neat Duties to be repaid upon Exportation of foreign Goods. 383, *&c.*

A COL-

A

COLLECTION

OF ALL THE

Irish and *English* STATUTES

Now in FORCE and USE,

Relating to His Majesty's REVENUE of *IRELAND*, &c.

Anno decimo quinto Henrici ſeptimi.

CAP. I.

Twelve Pence levied by the King out of every twenty Shillings worth of Wares brought into Ireland; *Wine and Oyl only excepted.*

ITEM, at the Prayer of the Commons, that for divers Conſiderations it is ordained, granted, and eſtabliſhed by Authority of this preſent Parliament, That our Sovereign Lord the King and his Heirs have, perceive, and levy of all and every twenty Shillings worth of all Manner Merchandize and Wares [a] brought into this Land of *Ireland* by any Perſon or Perſons to be ſold within the ſame Land, twelve Pence: And likewiſe to have, levy, and perceive of every twenty Shillings worth of all Manner Merchandizes and Wares after the Price that they be bought within this Land, and to be carried out of the ſame to be ſold by any Manner Perſon or Perſons beyond the Sea, twelve Pence, Wine and Oyl only excepted. And by the ſame Authority it is ordained and eſtabliſhed that no Manner Perſon or Perſons bring any Manner Merchandizes or Wares aforeſaid into this Land, break any Bulk, or bring any Wares out of any Ship or Ships, till the ſame Wares be entred in the Cuſtomers Book by the Merchant Owner of the ſaid Wares or his Attorney, or Purſer of the ſaid Ship wherein the ſaid Wares be brought into this Land, and that upon Pain of Forfeiture of the ſaid Wares ſo not entred in the Cuſtomers Book in

12 *d.* per Pound for all Wares imported, and to be exported.

Wine and Oyl excepted.

Wares imported.

[a] The Rates according to which the King's Duties are to be paid, are ſettled by the Act for Cuſtom, 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. *C.* 9. by the Act for Exciſe, 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. *C.* 8. and by 1 *Geo.* 2. *R.* C. 6.

Manner aforeſaid, half to the King, and the other half to the Spier and Finder of the ſame. And alſo in like wiſe that no Manner Perſon or Perſons which will carry over the Seas any Wares or Merchandizes out of this Land, Ship, or put into any Boat or Ship the ſame Wares or Merchandizes till they be entred in the Cuſtomers Book of the ſame Port, and that upon pain of Forfeiture of the ſame in Manner aforeſaid.

And Wares to be exported.

To be entred in the Cuſtomers Book on pain of Forfeiture.

Provided alway, that this Act extend, nor in any mannerwiſe be prejudicial or hurtful to any Freeman of the City of *Dublin*, *Waterford*, or of the Town of *Drogheda*, being free by Birth or Prentiſhood, or Marriage, and dwelling within the ſaid Cities and Town.

A Saving for the Freemen of *Dublin*, *Waterford* and *Drogheda*.

Anno decimo quarto & decimo quinto Caroli Secundi.

CAP. II.

A Clauſe in an Act intituled an Act for the better Execution of his Majeſty's gracious Declaration for the Settlement of his Kingdom of Ireland, *and Satisfaction of the ſeveral Intereſts of Adventurers, Soldiers, and other his Majeſty's Subjects there.*

What Quit-Rent to be paid in the ſeveral Provinces.

AND [b] we are graciouſly pleaſed further to declare, That every Adventurer and Soldier, their Heirs and Aſſigns, ſettled in Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, as aforeſaid; and every Perſon reſtored unto, or reprized for his Eſtate, as is formerly mentioned, ſhall pay unto us, our Heirs and Succeſſors yearly for ever, the Rents following, *viz.* For every Acre in the Province of *Leinſter* three Pence: For every Acre in the Province of *Munſter* two Pence Farthing: For every Acre in the Province of *Connaught* one Penny Half-penny; and [c] for every Acre in the Province of *Ulſter* one Penny, accounting as to the Payment of the ſaid Rent only, one hundred and ſixty Perches to the Acre, and ſixteen Foot and a half to the Perch. And all ſuch as receive Satisfaction for their Arrears out of the Houſes and Tenements in the ſeveral Corporations in *Ireland*, one Shilling ſix Pence yearly out of every twenty Shillings Rent, ſo that the Rent formerly reſerved on ſuch Eſtates ſo to be reſtored, exceed not the Rent hereby reſerved. But if the ſaid Rent formerly reſerved do exceed the Rent hereby to be reſerved, the ſaid former Rent only ſhall be paid, and the ſaid Eſtates reſpectively ſhall be diſcharged from Payment of the Rent or Rents hereby reſerved. And it is our further Pleaſure, and we do hereby declare, That all Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments thus ſettled and to be ſettled upon Adventurers, ſhall be held of us, our Heirs and Succeſſors in free and common Soccage, as in the Statute of the ſeventeenth *Caroli* is limited and appointed; and that all Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments ſettled or to be ſettled on the Soldiers who are out of the ſaid Act, and not provided for by it, ſhall be held of us, our Heirs and Succeſſors by Knights Service, *in* [d] *Capite*. 37

[b] On 7th *May* 1659. [c] By 17 & 18 *Car.* 2. *C.* 2. Lands in *Ulſter* are to pay 2*d.* the Acre. [d] By 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. *C.* 19. All Tenures by Knights Service *in Capite*, are taken away, and turned into free and common Soccage.

CAP.

CAP. VIII.

An Act for the Settling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted.

Conſiderations for this Act.

THE Lords ſpiritual and temporal and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, in conſideration of the gracious Inclinations and Intentions of your Royal Majeſty, for the Good, Quiet and Repoſe of this your Majeſty's Realm of *Ireland*, and the great and certain Charge, which for this Cauſe muſt and will exhauſt and diminiſh your Majeſty's Treaſure, without ſome timely Proviſion made, for Remedy thereof, and withal being very ſenſible how much it will concern the Peace, Tranquility and Welfare of all your Majeſty's good Subjects, that ſome certain Revenue be eſtabliſhed for and towards the conſtant Pay of the Army, and Forces of your Majeſty, and for defraying other publick Charges in the Defence and Preſervation of this your Majeſty's Realm: And conſidering alſo that the Manner and Means of raiſing Monies by Way of an Exciſe and new Impoſt, is found by Experience to be the moſt equal and indifferent Levy that can be made or laid on the People for and towards the Ends and Purpoſes aforeſaid.

Rates and Charges of Exciſe granted from 25 *December* 1661.

2 In all Humbleneſs we your Majeſty's moſt faithful and loyal Subjects of your Highneſs Realm of *Ireland*, do pray and beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by your moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords ſpiritual and temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That from and after the five and twentieth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty-one, the ſeveral Rates and Charges hereafter mentioned and no other, in and by the Name of the Exciſe or new Impoſt, ſhall be ſet, laid and impoſed, and are hereby ſet, laid and impoſed to be had, levied, demanded, collected, received, recovered and paid, in and throughout the Realm of *Ireland*, upon all and every the Commodities, Merchandizes and Manufactures, as well native as imported or foreign, in Manner and Form following, *viz.*

On Ale and Beer of above 6*s.* the Barrel price, brewed for Sale, 2*s* 6*d.* for every 32 Gallons.

3 For every thirty-two Gallons of Ale and Beer, of above ſix Shillings the Barrel price, brewed within this Realm by the common Brewer, or in his Veſſels, or by any other Perſon or Perſons who ſhall tap or ſell out Beer or Ale publickly or privately, to be paid by the ſaid Brewer, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons reſpectively, two Shillings and ſix Pence; and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

Of 6*s.* the Barrel price, or under 6*d.*

4 For every thirty-two Gallons of ſix Shillings Beer or Ale, or under that Price, brewed by the common Brewer, or in his Veſſels, or by any other Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall tap and ſell ſuch Beer or Ale publickly or privately to be paid by the ſaid Brewer or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as aforeſaid, ſix Pence, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

On ſtrong Waters diſtilled for Sale, the Gallon 4*d.*

5 For all Aqua-vitæ or ſtrong Waters made or diſtilled within this Realm, whether of foreign or domeſtic Spirits or Materials to be afterwards ſold and vended, to be paid upon every Gallon by the firſt Maker or Diſtiller thereof, four Pence.

On Drugs imported, for every 20*s.* Value, 2*s.*

6 For all Manner and Sorts of Drugs already imported, and remaining on the Hands of the Merchant Importer, who is not a Shop-keeper, Retailer or Conſumptioner

ſumptioner thereof, or elſe to be imported or brought into any the Ports or Places of this Realm, from and after the ſaid five and twentieth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty-one, of the Value of every twenty Shillings of the ſame Drugs, according to the ſeveral and particular Rates and Values of the ſame Drugs, as they are particularly and reſpectively rated and valued in the Book of Rates herein after mentioned, and referred unto, to be paid, and ſo after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity, two Shillings.

On raw Hemp, undreſt Flax, Tow, Tar, Roſin, Pitch, Wax, Cable, Cable-yarn, or Cordage for every 20*s.* Value 6*d.*

For all Manner and Sorts of raw Hemp, undreſt Flax, Tow, Tar, Roſin, 7
Pitch, Wax, Cable, Cable-yarn, or Cordage, already imported, and remaining on the Hands of the Merchant Importer, who is not a Shop-keeper, Retailer or Conſumptioner thereof, or elſe to be imported or brought into any the Ports or Places of this Realm, from and after the ſaid five and twentieth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty-one, of the Value of every twenty Shillings of the ſame Goods and Commodities, according to the ſeveral and particular Rates and Values of the ſame, as they are particularly and reſpectively rated and valued in the ſaid Book of Rates hereafter mentioned and referred unto, to be paid, and ſo after that Rate, for a greater or leſſer Quantity, ſix Pence.

On Wine, Tobacco, Silks, Salts, and other Goods rated in the Book of Rates for Exciſe 12*d.* for every 20*s.* value as rated therein.

For all Sorts of Wine, Tobacco, Silks, Salts, and other Goods, Wares, 8
Commodities and Merchandizes, of what Nature or Kind ſoever, ſpecified and rated in the ſaid Book of Rates hereafter mentioned and referred unto, already imported and remaining on the Hands of the Merchant Importer, who is not a Shop-keeper, Retailer or Conſumptioner thereof, or elſe to be imported and brought into any the Ports or Places of this Realm, from and after the ſaid five and twentieth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty-one, of the Value of every twenty Shillings of the ſame Wines, Tobacco, Silks, Salts, and other Goods, Wares, Commodities and Merchandizes, according as they are particularly and reſpectively rated and valued in this Book of Rates herein after mentioned and referred unto, and to be paid, and ſo after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity, twelve Pence.

On all other Goods (except Jewels, Bullion, Corn, Victuals, Arms and Ammunition) not rated for Exciſe, 12*d.* for every 20*s.* value, as they ſtand rated for Cuſtom.

For all other Sorts of Goods, Wares, Commodities, Merchandizes whatſoe- 9
ver, omitted and not ſpecified, contained, or rated in the ſaid Book of Rates or Values hereafter mentioned, except Jewels, Bullion, Corn, Victuals, Arms and Ammunition, already imported, or remaining on the Hands of the Merchant Importer who is not a Shop-keeper, Retailer or Conſumptioner or elſe to be imported or brought into any the Ports or Places of this Realm, from and after the ſaid five and twentieth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty-one, of the Value of every twenty Shillings of the ſame Goods, Wares, Commodities and Merchandizes, as they ſhall or do ſtand taxed in the Book of Rates for Cuſtoms eſtabliſhed by this preſent Parliament, and if omitted and not ſpecified there, then as they ſhall be rated and valued by the Sub-Commiſſioner, Collector and Searcher for Exciſe in the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall happen to be imported, or according to the higheſt Price the ſaid Commodities in their ſeveral Species, Sortments and Kinds, ſhall then bear in the Market to be paid; and ſo after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity, twelve Pence.

On Goods not rated for Cuſtom, 12*d.* for every 20*s.* value, as valued by the Collector, &c. or at the higheſt Price they then bear.

To be paid by the firſt Buyer from the Importer.

All which Duties to be paid for any Commodities or Merchandizes already or 10
hereafter to be imported as aforeſaid, ſhall from Time to Time, and at all Times be paid by the firſt Buyer of all and every the ſaid Commodities and Merchandizes, before his receiving of the ſame from the Merchant that hath already, or ſhall hereafter import or bring in the ſame (except as hereafter excepted.)

And

11 And unleſs the Merchant ſhall or do happen to be a Shop-keeper, Retailer, or one employing the Commodities of his Importation for his own Uſe and Conſumption, in all and every which Caſes the Duties of Exciſe ſhall be paid and ſatisfied by ſuch Importer, Shop-keeper, Retailer, or other Perſon as aforeſaid, upon the importing and landing of his or their Goods, and before he or they be permitted and ſuffered to receive or carry his or their Goods away from the Cuſtom-houſe, or other Place of the Port in which they may happen to be landed and brought on Shore, and the Rates and Values before mentioned (according to which the Exciſe is intended to be paid by this preſent Act as aforeſaid) are declared and enacted to be the Rates and Values mentioned and expreſſed in one Book of Rates and Values hereafter following, intituled, a Book of Rates and Values of Goods and Merchandizes imported; according to which Exciſe is to be paid by the firſt Buyer or Importer reſpectively, which ſaid Book of Rates and Values, and every Article, Rule and Clauſe therein contained ſhall be and remain as effectual to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame were included particularly in the Body of this Act.

Shop-keepers, Retailers, and Perſons importing Goods for their own Uſe, to pay the Duties before they are permitted to carry away their Goods from the Cuſtom-houſe.

Book of Rates for Exciſe made Law.

12 And for the better levying and collecting all and every of the ſaid Duties of Exciſe aforeſaid, and preventing the many Frauds, Deceits and undue Practices which may be had and uſed by evil diſpoſed Perſons and others to elude this preſent Act.

For the better collecting the Exciſe, and to prevent Frauds.

13 Be it further enacted and ordained by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every the Merchants Importers, who keep neither Shop, nor retail or conſume the Goods and Commodities of their own Importation, inhabiting or trading within the City of *Dublin*, and all other the Towns corporate, Ports, and all other Places of this Kingdom, do at or upon the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty-one, make and deliver unto the Commiſſioners of Exciſe hereafter mentioned, their Sub-Commiſſioners, Collectors, or other chief Officer reſident at the Office of Exciſe, under which he or they live or inhabit, a true and perfect Account whether they have any imported or foreign Goods and Commodities exciſeable, reſting on his or their Hands, or in the Hands of any other, to his or their Uſe at the Time of giving in ſuch Account or Accounts or no, and if ſo, to mention and expreſs the true Species, Sortment, Kind, Quality and Quantity of all and every the ſame, and ſhall likewiſe make Oath before the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-Commiſſioners, or other chief Officer as aforeſaid, who or any one of them, are hereby authorized and required to adminiſter the ſame, that the Account then by him or them given in, is a true juſt and perfect Account as it is by him or them delivered in: And that they not colourably or otherwiſe, under any pretence whatſoever, out of Favour, Affection, or Reſpect to themſelves, or any other or others, concealed, omitted, or left out any Goods or Commodities reſting or remaining on his or their Hands, or the Hands of any other or others, for his or their Uſe at the Time aforeſaid. And further, That all and every the Goods in the ſaid Account mentioned and expreſſed, and ſhewn unto the Officer or Officers as hereafter is directed, were (*Bona fide*) imported by him or themſelves, and entered upon their Landing in his or their Names, and not belonging unto, or entered in the Names of any other or others whatſoever, and after and upon the delivering of every ſuch Account reſpectively, the ſaid Commiſſioners of the Exciſe or their Sub-Commiſſioners, Collector or chief Officer reſpectively, are hereby charged and required to ſend one or more Officer or Officers to enter into the Cellars, Vaults,

Merchants Importers ſhall on the 1ſt of *January* 1661, give a true Account of Stock on Hand.

Memorandum, this Clauſe was of uſe only when the Act was firſt made.

Vaults, Store-houſes, Ware-houſes, Store-cellars, or other Places, of every Merchant, delivering and giving in Account as aforeſaid, to ſearch, ſee, and try whether the Quality and Quantity of Goods every or any ſuch Perſon hath in his or their Hands, or any other Perſon or Perſons to his or their Uſe, do exceed ſuch Account, or no; and if the ſame be found to agree, that then the Account given in, ſhall be the Riſe and Beginning of a new Account for the future to be had and kept in the Exciſe Office with every the aforeſaid Merchants reſpectively, who forthwith, upon the agreeing of their Reſt, or Remainder as aforeſaid, ſhall make and enter into a ſufficient Obligation in the Law, in ſuch Form and Manner as hereafter is directed and appointed, to be done by known Merchants entring and landing their Goods, not to deliver all or any of the ſame, before the Duties of Exciſe ſhall be duly and truly anſwered, according to the Purport and Meaning of this preſent Act: And in Caſe any Merchant Importer or other, liable to give in an Account as aforeſaid, ſhall neglect, omit or refuſe to make and deliver in ſuch Account, and at ſuch Time as aforeſaid, or elſe making and delivering in ſuch Account, at the Time aforeſaid, ſhall not upon Demand thereof by ſuch Officer or Officers as ſhall be appointed as aforeſaid, permit and ſuffer him or them to enter into his or their ſeveral Vaults, Store-houſes, Ware-houſes, Store-cellars or other Places, to ſearch, ſee and take account of the Quantity and Quality of all and every the Goods and Commodities exciſeable, that ſhall be or remain in all or any the ſame, or ſhall conceal, hide or not ſhew all and every his and their Vaults, Store-houſes, Ware-houſes, Store-cellars or other Places, or any Goods or Commodities aforeſaid, from the View and Search of any ſuch Officer or Officers, ſhall for every ſuch his or their Default therein, loſe and forfeit the Sum of two hundred Pounds, to be levied by Diſtreſs, or elſe for want thereof, the Party ſo offending to be committed to Priſon as hereafter is appointed.

Exciſeable Goods landed, or laden before the Ship is enterd in the Cuſtom-houſe, or at any other Times than the following (*viz.*) from the 1ſt. of *March* to the laſt of *September*, betwixt Sun-riſing and Sun-ſetting, and from the laſt of *September* until the 1ſt of *March*, between ſeven in the Morning, and four in the Afternoon.

That no Goods, Wares, Commodities or Merchandizes whatſoever exciſeable, from and after the ſaid five and twentieth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty-one, be taken up or diſcharged out of any Gabbard, Lighter, Ship, Veſſel or Bottom whatſoever, coming from any Part beyond the Sea, being not in Leak or Wrack; to be laid on Land, laden or put off, or from any Wharf, Key or any other Place on the Land, into any Gabbard, Lighter, Ship, Veſſel or other Bottom whatſoever, to be tranſported or ſhipped off, before ſuch Gabbard, Lighter, Ship, Veſſel or other Bottom, have been firſt entered into the Cuſtom-houſe of ſuch Port or other Place, where ſuch Veſſel ſhall happen to unlade, or lade, or at any other Time or Times but only in the Day Light (that is to ſay) from the firſt of *March* until the laſt of *September*, betwixt the Sun-riſing and Sun-ſetting, and from the laſt Day of *September* until the firſt of *March*, between the Hours of ſeven in the Morning and four in the Afternoon, nor at, in or upon any other Place or Places, than upon the open Key, Wharfs landing places, or Slips of the ſeveral Cuſtom-houſes of the Ports of this Realm, or ſuch other Places as the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governour or Governours and Privy Council of this Realm for the Time being, upon Application made to them by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe hereafter mentioned, ſhall therefore aſſign and appoint from Time to Time, any former Law, Cuſtom or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding: Nor without the Cognizance, Knowledge, Privity or Conſent of ſuch Officer or Officers as ſhall be on board any ſuch Ship or other Veſſel attending the unlading thereof, upon the Pain of Forfeiture

Or at any other than the legal Places.

Or without the Cognizance of the Officer on board, forfeited, and the Value of ſuch Goods.

feiture not only of all ſuch Goods, Wares and Merchandizes ſo diſcharged or laden contrary to the true Meaning thereof; but further alſo the Value of the ſaid Goods, Wares and Merchandizes to be levied by Diſtreſs, upon the Goods and Chattels of the Claimers or Proprietors of the ſame, as hereafter in this Act is directed and appointed.

15 That all Owners, Maſters, Purſers or other Perſons taking Charge of any Ship, Veſſel or Bottom, out of or into which Wares or Merchandizes imported from or ſhipped out for beyond the Seas, ſhall be diſcharged or laden, delivering, receiving or permitting, and ſuffering either themſelves, or any of their Ships Company for them, either by or without his or their Conſent, to be delivered from, or received on board into, or out of any Gabbard, Lighter, Hoy-boat or other Veſſel whatſoever, any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes in any other Place or Places, or at any other Hours or Times than is before limited and appointed, or without the Cognizance, Knowledge, Privity or Conſent of the Officer or Officers on board, as aforeſaid, where any ſuch Officers ſhall be, every ſuch Owner, Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon, taking charge of any ſuch Ship, Gabbard or Veſſel, ſhall forfeit and loſe for every ſuch Offence one hundred Pounds, to be levied by Diſtreſs of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Owner, Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon, or in default thereof to be committed unto Priſon, as hereafter is directed, there to remain for twelve Months without Bail or Main-prize, unleſs he ſhall before that time pay and ſatisfy the ſame.

Owners &c. of Ships, inward or outward bound, permitting Goods to be deliver'd from, or received on board, into or out of any Gabbard, &c. at unlawful Places or Times, or without the Conſent of the Officer, forfeit 100 l. or to ſuffer twelve Months Impriſonment.

16 And every Mariner, Seaman or other Perſon, knowing, conſenting, aiding or being preſent at the delivering or receiving any Goods or Commodities out of or into any Ship, Gabbard, Lighter, Hoy-boat, or other Veſſel whatſoever, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof as aforeſaid, who ſhall not within one Month after the doing thereof diſcloſe the ſame unto the chief Commiſſioners, their Sub-Commiſſioners, or Officers for the Exciſe hereafter in this Act mentioned, of the Port or Place where, or within whoſe Office or Charge any ſuch Offence ſhall be committed or done, ſhall for every ſuch Concealment or not diſcloſing ſuch Offence as is aforeſaid, forfeit and loſe ten Pounds of good and lawful Monies, to be levied by Diſtreſs, or in Default thereof, the Party offending to be ſent to the next Houſe of Correction, and dealt with as hereafter is directed and appointed.

Mariners, &c. knowing, or concern'd in the Fact, and not diſcloſing it in a Month after, to the Commiſſioners, &c. forfeit 10 l. or to be ſent to the Houſe of Correction.

17 That no Perſon or Perſons having the Charge of any Gabbard, Lighter, Boat, Wherry, Skiff or other Veſſel whatſoever, uſually bringing and carrying Goods from on board any Ship or Veſſel to the Shore or from the Shore, to any other Ship or Veſſel, riding or being in any Road, Harbour or Port of this Realm ſhall receive any Goods or Commodities exciſeable into his or their Gabbard, Lighter, Boat, Wherry, Skiff or other Veſſel, to carry the ſame on board any other Ship or Veſſel as aforeſaid, at any other Place or Places, or at any other Hours or Times than is expreſſed and appointed in the foregoing Articles, nor ſhall receive or take into his or their Gabbard, Lighter, Boat, Wherry, Skiff or other Veſſel from on board any other Ship or Veſſel riding or being in any Road, Harbour or Port, not being in Wrack or Leak, any Goods or Commodities whatſoever to carry the ſame on Shore, but at the ſame Hours and Places, nor before he or they ſhall firſt receive a Note from the Officer for Exciſe where any ſuch Officer ſhall be attending on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel out of which the ſaid Goods ſhall be delivered, which Note the ſaid Officer is hereby required and injoyned to make and deliver accordingly, ſpecifying the Name of ſuch Perſon that

Gabbardman, &c. carrying Goods on board, or from on board at unlawful Places or Times.

Or before he receive a Note from the Officer on board the Ship out of which Goods ſhall be delivered.

that hath charge of the ſame Gabbard, Lighter, Boat, Wherry, Skiff or other Veſſel, and the Marks and Numbers of every Cask, Hogſhead, Pack, Farthel, Truſs, Bale, Seron, Bag, Potaro, Ballot, Role, Bundle, Box, or outward Form or Bulk of any parcel or piece of Goods within the ſame, and alſo the Key, Wharf, or place where the ſaid Goods are to be landed, which ſhall be ſuch Key, Wharf, or place and no other, as is or ſhall be allowed and appointed for landing and bringing Goods on ſhore as aforeſaid, nor ſhall afterward diſcharge and land, or attempt or cauſe to be diſcharged and landed all or any the Goods and Commodities received from aboard as aforeſaid, at any other Hours, Times or Seaſons, than at the Hours and times aforeſaid, or at any other Place or Places than at or upon the open Key, Wharf or other landing Places of the ſeveral and reſpective Cuſtom-houſes of the Ports of this Realm, or ſuch other Place or Places as is or ſhall be allowed and appointed for doing thereof, or without he or they firſt produce and deliver to the Waiter on ſhore the Note received from the Waiter or Officer on board, where ſuch Officer ſhall be as aforeſaid, upon pain not only that every ſuch Perſon or Perſons having charge of ſuch Gabbard, Lighter, Boat, Wherry, Skiff, or other Veſſel, doing contrary hereunto, ſhall forfeit and loſe the ſum of ten pounds, to be levied by Diſtreſs on his or their reſpective Goods and Chattels, or in default thereof ſuffer impriſonment, and be puniſhed as is hereafter directed and appointed, but alſo every Gabbard, Lighter, Boat, Wherry, Skiff, or other Veſſel into or out of which ſuch Goods ſhall be received or landed, together with the Goods ſo received and landed, or attempted to be landed, together with their Value, ſhall be forfeited and confiſcated: And all Mariners and Seamen or other Perſons that ſhall be found or diſcovered to have ſailed, rowed, ſhoved, towed and managed, or were helping and aſſiſting in the ſailing, ſhoving, towing or managing of any ſuch Gabbard, Lighter, Boat, Wherry, Skiff or other Veſſel ſo forfeited, ſhall pay and loſe every of them the ſum of five pounds to be levied by Diſtreſs, or elſe the Party offending to be impriſoned and puniſhed as hereafter is directed, ſuch only of them excepted, as ſhall within thirty Days next after any ſuch Offence committed, make known or diſcover the ſame unto ſome or more of the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors or Officers of the Port or Place where the ſame was done and acted.

Or landing Goods receiv'd from on board, or attempting to land them at unlawful Hours, or Places, or without firſt producing ſuch Note to the Waiter on Shore,

Forfeits 10*l.* or to be impriſoned,

And the Gabbard, together with the Goods ſo receiv'd, and their Value forfeited.

Mariners, &c. aſſiſting or rowing in the Gabbard, &c. forfeit 5 *l.* or to be impriſon'd unleſs they diſcover the ſame to the Commiſſioners, &c. in 30 Days after.

That no Wharfinger, or Keeper of any Crane or Ware-houſe, no Porter, 18
Car-man, Water-man or other Perſon, do take up or let down, or help to take up or otherwiſe permit, ſuffer, help, aid, or aſſiſt the bringing on or ſhipping off any Wharf, Key or other place, any Goods or Merchandizes whatſoever, but in the preſence of an Officer for the Exciſe, and at ſeaſonable Hours as aforeſaid, upon Penalty to forfeit ten pounds for every ſuch Offence.

Wharfinger, &c. landing Goods in abſence of an Officer, or at unlawful Hours, forfeits 10 *l.*

That every Porter, Car-man, or other Perſon whatſoever, that ſhall at any 19
unſeaſonable Hour, or from any unlawful Place, draw, carry or convey any Goods or Merchandizes exciſeable in any Coach, Cart, Waggon, Tumbrel, or other manner of Draught, or elſe by way of burthen, and every Porter, Carman, or other Perſon, that ſhall knowingly at any other time whatſoever though ſeaſonable, load, drive, carry or convey any Goods and Merchandizes which ſhall have been landed, or laid on ſhore, before Entry firſt made at any unſeaſonable Hour, or at any unlawful Place, ſhall for his or their ſo doing, not only loſe and pay five pounds to be levied by Diſtreſs, or elſe puniſhed as hereafter

Porter, Carman, &c. carrying or drawing Goods at unſeaſonable Hours, or from unlawful Places, or at lawful Hours knowingly carrying Goods illegally landed, forfeits 5 *l.* and the Carriage, &c. and Horſes, or their Value.

after is directed, but the Coach, Cart or other Draught, with the Horſes or Cattle drawing of them, or their Value ſhall be forfeited and confiſcated.

Officers may ſeize ſuch Perſons, and their Carriages and Horſes in order to be proceeded againſt.

20 And in caſe any Porter, Carman, or other Perſon carrying or conveying as aforeſaid, ſhall be met and diſcovered doing thereof, that it ſhall and may be lawful for any Officer of the Exciſe, or other Perſon to ſeize and ſecure every ſuch Coach, Cart, Waggon, Tumbrel, Draught with the Horſes and Cattle drawing, and the Perſon driving in the ſame, that ſo they may be proceeded againſt as herein is directed and appointed.

Goods inwards, outwards, or Coaſtwiſe, ſhipped or landed, at unlawful Hours or Places, or before due Entry made, or Warrant obtained, forfeited, and their Value.

21 That all Goods, Wares, Merchandizes and Commodities whatſoever coming in or going out either from or to any Part or Place beyond the Sea, or any Port or Haven of this Realm, that ſhall be unſhipped, landed or laid on ſhore, or elſe ſhipped off from the ſame at any Hours or Times, or other Keys, Wharfs or Places than as before in this Act mentioned, which are hereby intended and declared, to be the only ſeaſonable and lawful Times and Places for Shipping and landing Goods, or that ſhall be unſhipped at any Time before due Entry of the ſame made with, or the Warrant of Licence had and obtained from the Officer of Exciſe in the Port where ſuch Goods ſhall be unſhipped, landed or ſhipped off, for doing thereof ſhall be loſt and forfeited, and the Merchant, Importer or other Perſon that ſhall land or ſhip, or cauſe the ſame or any part thereof to be landed or ſhipped, ſhall likewiſe forfeit more the juſt Value of the Goods ſo landed or ſhipped off, or otherwiſe be proceeded againſt as hereafter is appointed.

Goods inwards not entred in the Name of the real Importer forfeited, or their Value.

22 That no Merchant or Merchants, or any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, entring any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes inwards from beyond the Seas, ſhall enter his or their Goods or Commodities in any other than the Name of the true and real Importer of the ſaid Goods and Commodities, nor ſhall make uſe of the Name of any known Merchant, or any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, to colour his or their Goods, whether it be with or without the Conſent of ſuch known Merchant or other Perſon or Perſons, upon pain of Forfeiture of ſuch Goods or the Value of the Goods found or diſcovered to be ſo entred or coloured contrary to the true Meaning hereof, to be levied or proceeded againſt, as hereafter in this Act is directed and appointed.

Wholeſale Merchants after Entry, to give Bond, not to deliver their Goods to Buyers or Retailers before the Exciſe is paid.

23 That every Merchant or Importer that is not a Shop-keeper, Retailer or Conſumptioner, after Entry of his or their Goods by Bill under his or their Hand, or the Hand of ſuch for whom he or they will engage to be anſwerable, preſently and before he or they be permitted to have any Warrant to receive his or their Goods out of the Ship, or from the Water-ſide, ſhall make and enter into ſufficient Obligation in the Law, in which he or they ſingly, if he or they be known Merchants and reputed reſponſible Perſons, or otherwiſe with ſufficient Security, ſhall be bound to our Sovereign Lord the King in ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhall amount to the double Value of his or their Goods, with Condition that he or they ſhall not and will not deliver, or cauſe to ſuffer any of the ſaid Goods to be delivered unto any of the Buyers thereof, or put or delivered into the Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion of any Shop-keeper or Retailer whatſoever, before ſuch Time as the Duty of Exciſe ſet and impoſed by this preſent Act, upon his or their ſaid Goods, be firſt duly paid and ſatisfied.

Failing to give Bond, to pay down the Exciſe, or the Goods to be taken, and kept in the Ware-houſes until Bond be given, or the Exciſe paid.

24 And in caſe any the Perſons aforeſaid, cannot, or will not give Bond in Manner and Form aforeſaid, That every ſuch Perſon ſhall then be liable to pay down the Exciſe of his Goods, and if he ſhall not be able, or elſe refuſe the doing thereof, that then the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-Commiſſioners and

Collectors reſpectively in every Port of this Realm, or ſuch as they ſhall appoint, are hereby authorized and required to take up ſuch Perſons Goods, and after due Notice taken in the preſence of the Owner, or ſuch as he ſhall appoint, of the Quantity and Quality thereof; or if he refuſe in the preſence of two good Witneſſes, to houſe and lay the ſame up in his Majeſty's or other fitting Ware-houſe or Ware-houſes, there to be kept until ſufficient Bond be given or Exciſe fully paid, as aforeſaid. And the Owner or Proprietor aforeſaid, coming to clear his or their Goods, ſhall beſides his or their Exciſe, pay and ſatisfy ſuch moderate Rates by the Week or Month for Ware-houſe Room of his or their Goods, as the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or their Sub-Commiſſioners, Collectors or other chief Officer in the Ports reſpectively in their Diſcretions ſhall think fit.

Ware-houſe Rates to be paid by the Owner, when he comes to clear his Goods.

That every Merchant, or Importer of any exciſeable Commodities, after he hath entred his Goods and given Bond as aforeſaid, ſhall afterward upon Sale of all or any part of the ſame, under his own Hand, or the Hand of his Servant, for whom he ſhall be reſponſible, certify in Writing the Quality, Quantity, Weight and Meaſure of his Goods ſold, with the Name of the Buyer, who bringing and delivering of the ſame unto the Office of Exciſe under which he lives, ſhall then and there pay the Exciſe of the Goods ſo certified to be ſold, unto the Officer appointed to receive the ſame, who ſhall thereupon give him a Receipt for ſuch his Exciſe, and no Merchant Importer aforeſaid, before Delivery of ſuch Certificate, and Payment of the Exciſe as aforeſaid, ſhall deliver or cauſe to be delivered, nor any Buyer or other Perſon receive all or any ſuch Goods upon pain of Forfeiture of double the Value of the Goods ſo delivered and received, which Forfeiture the ſaid Buyer and Receiver ſhall be only liable unto, and ſubject to ſuch other Proceedings for want of Diſtreſs, as is hereafter directed. 25

Merchants on Sale of Goods, to certify what is ſold, and to pay Exciſe for ſo much.

No Merchant before Delivery of ſuch Certificate, and Payment of Exciſe, to deliver nor Retailer to receive ſuch Goods, under Forfeiture of double their Value.

That a Barter, Truck or Exchange of one Goods for another, ſhall to all Intents and Purpoſes be deemed and reputed a Sale, and Exciſe preſently payed for both Commodities, if they be both liable to pay Exciſe, or for ſuch of the Commodities as is liable thereunto, upon pain of forfeiting by the Parties bartering, trucking or exchanging Equally, as in caſe of not paying Exciſe for Goods upon Sale of them. 26

Barter to be deemed a Sale, and Exciſe preſently to be paid.

That every Shop-keeper, Retailer or other Perſon importing any Commodities or Wares of his own Trade, or for his own private Uſe or Expence, ſhall not be permitted to unſhip, take up or land the ſame, before he ſhall firſt make true Entry both for the Quantity and Quality, nor be permitted to carry away all or every Part of the ſame, before the Exciſe be fully paid and ſatisfied. 27

Retailers not to land Goods before Entry, nor carry them away before Exciſe be paid.

And if any Shop-keeper or Retailer either ſhall take up, or carry away his Goods before due Entry or Payment of Exciſe, or ſhall enter his Goods in any other Perſon's Name than his own, or if any ſhall enter or take up any Goods for any Shop-keeper, Retailer or Conſumptioner, ſuch Shop-keeper, or Retailer, or other Perſon whatſoever, ſhall reſpectively forfeit double the Value of the ſaid Goods ſo taken up or carried away, to be levied by diſtreſs of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Offender reſpectively: And in default thereof every ſuch Offender to be impriſoned till due Satisfaction be made for ſuch Forfeiture, as is hereafter appointed. 28

Retailers carrying away Goods before Entry, or Payment of Exciſe, or entring their Goods in other Perſons Names, or Perſons entring Goods for Retailers, &c. forfeit double the Value of ſuch Goods, or to be impriſon'd till Satisfaction be made.

That if any Merchant, Shop-keeper or other Perſon having Goods to enter, ſhall voluntarily declare upon his Oath, before the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-Commiſſioners or other chief Officer in the reſpective Ports, who are hereby 29

Merchants having Goods to enter, ſwearing they know not the true Quantity, &c. may have a Warrant to view them, and then enter them, and if they omit, or make not a due Entry of their Goods, ſuch Goods are forfeited, and their Value.

hereby authorized and impowered to take and adminiſter ſuch Oath, that he knows not the true and juſt Quantity or Quality of ſuch his Goods, in all and every ſuch Caſe, or upon any other Emergency requiring the ſame, it ſhall and may (any Thing before in this preſent Act to the contrary notwithſtanding) be lawful to the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-Commiſſioners, and Collectors reſpectively in the Ports, to grant Warrant and Licence for bringing the ſame to the Cuſtom-houſe Key or Wharf, where the ſame ſhall be taken up, and viewed in ſome convenient Place, in preſence of an Officer appointed thereunto; and the Owner and Proprietor ſhall thereupon make particular Entries thereof, both for Quantity and Quality, upon pain of forfeiting the Goods and Value of the Goods which ſhall be omitted to be entred, or elſe which ſhall be entred ſhort, or not according to their true Denominations and Kinds.

30 That all and every Owner, Maſter and Commander of any Ship or coaſting Veſſel, tranſporting or carrying any Goods or Commodities from one Port to another within this Realm, ſhall not receive on board, diſcharge or deliver on ſhore, or into any other Gabbard or Lighter or Boat, to be carried on ſhore, any Goods or Commodities exciſeable, at any other than ſeaſonable Hours and Times, and from, at or upon no other Keys and Places than is before declared, nor without Licence and Leave firſt had for doing thereof from the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-Commiſſioners, Collectors or Officers, upon pain that every Owner, Maſter and Commander of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall for every Time he ſhall ſo offend, pay and loſe the Sum of twenty Pounds, and every Mariner, Seaman or other knowing thereof, or being aiding, abetting or aſſiſting in doing thereof, the Sum of five Pounds, to be levied by Diſtreſs, or otherwiſe proceeded againſt as hereafter is directed.

Maſters, &c. of coaſting Veſſels ſhipping or landing Goods illegally, forfeit 20 *l.*

Mariners, &c. aſſiſting, forfeit 5 *l.*

31 That every Owner, Maſter or Commander taking charge of any coaſting Veſſels as aforeſaid, after he is entred and laden, ſhall not go out of the Port before he do firſt receive a Let-paſs or *Tranſire* from the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-Commiſſioners, Collectors or other Officer in the reſpective Ports out of which he is going, ſpecifying and expreſſing the Quality and Quantity of the Goods and Commodities exciſeable, and to what Port, which to Let-paſs or *Tranſire*, the ſaid Commiſſioners and their Officers reſpectively are hereby charged and required to make and give accordingly: Nor ſhall any ſuch Owner, Maſter or Commander arriving afterward at his or their intended, or at any other Port of this Realm, be permitted to receive any Warrant for landing and delivering of the Goods and Commodities by him or them tranſported and carried, at or upon the Shore or Land, before he or they do deliver unto the Officer for Exciſe in the ſaid Port appointed to receive the ſame, the aforeſaid Let-paſs or *Tranſire*, and that then the aforeſaid Owner, Maſter, Commander or ſuch other Perſon who was conſtantly on board, and ſailed along the whole Voyage of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, and no other, ſhall make oath before the Commiſſioners for Exciſe, their Sub-Commiſſioners, Collectors, or other Officers who are hereby authorized and impowered to adminiſter ſuch Oath, that to his certain Knowledge there was not, nor had not been laded on board, or taken into the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, any Goods or Commodities exciſeable, ſince the granting of the ſaid Let-paſs or *Tranſire*, nor that the ſaid Ship or Veſſel had been beyond the Seas, nor at any other Place or Port, except ſuch Place and Port as he ſhall then and there declare: And in caſe ſuch Ship or Veſſel be to deliver Part of her Goods or Lading at one Port, and the Reſt at any other Port or Ports, that the Officers for Exciſe,

Maſters, &c. of coaſting Veſſels not to go out of the Port without a Let-paſs.

Nor to be permitted to land Goods at the intended Port before they deliver to the Exciſe Officer the ſaid Let-paſs, and make oath, &c.

Part of the Goods being deliver'd at one Port, and the reſt to be carryed to another, the Let-paſs to be indorſed.

Exciſe, where ſuch Part or Parts of the ſaid Goods or Lading ſhall happen to be delivered, ſhall certify or indorſe on the Back-ſide of the ſaid Let-paſs or *Tranſire*, the Quantity and Quality of the Goods or Lading mentioned in the ſaid Let-paſs, which have been landed and delivered in ſuch Port or Ports.

Retailers ſhipping Good coaſtwiſe, for which Exciſe was paid, to take Certificate thereof.

That all Shop-keepers, Retailers and others, ſhipping Goods which had before paid Exciſe for any the Ports of this Realm, ſhall take and receive from the Officer of Exciſe in the Port out of which he ſhall ſhip the ſame, Certificate under the Hand of ſuch Officer certifying the Contents, Quantity and Quality of the ſame, and that they are the Goods and Wares of a Shop-keeper or Retailer, which Certificate ſhall be delivered to the Officer of Exciſe in the Port where they arrive, who ſhall thereupon grant Warrant for their landing and taking up without further Queſtion or Trouble; but if ſuch Certificate be concealed or omitted to be taken out or delivered as aforeſaid, that then ſuch Goods ſhall be reputed Merchants Goods, and ſhall be liable to Entry, have Bond given, or Payment made of the Exciſe of the ſame, in ſuch Manner as if they had come directly thither from any Parts or Places beyond the Seas. 32

For want of ſuch Certificates, Exciſe to be paid for them at the Port they are carried to.

Goods entred for Cuſtom inwards or outwards, to be entred in the Name of the true Owner, under Forfeiture.

That all Goods entred for the Cuſtom either inwards or outwards, ſhall be entred in the Name of the true Owner and Proprietor of the ſame, and no other, upon pain that all Goods entered otherwiſe for evading or eluding the preſent Duties of Exciſe ſhall be ſeized, forfeited and condemned, as is hereafter directed. 33

Retailers fraudulently ſhipping out Merchants Goods, forfeit double the Value thereof, and loſe their Freedom for ever.

And in caſe any Shop-keeper, Retailer or other, ſhall colourably or otherwiſe fraudulently ſhip out any Goods or Commodities of ſome known Merchants or other, and not liable to Exciſe until Sale of the ſame, all and every ſuch Shop-keeper or Retailer pretending Property in ſuch Goods, ſhall forfeit double the Value of the ſame, to be levied by Diſtreſs, and further be proceeded againſt as is hereafter directed and appointed; and likewiſe be diſfranchiſed and made uncapable for ever after to be a Member of any Burrough or Town-Corporate within this Realm; and the Mayor and other Magiſtrates of the Borrough or Town-Corporate of which he is a Member, are hereby required and authorized upon proof made thereof, to proceed to the Diſfranchiſing of ſuch Perſon accordingly. 34 3

Periſhable Goods to be viewed and taſted by ſworn Officers, and Allowances to be made, but no more than by the Act of Cuſtom is allowed for the ſame Cauſe.

That [a] foraſmuch as ſundry Commodities are periſhable and liable to Leakage, Waſte and Decay, the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-Commiſſioners, and Collectors of the Ports reſpectively, ſhall therefore, and are hereby authorized to appoint ſworn Officers for the taſting of all decayed Wines, and viewing of all periſhable Commodities, and upon Report made by them ſhall make and give ſuch Allowance for the ſaid Cauſe and Reaſons, upon the landing and before the houſing of ſuch Goods as they in their Judgments ſhall think fit, not exceeding or allowing more than is given or afforded for the ſame Cauſe in the like Matter of Cuſtoms, and Subſidy of Tonnage or Poundage, according to which they ſhall at all Times regulate and govern themſelves accordingly. 35 39 40

Contents of a Tun of Wine, (*viz.*) 2 Butts, 2 Pipes, 4 Hogſheads, 6 Teirces, 3 Puncheons or Tercions, and 8 Quarter Casks.

That for taking away all Diſputes or Controverſies that may ariſe touching the Contents of a Tun of Wines, it is hereby declared, although two hundred fifty two Gallons is the juſt Meaſure of one Tun, that nevertheleſs two Buts, two Pipes, four Hogſheads of what ſort ſoever, ſix Teirces, three Puncheons, or Tercions, and eight Quarter Caſks, ſhall be reckoned and accompted a Tun of Wine, and every Caſk of Wine imported, which if full, ſhall exceed a Quarter-Caſk, ſhall be accounted for a Teirce, and every Caſk that ſhall exceed a Teirce, ſhall be accounted for a Hogſhead, and every Caſk that ſhall 36

[a] By 12 *Geo.* 1 *C.* 2. corrupt Wines are to be ſpill'd, and the Duties repaid.

exceed

exceed an Hogſhead ſhall be accounted for a Puncheon, and every Cask that exceeds a Puncheon ſhall be accounted a Butt or Pipe, without any Allowance of undergauge whatſoever. Irregular Casks how to be accounted.

37 That all common Brewers of Beer and Ale, Makers and Diſtillers of Aquavitæ and ſtrong Waters to ſell again in their Shops, who by this preſent Act are charged with Exciſe, and liable to payment thereof, upon the brewing or making of their Beer and Ale, Aquavitæ and Strong Waters, ſhall under their own Hands, or the Hands of ſuch for whom they ſhall be reſponſible Weekly (that is to ſay) on the *Munday* of every Week, make true Entry at the Office of Exciſe under which they live, of the Quality and Quantity of all Beer and Ale, Aquavitæ and Strong Waters by them brewed, made and diſtilled the Week foregoing, and at the ſame time pay and clear the Exciſe, upon pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for the Firſt, Forty Pounds for the Second, and Sixty Pounds for the Third Week, they or any of them, or any other for them as aforeſaid, ſhall neglect, refuſe or omit to make ſuch Entry and Payment as aforeſaid, and further to forfeit double the value of the Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ and Strong Waters by them made and brewed in thoſe or any of thoſe Weeks, and before ſuch Entry and Payment of Exciſe as aforeſaid, the ſame to be levied by Diſtreſs, and in Default thereof the Party Offending to be proceeded againſt as is hereafter mentioned and expreſſed. Common Brewers, &c. to make weekly Entries of their Liquors and pay Exciſe, on pain of forfeiting 20 *l.* for the firſt, 40 *l.* for the 2d, and 60 *l.* for the 3d Week's Neglect, and double the Value of the Liquors brewed, &c. in that Time.

38 And in Caſe any common Brewer of Beer, and Ale, Maker or Diſtiller of Aquavitæ or Strong Waters, ſhall for more than three ſeveral Weeks neglect or refuſe to enter and pay weekly his Exciſe as aforeſaid, every ſuch Brewer, Maker or Diſtiller of Aquavitæ or Strong Waters ſhall for ever after be diſabled and made uncapable of exerciſing the Trade of common Brewer, Maker or Diſtiller of Aquavitæ or Strong Waters, unleſs and until he ſhall pay one hundred Pounds, and give Bonds unto our Sovereign Lord the King, with ſufficient Sureties for his due and conſtant entring and paying weekly in the future, as aforeſaid. Common Brewers, &c. neglecting above 3 Weeks to enter and pay Exciſe, for ever diſabled to Brew, &c. until they pay 100 *l.* and give Bond to enter and pay conſtantly.

39 That all common Brewers in paying and clearing their Exciſe, ſhall from time to time, and at all Times be allowed ſixty four Gallons in every ſeven hundred and four Gallons of Beer, and thirty two Gallons in every ſix hundred ſeventy two Gallons of Ale, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer quantity by them brewed free of Duties, to be deducted and defaulked from their Payments to be for and in reſpect of Filling, Waſte, Leakage, Returns, or any other Accidents or Conſiderations whatſoever. Common Brewers in paying their Exciſe, to be allowed 64 Gallons in 704 Gallons of Beer and 32 Gallons in 672 Gallons of Ale, for waſte, &c.

40 That no Vintners, Inn-keepers, Victuallers, Alehouſe-keepers, or other Perſons whatſoever that uſe common ſelling of Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ, or Strong-waters, ſhall be permitted to brew, make or diſtil his or their own Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, unleſs ſuch Vintners, Inn-keepers, Victuallers, Alehouſe-keepers and other Perſons whatſoever, brewing, making and vending by Retail in their Houſes as aforeſaid, do forthwith enter into Bond to our Sovereign Lord the King with ſufficient Sureties in ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as the Commiſſioners or Sub-commiſſioners of Exciſe ſhall judge reaſonable for the true entring and paying weekly at the Office of Exciſe, under which he or they live, of the Exciſe of all their Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, in Caſe he or they live not above three Miles from the ſaid Office, or elſe every fourteen Days, in caſe they live further off from the ſame, upon Pain that every Vintner, Alehouſe-keeper, or other Perſons brewing, making or Vintners, &c. to give Bond for due Entry, and Payment of Exciſe. Upon pain of 20 *s.* for the firſt, 40 *s.* for the 2d, and 3 *l.* for the 3d Offence.

or diſtilling his or their Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ, or Strong-waters, without Bond given as aforeſaid, ſhall upon due Proof thereof made before the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or their Sub-commiſſioners reſpectively, forfeit for every ſuch Offence the Sum of twenty Shillings, and if the ſaid Perſon ſhall offend the ſecond time then to forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings, to be levied by Diſtreſs or otherwiſe, as hereafter by this Act is appointed; and if the ſaid Perſon ſhall notwithſtanding commit the like Offence the third time, then ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, ſhall not only forfeit three Pounds to be levied as aforeſaid, but ſhall and may be committed to ſome common Goal by the ſaid Commiſſioners or Sub-commiſſioners, till he or they do enter into Bond with a good Surety to his Majeſty's Uſe, in the penal Sum of twenty Pounds Sterling, that he ſhall not and will not brew, make, diſtil and vend, by Retail, or otherwiſe, Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters any more, or at any time afterwards.

And to be impriſoned till they give Bond to brew, &c. no more for Sale.

Sworn Gagers to be appointed to ſearch the Houſes, &c. of common Brewers, &c. and to gage their Veſſels and make Returns,

That for the better accounting with the common Brewer, Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, and others brewing, making and retailing Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ, or Strong-waters, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of Exciſe or their Sub-commiſſioners reſpectively under their Hands and Seals, to conſtitute and appoint ſuch and ſo many ſworn Gager or Gagers, Searcher or Searchers as they ſhall find needful to enter by Night or by Day into all or any of their Houſes, Brew-houſes, Still-houſes, Out-houſes, Store-houſes, or other Places whatſoever, of or belonging to any common Brewer, Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper or other Brewer, Maker or Diſtiller of Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ, or Strong-waters, and to gage the Coppers, Fats, Keeves and other Veſſels, of any Brewer, and take account of the Barrels of Drink brewed, and quantity of Aquavitæ or Strong-waters diſtilled or made from time to time, and to make his or their Return or Report ſigned under his or their Hands to the ſaid Commiſſioners, their Sub-commiſſioners or Deputies, of ſuch Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ, or Strong-waters, as by their Gage or Search, they ſhall find to have been made, brewed or diſtilled, and the Returns or Report, of ſuch Gager, or Searcher, ſhall be a Charge upon the ſaid common Brewer, Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, or other Brewer and Diſtiller, who ſhall pay Exciſe accordingly, in Caſe the Return or Report of ſuch Gager or Searcher do exceed what the ſaid common and other Brewers and Diſtillers ſhall upon their Entries charge themſelves with, and not otherwiſe. 41

Which Returns are to be a Charge upon the Brewers, &c. in Caſe they exceed their Entries.

Common Brewers, &c. not permitting Gagers to enter and gage, or concealing Liquors, or uſing private Veſſels, forfeit 20 *l.* for every ſuch Veſſel, and Vintners, &c. forfeit 5 *l.*

That if any common Brewer, Diſtiller or Maker of Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, or if any Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, or other Perſon brewing and ſelling Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, ſhall refuſe or deny any Gager or Searcher as aforeſaid, to enter into his or their Houſes, Brew-houſes, Stilling-houſes, Out-houſes, Stores, or other Places whatſoever of or belonging unto them or any of them, and to gage or take account of his or their brewing Veſſels, Coppers, Fats, Keeves or other Veſſels, and of his or their Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ, or Strong-waters, brewed, made or diſtilled, or elſe admitting him or them, ſo to do, ſhall hide or conceal any part or parcel of his or their Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, from the Gage, view, or ſight of the Gager or Gagers, Searcher or Searchers, or elſe make uſe of any private Tun, Copper, Fat, Keeve, Still, Alimbicks or other Veſſel for the making, brewing, or diſtilling of his or their Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, 42

waters, without acquainting or giving notice thereof unto ſuch Gager or Gagers, Searcher or Searchers, every ſuch common Brewer or Diſtiller, and Maker of Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, ſhall for every Copper, Fat, Keeve, Still, Alimbick or other Veſſel ſo made uſe of without acquainting or giving Notice as aforeſaid, forfeit the ſum of twenty pounds, and every Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, or Alehouſe-keeper, five pounds, and for denying Entrance and Liberty of gaging or concealing any Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters as aforeſaid, ſhall be preſently forbidden by ſuch Gauger or Searcher, to carry or deliver any Beer or Ale, or Retail any more Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, which if he ſhall nevertheleſs do, he or they reſpectively ſhall beſides the forfeiture of double the Value of all ſuch Beer and Ale, Aquavitæ and Strong-waters, forfeit more to be paid by every ſuch common Brewer fifty Pounds, and by every Vintner, Inn-keeper, Alehouſe-keeper, Diſtiller or other, the ſum of five Pounds, to be levied by Diſtreſs or otherwiſe, the Party offending to be proceeded againſt as hereafter is appointed.

And for denying Entrance, &c. to be forbidden to carry out or retail any more Beer, &c. and when forbidden, if they carry out or retail, the common Brewer forfeits 50 *l.* beſides double the Value of the Liquor, and the Vintner, &c. 5 *l.*

41 43 Provided always, That if any Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, or Maker or Diſtiller of Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, uſing common ſelling and Retailing of Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, ſhall think fit to compound for the Exciſe of all Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, which he or they ſhall brew, make, diſtill, draw, Retail or Vend, in his or their Houſes, that they the ſaid Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or Sub-commiſſioners reſpectively, are hereby authoriſed and impowered to agree and compound with ſuch Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, or others, as aforeſaid accordingly, for any time not exceeding twelve Months, and at ſuch Rates to be paid Monthly, as they the ſaid Commiſſioners or Sub-commiſſioners reſpectively ſhall judge meet and Reaſonable, in which regard is to be had to the number of Gallons of Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, likely to be made, drawn, or ſold by every ſuch Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, or other, as aforeſaid, in or at their Houſes reſpectively, and not elſe-where, and which are not to be computed and compounded for at leſs than ſuch Vintner Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, or other Perſons, his or their Exciſe for Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, reſpectively amounted unto at any time for twelve Months beforegoing; and upon Compoſition and Agreement made, ſuch Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, or other Perſon as aforeſaid, ſhall with able Sureties enter into ſufficient Obligation to our Sovereign Lord the King, as ſhall be appointed and concluded on for his or their performing, and paying according to ſuch Compoſition and Agree-
42 ment as ſhall be made betwixt them, and thereupon ſuch Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, or others ſo Compounding, ſhall be diſcharged and acquitted from making Entries weekly, or every fourteen Days, or having any Gage or Search made of what Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, ſhall be by them made or brewed during the Time and Term of their Compoſitions, and of and from all Penalties and Forfeitures for or concerning all or any of the ſame, any thing before in this preſent Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Commiſſioners, &c. may compound with Vintners, &c. for any Time not exceeding 12 Months, for the Exciſe of Beer, &c. not at a leſs Rate than what their Exciſe amounted to any Time for 12 Months before.

Vintners, &c. upon Compoſition to give Bond for Performing and paying, and thereupon to be acquitted from Entry, Gage or Search during the Time of Compoſition.

44 That all Perſons ſelling and retailing Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, only in Places where the general Aſſizes or Quarter-ſeſſions ſhall be kept during the Time of the Aſſizes or Seſſions, or at any Fair or Fairs during the Time of a Fair or Fairs, ſhall upon the Place pay the Exciſe of ſuch Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, except the ſame were brewed by any common

Exciſe to be paid for Beer, &c. ſold at the Aſſizes, &c. and Fairs, upon the Place, unleſs brewed by common Brewers.

mon Brewer before they draw or tap the ſame, unto ſuch Sub-commiſſioners or other Officer for Exciſe, as ſhall be appointed, then and there to receive and demand the ſame. And if any Perſon ſhall neglect or refuſe doing thereof, ſuch Sub-commiſſioners, or other Officers ſhall and may ſeize and detain in his or their Cuſtody, ſuch Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-waters, until ſuch Perſon pay and clear the Exciſe of the ſame.

The Liquor elſe to be ſeized and detained, till the Exciſe is paid.

That no Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, or other Perſons 45
as aforeſaid, having compounded or given Bond for Entry or Payment of his or their Exciſe, ſhall vend or diſpoſe of any of their Beer or Ale, to any other Houſe-keeper, Victualler, or other Perſon by the Barrel, half Barrel, Kilderkin, Firkin or Gallon, for his or their private Expence or Conſumption, or otherwiſe to be by them retailed, upon pain that every ſuch Houſe-keeper, Victualler, or other Perſon, buying or receiving ſuch Beer, or Ale, from ſuch Vintner, Inn-keeper, Alehouſe-keeper, or other Perſon, ſhall pay double the Exciſe for all ſuch Beer or Ale ſo by him or them bought or received, and in default of ſuch Payment, both Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, and other Perſons ſelling, as alſo every Houſe-keeper, or other Perſon buying and receiving ſuch Beer or Ale, ſhall be equally liable to the Forfeiture of forty Shillings apiece, to be levied by Diſtreſs as hereafter is mentioned.

No compounder to ſell his Beer or Ale by the Barrel, &c. to any other Houſe-keeper, on pain that the Buyer ſhall pay double the Exciſe thereof, or both Seller and Buyer to forfeit 40 s. a piece.

That all Vintners, Inn-keepers, Victuallers, Alehouſe-keepers, or other Per- 46
ſons ſelling Beer or Ale by Retail, ſhall either wholly brew and make their own Beer and Ale, or take the ſame from ſome common Brewer, and that every Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper, or other as aforeſaid, doing otherwiſe by brewing part of his or their Beer and Ale, and taking other Part from a common Brewer, ſhall be liable and pay Exciſe nevertheleſs, as if he or they had themſelves brewed all and every part thereof, upon pain of forfeiting all ſuch Beer or Ale which he or they ſhall take from ſuch common Brewer, or elſe the Value thereof to be levied by Diſtreſs, as hereafter is directed.

Vintners, &c. not wholly brewing their own Drink, or not taking it wholly from a common Brewer, to pay Exciſe for all, on pain of forfeiting all ſuch as they took from the common Brewer, or the Value thereof.

Provided always, and be it Enacted, that no Diſtreſs made or taken by Vir- 47
tue of this preſent Act, of the Goods and Chattels of any Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper or other brewing, making and ſelling by Retail any Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ, or Strong-waters, ſhall be ſold or diſpoſed of until fourteen Days after any ſuch Goods or Chattels ſhall be diſtrained, and within that time any ſuch Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Alehouſe-keeper or other Perſon as aforeſaid, finding him or themſelves grieved, ſhall or may make his or their Complaint unto one or more of the next Juſtices of the Peace, who upon ſuch Complaint to him or them made by ſuch Party or Parties, are hereby authoriſed and required to hear and examine the ſame upon Oath, which Oath any one or more of the ſaid Juſtices are hereby authoriſed to adminiſter, and finally to determine the matter of complaint, and to mitigate any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture inflicted or impoſed upon any ſuch Perſon by this preſent Act, ſo as by ſuch mitigation the ſame may not be made leſs than double the Value of the Duties of the Exciſe which ſhould or ought to have been paid, beſides the reaſonable Coſts and Charges of the Officer or Officers diſtraining, to be allowed by the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices, nor the Party complaining receive Encouragement to continue the practice of any Fraud, Deceit, Obſtinacy or Diſobedience in breach of any Clauſe or Article of this preſent Act.

Diſtreſs taken from Vintner, &c. not to be ſold till 14 Days after.

The Party grieved may within that Time complain to the next Juſtice of the Peace, who is impowered to determine the matter, and to reduce Fines, &c. but not to leſs than double the Exciſe, allowing beſides the Officers Coſts, &c.

Provided

48 Provided nevertheleſs, That if any Perſon diſtrained, and complaining as aforeſaid, ſhall not proſecute his or their Complaint unto an hearing and Sentence before the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices within the aforeſaid time of fourteen Days, that then the ſaid Commiſſioners or their Sub-commiſſioners reſpectively, ſhall and may proceed to the Sale and Diſpoſal of the Goods and Chattels, diſtrained in ſuch Manner as they or any of them may lawfully do, and in all other Caſes of Diſtreſs, and as hereafter in this Act is mentioned and expreſſed.

Complaint not proſecuted to a Hearing and Sentence in 14 Days, the Diſtreſs may be ſold.

49 And for the more regular and orderly putting in execution of this preſent Act, Be it enacted and ordained by Authority aforeſaid, that there be an Office conſtituted and erected in the City of *Dublin* to be called and known by the Name of the Office of Exciſe, or new Impoſt; and to be managed and governed by Commiſſioners not exceeding five in Number, and alſo a Surveyor; all to be appointed by the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, and to be commiſſioned under the Great Seal of this your Majeſty's Realm, to have, and to hold, to them reſpectively during their good Behaviour reſpectively, which ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſhall have Power and are hereby authoriſed from time to time, with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, for the time being, to chuſe and appoint ſuch fitting Clerks, Searchers, Waiters, Meſſengers, and all other Officers for the City, Suburbs and Liberties of *Dublin*, and the Port of *Dublin*, and the ſeveral Creeks and Members thereof, as they may neceſſarily have occaſion to employ for the advantage of your Majeſty's Service, and the ſame again from time to time with the Approbation aforeſaid, to Diſplace and Place others in their Rooms, and to allow them and every of them ſuch ſeveral yearly Wages to be paid quarterly out of the Receipts of the ſaid Office, and other accidental Rewards for their Pains and Service, as the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major part of them ſhall think fit and reaſonable, and as ſhall be allowed and approved of by the Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, as aforeſaid, and for all the other Cities, Counties and Ports of this Kingdom, and the ſeveral Creeks and Members thereof, excepting the City, Suburbs and Liberties of *Dublin*, and the Port of *Dublin*, and the Creeks and Members thereof.

An Exciſe-Office to be erected in *Dublin*, and managed by 5 Commiſſioners, and a Surveyor, to be appointed by the Chief Governor.

Fit Clerks, *&c.* to be appointed by the ſaid Commiſſioners with the Approbation of the Chief Governor.

50 That the Lord Treaſurer of *Ireland*, for the time being, ſhall have Power, and is hereby authoriſed from time to time, to chuſe and appoint ſuch fitting Clerks, Searchers, Waiters and Meſſengers, as they may neceſſarily have occaſion to employ for the Advantage of your Majeſty's Service; and the ſame again from time to time to Diſplace and Place in others in their Rooms, and to allow them and every of them ſuch ſeveral yearly Wages to be paid quarterly, out of the Receipts of the ſaid Office, and other accidental Rewards for their Pains and Service, as the ſaid Lord Treaſurer ſhall think fit and reaſonable, and as ſhall be allowed and approved of by the Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, as aforeſaid.

Lord Treaſurer with the Approbation of the Chief Governor may appoint neceſſary Clerks, *&c.*

51 That the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe for the time being, are hereby appointed to be Governors and chief Commiſſioners of and for the ſaid Office: which ſaid Commiſſioners, and all others from time to time, as ſhall be employed under them, ſhall before they enter upon their reſpective Employments, take the Oath of Supremacy preſcribed by the Statute made in *Ireland*, in the ſecond

Commiſſioners of the Exciſe appointed Governors and chief Commiſſioners for the ſaid Office.

Commiſſioners, and all their Officers to take the Oath of Allegiance, and the Oath of Truſt,

Year of the Reign of the late Queen *Elizabeth*, and the Oath of Allegiance preſcribed by Statute in *England*, made in the time of the late King *James*; and likewiſe the following Oath *mutatis mutandis*, for their true and faithful Performance of their reſpective Truſts, *viz.*

YOU ſhall ſwear to be true and faithful in the Place of Commiſſioner, Sub-commiſſioner, Collector, &c. for the Exciſe, during the time you ſhall be a Commiſſioner, Sub-commiſſioner, Collector: You ſhall according to the beſt of your Knowledge, Power and Skill, execute the ſame diligently, faithfully and impartially. You ſhall make and deliver a true Account of all your Receipts from time to time, and further, do all things without having any private reſpect to your ſelf in prejudice of his Majeſty's Revenue.

So help you God, &c.

Before the Lord chief Baron of the *Exchequer*.

Which Oath the Lord chief Baron of his Majeſty's *Exchequer* is hereby authoriſed to Adminiſter unto the ſaid Commiſſioners, and the ſaid Commiſſioners or the major part of them, unto all other employed under them. 52

All Parts of the City and County of *Dublin* ſubject to the Rule of the Exciſe Office.

That all Pariſhes, parts and places of the City, and County of the City of *Dublin*, and County of *Dublin*, and all and every the Baronies, Parts and Places of the ſame, ſhall be ſubject to the Rule and Government of the ſaid Office. 53

The like Offices and Collectors in them to be appointed by the ſaid Commiſſioners in all other Parts, to be approved by the chief Governor.

That the like Office and Offices, and ſo many of them, and in them ſuch or ſo many ſubordinate Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors, or ſubordinate Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors, from Time to Time ſhall be nominated and appointed in all or any of the Counties of this Realm, and in all other Cities, Towns, Ports and Places thereof, as the ſaid Commiſſioners or the major Part of them, ſhall from Time to Time think fitting, to be approved of by the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other Chief Governor or Governors, and Privy Council of *Ireland* for the time being. 54

Which Collectors are to take the like Oaths, and to give Security for due Execution of their Offices, and paying monthly their Receipts, and to account quarterly.

Which ſaid ſubordinate Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors ſhall take the like Oath as aforeſaid reſpectively before the Lord Chief Baron of his Majeſty's *Exchequer*, or before the ſaid Chief Commiſſioners or any two of them, or before any of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, which Oath the ſaid Lord Chief Baron, Juſtices and Commiſſioners are hereby authoriſed to adminiſter the ſame accordingly, and every the ſaid ſubordinate Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors, ſo to be appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall enter into Recognizance with good Security to his Majeſty's Uſe, in ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhall be thought fit and reaſonable before the Lord Chief Baron of his Majeſty's *Exchequer*, with Condition for the due Execution of his or their Places, and paying monthly all Monies by him or them received for Exciſe, their own and Officers Salaries, and other contingent Charges firſt deducted, and accounting quarterly into his Majeſty's *Exchequer* at *Dublin*. 55 59

Chief Governor to allow fit Salaries to Commiſſioners and Collectors.

And the ſaid Commiſſioners, ſubordinate Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors, ſhall have for their ſeveral pains in and about the ſaid Buſineſſes, ſuch reaſonable Sums of Monies allowed them by way of Poundage or otherwiſe, as the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other Chief Governor or Governors and Privy Council of *Ireland* ſhall think fit. 56 60

That

57 That the ſaid Office or Offices in all Places where they ſhall be appointed, ſhall be kept open all Days except the Lord's Day, or Holy-days, in all Places from nine of the Clock to twelve in the Forenoon, and from two of the Clock till five in the Afternoon of each Day, for the taking and inregiſtring the Entries of all Merchants, Retailers, Brewers and others, and for the receiving all Monies which ſhall be due and payable by all or any of them, and for other things neceſſary to be done, touching the Buſineſs of Exciſe, and Affairs relating thereunto.

Offices of Exciſe to be kept open all Days, except Lord's Day and Holydays, from 9 to 12 in the Forenoon, and from 2 till 5 in the Afternoon.

58 That the ſeveral Surveyors, Searchers, Waiters and all other Officers which ſhall from time to time be deputed or appointed thereunto by the ſaid Chief Commiſſioners under the Hands and Seals of them, or the major Part of them, in the ſeveral Ports, Creeks, Havens, and other Members of the ſame within this Realm; ſhall have full Power and Authority to go on board and enter into any Ship or other Veſſel whatſoever, as well by Night as by Day, arriving and coming into any the ſeveral Ports, Havens, Creeks or other Places, and not only to continue there on board until ſuch Ship or other Veſſel ſhall be fully unladen and diſcharged, but alſo by Night as by Day to enter as well into all other Ships, Gabbards, Hoys, Barks, Bottoms, or other Boats or Veſſels whatſoever, as in the Day time, to go and enter into all Houſes, Cellars, Vaults, Shops, Ware-houſes, Store-houſes, Store-cellars, or other Places belonging to any Perſon whatſoever, where they ſhall have juſt Cauſe of Suſpicion, to ſee, Survey and make Search for any Goods or Commodities Exciſeable either put on board any Ship or Veſſel, or taken out or carried away, or intended to be carried away without due Entry firſt had and made of the ſame, or payment of ſuch Exciſe as ſhall be due and payable thereupon, and the ſaid Goods, as alſo all other Goods Exciſeable, and Merchandize whatſoever, which they or any of them ſhall meet, find or diſcover to be carrying or conveying either by Land or by Water, at unlawful Hours or times, or before due Entry or payment had or made for the ſaid Goods or Merchandizes, or which ſhall be landed or attempted to be landed, and laid on Shore at any unlawful Place or Places for landing Goods, as in and by this preſent Act is before declared, or without Licence or Sufferance granted by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or their Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors reſpectively, for the landing or ſhipping the ſaid Goods or Merchandize, to ſeize, attach, carry away and put into ſafe cuſtody, by bringing, or cauſing them to be brought to the Office for Exciſe, next adjoining to the place where ſuch Goods ſhall be ſo ſeized, there to be detained and kept.

Port-Officers have power to go on board Ships coming in, by Night or Day, and all other Ships, &c. whatſoever, and to ſearch for, and ſeize Goods fraudulently put on board, or intended to be run. Or in the Day-time to ſearch Houſes, &c. and to ſeize run Goods,

And to carry them to the next Exciſe-Office.

59 And in caſe the ſaid Goods and Merchandizes ſo ſeized, ſhall not be claimed by the true and lawful Owner or Proprietor thereof, or by one deputed under his or their Hands, within one and twenty Days after Seizure, the ſaid Goods ſhall be abſolutely forfeited and confiſcated, and ſhall and may be ſold at the next general Day of Sale to be appointed by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or their Sub-commiſſioners reſpectively, after that time, and the Proceed to be divided as hereafter in this preſent Act is directed and appointed.

Seizures not claimed by the true Proprietor, or one deputed by him, within 21 Days, forfeited and may be ſold.

60 And in caſe ſuch Goods or Commodities ſo ſeized, ſhall be claimed within the time aforeſaid, and if the Owner or Claimer as aforeſaid ſhall not make it appear unto the ſaid Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors reſpectively, or unto the major Part of them, or either of them, that

If claimed within 21 Days and due Entry not proved, forfeited, and to be ſold.

the ſaid Goods and Merchandizes ſo ſeized, were or have been duly entred or unladen, and landed at a lawful Time and Place as aforeſaid, or that Licence or Sufferance hath been obtained and granted for doing thereof, that then the ſaid Goods and Merchandize ſhall likewiſe be forfeited and confiſcated, and ſold and diſpoſed of as hereafter in this preſent Act is directed and appointed.

Perſons not permitting Officers to enter into Ships, Houſes, &c. to ſearch, or oppoſing them in ſeizing, &c. of Goods, forfeit 50 *l.*

And if it ſhall ſo happen, That any Maſter, Owner or Commander of any 61
Ship or Veſſel, or any other Perſon whatſoever, ſhall refuſe to permit, or will not ſuffer any the aforeſaid Officers to enter or come into, or remain on board his or their Ship, Gabbard, Hoy, Barque, Bottom, Boat, or other Veſſel, or into his or their Houſe, Cellar, Vault, Shop, Ware-houſe, Store-houſe, or Store-cellar, or other Place or Places, to ſearch as aforeſaid, or elſe permitting them or any of them ſo to do, ſhall oppoſe, hinder or reſiſt them, or any of them, in the ſeizing, attaching, or carrying away any Goods and Merchandize for the Cauſes and Reaſons aforeſaid, ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit fifty pounds, to be levied by Diſtreſs, as hereafter is appointed. Or if any Porter, Car-man, Water-man, or other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall be aiding, aſſiſting, or abetting, to any other that ſhall oppoſe, hinder or reſiſt the ſaid Officers, or any of them, ſeizing, attaching, or carrying away any Goods or Merchandize as aforeſaid, or if any Perſon uſually employed as Porter, Car-man or Water-man, to carry Romage or remove Goods, ſhall, (if required thereunto by any ſuch Officer or Officers) refuſe to carry, load and drive away any Goods and Merchandizes ſeized or attached as aforeſaid, to the Office for Exciſe next adjoining to the place where the ſaid Goods ſhall be ſo ſeized and attached as aforeſaid, reaſonable Satisfaction being tendred and allowed them for their pains therein, every ſuch Perſon ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit ten pounds to be levied by Diſtreſs, or in default thereof, the ſaid Offenders to be otherwiſe proceeded againſt, as hereafter is directed and appointed.

Porters, &c. aſſiſting ſuch Perſons, or refuſing to carry any Goods ſeiz'd, forfeit 10 *l.*

Method of accounting with Merchants Importers, whoſe Goods are not liable to Exciſe until Sale.

That for the better accounting with the Merchants Importers, whoſe Goods, 62
Commodities or Merchandizes are not liable to Exciſe until Sale of the ſame, the ſaid Commiſſioners, their Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors reſpectively in their ſeveral Offices ſhall frame and keep a diſtinct and ſeveral account by the Name of an Import Account, with all and every ſuch Merchants whoſe ſeveral and reſpective Accounts ſhall conſtantly from time to time be armed and charged with the reſt or remainder of all ſuch Goods and Commodities as ſhall be remaining in his or their Hands, at or upon the five and twentieth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, as is before mentioned, and with the ſeveral Entries of Goods which he or they ſhall make for any Goods or Merchandizes Inwards from beyond the Seas, or from the Coaſt, and again exonerated and diſcharged by what ſhall appear in the Exciſe Books to have been paid upon the Sale and Delivery of all or any of the ſaid Goods or Merchandizes, and by the ſeveral Quantities of all or any of them which ſhall be ſhipped out and landed beyond the Seas, or elſe in any other Port or Haven of this Realm, and there entred, of which he or they ſhall make Oath, and all Things elſe appearing by Certificate, or otherwiſe to be done with the Sub-commiſſioner or Collector there, as is by this Act directed and appointed to be done, upon the Importation all Goods and Merchandizes Exciſeable from any Parts beyond the Seas.

Provi-

63 Provided always, and it is hereby declared, intended, and enacted, that for all Goods which ſhall be ſent by Land-carriage or otherwiſe by any ſuch Merchants as aforeſaid, into the Country, or unto any City, Town, Borough or Place whatſoever, other than the Ports and Members thereof, in this Realm, and there entred as aforeſaid, every ſuch Merchant upon his accounting with the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors, ſhall make good the Exciſe of all ſuch Goods and Merchandiſes by Payment of the Exciſe of the ſame himſelf, and is therefore to be allowed him by the Buyer in the Price of his Commodity, any thing before in this preſent Act in any manner or wiſe to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Merchants upon their accounting to pay Exciſe for all Goods ſent to other Places than the Ports, and there entred.

64 That the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe and their Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors reſpectively in their ſeveral and reſpective Offices, once every three Months without fail, or oftner if they ſhall ſee cauſe, ſhall take care for the ballancing and adjuſting of the Merchants their Import Accounts, by calling and requiring them and every of them, to bring and deliver to them reſpectively a particular Account of all Goods and Merchandizes exciſeable which ſhall be remaining then on his or their hands, at the time he or they ſhall be ſo called upon or required, and if any ſuch Merchant Importer, or other Perſon, ſhall upon notice given him or them, or upon notice or ſummons left at his or their uſual place of Abode or Habitation, warning him or them thereunto, refuſe or neglect to give in ſuch Account for the ſpace of four Days after ſuch Notice, Warning or Summons as aforeſaid, every ſuch Merchant or Importer ſhall be preſently liable to Payment of the full Exciſe of all Goods that ſhall be found to ſtand charged in the Exciſe Books on his or their Import Account, by his and their reſt and remainder as aforeſaid, and his or their Entries of Goods upon Importation, which have not been diſcharged or cleared by Payment of Exciſe or ſhipping out of ſuch Goods and accordingly adjudged and warned by Summons as aforeſaid, or otherwiſe to pay the ſame within ſix Days next after following at furtheſt, or in default thereof, every ſuch Merchant Importer ſhall not only forfeit double the Value of all ſuch Goods as ſhall be found wanting, reſting or remaining on his Import Account, to be levied as hereafter is mentioned, but ſhall ever after be uncapable of taking up any Goods or Commodities exciſeable in any Port of this Realm, either for his own or any others Uſe, without Payment down of the Exciſe of ſuch Goods as if he were a Shop-keeper, Retailer or Conſumptioner of the ſame: But if ſuch Importer ſhall upon Demand, or within four Days after give in ſuch Account, as aforeſaid, then the ſaid Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-commiſſioners and Collectors ſhall forthwith appoint one or more Officer or Officers to enter into all the Cellars, Ware-houſes, Store-houſes, Store-cellars and other Places whatſoever belonging unto ſuch Importer to ſearch, ſee and try by taking an Account of the Quality and Quantity of the Goods and Merchandiſes therein remaining, whether ſuch Importers Remainder do agree with his Account or no, and to make Report thereof unto the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors reſpectively, which Report of ſuch Officer or Officers in caſe of Difference betwixt the Remainder and Account of ſuch Merchant, ſhall be reputed, taken and eſteemed for the true and juſt Remainder, according to which the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors ſhall proceed in making up his Account, and then ſuch Merchant making Oath before

Commiſſioners, &c. quarterly to adjuſt Merchants Import Accounts.

Merchants refuſing or neglecting for 4 Days after Notice, to give a particular Account of Goods on hand, to pay the full Exciſe in 6 Days at furtheſt, or forfeit double the Value of all ſuch Goods as ſhall be wanting on their Import Account, and ever after to pay down the Exciſe as Retailers.

The Importers giving ſuch Account when demanded, Officers are to enter into their Cellars, &c. and take an Account of the Goods, and report the Remainder, which Report, in caſe of Difference with the Merchants Account, ſhall be taken for the true Remainder.

Merchants ſwearing that the Goods remaining viewed by the Officers, and all Goods by them ſhipped out, are ſuch as they imported, and entred, ſhall have an Allowance for the Remainder, and pay Exciſe only for what is wanting. And ſo the Commiſſioners, &c. to go on to frame new Accounts.

before the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-Commiſſioners or Collectors reſpectively, that the Goods and Merchandiſes remaining, viewed and ſeen by the Officer or Officers aforeſaid, and all other Goods ſhipped out by him by which his Account is to be diſcharged, were all and every Part and Parcel of them ſuch Goods and Merchandiſes, as had been *Bona fide* formerly imported by himſelf, and entred in the Exciſe Office and there charged on his proper Import Account, and that the ſaid Goods and Merchandiſes found ſo remaining had not been ſold or altered either directly or indirectly in their Property, ſince their firſt Importation and bringing in of the ſame into this Realm, the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, and Collectors reſpectively, allowing upon the Account ſuch Remainder, and alſo ſuch other Goods and Merchandiſes which ſuch Merchant ſhall at any time betwixt the times of his accounting have ſhipped out and landed in any part beyond the Seas, or ſhipped out, landed and entred in any other Port or Member thereof in this Realm, ſhall have power to adjuſt his Account to that Day, and to receive Exciſe preſently of him for ſo much Goods and Merchandiſes as ſhall be found wanting on his Account without any further Penalty, any thing before in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding: And ſo go on to the framing of a new Import Account with him from the whole Remainder ſtated and agreed on as aforeſaid, without demanding any Exciſe till he ſell or diſpoſe thereof, but if any Merchant as aforeſaid ſhall refuſe to permit any Officer or Officers to enter into and ſearch his or their Cellars, Ware-houſes, Store-houſes, Store-cellars, and other Places, and to take an Accompt of the Quality and Quantity of his or their Goods therein remaining, every ſuch Merchant ſhall for every ſuch Refuſal forfeit One hundred Pounds; and if permitting Entrance and ſearch as aforeſaid ſhall nevertheleſs afterwards refuſe to make Oath, that the Goods and Merchandiſes viewed and ſeen by, and ſhown unto the Officer or Officers as aforeſaid, or by him ſhipped out as aforeſaid, were all of them imported by himſelf, or for his Account from beyond the Seas, and entred upon his Import Account in the Office of Exciſe, and without Alteration of Property, all and every ſuch Goods ſhall be eſteemed and reputed the Goods and Merchandiſes of ſome other than ſuch Merchants, and therefore not at all to be reckoned in Diſcharge of his Account, and if ſuch Merchant ſhall make Oath, and yet ſhall neglect or refuſe for ſix Days following after the doing thereof, to pay and ſatisfy ſuch Exciſe as ſhall be due or payable thereupon, every ſuch Merchant his Bond given upon Entry of thoſe Goods which ſhall be found wanting ſhall be returned into the *Exchequer*, there to be proſecuted according to the Courſe of Law, and ſhall not afterwards upon his or their Importation of Goods into any Port of this Realm, be permitted to take up, land or lay on ſhore his or their Goods before Payment down of their full Exciſe unto the Officer appointed to receive the ſame at the Port where ſuch his Goods ſhall arrive or be brought in.

Merchants refuſing Entrance and Search, forfeit 100 *l.*

Permitting Entrance and Search, and refuſing to make Oath that the Goods viewed were by them imported, ſuch Goods to be reputed the Goods of ſome other Perſon, and not to be reckoned in Diſcharge of their Accounts.

Making Oath and neglecting 6 Days after to pay the Exciſe, their Bonds to be proſecuted, and their Exciſe to be paid down for the future.

66

That the Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors of Exciſe reſpectively in the Limits and Diſtricts of their ſeveral reſpective Offices, or the major part of them, where there are or ſhall be more than one Sub-commiſſioner and Collector, or elſe ſuch other Perſons, or the major part of them as ſhall be authoriſed thereunto, together with ſuch Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors under the Hands and Seals of the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major part of them, are hereby authoriſed and required to hear and determine all Offences and Breaches

65 67

Commiſſioners, &c. have Power to hear and determine Offences againſt this Act, and upon Information to try the Matter by ſummoning Parties and Witneſſes, and to examine Witneſſes upon Oath.

of

of any Clauſe or Article in this preſent Act mentioned, other than ſuch as are or ſhall be otherwiſe by this preſent Act appointed; which ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-Commiſſioners and Collectors, or others, authoriſed under the Hands and Seals of the ſaid Commiſſioners or the major part of them, are hereby authoriſed upon any Notice, Complaint or Information, to proceed to Examination of the Matter of Fact, by ſummoning or cauſing Parties and Witneſſes to be ſummoned to appear before them, by cauſing Summons in Writing under the Hand of their Clerk or other Officer thereunto appointed, to be left at the uſual place of Abode or Habitation of ſuch Parties or Witneſſes, and to examine ſuch Witneſſes upon Oath in the Preſence of the Party accuſed, if ſuch Party accuſed do appear, and in caſe any Perſon or Perſons duly warned as aforeſaid to be a Witneſs and give Teſtimony, ſhall wilfully neglect or refuſe to appear, or elſe appearing ſhall refuſe to make Oath for diſcovery of his Knowledge concerning the matter in queſtion, or elſe making Oath and refuſing to anſwer to ſuch Queſtions and Interrogatories as ſhall be demanded of him touching the matter in queſtion, every ſuch Perſon ſhall for every time ſo offending forfeit Ten Pounds, to be levied by Diſtreſs: And in caſe the Party accuſed being ſummoned, ſhall wilfully neglect or refuſe to appear, the ſaid Commiſſioners, their Sub-commiſſioners and Collectors reſpectively, or ſuch as ſhall be authoriſed together with one of them as aforeſaid, are hereby authoriſed to proceed as if he had been preſent, and defending himſelf againſt the Complaint or Information, to Examination of Matter of Fact, and any Offence or Breach of any Clauſe or Article in this preſent Act mentioned, being proved by the voluntary Confeſſion of the Party, or by the Oath of one or more credible Witneſs or Witneſſes, the ſaid Commiſſioners, their Sub-Commiſſioners, Collectors or others as aforeſaid, are hereby authoriſed to give Judgment and Sentence accordingly, as in and by this Act is directed and appointed; and afterwards to iſſue Warrant of Diſtreſs under the Hands and Seals of them, or the major part of them, for levying of any Forfeiture, Fine or Penalty inflicted or impoſed by this preſent Act, by diſtraining ſo much of the Goods and Chattles of the Party againſt whom Judgment and Sentence ſhall be given as aforeſaid, as may be ſufficient to ſatisfy any ſuch Forfeiture, Fine or Penalty, and if any Goods and Chattles ſo diſtrained, ſhall not be redeemed within ſix Days following, except before excepted, it ſhall and may be lawful unto the ſaid Commiſſioners, their Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors and others as aforeſaid, to put the ſame to Sale, in ſuch manner as is hereafter directed.

Witneſſes not appearing, or appearing and not anſwering, forfeit 10 *l.*

Party accuſed not appearing, to be proceeded againſt, as if preſent. And upon Conviction by Witneſs, or Confeſſion of the Party, Commiſſioners, *&c.* to give Judgment and Sentence and to iſſue Warrant to diſtrain the Offenders Goods for Forfeitures, *&c.* and to ſell the Diſtreſs, if not redeemed within ſix Days following.

66 And if ſuch Diſtreſs be better or more than will ſatisfie ſuch Forfeiture, Fine or Penalty, the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors and others, ſhall render and reſtore the Surpluſage to the Party whoſe Goods or Chattles ſhall be ſo diſtrained, if there be any; if leſs than will anſwer the ſame, the Party ſhall forthwith pay the Surpluſage, or be diſtrained again.

If the Diſtreſs be more than will ſatisfy the Forfeiture, *&c.* the Surpluſage to be rendered to the Party; if leſs, the Party to pay down the Deficiency, or to be diſtrained again.

67 But if no ſufficient Diſtreſs can be had or obtained, upon proof made thereof before the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-Commiſſioners, Collectors or others, they the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors and others, ſhall and may by Warrant under the Hands of them, or the major part of them, commit the Party offending to Priſon, there to remain until he pay and ſatisfie the Forfeiture, Fine or Penalty impoſed on him, or until he be diſcharged and releaſed thence by Warrant or Direction of the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors or others as aforeſaid, who committed him, or elſe by Warrant

For Want of Diſtreſs, Offenders may be committed to Priſon, and there kept till they pay the Forfeiture, or till diſcharged by Warrant of the Commiſſioners, *&c.*

Warrant or Order of the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor or Governors and Privy Council of *Ireland* for the Time being, as hereafter is appointed.

For Want of Diſtreſs for a Forfeiture of 10 *l.* Offenders may be committed for ſix Weeks to Goal, or to the Houſe of Correction.

That for want of Diſtreſs to be had to ſatisfie any Forfeiture, Fine or Penalty 68
impoſed by this preſent Act, not exceeding Ten Pounds, it ſhall and may be lawful to the ſaid Commiſſioners in the City and Port of *Dublin*, and to the Sub-commiſſioners and Collectors in any other Port of *Ireland*, together with a Juſtice of Peace, or other chief Magiſtrate of any Corporation-Town, to commit the Party offending to the next Goal or Houſe of Correction, there to be put to Work and Labour, if they be able, and to have ſuch and ſo much Allowance as they ſhall deſerve by their own Labour and Work, during ſuch times as they ſhall continue in the ſaid Goal or Houſe of Correction, which ſhall not exceed the ſpace of ſix Weeks; and all Jaylors and Keepers of any Priſon, and all Governors and Maſters of any Houſe of Correction, are hereby authoriſed and required to receive and keep in ſafe Cuſtody, and put to Work and Labour all ſuch Perſons as by Warrant of the Commiſſioners of Exciſe or their Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors, and the ſaid Juſtices of Peace or chief Magiſtrate as aforeſaid, ſhall be from time to time committed unto their ſeveral Goals, Priſons or Houſes of Correction, for which Priſoners ſo committed to Goal, all Sheriffs reſpectively ſhall be reſponſible; and if any Sheriff, his Deputy or Deputies, ſhall make Replevin or Deliverance of any Diſtreſs or Diſtreſſes taken by virtue of this preſent Act, or if any Sheriffs, Goaler, Governor or Maſter of any Houſe of Correction, ſhall refuſe to receive and ſet on Work ſuch Perſons, or ſhall permit or ſuffer any Perſon or Perſons to him or them committed as aforeſaid, to eſcape out of his or their Cuſtody, or permit him or them to go forth out of Priſon or Houſe of Correction, without Warrant or Order in Writing from him or them that committed ſuch Perſon, or that as well before as hereafter by this Act, are authoriſed to do the ſame, every ſuch Sheriff, Jaylor, Governor, Maſter or other Officer aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit double the Value of every Sum or Sums of Money for which ſuch Perſon was or ſhall be committed to him or them as aboveſaid, the ſame to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Sheriff, Deputy or Deputies, Jaylor, Governor or Maſter of any Houſe of Correction, as before in this preſent Act is directed and appointed.

Sheriffs reſponſible for ſuch Priſoners. Sheriffs making Replevins of Diſtreſſes, or refuſing to receive ſuch Priſoners, or ſuffering them to eſcape, forfeit double the Sums for which they were committed.

No Offender to be charged with any Penalty, &c. unleſs informed againſt within ſix Months.

Provided always, and be it enacted by Authority aforeſaid, that this Act nor 69
any thing therein contained ſhall not extend to charge any Perſon or Perſons with any Penalty, Forfeiture and Puniſhment for and concerning any Offence to be done contrary to the Tenor of this Act, or of any the Articles or Branches of the ſame, unleſs he or they ſo offending, be informed againſt, or complained of to the ſaid Commiſſioners, their Sub-commiſſioners, or Collectors, within ſix Months after the ſame Offence ſhall be done and committed as aforeſaid, any thing contained in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Merchants may appeal from the Judgment of the Commiſſioners to the Chief Governor and Privy Council, or to Commiſſioners for Appeal, who are to take

And provided always, that if any Difference or other Matter of Controverſy 70
or Difficulty happen to ariſe between any Merchant, Trader or Dealer, and the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors or other Officers, or if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall judge him or themſelves aggrieved or injured with any manner of Proceedings to be had, made or done by the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors or other Officers, that it ſhall and may be lawful for every ſuch Perſon or Perſons to make his Appeal unto the Lord Lieutenant,

nant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor or Governors and Privy Council of *Ireland*, or ſuch as they ſhall appoint by Commiſſion under the Great Seal, which Commiſſioners ſhall take the Oath following, *viz.*

YOU ſhall be true and faithful in the Place of Commiſſioner for Appeals, you ſhall in all things execute the ſame impartially, without any Reſpect, Favour, Reward or Affection to any Perſon whatſoever.

So help you God.

This Oath before the Lord Chief Baron, and are authorized to hear and determine all ſuch Appeals, and to reverſe or confirm ſuch Judgments, to releaſe Perſons committed, and to mitigate Fines.

71 Which ſaid Oath the Lord Chief Baron is hereby authoriſed to adminiſter, and the ſaid Commiſſioners for Appeals, or the major part of them, are hereby authoriſed and impowered to receive all or any Appeals that may or ſhall be made from the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors or others, and to ſend for Parties and Witneſſes, and all manner of Papers and Writings belonging to any Caſe brought before them, and to examine upon Oath, and to hear and determine all ſuch Appeals, Matters in Difference, and thereupon to confirm or reverſe all Judgments and Sentences given by the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors or others as aforeſaid, againſt any Perſon and by Warrant under their, or the major part of their Hands, to diſcharge, releaſe and ſet at Liberty, any Perſon committed to Priſon, or any Houſe of Correction by the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners or Officers, and further from time to time to mitigate and abate all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, ſet, impoſed and adjudged by them or any of them, by vertue of this preſent Act, as to them ſhall ſeem meet, and as ſhall be according to Equity and good Conſcience.

In mitigating Fines, Care is to be had that the Informer may be encouraged.

72 Provided always, that in the mitigating ſuch Forfeiture, Fine or Penalty, care be had that the Informer or Proſecutor may be duly encouraged for his Care, Pains and Diſcovery, according to the Nature and Quality of the Fraud had, uſed and diſcovered.

Commiſſioners of Exciſe may give Inſtructions to Officers, and puniſh ſuch as are remiſs or unfaithful, by Fine of double their Year's Salaries, and diſmiſſing them.

73 That the ſaid Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or the major part of them, ſhall have Power and Authority to frame, make and give ſuch Inſtructions from time to time unto their ſeveral and reſpective Officers employed under them, as ſhall be moſt for the true and orderly putting in Execution of this preſent Act, ſo as the ſame be firſt allowed and approved of by the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor or Governors and Privy-Council of *Ireland*, and ſuch Officer or Officers as ſhall not give due obſervance unto ſuch Inſtructions, or ſhall be wilfully negligent, remiſs, careleſs or unfaithful in the execution of his or their Truſt and Imployment, the ſaid Commiſſioners or the major part of them, ſhall puniſh all and every ſuch Officers by Fine, not exceeding double the value of his or their yearly Salary or Wages, and to forfeit his Office or Employment, the Fine to be levied by Diſtreſs, or in default thereof ſuch Officer or Officers to be proceeded againſt as aforeſaid.

Commiſſioners of Exciſe, &c. impowered to adminiſter Oaths required by this Act, except ſuch as are otherwiſe appointed to be adminiſtred.

74 That the ſaid laſt before-mentioned Commiſſioners, or any one of them, their Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors and all others authorized thereunto by Commiſſion under their Hands and Seals, or under the Hands and Seals of the major part of them reſpectively, ſhall and have hereby power to adminiſter all ſuch Oath or Oaths as in all and every caſe in this preſent Act is required and appointed to be made and given, other than ſuch as are appointed otherwiſe to be adminiſtred.

Juſtices of Aſſize, &c. and Juſtices of the Peace at the Quarter Seſſions, have power to puniſh wilful Perjury, or Subornation, in Matters brought before the Commiſſioners, &c. in manner as is ordained by 28 *Eliz. Cap.* 1.

And if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall from and after the ſaid five and twentieth 75
Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, unlawfully or corruptly procure any Witneſs or Witneſſes, by Reward, Promiſe, or any ſiniſter and unlawful means whatſoever, to commit any wilful or corrupt Perjury in any Matter, Cauſe or Thing, which by vertue of this preſent Act ſhall depend or come before the ſaid Commiſſioners for Appeals or of Exciſe, their Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors, by Complaint or Information, or if any Perſon or Perſons either by Subornation, unlawful Procurement, ſiniſter Perſwaſion or Means of any others, or by their own Act, Conſent or Agreement, from and after the ſaid five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, wilfully or corruptly commit any manner of wilful Perjury by his or their Depoſitions before the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners, or their Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors, or any of them in any Matter before-mentioned, every ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall for his or their ſaid Offence, being thereof lawfully indicted and convict, loſe and forfeit ſuch Sum and Sums of Money, and further ſhall be proceeded againſt, ſet and put in the Pillory, as in and by one Statute made in this Realm in the eight and twentieth Year of the Reign of the late Queen *Elizabeth*, is enacted and ordained, and the Juſtices of Aſſize and Goal Delivery, in the ſeveral Circuits, and the Juſtices of Peace in every County within this Realm, at their Quarter-Seſſions, both within Liberties and without, ſhall have full Power and Authority by vertue thereof, to inquire of all and every the Defaults and Offences laſt before-mentioned, by Inquiſition, Preſentment, Bill or Information before them exhibited, or otherwiſe, lawfully to hear and determine the ſame, and thereupon to give Judgment, award Proceſs and Execution of the ſame, according as in and by the ſaid Statute is directed and ordained.

Goods diſtrained, and not redeemed in ſix Days, or Goods ſeized, and not claimed or cleared in 21 Days, to be appraiſed and ſold by the Candle.

That if any Goods diſtrained in purſuance of this preſent Act ſhall not be re- 76
deemed within ſix Days, except before excepted, or if any Goods ſeized, ſhall not be claimed or cleared within one and twenty Days after, as aforeſaid, the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-commiſſioners and Collectors reſpectively appointing a general Day of Sale, and giving publick Notice thereof, ſhall cauſe the ſaid Goods to be appraiſed by two ſworn Officers or others, and afterwards ſell and diſpoſe of the ſame by the Candle unto ſuch Perſon as ſhall bid or give moſt for the ſame, and all Sales ſo made of any Goods ſeized or diſtrained, ſhall be good in Law to all Perſon and Perſons buying the ſame.

One Moiety of all Seizures, Fines, &c. to be to the Uſe of the King, and the other to the Informer, all neceſſary Charges being firſt deducted.

That all Seizures, Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties mentioned in this Act, all 77
neceſſary Charges for Recovery thereof being firſt deducted, the ſame to be rated and allowed of by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors reſpectively, the Moiety or one half part of the Remainder of ſuch Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety or one half part to him or them that ſhall ſeize or diſcover, or give Information of, and prove any Breach of any Clauſe or Article of this preſent Act.

Acceſſaries diſcovering Offences avoid the Penalties, and are to have half the Fines, &c. incurred by others.

Provided always, and be it declared, that in caſe any Perſon or Perſons ſub- 78
ject to any Fine or Penalty, or Forfeiture, who is not a Principal, but an Abettor or Acceſſary to any Offence or Breach of this preſent Act, ſhall diſcover, declare or make known any ſuch Offence or Breach of this preſent Act unto the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-commiſſioners or Collectors, every ſuch Perſon ſhall not only be acquitted and diſcharged of and from any Penalty in relation

relation to himſelf, but ſhall have and receive the one Moiety of the Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties incurred by any others, whoſe Offence or Breach of this preſent Act he ſhall ſo declare and make known, any thing in this preſent Act before to the contrary notwithſtanding.

79 That for the better and more effectual and vigorous Execution of this Act, all Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Portriffs, Sovereigns, Conſtables, and all others his Majeſty's Officers in the ſeveral Counties, Baronies, Liberties, Franchiſes and Juriſdictions of this his Majeſty's Realm of *Ireland*, be and are hereby required to be from time to time and at all times aiding and aſſiſting unto the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, their Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors, and all other Officers and Perſons imployed by or under them, in the due Execution of this Act, and puniſhing all Offenders according to Law, and doing all other things, as in and by this preſent Act is required to be done by all, every or any of them.

Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, &c. to aſſiſt in the due Execution of this Act.

80 And his Majeſty is graciouſly pleaſed that it be enacted, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, that for the Space of Seven Years next enſuing, there be no Leaſe made by his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, to any Perſon or Perſons, or any Authority given as Agent or Agents, or otherwiſe, for granting Licences for any of the Premiſſes, otherwiſe than as by this preſent Act is appointed, nor after the ſaid ſeven Years, without ſpecial Advice in that behalf of the chief Governor or Governors, and ſix or more of the Council of this Kingdom, and even that not to be without then reſerving thereout yearly to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the higheſt Rent yearly thereout, that in any one Year of the now next ſucceeding ſeven Years, the ſame ſhall yield to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors; and if any ſuch Leaſe as aforeſaid ſhall be made of any the Premiſſes contrary to this Act, the ſame is hereby declared to be void.

No Leaſe to be made, nor Authority to be given for granting Licences for any of the Premiſſes, for 7 Years next enſuing, nor after the ſaid 7 Years without Advice of the Chief Governor and Council, and reſerving the full Rent to the King.

81 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſeveral Rates and Duties of Exciſe in and by this preſent Act rated, impoſed and ſet, to be had, received, levied and demanded within your Majeſty's Realm of *Ireland*, ſhall be had, received and demanded for the Uſe of your moſt excellent Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors for ever, and all Powers and Authorities therein given and granted, ſhall be exerciſed, continued and put in Execution from the ſaid five and twentieth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, and thenceforward for ever.

Duties of Exciſe granted for ever.

82 And laſtly, be it declared and enacted by Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties of Exciſe, and all Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures, or other Sum or Sums of Money, rated, impoſed, ſet or forfeited in and by this preſent Act, are meant and intended to be currant and lawful Money or Monies of *England*, and that all and every of the ſame be therefore demanded, received, paid and ſatisfied accordingly.

To be paid in lawful Money of *England*.

Excise

A

BOOK of RATES,

AND

Value of Goods and Merchandiſe imported, according to which Exciſe is to be paid by the firſt Buyer or Importer reſpectively.

A.

	l.	*s.*	*d.*
ALLUM the Tun	15	0	0
Aneil of Barbary the pound	0	1	8
Annotto the pound	0	1	6
Argal white and red, or powder the hundred weight containing one hundred and twelve pounds	1	2	0
Aggats ſmall the hundred dozen	0	13	4
Aggats large the piece	0	0	6
Amber the pound	0	1	8
Aſhes called Pot-aſhes the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
Aſhes called Wood or Soap-aſhes the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0

B.

Babies heads of earth the dozen	0	9	0
Balks — Great the hundred containing 120	20	0	0
Balks — Middle the hundred, containing 120	6	0	0
Balks — Small the hundred, containing 120	4	0	0
Gold ballances the groce, containing twelve dozen pair	4	0	0
Ballances called — Ounce ballances the groce, containing twelve dozen pair	2	0	0
Ballances called — The ſort containing four dozen	2	13	4
Balls called — Tennis Balls the thouſand	1	10	0
Balls called — Waſhing Balls the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	10	0
Band ſtrings the dozen knots	3	0	0
Barlings the hundred, containing 120 pounds	12	0	0
Barilia, or Saphora to make Glaſs, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0

Baſket

	l.	s.	d.
Baſket Rods the Bundle	0	8	0
Baſkets called Hand-baſkets or ſports the dozen	0	4	0
Battery Baſherons, or Kettles the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	6	0	0
Beads of Amber the pound	1	0	0
Beads of Bone the groce, containing twelve ſmall groce	1	10	0
Beads of Box the great groce	1	10	0
Beads of Corral the pound	1	10	0
Beads of Chriſtal the thouſand	3	0	0
Beads of Glaſs and Wood of all ſorts, the great groce	0	10	0
Beads of Glaſs the pound	0	2	0
Beads of The ſmall groce containing twelve dicker	0	4	0
Beads of Jaſper ſquare, the hundred ſtones	2	0	0
Beer and Ale imported, the Barrel	0	5	0
Bells called Hawks Bells French making the dozen	0	12	0
Bells called Dogs Bells the great groce	0	8	0
Blacking or Lampblack the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pound	4	0	0
Boards called Clap-boards, the hundred, containing one hundred and twenty Boards	5	0	0
Bome Spars the hundred, containing one hundred and twenty	3	0	0
Bottles of Earth covered with wicker the dozen	0	1	6
Bottles of Glaſs covered with wicker the dozen	0	3	0
Bottles of Glaſs uncovered the dozen	0	3	0
Bottles of Glaſs with wires covered with Leather the dozen	0	3	0
Bowling ſtones the buſhel	0	10	0
Boxes, namely, Neſt Boxes the groce, containing twelve dozen neſt	2	0	0
Boxes Money boxes the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	3	6
Boxes Drawing boxes the dozen	0	4	0
Boxes Round boxes or French boxes for marmelede or gelley the dozen	0	2	6
Boxes Tobacco boxes the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	12	0
Bracelets or Necklaces of glaſs, the ſmall groce, containing twelve bundles or dickers	0	4	0
Braſs or Lever Cocks the pound	0	1	2
Brickſtones, the thouſand Brickſtones	0	13	4
Brick-ſtones, Flanders Tyles to ſcour with the thouſand	1	0	0
Brick-ſtones, Gally Tyles the foot	0	0	6
Brick-ſtones, Paving Tyles the thouſand	5	0	0
Brick-ſtone the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pound	0	15	0
Briſtles Dreſt the pound	0	1	0
Briſtles Undreſt the pound	0	0	6
Buckrams of Eaſt Country the piece	0	5	0
Buckrams of Roan the dozen	3	0	0
Buckrams of Caen the dozen	2	10	0
Buckrams of Hamborough black the piece	0	10	0

		l.	s.	d.
Bug'e.	Of Glaſs the pound	0	2	6
	Great the pound	0	4	0
	Small or ſeed bugle the pound	0	6	8
	Lace the pound	0	8	0
Buttons of	Braſs, Steel, Copper or Lattin, the great groce, containing twelve ſmall groce, every groce twelve dozen	1	6	8
	Chriſtal the dozen	0	4	0
	Glaſs the great groce, containing twelve ſmall groce	0	13	4
	Thread the great groce, containing twelve ſmall groce	0	10	0
	Silk the great groce containing twelve ſmall groce	3	0	0
	Bugle the dozen	0	0	8
	Hair the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	4	0
	Handkerchiefs the groce, containing twelve dozen	1	0	0
Bullruſhes the load		1	0	0
Burs for Mill-ſtones the hundred, containing five ſcore		2	0	0

C.

Cables tarred or untarred to be free	0	0	0
Candle week the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	4	0	0
Canes the hundred	0	10	0
Canes the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	5	0
Cantſpars the ſparr	0	5	0
Capers the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	2	10	0
Cap-hooks, or Hooks ends the groce, containing twelve dozen pair	0	12	0
Cards called Playing Cards the groce, containing twelve dozen pair	2	0	0
Carpets called Brunſwicks and Gentiſh Carpets ſtript and unſtript the piece	0	8	0
Carpets called Carpets of Turkey for Cheſts the piece	1	0	0
Carpets called Carpets of Turkey or Venice ſhort, the piece	1	15	0
Carpets called Carpets of Turkey or Venice long, the piece containing four yards and upwards	6	0	0
Carpets called Carpets of Perſia ſhort, the piece	2	10	0
Carpets called Carpets of Perſia long, the piece	6	0	0
Chaſin Diſhes of Braſs or Lattin, the pound weight	0	1	2
Cheſts of Iron ſmall or middle ſort the piece	4	0	0
Cheſts of Iron large the piece	8	0	0
Cheſts of Cypreſs Wood the Cheſt	5	0	0
Coaches for Children the dozen	0	3	0
Compaſſes of Braſs and Iron the dozen	3	0	0
Copper the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	4	0	0
Copperas green the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	0	10	0
Copperas the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	6	8
Cork the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0
Counters of Braſs the pound	0	2	0

Deals

D.

		l.	s.	d.
Deals called	Norway Deals the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	4	0	0
	Burgindrope Deals the 100, containing ſix ſcore	10	0	0
	Spruce Deals the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	12	0	0
Dialls of	Wood the dozen	0	0	6
	Bone the dozen	0	5	0
Dimity the yard		0	0	6
Diſhes of China	Great and ſmall under a Quart the dozen	1	0	0
	Of a quart and upwards	3	0	0
Drapery called	Old Drapery the yard coming from England	0	0	0
	Coming from any other parts, the yard	8	10	0
	New Drapery, to wit, Kerſies, Serges, and all other Stuffs of Wool or mixed with Wool coming from England, the yard	0	0	0
	From any other parts	2	5	0
Drugs called	Acacia the pound	0	4	0
	Acorus the pound	0	1	0
	Adiantum Album the pound	0	0	8
	Adiantum Nigrum the pound	0	0	6
	Agaricus or Agarick the pound trimed or pared	0	10	0
	Agaricus rough or untrimed the pound	0	2	6
	Agnus caſtus ſeeds the pound	0	1	0
	Alcanet Roots the pound	0	0	9
	Alkermes Syrup the pound	0	3	4
	Alkermes Confectio the pound	2	0	0
	Aloes ſuccotrina the pound	0	2	6
	Aloes epatica the pound	0	1	6
	Allom Romiſh or Roach the hundred containing one hundred and twelve pounds	1	6	8
	Amber greece black or gray the ounce Troy	3	0	0
	Ameous ſeeds the pound	0	0	6
	Amomy ſeeds the pound	0	0	6
	Anacardium the pound	0	3	0
	Angelica the pound	0	0	10
	Antimonium preparatum or Stibium the pound	0	1	0
	Antimonium crudum the pound	0	0	2
	Argentum ſublime or Lymum the pound, or Quickſilver	0	3	0
	Ariſtolochia longa, or Rotunda the pound	0	0	8
	Arſenick white or yellow, or Roſealger the pound	0	0	4
	Aſarum roots the pound	0	0	10
	Aſpalathus the pound	0	1	4
	Aſſafœtida the pound	0	1	2
	Almonds bitter the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pound	1	7	4
	Alumen plume the pound	0	0	8
	Balauſtium the pound	0	2	6
	Balſamum the pound artificial	0	3	4

Drugs called

	l.	s.	d.
Balſamum the pound natural	2	0	0
Bayberries the hundred and twelve pounds	0	13	4
Barly hull'd, or french barly the hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0
Bdellium the pound	0	2	0
Behalbum or Rubrum the pound	0	1	0
Benjamin of all ſorts the pound	0	2	6
Bezar ſtone of Weſt-Indies the ounce Troy	0	4	0
Bezar ſtone of the Eaſt-Indies the ounce Troy	1	15	0
Black lead the hundred and twelve pounds	1	10	0
Blatta Byzantia the pound	0	2	0
Bolus communis or armoniacus the hundred weight containing one hundred and twelve pounds	0	5	0
Bolus verus the pound, or fine bole	0	1	4
Borax in Paſte or unrefined, commonly called Tinkul the pound	0	1	0
Borax refined the pound	0	2	8
Bumkins, holy wortles, or Piſtolochia the pound	0	0	8
Cacao nuts the pound	0	0	9
Calamus the pound	0	0	3
Camphire the pound refined	0	6	8
Camphire unrefined the pound	0	3	4
Cancri oculus the pound	0	3	4
Cantharides the pound	0	4	0
Caraway ſeeds the 112 pounds	0	6	8
Cardomomes the pound	0	2	6
Carpo balſami the pound	0	2	6
Caraby or Succinum the pound	0	1	4
Carthamus ſeeds the pound	0	0	4
Caſſia Fiſtula the pound of all ſorts	0	0	6
Caſſia Lignea the pound	0	1	0
Caſtoreum, or Beaver cods the pound	1	0	0
Ceruſſa the hundred and twelve pounds	1	10	0
China roots the pound	0	3	0
Ciceres white and red the pound	0	0	4
Cyprus longus and rotundus the pound	0	0	4
Cyprus nuts the pound	0	0	4
Civet the ounce Troy	2	0	0
Coculus Indiæ the pound	0	0	8
Coloquintida the pound	0	1	6
Corral white or red in fragments for Phyſical uſe the pound	0	1	4
Corral whole the pound	0	10	0
Corſu berries the pound	0	2	6
Corriander ſeeds the hundred and twelve pounds	0	12	0
Cortex guiaci the pound	0	0	5
Cortex capparum the pound	0	1	0
Cortex tamariſci the pound	0	0	6
Cortex mandragoræ the pound	0	1	0
Coſtus dulcis & amara the pound	0	1	4
Cubebs the pound	0	0	8

Cummin

Drugs called

	l.	s.	d.
Cummin ſeeds the 112 pounds	1	13	4
Cyclamen roots the pound	0	1	4
Citrago the pound	0	0	6
Cetrach the pound	0	0	8
Cinnabrum, or Vermilion the pound	0	3	4
Coperas — White the pound	0	0	5
Coperas — Blew of Dantzick or Hungary the pound	0	0	2
Cambogium, or Gutta Gambæ the pound	0	1	4
Chriſtal broken in pieces for Phyſick uſes the pound	0	3	4
Carlina the pound	0	0	8
Carolina the pound	0	0	4
Cortex winteranus the pound	0	1	4
Cuſcata the pound	0	0	6
Daucus creticus the pound	0	2	4
Diagredium or Scamony the pound	0	12	0
Diptany — Leaves the pound	0	4	0
Diptany — Roots the pound	0	1	4
Doronicum the pound	0	1	8
Eleborus albus and niger the pound	0	0	6
Epithemum the pound	0	1	8
Es uſtum the pound	0	1	8
Euphorbium the pound	0	0	4
Fennel ſeeds the pound	0	0	8
Fenugreek the hundred and twelve pounds	1	10	0
Florey the pound	0	2	0
Folium Indiæ the pound	0	3	4
Fox lungs the pound	0	1	4
Frankincenſe of France or Parroſin the 112 pounds	0	12	0
Galbanum the pound	0	2	0
Galganga the pound	0	1	4
General the pound	0	1	0
Gentiana the pound	0	0	4
Ginney pepper the pound	0	0	8
Grana Pinæ the pound	0	0	8
Green Ginger the pound	0	10	0
Gum animi the pound	0	2	0
Gum armoniack the pound	0	1	0
Gum carrana the pound	0	10	0
Gum tragagant the pound	0	0	9
Gum elemni the pound	0	2	6
Gum hederæ the pound	0	2	0
Gum lack the pound	0	1	0
Gum opopanax the pound	0	3	0
Gum ſaracol the pound	0	1	4
Gum ſerapinum, or ſegapinum the pound	0	1	6
Gum taccamahacca the pound	0	10	0
Gum tinctorum the pound	0	1	0
Grains of Guinny or French Grains the 112 pounds	1	4	0

		l.	s.	d.
Drugs called	Gum Arabick, or Gum ſeneca the 112 pounds	0	15	0
	Gumſandrack, or Gum Juniper the 112 pounds	1	10	0
	Gum guaiaci the pound	0	3	4
	Gum caramen the pound	0	2	0
	Hermodactilus the pound	0	1	2
	Hipociſtis the pound.	0	1	8
	Horns of Harts or Stags the hundred weight	2	10	0
	Incenſe or olibanum the 112 pounds	3	12	0
	Ireos the hundred and twelve pounds	3	0	0
	Iſinglaſs the hundred pound	10	0	0
	Jujubes the pound	0	0	6
	Jolop the pound	0	4	0
	Juniper berries the pound	0	13	4
	Labdanum or Labdonum the pound	0	1	4
	Lapis calaminaris the pound	0	0	2
	Lapis Hematitis the pound	0	2	0
	Lapis judaicus the pound	0	1	0
	Lapis tutiæ the pound	0	1	0
	Lapis lazuli the pound	0	6	8
	Leaves of Roſes, of Violets or Flowers the pound	0	0	10
	Lyntiſcus, or Xylobalſamum the pound	0	0	8
	Lignum Aloes the pound	0	10	0
	Lignum aſphaltum the pound	0	1	0
	Lignum Rhodium the 112 pounds	0	6	8
	Lignum vitæ the 112 pounds	0	10	0
	Litharge of Gold the 112 pounds	1	5	0
	Litharge of Silver the 112 pounds	1	0	0
	Locuſts the pound	0	0	8
	Lupins the 112 pounds	0	12	0
	Lintils the 112 pounds	1	17	4
	Lapis contrayerva the ounce	0	3	4
	Lignum nephriticum the pound	0	1	4
	Madder roots or rubia tinctorum the pound	0	1	0
	Manna the pound	0	3	0
	Marmalade the pound	0	1	0
	Maſtick white the pound	0	2	8
	Maſtick red the pound	0	1	0
	Mechoacan the pound	0	2	6
	Mercury ſublimate the pound	0	4	0
	Mercury precipitate the pound	0	5	0
	Mithridate venetia the pound	0	6	8
	Millium ſolis the pound	0	1	0
	Mirobolans dry the pound	0	0	6
	Mirobolans condited the pound	0	0	8
	Mirtle berries the pound	0	0	6
	Mummia the pound	0	1	6
	Musk the ounce Troy	1	10	0
	Musk cods the ounce	0	10	0

Drugs called		l.	s.	d.
	Mirrha the pound	0	1	6
	Nigella the pound	0	0	4
	Nitrum the pound	0	1	1
	Nutmegs condited the piece	0	0	3
	Nux de bene the pound	0	0	9
	Nux cupreſſi the pound	0	0	6
	Nux indica the piece	0	1	0
	Nux Vomica the pound	0	0	8
	Nardus celtica, or ſpica romana the pound	0	1	0
	Nux pini, or grana pini the pound	0	0	8
	Olibanum, or incenſe the pound	0	0	11
	Opium the pound	0	6	0
	Oſippium huerredum the pound	0	1	0
	Orcant or Amiet the pound	0	0	6
	Orange Flower — Oyntment the pound	0	2	0
	Orange Flower — Water the Gallon	0	4	0
	Origanum the pound	0	0	6
	Oſſa de corde cervi the pound	0	12	0
	Oyl of Amber the pound	0	12	0
	Oyl of Roſemary the pound	0	3	4
	Oyl de Bay the hundred and twelve pounds	2	16	0
	Oyl of Mace or Nutmegs the pound	0	15	0
	Oyl de Ben the pound	0	5	0
	Oyl of Spike the pound	0	1	6
	Oyl of Almonds the pound	0	1	0
	Oyl of Scorpions the pound	0	2	0
	Oleum petroleum the pound	0	1	6
	Oleum turpentine the pound	0	0	6
	Orabus the pound	0	0	6
	Orpment, auripigmentum the pound	0	0	5
	Panther the pound	2	0	0
	Panis porcinus the pound	0	1	4
	Pearl Seed the Ounce Troy	0	10	0
	Pellitorie the pound	0	0	9
	Pepper long the pound	0	0	8
	Perroſen vide Frankincenſe the hundred weight	0	12	0
	Piony Seeds the pound	0	0	6
	Piony roots the pound	0	1	0
	Piſtachias, or nux piſtachia the pound	0	0	6
	Pix Burgundy the hundred and twelve pounds	0	15	0
	Polium montanum the pound	0	1	0
	Polipodium the pound	0	0	3
	Pomgranate pills the pound	0	0	4
	Poppie ſeeds the pound	0	0	8
	Precipitate the pound	0	5	0
	Pſyllum the pound	0	0	8
	Prunellas or prunes of Brunelia the pound	0	0	6

		l.	s.	d.
Drugs called	Quick-silver the pound	0	3	0
	Rhaponticum the pound	0	2	0
	Radix Esulæ the pound	0	8	0
	Red-Lead the hundred and twelve pounds	0	18	0
	Rhabarbarum or Rubarb the pound	0	16	0
	Rosalger, vide Arsenick the pound	0	0	4
	Rosset the pound	0	0	6
	Radix contrayerva the pound	0	1	0
	Radix scorcionera the pound	0	2	0
	Radix peoniæ the pound	0	0	6
	Sal alkali the pound	0	2	0
	Sal ammoniacum the pound	0	0	9
	Sal gem the pound	0	0	6
	Sal niter the pound	0	1	4
	Sandracha or Gum sandrick the pound	0	0	4
	Sandracha or Gum Juniperi the pound	0	0	4
	Sandiver the hundred and twelve pounds	0	9	0
	Sanguis Draconis the pound	0	1	0
	Sarsaparilla the pound	0	2	0
	Sasafras Wood or Roots the pound	0	0	2
	Sanders white the pound	0	1	6
	Sanders yellow the pound	0	2	0
	Sanders, red alias stock the pound	0	0	9
	Scamony, vide diagredium the pound	0	12	0
	Scincus marinus the piece	0	0	3
	Scordium the pound	0	0	6
	Scorpions the hundred	0	3	0
	Sebestins the pound	0	1	0
	Seeds for Gardens of all sorts the pound	0	0	10
	Seler montanus the pound	0	0	8
	Semen cucumeris cucurb citrul melon the pound	0	0	8
	Sena the pound	0	4	0
	Soldonella the pound	0	0	8
	Sperma cæti fine the pound	1	0	0
	Sperma cæti course Oylie, the 112 pounds	4	0	0
	Spica celtica, vide nardus celtica, or spica Romana the pound	0	1	0
	Sanguis Hirci the pound	0	1	0
	Spicknard the pound	0	4	0
	Spodium the pound	0	1	0
	Spunges the hundred weight	0	5	0
	Squilla the hundred and twelve pounds	0	6	8
	Squinanthum the pound	0	5	4
	Stechados the pound	0	1	4
	Staphisager the pound	0	0	5
	Stibium, vide antimonium præparatum the pound	0	1	0
	Storax calamita the pound	0	4	0
	Storax liquida the pound	0	1	0
	Succus liquiritiæ the pound	0	0	9

Sulphur

		l.	s.	d.
Drugs called	Sulphur vivum the pound	0	0	6
	Tamarindes the pound	0	0	6
	Terra Lemnia the pound	0	1	0
	Terra ſigillata the pound	0	1	2
	Thlaſpii ſemen the pound	0	1	0
	Tornſal the pound	0	0	8
	Trochiſci de vipera the ounce Troy	0	2	6
	Treacle common the pound	0	1	4
	Treacle of Venice the pound	0	6	8
	Turbith the pound	0	2	6
	Turmerick the pound	0	0	6
	Turpentine of Venice, Scio or Cyprus the pound	0	2	0
	Turpentine common the hundred and twelve pounds	0	13	4
	Talke white the pound	0	0	6
	Talke green the pound	0	1	0
	Verdegreece the pound	0	1	8
	Verniſh the hundred and twelve pounds	2	0	0
	Vermilion, Vide Cinabrium the pound	0	3	4
	Vitriolum Romanum the pound	0	3	4
	Umber the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	11	0
	Viſcus quercinus the pound	0	1	0
	White Lead the hundred and twelve pounds	1	6	8
	Worm ſeed the pound	0	3	0
	Zedorea the pound	0	1	4
	Xylobalſamum, vide Lyntiſcus the pound	0	1	0

E

Elephants teeth the hundred containing five ſcore		8	0	0
Emery ſtones the hundred weight containing 112 pounds		0	4	0
Ebony Wood the Tun		50	0	0

F

Fans	For Corn the piece	0	3	0
	For Women and Children French making the dozen	2	0	0
Feathers	Of Ruſſia the hundred weight	1	15	0
	Of France, for Beds the hundred weight	4	0	0
	Of Oſtridges: Black the pound	0	3	6
	Of Oſtridges: White the pound	0	10	0
Fiddles for Children the groce		0	18	0
Files the groce containing twelve dozen		0	8	0
Flax	Spruce Muſcovia, and all Flax undreſt foreign, the hundred weight containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
	Dreſt or wrought Flax ditto 112 pounds	7	0	0
Flower roots the hundred, containing five ſcore		0	5	0
Furs called	Ermins the Timber containing forty Skins	1	10	0
	Badgers Skins the piece	0	2	0

Bears

Furs called			l.	s.	d.
	Bears Skins	Black the piece	1	0	0
		White or Red the piece	0	6	8
	Beavers Skins	Whole the piece	0	10	0
		Wombs the piece	0	5	0
	Budge	White tawed the hundred, being five ſcore Skins	2	0	0
		White untawed the hundred, containing five ſcore Skins	3	10	0
		Black tawed the dozen Skins	1	6	8
		Black untawed the hundred, containing five ſcore Skins	2	0	0
		Poults the Fur, containing four pair	1	0	0
		Navern the hundred legs, containing five ſcore	2	0	0
		Rumney the hundred legs, containing five ſcore	5	0	0
	Calaber	Shubs of Calaber, the piece or ſhub	2	0	0
		Untawed the Timber, containing forty Skins	0	6	8
		Tawed the Timber, containing forty Skins	0	8	0
		Seaſoned the pain	1	0	0
		Stag the pain	0	12	6
		Black Skins the hundred containing five ſcore	5	0	0
	Cats	Poults the hundred containing five ſcore	1	0	0
		Poults the Mantle	0	6	3
		Wombs the Pain or Mantle	0	6	3
	Dockerers the Timber, containing forty Skins		0	13	4
	Fitches	The Timber containing forty ſkins	1	0	0
		The Pain or Mantle	0	12	6
	Foxes	The Black Fox ſkin	10	0	0
		The ordinary ſkin	0	2	0
		The Pain or Mantle	0	15	0
		Womb poults or pieces the pain	0	10	0
	Foynes	Black the dozen	1	5	0
		Tails the Pain or Mantle	0	12	6
		With Tails the piece	0	3	6
		Without Tails the piece	0	4	0
		Raw the piece	0	1	0
		Poults the hundred containing five ſcore	1	6	8
		Wombs ſeaſoned the Pain or Mantle	1	6	8
		Wombs Stag the Pain or Mantle	0	15	0
	Grays	Untawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	8	4
		Tawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	12	6
	Jennets	Black raw the ſkin	0	12	6
		Black ſeaſoned the ſkin	0	16	8
		Gray raw the ſkin	0	3	0
		Gray ſeaſoned the ſkin	0	4	0
	Letwis	Tawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	8	4
		Untawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	6	0
	Leopards	Skins the piece	1	5	0
		Wombs the pain	5	0	0
	Lewxerns ſkins the piece		2	10	0
	Matrons	The Timber containing forty ſkins	10	0	0
		The Pain or Mantle	9	0	0

Matrons

		l.	s.	d.
Furs called	Matrons: Pouts the Pain or Mantle	0	10	0
	Matrons: Gills the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	12	0
	Matrons: Tails the 100, containing five ſcore	2	0	0
	Miniver the Mantle	0	13	4
	Minks: Untawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	3	0	0
	Minks: Tawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	4	0	0
	Mould ſkins the dozen	0	0	6
	Otter ſkins the piece	0	5	0
	Ounces ſkins the piece	0	12	6
	Sables of all Sorts the Timber containing forty ſkins	30	0	0
	Weaſel ſkins the dozen	0	0	4
	Wolf ſkins: Tawed the piece	1	10	0
	Wolf ſkins: Untawed the piece	1	3	0
	Wolverings the piece	0	15	0
Fuſtians called	Amſterdam, Holland or Dutch Fuſtian the piece containing two half pieces of fifteen yards the half piece	5	0	0
	Barmilions the piece, containing two half pieces	5	0	0
	Cullen Fuſtians, the piece containing two half pieces	5	0	0
	Millian Fuſtians, the piece containing two half pieces	5	0	0
	Naples Fuſtians, Tripe or Velure plain the piece containing fifteen yards	5	0	0
	Of Weaſel the piece containing two half pieces	5	0	0
	Fuſtians called Janes, Millions, Barmillions, Engliſh the piece, containing two half pieces	2	0	0

G.

	Galley diſhes the dozen of all ſorts	0	5	0
	Girdles of Cruel, the groce containing twelve dozen	1	6	8
Girdles	Of Leather the groce containing twelve dozen	1	0	0
Girdles	Of Silk the dozen	1	0	0
Girdles	Of Velvet the dozen	2	0	0
Glaſs for Windows called	Burgundy white the cheſt or caſe	3	10	0
Glaſs for Windows called	Burgundy coloured the cheſt	3	0	0
Glaſs for Windows called	Normandy white the caſe	3	0	0
Glaſs for Windows called	Normandy coloured the caſe	3	0	0
Glaſs for Windows called	Rheniſh the way or web contain. 60 bunches	3	0	0
Glaſs for Windows called	Moſcovy Glaſs or ſlude the pound	0	2	0
Drinking Glaſſes called	Venice drinking Glaſſes the dozen	0	4	0
Drinking Glaſſes called	Flanders drinking Glaſſes, the hundred Glaſſes containing five ſcore	2	10	0
Drinking Glaſſes called	French drinking Glaſſes, the hundred containing five ſcore	1	0	0
Drinking Glaſſes called	Engliſh drinking Glaſſes, containing five ſcore to the hundred	1	0	0
	All other Engliſh Glaſſes after half rate per centum			
Glaſſes called	Burning Glaſſes the dozen	0	12	0
Glaſſes called	Balm Glaſſes the groce containing 12 dozen	2	0	0

		l.	s.	d.
Glaſſes called	Vials the hundred, containing five ſcore	0	10	0
	Water Glaſſes the dozen of all ſorts	0	3	0
Looking Glaſſes penny half penny Ware the Groce containing twelve dozen		0	6	8
Looking Glaſſes of	Steel ſmall the dozen	0	5	0
	Steel large the dozen	0	10	0
Hour Glaſſes of Flanders making courſe the groce containing twelve dozen		2	0	0
Hour Glaſſes of Venice making the dozen		2	0	0
Glaſs ſtone plates for Spectacles rough the dozen		0	6	8
Glaſs Pipes	Small the pound	0	2	0
	Great the pound	0	3	0
Globes ſmall the pair		3	0	0
Globes large the pair		6	0	0
Gold foyl, the ſmall groce containing twelve dozen		0	4	0
Gravers and Pincers the pound		0	1	0
Ditto the dozen		0	3	0
Grain or Scarlet powder the pound		0	4	6
Grindle ſtones the Chaulder		1	10	0
Grocery Wares called	Almonds the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	0	0
	Anniſeeds the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0
	Cloves the pound	0	8	0
	Currans the hundred, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0
	Dates the hundred, containing 112 pounds	4	10	0
	Ginger of the Eaſt-Indies or other foreign Plantations the pound	0	1	4
	Ginger of the Engliſh Plantation the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0
	Liquoriſh the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0
	Mace the pound	0	15	0
	Raiſins of all ſorts the hundred containing 112 pounds	2	3	4
	Nutmegs the pound	0	6	0
	Pepper the pound	0	2	0
	Cinnamon the pound	0	3	0
	Figs the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0
	Prunes the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	15	0
Sugar	Of Barbary the hundred weight containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
	Candy brown the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	5	0	0
	Candy white the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	12	0	0
	Whites of the Engliſh Plantation the 112 pounds	5	0	0
	Whites of Liſbon, the hundred and twelve pounds	5	6	8
	Muſcavadoes of the Engliſh Plantation, the hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0
	Muſcavadoes from elſewhere, the 112 pounds	2	0	0
	Powdis of all ſorts, the 112 pounds	0	10	0
	[illegible] Sugar	7	0	0

	l.	s.	d.
H			
Handkerchiefs the dozen	2	0	0
Hauks of all ſorts the Hauk	4	0	0
Hauks hoods the groce containing twelve dozen	1	6	8
Hair called Elks hair for Saddles the pound	0	0	6
Goats hair the pound	0	2	0
Heath for Bruſhes the hundred, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0
Hempſeed to be free			
Hemp called Cullen and Steel Hemp, and all other ſorts of dreſt Hemp the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	5	0	0
Spruce Muſcovia Hemp the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0
Hides called: Buff Hides the Hide	1	10	0
Cow Hides of Barbary and Muſcovia, the Hide in the hair	0	7	0
Cow or Horſe Hides the piece	0	10	0
India Hides the Hide	0	7	0
Loſh Hides the piece	1	0	0
Red or Muſcovia Hides tanned, coloured or uncoloured the Hide	0	6	8
Hoops of Iron for Pipes or Hogſheads the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	3	0	0
Horſes, Mares, Geldings or Nags, to be free			
Horſes of Wood the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	5	0
Honey the Barrel	4	0	0
I			
Jars of China of all ſorts the pair	1	0	0
Incle: Unwrought the pound	0	1	6
Incle: Wrought the dozen pounds	2	0	0
Indico to be free			
Indico duſt to be free			
Iron called: Amys, Spaniſh, Spruce, Swethiſh, and all ſorts the Tun	66	0	0
Iron called: Oar and Cinders the Tun, to be free			
Iron called: Backs for Chimneys, ſmall the piece	1	0	0
Iron called: Backs for Chimneys, large the piece	2	0	0
Iron called: Bands for Kettles the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	5	0	0
Iron called: Juice of Lemons the Pipe	4	0	0
K			
Knives called: Butchers Knives the dicker, containing ten Knives	0	3	0
Knives called: Carving Knives the dozen	1	10	0
Knives called: Collen Knives the groce, containing twelve dozen	10	0	0
Knives called: French Knives the groce, containing twelve dozen	7	4	0

		l.	s.	d.
Knives called	Glovers Knives the bundle, containing six Knives	0	5	0
	Houncides the dozen	3	0	0
	L.			
Lace called	Lace of Gold, or Silver, or Silver and Gold, the pound Troy, or Venice weight	20	0	0
	Silk Bone lace the small pound, containing sixteen ounces of all sorts	40	0	0
	Silk lace of all other sorts the pound, containing sixteen ounces	10	0	0
Latin	Black and shaven the hundred, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	5	0	0
Lead	the Tun, containing twenty hundred pounds	6	0	0
Leather	Hangings gilt the piece	4	0	0
Linseed	the bushel to be free			
Linns	the dozen	0	12	6
Linnen Cloth or	Callicoes fine or course the piece	0	12	0
	Cambricks: The half piece containing six Ells	1	5	0
	Cambricks: The piece containing thirteen Ells	2	10	0
	Cambricks: The Packet	2	0	0
	Canvas called: Dutch Barras and Hessons Canvas, the hundred Ells, containing six score	3	10	0
	Canvas called: French and Normandy Canvas and Line, narrow brown or white the hundred Ells, containing six score	6	10	0
	Canvas called: Noyals Canvas the hundred Ells, containing one hundred and twenty	8	0	0
	Canvas called: White, French or Normandy Canvas broad, the hundred Ells, containing 120	10	0	0
	Canvas called: French Canvas and Line broad for Tabling, being an Ell and half a quarter and upwards the hundred Ells containing 120	15	0	0
	Canvas called: Packing Canvas, Guttings and Spruce Canvas, the hundred Ells containing 120	3	0	0
	Canvas called: Poldavies, Spruce, Elbing or Quinsborow Canvas the bolt containing 28 Ells	0	18	0
	Canvas called: Stript or tufted Canvas with Thread the piece containing 15 yards	1	10	0
	Canvas called: Stript Canvas with copper the piece, containing 15 yards	1	0	0
	Canvas called: Stript or tufted or quilted Canvas with Silk the piece, containing 15 yards	0	18	0
	Canvas called: Vandalose or Vittry Canvas the 100 Ells containing 120	6	0	0
	Canvas called: Working Canvas for cushions, narrow, the 100 Ells containing 120	3	0	0
	Canvas called: Working Canvas broad the 100 Ells, containing 6 score	5	0	0
	Damask: Tabling of Holland making, the yard	0	8	0
	Damask: Towelling and Napkinning of Holland making, the yard	0	3	0
	Damask: Tabling of Silesia making, the yard	0	4	0
	Damask: Towelling and Napkinning of Silesia making, the yard	0	1	4
	Diaper: Tabling of Holland making, the yard	0	5	0
	Diaper: Towelling and Napkinning of Holland making, the yard	0	1	8

Diaper

			l.	s.	d.
Linen called	Diaper	Napkins of Holland making, the dozen	1	10	0
		Of Sileſia making, tabling the yard,	0	2	6
		Towelling and Napkinning of Sileſia making, the yard	0	2	6
	Lawns	The half piece, containing ſix Ells and one half	1	10	0
		The piece containing 13 Ells	3	0	0
		Callicoe Lawns the piece	1	0	0
		French Lawns the piece	1	5	0
		Sileſia Lawns the piece, containing between four and eight yards	0	10	0
	Flanders Linen cloth.	Oudenard, Courtray, Gentiſh, Iſſingham, Iper, Outnal — And all other ſorts of Flanders & French Linen white the Ell	0	3	4
		Iſſingham and Gentiſh brown and all other brown linen the Ell	0	2	6
		Bag Holland of Holland making, the Ell	0	6	8
	Holland Linen	Ætes cloth, Brabant, Emden, Freeſe, Gulick, Overiſſels, Rowſe, Shephards — And all other cloth of Holland the Ell	0	3	4
		Britiſh, the hundred Ells containing 5 ſcore	6	0	0
		Cowſſeld cloth or Plats the Ell	0	1	6
		Drilling and pack Duck the hundred Ells containing ſix ſcore	2	5	0
		Elbing or Dansk Cloth double ploy, the Ell	0	1	0
		Hamborough and Sileſia Cloth broad, the 100 Ells containing 120 white or brown	7	0	0
		Hamborough Cloth narrow, the 100 Ells containing 6 ſcore	5	0	0
		Hinderland, Middlegood, Headlake and Muſcovia Linen narrow the hundred Ells, containing 6 ſcore	2	10	0
		Lockrams the piece broad	10	0	0
		Lockrams the piece narrow	6	0	0
		Minſters the Roll containing fifteen hundred Ells, at five ſcore to the hundred	47	10	0
		Oxenbridges the Roll containing fifteen hundred Ells, at five ſcore to the hundred	60	0	0
		Soultwich the 100 Ells containing 6 ſcore	4	0	0
		Pollonia, Ulſters, Hannovers, Lubeck narrow Sileſia narrow Weſtphalia, narrow Hartford, plain Napkinning, and all other narrow Cloth of High Dutchland and the Eaſt-Country, white or brown, and not otherwiſe rated the 100 Ells, cont. 6 ſcore	5	0	0
		Strasborough or Hamborough Linen the Ell	0	3	0

		l.	s.	d.
Locks called	Budget or Hanging Locks ſmall the groce containing 12 dozen	1	0	0
	Hanging Locks large the groce containing 12 dozen	2	0	0
Luteſtrings called Catlings, the groce containing 12 dozen		0	6	8

M

Madder called	Crop Madder and all other Bale Madder the 100 weight containing 112 pounds	1	0	0
	Fat Madder the 100 weight containing 112 pounds	0	10	0
	Mull Madder the 100 weight containing 112 pounds	0	6	8
Magnus the 100 weight containing 112 pounds		1	0	0
Masks of Velvet the dozen		1	4	0
Maſts	For Ships ſmall the Maſt	1	0	0
	Middle, the Maſt	2	0	0
	Great, the Maſt	5	0	0
Mats of Ruſſia, the Mat		0	1	8
Mats called Dutch, the yard		0	1	8
Melaſſes of Rameals the 100 weight cont. 112 pounds		5	0	0
Moccado ends the dozen pounds		3	0	0
Mittins of Wadmol the dozen pair		0	9	0

N

Napkins French making the dozen		0	12	0
Needles called	Sowing Needles the dozen thouſand	2	0	0
	Pack needles the thouſand	0	10	0
	Sail Needles the thouſand	0	5	0

O

Okeham the 100 weight containing 112 pounds to be free				
Oar, *vid.* Iron Oar to be free				
Oars the 100 containing 6 ſcore		10	0	0
Oyls called	Rape and Linſeed Oyl the Tun	30	0	0
	Sevil Oyl, Majorca Oyl, Minorca Oyl, Apuglia, Provence Oyl and Portugal Oyl the Tun	32	0	0
	Train Oyl of Green-land the Tun	8	0	0
	Train Oyl of Newfound-land, and the like ſort the Tun	6	0	0
Olives the Hogſhead		8	0	0
Onions	The Barrel	0	3	4
	The hundred Bunches	0	16	8
	Seed the 100 weight containing 112 pounds	4	0	0
Orchal the 100 weight containing 112 pounds		1	10	0
Oranges and Lemons free				
Orſedewe the dozen pounds		2	0	0

P

Pans called dripping and frying Pans the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds		3	0	0

Blew

		l.	s.	d.
Paper called	Blew Paper the Ream	0	10	0
	Brown Paper the Bundle	0	3	0
	Cap Paper the Ream	0	7	6
	Morlaix Paper the Ream	0	2	6
	Paper of Caen and Roan ordinary the Ream	0	4	6
	Ordinary Printing Paper and Copy Paper the Ream	0	2	6
	Painted Paper the Ream	1	0	0
	Preſſing Paper the hundred Leaves	1	0	0
	Rochel Paper as large as Demy Paper the Ream	0	9	0
	Royal Paper the Ream	1	0	0
	Demy Paper the Ream	0	12	0
Parchment the dozen containing twelve ſheets		0	10	0
Ditto the Roll containing ſix dozen		3	0	0
Pins Engliſh the dozen thouſand		0	9	0
Pincers and Pliers the dozen		0	4	0
Pintadoes, or Callico cupboard-cloaths the piece		3	0	0
Pipe, Hogſhead or Barrel ſtaves the hundred, containing ſix ſcore		10	0	0
Pipes for Children the groce containing twelve dozen		0	8	0
Pitch great band the laſt containing twelve barrels		6	0	0
Small band the laſt		4	0	0
Plaiſter of Paris the Mount, containing three thouſand weight		1	10	0
Plank the hundred foot containing five ſcore		0	12	6
Planks of Cedar the foot		0	1	0
Latin plates called	Single white the barrel containing three hundred	4	0	0
	Double white the barrel containing three hundred	8	0	0
	Single black the barrel containing three hundred plates	4	0	0
	Double black the barrel containing three hundred plates	8	0	0
Pumice-ſtones the tun		5	0	0
Pomgranats the hundred containing five ſcore		0	5	0
Pots called	Of earth or ſtone covered, the hundred caſt	5	0	0
	Of earth or ſtone uncovered, the hundred caſt, containing a gallon to every caſt, whether in one pot or more	3	0	0
	Gally pots the hundred containing five ſcore	2	0	0
	Melting pots for Goldſmiths the thouſand	1	10	0
	All pots and kettles of Iron the dozen	12	0	0
Pullies of Iron the groce, containing twelve dozen		8	0	0
Pullies of Braſs the dozen		0	4	0

Q.

Quills called Gooſe-quills, the thouſand	0	2	6

R.

Rape of Grape the tun	6	0	0
Rattles for Children the groce, containing twelve dozen	1	0	0
Ribband of ſilk of all ſorts the pound, containing ſixteen Ounces	5	0	0
Rice the hundred weight containing 112 pounds	1	6	8

	l.	s.	d.
Rozen the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	6	8
Ribband of Gold, Silver, or both, the pound, cont. ſixteen ounces	8	0	0

S.

Salfore the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	4	0
Saffron the pound	1	10	0
Salt of all ſorts the buſhel, containing eight gallons	0	5	0
Salt-petre the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
Scales for Scabbards the bundle	0	1	0
Scamotty the yard	0	1	0
Scamotty the piece, containing thirteen yards	0	13	0
Sciſſers the groce, containing twelve dozen	3	0	0
Sea Holly Roots the pound	0	1	0
Sheets old the pair	0	6	0
Shirts old the piece	0	1	6
Syder and Perry the tun	4	0	0
Silk called: Bologna, Naples and Organſive Silk the ſmall pound containing ſixteen ounces	1	8	0
Silk called: Baſſan, Vicentia, Orſoy and Meſſina Thrown Silk the ſmall pound	1	4	0
Silk called: Capiton Silk double the ſmall pound	0	9	0
Silk called: Ferret and Floret Silk the ſmall pound	0	16	0
Silk called: Naples Thrown Silk the ſmall pound	1	2	6
Silk called: Raw Legee Silk the great pound, containing 24 ounces	0	18	0
Silk called: Raw Ardas Silk the great pound	0	14	0
Silk called: Raw Belledine, Bias and Meſſina Silk, the great pound	1	0	0
Silk called: Raw Bengala Silk the great pound	0	15	0
Silk called: Raw Morea Silk the great pound	0	9	0
Silk called: Raw China Silk the great pound of all ſorts	0	18	0
Silk called: Raw Capiton Silk the great pound	0	10	0
Silk called: Thrown Silk died the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	2	10	0
Silk called: All Silks wrought of the Fabrick or Manufacture of the Eaſt Indies, Italy, or any other part or place whatſoever, the pound weight containing ſixteen ounces	5	0	0
Skins called: Buck Skins, In the Hair the Skin	0	2	6
Skins called: Buck Skins, Dreſt the Skin	0	5	0
Skins called: Calf Skins, Raw the dozen	0	6	8
Skins called: Calf Skins, Tanned the dozen	0	15	0
Skins called: Dog Fiſh Skins or Fletchers, the Skin	0	0	6
Skins called: Elks Skins, the Skin	1	10	0
Skins called: Fox Skins dreſt, the dozen	1	5	0
Skins called: Gold Skins, the Skin	0	0	6
Skins called: Goat Skins, Of Barbary, or the Eaſt Country, in the Hair the dozen	1	0	0
Skins called: Goat Skins, Tanned the dozen	2	0	0
Skins called: Huſs Skins for Fletchers, the Skin	0	0	6

Kid-

		l.	s.	d.
Skins called	Kid-Skins In the Hair, the hundred containing five ſcore	1	0	0
	Kid-Skins Dreſt the hundred containing five ſcore	2	0	0
	Lamb Skins in the Wool the hundred, containing 120	1	5	0
	Portugal Skins the dozen	2	0	0
	Seal Skins the Skin	0	1	8
	Shamway Skins the dozen	1	10	0
	Sheep Skins blew of France the dozen	2	0	0
	Rabbet and Coney Skins of all ſorts the hundred Skins containing five ſcore	1	10	0
	Squirrel Skins the thouſand	5	0	0
	Spaniſh, Sevil, or Cordovant Skins the dozen	5	0	0
	Spruce Skins tawed the dozen	2	0	0
	Sheep Skins in the Wool the Skin	0	0	9
Slude the pound		0	2	0
Smalt the pound		0	1	0
Snouting alias Snayl, or dreſt Towe the twelve pound		0	5	0
Spars middle, the hundred containing ſix ſcore		1	0	0
Spars ſmall the hundred containing ſix ſcore		1	0	0
Spangles of Copper the thouſand		0	1	0
Spectacles without caſes the groce containing twelve dozen		0	18	0
All ſpirits made of Wine or Cyder, the Gallon		0	6	8
All ſtrong-waters perfectly made, the Gallon		1	0	0
Soap hard or ſoft, the hundred and twelve pound		6	0	0
Starch the hundred and twelve pound		1	10	0
Steel called	Steel wiſp or long, per faggot or per hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
	Gad Steel the half barrel	12	0	0
Stockings of Silk the pair		2	0	0
Stockings of Worſted for Men or Women the pair		0	6	8
Stockings for Children the pair Worſted		0	3	4
Stockings of Woollen for Men or Women the pair		0	3	4
Stockings of Woollen for Children the pair		0	1	8
Stones called	Cane ſtones the tun	0	10	0
	Dog-ſtones the laſt, containing three pair to the laſt, to be free			
	Mill-ſtones the laſt, containing three pair, to be free			
	Mill-ſtones the pair, to be free			
	Quern-ſtones ſmall the laſt	1	10	0
	Quern-ſtones large the laſt	13	10	0
	Slick-ſtones the hundred, containing five ſcore	10	2	0

T

Tallow the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		1	10	0
Tapiſtry	With Hair, the Flemiſh Ell	0	3	0
	With Caddas, the Flemiſh Ell	0	6	0
	With Silk, the Flemiſh Ell	0	10	0
	With Wool, the Flemiſh Ell	0	3	0
Tarras the Barrel		0	6	8

	l.	s.	d.
Tar ſmall band the laſt	2	0	0
Tar great band the laſt, containing 12 barrels	3	6	8
Teazels the thouſand	0	2	0
Thread called: Black and brown Thread the dozen pound	1	0	0
Thread called: Lions or Paris Thread, the Bail containing 100 bolts	3	0	0
Thread called: Outnall Thread the dozen pound	3	0	0
Thread called: Sifters Thread the pound	0	15	0
Thread called: Whited brown the dozen pound	1	13	4
Thrums: Of Linnen or Fuſtian the pound	0	0	6
Thrums: Of Woollen	0	1	0
Ticks called Brizil Ticks, and counterfeit Brizil the Tick, or Turnel Tick	1	10	0
Timber the Load, containing fifty Foot	1	0	0
Tiles called Pantiles the thouſand	5	0	0
Tinglaſs the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	0	0
Tinſhore the groce containing twelve dozen	0	3	0
Towe the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0
Treakle: Flanders Treakle the Barrel	4	0	0
Treakle: Of Jean the pound	0	1	4
Trees of all ſorts free			
Trumpets for Children, the groce	0	8	0
Twine of Hamborough the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	2	10	0
Twiſt for Bandſtrings, the dozen knots	0	10	0
Tobacco of Engliſh Plantation, the pound	0	1	8
Spaniſh Tobacco of all other Plantations, the pound	0	10	0

V

Verditer the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	6	8
Verders of Tapiſtry, containing eight or ten Ells with Hair, the Flemiſh Ell	0	2	0
Vinegar the tun	10	0	0

W

Wadmoll the yard	0	0	9
Wainſcots the piece	0	10	0
Wax the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	5	10	0
Wax called hard Wax, the pound	0	2	4
Waters diſtilled, vide Strong-waters.			
Whale-bone the hundred weight	0	10	0
Whet-ſtones, the hundred ſtones, containing five ſcore	0	16	8
Woad the hundred, containing 112 pounds	0	18	0
Whale-bone the Tun	50	0	0
All Wines of the Growth of Spain, or Dominions thereof, the Tun	200	0	0
All French, Rheniſh, and other Wines whatſoever, the Tun	140	0	0

		l.	s.	d.
Wood called	Box-wood the tun	12	0	0
	Brazeil or Fernambuck-wood the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0
	Braziletto, or Jamaica wood the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	0	14	0
	Logwood the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	10	0
	Speckled wood the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0
	Touch-wood the pound	0	2	0
	Fuſtick the hundred, containing 112 pounds	0	6	0
All ſorts of Wool to be imported Duty free				
Wire called	Iron Wire the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	2	10	0
	Lattin Wire the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	5	0	0
	Virginal and Cittern Wire the pounds	4	0	0
Wine called Brandy Wine, the tun		20	0	0

Y.

Cable yarn the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	0	13	4
Cammel or Mohair yarn the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	0	2	6
Cotton yarn the pound	0	2	0
Grogram yarn the ſmall pound, containing ſixteen ounces	0	3	0
Cotton yarn of Turkey the pound	0	1	8
Spruce or Muſcovia yarn the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	1	13	4

CAP. IX.

An Act for ſettling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tunnage, and other Sums of Money unto his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors: the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into or out of the Kingdom of Ireland, *according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed.*

Reaſons for this Act.

FOraſmuch as by the Laws of this Realm, our Sovereign Lord the King and his Heirs are to have, receive and levy one Subſidy of Poundage, (that is to ſay) of all and every twenty Shillings worth of all Manner of Merchandizes and Wares brought into this Realm of *Ireland*, by any Perſon or Perſons to be ſold within the ſaid Realm, twelve Pence of lawful Money of *England*, and likewiſe to have, levy and receive for every twenty Shillings worth of Merchandizes and Wares, after the price that they be bought within this Realm, and to be carried out of the ſame to be ſold by any manner of Perſon or Perſons beyond the Seas, twelve Pence (Wine and Oyl only excepted.) And foraſmuch as the Prices of all ſuch Merchandizes and Wares brought in, and ſold, and bought, and carried out, are uncertain and the Duties therefore or Subſidy of Poundage of the ſame not poſſibly to be had, received and levied in ſo ſingular a Way as the Nature of ſuch an Affair doth require, unleſs ſome certain and ſet Rates be conceived by which the ſaid Duties and Subſidy may be paid.

We the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, with the Commons of your Majeſties 2
Realm of *Ireland*, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, upon due and mature Conſideration had of the preſent State and Condition of the Trade of this your Realm, and of the Nature, Quality and ſeveral Uſes of the Goods and Merchandizes imported and exported, and of the moſt orderly and regular Manner of levying the ſaid Subſidy, upon the Goods and Merchandizes aforeſaid, do therefore moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by your moſt excellent Majeſty, by the Advice of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that

The Rates mentioned in the annex'd Book of Rates, to be the Rates according to which all Goods imported or exported ſhall pay 12 *d. Engliſh* Money for every 20 *s.* Value.

the Rates mentioned and expreſſed in one Book of Rates hereunto annexed, intituled, *The Rates of Merchandizes*, (that is to ſay) *The Subſidy of Poundage, and the Subſidy of Tunnage, as they are rated and agreed on by the Parliament of* Ireland, *ſet down and expreſſed in this Book, to be paid according to the Tenor of the Act of Poundage and Tunnage, to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors for ever*; ſhall be the Rates according to which, all Goods and Merchandizes of every Merchant natural born Subject, Denizens and Aliens, to be brought into all or any Part of this Realm, or carried out of the ſame, of the Value of every twenty Shillings of the ſame Goods and Merchandizes according to the ſeveral and particular Rates and Values of the ſame Goods and Merchandizes, as they are particularly and reſpectively rated and valued in the forementioned Book ſhall pay twelve pence *Engliſh* Money; and that the ſaid Book of Rates together with certain Rules, Orders and Directions thereunto annexed, intituled, *Certain Rules, Orders, Directions and Allowances for the Advancement of Trade, and the Encouragement of Merchants, as alſo for the regulating as well of the Merchants in making of due Entries, and juſt Payments of their Cuſtoms,*

The ſaid Book of Rates, and the Rules, &c. thereunto annex'd made Law.

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as of the Officers in all Ports of this Realm, in the Receipts of their ſeveral Fees, and in the faithful Management of their Duties and Truſts: And every Article, Clauſe, Sentence and Rule in the before-mentioned Book of Rates, and certain Rules, Orders and Directions aforeſaid, ſhall from and after the firſt Day of *December*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty-one, be and remain as effectual to all Intents and Purpoſes as aforeſaid, as if the ſame had been particularly included in the Body of this preſent Act. And for the better guarding and defending of the Seas againſt all Perſons intending, or that may intend the Diſturbance of the Intercourſe of the Trade of this your Majeſty's Realm, and for the better defraying the neceſſary Expences thereof, which otherwiſe cannot be effected without great Charge. And for Increaſe and Augmentation of your Majeſty's Revenue. Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, ſhall have, levy and receive for ever, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *December*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and one, one Subſidy more of Poundage, (that is to ſay) of every twenty Shillings Value of any of the native Commodities of this Realm, or Manufacture wrought of any ſuch Commodities to be carried out of this Realm by every Merchant, Stranger, or other Alien, according to the Value thereof in the aforeſaid Book of Rates expreſſed, twelve pence of like *Engliſh* Money, over and above the twelve Pence aforeſaid; and alſo one Subſidy called Tunnage, (that is to ſay) every Tun of Wine of the Growth of *France*, or of any the Dominions of the *French* King, or Crown of *France*, that ſhall come or be brought into the Port of *Dublin*, and the Members thereof, and into all and every the other Ports and Places of this Realm, by your Majeſty's natural born Subjects of this Realm, or any other your Majeſty's Dominions, the Sum of three Pounds and ten ſhillings of lawful Money of *England*, and by Strangers and Aliens the Sum of four Pounds thirteen Shillings and four pence of like Money; and of every But or Pipe of Muſcadine, Malmeſeis, Cutes, Tents, Allicants, Baſtard-Sacks, Canaries, Malagoes, Maderaes, and all other Wines whatſoever, commonly called ſweet Wines of the Growth of the *Levant*, *Spain*, *Portugal*, or of any of the Iſlands or Dominions to them or any of them belonging or elſewhere, that ſhall come and be brought into the Port of *Dublin*, or Members thereof, and into all and every the other Ports and Places of this Realm, by any natural born Subject as aforeſaid, the Sum of two Pounds and ten Shillings of like Money of *England*, and by Strangers and Aliens the Sum of three Pounds ſix Shillings and eight Pence; of every Awm containing forty-two Gallons of Rheniſh Wine, of the Growth of *Germany*, that ſhall come and be brought into this your Majeſty's Realm, by your natural born Subjects as aforeſaid, the Sum of fifteen Shillings of like Money; and by Strangers and Aliens twenty Shillings; every Tun of Rape and Linſeed-Oyls, containing two hundred fifty-two Gallons, that ſhall come and be brought into the Port of *Dublin*, or any of the Ports of this Realm, by any natural born Subject as aforeſaid, the Sum of one Pound ten Shillings of like Money: By Strangers and Aliens the Sum of one Pound ſeventeen Shillings and ſix Pence of like Money; of every like Tun of *Sevil*, *Majorca*, *Minorca*, *Apuglia*, *Provence*, or *Portugal* Oyl, that ſhall come or be brought in by any natural born Subject as aforeſaid, the Sum of two Pounds and twelve Shillings of like Money: By Strangers or Aliens, the Sum of three Pounds five Shillings of like Money, of every like Tun of Sallet Oyl, brought in by any natural born Subject as aforeſaid, the Sum of three

And to be in Force from the 1ſt of *December* 1661.

Motives for granting a further Subſidy of Poundage.

Strangers to pay 12*d. Engliſh* Money for every 20*s.* value of native Commodities exported over and above the 12*d.* aforeſaid.

The Subſidy of Tunnage on Wines and Oyls imported (*viz.*) on French Wines by Subjects 3*l.* 10*s.* per Tun. By Strangers 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

On ſweet Wines by Subjects 2*l.* 10*s.* per But. By Strangers 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

On Rheniſh Wine by Subjects 15*s.* per Awm. By Strangers 20*s.*

On Rape and Linſeed Oyls by Subjects 1*l.* 10*s.* By Strangers 1*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* per Tun.

On Sevil, *&c.* Oyls, by Subjects 2*l.* 12*s.* By Strangers 3*l.* 5*s.* per Tun.
On Sallet Oyl by Subjects, 3*l.* 3*s.* By Strangers 3*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.* per Tun.

Pounds and three Shillings of like Money; by Strangers or Aliens the Sum of three Pounds eighteen Shillings and nine Pence of like Money; of every like Tun of Train Oyl, of *Greenland*, brought in by any natural born Subject as aforesaid, the Sum of eight Shillings of like Money; by Strangers or Aliens the Sum of ten Shillings of like Money; of every like Tun of Train-Oyl, of *Newfound-Land*, brought in by any natural born Subject, the Sum of six Shillings of like Money, by Strangers or Aliens the Sum of seven Shillings and six Pence of like Money; which several Rates of Tunnage and Poundage being the same which are expressed in the Book of Rates before mentioned, and no other, from andafter the said first Day of *December*, one thousand six hundred sixty-one, shall be had, received, levied, and taken upon all Goods and Merchandizes whatsoever imported or exported into or out of any Port or Place of this Realm, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser Quantity of the same, any former Laws, Statutes, Usages, or Customs to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding, excepted always and foreprized Prizage and Butlerage.

On Greenland Train-Oyl by Subjects 8*s.* by Strangers 10*s.* per Tun. On Train-Oyl of *Newfound-land* by Subjects 6*s.* by Strangers 7*s.* 6*d.*

Prizage and Butlerage excepted.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any 3 Goods, or Merchandizes aforesaid of any Merchant, being born Denizen of this Realm of *Ireland*, or any other your Majesty's Dominions hath been, or at any Time hereafter shall be taken by any Enemies or Pirates, upon the Sea, or perish in any Ship or Ships that shall happen to be taken or perished, whereof the Subsidies and other Duties are, or shall be duly paid or agreed for, and that duly proved before the Lord Treasurer of *Ireland*, or the chief Baron of your Majesty's Court of *Exchequer* for the Time being, by the Examination of the same Merchants, if they be alive, or of their Executors, or Administrators if they be dead, or by two credible Witnesses at the least sworn, or other reasonable Witness and Proof sworn, then the same Merchant or Merchants, his or their Executors or Administrators, shall and may, newly ship in the same Port, where the Goods and Merchandizes aforesaid were, or shall be customed, so much other Goods and Merchandizes, as the same Goods and Merchandizes so lost as aforesaid shall amount unto in Custom, without paying of any Thing for the same, so as the same Proof be recorded, and allowed of in the Court of *Exchequer*, and certified unto the Collector of the Customs of the Port, where the same Goods and Merchandize are to be newly shipped without Custom as aforesaid. And whereas many great Quantities of Goods and Merchandizes, are oftentimes fraudulently concealed, to the great lessening, or diminution of your Majesty's Revenue, for prevention thereof; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that no Owner, Master, Skipper, Purser, or other Person taking Charge of any Vessel, or of any Merchants Goods shall receive or take into any Ship, Bottom, or Vessel whatsoever, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, to be carried or transported, into any of the Parts beyond the Seas, before he shall have signified to the Customer of the Port where he ladeth, and other Officers there in the open Custom-house (if any such be there,) or else where the said Officers, or their Deputies, or any of them be or shall be usually resident that he intendeth to lade, and to what Place he intendeth to pass, nor shall after his or their full Lading, depart out of the Port, Creek or Place, where he shall so lade, before he do in like manner signify unto the Customer and Officer as is aforesaid, of his Lading, and what Merchants, and other Persons shall have Lading with him, or in his Ship, Vessel or Bottom, and further truly to answer to such Questions as shall be interrogated of him or them by the Customer or other Officer, concerning such

Denizen, on Loss of Goods at Sea, which paid Custom, may ship as much Custom free, upon due Proof made and recorded in the *Exchequer*.

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No Owner, Ship-Master, &c. to lade, or depart, before he gives Notice to the proper Officers, and answers upon oath, on pain of 100 *l.*

Wares

Wares and Merchandizes as he ſhall have Laden, being examined upon his or their Oath in the open Cuſtom-houſe or otherwiſe as is aforeſaid, upon pain to forfeit for every ſuch default, or not truly advertiſing, nor anſwering to ſuch Queſtions as ſhall be demanded of him, one hundred Pounds of current Money of *England* aforeſaid. That no Owner, Maſter, Skipper, Purſer, or other perſon taking Charge of any Ship, Veſſel or Bottom, wherein any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes ſhall be laden, or brought from any the Parts beyond the Seas, ſhall diſcharge into any Lighter, Gabbard, Bottom, Boat, Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, and lay on Land, or procure, or cauſe, or any ways permit, or ſuffer to be diſcharged into any Lighter, Gabbard, Bottom, Boat, Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, and to be laid on Land out of ſuch Ship, Bottom or Veſſel, any Goods Wares or Merchandizes whatſoever, before ſuch Owner, Maſter, Skipper, Purſer, or other Perſon or Perſons, taking charge of the Ship, Bottom or Veſſel, ſhall have firſt entred into a ſufficient Obligation in the Law, in which he ſhall be bound to the King with known able Sureties, in ſuch Sum as the Collector of the Port where he arrives ſhall judge meet, That the Ship or Veſſel by him brought in, ſhall not depart or ſail away out of the ſaid Port or Harbour, without her being fully cleared and diſcharged by the Collector or Searcher of the ſaid Port, and ſhall likewiſe have delivered under his Hand to the Cuſtomer, or other Officer of the Port, Haven or Creek where he arriveth, One Bill of the Particulars and Contents of the whole Lading of his or their Ship, Bottom or Veſſel, with the Names of the ſeveral Merchants or Laders, and the Mark, Package, or outward form of the Goods, and Merchandize laden, and ſhall make Declaration that he hath not broken Bulk ſince he came into the Port, nor into any other Port of this Realm otherwiſe than in the ſaid Bill ſhall be expreſſed, and ſhall have truly anſwered upon Oath unto ſuch Queſtions and Interrogatories touching or concerning ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandizes as ſhall be then laden in any ſuch Ship, Veſſel or Bottom, as ſhall be to him adminiſtred by ſuch Cuſtomer, or other Officer openly in the Cuſtom-houſe, or in ſuch other Places as aforeſaid upon his or their Oath, if he or they ſhall be thereunto required, upon pain that every Owner, Maſter, Skipper, Purſer, or other Perſon or Perſons as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit and loſe for every ſuch Default in not giving Bond, truly advertiſing, nor anſwering as is aforeſaid one hundred pounds of like Money.

No Owner, Ship, Maſter, &c. to diſcharge into any Lighter, &c. or permit any Goods to be landed before he hath given Bond, and a Bill of Lading, and anſwered upon Oath.

On pain of 100 *l.*

4 That it ſhall not be lawful to or for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever to lade or put, or cauſe to be laden or put off, from any Wharf, Key, or other Place on the Land into any Lighter, Gabbard, Bottom, Boat, Ship, or Veſſel whatſoever, to be tranſported into any Place or Places beyond the Seas, or to take up, diſcharge or lay on Land, or cauſe or procure to be taken up, or diſcharged out of any Lighter, Gabbard, Bottom, Boat, Ship or Veſſel whatſoever (not being in Leak or Wrack) and laid on Land any Goods, Wares or Merchandiſes whatſoever, brought from any parts beyond the Seas, but only in the Day light (that is to ſay) from the firſt of *March* unto the laſt of *September* betwixt the Sun riſing and Sun ſetting, and from the laſt of *September* unto the firſt of *March*, between the Hours of Seven in the Morning, and Four in the Afternoon, and in and upon ſome ſuch open Key, or Wharf, as the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor and Governors and Privy Council of this Realm for the time being, ſhall therefore appoint within your Majeſty's Port of *Dublin*, and all other the Ports, Creeks, Havens, or Roads

Goods landed or laden at any other Times than the following, (*viz.*) from 1ſt of *March* to the laſt of *September*, from Sun riſing to Sun ſetting, from the laſt of *September* to the 1ſt of *March* from 7 in the Morning to 4 in the Afternoon.

Or at any other Places than the open Keys, forfeited, or their Value.

Roads of this Realm, where a Cuſtomer, Comptroller, and Searcher of ſuch Ports, Havens, Creeks, or Roads, and every of them or their Deputies have accuſtomably been Reſident or hereafter ſhall be Reſident, upon pain of Forfeiture of all ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandizes ſo laden and diſcharged contrary to the meaning of this preſent Act, or the Value thereof. That no manner of Perſon or Perſons ſhall receive or take into any Ship, Veſſel, or Bottom, any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, to be tranſported into any place beyond the Seas, nor ſhall diſcharge and lay on Land out of his or their Ship, Bottom or Veſſel, (not being in Leak or Wrack) any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, brought from any Parts beyond the Seas, in any other Place or Places, or at any other hour or hours, or time than is before limited and appointed, upon pain the Owner or Owners, Maſter or Maſters, or other Perſon or Perſons taking charge of ſuch Ship, or Veſſel in which ſuch Goods, Wares and Merchandizes ſhall be ſo ſhipped, or out of which the ſame ſhall be unſhipped, ſhall forfeit and loſe for every ſuch Offence one hundred pounds of lawful Money of *England*, and the Mate, Boatſwain, or any of the Mariners committing ſuch Offence, ſhall forfeit treble the Value of the Subſidies or Cuſtoms of ſuch Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, or impriſonment at the Will and Pleaſure of the chief Governor or Governors of this Realm for the time being, or of the Barons of his Majeſty's *Exchequer*, or any two of them; provided ſuch impriſonment do not exceed the ſpace of twelve Months. That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners, and the reſpective Cuſtomers and Collectors of the Cuſtoms for the time being, or their Deputy or Deputies, (for whom they will anſwer) by his or their Warrant or Warrants in writing upon the arrival of any Ship or Veſſel, with Goods, Wares and Merchandizes from any the Ports beyond the Seas, to ſecure or take out from any ſuch Ships or Veſſels, all fine Goods and Merchandizes of ſmall Bulk or Packing as they or any of them may diſcover, or have cauſe to ſuſpect, their being intended to be conveyed on Shore without payment of Cuſtoms, Subſidies or other Duties for the ſame; and the ſame to be put into Cuſtody of the Ware-houſes of the reſpective Cuſtom-houſes, there to remain until the Duties for them reſpectively be payed. And if any Ship or Veſſel importing any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, from any the Parts beyond the Seas, ſhall not fully unlade, diſcharge or deliver all the Goods and Merchandizes imported therein within eight and twenty Days after the arrival of ſuch Ship or Veſſel (Wind and Weather permitting) in ſome Port or Haven of this Realm, that then for preventing Fraud or Charge, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Commiſſioners and reſpective Cuſtomers and Collectors of the Cuſtoms, their Deputy or Deputies to unlade and take on Shore all the Goods, Wares and Merchandizes which ſhall be found in ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and the ſame to ſecure in his Majeſty's Ware-houſes of the reſpective Cuſtom-houſes, or elſewhere, and the Charge thereof to be born by the Merchants, Owners, or Claimers thereof, at ſuch moderate Rates as the ſaid Commiſſioners and reſpective Cuſtomers and Collectors or their Deputies ſhall judge equal. And in caſe any Perſon or Perſons ſhall find himſelf aggrieved touching the ſaid Rates, that they may appeal to the chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the time being, who are hereby impowered and enabled to determine the ſame. And if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall refuſe to permit ſuch fine Goods, or ſuch other Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, to be unladen, taken out and ſecured as aforeſaid, he or they ſo refuſing, ſhall upon proof

Owners, &c. of Ships taking on board, or landing Goods illegally forfeit 100 *l.*

Mate or Mariner forfeits treble the value of the Cuſtoms, or to ſuffer 12 Months impriſonment.

Fine Goods imported, of ſmall Bulk, may be ſecured in the Ware-houſes (upon Suſpicion of Fraud) until the Duties are paid.

Any Goods not entred within 28 Days after the Ships arrival, may be brought into the Ware-houſes; and the Charge thereof to be born by the Merchant, &c. at ſuch moderate Rates, as the Commiſſioners, &c. ſhall judge equal.

Perſons aggrieved touching the ſaid Rates may appeal to the chief Governor.

Perſons not permitting ſuch Goods to be ſo ſecured, forfeit 100 *l.*

proof thereof forfeit the Sum of one hundred pounds of like Money of *England*. Provided always and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, ſo unladen or laden out of any Ship or Veſſel ſhall afterwards be purloyned, embezzled, wilfully ſpoiled, or impaired, that in ſuch Caſe, the Officer or Warehouſe-keeper under whoſe Charge the ſaid Goods, Wares and Merchandizes ſhall at ſuch time be, ſhall make full and ample Satisfaction to the Owner or Claimer of the ſame, to be adjudged by the Barons of his Majeſty's *Exchequer*, or any two of them. And the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms are hereby required to take good Security of the Officers imployed in and about the Premiſſes, for the faithful diſcharge of their reſpective Truſts therein. That if any Goods, Wares, or other Merchandizes, whereof the Subſidies aforeſaid are or ſhall be due, ſhall at any time be ſhipped or put into any Lighter, Gabbard, Wherry, Boat, Bottom, or Veſſel whatſoever, to the intent to be carried into any the Parts beyond the Seas, or elſe being brought from the Parts beyond the Seas, into any Port, Place, or Creek of this Realm (except in Caſes of Neceſſity when ſuch Goods or Merchandizes are in danger of periſhing,) ſhall be unſhipped to be laid on Land, without the Knowledge, Privity and Conſent of the Commiſſioners or reſpective Cuſtomers or Collectors of the Cuſtoms for the time being, or before due Entry thereof be made, and the Subſidies, Cuſtoms, and other Duties due or to be due for the ſame, not paid nor lawfully tendered to the Collector thereof, or his Deputy, with the Conſent and Agreement of the Comptroller and Surveyor, or any one of them at the leaſt, and Warrant in due Form and Manner paſt for the ſame, that then all the ſame Wares, Goods and Merchandizes whatſoever ſo ſhipped, tranſported and carried, or unſhipped and landed as aforeſaid, or the Value thereof ſhall be forfeited.

Warehouſe-keeper to make Satisfaction for Goods purloyned, &c.

Officers to give good Security for Diſcharge of their Truſts in the Premiſſes.

Goods laden, or landed before due Entry, and payment of Cuſtom (except in caſes of Neceſſity)

Forfeited or the Value thereof.

5 That if any Goods or Merchandizes, imported from beyond the Seas, ſhall be unſhipped and put in any Lighter, Gabbard, Wherry, Boat, or other Veſſel whatſoever, without the Conſent, Privity or Allowance of the Commiſſioners or reſpective Cuſtomers, or Collectors of the Cuſtoms, their Deputy or Deputies teſtified by a Note under his or their Hand or Hands, that then every ſuch Lighter, Gabbard, Wherry, Boat or other Veſſel in which ſuch Goods and Merchandizes ſhall be put, ſhall be forfeited and confiſcated. That before and during the unlading of any Ships or Veſſels after their arrival in any Port of this Realm: the Commiſſioners and reſpective Cuſtomers and Collectors of the Cuſtoms, ſhall and may where and as often as they ſhall ſee Cauſe, appoint one or more Tide-waiters or Officers to go on Board every ſuch Ship or Veſſel, either from beyond the Seas, or from any other part within this Realm, and there to lye and remain on Board until the Goods and Merchandizes of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be unladen, or until they the ſaid Waiters or Officers ſhall be thence diſcharged.

Goods imported, unſhipped into any Lighter, &c. without Licence, ſuch Lighter, &c. forfeited.

Waiters to be put on board upon Ships arrival.

6 And if any Maſter, Owner, or other taking Charge of any Ship or Veſſel, refuſe and will not ſuffer and permit any ſuch Waiter or Officer to come on Board his or their Veſſel, and there to remain as aforeſaid, and if after the clearing of any Ship or Veſſel by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, Collectors or other Officers reſpectively, or the diſcharging of Tide-waiters or other Officers from on Board ſuch Ship or Veſſel, there ſhall be found on Board ſuch Ship or Veſſel any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes which have been concealed from the Knowledge of the Officer or Officers on Board, and for which the Cuſtom,

Maſters, &c. of Ships, for not ſuffering Waiters to go on board, or for having Goods on board concealed, after clearing off the Ship.

Custom, Subsidy, or other Duties due upon the Importation thereof are unpaid; That then and in every such Case the Master, Owner, or other Person taking charge of such Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of one hundred pounds of like Money of *England*.

Forfeit 100 *l.*

That all and every Merchant and Merchants, and any other Person or 7
Persons whatsoever, entring any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, to be shipped or landed, shall make Entry thereof particularly, and deliver a Bill thereof at large, under his Hand, or the Hand of his Assignee, for whom he shall be responsible and answerable to the Collector, expressing the Name of the Ship, and the Master, the Burthen, of whence, and from what place it was fraighted, with the Marks and Numbers of the Fardles, Bulks and Package in the Margin, and the Quantities and Qualities of all and every the Goods, Wares and Merchandizes that are therein contained, and so by him Entred, upon pain that every Merchant and Merchants, and other Person or Persons, not entring in such Form and Manner, shall for every time forfeit ten pounds of like *English* Money. And if any Merchant, or other Person or Persons, entring in manner as aforesaid, shall make a short or undue Entry of the Quantity or Quality of his or their Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, every such Merchant, and other Person, shall forfeit and lose all such Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, or the Value of them, which shall be so short, or unduly entred.

Every Merchant, &c. to make Entry of Goods particularly, and sign Bills describing the Goods to be shipped or landed, on pain of 10 *l.*

Merchant, &c. making a short or undue Entry, forfeits the Goods or the Value of them.

That no Person or Persons shall carry any Goods, Wares or Commodities 8
prohibited, or whereof any the Duties aforesaid are payable, to discharge the same in any other Port or Place of this Realm, unless such Person or Persons, do before the Shipping thereof, declare and manifest to the Collector of the Customs, or their Deputies, together with the Customer or Comptroller of the said Port, where the same shall be Shipped in the open Custom-house, the Nature, Length, Number or other Contents, or Value of the said Goods, Wares 10
or Merchandizes, and with the Approbation of the Collector or his Deputy, and also make and enter into a sufficient Obligation in the Law, in which he shall be bound to our Sovereign Lord the King, with sufficient Sureties in such Sum as shall amount to the double Value of such Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, so declared and manifested, with Condition that the same shall be discharged at some lawful Port or Place within this Realm, and in no other Ports or Places whatsoever; which Bonds the said Collectors of the Customs, or their Deputies respectively, are hereby required and authorised to take accordingly.

Persons carrying Goods prohibited, or for which Duties are payable, from one Port to another in *Ireland* to declare the Contents, &c. and to give Bond, that the same shall be discharged in some lawful Port.

And in case any of the said Goods, Wares or Merchandizes shall be Ship- 9 11
ped or Laden in any other Ship or Vessel, to be carried or transported between Port and Port aforesaid, before such Declaration be made, or Security given as aforesaid, that then all and every the said Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, or their Value, shall be forfeited and lost, and every Person or Persons, that shall Ship such Goods, and be bound as aforesaid, shall within two Months next after the Shipping thereof, bring, or cause to be brought, a true Certificate under the Hand and Seal of Office of the Customer, or Collector, or Collectors, and Comptrollers, or their Deputies of the said Port, Creek or Place, where he or they shall happen to discharge the same, Testifying that the said Goods, Wares and Merchandizes so Shipped, and the true Nature, Length and Number,

Such Goods shipped before such Declaration made, and Bond given, forfeited, or their Value. Certificate to be brought from the Port where such Goods were landed, within two Months after shipping thereof; which Certificate the Customer, &c. of the Port where such Goods are discharged, shall upon Discharge of the Goods deliver to the Party, &c. without delay.

ber, or other Contents and Value thereof, is there diſcharged and landed, which Certificate the Cuſtomer and Comptroller of ſuch Port or Place where the ſaid Goods, Wares or Merchandizes ſhall be diſcharged, ſhall upon the diſcharge thereof, deliver to the Party ſo diſcharging the ſame, or to his Factor without Delay. That every Merchant which ſhall bring any Manner of Goods, Wares or Merchandizes into any Port of this Realm, and there entring and paying the Cuſtoms or Subſidy of the ſame, will afterwards convey or carry away the ſame, or any Part of the ſame from thence, into any other Port of this Realm; That then the Owner of the ſaid Goods or Merchandizes, his Factor, or Attorney, ſhall bring from the Collector and Comptroller of the Port where the ſaid Goods and Merchandizes ſhall be ſo entred, a Certificate under the ſaid Collector and Comptrollers Seals, directed to the Cuſtomer and Comptroller of the Port, where the ſaid Goods and Merchandizes ſhall be conveyed or carried, ſpecifying or making mention within the ſaid Certificate as well the Quality as the Quantity of the Weight, Number, Meaſure of the Goods, Wares and Merchandizes ſo entred, and that the ſame Certificate ſo made, be delivered to the ſaid Cuſtomer, Collector and Comptroller, before the ſaid Goods be diſcharged, That ſo they, or ſuch as they ſhall appoint, may ſee and try whether the Quality, Quantity, Weight, Number, or Meaſure of the ſame do agree with ſuch Certificate, and if any Certificate ſhall not be duly made in Form and Manner, and ſpecifying or making mention according as is aforeſaid, that then the ſaid Cuſtomer or Comptroller, ſhall loſe his or their Office, and if any ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, or any parcel thereof be diſcharged and unpacked, or put to Sale within any other Port, than within the ſame, where they ſhall be firſt Entred before the ſaid Certificate ſhall be delivered, and the Goods and Merchandizes ſeen as aforeſaid, the ſame ſhall be forfeited and confiſcated.

Goods for which Duties were paid inwards, carried from one Port to another in *Ireland*, and diſcharged without a Certificate, forfeited.

Such Certificate not duly made, Forfeiture of Office.

10 That no Perſon do take upon him to enter or do, or cauſe to be entred into the Book of any Cuſtomer, or any other, or Officers of any Port within this Realm, his or their Deputy or Deputies, any manner of Goods, Wares or Merchandizes whatſoever, coming, or brought from any Parts beyond the Seas, in the Name or Names of any other Perſon or Perſons than the very Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of the ſame Goods, Wares or Merchandizes being not ſold, bargained or contracted for, to, or with any Perſon or Perſons before ſuch Entry, or before the arrival of ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, upon pain of Forfeiture of the Goods, or Value of the Goods, which ſhall be entred otherwiſe.

Goods inwards not entred in the name of the very Owner, forfeited or the Value of them.

11 That for the better diſcovering of all prohibited, and other Goods and Merchandizes, fraudulently, or covertly brought in, and landed at unlawful Hours and Places, the Collectors, Surveyor, Searcher, Waiter, or other Perſons Authoriſed, Deputed, and appointed thereunto by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms under their Hands and Seals, or under the Hands and Seals of the major Part of them, ſhall have Power and Authority, and are hereby impowered and authoriſed to go on Board and enter into any Ship, Hoy, Bark, Bottom, Boat, or other Veſſel whatſoever, as well by Night as by Day, riding, lying, or being within any the ſeveral Ports, Havens, Creeks, or other Places within this Realm, and likewiſe at any time of the Day to go, and enter into all, or any of the Cellars, Shops, Ware-houſes, where they ſhall have juſt Cauſe of Suſpicion, to See, Survey and make Search for any prohibited Goods, Wares,

Officers are impower'd to enter and Search Ships, Cellars, *&c.* where they have juſt Cauſe to ſuſpect Fraud, and to bring Goods to the King's Ware-houſes.

and Merchandizes, and likewiſe any Goods, or Merchandizes, either put on Board any Ship or Veſſel, or taken out, or carried away, or intended to be carried away, the Cuſtoms and Subſidy for the ſame having not been fully ſatisfied and paid, and the ſaid Goods, Wares and Merchandizes to Seize, Attach and Carry away, Secure and Put into his Majeſty's Ware-houſes at the Cuſtom-houſes of the reſpective Ports, there to remain until they ſhall be diſcharged by due courſe of Law.

There to remain until diſcharged by due Courſe of Law.

Offences againſt this Act to be heard and determined by the Barons of the *Exchequer* (except as hereafter is excepted) and one Moiety of the Fines, &c. to be to the King, and the other to the Proſecutor.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the 12
Defaults of ſuch as ſhall attempt to do any thing contrary to the Tenor of this preſent Act, or of the Rules, Orders and Directions before mentioned unto the Book of Rates to be annexed, or to any of the ſeveral Articles or Branches of the ſame, (except as hereafter is excepted) ſhall be heard, inquired and determined by the Barons of his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, and that the Moiety, or one half part of all Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, ſhall be and remain unto your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety or 1
half Part to him or them that ſhall ſeize or ſue for, or Proſecute the ſame by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information in the ſaid Court of *Exchequer*, wherein no wager of Law, Protection, Eſſoyne, or other Dilatory Plea ſhall be allowed.

Seizures to be regiſtred, and ſecured in the King's Ware-houſe, before any Proceeding by Bill, &c.

Provided always for the avoiding of fraudulent Compoſition, that no Ac- 13
tion, Bill, Plaint or Information aforeſaid, be exhibited, or proceeded in againſt 14
any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes ſeized, until ſuch Seizures ſhall be Regiſtred, and entred with the Regiſter or Officer to be appointed for that Purpoſe in the Port of *Dublin*, and certified by him to be ſo Entred and Regiſtred, and until ſuch Goods, Wares and Merchandizes be ſecured or laid up in his Majeſty's Ware-houſe at the Cuſtom-houſes of the reſpective Ports as aforeſaid, and in caſe the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms ſhall be diſſatisfied, or apprehend any

Perſons neglecting or delaying to ſue, the Commiſſioners may appoint a Proſecutor, who is declared the lawful Seizer, and ſhall have the Moiety of the Seizure.

neglect or delay in any Perſon or Perſons to ſue for, or Proſecute in any Action, 16
Bill, Plaint or Information as aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be lawful to, and for the ſaid Commiſſioners to appoint any other Perſon or Perſons whom they ſhall think fit to Proſecute, which other Perſon or Perſons ſhall be and are hereby declared to be true, proper, and lawful Proſecutors or Seizers to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, and to whom the Moiety of the ſaid Seizures and Forfeitures ſhall be due and payable, and to none other, any thing in this preſent Act, or any other Law, Statute, Uſage or Cuſtom to the contrary hereof notwithſtanding. And whereas, by an Act made in this Kingdom, in the eight and twentieth Year of the Reign of the late Queen *Elizabeth*, it was Enacted as followeth, *Provided always and be it Enacted by the ſaid Authority, That the Lord Deputy, or other Governor or Governors of this Realm for the time, ſhall have Yearly for the Proviſion and Store of his Houſe of ſuch Wines as ſhall be* 17
brought and conveyed by way of Merchandize into this Realm, the number of twenty Tuns free and diſcharged of the Cuſtoms of Subſidy granted by this Act; And that the ſaid Lord Deputy, or other Governor or Governors of this Realm for the time being ſhall, alſo by the ſaid Authority, have full Power to grant, limit and appoint to every Peer of this Realm, and to every of the Privy Council in the ſame, and the Queen's learned Council for the time being, at his or their diſcretion, from time to time ſuch Portion and Quantity of Wines to be free and diſcharged of and from the ſaid Cuſtoms and Subſidy, as he ſhall think to be meet and competent for every of them

28 *Eliz.* Cap. 4.

after

after their Degrees and Callings to have, any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding. It is therefore hereby Enacted, that the Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor or Governors of this Realm for the time being, shall have yearly for their Provision and Store of his or their Houses, of such Wines as shall be brought into this Realm the number of twenty Tuns, free and discharged of all Customs or Subsidies; And that the said Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor or Governors of this Realm for the time being, shall also by the said Authority have full Power to grant, limit and appoint unto every of the Privy Council, and to his Majesty's learned Council and Clerk of his Majesty's Privy Council, of this Realm, at his or their Discretion, from time to time, such Portion and Quantity of Wines, to be free and discharged of and from the said Customs and Subsidy, as he or they shall think fit to be meet and competent for every of them after their Degrees and Qualities, any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Chief Governor to have 20 Tuns of Wine yearly, free of Custom.

And is authoriz'd to appoint such a Quantity yearly for every of the Privy Council, King's Council, and Clerk of the Privy Council, as he shall think fit, free of Custom.

14 Provided also, that this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to charge any Person or Persons with any Penalty or Forfeiture for or concerning any Matter or Thing done contrary to the tenour of this Act, or any Part thereof, unless the Party or Parties offending, shall be sued or prosecuted for the same within twelve Months after such Matter or Thing shall be done and committed as aforesaid, any thing in this Act, or any other Law, Custom or Usage whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Offender against this Act to be charged with any Penalty, &c. unless he be prosecuted within 12 Months after the Offence is committed.

15 And because by Experience it is found, that the hindring of Merchants, Strangers and others from vending his or their Goods, without offering them first to some Burgess or Freeman of such City, Corporation or Town where such Merchant, Stranger or other, do arrive with his or their Goods, (commonly known by the name of Town-Bargain,) is very destructive to the Trade and Commerce of this Realm, and very prejudicial to your Majesty's Revenue.

Town-Bargains being found to be destructive to Trade,

16 Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said first Day of *December*, one thousand six hundred sixty one, no such Town-Bargain shall be required, nor any Merchant, or other, hindred or with-held from disposing of his or their Goods, Wares or Merchandizes without offering them as aforesaid; But that all and every Merchant, Stranger or other, Importing any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes from beyond the Seas, and paying all Duties by Law due and payable thereupon, shall and may from time to time, and at all times at his and their Will and Pleasure, freely and without Let, Molestation or Hindrance, sell and dispose of his or their Goods and Merchandizes, any Charter, Custom, Usage, Privilege or Liberty of or unto any City or Town Corporate at any time made, given or granted to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Are not to be required.

17 And forasmuch as several ancient Duties under the name of Town and Petty Customs due and payable by Merchants, Strangers, unto several Cities and Towns Corporate of this your Majesty's Realm, have been and are demanded, received and taken by their Farmers, Deputies or Officers, in a far greater Quantity and Proportion, than is of Right belonging, in respect the same have been, and are required upon more Goods than are truly liable thereunto, and according to the Rates after which the Customs have been from time to time increased, and paid unto your Majesty, and your Royal Predecessors, which exceed far the ancient Rates according to which such petty Customs can be required and taken.

No petty Cuſtoms to be received for or upon any more or other Commodities than were chargeable with the ſame by ancient Cuſtom and Preſcription, under Forfeiture of double the Value of what ſhall be exacted.

Be it further enacted and ordained by the Authority aforeſaid, That from henceforth no ſuch petty Cuſtoms be demanded, received or paid, for or upon any more or other Commodities than were chargeable with the ſame by ancient Cuſtom and Preſcription, and not according to the Increaſe of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, by his Majeſty's Book of Rates, nor for any Wares or Commodities by Virtue of any Grant, but ſuch as were charged at the Time of the Grant made by your Majeſty's Royal Predeceſſors of ſuch petty Cuſtoms, unto any City or Town-Corporate, nor at any other or greater Rate or Rates, than the ſame were either paid or anſwered by the Merchants, Strangers, at the Time of the reſpective granting of the ſame, or as the ſame were taken in the fifteenth Year of the late King *Henry* the ſeventh, any Grant, Uſage or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding, upon pain that every Perſon or Perſons demanding or receiving more or greater petty Cuſtoms than as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence, double the Value of what ſhall be exacted or received upon more Commodities, or at greater Rates than as aforeſaid; ſaving unto *Wentworth* Earl of *Kildare*, and the Heirs Males of the Body of *Gerald Fitz-Gerald* Earl of *Kildare*, all ſuch Eſtate, Right and Title of, in, and to the great and little Cuſtoms, Poundages, Subſidies, Duties, together with the Cocquet, and power of conſtituting Officers thereunto belonging in the Ports and Harbours of *Strangford* and *Ardglaſs* in the County of *Down*, and Province of *Ulſter*, and the Creeks and Members thereunto appertaining, as they, or any of them can or may claim or demand, by, or under any Letters Patents thereof made by King *Henry* the Eighth, unto the ſaid *Gerald Fitz-Gerald* Earl of *Kildare*, as fully and amply as the ſame was granted in and by ſuch Letters Patents, any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Saving the great and little Cuſtoms, &c. granted by Letters Patents to the Earls of *Kildare*.

The

THE

RATES of Merchandizes,

THAT IS TO SAY,

The Subſidy of Poundage, and the Subſidy of Tunnage, as they are Rated and Agreed upon by the Parliament of *Ireland*, ſet down and expreſſed in this Book, to be paid according to the Tenor of the Act of Poundage and Tunnage, to the Uſe of His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors for ever.

The RATES of MERCHANDIZES.

Rates Inwards.

A.

	l.	*s.*	*d.*
ADZES for Coopers the dozen	0	12	0
Aggats ſmall as a bean the hundred dozen	0	13	4
Aggats large, the piece	0	0	6
Alphabets the ſet, containing twenty four	0	5	0
Allom Engliſh the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0
Alphiſti or Canary ſeeds, the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	3	15	0
Amber, The pound	0	7	4
Amber, The Maſt, containing two pound and a half	0	8	4
Amber, Beads the pound	1	0	0
Anchovis the little barrel	0	7	6
Andirons, Or Creepers of Lattin the pound	0	1	0
Andirons, Of Iron wrought in England the pair	0	10	0
Andlets or Mailes the pound	0	3	0
Anvils Engliſh the hundred, containing 112 pounds	0	8	0
Aneile of Barbary the pound	0	3	0
Annoto the pound	0	1	0

Apples

	l.	s.	d.
Apples {The Buſhel	0	1	0
Apples {The Barrel containing three Buſhels	0	3	4
Aqua-vitæ {The Barrel	5	6	8
Aqua-vitæ {The Hogſhead	8	0	0
Argal white, or red, or powder the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	1	3	4
Armour old, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0
Arrows for Trunks the Groce containing twelve dozen	0	6	8
Aſhes {Pot-aſhes the Barrel containing 200 pounds	2	10	0
vocat {Wood or Soap-aſhes the laſt containing 12 Barrels	12	0	0
Aule Blades the thouſand Engliſh	0	8	0
Aulgers Engliſh for Carpenters the Groce	0	10	0
Aulgers foreign for Carpenters the Groce	1	0	0
Axes or Hatchets the dozen	0	6	8

B

Babies or Puppets for Children the Groce containing twelve dozen	0	13	4
Babies Heads of earth the dozen	0	10	0
Bacon of England or Wales the Flitch	0	10	0
Bacon of Weſtphalia and all foreign the hundred containing one hundred and twelve pounds	2	0	0
Balks {Great the hundred, containing 120 Balks	12	0	0
Balks {Middle the hundred, containing 120 Balks	5	0	0
Balks {Small the hundred, containing 120 Balks	2	0	0
Bags {With Locks the dozen	2	8	0
Bags {With Steel Rings without Locks the dozen	1	12	0
Ballances {Gold ballances the groce, containing twelve dozen pair	4	0	0
Ballances {Ounce ballances the groce, containing twelve dozen pair	2	0	0
vocat {The ſort containing four dozen	2	13	4
Balls {Tennis Balls the thouſand	2	0	0
vocat {Waſhing Balls the groce, containing twelve dozen	2	0	0
Bandaleers the hundred containing five ſcore	0	16	8
Band ſtrings the dozen Knots	0	10	0
Bands {Flanders Bands of Bonelace, the band	10	0	0
vocat {Cut work of Flanders, or any other Country	20	0	0
Bankers of Verdures the dozen pieces	4	0	0
Barbers Aprons, or Checks, the piece not above ten yards	0	13	4
Barlings the hundred containing one hundred and twenty	1	13	4
Barley the Quarter containing eight Buſhels	0	5	0
Barillia, or Saphora to make Glaſs, the Barrel, containing two hundred weight	4	0	0
Baſket rods the Bundle	0	6	8
Baſkets vocat. Hand-baſkets or ſports the dozen	0	3	4
Baſons of Lattin the pound	0	1	3

		l.	s.	d.
Basts or Straw-hats	Knotted the dozen	0	6	8
	Plain the dozen	0	1	6
Bast Ropes	The Rope	0	0	6
	The Bundle containing ten Ropes	0	5	0
	The hundred weight containing 112 pounds	0	8	0
Battery, Basherons, or Kettles the hundred weight containing 112 pounds		9	0	0
Bayes of Florence per yard		1	0	0
Beads	Of Bone the great groce, containing twelve small groce	1	10	0
	Of Box the great groce	1	10	0
	Of Corral the pound	1	0	0
	Of Christal the thousand	3	0	0
	Of Glass and Wood of all sorts, the great groce	0	10	0
	Of Jasper, square, the hundred stones	2	0	0
Beaupers the piece containing twenty-four or twenty-five yards		1	5	0
Bells vocat	Hawks bells, French making, the dozen pair	0	5	0
	Hawks bells, Noremborough making the dozen pair	0	2	0
	Horse bells, the small groce containing 12 dozen	0	10	0
	Dogs bells, the small groce containing 12 dozen	0	1	4
	Morice bells, the small groce containing 12 dozen	0	10	0
	Clapper bells the pound	0	1	0
Bell-mettle the 100 weight containing 112 pounds		1	13	4
Bellows the pair		0	2	0
Bitts for Bridles the dozen		0	10	0
Bosses for Bridles, the small groce containing 12 dozen		0	10	0
Blacking, or Lampblack, the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds		4	0	0
Blankets vocat	Paris Mantles coloured, the Mantle	1	5	8
	Paris Mantles, or others uncoloured, the Mantle	1	0	0
Boards vocat	Barrel Boards the 100 containing 120	0	5	0
	Clapboards the 100 containing 120	0	15	0
	Past-boards for Books the thousand	0	13	4
	Pipe-boards, or Pipe-holt the 100 containing 120 boards	1	0	0
	White boards for Shoe-makers the board	0	1	0
Bodkins the small groce containing 12 dozen		0	6	8
Bome spars the 100 containing 120		1	13	4
Borattoes or Bombazines	Narrow, the single piece, not above 15 yards	6	0	0
	Broad, the single piece, not above 15 yards	7	0	0
	Of Silk, the yard	0	12	0
Books unbound	The Basket or Maund, containing 8 Bales or 2 Fats	8	0	0
	The Fat, containing half a Maund	4	0	0
Botanoes per piece		0	10	0
Bottles	Of Earth, covered with wicker, the dozen	0	3	4
	Of Glass, covered with wicker, the dozen	0	13	4
	Of Glass with vices, covered with Leather, the dozen	3	0	0
	Of Glass uncovered, the dozen	0	3	0
	Of wood, call'd sucking bottles the groce cont. 12 dozen	0	10	0
Boultel	Rains the piece	0	8	0
	The bale containing 20 pieces	8	0	0

		l.	s.	d.
Bows vocat Stone bows of Steel the piece		0	10	0
Bow Staves the 100 containing 6 ſcore ſtaves		4	0	0
Boxes vocat	Fire or Tinder-boxes, the groce containing 12 dozen boxes	0	13	4
	Neſt boxes the groce containing 12 dozen	2	0	0
	Pepper boxes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	15	0
	Spice boxes the dozen	0	4	0
	Round boxes, or French boxes for Marmelad or Jelly the dozen	0	3	0
	Sand boxes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	13	4
	Soap boxes the ſhock, containing 3 ſcore boxes	1	6	8
	Touch boxes covered with leather the dozen	0	2	0
	Touch boxes covered with velvet the dozen	0	10	0
	Touch boxes of Iron or other mettle gilt the dozen	0	13	4
	Tobacco boxes the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0
Bracelets or Necklaces	Of Glaſs, the ſmall groce, containing 12 bundles or dickers	0	4	0
	Red, the ſmall groce, cont. 12 bundles or dickers	0	4	0
Braſs	Laver cocks the pound	0	1	4
	Piles weights the pound	0	1	0
	Trumpets the dozen	0	12	0
	Lamps the dozen	0	10	0
Brick ſtones vocat	The thouſand brick ſtones	0	13	4
	Flanders Tyle to ſcour with the thouſand	1	6	8
	Gally Tyles the foot	0	0	8
	Paving Tyles the thouſand	2	0	0
Bridles the dozen		0	15	0
Broches of Lattin or Copper the groce, cont. 12 dozen		0	12	0
Braſs Scales and Weights, the dozen pair		0	3	4
Bruſhes	For Hats and Cloaths the dozen	0	5	0
	Beard Bruſhes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	6	8
	Of Heath, coarſe the dozen	0	3	0
	Of Heath, fine or Head bruſhes the dozen	0	6	8
	Of Hair, called Head bruſhes the dozen	0	6	8
	Of Heath called rubbing bruſhes the dozen	0	1	0
	Of Hair, called comb bruſhes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	13	4
	Of Hair, vocat. Weavers bruſhes the dozen	0	5	0
	Of Hair, vocat. rubbing bruſhes the dozen	0	1	4
Brimſtone, the 100 weight containing 112 pounds		0	6	8
Briſtles	Rough or undreſt the dozen pounds	0	5	0
	Dreſt the dozen pounds	0	10	0
Buckrams	Of Germany, or fine, per piece	0	10	0
	Of Eaſt Country, the roul or half piece	0	5	0
	Of French making, the dozen pieces	2	10	0
	Vocat. Carrick buckrams, the ſhort piece	0	2	0
Buckles	For Girdles, the ſmall groce, cont. 12 dozen	1	0	0
	For Girts the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	7	6
Buffines, Muccadoes and Lyle Grograms	Narrow, the ſingle piece, not above fifteen yards	3	0	0
	Broad, the ſingle piece not above fifteen yards	4	10	0

Bugaſins,

		l.	s.	d.
Bugaſins, or Callico Buckrams the half piece		0	5	0
Bugles	Great the pound	0	4	0
	Small, or ſeed bugle the pound	0	6	8
	Lace the pound	0	8	0
Bullions for purſes the groce, containing 12 dozen		0	10	0
Bulruſhes the load		1	0	0
Burrs for Mill-ſtones the 100 containing 5 ſcore		2	10	0
Buskins of Leather the dozen pair		4	0	0
Buſtians the ſingle piece, not above fifteen yards		2	0	0
Butter	The barrel	1	0	0
	Of England, the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	0	10	0
Buttons	Of Bugle, Steel, Copper or Lattin, the great groce, cont. 12 ſmall groce, every groce 12 dozen	1	6	8
	Of Chriſtal, the dozen	0	4	0
	Of Glaſs, the great groce cont. 12 ſmall groce	0	13	4
	Of Thread, the great groce, cont. 12 ſmall groce	0	10	0
	Of Silk, the great groce cont. 12 ſmall groce	1	0	0
	Of fine Damask work, the dozen	0	10	0
	Of Bugle, the dozen	0	0	8
	For Handkerchiefs, the groce, cont. 12 dozen	0	2	0
	Of Hair, the groce, cont. 12 dozen	0	2	0

C

		l.	s.	d.
Cabinets or Counters	Small, the piece	1	0	0
	Large, the piece	2	0	0
Cables tarred or untarred, the 100 weight cont. 112 pounds		0	13	4
Caddas or Cruel Ribband, the dozen pieces, every piece containing 36 yards		1	10	0
Calve-skins in the Hair, the piece		0	1	8
Cambogium, vide Drugs				
Cameletto, half Silk, half Hair, the yard foreign		1	0	0
Candles of Tallow the pound		0	0	6
Candle plates, or Wallers of Braſs or Lattin the pound		0	1	4
Candleſticks	Of Braſs or Lattin the pound	0	1	8
	Of Wire, the dozen	0	6	8
Candlewick the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds		4	0	0
Canes or Reeds the thouſand		2	10	0
Of Wood, the dozen		0	4	0
The ſhock, containing ſixty Canes		1	0	0
Cant-ſpars the hundred, containing ſix ſcore		1	13	4
Capers the pound		0	0	6
Capravens the 100 containing 6 ſcore		3	13	4
Cap-hooks or hooks ends, the groce, cont. 12 dozen		0	15	0
Caps vocat.	Double tufted or cockared Caps the dozen	2	8	0
	For Children the dozen	1	0	0
	Night Caps of Satin and Velvet the dozen	3	0	0
	Night Caps of Silk knit the dozen	4	0	0
	Night Caps of Woollen the dozen	1	0	0
	Night Caps of Linen the dozen	0	8	0

		l.	s.	d.
Cards Vocat.	Playing Cards the groce cont. 12 dozen pair	4	0	0
	Wool-cards, old, the dozen pair	0	6	0
	Wool-cards, new, the dozen pair	0	10	0
Carpets vocat.	Of Tunney, the piece cont. two yards and a half	1	10	0
	Of England or Scotland, the piece	0	13	4
	Of Cornex the carpet two yards and a half long	1	5	0
	Brunſwick carpets, ſtript or unſtript the piece	0	10	0
	China of Cotton courſe the piece	0	4	0
	Gentiſh, the dozen	3	0	0
	Turkey or Venice ſhort, the piece	1	10	0
	Turkey or Venice long, cont. 4 yards and upwards	8	0	0
	Of Perſia the yard ſquare, the yard	2	5	0
Carrels the piece, containing fifteen yards		1	6	8
Caſes for looking Glaſſes gilt.	Of Number three and four the dozen	0	4	0
	Of Number five and ſix the dozen	0	7	0
	Of Number ſeven and eight the dozen	0	10	0
	Of Number nine and ten and upwards, the dozen	0	13	4
Caſes for looking Glaſſes ungilt.	Of Number three and four the dozen	0	2	0
	Of Number five and ſix the dozen	0	3	6
	Of Number ſeven and eight the dozen	0	5	0
	Of Number nine and ten the dozen	0	16	8
Caſes	With wooden Combs garniſhed the dozen	1	0	0
	With ſmall Ivory Combs garniſhed the dozen	1	6	8
	With middle ſort of Ivory Combs garniſhed the dozen	2	0	0
	With large Ivory Combs garniſhed the dozen	4	0	0
	For Combs ſingle, the groce cont. 12 dozen	1	0	0
	For Combs double, the groce cont. 12 dozen	2	0	0
	For Spectacles, the groce gilt, cont. 12 dozen	1	6	8
	For Spectacles, the groce ungilt, cont. 12 dozen	0	13	4
	For Needles, or Pin-caſes the groce, cont. 12 dozen	0	13	4
	For Needles, French gilt, the dozen	0	5	0
Caskets	Of Iron, ſmall the dozen	1	10	0
	Of Iron, middle ſort the dozen	2	8	0
	Of Iron large, the dozen	3	0	0
	Of Steel, the dozen	6	0	0
Caveere the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds		1	0	0
Caules of Linen for Women the dozen		0	8	0
Caules of Silk the dozen		1	6	8
Ciſterns of Lattin the pound		0	1	4
Chafin-diſhes	Of Braſs or Lattin the pound	0	1	4
	Of Iron the dozen	0	13	4
Chains	For Keys or Purſes, fine the dozen	0	8	0
	For Dogs, courſe the dozen	0	3	4
Chairs of Walnut-tree the piece		0	10	0

Unwa-

		l.	s.	d.
Chamlets	Unwatered, or Mohair, the yard	0	3	0
	Watered, the yard	0	5	0
	Half Silk, half Hair, the yard	0	10	0
Cheese the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds		0	6	8
Cherries the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds		1	0	0
Chess-boards the dozen		1	0	0
Chess-men the groce, containing 12 dozen		0	12	0
Chests.	Of Iron, small or middle sort the piece	5	0	0
	Of Iron, large the piece	6	13	4
	Of Cyprus wood, the nest, containing 3 Chests	1	10	0
	Of Spruce, or Dansk, the nest, containing 3 Chests	1	10	0
	Painted, the dozen	2	0	0
Chimney backs.	Small, the piece	0	6	8
	Large, the piece	0	13	4
China peale, the pound		0	3	4
Chizels for Joyners the dozen		0	4	0
Cittrens the dozen		3	0	0
Clapholt or clapboards	The small hundred cont. 6 score boards	0	15	0
	The Ring, cont. 2 small hundred	1	10	0
	The great hundred, cont. 24 small hundred	18	0	0
Claricods the pair		0	13	4
Cloaks of Felt the piece		2	0	0
Cochaneil vocat.	Silvester or Campeach Cochaneil the pound	0	1	8
	Of all sorts of Cochaneil, except Sylvester, or Campeach Cochaneil	0	6	8
Coals the Tun		0	6	8
Coffee the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds		20	0	0
Coffers	Covered with gilt leather, the dozen	2	0	0
	Covered with Velvet, the dozen	4	0	0
	With Iron bars, the nest, cont. three Coffers	1	12	0
	Plain, the nest, containing three Coffers	0	13	4
	Painted, the nest, containing three Coffers	0	16	0
Comashes out of Turkey the piece		4	0	0
Combs	For Wool, the pair old or new	0	3	4
	Of Bone, the pound	0	4	0
	Of Box, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0
	vocat. Light wood Combs, the groce cont. 12 dozen	0	6	8
	Of Horn for Barbers, the dozen	0	2	0
	Of Ivory, the pound	0	10	0
	Called Horse combs the dozen	0	4	0
Comfits the pound		0	2	0
Compasses	Of Iron for Carpenters the dozen	0	2	0
	Of Brass the dozen	0	4	0
	For Ships, the dozen	0	7	6

		l.	s.	d.
Copper	Bricks or Plates round or ſquare, the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0
	Chains, the chain	0	2	0
	Purles or Plate the mark	0	6	8
Copperas, the hundred weight, cont. 112 pounds		0	6	8
Cordage or Ropes tarred or untarred the hundred weight, cont. 112 pounds		0	13	4
Corke tacks of	Iron the thouſand	0	6	8
	Steel the thouſand	1	13	4
Cork	For Shoe-makers the dozen pieces	0	4	0
	Of all other ſorts, the 100 weight containing 112 pounds	0	16	8
Coverlets of Scotland, the piece		0	15	0
Counters of Lattin, the pound		0	1	0
Cruſes of ſtone with covers, the 100 cont. 5 ſcore		1	6	8
Cruſes of ſtone without covers, the 100 cont. 5 ſcore.		0	10	0
Cuſhions the dozen		0	10	0
Croſs-bows	Lathes the pound	0	1	0
	Thread the pound	0	0	8
	Racks the piece	0	10	0
Cuſhion cloths	Courſe the dozen	2	10	0
	Of Tapeſtry, the dozen	4	10	0
Cuttle-bones the thouſand		1	6	8
Corn vocat.	Wheat imported, the quarter	0	6	8
	Rye, the quarter	0	5	0
	Beans, Barley, Malt, Oats, the quarter	0	2	0

D

		l.	s.	d.
Dagges with firelocks or ſnaphances the piece		1	0	0
Dagger	Blades, the dozen	1	6	8
	For Children, the dozen	0	4	0
	Of bone for Children, the dozen	0	2	0
	Black, with velvet-ſheaths, the dozen	2	0	0
	Gilt, with velvet ſheaths, the dozen	3	0	0
Deals vocat.	Mebrow and Norway Deals the hundred containing ſix ſcore	4	0	0
	Burgendorp Deals the 100, cont. 6 ſcore	10	0	0
	Spruce Deals the 100, cont. 6 ſcore.	12	0	0
Desks	Or ſtays for Books the dozen	0	4	0
	For Women to work on, covered with woollen, the piece	0	5	0
	For Women, covered with velvet, the piece	0	10	0

Dials

		l.	s.	d.
Dials of	Wood the dozen	0	2	0
	Bone the dozen	0	8	0
Dimity the yard		0	2	0
Dogs of earth the groce, containing twelve dozen		4	0	0
Dornix	With caddas, the piece containing 15 yards	1	10	0
	With silk, the piece containing fifteen yards	2	0	0
	With Wool, the piece, containing fifteen yards	1	5	0
	With Thread, the piece containing fifteen yards	1	0	0
	French making, the ell	0	2	6
	French making, the yard	0	2	0
Drapery	Old Drapery the yard, coming from England	0	10	0
	From any other parts, the yard	8	10	0
	New Drapery, *viz.* Kersey, Serges, and all other Stuffs of Wool, or mixed with Wool from England	0	3	4
	From any other parts, the yard	2	5	0
Dudgeon the hundred pieces containing five score		1	0	0
Durances or Duretty	With Thread, the yard	0	6	8
	With Silk, the yard	0	10	0
Dutties the piece		1	0	0
Drugs called	Acacia the pound	0	4	0
	Acorus the pound	0	1	0
	Adiantum Album the pound	0	0	8
	Adiantum Nigrum the pound	0	0	6
	Agaricus or Agarick the pound trimmed or pared	1	0	0
	Agaricus rough or untrimmed the pound	0	5	0
	Agnus castus seeds the pound	0	1	0
	Alcanet Roots the pound	0	1	0
	Alkermes Syrup the pound	0	6	8
	Alkermes Confectio the ounce	0	4	0
	Aloes Cicotrina the pound	0	5	0
	Aloes epatica the pound	0	2	0
	Allom Romish or Roach the hundred containing one hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0
	Amber greece black or gray the ounce Troy	3	0	0
	Ameous seeds the pound	0	0	8
	Amomy seeds the pound	0	0	8
	Anacardium the pound	0	3	4
	Angelica the pound	0	1	0
	Antimonium preparatum or Stibium the pound	0	0	8
	Antimonium crudum the 100 weight cont. 112 pounds	1	0	0
	Argentum sublime or Lymum the pound, or Quicksilver	0	3	0
	Aristolochia longa, et Rotunda the pound	0	1	4
	Arsenick white or yellow, or Rosealger the pound	0	0	4
	Asarum roots the pound	0	1	0
	Aspalathus the pound	0	1	6
	Assafœtida the pound	0	1	2

Drugs called

	l.	s.	d.
Almonds bitter the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	2	0	0
Alumen plume the pound	0	1	0
Balauſtium the pound	0	2	6
Balſamum the pound artificial	0	3	4
Balſamum the pound natural	0	10	0
Bayberries the hundred and twelve pounds	0	13	4
Barley hull'd, or french barly the hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0
Bdellium the pound	0	2	6
Benalbum or Rubrum the pound	0	2	0
Benjamin of all ſorts the pound	0	5	0
Bezar ſtone of Weſt-Indies the ounce Troy	0	10	0
Bezar ſtone of the Eaſt-Indies the ounce Troy	3	0	0
Black lead the hundred and twelve pounds	1	10	0
Blatta Byzantia the pound	0	2	0
Bolus communis or armoniacus the hundred weight containing one hundred and twelve pounds	0	6	8
Bolus verus the pound, or fine bole	0	0	8
Borax in Paſte or unrefined, commonly called Tinkul the pound	0	3	4
Borax refined the pound	0	13	4
Bumkins, holy wortles, or Piſtolochia the pound	0	2	6
Calamus the pound	0	0	8
Camphire the pound refined	0	5	0
Camphire unrefined the pound	0	2	6
Cancri oculus the pound	0	4	0
Cantharides the pound	0	5	0
Caraway ſeeds the hundred and twelve pounds	1	4	0
Cardomomes the pound	0	3	0
Carpo balſami the pound	0	4	0
Carrabe or Succinum the pound	0	1	0
Carthamus ſeeds the pound	0	0	8
Caſſia Fiſtula the pound of all ſorts	0	1	6
Caſſia Lignea the pound	0	1	8
Caſtoreum, or Beaver cods the pound	0	10	0
Ceruſſa the hundred and twelve pounds	0	10	0
China roots the pound	0	6	8
Ciceres white and red the pound	0	0	6
Cyprus longus and rotundus the 112 pounds	1	13	4
Cyprus nuts the pound	0	0	8
Civet the ounce Troy	2	0	0
Coculus Indiæ the pound	0	2	0
Coloquintida the pound	0	2	0
Corral white or red in fragments for phyſical uſe the pound	0	3	4
Corral whole the pound	1	0	0
Corriander ſeeds the hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0

Drugs called

	l.	s.	d.
Cortex guiaci the 112 pounds	3	0	0
Cortex capparum the pound	0	1	0
Cortex tamariſci the pound	0	0	8
Cortex mandragoræ the pound	0	2	0
Coſcus dulcis and amara the pound	0	1	8
Cubebs the pound	0	1	4
Cummin ſeeds the 112 pounds	1	13	4
Cuſcuta the pound	0	1	0
Cyclamen or panis porcinus the pound	0	2	0
Citrago the pound	0	1	0
Cetrach the pound	0	1	0
Cinabrium, or Vermilion the pound	0	2	6
Coperas { White the 112 pounds	2	0	0
Coperas { Blue of Dantzick or Hungary the 112 pounds	0	12	0
Cambogium, or Gutta Gamboæ the pound	0	3	4
Chriſtal broken in pieces for Phyſick uſes the pounds	0	3	4
Carlina the pound	0	1	0
Carolina the pound	0	0	4
Cortex winteranus the pound	0	0	8
Daucus creticus the pound	0	4	0
Diagredium or Scamony the pound	1	0	0
Diptamy { Leaves the pound	0	1	0
Diptamy { Roots the pound	0	1	6
Doronicum the pound	0	2	6
Eleborus albus and niger the pound	0	0	8
Epithemum the pound	0	1	0
Es uſtum the pound	0	1	4
Euphorbium the pound	0	0	8
Fennel ſeeds the pound	0	0	6
Fenugreek the hundred and twelve pounds	0	15	0
Florey the pound	0	2	0
Folium Indiæ the pound	0	5	0
Fox lungs the pound	0	3	0
Frankincenſe of France or Parroſin the 112 pounds	0	12	0
Galbanum the pound	0	1	6
Galanga the pound	0	1	6
General the pound	0	1	4
Gentiana the pound	0	0	6
Ginney pepper the pound	0	1	0
Grana Pinæ the pound	0	1	0
Green Ginger the pound	0	2	0
Gum animi the pound	0	1	0
Gum armoniack the pound	0	1	0
Gum carrannæ the pound	0	4	0
Gum elemni the pound	0	10	0
Gum hederæ the pound	0	4	0

Gum

Drugs called

	l.	s.	d.
Gum lacke the pound	0	1	0
Gum faracol the pound	0	1	6
Gum oppopanax the pound	0	6	8
Gum ſerapinum, or ſegapinum the pound	0	1	0
Gum taccamahaccæ the pound	0	4	0
Gum tragagant the pound	0	1	0
Grana tinctorum the pound	0	2	0
Grains of Guinny or French Grains the 112 pounds	1	10	0
Gum Arabick, or Gum ſeneca the 112 pounds	1	10	0
Gum ſandrack, or Gum Juniper the 112 pounds	1	8	0
Gum guiaci the pound	0	5	0
Gum caramen the pound	0	0	6
Hermodactilus the pound	0	2	0
Hypociſtis the pound	0	2	0
Horns of Harts or Stags the hundred	1	10	0
Incenſe or olibanum the 112 pounds	5	0	0
Ireos the hundred and twelve pounds	2	10	0
Iſon glaſs the 112 pounds	5	0	0
Jujubes the pound	0	1	0
Jolop the pound	0	4	0
Juniper berries the 112 pounds	1	0	0
Labdanum or Lapodonum the pound	0	1	0
Lapis calaminaris the 112 pounds	0	16	8
Lapis Hematitis the pound	0	1	0
Lapis judaicus the pound	0	1	0
Lapis tutiæ the pound	0	1	0
Lapis lazuli the pound	0	10	0
Leaves of Roſes, the pound	0	1	0
Leaves of Violets or Flowers the pound	0	0	8
Lyntiſcus, or Xylobalſamum the pound	0	1	8
Lignum Aloes the pound	0	10	0
Lignum aſphaltum the pound	0	1	0
Lignum Rodium the 112 pounds	0	10	0
Lignum vitæ the 112 pounds	0	10	0
Litharge of Gold the 112 pounds	0	12	0
Litharge of Silver the 112 pounds	0	10	0
Locuſts the pound	0	1	4
Lupins the 112 pounds	0	10	0
Lentils the pound	0	0	3
Lapis contrayerva the ounce	0	5	0
Lignum nephriticum the pound	0	4	0
Madder roots or rubea tinctorum the pound	0	1	0
Manna the pound	0	2	6
Marmalade the pound	0	1	0
Maſtick white the pound	0	3	4
Maſtick red the pound	0	1	0

Mechoacan

Drugs called

	l.	s.	d.
Mechoachan the pound	0	2	6
Mercury ſublimate the pound	0	3	0
Mercury precipitate the pound	0	6	8
Mithridate venetia the pound	0	10	0
Millium ſolis the pound	0	1	0
Mirobolans dry the pound	0	1	0
Mirobolans condited the pound	0	1	8
Mirtle berries the pound	0	1	0
Mummia the pound	0	1	0
Muſk the ounce Troy	2	0	0
Muſk cods the dozen	2	0	0
Mirrha the pound	0	3	0
Nigilla the pound	0	0	8
Nitrum the pound	0	2	0
Nutmegs condited the pound	0	4	0
Nux de bene the pound	0	1	0
Nux cupreſſi the pound	0	0	8
Nux indica the piece	0	0	6
Nux vomica the pound	0	0	8
Nardus celtica, or ſpica romana, the 112 pounds	5	12	0
Nux pini, or grana pini the pound	0	1	0
Olibanum, or Incenſe the hundred and twelve pounds	5	0	0
Opium the pound	0	10	0
Oſippium huerredum the pound	0	0	6
Orcant or Almiet the pound	0	1	0
Orange Flower { Oyntment the pound	0	2	6
Orange Flower { Water the Gallon	0	5	0
Origanum the pound	0	0	8
Oſſa de corde cervi the pound	2	0	0
Oyl of Amber the pound	0	10	0
Oyl of Roſemary the pound	0	8	0
Oyl de bay the hundred and twelve pounds	2	0	0
Oyl of Mace or Nutmegs the pound	0	6	0
Oyl de bene the pound	0	6	8
Oyl of Spike the pound	0	1	8
Oyl of Almonds the pound	0	1	0
Oyl of Scorpions the pound	0	2	8
Oleum petroleum the pound	0	1	8
Oleum turpentine the pound	0	0	6
Orabus the pound	0	0	6
Orpiment, or auripigmentum the 112 pounds	2	0	0
Panther the pound	4	0	0
Panis porcinus vide ciclamen			
Pearl Seeds, the ounce Troy	0	3	4
Pelitorie the pound	0	0	6
Pepper long the pound	0	1	0
Perroſen, vide Frankincenſe			
Piony Seeds the pound	0	0	8

Drugs called

	l.	s.	d.
Piſtachias, or nux Piſtachia the pound	0	1	0
Pix Burgundy the hundred and twelve pounds	0	15	0
Polium montanum the pound	0	0	8
Polypodium the pound	0	0	4
Pomgranate Pills the hundred and twelve pounds	2	0	0
Poppy Seeds the pound	0	0	8
Precipitate vide Mercury Precipitate			
Pſyllum the pound	0	0	8
Prunellas or Prunes of Brunelia the pound	0	1	0
Quick Silver vide Argentum vivum			
Rhaponticum the pound	0	13	4
Radix Eſulæ the pound	0	1	0
Red Lead the hundred and twelve pounds	0	16	8
Rhabarbarum or Rubarb the pound	1	0	0
Roſealger, vide arſnick			
Roſſet the pound	0	0	6
Radix contrayerva the pound	0	3	4
Radix ſcorcionera the pound	0	3	4
Radix peonæ the pound	0	0	8
Sal alkali the pound	0	4	0
Sal amoniacum the pound	0	1	8
Sal gem the pound	0	0	8
Sal nitri the pound	0	1	6
Sandracha or Gum Juniperi the 112 pounds	1	8	0
Sandiver the hundred and twelve pounds	0	10	0
Sanguis Draconis the pound	0	3	4
Sarſaparilla the pound	0	3	4
Saſſafras Wood or Roots the 112 pounds	1	0	0
Sanders white the pound	0	1	0
Sanders yellow the pound	0	2	0
Sanders red, alias Stock the 112 pounds	4	0	0
Scamonium, vide diagredium			
Scincus marinus the piece	0	0	4
Scordium the pound	0	0	6
Scorpions the piece	0	0	3
Sebeſtines the pound	0	1	0
Seeds for Gardens of all ſorts the pound	0	0	8
Seler montanus the pound	0	0	8
Semen cucumeris cucurb citral melon the pound	0	0	8
Sena the pound	0	2	6
Soldonella the pound	0	0	8
Sperma cæti fine the pound	0	5	0
Sperma cæti courſe Oylie, the 112 pounds	4	0	0
Spica celtica vide nardus celtica, or ſpica romana			
Sanguis hirci the pound	0	1	0
Spicknard the pound	0	6	8
Spodium the pound	0	1	6
Spunges the pound	0	3	4

		l.	s.	d.
Drugs called	Squilla the hundred and twelve pounds	1	5	0
	Squinanthum the pound	0	3	4
	Stechados the pound	0	0	10
	Staphiſager the one hundred and twelve pounds	2	0	0
	Stibium, vide antimonium præparatum			
	Storax calamita the pound	0	5	0
	Storax liquida the pound	0	1	0
	Succus liquiritiæ the pound	0	1	0
	Sulphur vivum the pound	0	0	8
	Tamarinds the pound	0	0	10
	Terra lemnia the pound	0	5	0
	Terra ſigillata the pound	0	3	0
	Thlaſpii ſemen the pound	0	1	0
	Tornſel the pound	0	0	8
	Trochiſci de vipera the ounce Troy	0	5	0
	Treacle common the pound	0	2	0
	Treacle of venice the pound	0	10	0
	Turbith the pound	0	5	0
	Turbith phapſiæ the pound	0	2	0
	Turmerick the pound	0	1	0
	Turpentine of Venice, Scio or Cyprus, the pound	0	10	8
	Turpentine common the hundred and twelve pounds	0	10	0
	Talke white the pound	0	0	6
	Talke green the pound	0	2	0
	Verdegreece the pound	0	1	8
	Verniſh the hundred and twelve pounds	2	0	0
	Vermilion vide cinabrium			
	Vitriolum Romanum the pound	0	1	6
	Umber the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0
	Viſcus quercinus the pound	0	4	0
	White Lead the hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0
	Wormſeeds the pound	0	3	4
	Xylobalſamum, vide Lintiſcus			
	Zedoaria the pound	0	3	4

E.

	Earlings the groce, containing twelve dozen	1	0	0
	Ebony Wood the hundred weight cont. 112 pounds	1	0	0
	Elephants teeth, the hundred containing five ſcore	6	13	4
	Emery Stones the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	8	0

F.

Fans	For Corn the piece	0	6	8
	Of Paper the dozen	0	6	8
	For Women and Children of French making the dozen	2	0	0

		l.	s.	d.
Feathers	For Beds the hundred and twelve pounds	2	0	0
	Vocat, Eſtridge or Oſtridge Feathers undreſt the pound	1	0	0
Feather-beds old or new, the piece		1	13	4
Felts for Cloaks French making three yards and half long, one yard and half broad the Felt		4	0	0
Fiddles for Children the dozen		0	3	4
Fire-ſhovels the dozen		0	13	4
Fire-ſhovel Plates the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds		0	13	4
Figuretto the yard		0	8	4
Files the Groce, containing twelve dozen		1	0	0
Fiſh vocat	Codfiſh the Barrel	1	0	0
	Codfiſh the laſt containing twelve Barrels	12	0	0
	Codfiſh the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	4	0	0
	Cods-heads the Barrel	0	3	4
Cole-fiſh the hundred containing ſix ſcore		1	0	0
Fiſh vocat: Eels vocat	Pimper Eels the Barrel	1	0	0
	Shaft, Kine, or Dole Eels the Barrel	1	10	0
	Spruce Eels the Barrel	2	0	0
	Stub Eels the Barrel	2	6	8
	Quick Eels the Ships lading	20	0	0
Fiſh vocat: Gull fiſh the Barrel		0	16	8
Fiſh vocat: Haddocks the Barrel		0	6	8
Fiſh vocat: Herrings	White full or ſhotten the Barrel	1	0	0
	White full or ſhotten the laſt cont. 12 Barrels	12	0	0
	Red the cade containing five hundred	1	0	0
	Red the laſt containing twenty cade	12	6	8
Fiſh vocat: Lampreys the piece		0	1	0
Fiſh vocat: Lings of all ſorts the hundred containing ſix ſcore		6	13	4
Fiſh vocat: Newland	Small the hundred containing ſix ſcore	0	10	0
	Middle ſort the 100 containing ſix ſcore	1	0	0
	Fiſh great the hundred containing ſix ſcore	1	10	0
Fiſh vocat: Salmon	The Barrel	2	0	0
	Girles the Barrel	0	15	0
Fiſh vocat: Sealfiſh the Fiſh		0	13	4
Stock Fiſh: Crop lings.	The hundred containing ſix ſcore	0	13	4
	The laſt containing a thouſand	6	13	4
Stock Fiſh: Lubfiſh	The hundred containing ſix ſcore	1	6	8
	The laſt containing a thouſand	13	6	8
Stock Fiſh: Titlings	The hundred containing ſix ſcore	0	6	8
	The laſt containing a thouſand	3	6	8
Whitings the Barrel		0	10	0
Flaſks	Covered with Leather the dozen	0	5	0
	Covered with Velvet the dozen	2	0	0
	Of Horn the dozen	0	6	8
Flax	Spruce, Muſcovy, and all other Flax undreſt the hundred and twelve pounds	1	0	0
	Dreſt or wrought Flax, the 112 pounds	10	0	0
Fleams to let Blood, the piece		0	0	2

Flocks

			l.	s.	d.
		Flocks the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
		Flutes courſe the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0
		Freeze the yard	0	1	0
		Frizado the piece, containing twenty four yards	8	0	0
Furs vocat.		Armins the Timber, containing forty ſkins	2	0	0
		Badgers ſkins the piece	0	2	0
		Bears ſkins black or red the piece	1	0	0
		Bears ſkins white the piece	2	0	0
		Beavers ſkins the whole piece	0	5	0
		Beaver Wombs the piece	0	1	8
		Budge white tawed the 100, containing 5 ſcore ſkins	2	0	0
		Black tawed the dozen ſkins	1	6	8
		Black untawed the 100, containing 5 ſcore ſkins	3	10	0
		Poults the Fur, containing 4 panes	1	0	0
		Navern the hundred legs, containing five ſcore	0	8	4
		Rumney the hundred legs, containing five ſcore	0	6	8
		Calaber untawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	6	8
		Calaber tawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	8	0
		Calaber ſeaſoned the pane	1	0	0
		Calaber Stag the pane	0	12	6
		Calaber ſkins the hundred, containing five ſcore	2	0	0
		Cats poults the hundred, containing five ſcore	1	0	0
		Cats poults the Mantle	0	6	3
		Dockerers the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	13	4
	Fitches	The Timber containing forty ſkins	0	13	4
	Fitches	The pane or mantle	0	12	6
	Foxes	The black Fox ſkin	10	0	0
	Foxes	The ordinary ſkin	0	1	4
	Foxes	Wombs pouts or pieces the pane	0	10	0
	Foxes	The pane or mantle	0	15	0
	Foynes	Backs the dozen	0	13	4
	Foynes	Tails the pane or mantle	0	12	6
	Foynes	With Tails the piece	0	3	4
	Foynes	Without Tails the piece	0	4	4
	Foynes	Raw the piece	0	1	0
	Foynes	Pouts the hundred, containing five ſcore	1	6	8
	Foynes	Wombs ſeaſoned the pane or mantle	1	6	8
	Foynes	Wombs ſtag the pane or mantle	0	15	0
	Grayes	Untawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	8	4
	Grayes	Tawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	12	6
	Jennets	Black raw the ſkin	0	12	6
	Jennets	Black ſeaſoned the ſkin	0	16	8
	Jennets	Gray raw the ſkin	0	3	0
	Jennets	Gray ſeaſoned the ſkin	0	4	0
	Letwis	Tawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	8	4
	Letwis	Untawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	6	0
	Leopards	Skins the piece	1	5	0
	Leopards	Wombs the pane	5	0	0

			l.	s.	d.
Furs vocat.	Matrons	The Timber containing forty ſkins	10	0	0
		The pane or mantle	9	0	0
		Pouts the pane or mantle	0	10	0
		Gills the Timber containing forty ſkins	0	12	0
		Tails the hundred containing five ſcore	2	0	0
	Miniver the Mantle		0	13	4
	Minks	Untawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	3	0	0
		Tawed the Timber containing forty ſkins	4	0	0
		Mould ſkins the dozen	0	0	6
		Otter the piece	0	5	0
		Ounce ſkins the dozen	0	12	6
		Sables of all ſorts the Timber containing 40 ſkins	30	0	0
		Weaſels ſkins the dozen	0	0	4
	Wolf Skins	Tawed the piece	1	10	0
		Untawed the piece	1	3	0
		Woolverings the piece	0	12	6
Fuſtians vocat.	Jeans Millians, and Barmillians Engliſh, and the like Engliſh Manufactures of Thread, the whole piece		1	10	0
	Amſterdam, Holland or Dutch Fuſtians the piece, containing two half pieces of fifteen yards the half piece		6	0	0
	Barmillions the piece, containing two half pieces		6	0	0
	Cullen Fuſtians the piece, containing two half pieces		6	0	0
	Holmes and Bevernex Fuſtians the Bail, containing two half pieces		60	0	0
	Holmes and Bevernex Fuſtians the piece, containing two half pieces		2	14	0
	Jean Fuſtians the piece, containing two half pieces		2	5	0
	Millain Fuſtians the piece, containing two half pieces		6	0	0
	Naples Fuſtians tripe or velure plain, the half piece containing fifteen yards and half		6	0	0
	Naples Fuſtians tripe or velure plain the piece cont. 7 yards		3	0	0
	Naples Fuſtians tripe or velure plain the yard		0	8	0
	Naples Fuſtians wrought, vocat. Sparta Velvet the half piece containing ſeven yards and half		4	10	0
	Naples Fuſtians wrought, vocat. Sparta Velvet the yard		0	12	0
	Oſbrow or Auguſta Fuſtians the piece containing two half pieces		3	0	0
	With Silk the yard		0	6	0
	Of Weaſel the piece containing two half pieces		6	0	0
Fuſſes of Cloves the pound			0	2	6

G.

Gadza of all ſorts, without Gold or Silver the yard		0	2	8
Gadza ſtript with Gold or Silver the yard		0	5	0
Galley Diſhes the dozen		0	1	6
Garnets	Small rough, the pound	1	0	0
	Small or great cut, the pound	3	0	0
Gauntlets the pair		0	4	0

Garters

		l.	s.	d.
Garters of Silk, French making the dozen		3	0	0
Galls the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		1	0	0
Gimlets for Vintners the dozen		0	8	0
Girdles	Of Cruel the groce, containing twelve dozen	1	6	8
	Of Leather the groce, containing twelve dozen	1	13	4
	Of Silk the dozen	1	0	0
	Of Velvet the dozen	2	0	0
	Of Woollen the dozen	0	16	0
	Of counterfeit Gold and Silver the dozen	0	10	0
Glaſſes for Windows vocat.	Burgundy white, the Cheſt	2	10	0
	Burgundy coloured, the Cheſt	3	10	0
	Normandy white, the Caſe	1	0	0
	Normandy coloured, the Caſe	2	10	0
	Rheniſh the way or web, containing ſixty bunches	3	0	0
	Muſcovy Glaſs or Slade the pound	0	2	0
Drinking Glaſſes vocat.	Venice drinking Glaſſes the dozen	0	12	0
	Flanders drinking Glaſſes the hundred Glaſſes	0	16	8
	Scotch and French drinking Glaſſes the hundred, containing five ſcore	0	10	0
	Coarſe drinking Glaſſes the dozen	0	2	0
Glaſſes vocat.	Burning Glaſſes the dozen	0	2	0
	Balm Glaſſes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	5	0
	Vials the hundred, containing five ſcore	0	10	0
	Water Glaſſes the dozen	0	8	0
	Half penny Glaſſes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	8	0
	Penny Ware the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	16	0
Looking-Glaſſes vocat.	Of Steel ſmall the dozen	0	13	4
	Of Steel large	1	6	8
	Of Chriſtal ſmall the dozen under number ſix	1	10	0
	Of Chriſtal middle ſort the dozen, number ſix	3	0	0
	Of Chriſtal ſmall the dozen, number 7, 8, 9, 10	6	0	0
	Of Chriſtal the dozen, number 11, 12	45	0	0

Memorandum, that the ſaid numbers are accounted as Inches.

Hour-Glaſſes	Of Flanders making, coarſe the groce, containing twelve dozen	2	0	0
	Of Flanders making, the dozen fine	0	13	4
	Of Venice making the dozen	2	0	0
Glaſs ſtone plates for Spectacles rough the dozen		0	13	4
Glaſs plates or ſights for Looking Glaſſes unfiled.	Of Chriſtal ſmall under number ſix, the dozen	1	0	0
	Of Chriſtal number ſix, the dozen	2	0	0
	Of Chriſtal number 7, 8, 9, 10, the dozen	4	0	0
	Of Chriſtal number 11, 12, the dozen	30	0	0
Glaſs Pipes	Small the pound	0	5	0
	Great the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	5	0	0
Glew the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		1	0	0
Globes ſmall the pair		1	0	0
Globes large the pair		2	0	0
Gloves of all ſorts the dozen		1	10	0

Gold

		l.	s.	d.
Grocery Wares vocat.	Gold and Silver Thread right, the pound containing twelve ounces Venice weight	2	0	0
	Gold foil, the ſmall groce containing twelve dozen	0	6	8
	Gold Paper the ſmall groce containing twelve dozen	0	13	4
	Grains French or Guiny the pound	0	0	8
	Grains, or ſcarlet powder, the pound	0	6	8
	Grains of Sevil in berries, or grains of Portugal or Rotta the pound	0	3	4
	Grindſtones the Chalder	0	13	4
	Almonds the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	0	0
	Anniſeeds the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	0	0
	Cloves the pound	0	8	0
	Currans the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0
	Dates the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	10	0
	Ginger Of the Eaſt-Indies the pound	0	3	0
	Ginger Of the Weſt-Indies the pound	0	1	4
	Ginger Of the Engliſh plantation the 112 pounds	1	0	0
	Liquoriſh the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0
	Mace the pound	0	15	0
	Nutmegs the pounds	0	6	0
	Pepper the pound	0	2	0
	Cinamon the pound	0	6	8
	Raiſins of all ſorts the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	3	4
	Figs the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0
	Prunes the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	12	0
	Sugar Candy brown, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	8	0	0
	Sugar Candy white, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	12	0	0
	Sugar White of the Engliſh plantation, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	5	0	0
	Sugar Muſcovadoes the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0
	Sugar White Sugar Foreign, or imported from any Foreign place, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	9	6	8
	Sugar Refined double or ſingle in Loafes made in England, the hundred, containing 112 pounds	6	0	0
	Sugar Saint Thome and Penallis the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0
	Turkey Grograms the yard	0	3	9
	Guns vocat. Callivers the piece	0	15	0
	Guns vocat. Muſkets the piece	0	5	0
	Gun-powder vocat. Serpentine the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	0	0
	Gun-powder vocat. Corn powder the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	5	0	0

Halberts

H.

		l.	s.	d.
Halberts	Gilt the piece	0	13	4
	Ungilt the piece	0	3	4
Hammers	With wooden handles or without, the dozen	0	4	0
	Vocat. Horſemans Hammers the dozen	0	13	4
Hankerchiefs the dozen		3	0	0
Harneſs Roſes the thouſand		0	1	0
Harneſs vocat.	Corſelets compleat the piece	1	0	0
	Curats the piece	0	12	6
	Morrians or head pieces graven the piece	0	10	0
	Morrians or head pieces plain the piece	0	5	0
Harpſtrings or Catlings the groce, containing twelve dozen		0	5	0
Hatbands the groce, containing twelve dozen		5	0	0
Hats of Bever wool or hair the Hat		5	0	0
All other Hats the piece		1	0	0
Hawks hoods the groce, containing twelve dozen		1	6	8
Hair Bottoms for Sieves the groce, containing twelve dozen		0	10	0
Hair vocat.	Camels hair the pound	0	1	0
	Elks hair for Saddles the hundred wt. cont. 112 pounds	0	12	6
	Goats Hair the 112 pounds	0	1	0
Headings for Pipes, Hogſheads, or Barrels, the hundred cont. ſix ſcore		0	6	8
Heath for Bruſhes the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		1	0	0
Hemp vocat.	Hemp ſhort dreſt, the hundred weight, cont. 112 pounds	6	0	0
	Cullen or Steel Hemp, and all other ſorts of dreſt Hemp the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	10	0	0
	Spruce Muſcovia and all other rough Hemp, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	13	4
Hides vocat.	Buff Hides the Hide	1	0	0
	Cow Hides of Barbary and Muſcovia, the Hide	0	5	0
	Cow or Horſe Hides tanned the piece	0	10	0
	Cow or Horſe Hides in the hair the piece	0	5	0
	India Hides the Hide	0	8	4
	Loſh Hides the piece	0	5	0
	Red or Muſcovia Hides tanned, coloured or uncoloured the Hide	0	6	8
Hilts for Swords and Daggers the dozen		2	0	0
Honey	The Barrel	2	0	0
	The Tun	12	0	0
Hoops	Of Iron for Pipes or Hogſheads the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	6	8
	For Coopers the thouſand	1	6	8
Hoops of all ſorts the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		2	0	0
Horſes and Mares, Geldings and Nags, the piece		0	5	0
Hoſe of Cruel. vocat. Mantua Hoſe the pair		0	10	0

I.

	l.	s.	d.
Jeat the pound	0	3	4
Jews Trumps the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	10	0
Imperlings blew or red the dozen	1	10	0
Ink for Printers the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
Ink-horns: The groce containing twelve dozen	3	0	0
Ink-horns: Of Glaſs, the dozen	0	12	0
Inkle: Unwrought the pound	0	2	6
Inkle: Wrought the dozen pounds	6	0	0
Inkle: Rowls the dozen pieces, containing thirty ſix yards the piece	4	0	0
Indico of all ſorts the pound	0	3	4
Indico duſt the pound	0	1	8
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Bullet ſkrews the dozen	0	4	0
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Inciſion, ſheers the dozen	0	5	0
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Sets, the bundle containing ſixteen	0	2	0
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Paces, or Tooth-drawers the dozen	0	5	0
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Pullicanes the dozen	0	5	0
Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Trepanes the dozen	0	10	0
Iron vocat.: Amys, Spaniſh, Spruce, and Swediſh, the tun	24	0	0
Iron vocat.: Backs for Chimneys, ſmall the piece	0	6	8
Iron vocat.: Backs for Chimneys, large the piece	0	13	4
Iron vocat.: Bands for Kettles the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
Iron vocat.: Fire Irons the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	10	0
Iron vocat.: Hoops the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	6	8
Indico of the Engliſh plantation, the pound	0	1	0
Iron Ore and Cinders the tun	0	10	0
Juice of Lemmons the pipe	4	0	0
Ivory, the pound	0	10	0

K.

	l.	s.	d.
Keyknops the groce, containing twelve dozen	1	0	0
Knives vocat.: Almine, Bohemia, and all other coarſe Knives the dicker, containing ten Knives	0	3	0
Knives vocat.: Butchers Knives the dicker, containing ten Knives	0	3	0
Knives vocat.: Carving Knives the dozen	3	0	0
Knives vocat.: Cullen Knives the groce, containing twelve dozen	8	0	0
Knives vocat.: French Knives the bundle, containing twelve dozen	4	0	0
Knives vocat.: Glovers Knives the bundle, containing ſix Knives	1	10	0
Knives vocat.: Pen Knives the groce, containing twelve dozen	1	10	0
Knives vocat.: Sker Knives the dicker, containing ten Knives	0	3	0
Knives vocat.: Stock Knives ungilt the dozen ſtocks	4	0	0
Knives vocat.: Stock Knives gilt the dozen ſtocks	6	0	0

L.

		l.	s.	d.
Lace vocat.	Bone Lace of Thread the dozen yards	2	0	0
	Brittain Lace the ſmall groce, containing twelve dozen yards	3	0	0
	Cruel Lace the ſmall groce, containing twelve dozen	4	0	0
	Of Gold or Silver, or Silver and Gold, the pound Troy or Venice weight	8	0	0
	Gold and Silver Lace the ounce Troy	0	5	0
	Pomet Lace the groce, containing twelve dozen yards	1	0	0
	Purle or Antled Lace of Thread the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0
	Silk Bone Lace the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	10	0	0
	Silk Lace of all other ſorts the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	5	0	0
Ladles vocat.	Melting Ladles the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
Lapis magnata	falſe the pound	0	3	0
Lattin vocat.	Black Lattin the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
	Shaven Lattin the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	10	0
Lead	the tun, containing twenty hundred weight	6	0	0
Lead Ore	the tun	4	0	0
Lemmons	pickled the pipe	4	0	0
Lemmon water	the tun	10	13	4
Lemmon water	the gallon	0	0	11
Leather vocat.	Bazil Leather the dozen	20	0	0
	Spaniſh Turkey, Eaſt India or Cordovant, the dozen ſkins	5	0	0
	Spruce, Muſcovia or Danſk Leather the dozen ſkins	2	0	0
	Hangings gilt the piece	4	0	0
	Leather for Maſks the pound	0	6	8
Leaves of Gold,	the hundred Leaves containing five ſcore	0	5	0
Lures for Hawks	the piece	0	1	4
Lime for Dyers	the barrel	0	5	0
Lines of Hamborough	for Ships the piece	0	6	6
Linſeed	the buſhel	0	5	0
Linnes	blue or red the dozen	1	10	0
Callicoes	fine or coarſe the piece	0	12	0
Cambricks	The half piece, containing ſix ells	1	5	0
	The piece, containing thirteen ells	2	10	0
	The packet	2	10	0
Linnen Cloth or Canvas called	Dutch Barras, and Heſſens Canvas, the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	3	10	0
	French and Normandy Canvas, and line narrow brown or white, the hundred ells containing ſix ſcore	6	10	0
	Noyal Canvas the hundred ells containing 120	8	0	0
	White French or Normandy Canvas broad, the hundred ells containing 120	10	0	0
	French Canvas, and line broad for tabling, being an ell and half a quarter and upwards, the hundred ells containing 120	15	0	0

				l.	s.	d.
Linnen Cloath called	Canvas called		Packing Canvas, Guttings and ſpruce Canvas, the hundred ells containing 120	3	0	0
			Poledavies, ſpruce, Elbing or Quinborough Canvas the bolt containing 28 ells	0	18	0
			Stript or tufted Canvas with Thread the piece containing 15 Yards	0	18	0
			Stript or tufted or quilted Canvas with Silk, the piece containing 15 yards	1	10	0
			Stript Canvas with Copper, the piece containing 15 yards	2	0	0
			Vandaloſe or vittry Canvas, the hundred ells, containing 120	6	0	0
			Working Canvas for Cuſhions narrow, the hundred ells, containing 120	3	0	0
			Working Canvas broad, the hundred ells containing 120	5	0	0
	Damaſk		Tabling of Holland making the yard	0	8	0
			Towelling and Napkinning of Holland making the yard	0	3	0
			Tabling of Sileſia making the yard	0	4	0
			Towelling and Napkinning of Sileſia making the yard	0	1	4
	Diaper		Tabling of Holland making the yard	0	5	0
			Towelling and Napkinning of Holland making the yard	0	1	8
			Napkins of Holland making the dozen	1	10	0
			Of Sileſia making Tabling the yard	0	2	6
			Towelling and Napkinning of Sileſia making the yard	0	1	0
	Lawns		The half piece, containing ſix ells and one half	1	5	0
			The piece, containing thirteen ells	2	10	0
			Callico Lawns the piece	1	0	0
			French Lawns the piece	1	5	0
			Sileſia Lawns the piece, containing between four and eight yards	0	10	0
	Flanders Linnen Cloath.	Oudenard, Courtrey, Gentiſh, Iſſingham, Iper, Outnal	And all other ſorts of Flanders white the ell	0	3	6
	Iſſingham and Gentiſh brown, and all other brown Linnen the ell			0	2	6
	Bag Holland of Holland making the ell			0	6	8
	Holland Linnen	Ætes cloath, Brabant, Emden, Freeze, Gulick, Overiſſels, Rowſe, Shephards	And all other cloath of Holland the ell	0	3	4

		l.	s.	d.
Linnen Cloath called	Britiſh the hundred ells, containing five ſcore	6	0	0
	Cowsfield cloath or plats the ell	0	1	6
	Drilling and pack duck the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	2	5	0
	Elbing or Danſk Cloath double ploy the ell	0	1	0
	Hamborough and Sileſia Cloth broad the hundred ells, containing 120 white or brown	7	0	0
	Hamborough Cloath narrow the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	4	0	0
	Hinderlands, Middlegood, Headleke and Muſcovia Linnen narrow the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	2	10	0
	Lockrams the piece broad	10	0	0
	Lockrams the piece narrow	6	0	0
	Minſters the Roll, containing fifteen hundred ells, at five ſcore to the hundred	47	10	0
	Oxenbrigs the Roll, containing fifteen hundred ells, at five ſcore to the hundred	60	0	0
	Soultwich the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	4	0	0
	Polonia, Ulſters, Hanover, Lubeck, narrow Sileſia, narrow Weſtphalia, narrow Hatford, plain Napkinning, and all other narrow Cloath of High Dutchland, and the Eaſt Country, white or brown, and not otherwiſe, rated the 100 ells, containing ſix ſcore	5	0	0
	Strasborough or Hamborough Linnen the ell	0	3	0
Locks called	Budget or Hanging Locks ſmall the groce, containing twelve dozen	1	10	0
	Hanging Locks large the groce, containing twelve dozen	3	0	0
Lockers or Chapes for Daggers the groce, containing twelve dozen		0	13	4
Lutes	Collein making with Caſes, the dozen	8	0	0
	Venice making with Caſes, the dozen	24	0	0
Lute-ſtrings vocat.	Catlings the groce, containing twelve dozen knots	0	2	8
	Minikins the groce, containing twelve dozen knots	1	6	8
Litmus, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		1	0	0

M.

Madder vocat.	Crop Madder, and all other bale Madder, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0
	Fat Madder the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds	0	16	8
	Mull Madder the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds	0	5	0
Magnus the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds		1	0	0
Maps printed, the Ream		4	0	0
Maſks	Of Velvet, the dozen	3	0	0
	Of Sattin, the dozen	2	0	0
Maſts	For Ships, ſmall the Maſt	0	3	4
	Middle, the Maſt	0	10	0
	Great, the Maſt	1	0	0
Match for Guns the pound		0	0	2
Mats of Ruſſia, the mat		0	0	6

Malt

	l.	s.	d.
Malt and Barley, *vide* Corn.			
Meal of Wheat or Rye, the laſt, containing 12 Barrels	6	0	0
Melaſſes of Rameals the tun	6	0	0
Meſelanes the piece, containing thirty yards	9	0	0
The ſingle piece, containing 14 yards of Sileſia making	1	16	0
Metheglin the hogſhead	2	0	0
Mithridate the pound	1	0	0
Mocado ends the dozen pound	3	0	0
Morters and Peſtles of Braſs the pound	0	1	4
Muſtardſeed the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0
Mittins of Wadmol the dozen pair	0	9	0

N.

Nails vocat.	Chair Nails the thouſand	0	13	4
	Copper Nails, Roſe Nails, and Sadlers Nails, the Sum, containing ten thouſand	0	13	4
	Head-nails the barrel	8	0	0
	Harneſs-nails the Sum, containing ten thouſand	1	0	0
	Small Nails the half barrel	8	0	0
	Spring Nails the Sum, containing ten thouſand	0	6	8
Napkins French making the dozen		0	12	0
Neats Tongues	Of Ruſſia the piece	0	0	2
	The barrel	0	10	0
	The dozen	0	2	6
Neckerchers of Flanders making the dozen		6	0	0
Needles	The dozen thouſand	2	10	0
	Vocat. Pack-needles the thouſand	0	10	0
	Vocat. Sail-needles the thouſand	0	5	0
Nutmegs pickled the piece		0	0	4
Nuts vocat. ſmall Nuts the barrel		0	10	0
Nuts vocat. Walnuts the barrel		0	6	8

O.

Oackham the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		0	5	0
Oaker the barrel		1	6	0
Ore vocat. Iron Ore the tun		0	10	0
Olives the Hogſhead		8	0	0
Onions	The Barrel	0	3	4
	The hundred Bunches	0	16	8
	Seeds the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0
Orchal the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		1	10	0
Oranges and Lemmons the thouſand		5	0	0
Orſedew the dozen pound		1	6	8

Packthread

P.

		l.	s.	d.
Packthread vocat.	In Skeins the hundred weight	3	0	0
	Bottom Thread the hundred pound	2	10	0
Pans vocat.	Dripping and Frying-pans the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	2	0	0
	Warming pans the dozen	3	0	0
Paper vocat.	Blew paper the ream	0	10	0
	Brown paper the bundle	0	3	0
	Cap paper the ream	0	7	6
	Demy paper the ream	0	12	0
	Moralaix paper the ream	0	2	6
	Ordinary printing and copy paper the ream	0	2	6
	Paper of Caen and Roan ordinary, the ream	0	4	6
	Painted paper the ream	0	13	4
	Preſſing paper the hundred leaves	0	13	4
	Rochel paper as large as Demy paper	0	9	0
	Royal paper the ream	1	0	0
Parchment the roll		2	2	0
Paſt of Jean the pound		0	7	6
Pears or Apples dried the barrel		0	10	0
Penners the groce, containing twelve dozen		2	0	0
Piercer Bits the groce, containing twelve dozen		1	0	0
Pike heads the piece		0	0	6
Pikes	Without heads the piece	0	3	6
	With heads the piece	0	4	6
Pins the dozen thouſand		1	0	0
Pincers or Plyers the dozen		0	3	4
Pintadoes, or Callico Cupboard Cloaths the piece		2	0	0
Pipe or Hogſhead or Barrel Staves the hundred, containing ſix ſcore		0	6	8
Pipes for Tabors the dozen		4	0	0
Pipes for Children the groce, containing twelve dozen		0	8	0
Pitch vocat.	Small Band the laſt, containing twelve barrels	2	0	0
	Great Band the laſt, containing twelve barrels	3	6	8
Plaiſter of Paris the Mount, containing three thouſand weight		2	0	0
Plain Irons the dozen		0	2	0
Planks of Cedar the foot		0	1	0
Planks of England the hundred foot, containing five ſcore		0	12	6
Plates	All Bullion either in Coin, Bars or Plates, to be imported duty free			
	Single white or black the barrel, containing 300 plates	2	0	0
	Double white or black the barrel, containing 300 plates	4	0	0
	Harneſs plates or Iron doubles the plate	0	2	0
	Harneſs plates or Iron doubles the bundle, containing ten plates	1	0	0
Playing Tables of Walnut Tree the pair		0	6	8
Points	Of Thread the great groce, containing twelve ſmall groce	1	0	0
	Of Capiton, the great groce, containing twelve ſmall groce	2	0	0
	Of fine Silk the ſmall groce, containing twelve dozen	1	10	0

	l.	s.	d.
Pomy or pumice ſtones the tun	0	13	4
Pomgranats the thouſand	2	0	0
Pots vocat. Of earth or ſtone covered the 100, containing five ſcore	1	6	8
Pots vocat. Of earth or ſtone uncovered, containing a gallon to every caſt, whether in one pot or more	2	0	0
Pots vocat. Gally pots the hundred, containing five ſcore	2	0	0
Pots vocat. Melting pots for Goldſmiths the hundred	0	3	0
Pots vocat. All pots and kettles of Iron the dozen	6	0	0
Pullies vocat. Pullies of Iron the groce, containing twelve dozen	5	0	0
Pullies vocat. Of Braſs the dozen	0	4	0
Pullies vocat. Of Wood the groce, containing twelve dozen	1	0	0
Punſons and Gravers for Goldſmiths the pound	0	1	0

Q.

Quilts French making the dozen	4	16	0
Quilts Of Callico the piece	2	0	0
Quilts Of Sattin or other Silk the piece	6	13	4
Quinces the hundred	0	4	0

R.

Rackets the piece	0	0	8
Rape of Grape, the tun	3	0	0
Rapeſeed the quarter	1	0	0
Raſhes vocat. Bridges or Leyden Raſhes the ſingle piece, containing fifteen yards	4	0	0
Raſhes vocat. Bridges or Leyden Raſhes Engliſh the double piece, containing thirty yards	3	0	0
Raſhes vocat. Cloath Raſhes Engliſh the piece	6	0	0
Rattles For Children the groce, containing twelve dozen	1	0	0
Rattles With Bells the dozen	0	4	0
Razors the dicker, containing ten	1	0	0
Recorders the Set or Caſe, containing five Recorders	1	0	0
Ribbands of Silk, and all other Silken Manufacture, the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	5	0	0
Ribband of Gold, Silver, or both, the pound containing 16 ounces	8	0	0
Rice the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	5	0
Rozen the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	5	0
Rims for Sieves the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	6	0
Rugs of all ſorts the piece	1	0	0
Rings vocat. For Keys the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	9	0
Rings vocat. For Curtains the pound	0	1	4
Rings vocat. Of Wyer the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	4	4
Rings vocat. Of Braſs, Copper, or St. Martins gilt, the groce, containing twelve dozen	1	0	0
Rings vocat. Small the Box containing two groce, twelve dozen to each groce	0	10	0
Rings vocat. Of Hair the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	3	0

S.

		l.	s.	d.
Sack-Cloath	The hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	8	0	0
	Of ſingle Threads the piece, containing fifteen yards	0	10	0
	With white Thread the yard	0	1	0
	With Silk the yard	0	1	6
Saddles of Steel the piece		1	0	0
Saffora, vide Barilla				
Safflore the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		4	0	0
Saffron the pound		1	10	0
Salt of all ſorts the buſhel, containing eight gallons		0	1	0
Salt-petre the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		2	0	0
Saws vocat.	Hand-ſaws the dozen	0	6	8
	Tennant-ſaws the dozen	0	13	4
	Whip-ſaws the piece	0	5	0
	Leg-ſaws the piece	0	6	8
Scamoty the yard		0	0	8
Scamoty the piece, containing thirteen yards		0	8	8
Sciſſers the groce, containing twelve dozen		1	13	4
Sea Holly Roots the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		1	0	0
Sea-horſe teeth the pound		0	5	0
Searge	Of Athens the yard	0	2	0
	Of Florence the yard	1	0	0
Shears	For Shearmen new the pair	1	0	0
	For Shearmen old the pair	0	13	4
	For Glovers the pair	0	1	0
	For Seamſters the dozen	0	3	4
	Vocat. Forceps the groce, containing twelve dozen	0	13	4
	For Taylors the dozen	0	16	0
Shubs of Calaber the piece or ſhub		2	0	0
Shumake the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		0	13	4
Shruff or old Braſs the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		3	0	0
Syder and Perry the tun		2	0	0
Silk	Bridges ſilk the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	2	0	0
	Ferret or Floret ſilk the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	1	0	0
	Fyllozel or Paris ſilk the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	0	15	0
	Granada: Silk black the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	3	0	0
	Granada: Silk in colours the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	4	0	0
	Naples ſilk in colours the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	2	10	0
	Orgazine ſilk the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	0	16	8
	Pole or Spaniſh ſilk the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	2	0	0
	Raw China ſilk the pound, containing 24 ounces	1	0	0
	Raw Morea ſilk the pound, containing 24 ounces	0	10	0
	Raw long ſilk of all ſorts, except China and Morea, the pound, containing 24 ounces	0	10	0
	Raw ſhort ſilk or Capiton the pound, containing 24 ounces	0	6	8
	Sattin ſilk the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	2	0	0

		l.	s.	d.
Silk	Sleave ſilk coarſe, the pound containing 16 ounces	0	13	4
	Sleave ſilk fine, or Naples ſleave the pound containing ſixteen ounces	2	13	4
	Silk Nubs or Huſks, the pound containing 21 ounces	0	2	0
	Thrown ſilk, the pound containing ſixteen ounces	1	13	4
	Thrown ſilk, the pound dyed cont. ſixteen ounces	2	10	0
	China Damaſk the yard	2	13	4
	Cloath of Gold and Silver plain the yard	4	0	0
	Cloath of Gold and Silver wrought the yard	6	0	0
	Cloath of Tiſſue the yard	10	0	0
	All Silks wrought of the Fabrick or Manufacture of the Eaſt-Indies, Italy or any parts or places whatſoever, the pound weight containing ſixteen ounces	2	10	0
Skins vocat.	Buck ſkins in the hair the ſkin	0	2	6
	Dreſt the ſkin	0	5	0
	Calve-ſkins Raw the dozen	0	6	8
	Calve-ſkins Tanned	0	10	0
	Cordovant of Scotland the dozen	1	6	8
	Dogfiſh ſkins for Fletchers, the dozen	0	0	6
	Fox ſkins dreſt, the dozen	0	16	0
	Gould ſkins, the ſkin	0	0	6
	Goat ſkins Of Barbary, or the Eaſt-Country, in the hair, the dozen	0	15	0
	Goat ſkins Of England and Scotland in the hair, the dozen	0	6	8
	Goat ſkins Tanned, the dozen	2	0	0
	Huſs ſkins for Fletchers, the ſkin	0	0	8
	Kid ſkins in the hair, the hundred cont. five ſcore	1	0	0
	Dreſt, the hundred containing five ſcore	2	0	0
	Portugal ſkins, the dozen	2	0	0
	Seal ſkins the ſkin	0	1	0
	Shamois ſkins, the dozen	1	6	8
	Sheep ſkins in the Wool, the ſkin	0	0	3
	Spaniſh Sevil or Cordovant ſkins, the dozen	5	0	0
	Spruce ſkins tawed the dozen	2	0	0
	Skeets for Whitſters, the ſkeet	0	1	0
	Slip, the Barrel	0	3	4
	Smalts the pound	0	1	6
	Snuffets of all ſorts the dozen	0	6	8
Soap vocat.	Caſtle or Venice the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	3	0	0
Soap vocat.	Flemiſh, the Barrel	4	0	0
	Spangles of Copper, the thouſand	0	1	0
	Spars ſmall, the hundred containing ſix ſcore	1	0	0
	Spectacles without Caſes, the groce containing twelve dozen	1	0	0
	Spirits perfectly made, the Gallon	1	0	0
	Spoons of Horn, the groce containing twelve dozen	0	16	0
	Spunges, (vide) Drugs			

		l.	s.	d.
Stand-dishes.	Of Wood the dozen	0	4	0
	Of Brass the dozen	0	12	0
	Covered with Leather gilt the piece	0	6	8
	Vocat. pocket Standishes the dozen	0	2	0
Starch white the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds		5	0	0
Staves vocat.	Barrel staves the 100 containing six score	0	3	0
	Firkin staves the 100 containing six score	0	2	0
Steel of all sorts the 100 weight containing 112 pounds		1	0	0
Stockings	Of Worsted for Men and Women the pair	0	6	0
	Of Worsted for Children the pair	0	3	4
	Of Woollen for Men and Women the pair	0	3	0
	Of Woollen for Children the pair	0	1	8
Stone Birds or Whistles, the groce containing 12 dozen		0	4	0
Stockings of silk the pair		2	0	0
Stones vocat.	Blood-stones the pound	0	10	0
	Cane-stones the Tun	0	10	0
	Dog-stones the last, containing three pair to the last	6	0	0
	Mill-stones the piece	3	6	8
	Quern-stones large, the last	3	0	0
	Quern-stones small, the last	1	10	0
	Slick-stones the hundred, containing five score	0	10	0
Sturgeon	The Firkin	1	10	0
	The Cagg	0	15	0
Succard, wet or dry the pound		0	3	0
Sword-blades	Of Venice, Turkey or fine Blades the dozen	1	10	0
	Course of Flanders making the dozen	1	0	0

T.

		l.	s.	d.
Table-Books	Course, the dozen	0	10	0
	Fine, the dozen	1	0	0
Tables vocat. playing Tables of Wainscot, and all other sorts course, the pair		0	5	0
Tacks of Iron the thousand		0	6	8
Tennets of Cruel the yard		0	6	0
Tapistry	With hair the Flemish Ell	0	2	0
	With Caddas the Flemish Ell	0	6	0
	With Silk the Flemish Ell	0	10	0
	With Gold or Silver the Flemish Ell	6	0	0
	With Wool the Ell	0	3	0
Tarras the Barrel		0	5	0
Tar	Small Band the last containing twelve Barrels	2	0	0
	Great Band the last containing twelve Barrels	3	6	8
Teazels the thousand		0	1	0
Thimbles the thousand		3	0	0

		l.	s.	d.
Thread	Bridges Thread the dozen pounds	2	5	0
	Croſbow Thread the 100 pounds cont. five ſcore	3	6	8
	Lions or Paris thread, the Bale cont. 100 bolts	15	0	0
	Outnal thread the dozen pounds	3	0	0
	Piecing thread the dozen pounds	4	0	0
	Siſters thread the pound	0	15	0
	Whited brown the dozen pounds	1	0	0
Thrums	Of Linen or Fuſtian the pound	0	0	6
	Of Woollen the pound	0	1	0
Ticks	Brizel Ticks, and counterfeit Brizel the Tick	1	10	0
	Turnal Ticks, the Tick	1	10	0
Ticking of the Eaſt Country, the yard		0	0	8
Ticks of Stode the Tick		1	10	0
Tincal the pound vide Drugs				
Tinfoyle the groce containing twelve dozen		0	3	4
Tinglaſs the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		3	0	0
Tinſel	With Copper the yard	0	5	0
	Right of Gold and Silver the yard	0	10	0
Tinſhore the groce containing twelve dozen		0	1	6
Tobacco	Spaniſh and Brazil Tobacco, or any not Engliſh Plantation the pound	0	10	0
	Spaniſh or Brazil Tobacco in pudding or roll the pound	0	10	0
	St. Chriſtophers Barbadoes or any of the Carib. Iſlands, Virginia or Summer Iſlands the pound	0	1	8
Tools vocat. Carving Tools the groce cont. 12 dozen		1	0	0
Tow, the hundred weight containing 112 pounds		0	10	0
Trays of Wood, the ſhock containing ſixty Trays		1	0	0
Treacle	Flanders Treacle the Barrel	4	0	0
	Of Jean the pound	0	0	10
Trees of all ſorts free				
Trenchers	White ſort common, the groce cont. 12 dozen	0	4	0
	Red or painted, the groce cont. 12 dozen	0	12	0
Treen Nails the thouſand		0	10	0
Trunnels the thouſand		0	10	0
Tweezers of France the dozen		3	0	0
Twine	Of Hamborough the pound	0	0	6
	The hundred weight containing 112 pounds	2	10	0
Twiſt for Bandſtrings the dozen knots		0	10	0
Tyn	Of Cornwal and Devonſhire unwrought, the 100 weight containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
	Wrought, vocat. Pewter the hundred weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds	4	0	0

V.

Vallances of Scotland the piece	0	8	0
Verditer the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	6	8
Verders of Tapiſtry with hair the Flemiſh Ell	0	2	0

Vellum

	l.	s.	d.
Vellum for Table-books the ſkin	0	10	0
Vials the piece	0	13	4
Vice Haſps the dozen	0	2	0
Vinegar the Tun	5	0	0
Vizards the dozen	1	4	0

W.

Wadmol the yard	0	0	9
Wainſcots the hundred containing ſix ſcore	10	0	0
Wax — The hundred containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
Wax — Vocat. Hard Wax the pound	0	3	4
Whalebone the hundred weight	0	10	0
Whetſtones the hundred ſtones containing five ſcore	0	15	0
Whipcord the pound	0	0	8
Whiſtles, Cocks or Bellows, the groce	1	4	0
Whiſtles, Cocks or Birds of ſtone, the ſmall groce contain. twelve dozen	0	4	0
Wormſeed the pound	0	3	0
Worſteds vocat. — St. Omers, narrow or half Worſted the piece	1	0	0
Worſteds vocat. — Ruſſels Worſted or broad Worſted the piece	2	0	0
Woad — Iſlands or green Woad the Tun containing twenty hundred weight	8	0	0
Woad — Tholouſe Woad the hundred weight cont. 112 pounds	1	13	4
Wood vocat. — Box Wood for Combs the thouſand pieces	1	13	4
Wood vocat. — Brazil or Farnambuck Wood the 100 wt. cont. 112 pounds	1	0	0
Wood vocat. — Braziletto or Jamaica Wood the 100 wt. cont. 112 pounds	0	14	0
Wood vocat. — Logwood the 100 weight containing 112 pounds	3	0	0
Wood vocat. — Ebony Wood the 100 weight containing 112 pounds	2	0	0
Wood vocat. — Fuſtick the 100 weight containing 112 pounds	0	5	0
Wood vocat. — Lignum vitæ (*vide*) Drugs			
Wood vocat. — Red or Ginny Wood the Tun	30	0	0
Wood vocat. — Speckled Wood the 100 weight cont. 112 pounds	0	13	4
Wood vocat. — Sweet Wood of Weſt India the 100 wt. cont. 112 pounds	1	5	0
Wood vocat. — Timber the Tun or Load	0	13	4
Wool of all ſorts to be imported free			
Wreſts for Virginals the groce containing twelve dozen	1	4	0
Wyer vocat. — Dagger and Quartern Wyer the pound	0	3	4
Wyer vocat. — Iron Wyer the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds	2	10	0
Wyer vocat. — Lattin Wyer the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	5	0	0
Wyer vocat. — Steel Wyer the pound	0	3	0
Wyer vocat. — Straſborough Wyer the pound	0	3	4
Wyer vocat. — Virginal Wyer the pound	0	5	0
Wines the Tun called Brandy Wine	10	0	0

Y.

		l.	s.	d.
Yarn vocat.	Seal yarn the pound	0	0	6
	Woollen and Bay yarn the 100 wt. cont. 112 pounds	3	6	8
	Cable yarn the 100 weight cont. 112 pounds	0	10	0
	Camel or Mohair yarn the pound	0	2	6
	Cotton yarn the pound	0	1	0
Yarn vocat.	Grogram yarn the pound	0	3	0
	Raw Linnen yarn Dutch or French the pound	0	1	0
	Spruce or Muſcovy yarn the 100 wt. con. 112 pounds	0	13	4
	Scotch yarn the pound	0	1	0

The Subſidy of Tunnage upon all Wines and Oyls, to be brought into the Port of Dublin, *and all other Ports of* Ireland.

FOR every Tun of Wine of the Growth of *France*, or of any of the Dominions of the *French* King, or Crown of *France*, by natural born Subjects, the Sum of	3	10	0
By Strangers and Aliens, the Sum of	4	13	4
For every But or Pipe of Muſcadine, Malmſies, Cutes, Tents, Allicants, Baſtard Sacks, Canaries, Mallagoes, Maderaes, and all other Wines whatſoever, commonly called ſweet Wines of the Growth of the *Levant*, *Spain*, *Portugal*, or of any the Iſlands or Dominions to them, or any of them belonging, or elſewhere, by natural born Subjects the Sum of	2	10	0
By Strangers and Aliens the Sum of	3	6	8
For every Awme containing 42 Gallons of Rheniſh Wine of the Growth of *Germany* by natural born Subjects the Sum of	0	15	0
By Strangers and Aliens the Sum of	1	0	0
For every Tun of Rape and Linſeed Oyls containing two hundred and fifty-two Gallons by natural born Subjects the Sum of	1	10	0
By Strangers and Aliens the Sum of	1	17	6
For every Tun of *Sevil*, *Majorca*, *Minorca*, *Appuglia*, *Provence*, or *Portugal* Oyl, by any natural born Subject, the Sum of	2	12	0
By Strangers and Aliens the Sum of	3	5	0
For every Tun of Sallet Oyl by any natural born Subject, the Sum of	3	3	0
By Strangers and Aliens the Sum of	3	18	9

For

	l.	s.	d.
For every Tun of Train Oyl of Greenland, by any natural born Subject the Sum of	0	8	0
By Strangers and Aliens the Sum of	0	10	0
For every Tun of Train Oyl of Newfoundland, by any natural born Subject the Sum of	0	6	0
By Strangers and Aliens the Sum of	0	7	6

The RATES of MERCHANDIZES outwards.

A.

Alabaſter the Load	2	0	0
Allum the hundred weight, cont. 112 pounds	1	0	0
Anvils the hundred weight, cont. 112 pounds	0	10	0
Aqua-vitæ the Hogſhead	2	0	0
Aſhes of Iriſh Wood the laſt containing twelve Barrels	1	13	4

B.

Bacon the Flitch	0	2	6
Bags the dozen	0	6	8
Barrels of Birding Pieces the Barrel	0	6	8
Beef the Barrel	1	0	0
Beer the Tun	2	0	0
Beer-eager the Tun	1	10	0
Bell Metal the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0
Bellows the dozen	0	6	0
Birding Pieces the Piece	0	13	4
Birdlime the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0
Bodies vocat. { Stitched Bodies with ſilk the pair	0	3	4
Bodies vocat. { Of Whalebone the pair	0	2	0
Bones vocat. Ox Bones the thouſand	0	6	8
Books printed bound or unbound the 100 wt. cont. 112 pounds	0	5	0
Braſs Manufacture the 100 wt. cont. 112 pounds	0	16	8
Bridles the dozen	0	1	8
Bruſhes of Heath the dozen	0	10	0
Buckweed the Quarter (*vide*) Corn			

Buttons

		l.	s.	d.
Buttons of Hair the ſmall groce containing twelve dozen		0	0	6
Butter good or bad the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds		0	10	0
Boards vocat.	Barrel Boards or ſtaves, the 1000 containing 10 hundred, at 6 ſcore to the hundred	4	0	0
	Boards or ſtaves for Hogſheads, the 1000 cont. 10 hundred, at 6 ſcore to the hundred	6	0	0
	Boards or ſtaves for Pipes, the 1000 containing 10 hundred, at 6 ſcore to the hundred	8	0	0
	Inch Boards the 100 foot containing 6 ſcore to the hundred	0	6	8
	Two Inch Boards the 100 foot, containing 6 ſcore to the hundred	0	13	4

C.

Calve ſkins the dozen undreſt or dreſt, not exceeding thirty ſix pounds		0	12	0
Candles the 100 weight containing 112 pounds		1	0	0
Canvas tufted, the piece cont. 30 yards, (*vide* Linen)				
Canvas Iriſh making the 100 Ells cont. 5 ſcore (*vide* Linen)				
Caps of Wool of all ſorts the dozen		0	6	0
Cards vocat.	Stock-Cards the dozen	1	4	0
	Tow-Cards new, the dozen	0	5	0
	Playing Cards the groce, cont. 12 dozen	0	5	0
Wool-cards vocat.	New the dozen	0	10	0
	Old the dozen	0	6	0
Card-boards the ſmall groce, containing twelve dozen		1	0	0
Carpets the piece		0	11	0
Catlings or Hat-makers ſtrings the groce, cont. 12 dozen		0	16	0
Cheeſe the 100 weight containing 112 pounds		0	10	0
Cloak-bags the dozen		0	15	0
Combs of Wood, Bone or Horn, or any other ſort, (*vide* Haberdaſhery)				
Cobweb Lawns the yard		0	0	8
Comfits the pound (*vide* Confectionary)				
Coney Hair or Wool black or white the pound		0	12	0
Copper Manufactures of all ſorts, the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds		0	16	8
Cordage tarred or untarred the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds		0	10	0
Coverlets	Of Wool and Hair the piece	0	1	8
	Of Caddas the piece	0	1	3
Curry-combs, (*vide* Iron-wares)				
Cuſhions the dozen		1	0	0
Cottons and Plains of all ſorts the hundred goads		1	0	0

		l.	s.	d.
Corn vocat.	Barley the Quarter, cont. 8 Buſhels	0	10	0
	Beans the Quarter, cont. 8 Buſhels	0	10	0
	Mault the Quarter	0	10	0
	Oats the Quarter	0	6	8
	Peas the Quarter	0	10	0
	Wheat the Quarter	1	0	0
	Rye the Quarter	0	10	0
	Buck Wheat the Quarter	0	10	0

D.

Darnix the yard	0	0	11
Darnix, vocat. Coverlets the piece	0	3	4
Dice, (vide Haberdaſhers Wares)			
Dimithy the yard	0	4	0
Doublets of Leather the piece, (vide Garments)			
Duſt of Cloves, of Ginger, of Lignum vitæ, of Mace, of Nutmeg, of Pepper, of all Spices and the like, are Cuſtom-free, having paid at Importation			

E.

Emery-ſtones the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	0	3	4
Brick and tyles of all ſorts the thouſand	0	3	4
All ſorts of earthen and ſtone ware not rated, the hundred parcels	0	3	4

F.

Fennel-ſeeds the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	1	10	0
Figurettoes with ſilk or copper (vide ſilk)			
Figuret-toes Narrow the piece	0	16	0
Figuret-toes Broad, the piece	1	10	0
Fiſh vocat. Cod-fiſh the Barrel	0	10	0
Fiſh vocat. Salmon the tun	8	0	0
Fiſh vocat. Hake-fiſh the 100 containing ſix ſcore	0	3	4
Fiſh vocat. Eels the Barrel	1	0	0
Fiſh vocat. Eels ſmall the barrel	0	10	0
Fiſh vocat. Herrings, full-fiſh the barrel	0	13	4
Fiſh vocat. Herrings, ſhotten the barrel	0	10	0
Fiſh vocat. Pilchers the Tun	6	0	0
Fiſh vocat. Sprats the Tun containing one thouſand	0	10	0
Fitches the timber containing forty Skins	1	13	4
Flannel the yard	0	0	4½
Flocks, the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	0	13	4
Freezes the yard	0	0	3
Fuſtians of Iriſh making of all ſorts to go out free			

G

	l.	s.	d.
Garments or wearing Apparel of all ſorts to go out free			
Garters of Worſted the Groce containing twelve dozen	0	2	6
Geldings or Nags the piece, (vide Horſes)			
Girdles { Of Leather for Men, the groce cont. 12 dozen	0	16	8
Girdles { For Children, the groce cont. 12 dozen	0	10	0
Glaſs for Windows the Cheſt	0	10	0
Glaſſes to drink in, Bottles, and all ſorts of Glaſſes the hundred	0	3	4
Glew Iriſh, the hundred weight cont. 112 pounds	0	16	8
Gloves { Plain, of Sheep, Kid or Lambs Leather, the 12 pair	0	2	0
Gloves { Fringed and ſtitched the dozen pair	0	3	4
Gloves { Furred with Coney Wool the dozen pair	0	4	0
Gloves { Of Buck Leather the dozen pair	1	0	0
Glaſs broken the barrel	0	3	4
Glovers clippings the fat or maund	2	0	0
Gooſe Quills the thouſand	0	2	0
Gun-powder the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	2	0	0
Guts vocat. Ox-guts the barrel	1	0	0

H.

	l.	s.	d.
Haberdaſhery Wares vocat. { Packthread, Inkle, Tape, Fillitting, Buttons of all ſorts, Hooks and Eyes and all other Haberdaſhery Iriſh making, not particularly rated by the hundred weight cont. 112 pounds	1	6	8
Hair vocat. { Harts hair, the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	1	12	0
Hair vocat. { Horſe hair, the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	6	0	0
Hair vocat. { Ox or Cow Hair the 112 pound weight	2	0	0
Hair vocat. { Hair Cloth the piece	0	13	4
Harts Horn the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	1	10	0
Hatbands of Cruel the groce cont. 12 dozen	0	5	0
Hatchets the dozen, (vide Iron Ware)			
Hats { Beavers and demi-caſters of Iriſh making the dozen	2	0	0
Hats { Felts and all other Hats the dozen	0	10	0
Hawks Hoods the dozen	0	2	6
Hempſeed the Quarter containing 8 Buſhels	2	0	0
Hides tanned or untanned the Hide, into England or any other his Majeſty's Dominions	0	6	0
Into any foreign part the hide	0	10	0
Holſters the dozen pair	0	10	0
Hops the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	1	10	0

Horns

		l.	s.	d.
Horns vocat.	Blowing horns ſmall the dozen	0	4	0
	Of Bucks the hundred	0	4	0
	Inkhorns the dozen (vide Haberdaſhery Wares)			
	Horns for Lanthorns the thouſand Leaves	1	0	0
	Ox horns the thouſand	2	10	0
	Powder horns the dozen	0	4	0
	Of Rams the thouſand	1	0	0
	Of Sheep the thouſand	0	3	4
	Shooing horns the dozen	0	0	8
	Stags horns the hundred	1	12	0
	Tips of horns the thouſand	0	15	0
	Goats horns the hundred weight, cont. 112 pounds	0	10	0
Horſes vocat.	Stone-Horſes, Geldings or Nags into England or Scotland, or any other Engliſh Plantation the piece	2	0	0
	Into Foreign parts the piece	20	0	0
Horſe tails with hair the 100 weight, containing five ſcore		1	10	0
Horſe Collars the hundred cont. five ſcore		2	0	0
Hoops for Barrels the thouſand		0	13	4
Hogs alive the piece		0	1	0

I.

Jewels, Precious Stones and Pearls free			
Iron wrought, viz. Axes, Adzes, Houghs, Armour, Bits, Knives, Locks, Fowling-pieces, Muskets, Piſtols, Sciſſars, Stirrops, and all Carpenters and Gravers Tools, Jackwork, Clock-work, and all Ironmongers Wares perfectly manufactured, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0
Iron the tun	6	13	4
Iron Ordnance the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	1	0	0
Iron vocat. old Iron the tun	6	13	4

K.

Knives, (vide Iron wares.)

L.

Lace of Gold and Silver the pound	1	16	0
Lace of Velvet the pound (vide ſilk)			
Litharge of Lead the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	0	4	0
Loom-work the yard	0	0	6
Lime the Chaldor	0	13	4
Linen, viz. all ſorts of Cloth made of Hemp or Flax fine or coarſe, of Iriſh Manufacture the piece, not exceeding forty ells	0	5	0

Linſeed the Quarter, containing 8 buſhels	3	0	0
Linſey Woolſey (vide Stuff)			
Linen ſhreds the Fat or Maund	2	0	0
Liſts of Cloth the thouſand yards	1	10	0
Lead caſt and uncaſt the Fodder containing twenty hundred weight	20	0	0
Lead Oar the Tun	2	0	0

M.

Mantling the pack, containing four hundred yards, containing 6 ſcore to the hundred	6	0	0
Mantling of Freeze the yard	0	0	3
Mantles of the beſt ſort the piece	0	6	8
Mantles of the worſt ſort the piece	0	3	4

N.

Nails of all ſorts the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	0	5	0
Nuts ſmall the barrel, containing three buſhels	0	6	8

O.

Oatmeal the barrel	0	6	8
Oil called Train Oil made in Ireland the tun	10	0	0
Oyſters the ſmall barrel in Pickle	0	1	4
Oker yellow or red the 100 weight cont. 112 pounds	1	0	0
Oxen, Cows or Steers the head	1	0	0

P.

Parchment the Roll	0	6	8
Paſtboards the groce containing 12 dozen	0	12	0
Points of Leather the ſmall groce cont. 12 dozen	0	0	4
Pork the barrel	1	10	0
Purles of Broad-cloth, the piece	0	0	2

R.

Rape-cakes the thouſand	0	10	0
Rape-ſeed the quarter, containing eight buſhels	3	0	0
Rugs vocat. Iriſh Rugs the yard	0	0	4
Rugs vocat. Iriſh Rugs for Beds the Rug	0	6	8
Ruſſetting for Painters the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	0	5	0

S.

Sack-cloth to make Sacks, the bolt or piece (vide Linen)

		l.	s.	d.
Saffron the pound		1	10	0
Shreds and pieces of Broad-cloth the pound		0	0	6
Shoes	Old, the hundred dozen pair	4	0	0
	All new Shoes, Boots and Slippers the pound weight	0	0	6
Sheep the score alive into England		2	10	0
Skins of Rabbets or Coneys	Tawed or died into colours, the 100 cont. 120	1	0	0
	Gray ſtag the 100, cont. 6 ſcore	0	10	0
	Gray ſeaſoned the 100, cont. 6 ſcore	1	0	0
	Gray tawed the 100, cont. 6 ſcore	0	13	4
	Black, with Silver hair or without, the 100, cont. 120	1	6	8
Kid skins dreſt or undreſt the 100, cont. 6 ſcore		3	0	0
Skins of Otter	Raw, the piece	0	1	0
	Tawed, the piece	0	1	4
	Wombs, the mantle	0	10	0
Skins vocat.	Goat skins the 100, cont. 6 ſcore	10	0	0
	Stags skins the piece	0	10	0
	Deer skins the piece	0	5	0
	Marteons skins the piece	0	5	0
	Lambs skins dreſt or undreſt the 100, cont. 6 ſcore	0	16	8
	Sheep skins tawed with the wool on, the 100, cont. 6 ſcore	1	10	0
	Pelts dreſt or undreſt without the wool, the 100, cont. 6 ſcore	1	0	0
	Sheep skins with the wool, the 100, cont. 6 ſcore	20	0	0
	Woolf skins the piece	0	3	4
	Hare skins the piece	0	0	3
	Cats skins the hundred	1	6	8
	Fox skins the piece	0	0	8
	Swans skins the piece	0	2	6
	Dogs skins the dozen	0	2	6
	Badgers skins the piece	0	1	0
	Woolf skins tawed the piece	0	6	0
	Squirrel skins the thouſand	2	10	0
Soap	Hard Iriſh making, the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	0	10	0
	The barrel	1	0	0
Starch the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds		0	13	4
Steel the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds		1	0	0
Stockings	Iriſh the dozen	0	2	6
	Kerſey long, the pair	0	1	0
	Kerſey ſhort, the dozen pair	0	3	9
	Leather the dozen, (vide Garments)			
	Woollen for Children the dozen	0	1	8
	Worſted for Children the dozen	0	3	4
	Woollen for Men the dozen	0	5	0
	Worſted for Men the dozen	0	12	6
	Lower ends of Worſted Stockings the dozen	0	6	8
Sugar of all ſorts brought into this Kingdom, and after refined, and after made into loaves, and exported by way of Merchandize, the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds		0	10	0

T.

T.

	l.	s.	d.
Tallow the hundred weight, cont. 112 pounds	1	10	0
Tapiſtry or Darnix Hangings of what ſort ſoever made in Ireland, whereof any part of Wool the pound weight	0	0	6
Thrums the hundred weight, cont. 5 ſcore	0	6	8
Tobacco Pipes the ſmall groce, cont. 12 dozen	0	1	0
Tin Unwrought, the 100 weight, containing 112 pounds	7	6	8
Tin Wrought, (vocat Pewter) the hundred weight, cont. 112 pounds	5	0	0

V.

Vinegar of Wine the Tun	2	6	8

W.

Wadmol the yard	0	0	4
Wax Iriſh, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0
Hard Wax the pound	0	2	0
Weld the 100 weight, cont. 112 pounds	1	5	0
Wine Lees the But	1	0	0
Woad Iriſh the Tun	10	0	0
Woad netts, the 100, containing five ſcore	0	10	0
Wool ſpaniſh free			
Iriſh Wool into England the ſtone, cont. 18 pound	1	5	0
Broad woollen Cloth, or old Drapery the piece, containing 36 yards, and ſo proportionably for greater or leſſer quantities	3	6	8
Kerſeys, Serges, Says, and other ſorts of ſtuffs or draperies made in Ireland, the piece	0	15	6

Y.

For every pack of Linen Yarn called Iriſh yarn, containing 400 pound weight, at 6 ſcore to the hundred	20	0	0

Goods Inwards or Outwards not rated to pay five Pound *per Centum.*

The Cuſtom of Goods not mentioned in this Book, to be levied according to the true value and price of ſuch Goods upon the Oath of the Merchant.

And if there ſhall happen to be brought in or carried out of this Realm any Goods liable to the Payment of Cuſtom and Subſidy, which either are not mentioned in this Book, or are not now uſed to be brought in or carried out, or by reaſon of the great diverſity of the value of ſome Goods could not be rated, That in ſuch caſe, every Cuſtomer or Collector for the time being ſhall levy the ſaid Cuſtom and Subſidy of Poundage, according to the true value and price of ſuch Goods to be affirmed upon the Oath of the Merchant in the Preſence of the Cuſtomer, Collector, Comptroller, and Surveyor, or any two of them.

Certain

Certain Rules, Orders and Directions, for the Advancement of Trade, and Encouragement of Merchants, as alſo for regulating as well of the Merchants in making due Entries, and juſt Payments of their Cuſtoms, as of the Officers in all the Ports of this Realm, in the Receipt of their ſeveral Fees, and in the faithful Management of their Duties and Truſts.

I. EVERY Merchant ſhall have free Liberty to break Bulk in any Port allowed by the Law, and to pay Cuſtom and Subſidy for no more than he ſhall enter and land, provided that the Maſter or Purſer of every Ship, ſhall firſt make a Declaration upon Oath before any two principal Officers of the true Content of his Ship's Lading, and ſhall likewiſe after declare upon Oath, before the Cuſtomer, Collector, Comptroller, or Surveyor, or two of them, at the next Port of this Realm where his Ship ſhall arrive, the Quantity and Quality of Goods landed at the other Port where Bulk was firſt broken, and to whom they did belong.

Merchants may break Bulk in any Port allowed by Law, the Maſter, *&c.* of the Ship making Declaration upon Oath of the true Content of his Ship's Lading, and at the next Port of the Quantity landed at the firſt Port.

II. No Merchant, Native or Stranger, ſhall ſhip off the Goods of a Stranger in the Name of a Native, upon pain of Forfeiture and loſing the Goods and Merchandizes ſo entred, and all his Goods perſonal.

Merchants ſhipping off Strangers Goods in the Name of a Native, forfeit ſuch Goods, and their Goods perſonal.

III. Every Merchant born out of the Dominions of his Majeſty, and after made Denizen, ſhall pay the Cuſtom as before he was made Denizen, unleſs he do inhabit and be conſtantly abiding or dwelling in ſome part or place of this Realm, in that caſe, ſuch Merchants ſhall pay only as a natural born Subject and no otherwiſe.

Merchants born out of the King's Dominion, and after made Denizens, to pay Aliens Cuſtom, unleſs they dwell conſtantly in *Ireland.*

IV. All Sugars, and other Foreign Goods and Merchandizes (except Wines, Tobacco, wrought Silks, Haberdaſhery, and all Sorts of Grocery Wares) firſt imported, ſhall be again exported by any Merchant who is a Subject of this Realm, or any other his Majeſty's Dominions within twelve Months, or Stranger within nine Months, and ſuch Merchant or Merchants as ſhall export any ſuch Foreign Goods or Merchandizes (except before excepted) ſhall have allowance, and be repaid by the Officer which received the ſame, the one Moiety of the Cuſtom or Subſidy which was paid at the firſt Importation of ſuch Foreign Goods and Merchandizes (or any part thereof) and ſo as due proof be firſt made by Certificate from the Officers of their due Entry and Payment of the Cuſtom and Subſidy of all ſuch Foreign Goods and Merchandizes Inwards, together with the further Oath of the Merchants importing and exporting the ſame, affirming the Truth thereof, and the Name of his Majeſty's Searcher or under Searcher in the Port of *Dublin*, and of the Searcher of any other the Ports, teſtifying the ſhipping thereof to be exported, after all which duly performed in manner before expreſſed the Moiety of the Subſidy firſt paid Inwards, ſhall without any Delay or Reward more than the Duty ſet down in the Table of Fees, for the Certificate be repaid unto ſuch Merchant or Merchants who do export ſuch Goods and Merchandizes within one Month after Demand thereof.

Sugars and other foreign Goods (except Wines, Tobacco, *&c.*) firſt imported, may be afterwards exported by Subjects in 12 Months, or by Strangers in 9 Months, and the Exporter is to be repaid a Moiety of the Cuſtom paid inwards, within one Month after Demand.

V. If

Merchants who paid Duties inwards may export their Goods after the Year is elapſed, Cuſtom free.

V. If any Merchant having duly paid all Duties Inwards for Foreign Goods, and in regard of Sales had, ſhall be enforced to keep the ſame or any part thereof in his hands without Alteration of the Property after the Space of a Year ſhall be elapſed: In this caſe he is to be permitted to ſhip the ſame out for any the Ports beyond the Seas (if he ſo think fit) without Payment of any Subſidy of the ſame Outwards, upon due Proof that the ſame was duly entred, and Subſidy paid Inwards.

No Allowance to be made for corrupt Tobacco; but if the Merchant refuſes to pay the Duty, it is to be burnt, and the Owner diſcharged from paying the Duty.

VI. No Merchant, or other Perſon whatſoever, ſhall have any Allowance or Abatement of Subſidy made him by Bill of Store or otherwiſe, for any Sort of Tobacco, under pretence of being corrupt or unmerchantable: But in caſe any Merchant ſhall refuſe to make Entry of ſuch Tobacco, and to pay the full Subſidy of the ſame, the principal Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe, or any two of them, ſhall cauſe all ſuch corrupt Tobacco to be publickly burnt as not wholeſome for Uſe, and the Owner thereof is to be diſcharged from paying any Subſidy for the ſame.

Merchants to be allowed 10 *l. per Cent.* for Leakage of Wines duly entered, if not filled up on Shipboard.

VII. Every Merchant bringing in any Sorts of Wines into this Realm by way of Merchandize, and making due Entries of the ſame in the Cuſtom-houſe, ſhall be allowed ten *per centum* for Leakage, to be taken or deducted not out of the Quantities of Wines, but out of the Moneys received for the Subſidy, Provided ſuch Wines be not filled up on Shipboard, and if ſo, no Allowance then to be made at all for the ſame.

To be allowed 5 *l. per Cent.* upon all other Goods imported.

VIII. Every Merchant ſhall be allowed upon all other Goods and Merchandizes appointed to pay the Subſidy of Poundage according to the Rule of the before-going Book of Rates to be imported, five in the Hundred of all the ſaid Subſidies of Poundage ſo appointed to be paid.

Hogſheads of Wine run out to 7 Inches, and Buts to 9 Inches, accounted Outs, and to pay no Subſidy.

IX. Every Hogſhead of Wine which ſhall be run out, and not full ſeven Inches or above left therein; and every Butt or Pipe not above nine Inches, ſhall be accounted for outs, and the Merchant to pay no Subſidy for the ſame.

Abatements to be made for corrupt Wines by the Diſcretion of the Commiſſioners, &c.

X. If any [a] Wines ſhall prove corrupt and unmerchantable, and fit for nothing but to diſtil into Hot Waters, then every Owner of ſuch Wines ſhall be abated in the Subſidy according to ſuch his Damages in thoſe Wines by the Diſcretion of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in the Port of *Dublin*, and of the Collectors, and one other of the principal Officers in all other the Out-Ports.

Goods, except Tobacco, imported, that receive Damage, are to be viewed by Merchants, and an Abatement of the Subſidy to be made, in proportion to the Damage they certify upon Oath.

XI. If any Goods or Merchandizes, except Tobacco brought into this Kingdom, ſhall receive any Damage by Salt Water or otherwiſe, ſo that the Owner thereof ſhall be prejudiced in the Sale of ſuch Goods, the Commiſſioners in the Port of *Dublin*, and the principal Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe in all other the Ports, or any two of them, whereof the Collector for the time being to be one, ſhall have power to chuſe two indifferent Merchants experienced in the Values of ſuch Goods, who upon viſiting of the ſaid Goods ſhall certify and declare upon their corporal Oaths firſt adminiſtred by the ſaid Commiſſioners or Officers what Damage ſuch Goods have received, and are leſſened in their true Value, and according to ſuch Damage in relation to the Rates ſet on them in the foregoing Book of Rates, the ſaid Officers are to make a proportionable Abatement unto the Merchant or Owner of the Subſidy due for the ſame.

XII. All

[a] Alter'd by 12 *Geo.* 1. *Cap.* 2.

XII. All Merchants tranſporting any Sort of Woollen Cloth called Old Drapery, as alſo Bayes and Cottons, ſhall be allowed one in ten for a Wrapper, free of Cuſtom and Subſidy.

In old Drapery, &c. exported, one in ten to be allowed for a Wrapper, Cuſtom free.

XIII. Inaſmuch as the natural Situation of this Realm renders it ſufficiently convenient for the ſtoring and laying up of Commodities and Merchandize, brought in with intent to be afterwards carried out again for Supply of Foreign Markets, by which much Benefit and Advantage may ariſe to his Majeſty and People; The Lord Deputy therefore, or other Chief Governor or Governors, and Privy Council of this Realm for the time being, ſhall and may (as they in their Judgments ſhall ſeem meet and find moſt advantagious and beneficial to his Majeſty and this Kingdom) appoint one certain Port in each Province of this Realm, to which all Merchants, Strangers, and their Factors, ſending his or their Goods, with intent, and to the End and Purpoſe aforeſaid, may upon a reaſonable Compoſition or Agreement to be agreed on by direction of the ſaid Lord Deputy, or other Chief Governor or Governors and Privy Council as aforeſaid, and Payment thereof made unto the Collector or Collectors of thoſe Ports, in lieu of all Cuſtoms or Subſidies due and payable by this preſent Act, there land and lay the ſame up in his Majeſty's Ware-houſe at the Cuſtom-houſe of thoſe Places, or ſuch other Ware-houſes or Places and no other, as ſhall be provided for that End and Purpoſe by the Collector, Cuſtomer and Searcher of thoſe Ports under whoſe joint Cuſtody the ſame are to remain, until they be ſhipped out again, which ſhall be done again without Payment of any Duties Outwards, or any thing more than a reaſonable Rate for Ware-houſe Room. But if any Merchant, Factor or other, bringing in or laying up his or their Goods by way of Compoſition, ſhall not export, but otherwiſe diſpoſe of the ſame, every ſuch Merchant, Factor, or other, ſhall before he or they receive his or their Goods from the Ware-houſe or Place where they are laid up, pay unto the Collector, not only ſo much as with his or their Compoſition Monies ſhall compleat the whole Cuſtoms and Subſidies of ſuch Goods, but likewiſe Intereſt at the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Cent.* for ſo long Time as the Payment of the full Duties of thoſe Goods had been forborn; And for Prevention of all Fraud and Colluſions, ſuch Rules ſhall be obſerved by Merchants and Officers reſpectively, as the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, with the Allowance and Approbation of the Lord Deputy, or other Chief Governor or Governors and Privy Council, ſhall from time to time find fit and neceſſary.

Chief Governor may appoint one free Port in every Province, for ſtoring and laying up Goods brought in by Merchants Strangers, to be again exported to foreign Markets.

XIV. The [b] Officers who ſit above in the Cuſtom-houſe of the Port of *Dublin*, ſhall attend the Service of their ſeveral Places from Nine to Twelve of the Clock in the Forenoon, and one Officer or one able Clerk ſhall attend with the Book in the Afternoon, during ſuch time as the Officers are appointed to wait at the Water-ſide, for the better deciding of all Controverſies that may happen concerning Merchants Warrants; All other the Officers of the Out Ports ſhall attend every Day in the Cuſtom-houſe of every reſpective Port for Diſpatch of Merchants and Ships between the Hours of Nine of the Clock and Twelve in the Morning, and Two and Four in the Afternoon.

Times appointed for Officers to attend.

XV. The Searcher, Surveyor, or other Officer attending in any Port or Creek, ſhall give Knowledge to the Collector of the Head Port to which they belong, with all convenient Speed, of every Ship that cometh in or goeth out at

Searchers, &c. attending in Creeks, to give notice to the Collectors of the Head Ports of Ships going out or coming in at any Tide.

[b] See 1 *Geo.* 2. *c.* 6.

at any Tide by way of Merchandize, or with Goods from another Port by way of Certificate.

A Shipper's Book outwards, and another inwards to be kept, wherein Ships and Maſters Names, &c. are to be entred.

XVI. There ſhall be one Shipper's Book Outwards, and another Inwards kept in every Cuſtom-houſe wherein every Ship or Veſſel going out or coming in by way of Merchandize, or with Commodities of this Kingdom to or from any other Ports by Certificate, ſhall enter openly in the Cuſtom-houſe the Name of the Ship and of the Maſter, the Burthen, from whence, and to and from what Place it is fraighted, before he take in any Lading, or diſcharge any Goods, Wares or Merchandiſes whatſoever.

Maſters, &c. to deliver Bills of Ships Lading inwards upon Oath.

XVII. The Maſter or Purſer of every Ship coming in by way of Merchandize, ſhall deliver under his Hand, and upon his Oath before the Collector or Cheque, one Bill of the Particulars and Contents of the whole Lading of the Ship, with the Names of the ſeveral Merchants, and the Mark, Pack, or outward Form of the Goods and Merchandizes according to his Knowledge, and ſhall alſo make Declaration thereof upon Oath.

Maſters to enter Ships outwards and give notice of their Lading, &c. and anſwer upon Oath.

XVIII. Every Maſter of a Ship that ſhall lade any Goods or Merchandizes for any Parts beyond the Seas, ſhall enter his Ship with the Collector and Cheque before he take in any Goods, and before his Departure, ſhall give notice of his whole Lading, with the Names of the Merchants that have laden Goods in him, and ſhall anſwer upon Oath to ſuch Queſtions concerning the ſame, as ſhall be demanded of him.

No Entry, &c. to be made, but openly in the Cuſtom-houſe.

XIX. No Entry nor Agreement with any Merchant or others for Cuſtoms or Subſidy, ſhall be made by the Collector or others, nor any Cocquet, Warrant, or Certificate ſealed or ſubſcribed, but openly in the Cuſtom-houſe.

Officers are to diſpatch Merchants in their Turns, on pain of loſing their Employments.

XX. Every Merchant making an Entry of Goods, either inwards or outwards, ſhall be diſpatched in ſuch Order as he cometh, and if any Officer or his Clerk, ſhall either for Favour or Reward, put any Merchant or his Servant duly attending by his turn, or otherwiſe delay any Perſon ſo duly attending and making his Entries aforeſaid, to draw any other Reward or Gratuity from him than is limited in the Table of Fees hereafter following; if the Maſter, Officer, or the Clerk be found faulty therein, they ſhall reſpectively upon Complaint to the ſaid Commiſſioners, or chief Officers be publickly diſcharged of their reſpective Imployments, and not permitted to ſit any more in the Cuſtom-houſe.

Merchants exporting Goods, to make Entries particularly by Bill under their Hands, which Bills are to be entred by the Collector and Comptroller, and the Value and Cuſtoms of the Goods charged in the Books.

XXI. Every Merchant or other that will tranſport any Goods by way of Merchandize for Foreign Parts, ſhall make his Entry particularly thereof, with the Collector and Cheque, by a Bill under his Hand, or the Hand of his Aſſigns, with the Name of the Ship, the Maſter, the Burthen, of whence and to what Place it is fraighted, with the Marks and Numbers of the Packs, Caſks, Fardles, or other Bulks, and the true Quantity and Quality of the Goods therein contained, which Bill ſhall forthwith be entred in a Book by the Collector, and delivered to the Comptroller to be entred by him likewiſe, and to file and keep the Bill of every Ship together as they ſhall be entred, and the true Value of the Goods, and of the Cuſtom, Subſidy and Duties thereupon due, ſhall be likewiſe ſet forth and charged in the Books at the Time the Merchant maketh his Entry.

XXII. All

Goods allowed for Store, &c. to be free from Cuſtom, and to be entred in diſtinct Books.

XXII. All Goods and Merchandize allowed for Store, Portage, or Proviſion Inwards or Outwards, ſhall be valued according to the Book of Rates, although the ſame neither doth nor ſhall pay any Cuſtom or Subſidy, and ſhall be entred in Books diſtinctly and apart by themſelves.

Searcher or Surveyor to examine Goods by the Warrant, &c. on pain of forfeiting his Place.

XXIII. The Searcher or Surveyor ſhall have all Cocquets, Certificates and Warrants delivered unto him before the ſhipping or landing of any Goods therein contained, and at the time of the ſhipping or landing thereof, ſhall have the ſaid Cocquets, Certificates and Warrants with them, that the Goods may be thereby examined and tried, whether they agree in Quantity and Quality or no, which if he neglect or fail to do, every ſuch Surveyor or Searcher ſhall forfeit his or their Place.

Every Merchant to have a particular Cocket of equal Date with his Entry.

XXIV. Every Merchant ſhall have his particular Cocquet and Certificate by himſelf, ſealed and ſubſcribed openly in the Cuſtom-houſe by the Collector and Comptroller, bearing date the ſame Day that he entred his Goods.

Entries by Licence to be endorſed and entred in the proper Books.

XXV. All Entries Inwards or Outwards by Licence ſhall be endorſed upon each particular Licence, with the Name of the Merchant, the Date of the Cocquet or Entry, and the particular Quantities ſhipped or landed by vertue thereof, ſhall be alſo ſet down and entred in the Books to which they properly belong.

Goods cuſtomed outwards in any Ship, and not ſhipped, may be put on board another Ship.

XXVI. All Merchandize cuſtomed Outwards in any Ship or Veſſel, which for ſome cauſe cannot be laden aboard the ſame Ship, ſhall be appointed to another Ship by Certificate openly ſealed, ſubſcribed and delivered in the Cuſtom-houſe upon the Oath of the Searchers or Surveyors, and of the Owners thereof openly taken, that the ſaid Goods did not paſs according to former Cocquets.

Merchants to make Entries of their Goods inwards by Bills under their Hands, which Bills are to be charged with the Duties and entred by the Collector and Comptroller, and other Bills being by them ſubſcribed of equal Date and Number, ſhall be a Warrant for diſcharging the Goods.

XXVII. Every Merchant entring any Merchandize Inwards, or taking up any Goods by Store or Portage, ſhall make Entry thereof particularly, and deliver a Bill thereof at large under his Hand, or the Hand of his Aſſignee to the Collector, with the Name of the Ship, and of the Maſter, the Burthen, of whence and from what Place it was fraighted, with the Mark and Number of the Fardles, Bulk and Package in the Margent, and the true Quantities and Qualities of the Goods therein contained, and the ſaid Collector ſhall with all convenient Speed caſt up the Value of the Goods and Merchandizes therein, and the Cuſtoms and Subſidies thereupon due, and write it upon the ſaid Bill with the Number and Date of the Bill, according to which it ſhall be preſently entred in the Book Inwards, to be kept by the ſaid Collector, and then by him delivered to the Comptroller or Cheque to be likewiſe entred, according to which Bill another being ſubſcribed by the ſaid Collector, Comptroller or Cheque, and numbred and dated as the former, ſhall be to the Surveyor, Searcher or Waiter, a Warrant to ſuffer the Wares and Merchandizes therein contained, to be landed and diſcharged accordingly.

Merchants ſwearing that they cannot perfectly enter their Goods, may have a Warrant to view them in the Preſence of the Officers, and ſhall make an Entry of them under their Hands.

XXVIII. All manner of Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, of which any Merchant ſhall make Oath he cannot perfectly enter for want of Bills of Lading, Advice, or ſome other juſt cauſe, ſhall be entred at ſight, and ſhall be taken up by Warrant *(ad viſum)* dated the Day of the Entry thereof, ſubſcribed and delivered openly in the Cuſtom-houſe to the Searcher or Surveyor who ſhall ſee the ſame brought to the Cuſtom-houſe Key or Wharf, and give Knowledge thereof to the ſaid Officers, which Officers ſhall ſuffer the ſaid Goods to be taken up in the Preſence of the Surveyor or Searcher, and viewed in ſome con-

venient Place, and the Owner thereof ſhall forthwith make an Entry thereof particularly under his Hand, or under the Hand of his Aſſignee, with the Collector and Comptroller, and thereupon a Warrant ſhall be made for clearing and paſſing of the ſaid Wares as aforeſaid accordingly.

Merchants taking up Goods at Sight or otherwiſe, and ſuffering them to lie in the Ware-houſes after 7 Days without entring, &c. to pay for Ware-houſe Room.

XXIX. Every Merchant taking up Goods at ſight or otherwiſe, who ſhall permit or ſuffer his or their Goods, to lie and remain in any the Ware-houſes of the Cuſtom-houſe for longer than the ſpace of ſeven Days, without entring or clearing the ſame, ſhall for ſuch Times as they continue there longer pay ſuch reaſonable Rates for Ware-houſe Room, as the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, or the reſpective Collectors of the Ports ſhall judge meet to direct, the one half thereof ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, and the other to the Ware-houſe Keeper, and to be paid before the Delivery of ſuch Goods unto the Merchant.

Commiſſioners in the Port of *Dublin*, and Collectors in the Out Ports, to appoint Waiters to Ships, to ſee the Goods in the Warrant cleared; Officers refuſing to attend forfeit 5 *l.*

XXX. In the Port of *Dublin*, the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, and in every other Port where more than one, whether Searcher, Surveyor or Waiters are appointed to attend there, the Collector ſhall nominate and direct under his Hand, which and how many of them ſhall take charge of every reſpective Ship going forth, or coming into the ſame Port, to ſee the Goods and Merchandizes therein cleared and diſcharged according to ſuch Warrants as he or they ſhall receive from the Collector and Comptroller, and every ſuch Officer as ſhall neglect or refuſe upon Notice given by the Merchant, to attend the Lading or Unlading of any Goods, ſhall forfeit for every Default Five Pounds, the one Moiety to the King, and the other to the Party aggrieved, and ſuing for the ſame.

Every Waiter, &c. to enter all Warrants, &c. in a Book to be given him for that Purpoſe, and in no other Book or Paper, on pain of loſing his Employment.

XXXI. Every Waiter or other Officer appointed to attend the Lading or Unlading of Goods, ſhall enter into a Book to be given him for that purpoſe by the Commiſſioners or Collectors in the ſeveral Ports, and in no other Book or Paper whatſoever, the Name of every Ship and Maſter, unto the Lading and Unlading whereof he ſhall be appointed, and underneath each reſpective Ship or Maſter's Name, either going out or coming in, ſhall enter the Date of every Warrant, Cocquet, Tranſire or Certificate, according to the Order of their Dates, which he ſhall receive for the ſhipping or landing any Goods, together with the Quantities, Qualities, Numbers, Weights, Meaſures, and Marks of all and every the ſame Goods or Merchandizes which ſhall be ſhipped or laid on Shore upon any ſuch Warrant, Cocquet, Tranſire or Certificate, with the Time when, and how much at a Time of the ſame was ſo landed or ſhipped off: which Book ſhall be quarterly, or as ſoon as filled or written out, be delivered up to the Commiſſioners, or the reſpective Collectors of the Ports, or ſooner, whenſoever thereunto required, and every Officer that ſhall omit the doing hereof, or enter the Goods ſhipped off or landed in any other Book or Papers, than the Book that ſhall be given them for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, to be diſcharged from his or their Imployment.

Searcher or Surveyor to enter in a Book the Day of the going out and coming in of every Ship, &c.

XXXII. Every Searcher or Surveyor ſhall enter into a Book, to be by him purpoſely kept for that Purpoſe, the Day of the going out and coming in of every Ship by way of Merchandize, or by Certificate from another Port, with the Name of the Ship and Maſter, and the Date of every Man's Cocquet, Warrant and Certificate.

No Searcher or other Officer to detain any Ship above one Tide, without juſt Ground, on pain of loſing his Office and rendring Damage to the Merchant, &c.

XXXIII. No Searcher or other Officer of the Cuſtom-houſe, having power to ſearch and viſit any Ship outward bound, ſhall without juſt and reaſonable Ground detain any ſuch Ship under colour of ſearching the Goods laden therein,

in, above one Tide after the ſaid Ship is fully laden and ready to ſet ſail upon pain of Loſs of the Office of ſuch Offender, and rendring Damage to the Merchant and Owner of the Ship, unleſs any Occaſion or Delay happen by Streſs of Weather or other Emergency.

XXXIV. If any Wharfinger, Crane-keeper, Searcher, Lighter man, Waiter, or other Officer, do conſent or know of any Goods ſhipped or landed without Payment of Subſidy, or at any unlawful Place, or at any unlawful Time, and do not diſcloſe the ſame within one Month after, ſhall forfeit One Hundred Pounds, and every Officer beſide to loſe his or their Place.

Officers conſenting or knowing of Goods illegally ſhipped or landed, and not diſcovering in a Month after, forfeit 100 *l.* and their Places.

XXXV. Every Officer that maketh any Cocket or Warrant contrary or diſagreeing to the Entry of any Goods or Merchandizes, ſhall loſe his or their place.

Officer making a Coket contrary to the Entry, forfeits his Place.

XXXVI. All Officers whom it concerns in their reſpective Places, ſhall be diligent and careful to make Stay and Seizure of Goods, Wares and Merchandizes that ſhall be brought in or carried out, or intended to be carried out of this Realm contrary to the Laws of the ſame.

Officers to be careful to ſeize Goods brought in or carried out contrary to Law.

XXXVII. All Goods and Merchandizes that ſhall be ſeized or ſtayed, ſhall preſently after ſuch Seizure or Stay, be delivered into the Charge of the Ware-houſe Keeper at the Cuſtom-houſe of the Port where ſuch Stay or Seizure ſhall be made, there to remain until ſufficient Warrant and Diſcharge ſhall be brought for Releaſe and Delivery thereof.

Goods ſeized or ſtayed, to be put into the Ware-houſe, and there kept until releaſed by ſufficient Warrant.

XXXVIII. That every Officer who ſhall make any Seizure, ſhall thereupon forthwith acquaint the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms therewith: and likewiſe certify the ſame to the Regiſter of Seizures in the Port of *Dublin* for the time being, together with the Quantity and Quality of the Goods ſo ſeized, the Time when, the Ground whereupon he ſeized the ſame, with ſuch other Circumſtances as are fit to be known for exhibiting Informations in the *Exchequer* againſt the ſame.

Officers making Seizures, forthwith to acquaint the Commiſſioners therewith, and to certify the ſame to the Regiſter of the Seizures.

XXXIX. No Officer or other Perſon ſhall make Compoſition or Agreement for the Seizure or Forfeiture of any Goods, without Licence out of the Court of *Exchequer*, or other lawful Warrant firſt had and obtained.

No Officer to compound a Seizure without Licence or other lawful Warrant.

XL. All Licence, Compoſitions, Fines, Recoveries, Warrants, Orders, and other Diſcharges to be had, made or granted, for or upon the aforeſaid Seizures and Informations, are to be entred with the Regiſter aforeſaid, and the Money or Moneys thereupon due and payable to the Uſe of his Majeſty, to be paid to the Collectors of the reſpective Ports.

Licences, *&c.* for Seizures, to be entred with the Regiſter, and the Money due to the King to be paid to the Collector.

XLI. All Appraiſements of Goods, Wares and Merchandizes ſeized as aforeſaid, are to be ſhewed and delivered to the Regiſter aforeſaid before they be returned into the *Exchequer*, to be by him examined and entered. And if the Goods be too much undervalued, the ſaid Regiſter is to make ſtay thereof, and to acquaint ſome of the Barons of the *Exchequer* therewith, to the end that a Review and new Appraiſement may be made of the Goods.

Appraiſements of Seizures to be delivered to the Regiſter, to be examined and entred. If the Goods are undervalued, a new Appraiſement to be made.

XLII. That all Bonds taken for ſhipping Goods to the Coaſt, for which Certificates are returned, ſhall be delivered quarterly into the *Exchequer*, with the Certificate thereunto annexed, and endorſed alſo thereupon, and every Term after the Accompt of the Officers that did take them is paſt, the ſaid Bonds ſhall be delivered to every Perſon that ſhall ſue for the ſame, paying the uſual Fees.

Coaſt-Bonds for which Certificates are returned, to be delivered quarterly into the *Exchequer*.

XLIII.

All other Bonds to be delivered into the *Exchequer* after Breach of Condition, to be put in Suit.

XLIII. All other Bonds taken by the Collectors that be expired, and all other Bonds for which no Certificates are returned according to their Conditions, ſhall be delivered likewiſe into the *Exchequer* quarterly, after the Breach of ſuch Conditions, that Proceſs and Execution may be had thereupon, according to the due Courſe of Law.

Collectors to ſend up monthly Abſtracts, and quarterly Accounts, and adjuſt them in *Dublin* yearly upon Oath, or in default to loſe their Places.

XLIV. That the Collectors of the ſeveral Ports, ſhall monthly ſend up an Abſtract of their ſeveral Receipts, and quarterly an Accompt of their Quarters Receipts unto the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, which Account ſhall be half-yearly delivered by the ſaid Commiſſioners unto the Auditor General of his Majeſty's *Exchequer:* And every Collector ſhall yearly betwixt the Beginning of *Eaſter* and Ending of *Trinity* Term, repair to *Dublin*, there to make Oath of the Truth of his or their reſpective Accompts ſent up to the ſaid Commiſſioners, and by them delivered to the Auditor as aforeſaid, and ſhall before they depart, fully adjuſt and clear their Accompts, every Collector failing herein, to loſe his or their Place or Places.

Commiſſioners to inſpect the Accounts, &c. of Collectors and other Officers.

XLV. That the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms ſhall take and have Inſpection of the Accompts, Actions and Proceedings of the Collectors, and all other Officers in the ſeveral Ports, by viewing and looking over the Books, Papers and Accompts, when and as often as they ſhall ſee cauſe; and the ſaid Collectors or other Officers, at all Times, and upon Demand, are to render an Accompt of their Actions and Proceedings, and to permit and ſuffer them, or any of them, to have the Sight and Peruſal of all and every their Accompts, Books, Entries, Warrants, or other Papers whatſoever, and to take Notes out of all or any of the ſame as they ſhall judge needful and requiſite, every Officer refuſing to give Obedience herein, ſhall loſe and forfeit his or their Place or Places.

Officers refuſing Obedience, forfeit their Places.

Commiſſioners or ſome of them to viſit the Out-ports yearly, and give fitting Inſtructions to the ſeveral Officers.

XLVI. The ſaid Commiſſioners or ſome of their Number, ſhall once every Year at leaſt, viſit the ſeveral Out-ports of this Realm, to make Obſervation, and take cognizance how and in what manner the Affairs of the Ports be carried on, and how the ſeveral Officers demean themſelves in diſcharge of their Truſts, and to rectify things in the beſt manner they poſſibly may, by giving ſuch fitting and further Inſtructions from time to time, to be their Rules and Guide in the due and lawful Execution of this Act, as they the ſaid Commiſſioners, with the Approbation of the Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor or Governors and Privy-council, ſhall think fit and meet.

Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms to be no more than 7, nor leſs than 5 in Number.

XLVII. That for the better Management, as well as leſſening the Charge of his Majeſty's Revenue, the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms ſhall not at any time be more than ſeven, or leſs than five in Number, to be appointed from time to time by the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor or Governors and Privy-council of this Realm, and known unto them for Perſons of Ability and Experience in Cuſtom Affairs, who ſhall have Commiſſion under the Great Seal of this Realm during Pleaſure only, and ſhall make Oath (the ſame to be adminiſtred by the Lord Chief Baron) for the true and faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt before they enter upon the ſame.

No Commiſſioner or Officer of the Cuſtoms ſhall have any Ship, or meddle in Trade, &c. on pain of loſing his Employment in the Cuſtoms.

XLVIII. No Commiſſioner, Comptroller, Cuſtomer, or any other Officer of the Cuſtoms, their Deputies or Servants, ſhall have any Ship of their own, or ſhall buy or ſell by way of Merchandize, or ſhall meddle with Fraighting or Shipping, or have or occupy any Wharf or Key, or hold any Hoſtlery or Tavern, or ſhall be any Factor or Attorney for any Merchant, or ſhall be Hoſt to any Merchant,

Merchant, or ſhall be a common Officer, or Deputy of any common Officer in the City, Town, Borough or Town where he or they ſhall be Collector, Comptroller or Searcher, upon pain of loſing his or their Office or Imployments as to the Cuſtoms.

XLIX. Every Collector, Cuſtomer, Comptroller, Searcher or other Officer, ſhall from time to time do his or their diligent Attendance at the Cuſtom-houſe, as ſhall be moſt for the Diſpatch of the Merchant, without concealing or conſenting to any Thing which may be to the Hurt or Damage of his Majeſty, in the juſt anſwering of the Cuſtoms and Subſidies, upon pain that every ſuch Officer ſhall forfeit and loſe his or their ſeveral Offices and Imployments. You are hereby required to take care, that the Act paſſed in *England*, intituled, *An Act for the Incouraging and Increaſing of Shipping and Navigation* be from time to time duly obſerved and executed.

All Officers to give Diſpatch to Merchants without Prejudice to the King, on pain of forfeiting their Employments. The Act of Navigation to be duly obſerved and executed.

A Table of Fees *to be taken by his Majeſty's Officers reſpectively, in the ſeveral and reſpective Ports of* IRELAND, *viz.*

	Cuſtomer. s.	Cuſtomer. d.	Surveyor. s.	Surveyor. d.	Comptroller. s.	Comptroller. d.	Searcher. s.	Searcher. d.
FOR the Entry of all Ships and Barques arriving from *England* or *Scotland*, by *Engliſh* or *Iriſh*—	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	6
For every Entry or Warrant of Diſcharge, by Bill of View or otherwiſe, of all Goods in the ſame Ship or Barque by *Engliſh* or *Iriſh*	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	6
For the Entry of all Ships or Barques arriving from foreign Parts by *Engliſh* or *Iriſh*	0	8	0	8	0	8	1	6
For the Entry and Warrant of Diſcharge, by Bill of View or otherwiſe, of Goods in the ſame Ships or Barques by *Engliſh* or *Iriſh*	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	6
For the Entries of all Ships and Barques from *England*, or any other Parts beyond the Seas by Strangers	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	6
For the Entry and Warrant of Diſcharge by Bill of View, or otherwiſe, of Goods in the ſame Ships or Barques by Strangers	0	8	0	8	0	8	1	0
For making of Bonds to his Majeſty's Uſe, by *Engliſh* or *Iriſh* upon any Occaſion	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
For making of Bonds to his Majeſty's Uſe for Imployment or upon any other Occaſion	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
For every Entry into the Certificate Book	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
For every Endorſement	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	0
For every Bill of Store or Allowance unto Natives	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6
For the like by Strangers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
For clearing Ships and Barques, and examining the Book from *England* by *Engliſh* or *Iriſh*	0	6	0	3	0	3	0	0

For

	Cuſtmer. s.	d.	Surveyor. s.	d.	Comptroller. s.	d.	Searcher. s.	d.
For the like by the ſame for foreign Parts, by *Engliſh* or *Iriſh*	1	0	0	6	0	6	0	0
For the like from *England* or any other Parts by Strangers	1	4	0	8	0	8	0	0
For the Entry of all Ships and Barques to *England* or *Scotland* by *Engliſh* or *Iriſh*	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	6
For every Entry and Warrant for ſhipping of all Goods in the ſame Ship or Barque by *Engliſh* or *Iriſh*	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	6
For the Entry of all Ships and Barques to *England* or any other Port beyond the Seas by Strangers	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
For every Cocquet by *Engliſh* or *Iriſh*	1	0	0	9	0	9	0	6
For every ſuch Cocquet by Strangers	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
For the ſight of every Cocquet by Natives	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
For the like by Strangers	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
For every Cocquet of a great Ship laden with Corn	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	8
For every ſmall Barque laden with Corn	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4
For every Dicker of tanned Hides	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
For every Saddle-horſe paying no Cuſtom, and allowed for Proviſion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
For the Entry of every Ship, Barque or Boat along the Coaſt	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	3
For every Warrant for Diſcharge of Goods by Port-coquet, by *Engliſh* or *Iriſh*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
For every ſuch Warrant by Strangers	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
For every Warrant of Let-paſs along the Coaſt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
For making every Certificate for Goods which paid Cuſtom Inwards and none Outwards	1	2	0	7	0	7	0	0
For every Certificate upon Warrant from the Lord Deputy, or other chief Governour or Governours paying no Duty	1	6	0	9	0	9	0	0
For endorſing all Warrants and Licences	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
For every Coaſt-certificate, and the Entry into his Majeſty's Books	1	0	0	8	0	8	0	6
For diſcharging of Bonds and filing the Certificates	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
For making Certificate of Return in the King's Books, Wax and Parchment	1	0	0	4	0	4	0	0
For taking away the Sails of any Ship, Barque or other Veſſel for a Contempt or Miſdemeanour	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6
Out of every Barque or Boat for bringing in Apples, to the Searcher one hundred of the ſame								

Out of every Barque or Boat bringing in Oyſters, to the Searcher one hundred of the ſame.

For gauging every Tun of Wine, Gauger 4 d.

For gauging every Tun of Oyl, Beer or other liquid Commodities, Gauger 4 d.

Beſides,

Beſides, out of every Ship bringing in Wines, one ſmall Bottle of Wine for a gauging Bottle.

For every Barrel of Herrings, Gauger, q.

For the like by Strangers, Gauger ob.

For ever Barrel of Tallow or Butter weighing two hundred weight, Gauger 1 d.

For the like by Strangers, Gauger 1 d. ob.

For every hundred weight of like Commodities in uncertain Caſks, and not in Barrels, Gauger ob.

For the like by Strangers, Gauger 1 d.

For every Barrel of Beef, Pork, Herrings or Salmon by Natives, Gauger q.

For the like by Strangers, Gauger ob.

For every Barrel of like Commodity by Strangers, Gauger ob.

For every Pack of Yarn, Fardle or Bag of Wooll, Skins, and all other packable Commodities, Packer 4 d.

If the Fees are too little to maintain the Officers, the Lord Lieutenant may allow them Salaries, to be paid out of the *Exchequer*.

And if it ſo happen that the Fees above-mentioned by reaſon of the ſmallneſs of Trade in any Port or Ports of this Kingdom, ſhall appear to be too little, or not ſufficient for Proviſion and Maintenance of his Majeſty's Officers imployed in ſuch Port or Ports; That then the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governour or Governours, and Privy Council for the Time being, ſhall have Liberty to make and eſtabliſh ſuch Salary to be paid yearly unto the ſaid Officers out of his Majeſty's *Exchequer*, as they in their Judgments ſhall think fit, and as the Service, Care and Pains of ſuch Officers may juſtly merit and deſerve.

Fees of the Taſter, and Surveyor of the Outs, &c.

Provided always and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be lawful for the Taſter of all Wines, Oyls and other Liquors imported into any Port of this Kingdom, and the Surveyor of the Outs and Defects of the ſame for the time being, to demand and receive the Fees following (*viz.*) For every But, Pipe, Puncheon or large Caſk, that ſhall be taſted or ſurveyed, ſix Pence, For every Hogſhead, Tierce, Barrel, Rundlet or ſmaller Veſſel, that ſhall be taſted or ſurveyed, three Pence.

Proviſoes concerning the Rates of ſome Goods:

Silks from foreign Parts (except from *Great-Britain*) to pay one Third more than they are charged in the Book of Rates.

Provided always that all Silks, and Silk Manufactures imported into this your Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, from any foreign Parts, other than from the Kingdom of *England*, and Dominion of *Wales*, do pay one entire third part more over and above the Rates impoſed, and ſet by the Book of Rates above-mentioned, any Thing before in this Act, or in the ſaid Book of Rates to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Sugars, &c. of the *Britiſh* Plantations imported into *Great-Britain*, and thence brought into *Ireland* to pay but half Cuſtom.

Provided alſo, that all Sugars, Indico, Ginger, Cotton-woolls, as all other Woolls, and all other Commodities of the Growth or Manufacture of any the *Engliſh* Plantations firſt imported into, and landed in *England*, or *Wales*, and afterwards exported from thence into this your Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, do pay but one half part of all ſuch Cuſtom and Subſidies as according to the ſaid Book of Rates is impoſed, and ſet upon the ſaid Commodities; And that all Wines and Tobaccoes of what ſort ſoever imported into this your Majeſty's Realm of *Ireland*, out of your Kingdom of *England*, or Dominion of *Wales*, is there

Wines and Tobaccoes from *Great-Britain* to pay ſo much in Subſidy as repaid of the Duties.

† N.B. This Proviso is repealed by the 11th & 12 Geo 3d. Irish Cap 6 from & after 1 May 1772 as to all Rum & Spirits imported from G Britn the produce of the Plantns

Wales, do pay ſo much only in Subſidy, as upon the Exportation of the ſame Wines, and Tobaccoes out of *England* ſhall or ought to be repaid, or diſcharged of the Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage and additional Duties there paid or ſecured for the ſame; and that for all other foreign Commodities except Wines and Tobaccoes, and Commodities from the *Engliſh* Plantations above-mentioned, imported into this your Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, by any your Majeſty's Subjects from any the Parts and Places beyond the Seas, other than from your Majeſty's Realm of *England*, and Dominion of *Wales*, there ſhall be ſatisfied and paid to your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors for ever, one third more in Subſidy, over and above the Subſidy payable for the ſame according to your Book of Rates above mentioned; and that for all or any of the Commodities or Merchandizes mentioned in this Act, or in the Book of Rates above-mentioned, which ſhall hereafter be imported or exported by any Aliens or Strangers, born out of your Majeſty's Allegiance, the ſaid Aliens or Strangers ſhall pay double the Cuſtom, or Subſidy payable by virtue of this Act for the ſame Commodities and Merchandizes imported, or exported, by all or any of your Majeſty's natural born Subjects, any Thing before in this Act, or in the Book of Rates to the contrary notwithſtanding.

All other foreign Commodities, except as above, imported by Subjects, to pay one third more in Subſidy than they are charged with in the Book of Rates.

Aliens to pay double Natives Cuſtom for Goods imported and exported.

French Ships to pay 5 *s.* per Tun Duty.

[a] Provided alſo, and it is hereby enacted, That every Ship or Veſſel belonging to any the Subjects of the *French* King, which from and after the four and twentieth Day of *June* in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty-two, ſhall come into any Port, Creek, Harbour or Road of *Ireland*, and ſhall there lade or unlade any Goods or Commodities, or take in, or ſet on ſhore any Paſſengers, ſhall pay to the Collectors of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in ſuch Port, Creek, Harbour or Road, for every Tun of which the ſaid Ship or Veſſel is of Burthen to be computed by ſuch Officer of the Cuſtoms as ſhall be thereunto appointed, the Sum of five Shillings current Money of *England*, and that no Ship or Veſſel be ſuffered to depart out of ſuch Port, Creek, Harbour or Road, until the ſaid Duty be fully paid; and that this Duty ſhall continue to be collected, levied and paid for ſuch Time as a certain Duty of fifty Solls per Tun lately impoſed by the *French* King, or any Part thereof, ſhall continue to be collected upon the Shipping of *England* lading in *France*, and three Months after and no longer.

[a] The ſaid Duty hath ceaſed by a Treaty of Commerce with *France* concluded in 1713.

Anno decimo quarto ~~& decimo quinto Caroli Secundi~~.

CAP. XIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for Encouraging Proteſtant Strangers and others, to inhabit and plant in the Kingdom of Ireland.

Preamble.

FOraſmuch as the late inteſtine Troubles and cruel Wars have much deſpoiled and waſted this your Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, whereby the Trade and Commerce thereof is much decayed and leſſened for want as well of Merchants, Traders and Dealers of Ability to exerciſe a Traffick, as of ſkilful Artificers, Artizans and Workmen for the making and working all ſorts of Manufactures there.

And whereas for this Cauſe many of the Materials and Commodities of the Growth of this Kingdom, as Wooll, Flax, Hemp, Woollen and Linnen-Yarn, Iron,

Iron, and ſundry others the like, are uſually tranſported and carried into foreign Parts, there to be wrought and manufactured into ſundry Commodities, whereby the People of this your Majeſty's Kingdom are deprived of the Benefit which might ariſe by working thoſe Materials themſelves, and for want of Imployment are neceſſitated to live idly and poorly, and ſo apt to run into Thefts, Robberies, Rebellions, and all other ſorts of Miſchiefs, and if any of the Materials and Commodities aforeſaid do happen to be wrought in this Kingdom, either through Unſkilfulneſs, or other indirect Practice of the Workmen, they are uſually ſo wrought, as they are moſt commonly unfit for wearing at home, or merchandizing abroad, and therefore much Coin and ready Money is carried out, and tranſported for buying and purchaſing of foreign Manufactures to the great exhauſting and diminiſhing the Treaſure of this Kingdom.

3 And whereas many Strangers and others, from the Conſideration of your Majeſty's moſt princely Wiſdom, Clemency and Goodneſs, and of the Plentifulneſs of all Sorts of uſeful and profitable Commodities with which this your Majeſty's Kingdom abounds in a very great Meaſure, might be induced and inclined to tranſport themſelves and Families to the filling and repleniſhing of this Kingdom as well with People as Trade, if ſuch Strangers might be made Partakers of the Advantages, Liberties and Privileges which this Kingdom hath formerly and doth ſtill enjoy, under the moſt gracious and benign Government of your Majeſty, and your moſt Royal Predeceſſors, and have the free Exerciſe of their Trades, Myſteries, Crafts and Sciences of buying, ſelling, working and manufacturing the ſaid Materials without Interruption and Diſturbance.

4 May it therefore pleaſe your moſt excellent Majeſty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority thereof, That all and every Perſon and Perſons born out of your Majeſty's Dominions, of the Proteſtant Religion, and all Merchants, Traders and Dealers in any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, Artizans, Artificers or others working or manufacturing any Goods, or Commodities, or any Mariners or Seamen who are at preſent inhabiting within any part of this Kingdom, and all others who ſhall at any time hereafter within the Term of ſeven Years from the End of this preſent Parliament, tranſport his or their Stocks and Families into any Part of this Kingdom, with Intention that themſelves and Children after them, will inhabit, reſide and abide in ſome Part thereof, ſhall after his or their Arrival with his or their Stock, Subſtance and Family or Families within this Kingdom, and after his or their taking the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, to and of our Sovereign Lord the King, before the Lord Chancellor, or the Lords Preſidents or Vice Preſidents of the Province of *Munſter* and *Connaught* reſpectively for the Time being, or any Judge in his Circuit, who are hereby authorized to adminiſter the ſaid Oaths unto any ſuch Perſon or Perſons as aforeſaid, and thereupon to certify his or their doing thereof unto his Majeſty's High Court of *Chancery*, there to remain on Record, deemed, adjudged and reputed your Majeſty's Liege, free and natural Subject or Subjects of this your Majeſty's Kingdom, and be adjudged, reputed and taken in every reſpect, Condition and Degree, to all Intents, Conſtructions and Purpoſes, your Majeſty's natural and Liege Subjects of this Kingdom, as if they and every of them had been or were born within this Kingdom of *Ireland*, and that they and every of them, their Wives and Children, in all Things, and by all lawful Ways

Proteſtant Strangers tranſporting themſelves, &c. to reſide in *Ireland*, and taking the Oaths, &c. to be reputed Subjects.

and Means whatſoever, ſhall and may uſe, have and enjoy the full Grace and Benefit of all and every the Laws, Preheminences, Juriſdictions and Cuſtoms of this Kingdom, to all Intents, Conſtructions and Purpoſes in the Law, or otherwiſe whatſoever, in the ſame Manner and Form as any natural born Subject hath, may or can have, uſe or enjoy; and that they and every of them ſhall anſwer and ſhall be anſwered unto, and ſhall and may implead or be impleaded in whatſoever Court or Courts of Juſtice or otherwhere within this your Majeſty's Kingdom, as the natural born, free, Liege Subjects of this Kingdom of *Ireland*; and that they and every of them by force of this preſent Act, ſhall have full Licence, Freedom, Liberty, Power and Authority as well to have, occupy, poſſeſs, and enjoy, retain and keep, as to ask, demand, challenge and have, and alſo to acquire, buy, and purchaſe, or receive by Gift or otherwiſe by any lawful Ways or Means to the uſe of them, and of all and every or any of them, their Heirs, Executors, Adminiſtrators and Aſſigns of all and every or of any of them for ever, all, any and whatſoever Mannors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Services, Offices, Hereditaments and other Poſſeſſions, Goods real and Perſonal whatſoever, as well by any of their Anceſtors and Predeceſſors acquired and purchaſed, or to them or any of them made, granted, enfeoffed, conveyed or aſſured, or which at any times hereafter ſhall and may be made, granted, enfeoffed, given, conveyed or aſſured, or ſhall come as Heir or Heirs to their or any of their Anceſtors lineally or collaterally by reaſon of any Deſcent, Remainder, Reverſion, Right, or any other Title, Gift or Conveyance whatſoever, or which after the firſt Day of this preſent Parliament, ſhall deſcend, remain, revert, accrew, come or grow unto your ſaid Subjects, or any of them, and in the ſame to inherit, ſucceed and come by Right of Inheritance, or otherwiſe howſoever, without the Let and Impediment of your moſt Excellent Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, any Law, Cuſtom, Statute, Act, Proviſion, Ordinance, Reſtraint or Inhibition to the contrary, before this time made, Enacted, Ordained and Provided, or any other Matter, Cauſe or Thing whatſoever notwithſtanding; And alſo to proſecute, purſue, maintain, avow, juſtify and defend all and all manner of Actions, Suits and Cauſes, and all other lawful Things whatſoever, to do as lawfully, frankly, fully, liberally, ſurely and freely as if your ſaid Subjects had been and were born within this Kingdom of *Ireland* and as any other Perſon or Perſons naturally born within this Kingdom of *Ireland*, may lawfully or in any wiſe do, any Act, Law, Statute, Cuſtom, Ordinance, or other Thing whatſoever, had, made, done, promulged or provided to the contrary hereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

CAP. XVII.

An Act for Eſtabliſhing an additional Revenue upon His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, for the better ſupport of His and Their Crown and Dignity.

FORASMUCH as nothing conduceth more to the Peace and Proſperity of a Kingdom, and the Protection of every ſingle Perſon therein, than that the publick Revenue thereof may be in ſome Meaſure proportioned to the publick

lick Charges and Expences; In Conſideration thereof, and to the Intent and Purpoſe that his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors may receive a full and ample Recompence and Satisfaction for the Profits of the Court of Wards in this Kingdom, and the Tenures, Wardſhips, Liberties, Primer Seiſins, Ouſter Lemains, Values and Forfeitures of Marriage, by reaſon of any Tenure of the Kings Majeſty, or of any other by Knights Service, and all mean Rates, and all other Gifts, Grants, Charges incident or ariſing for or by reaſon of the ſame and other Perquiſites incident thereunto, and for all Arrears, Accompts and Demands any way due or payable for or by reaſon of the ſame from any of his Majeſty's Subjects of this his Kingdom of *Ireland*, ſince the three and twentieth of *October*, one thouſand ſix hundred forty and one, or that may grow due hereafter: Be it Enacted, and it is Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That for the Conſiderations aforeſaid from and after the twenty ninth Day of *September*, in the Year of our Lord God one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty two, every Dwelling and other Houſe and Edifice that are or hereafter ſhall be erected within this Kingdom of *Ireland*, other than ſuch as in this Act are hereafter excepted, ſhall be chargeable, and by this preſent Act be and are charged with the annual payment to the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for every Fire Hearth, and other Place uſed for firing and Stoves within every ſuch Houſe and Edifice as aforeſaid the Sum of two Shillings Sterling, by the Year, to be paid Yearly, and every Year, at the Feaſt of the Annuntiation of the Bleſſed Virgin St. MARY, and the Feaſt St. MICHAEL the Arch Angel by even and equal Portions; the firſt payment thereof to be paid upon the Feaſt Day of the Annuntiation of the Bleſſed Virgin St. MARY, which ſhall be in Year of our Lord One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty three. And to the Intent that a juſt Accompt may be had and taken of all the ſaid Hearths, firing Places and Stoves, by this Act intended to be charged, Be it Enacted, and it is Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Owner or Occupier of every ſuch Houſe and Edifice, ſhall reſpectively within ſix Days after notice given unto him or them by the reſpective Conſtables of every Pariſh, or by ſuch other Perſons as are hereafter by this Act appointed to be aſſiſting to the ſaid Conſtables in the Execution of this Act, deliver unto the ſaid Conſtables, or ſuch other Perſons as aforeſaid reſpectively a true and juſt Accompt in writing under the Hands of ſuch Owners or Occupiers as aforeſaid of all the ſaid Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves, which are within their ſeveral and reſpective Houſes and Edifices aforeſaid.

Hearthmoney given in Satisfaction for the Profits of the Court of Wards, and ancient Tenures.

Every Fire Hearth and Stove to pay two Shillings to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

An Account to be taken of Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves.

2 And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the reſpective Conſtables and ſuch other Perſons as are to be aſſiſting to them in ſuch manner as is hereafter expreſſed, within whoſe Limits any ſuch Houſe or Edifice charged by this Act as aforeſaid are, ſhall by the twentieth Day of *December* yearly require the ſeveral Occupiers of every ſuch Houſe and Edifice aforeſaid, to deliver unto them reſpectively Accompts in writing as aforeſaid, under their ſeveral and reſpective Hands, of all ſuch Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves as aforeſaid, as ſhall be within their reſpective Houſes and Edifices, and upon Receipt of the ſame or upon default of ſuch Accompt in writing, or in caſe there be no Occupiers, then within ſix Days after notice in writing fixed to the Door, requiring ſuch

How and where the ſame ſhall be delivered.

ſuch Accompt to be made, the ſaid Conſtables, and ſuch other Perſons as are to be aſſiſting to them reſpectively as aforeſaid, ſhall enter into the ſaid reſpective Houſes and Edifices in the Day time, and compare ſuch Accompts, and ſee whether the ſame be truly made or not; and if no ſuch Accompt be delivered, then ſhall take Information by their own view of the Number of ſuch Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves, upon pain that every Conſtable and all and every ſuch other Perſon and Perſons that are to be aſſiſting to the Conſtables in manner as is hereafter expreſſed, who ſhall neglect to do the ſame, ſhall forfeit for every Week he or they ſhall ſo neglect, the Sum of forty Shillings, and for every falſe Return wilfully made, contrary to this Act, he or they ſhall forfeit and loſe for every Hearth, Firing Place or Stove ſo falſly returned or omitted, the Sum of forty Shillings. And to the Intent the ſaid Return may be faithfully made, and his Majeſty's Revenue not impaired by falſe or ſhort Returns, the Juſtices of the Peace in the ſeveral Counties, Cities and Towns of *Ireland*, being Counties of themſelves, ſhall and may at any publick Quarter-Seſſions, or other Seſſions of the Peace after the nine and twentieth Day of *September* in each Year nominate and appoint two Perſons of good Repute in each Pariſh, to join with and aſſiſt the Conſtables in taking an Accompt of the ſeveral Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves in each Pariſh, and making up the aforeſaid Returns, who together with the ſaid Conſtables are to ſign and make the ſaid Returns.

And in caſe any of the Perſons who are ſo to aſſiſt the making the ſaid Re- 3
turns ſhall refuſe or neglect to take the ſaid Accompt, or to join with the ſaid Conſtables in making the ſaid Returns, the Juſtices of the Peace ſhall at the next Quarter-Seſſions to be held for that County, cauſe every Perſon ſo refuſing to be indicted for ſuch his Neglect, and upon Conviction impoſe ſuch a Fine on him as they ſhall judge fit, not exceeding twenty Shillings: And in ſuch caſe the Juſtices of the Peace ſhall receive a Return from the ſaid Conſtables, that ſo the due payment of the ſaid Money be not retarded by any ſuch Omiſſion or Neglect, and where the Juſtices of Peace ſhall ſuſpect any Returns that are brought in to be fraudulent, or ſhall be informed that the ſaid Conſtables have not made full Returns, in that caſe the Juſtices are to employ ſuch other Perſons as they ſhall think fit, to take an Accompt of the Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves of every ſuch Pariſh where ſuch neglect ſhall ſo happen.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Conſ- 4
tables, and the ſaid other Perſons who are hereby Authoriſed to take the Accompt of the aforeſaid Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves within their particular Limits as aforeſaid, ſhall at the next Quarter-Seſſions after the ſaid twentieth Day of *December*, to be holden for their reſpective Counties, Cities and County-Towns, deliver all ſuch Accompts in writing as they ſhall receive, reform or take by their own View, unto the Juſtices of Peace in their reſpective Quarter-Seſſions of the ſaid Counties.

Accounts of Hearths and Firing Places and Stoves to be inrolled, and duplicates thereof by the Juſtices of Peace.

And [a] be it further Enacted, That the ſaid Juſtices of Peace ſhall cauſe all 5
the ſaid Accompts of the ſeveral Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves within the reſpective Counties, Cities and County Towns aforeſaid, to be inrolled by the Clerk of the Peace of the ſaid reſpective Counties, Cities and County Towns aforeſaid

[a] Alter'd by 17 and 18 *Car.* 2. *C.* 18. with reſpect to the Juſtices Power.

foreſaid, and alſo a Duplicate thereof in Parchment under the Hands and Seals of three or more of the Juſtices of the Peace of the reſpective Counties, Cities and County Towns aforeſaid, who are hereby required to Sign the ſame, to be returned into his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer* within two Months next after ſuch Accompt delivered unto them at their reſpective Quarter-Seſſions aforeſaid, upon pain that the Clerk of the Peace of every ſuch County offending therein, ſhall forfeit to his Majeſty his Heirs and Succeſſors the Sum of fifty Pounds for the firſt Month; and for the ſecond Month he ſhall ſo neglect, every ſuch Clerk of the Peace ſhall forfeit and loſe his or their Place and Office, and the ſame ſhall become void accordingly.

How the Monies ariſing ſhall be collected, received and paid unto the *Exchequer*.

6 And to the Intent that the Revenue hereby ariſing to his Majeſty, may from time to time be paid into his *Exchequer*, with as little Charge as may be; Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Sheriff of every County City or Town being a County of itſelf, ſhall be and are hereby made Collectors of and for the ſeveral Sums ariſing within their ſeveral and reſpective Limits by Virtue of this Act, [a] for which End and Purpoſe the Clerk of the Peace of the ſaid reſpective Counties, Cities and County Towns, ſhall within two Months after ſuch Accompts delivered to the Juſtices of the Peace of the reſpective Cities and County Towns aforeſaid, deliver unto the reſpective Sheriffs of the Counties and Places aforeſaid, one other Duplicate of the ſaid Returns in Parchment, under the Hands and Seals of two at the leaſt of the Juſtices of the Peace of the ſaid reſpective Counties, Cities and County Towns, who are hereby required to Sign the ſame. And the ſaid Sheriffs ſhall every half Year by themſelves, or ſuch other Perſons as they ſhall reſpectively under their Hands and Seals appoint, and for whom they will be anſwerable, Collect, gather and receive the ſeveral Sums due and payable by Virtue of this Act from the ſeveral Occupiers of the ſaid Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves, and upon payment thereof the ſaid Sheriffs, or ſuch as they reſpectively appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall give ſeveral Acquittances without taking any thing for the ſame, and that every ſuch Acquittance ſhall be a full and perfect Diſcharge to every ſuch Perſon who ſhall pay the ſame, againſt his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, ſo that no Perſon who ſhall have ſuch Acquittances ſhall be moleſted, ſued or vexed, or put to any charge in his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, or elſewhere.

Diſtreſs to be taken and ſold for Non-payment.

7 And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that in caſe any Perſon who is hereby charged to pay any Sum or Sums of Monies as aforeſaid, ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay the ſame, That then all and every ſuch Sheriff and Sheriffs, and ſuch other Perſon and Perſons as ſhall be by him or them authoriſed as aforeſaid to collect the ſame ſhall and may levy the ſame by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods, [b] of the Perſon or Perſons ſo refuſing or neglecting, rendring unto the ſaid Perſon and Perſons the Overplus of ſuch Money as ſhall remain in their Hands by the ſaid Sale, after the ſaid Sum is diſcharged as aforeſaid. And the ſaid Sheriff ſhall from time to time within two Months after the ſaid Sum ſhall be payable, by Virtue of this Act, make payment of all the Monies levied into his Majeſty's *Exchequer* with a perfect Liſt of ſuch Perſons as ſhall make Default of payment where no Diſtreſs can be found, every ſuch Sheriff deducting twelve Pence out of every twenty Shillings of the payments that he ſhall

Proceſs to be iſſued to levy the ſaid Duties on any Goods or Lands of the Perſon charged, whereſoever found, in caſe Diſtreſs cannot be found to be taken according to this Act.

[a] Alter'd by the ſame Act, with reſpect to the Sheriff's Power.
[b] Alter'd by the ſame Act with Reſpect to the Sheriff's Power.

ſhall ſo make by Virtue of this Act, and ſo after that Rate, whereof nine Pence to be for the Sheriffs own uſe as a Reward of his Pains, in collecting and returning the ſame, and three Pence to be paid by the Sheriff to the Clerk of the Peace for his Pains, to be recovered by the ſaid Clerk of the Peace by Action of Debt, and that his Majeſty's Officers in his ſaid Court of *Exchequer*, ſhall diſcharge all ſuch Perſons who paid their reſpective Sums charged on them without taking any Fees for the ſame, and ſhall alſo Iſſue out Proceſs to Levy the ſaid Duties upon any Goods or Lands of the Perſons charged whereſoever the ſame ſhall be found, in caſe no Diſtreſs can be found to be taken according to this Act, in the County or Places where the ſaid Duty was firſt charged.

The ſaid Revenue to be paid unto the *Exchequer*, and not charged with any Grant or Penſion.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Revenue and 8
Sums of Money ariſing by Virtue of this Act, except what is or ſhall be by this Act particularly otherwiſe diſpoſed of, ſhall be duly and conſtantly paid and anſwered into his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, and ſhall not be particularly charged or Chargeable, either before it be paid into the *Exchequer* or after, with any Gifts, Grants or Penſions whatſoever: And that all and every Grant of any ſuch Penſions, and all and every Clauſe of Non Obſtantes therein contained, ſhall be and is hereafter declared to be utterly void, and all and every the Perſons to whom ſuch Grants are or ſhall be paſſed, ſhall be and are hereby made Accomptants unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and ſhall pay back all Sums of Money received by pretence of ſuch Grant: And the Court of *Exchequer* is hereby enjoyned to Iſſue out Proceſs accordingly.

Perſons acting upon this Statute being ſued may plead the general Iſſue. Treble Coſt to the Defendant.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Action, 9
Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, ſhall be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons for what he or they ſhall do in Purſuance or Execution of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo ſued ſhall and may plead the general Iſſue not Guilty, and upon Iſſue joyned may give this Act, and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Proſecutor ſhall become Non-ſuit, or ſuffer Diſcontinuance, or if a Verdict paſs againſt him, or if upon Demur Judgment paſs againſt him, the Defendant ſhall recover treble Coſts, for which there ſhall be like Remedy as in any caſe where Coſts by Law are given to the Defendants.

Increaſe of Hearths, Firing Places or Stoves which may happen. Decreaſes how diſcharged.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any increaſe 10
or decreaſe of ſuch Hearths, Firing Places or Stoves ſhall hereafter happen, that an Accompt in writing of the ſame ſhall be had and made in like Manner as the ſame is directed to be firſt taken, returned and inrolled by this Act, and a Duplicate thereof ſent into the *Exchequer*, in ſuch ſort as is before directed; and from thenceforth the Owner or Occupier of ſuch Houſe where ſuch decreaſe is, ſhall be diſcharged proportionably without any further Pleading in the *Exchequer*.

No Suit to be commenced for Arrears of this Duty after 2 Years.

Provided always, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be charged, proſecuted or 11
brought to Accompt for the Arrears of any Duty or Arrearages of Revenue raiſed by this Act, unleſs the ſaid Suit ſhall commence within two Years next after the ſame ſhall grow due.

Poor People exempted.

Provided always, That no Perſon who lives upon Alms, and is not able to 12
get his or her living by his or her Work and Labour, ſhall be charged or chargeable with any the Duties by this Act impoſed, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Provided

13 [a] Provided always, And be it further Enacted, That in caſe any two Juſtices of the Peace, ſhall in writing under their Hands yearly certify their Belief that the Houſe wherein any Perſon doth inhabit, within ſuch County wherein they are Juſtices of the Peace, is not of greater Value than eight Shillings *per Annum*, upon the full improved Rent, and that neither the Perſon ſo inhabiting, nor any other uſing the ſame Meſſuage, hath, uſeth or occupieth any Lands or Tenements of their own or others, of the yearly Value of eight Shillings *per Annum*, nor hath any Lands, Tenements, Goods or Chattles of the Value of four Pounds in their own Poſſeſſion, or in the Poſſeſſions of any other in Truſt for them, then in ſuch caſe upon ſuch Certificate made to the Juſtices of the Peace of ſuch County, at any of their Quarter-Seſſions to be held for the ſame County, and allowed by them, for which Certificate and Allowance no Fees ſhall be paid, the Perſon on whoſe behalf ſuch Certificate is made, ſhall not be returned by the Conſtables, or other Perſons to be aſſiſtant to them as aforeſaid, and the ſaid Houſe is hereby for that Year diſcharged of and from all Duties by this Act impoſed, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Perſons living in Houſes not worth 8 *s. per Annum*, and having no Goods of 4 *l.* Value, exempted.

14 Provided alſo, and be it Enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that if any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, ſhall at any time hereafter procure or accept of from the King's Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors any Penſion, Gift or Grant for Years, Life, or any other Eſtate, or any Sum or Sums of Money, out of the Revenue ariſing by Virtue of this Act, That then ſuch Perſon or Bodies Politick or Corporate, procuring or accepting the ſame, ſhall forfeit double the Value of ſuch Penſion, Gift or Grant, the one Moiety of which Forfeiture ſhall be to the uſe of the Pariſh or Pariſhes where the ſaid Offenders be or inhabit, to be recovered by the Church-Wardens, the other Moiety to him that will ſue for the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information.

Penalty upon any Perſons that accept or procure any Penſion, &c.

15 And foraſmuch as if Sir *Richard Parſons* Baronet, and Sir *Arthur Chicheſter* Knight, and Dame *Jane Chicheſter* alias *Itchingham* his Wife, may not equally partake with all other your Majeſty Subjects of that Free Grace and Favour which by the taking away the Court of Wards in this your Kingdom, is by your Majeſty's goodneſs generally extended to all others your good Subjects here, it might leave a mark of your Majeſty's great Diſpleaſure to all ſucceeding Ages, upon Record, againſt the ſaid Sir *Richard Parſons* an Infant not above three Years of Age, and the ſaid Sir *Arthur Chicheſter*, and Dame *Jane Chicheſter* alias *Itchingham*, who is not above ſixteen Years of Age, whoſe Anceſtors have eminently ſerved your Majeſty's Royal Grand-father and Father of Glorious Memory: May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty that it be Enacted, and be it Enacted by your moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Clauſes and Proviſoes contained in one Act of this preſent Parliament, Intituled, an Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures in Capite, and by Knights Service; In which Clauſes and Proviſoes the ſaid Sir *Richard Parſons* and Sir *Arthur Chicheſter* and Dame *Jane Chicheſter* alias *Ichingham* his Wife, are particularly named, and every of the ſaid Clauſes and Proviſoes wherein the ſaid Sir *Richard Parſons*, and Sir *Arthur Chicheſter* and Dame *Jane Chicheſter* alias *Itchingham* his Wife, are particularly named, and every Matter and Thing therein contained, be and hereby are

[a] Poor Widows only, by 17 & 18. *Car.* 2. Cap. 18.

repealed and nulled, and made void to all Intents and Purpoſes, from ſuch times as the Grantees of the ſaid Wardſhips ſhall receive ſuch Satisfaction for the ſame as is herein directed. And that the ſaid Sir *Richard Parſons* and Sir *Arthur Chicheſter* and Dame *Chicheſter* alias *Itchingham* his Wife, and every of them ſhall and may from ſuch time have and enjoy ſuch and the ſame Benefit and Advantage in as ample, large and beneficial manner to all Intents, Conſtructions and Purpoſes whatſoever, as any other of your Majeſty's Subjects of this your Kingdom, ſhall, may, might or ought to have, by your Majeſty's Royal Bounty and Favour extended in the ſaid Act generally to all your Majeſty's loyal Subjects of this Realm, any thing in the ſaid Clauſes and Proviſoes or either of them, or in the ſaid Letters Patents therein mentioned, or otherwiſe, to the contrary hereof notwithſtanding.

Twenty thouſand Pounds to be applied to the ſatisfaction of the ſeveral Officers of the Court of Wards.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That out of the firſt Monies 16
which ſhall be raiſed by Virtue of this preſent Act, the full Sum of twenty thouſand Pounds be taken and applied to the Satisfaction of the ſeveral Officers of the Court of Wards, and others who in the Profit of their Offices do receive particular loſs, damage or hindrance by taking away of the ſaid Court of Wards, and for ſatisfying of *Robert Boyle* and *Daniel O Neale* Eſquires, for their reſpective Wardſhips of the ſaid Sir *Richard Parſons* Baronet, and Dame *Jane Chicheſter* alias *Itchingham*; the ſaid Sum of twenty thouſand Pounds to be diſpoſed and diſtributed amongſt the ſaid Officers and others as aforeſaid, their Executors or Adminiſtrators, in full compenſation of their ſaid Loſſes and Damages, and for ſatisfying the two Wardſhips before mentioned, in ſuch Manner and according to ſuch Proportions to be reſpectively divided amongſt them as the Lord Lieutenant or other chief Governor or Governors and Council of this Kingdom ſhall think fit, who by Authority of this Act are to give Warrants for the payment thereof accordingly.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid Sum of twenty 17
thouſand Pounds Sterling, or any other Sum or Sums whatſoever ſhall not be levied upon this Kingdom, or the Subjects therein, or any of the Counties, Cities, Towns, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, by way of Subſidy, Aſſeſſment, Pole-money, or any other Ways or Means whatſoever, under pretence of giving Satisfaction or a juſt Compenſation to the ſaid Officers who ſuffer Loſs and Damage by taking away the ſaid Court of Wards, as aforeſaid, any thing in this preſent Act, or in any other Act or Acts paſſed in this preſent Parliament in any wiſe to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Proviſo for private Ovens or Kilns.

Provided, That this Act or any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend to 18
charge any private Oven or Kiln within any of the Houſes hereby charged, or any Hearth or Stove within the ſite of any College, Hoſpital or Alms-houſe.

Occupier and not the Landlord chargeable with this Duty.

Provided, that the payments and Duties hereby charged, ſhall be charged on- 19
ly on the Occupier for the time being of ſuch Hearth or Stove, dwelling in ſuch Houſe, Edifice, or whereto ſuch Hearth or Stove ſhall be belonging, his Executors or Adminiſtrators, and not on the Landlord who let or demiſed the ſame, his Heirs, Executors or Aſſigns.

Perſons indebted for the ſaid Duty not privileged to ſue in the *Exchequer* as Debtors to the King.

Provided, That no Perſon or Perſons indebted for any the Duties aforeſaid, 20
ſhall thereby be privileged as a Debtor or Debtors to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, to ſue any Perſon or Perſons in the Court of *Exchequer*, or to aſſign any Debt to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, towards Satisfaction of the ſame.

CAP.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for the Improvement of His Majeſty's Revenue upon the Granting of Licences for the ſelling of Ale and Beer.

FORASMUCH as it is found by daily Experience, That many Miſchiefs and Inconveniences do ariſe, from the exceſſive number of Ale-houſes, by the erection of them in Woods, Bogs, and other unfit Places, and many of them not in Townſhips, but diſperſedly, and in dangerous Places, and kept by unknown Perſons not undertaken for, whereby many times they become Receptacles for Rebels, and other Malefactors, and Harbours for Gameſters, and other idle diſordered and unprofitable Livers; and that thoſe that keep thoſe Ale-houſes for the moſt part are not fitted or furniſhed to lodge or entertain Travellers in any decent manner: For the Redreſs of thoſe Inconveniences, and many other Miſchiefs daily obſerved to grow by the courſe now held; and to reduce needleſs multitudes of Ale-houſes to a fewer number, to more fit Perſons, and more convenient Places, Be it Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, with the advice of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no manner of Perſon whatſoever, ſhall keep any Ale-houſe, or Tipling-houſe, nor ſell any Ale or Beer by Retail within this Kingdom, but only ſuch as ſhall be Licenced according to the true meaning of this Act, and upon ſuch pain as herein after is expreſſed (that is to ſay) That every Perſon which ſhall be Licenced to ſell Ale or Beer, ſhall upon receipt of his Licence, pay to his Majeſty twenty Shillings current Money of and in *England* for every Year that he ſhall ſtand, or be ſo Licenced to ſell the ſame: And for that no Licences can be granted, but by ſome Perſons to be ſufficiently authoriſed; it is therefore Enacted, That Commiſſions ſhall from time to time be awarded under his Majeſty's Great Seal, unto every County, City and Town Corporate within this Kingdom, to a convenient number of Commiſſioners, ſome of the chief to be of the Quorum, to be nominated by the chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom, with the conſent of the Council for the time being, the ſaid Commiſſioners [a] to be choſen of the Juſtices of the Peace, with others to be added to them, in every County of this Kingdom, as the chief Governor or Governors and Council of this Kingdom for the time being ſhall think fit. Which Commiſſioners ſhall conſider as well of the number fit to be allowed to keep Ale-houſes, as of the places where the ſame ſhall be kept, and of the Ability and Sufficiency of the Perſon that ſhall be Licenced to keep the ſame, which ſaid Commiſſioners or two of them at the leaſt, whereof one to be of the Quorum, ſhall within one Month after Eaſter yearly, aſſemble at the Quarter-Seſſions, and adjourn from time to time to ſome other known place within the limits of their Commiſſions, as they ſhall think fit, and then and there ſhall make choice of ſuch Perſons, whom as well for their good Behaviour, as for their Abilities and conveniency of Houſes, Furniture and Places of Dwelling they ſhall know, or

Preamble.

None to ſell Ale or Beer by Retail without Licence.

Perſons licenced ſhall pay 20 *s.* yearly.

Commiſſions to be awarded under his Majeſty's Great Seal.

[a] Alter'd by 5 *Geo.* 2 Cap. 3.

Care taken that Licence be granted to Perſons of good Behaviour, &c. Their Houſes in convenient Places.

be credibly informed to be the fitteſt to keep Ale-houſes, taking always ſpecial care, that ſuch as they ſhall Licence, be Perſons of good Behaviour and Report, able to entertain Travellers, and that their Dwellings be in convenient Places; as Market Towns, in Villages, on Road-ways in Towns wherein are Pariſh Churches, and not in Bogs or Woods, or other unfit places; and that the ſame Commiſſioners or any two of them, one whereof to be of the Quorum, ſhall Licence ſuch Perſons to keep Ale-houſes, and to ſell Ale or Beer, in manner as aforeſaid, for one Year, from the Feaſt of *Eaſter* next preceding the making of ſuch Licence, and no longer: And that the party ſo Licenced, ſhall immediately enter into Recognizance with a good Surety to his Majeſty's Uſe, of ten pounds Sterling before the ſaid Commiſſioners by whom he ſhall be ſo Licenced; the condition of which Recognizance ſhall be That the party ſo Licenced, ſhall obſerve the Aſſize of Bread, Ale and Beer, and ſhall ſell the ſame, and other Victuals, and Proviſions for Travellers and Strangers at reaſonable Rates, and ſhall not make or utter any unwholſome Bread, Beer, Ale, or Victuals, and ſhall keep two Beds at the leaſt, well and conveniently furniſhed, for the Lodging of Strangers, and not to uſe or ſuffer any Drunkenneſs or exceſſive Drinking, or any common Dicing or Carding, or other unlawful Games, and

Nor to Harbour any Strangers but in Sickneſs above twenty-four Hours.

to keep good order and Rule in his or their Houſes, nor willingly to harbour any ſuſpected Perſons, or any of ill Behaviour, or any of the Neighbours Servants, during the time of their Licences, and not to harbour any Strangers in his or their Houſes, unleſs in caſe of Sickneſs or other reaſonable cauſe above four and twenty hours: The ſaid Licence to be made, and the ſaid Recognizance to be acknowledged at the publick Seſſions, or other Meetings of the ſaid Commiſſioners for that purpoſe, and not otherwiſe. And that the ſaid Commiſſioners by their ſaid Commiſſions by vertue of this Act, be Authoriſed as well to take acknowledgment of the ſaid Recognizance to his Majeſty's uſe, as to make the ſaid Licences: And that every ſuch Ale-houſe-keeper as aforeſaid, ſhall pay to his Majeſty's uſe the ſaid twenty Shillings currant Money of and in *England*, at one entire payment, to the Hands of the Collectors to be appointed in every County for that purpoſe, by the chief Governor and Governors, and Council of this Kingdom, as aforeſaid, of which Collector, the Commiſſioners to be appointed for granting the ſaid Licences, are to take Recognizances with good Sureties; which Recognizance the ſaid Commiſſioners or any two or more of them, are by this Act Authoriſed to take accordingly, and return them into his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*; the ſaid Sum of twenty Shillings to be paid in manner as aforeſaid, before the Perſon ſo to be Licenced take out his Licence: And that the Collectors aforeſaid ſhall attend every Seſſion of the ſaid Commiſſioners, as well to make Licences and Recognizances, and to enter the names of all ſuch as ſhall be Licenced; and to enter the ſaid Recognizances into a fair Book, as alſo to receive ſuch Monies as ſhall accrew out of the ſaid Licences unto his Majeſty, and the ſeveral Sums thereof likewiſe to enter into the ſaid Book: And every Recognizance entred therein at the end of every ſitting, ſhall be ſigned by the Hands of two or more of the Commiſſioners at the leaſt, whereof one to be of the Quorum, and ſhall be returned by the ſaid Commiſſioners, together with ſuch Money as ſhall be received by the ſaid Collectors upon the ſeveral Oaths of the reſpective Collectors (which Oath any of the Barons of his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, are hereby impowered to give) into

into the *Exchequer*; and the Money to be received for Licences, to be granted between *Easter* and *Michaelmas*, is to be returned by or before the end of *Michaelmas* Term yearly, and the Money to be received between *Michaelmas* and *Easter*, to be returned by or before the end of *Easter* Term yearly, and if the said Commissioners, or any of them, or the said Collector, shall conceal the names of any Person or Persons so Licenced, or any Sum or Sums of Money received for the same, or any of the said Recognizances the Party so offending, shall for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of ten Pounds Sterling, and suffer such further punishment by Imprisonment, or otherwise, as his Offence shall deserve.

None to use common Ale-house, &c. without Licence.

2 And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that no Person after *Easter*, which shall be in the Year one thousand six hundred sixty three, shall presume to keep any common Ale-house, or Tipling-house, or to use common selling of Beer or Ale by Retail without Licence as aforesaid, upon pain that every Person offending herein, shall for every time he so offends, forfeit to his Majesty the Sum of five Pounds of like Money.

Penalty 5 *l.*

Fees of Collectors and Clerks.

3 And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Collectors respectively do also receive one Shilling *English*, and no more, over and above the said twenty Shillings *English*, to be paid by the Persons to whom the said Licence shall be so granted, to be distributed by the Commissioners to their Clerks and Collectors aforesaid in such manner and proportion as the chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom, and Council for the time being as aforesaid, shall from time to time prescribe for the carrying on of the Service aforesaid, and that the said Collectors shall neither directly nor indirectly exact, take or receive of any Person to be Licenced as aforesaid, any Sum of Money, Fee or Reward for the said Recognizance, Licence or Acquittance, other than as aforesaid, for keeping any Ale-house or Tipling-house commonly selling Ale or Beer by Retail without Licence upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of ten pounds Sterling, and shall also be put from his Office: And that none of the said Commissioners shall either directly or indirectly take any Sum of Money, Fee or Reward of any of the said Ale-house-keepers for and concerning the obtaining of Licences as aforesaid, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of ten Pounds Sterling.

Ale or Beer may be sold at Fairs, &c. without Licence.

4 Provided always, [a] That such Persons as shall sell Ale or Beer, only in places where the general Assizes or the Quarter-Sessions shall be kept during the time of the Assizes or Sessions, or at Fairs during the time of the Fairs, shall not be Impeached for keeping or selling the same without Licence.

Persons licenced shall have Signs.

5 And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every one so to be Licenced shall have some Sign, Stake or Bush at his Door, to give notice unto Strangers and Travellers where they may receive Entertainment of Meat, Drink and Lodging for their reasonable Money.

Offenders to be proceeded against in the *Exchequer*, or at the Assizes.

6 And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Person or Persons whatsoever shall presume contrary to the intention of this Act, or shall incur any Forfeiture or Penalty therein mentioned, that every such Person or Persons so offending shall be proceeded against and punished, either in his Majesty's Court of *Exchequer*, [b] or before the Justices of Assize at the general Assizes, or the Justices of the Peace at their Quarter-Sessions, who by this Act are im-

[a] Alter'd by 18 *Geo.* 2. C. 3.
[b] Alter'd by 7 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 3.

impowered to hear and determine the ſame by all ſuch Ways, and in ſuch Manner and Form as to each of them reſpectively in their Diſcretions ſhall be thought fit, as well for puniſhing of the Offenders by Fine and Impriſonment as aforeſaid, or otherwiſe for reducing them to Obedience and Conformity.

A Moiety of the Fines to be to the King and the other to the Informer.

And be it further hereby declared, That the ſeveral and reſpective Fines and Forfeitures before mentioned ſhall be the one Moiety, or half of them for the uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety or half to and for the uſe of him or them that ſhall inform for them. 7

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That one Act of Parliament heretofore made in the tenth and eleventh Year of the Reign of our late dread Sovereign King *Charles* the firſt, Entituled, an Act for keepers of Ale-houſes to be bound by Recognizance, and every Clauſe, Article, Matter or Thing therein contained, ſhall from *Eaſter* one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty three, be repealed and utterly void and of none Effect. 8

Provided nevertheleſs, That this ſhall not extend to alter, change, revoke or otherwiſe diſcharge any former Collectors who have or ſhall receive any Money for Licences in their Hands by vertue of the ſaid former Act, but that they ſhall be ſtill accountable for the ſame. 9

This Revenue ſhall be paid into the *Exchequer*, and not be farmed or charged with any Gift, &c. Leaſes and Gifts thereof void.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Sum and Sums of Money which ſhall become due and payable unto his Majeſty by this Act, ſhall be duly and conſtantly paid into his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer* in manner as aforeſaid, and ſhall not be ſet or let to Farm, or be charged or chargeable either before it be paid into his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, or after with any Gift, Grant or Penſion whatſoever (his Majeſty intending to retain the ſame in his own Hands) and not to intereſt any private Perſon whatſoever in the Profits thereof: And that all and every ſuch Leaſe, Farm, Gift, Grant, or Penſion whatſoever, and all and every clauſe of Non Obſtante therein contained, ſhall be and is hereby declared, to be utterly void: And all and every Perſon to whom ſuch Farm or Grant are or ſhall be paſſed, ſhall be and are hereby made Accomptants to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and ſhall pay back all Sums of Money received or to be received by pretence of any ſuch Grant or Farm, and his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer* at *Dublin*, is hereby impowered to iſſue out Proceſs accordingly. 10

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this preſent Act ſhall be publiſhed and made known unto the People by publick Proclamation in every Market Town. 11

CAP.

CAP. II.

A Clauſe in an Act, Anno Regni Caroli Secundi Regis Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ 17.

At the Parliament begun at Dublin *on the eighth Day of* May, Anno Domini 1662, *in the 13th Year of the Reign of our moſt gracious Sovereign Lord* Charles *the ſecond, by the Grace of God of* England, Scotland, France, *and* Ireland *King, Defender of the Faith*, &c. *And there continued by ſeveral Prorogations unto the 26th Day of* October, Anno Domini 1665, *and in the 17th Year of his Majeſty's Reign.*

39 AND for the better Improvement and aſcertaining of his Majeſty's Revenue, Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all Lands by this or the [a] former Act veſted in his Majeſty, or reſtored by Virtue of any Decrees herein after confirmed, or ſettled, or mentioned to be diſpoſed, reſtored, confirmed or ſettled unto, or upon any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies politick or corporate, by Virtue of any Clauſe in this or the ſaid former Act contained, and not particularly by plain and expreſs Words excepted from Quit Rents in the ſame Clauſe, and the Lands by this Act appointed, to be ſet out for Augmentation of Biſhopricks, for Endowment of parochial Churches with Glebe, for the better Support of the Provoſt, or of the Provoſt and Fellows of the College of *Dublin*, for the Maintenance of the Fort at *Duncannon*, and the Benefit of the Corporation at *Bandonbridge* and all the Lands enjoyed by tranſplanted Perſons in the Province of *Connaught* or the County of *Clare*, and all other the Lands ſeized, ſequeſtred or ſet out by reaſon of or upon Account of the late Rebellion or War (the Lands of *James* Duke of *Ormond*, *Elizabeth* Lady Dutcheſs of *Ormond*, the Earl of *Burlington* and *Cork*, the Earl of *Roſcommon*, and of other the Proteſtants of *Ireland*, heretofore ſequeſtred only excepted) be ſubject and liable to ſuch Quit-Rents to be paid unto his Majeſty his Heirs and Succeſſors, as in the former Act, is directed and appointed; ſaving only that the Lands in the Province of *Ulſter*, which by the former Act were charged with one Penny the Acre Quit-Rent, ſhall be and are hereby charged from henceforth with two pence the Acre Quit-Rent: Nevertheleſs, becauſe it may ſo fall out, that in ſome Counties and Baronies of this Kingdom, the Quit-Rents which by the Rules of this Act will be chargeable upon, and iſſuing out of the Lands therein lying, may exceed or at leaſt amount to the full Value of the Land therewith charged, or very near the full Value, to the great Diſcouragement of all Plantation and Improvement thereupon, Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other chief Governour or Governours, and Council for the Time being, at any Time during the Space of three Years, from and after the paſſing of this preſent Act to make ſuch Abatement and Moderation of Quit-Rents, as they in their Judgments ſhall think fit, and that ſuch Order of Council as ſhall be made touching the Abatement of Quit Rents, and enrolled in the Court of *Exchequer*, ſhall be as

Lands ſubject to Quit-Rents.

Proteſtants formerly ſequeſtred only excepted.

Lands in the Province of *Ulſter* to pay 2*d.* per Acre.

[a] 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. *C.* 2.

as good and effectual, as if the ſame had been enacted by theſe Preſents, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CAP. XVIII.

An additional Act for the better ordering and collecting the Revenue ariſing by Hearth-Money.

Act 14 & 15. *Car.* 2. cap. 17. defective.

WHereas the Revenue ſetled on his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by a late Act made in this Kingdom, intituled, *An Act for eſtabliſhing an additional Revenue upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for the better Support of his and their Crown and Dignity*, by reaſon of ſome Defects in the ſaid Act, and by the Negligence of Conſtables and other Officers thereby intruſted, hath been much diminiſhed, and notduly anſwered; for Remedy thereof, and for the better aſcertaining and collecting the ſaid Revenue for the future; Be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, that whereſoever any Returns of any Hearths, fireing Places or Stoves, ſhall in purſuance of the aforeſaid Act, or this preſent Act, be made to any Juſtices of the Peace in this Kingdom, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed to receive the ſame, that the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace, or other Perſon or Perſons to whom ſuch Returns ſhall be made, or any one of them, ſhall be, and are hereby authorized, to examine the Perſons making ſuch Returns upon Oath, concerning the Truth and Faithfulneſs of their acting in making ſuch Returns.

Juſtices of the Peace to examine Perſons making Returns, upon Oath.

Occupiers of Houſes &c. forfeit 4*s.* for every Hearth omitted in their Accounts.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Owner or 2
Occupier of any Houſes or Edifices, as by the aforeſaid Act is required, ſhall omit in his Accompt ſo required to be made by the aforeſaid Act, any Hearth, firing-place or Stove, he ſhall for every ſuch Hearth, firing-place or Stove, he ſhall ſo omit, forfeit the Sum of four Shillings; and alſo, that in caſe any Conſtable or other Perſon that in purſuance of the aforeſaid Act ſhall be appointed to join with, and aſſiſt the Conſtable in taking an Account of the ſeveral Hearths, Firing-places and Stoves in each Pariſh or any other place, ſhall make Default in giving ſuch Notice to the Owners and Occupiers of every Houſe and Edifice in every Pariſh or other Place, as by the ſaid former or this preſent Act is required, or to deliver ſuch Accounts in Writing, receive, reform or take by their own View unto the Juſtices of the Peace in their reſpective Quarter-Seſſions, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed to receive the ſame, as by the ſaid former, or this preſent Act is required, that every ſuch Conſtable and Aſſiſtant to him, making ſuch Default, ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence the Sum of forty Shillings, the ſaid Forfeitures and Penalties to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, the one half to the Uſe of his Majeſty, and the other half to him or them that ſhall ſue for the ſame.

Conſtables, &c. not giving notice to the Occupiers or not making Returns forfeit 40*s.*

Court of *Exchequer* may give a further Allowance to the Clerks of the Peace.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may 3
be lawful for the Chancellor, Treaſurer, Vice-Treaſurer, and Barons of his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, or any three of them, to give and make ſuch further

Allowance

Allowance unto the Clerks of the Peace of the reſpective Counties in this Kingdom, or other Perſon to be appointed for that Service, for their Labour and Pains in and about the writing, engroſſing and returning into his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer* the Duplicates and Returns of the ſeveral Conſtables in Parchment, over and beſides what is allowed by the aforeſaid Act, as they ſhall think meet and convenient, the ſaid further Allowance not exceeding three Pence in the Pound, any Thing in the ſaid former, or this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Chief Governour and Council ſhall appoint Officers to collect this Duty.

4 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governour or Governours of this Kingdom for the Time being, and Council, to conſtitute and appoint ſuch Perſon and Perſons as they ſhall think meet to be the Officer or Officers for the receiving and collecting, and anſwering the Duty ariſing by the ſaid Hearths, Firing-places and Stoves, by Virtue of the aforeſaid Act and this preſent Act, and for viewing and numbering the ſeveral Hearths, Firing-places and Stoves in the ſaid Act, and this preſent Act mentioned, and for the inſpecting and examining the ſeveral Rolls, Certificates and Returns thereof made or to be made, from time to time into his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, in purſuance of the ſaid Act, or any other Thing belonging to the ſame, which Officer or Officers, or any of them, ſhall have full power to examine and ſuperviſe the Rolls and Number of Hearths, Firing-places and Stoves, already returned, or that ſhall be returned into the ſaid Court of *Exchequer*, and from time to time to take Copies or Abſtracts of the Rolls ſo returned, without paying any Fee for the ſame, and being accompanied with the Conſtable, or publick or proper Officer of the Place who are hereby required to attend and aſſiſt upon this Occaſion; and in all Pariſhes and Places where there are no Conſtables, or other publick Officers as aforeſaid, or where ſuch Conſtables or publick Officers ſhall refuſe ſo to attend and aſſiſt, there, without any ſuch Aſſiſtance, to enter in the Day time into any Dwelling or other Houſe or Edifice, and to ſearch and examine whether there be any more Hearths, Firing-places or Stoves in the ſame, than were formerly returned or certified, and if they ſhall find any Variance in the Number returned, both the Officer or Officers appointed by the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governour or Governours and Council of this Kingdom, and the Conſtable or other Officer as aforeſaid, if any ſuch ſhall attend and aſſiſt, ſhall upon all Occaſions certify the ſame under his and their Hands, to the Clerk of the Peace, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as in his ſtead ſhall be appointed to receive the ſame: Which Certificate, he or they are hereby enjoyned to make, and likewiſe at the ſame Time return a Duplicate thereof unto his Majeſty's Remembrancer in the *Exchequer*, and the Officer or Officers ſo appointed by the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governour or Governours, and Council of this Kingdom, ſhall from and after ſuch his and their Appointment, have power to collect and levy the Revenue and Duties ſo given to his Majeſty as aforeſaid, and all Arrears that ſhall hereafter grow due for the ſame, any Thing in the aforeſaid Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Which Officers are impower'd to examine former Returns, &c. and without Aſſiſtance, where it cannot be had, to enter Houſes and make ſearch, &c.

And to levy the Hearth-Money and all Arrears thereof.

5 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after ſuch Appointment of any ſuch Officer or Officers, in any County of this Kingdom, to collect, levy and receive the ſaid Duty, and Notice thereof being given to the Sheriffs of the ſaid County for the Time being, the ſaid Duties ſhall from time to time be paid to ſuch Officer as ſhall by virtue of this Act be ſo appointed to

The ſaid Duties to be paid to the Officers upon Demand.

to receive the ſame upon Demand thereof, by ſuch Officer or his Deputy, at the Houſe, Chamber or Place, where the ſame Duty ſhall ariſe, or grow due; and that in caſe of Refuſal, or Default of ſuch Payments thereof after ſuch Demand, the ſaid Officer, or his Deputy, may at any time, with the Aſſiſtance of a Conſtable or other Officer as aforeſaid, in the Day-time levy the ſaid Duty, and all the Arrearages thereof, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods of the Party or Parties ſo refuſing or making Default, reſtoring to the Party or Parties the overplus of the Value of ſuch Goods over and above the Duty and Arrearages thereof then behind, and over and above the neceſſary Charges of taking ſuch Diſtreſs; which Charges ſhall in no Caſe exceed the fourth part of the Duty and Arrearages thereof ſo levied; and in caſe the ſaid Conſtable, or other Officer, ſhall refuſe or neglect to give his Aſſiſtance in manner as before named, that then ſuch Conſtable or other Officer, for every ſuch Refuſal or Neglect, ſhall forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, the one Moiety to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; and the other Moiety thereof to him, or them that ſhall ſue for the ſame.

Officer with the Aſſiſtance of a Conſtable, &c. to diſtrain and ſell the Parties Goods for non-payment.

Conſtables refuſing to aſſiſt, forfeit 40s.

No Charge to be made or Diſtreſs to be taken for the ſaid Duty, or Arrears thereof after 2 Years.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Owners, Proprietors or Occupiers of the ſaid Hearths, Firing-places or Stoves, ſhall be charged, diſtrained or moleſted for the ſaid Duty, or any Arrearages at any time after the ſpace of two Years next after the Duty hereafter ſhall become due to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, nor for any Arrearages for the ſaid Duty already incurred, before the four and twentieth Day of *June*, 1665. nor for any Arrears whatſoever of the ſaid Duty which ſhall not appear upon Record in his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, and from and after the Appointment of ſuch Officer or Officers in any County in this Kingdom, and notice thereof given to the Sheriff of the ſaid County, for the Time being, all Officers formerly appointed to collect the ſaid Duty, ſhall be diſcharged from the future collecting and levying the ſame, or demanding any Fees or Allowances by reaſon thereof, otherwiſe than as they are directed by this Act; and the ſaid Officer or Officers, that ſhall be ſo appointed as aforeſaid, to collect this Duty, ſhall pay the ſame into his Majeſty's *Exchequer*, to the Ends in the ſaid former Acts mentioned by the End of *Hillary Term* yearly, or within thirty Days after. 6

Officers to give Security and take an Oath for the faithful Execution of their Truſts, &c.

Provided, that no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be employed as aforeſaid, unleſs he and they ſhall firſt give in ſufficient Security to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, before one or more of the Barons of the *Exchequer*, for the due collecting, levying and paying in the ſaid Revenue, or ſuch part thereof as ſhall be committed to their reſpective Truſts, and ſhall likewiſe take a corporal Oath before one or more of the Barons of the *Exchequer*, or before ſuch Perſons as ſhall be authorized to take ſuch Security, and Oath, by Commiſſion from the ſaid Court of *Exchequer*, for the due and faithful Execution thereof, according to the Laws enacted to that purpoſe, and that they ſhall not exact or demand any Fee or Sum of Money for the Execution thereof, from any Perſon, but only from the King's Majeſty, under pain of being diſabled to execute the ſaid Office or Imployment, and upon legal Conviction for any ſuch Crime, to render treble Damages to the Party grieved, and ſhall ſign and deliver Acquittances for Moneys by them received, without any Fee or Reward whatſoever; and every ſuch Acquittance ſhall be a final Diſcharge, as in the aforeſaid Act is provided. 7

And to ſign and deliver Acquittances for Money received, which ſhall be final Diſcharges.

And

8 And if any Perſon ſhall fraudulently ſtop up, deface, cover or conceal any Hearth, Firing-places or Stove, chargeable by the ſaid Act, or this preſent Act, and the ſame be proved, either by Confeſſion of the Party, or upon Oath before one or more Juſtices of the Peace or chief Magiſtrate, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be authorized therefore, or by their View, he ſhall for ſuch Offence, pay double the Value of the Duty for the ſame, to be levied as aforeſaid; and if any Queſtion or Difference ſhall ariſe about the taking of any Diſtreſs, or levying any Moneys, by virtue of this or the former Act, the ſame ſhall be heard, and finally determined by one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace near adjoining, or chief Magiſtrate of the Place, reſpectively upon Complaint in that Behalf; and the Juſtices of the Peace and chief Magiſtrates, and other his Majeſty's Officers within their ſeveral Limits and Juriſdictions, are hereby authorized and required to give Aſſiſtance from time to time, to ſuch Officers as ſhall be ſo appointed as aforeſaid, for the collecting of the ſaid Duty, according to the true meaning of the ſaid former and this preſent Act.

Perſons concealing Hearths, &c. to pay double Duty.

Differences ariſing about Diſtreſſes, &c. to be determin'd by a Juſtice of the Peace &c.

Juſtices of the Peace, &c. to aſſiſt Officers.

9 And be it further enacted, That all and every ſuch Officer or Officers as ſhall be at any time appointed in manner above mentioned for the collecting, gathering and receiving of the ſeveral Sums of Money, now or hereafter, to grow due to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, for or in reſpect of the ſaid Duty ariſing upon Hearths, Firing-places and Stoves, ſhall ſatisfy and pay unto the reſpective Clerks of the Peace of this Kingdom, or to ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as in their ſtead ſhall be appointed for that Service, all ſuch Allowances as are by the ſaid former Act given and allowed unto them, and ſhall in purſuance of this Act be given or allowed unto them. Provided always, that until ſuch Time as the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governour or Governours, and Council of this Kingdom for the Time being, ſhall conſtitute and appoint ſuch Officer and Officers to act in, and concerning the Premiſſes, as is herein above mentioned, that all and every Officer and Miniſter, and other Perſon by the ſaid former Act required, or appointed to do or perform any Matter or Thing relating unto the levying, raiſing, collecting or paying in of the ſaid Duty ariſing upon Hearths, Firing-places or Stoves, ſhall continue to act according to the ſeveral Powers by the ſaid former Act and this preſent Act ſet down and appointed, any Matter or Thing herein contained, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Officers collecting the ſaid Duty to pay the Clerks of the Peace.

Old Officers to act till new Ones are appointed.

10 And be it further enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governour or Governours and Council of this Kingdom for the Time being, from time to time to appoint ſuch Perſons as they ſhall think fit, to do, execute and perform all and every the Matters and Things, which by the ſaid former Act, or this preſent Act are to be done, executed or performed by any Juſtices of the Peace, or Clerks of the Peace of this Kingdom, and from and after ſuch Appointment, all other Perſons not thereby appointed, ſhall be, and are hereby diſcharged from doing, executing and performing any Matter or Thing relating unto the Premiſſes, any Thing in the ſaid former Act, or in this preſent Act, to the contrary notwithſtanding. And whereas there is one Clauſe in the ſaid former Act, contained in theſe Words, *Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in Caſe any two Juſtices of the Peace, ſhall in Writing under their Hands yearly, certify their Belief, that the Houſe wherein any Perſon doth inhabit within ſuch County wherein they are Juſtices of the Peace, is not of greater Value than eight Shillings* per Annum, *upon the full improved Rent, and that neither the Perſon ſo inhabiting, nor any*

Chief Governour and Council may appoint Perſons to execute every Thing, which by this Act and the former Act is to be done.

Recital of a Proviſo in 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. cap. 17. for Houſes not worth 8*s. per Annum* Rent and Perſons not worth 4*l.*

any other uſing the ſame Meſſuage, hath, uſeth or occupieth any Lands or Tenements of their own or others, of the yearly Value of eight Shillings per Annum, *nor hath any Lands, Tenements, Goods or Chattles of the Value of four Pounds in their own Poſſeſſion, or in the Poſſeſſion of any other in truſt for them, then in ſuch Caſe, upon ſuch Certificates made to the Juſtices of the Peace of ſuch County, at any of their Quarter-Seſſions to be held for the ſame County and allowed by them, for which Certificate and Allowance, no Fee ſhall be paid: The Perſon on whoſe Behalf ſuch Certificate is made, ſhall not be returned by the Conſtable, or other Perſons to be aſſiſtant to them as aforeſaid, and the ſaid Houſe is hereby for that Year diſcharged of and from all Duties by this Act impoſed, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.* Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Clauſe ſhall be conſtrued to extend only to ſuch Widows as ſhall produce ſuch Certificates as are therein mentioned; and as to all other Perſons whatſoever, the ſaid Clauſe is hereby abſolutely repealed.

Which Proviſo is to extend only to Widows producing Certificates, and to be void to all others.

Houſes within the Scite of Cathedral Churches, not free.

And be it further enacted, That no Houſes or Edifices within the Scite or Precinct of any Cathedral or Collegiate Church within this Kingdom, ſhall by the aforeſaid Act, be diſcharged of the Duties thereby, or by this preſent Act, payable to his Majeſty, any Thing in the ſaid former Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding. 11

Private Ovens and Kilns not belonging to Bakers, &c. free.

And whereas by the ſaid former Act private Ovens and Kilns are not to be charged with any Duty to his Majeſty, as other Hearths, Firing-places and Stoves, and that ſome Doubt hath been made, and may hereafter ariſe, what ſhall be conſtrued and taken for private Ovens and Kilns, and what ſhall be taken and accounted for publick Ovens and Kilns: Be it further enacted, explained and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Ovens in Bakers Houſes, and in Taverns, Inns and Victualling-houſes, as alſo all Kilns wherein Mault or other Grain is or ſhall be dryed to be ſold, ſhall be deemed, conſtrued and taken to be publick Ovens and Kilns, and ſhall be charged accordingly, and that all other Ovens and Kilns ſhall be accounted and taken as private Ovens and Kilns, and ſhall not be charged with any Duty to his Majeſty for the ſame, any Thing in the ſaid former, or this preſent Act to the contrary notwithſtanding. 12

The ſaid Duty to be paid yearly on 10*th* of *January* at one intire Payment.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid Duty by the aforeſaid, and this preſent Act made payable to his Majeſty, ſhall be payable yearly on the tenth Day of *January*, in every Year at one entire Payment, and that all Returns to be made by any Owners or Occupiers of any Houſes, or Edifices of any Hearths, Firing-places and Stoves in this Kingdom, ſhall be made and delivered into the Conſtable, or other Officer in every Pariſh ſome time before the tenth Day of *November* yearly, and to that end the ſeveral Conſtables, and Aſſiſtants to them are required to give notice to the ſeveral Owners and Occupiers of Houſes, and Edifices throughout this Kingdom yearly, by the third Day of *November*, to deliver in ſuch Accompts of their Hearths, Firing-places and Stoves, as by the ſaid former Act, or this preſent Act is directed, any Thing in the aforeſaid Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding. 13

Returns to be made before 10*th* of *November* yearly.

And whereas Fires are often made in divers and ſeveral Places in ſuch dwelling Houſes as have no fixed Hearth with Chimneys over them, which may occaſion Uncertainties in the Returns to be made of all Hearths and Firing-places wherein any Omiſſion is penal by this Act, for Prevention whereof it is hereby declared 14

declared and enacted, that from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *March*, which ſhall be in the Year 1667. all ſuch Houſes ſhall be deemed, and taken to have two Hearths, and be chargeable with Payment of the Duty accordingly, until ſuch time as there ſhall be one or more fixed Hearth or Hearths with a Chimney or Chimnies placed over the ſame, in all and every dwelling Houſe or Houſes aforeſaid, any Thing in the aforeſaid Act, or this preſent Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Double Duty to be paid for Houſes wherein Fires are made that have no fixed Hearths with Chimneys over them.

15 And whereas the great Sufferings of Sir *Henry Tichburn* Knight, by the late Rebellion in this Kingdom, which began on the three and twentieth Day of *October*, 1641. And the many and great Services which he performed to his Majeſty's Royal Father, of bleſſed Memory, in the Conduct of thoſe Forces committed to his Charge againſt the Rebels at the breaking out of the ſaid Rebellion, and often afterwards during the Continuance thereof, cannot be forgotten: which Services, as they were performed with the often hazard of his Life, ſo it is agreeable to Honour and Juſtice, that an extraordinary Mark of Favour be placed upon him, both to deliver over to Poſterity the gracious Senſe which his Majeſty hath of his Sufferings and Services, and the grateful Memory which this Kingdom retains thereof; and whereas by the Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Livery in this Kingdom, the ſaid Sir *Henry* was thereby deprived of the Benefit of the Wardſhip of *Nicholas Plunket* of *Dunſaghly*, Eſq; which was given him by his late Majeſty towards a Compenſation for his Loſſes by, and Services againſt the ſaid Rebels, for which Wardſhip he paid a conſiderable Fine to his Majeſty, and underwent other Expences concerning the ſame: Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid Sir *Henry Tichburn*, his Executors and Adminiſtrators, ſhall have and receive in Satisfaction of his Services and Loſſes aforeſaid, out of ſuch Monies as are or ſhall be payable, or levied out of the Hearths, Firing-places or Stoves in this Kingdom, the Sum of two thouſand Pounds Sterl. to be paid within the ſpace of one Year next enſuing, and his Majeſty's Vice-treaſurer, or Receiver General of this Kingdom now being, or that hereafter for the Time ſhall be, is and are hereby authorized and required, out of the ſaid Monies, to ſatisfy and pay to the ſaid Sir *Henry Tichburn*, his Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns, the ſaid two thouſand Pounds accordingly, and for ſo doing this Act ſhall be to his Majeſty's ſaid Vice-Treaſurer and Receiver General of this Kingdom now being, and that hereafter for the Time ſhall be, and to the Commiſſioners of his or their Accompts, ſufficient Warrant and Diſcharge in that Behalf.

2000*l.* payable out of this Duty to Sir *Henry Tichburn*.

CAP. XIX.

An Act for the better ordering the ſelling of Wines and Aquavitæ, together with all ſorts of ſtrong Waters, by Retail.

FOR the better ordering and ſelling of Wines, Aquavitæ, and all ſorts of ſtrong Waters by Retail in Taverns and other Places and for preventing of Abuſes therein, Be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with Preamble.

with the conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever from and after the twenty ninth Day of *September* in the Year of our Lord 1666, unleſs he or they be licenced and enabled in Manner and Form as in this preſent Act is preſcribed and appointed, ſhall ſell or utter by Retail (that is to ſay, by the Pint, Quart, Pottle, or Gallon, or by any other greater or leſſer Retail Meaſure) any kind of Wine or Wines, Aquavitæ, Uſquebagh, Brandy, Balkan, or other diſtilled Strong-Waters whatſoever to be drank or ſpent within his or their Manſion Houſe or Houſes, or other place in his or their Tenure or Occupation, or without ſuch Manſion Houſe or Houſes, or ſuch other place in his or their Tenure or Occupation, by any Colour, Craft or Means whatſoever, upon pain to forfeit for every ſuch Offence the Sum of five Pounds, the one Moiety of every ſuch Penalty to be to our Sovereign Lord the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the other Moiety to him or them that will ſue for the ſame, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of the Kings Courts of Record; in which Action or Suit, no Eſſoign, Wager of Law or protection ſhall be allowed. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That Commiſſions ſhall from time to time be awarded under his Majeſty's Great Seal into every County in this Kingdom, to a convenient number of Commiſſioners to be nominated by the Lord Lieutenant, or other chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom and Council [a] for the time being: The ſaid Commiſſioners to be choſen out of the Juſtices of the Peace, with ſuch others to be added to them as the Lord Lieutenant or other chief Governor or Governors and Council of this Kingdom for the time being ſhall think fit; which Commiſſioners ſhall conſider of the Ability and Sufficiency of the Perſon and Perſons that ſhall be licenced to ſell or utter by Retail as aforeſaid any kind of Wine or Wines, Aquavitæ, Uſquebagh or Strong-Waters, Brandy, Balcan, or any other diſtilled Strong-Waters whatſoever: And the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them, ſhall aſſemble at ſuch times, and at ſuch known Place or Places within the Limits of their Commiſſions, as they ſhall think fit, and then and there ſhall make choice of ſuch Perſons, whom as well for their good Behaviour, as for their Abilities and Conveniences of Houſes, Furniture, and Places of Dwelling, they ſhall know or be credibly informed to be the fitteſt to ſell Wines, Aquavitæ and Strong-Waters as aforeſaid, taking always ſpecial care, that ſuch as they ſhall Licence, be Perſons of good Behaviour and Report, and that the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them, ſhall Licence ſuch Perſons to ſell and utter by Retail all or any kind of Wine or Wines, Strong-Waters, or any other the Liquors diſtilled, or Strong-Waters whatſoever aforeſaid to be drank and ſpent as well within the Houſe or Houſes, or other place in the Tenure or Occupation of the Parties ſo licenced as aforeſaid, as without in any City, Town, or other Place within the Kingdom of *Ireland*, for any Term not exceeding three Years from the twenty ninth of *September* next preceding the making of ſuch Licence and no longer: And that the ſaid Commiſſioners by their ſaid Commiſſions ſhall be eſpecially Authoriſed to make the ſaid Licences, and that every ſuch Retailer of Wine

No Perſons ſhall ſell Wines, or Strong-Waters by Retail, without Licence.

On pain of 5 *l.*

Commiſſioners under his Majeſty's great Seal, ſhall Licence fit Perſons.

Retailers of Wines to pay for every Licence not leſs than 40 *s.* nor more than 40 *l.* yearly,

in *Dublin* County and City, nor more than 20 *l.* in all other Parts.

[a] Alter'd by 5 *Geo.* 2. *Cap.* 3. and by 11 *G.* 2. *C.* 3.

Wine or Wines whatſoever as aforeſaid, ſhall pay to his Majeſty's uſe ſuch Sum as ſhall be agreed to be paid for ſuch Licence, ſo as none do pay leſs than the Sum of forty Shillings yearly. And that none be compelled in the City and County of the City of *Dublin*, to pay more than forty Pounds yearly, and in all other Cities, Towns Corporate, and other Places as well within as without Franchiſes and Liberties in this Kingdom, more than twenty Pounds yearly: And that every ſuch Retailer of Aquavitæ, Uſquebagh or Strong-Waters whatſoever, Brandy, Balkan, or any other diſtilled Strong-Waters whatſoever as aforeſaid, ſhall pay to his Majeſty's Uſe ſuch Sums as ſhall be agreed to be paid for ſuch Licence, ſo as none do pay leſs than the Sum of ten Shillings yearly, and none ſhall be compelled to pay more in the City and County of the City of *Dublin*, than ten Pounds yearly, and in all other Cities, Towns Corporate, and other Places as well within as without Franchiſes and Liberties in this Kingdom, than the Sum of five Pounds yearly, by two ſeveral equal Payments, the firſt thereof to be made before the Perſon ſo to be licenced take out his Licence, and the ſecond Payment to be made at the end of ſix Months after the Date of ſuch Licence, to the Hands of Collectors to be appointed in every County for that purpoſe, by the ſaid Commiſſioners for ſuch County, or any three or more of them, of which Collectors the Commiſſioners to be appointed for granting the ſaid Licences, or any two or more of them are to take Recognizances with good Security, with condition for payment duly into the Receipt of his Majeſty's *Exchequer* all ſuch Sum and Sums of Money which in reſpect of the ſaid Licences ſhall be received by him: Which Recognizances the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them are by this Act Authoriſed to take accordingly, and if the ſame ſhall become forfeited, to return the ſame into his Majeſty's ſaid Court of *Exchequer*, and alſo to take Bonds of the Parties licenced for the reſpective ſecond Payments, and that the Collectors aforeſaid ſhall attend every Commiſſion and Seſſion of the ſaid Commiſſioners, as well to make Licences and Recognizances, and to enter the Names of all ſuch as ſhall be licenced into a fair Book, as alſo to receive ſuch Monies as ſhall accrew out of the ſaid Licences unto his Majeſty, and the ſeveral Sums thereof likewiſe to enter into the ſaid Book, which Book at the end of every Sitting, ſhall be ſigned by the Hands of two of the ſaid Commiſſioners at leaſt, and ſhall be returned, together with ſuch Monies as ſhall be received into the *Exchequer* by the ſaid Collectors (that is to ſay) the firſt Payment of the ſaid Monies by the end of *Michaelmas* Term, or thirty Days after, and the ſecond Payment by the end of *Eaſter* Term, or thirty Days after yearly, and the ſaid Bonds to remain in the Hands of the ſaid reſpective Collectors, and not to be returned into the *Exchequer*, but in caſe of failure of Payment upon the Days limited, and if the ſaid Commiſſioners or any of them, or the ſaid Collectors or any of them, ſhall conceal the name or names of any Perſon or Perſons ſo licenced, or any Sum or Sums of Money received for the ſame, or any of the ſaid Recognizances or Bonds, the Parties ſo offending, ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit the Sum of twenty Pounds Sterling.

Retailers of Strong-Waters to pay not leſs than 10 *s.* nor more than 10*l.* yearly in *Dublin* City and County, nor more than 5 *l.* in all other Parts.

Half to be paid before the Licence is taken out, and half in 6 Months after the Date of the Licence.

Collectors of the ſaid Duties, to give Bond with good Security to pay the ſame into the *Exchequer*.

Bond to be taken for the 2 *d.* Payment.

Collectors are to enter the Names of licenced Perſons, and Money received in a fair Book, and to return the ſaid Book duly ſigned, together with the Money into the *Exchequer*.

Collectors concealing Names, or Sums, or any Bond, forfeit 20 *l.*

And

Collectors may receive after the Rate of 2 *s.* *per Annum* for every Year in the Licence for Wines, and 12 *d.* for Strong Waters, and no more, on pain of 10 *l.* and loſs of Place.

And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid Collectors reſpectively may alſo receive after the Rate of two Shillings for every Year, which ſhall be compriſed in ſuch Licence for ſelling of Wines, and after the Rate of twelve Pence for every Year which ſhall be compriſed in ſuch Licence for ſelling Strong-Waters as aforeſaid, and no more, over and above the ſeveral Sums that ſhall be agreed to be paid for the Licences by the reſpective Perſons to whom the ſaid Licences ſhall be ſo granted, to be diſtributed by the Commiſſioners to their Clerks and Collectors aforeſaid, in ſuch Manner and Proportion as they ſhall think beſt for carrying on of the Service aforeſaid, and that the ſaid Collectors ſhall neither directly nor indirectly exact or receive of any Perſon to be licenced as aforeſaid, any Sum of Money, Fee or Reward for the ſaid Recognizance, Licence or Acquittance other than as aforeſaid, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of ten Pounds Sterling, and ſhall alſo be put from their Office, and that none of the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall directly or indirectly take any Sum of Money, Fee or Reward of any of the ſaid Retailers for or concerning the obtaining of Licence as aforeſaid, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of forty Pounds Sterling. 2

No Perſon to ſell Wine, or Strong-Waters by Retail without Licence, on pain of 5 *l.*

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon after the ſaid twenty ninth Day of *September*, in the Year of our Lord, 1666, ſhall ſell any Wine, Aquavitæ or other Strong-Waters as aforeſaid by Retail, without Licence to be granted in manner as aforeſaid, upon pain that every Perſon ſo offending herein, ſhall for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of five Pounds, to be recovered and diſtributed in Manner and Form as aforeſaid. 3

Merchants, &c. ſelling mingled Wines.

And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Merchant, Vintner, Cooper, or other Perſon ſelling or retailing any Wine, ſhall mingle or utter any *Spaniſh* Wine mingled with any *French* Wine, or *Rheniſh* Wine, Syder, Perry, Honey, Sugar, Syrups of Sugar, Moloſſes, or any other Syrups whatſoever, nor put in any Iſinglaſs, Brimſtone, Lime, Raiſons, Juice of Raiſons, Water, nor any other Liquor nor Ingredients, nor any Clary or other Herb, nor any ſort of Fleſh whatſoever, nor any Milk; And that no Merchant, Vintner, Wine-Cooper, or other Perſon ſelling or retailing any Wine ſhall mingle or utter any *French* Wines mingled with any *Rheniſh* Wines, or *Spaniſh* Wines, Syder, Perry, ſtum'd Wine, Vitriol, Honey, Sugar, Syrup of Sugar, Moloſſes, or any Syrup whatſoever, nor put in any Iſinglaſs, Brimſtone, Lime, Raiſins, Juice of Raiſins, Water or any other Liquor or Ingredients, nor any Clary or other Herb, or any ſort of Fleſh whatſoever or Milk, and that no Merchant, Vintner, Wine-Cooper or other Perſon whatſoever, ſelling or retailing any Wine, ſhall mingle or utter any *Rheniſh* Wines mingled with any *French* Wines or *Spaniſh* Wines, Syder, Perry, ſtum'd Wines, Vitriol, Honey, Sugar, Syrup of Sugar, Moloſſes, or any other Syrups whatſoever, nor put in any Iſinglaſs, Brimſtone, Lime, Raiſins, Juice of Raiſins, Water, nor any other kind of Liquor or Ingredients, nor any Clary or other Herb, nor any ſort of Fleſh whatſoever or Milk: And that all and every Perſon and Perſons committing any of the Offences aforeſaid, ſhall incur the Pains and Penalties hereafter mentioned (that is to ſay) every Merchant, Wine-Cooper, or other Perſons ſelling any ſorts of Wines in groſs, mingled or abuſed as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit and loſe for every ſuch Offence the Sum of twenty Pounds Sterling, and that every Vintner, or other Perſons ſelling 4

Forfeit for ſelling ſuch in Groſs 20 *l.* by Retail 10 *l.*

ling any ſort of Wine by Retail mingled or abuſed as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit and loſe for every ſuch Offence the Sum of ten Pounds Sterling, of all which Forfeitures aforeſaid, one Moiety ſhall go unto the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the other Moiety to the Informer. And all and every the Forfeitures in this Act before mentioned and contained, to be recovered in any Court of Record by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection or wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

Forfeitures to be recovered in any Court of Record.

5 [4]And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall offend contrary to the Intention of this Act, or ſhall incur any Forfeiture or Penalty therein mentioned, that ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, ſhall be proceeded againſt and puniſhed, either in his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, or before the Juſtices of Aſſize at the General Aſſizes, or the Juſtices of the Peace at their Quarter-Seſſions, who by this Act, are authoriſed to enquire of all and every the Offences againſt this Act, and to hear and determine the ſame.

Offenders to be proceeded againſt in the *Exchequer*, or before the Juſtices at the Aſſizes, &c.

[4] Alter'd by 7 *Geo.* 2. *Cap.* 3 and by 11 *G.* 2. *C.* 3.

Anno Septimo Gulielmi Tertii Regis.

CAP. XVI.

The fourth Clauſe, and Part of the fifth Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for granting unto his Majeſty an Aid or additional Cuſtom on the ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned.

4 AND whereas ſome Doubt hath lately ariſen, whether Tobacco imported into this Kingdom ought to pay, or is chargeable with, unto his Majeſty, any greater Duty, upon any Account whatſoever, than Two-pence Half-penny for every pound weight, by vertue of any Law or Laws in force, before the making of this Act. For the ſettling whereof, and for Prevention of all Controverſy for the future, touching the ſame.

5 Be it Enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That no more than Two-pence Half-penny for every pound weight of Tobacco, imported into this Kingdom, was, or is payable, or do, or did of right belong unto his Majeſty, or any of his Predeceſſors, by vertue of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law whatſoever in Force in this Kingdom, before or at the Time of the paſſing of this preſent Act.

Hereditary Duty on Tobacco, ſettled at 2 pence halfpenny per pound Weight.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act for making the Collectors Receipts for Quit-Rent, Crown-Rent, and other Rents due to the Crown, full and legal Diſcharges for the ſame; and for Limiting their Fees thereon.

Conſiderations for appointing Collectors to receive the Quit-Rent.

WHEREAS the ſeveral and reſpective Farmers of the Revenue of this Kingdom, ſince the Reſtauration of his late Majeſty King *Charles* the Second; and the ſeveral Commiſſioners appointed ſince, for the Management of the ſaid Revenue, have thought fit for ſeveral weighty Conſiderations, to Collect and Levy the Quit-Rent, Crown-Rent, Compoſition, and all other Rents due to the Crown, by Collectors, by them appointed, in the ſeveral Diſtricts of this Kingdom, which was principally intended for the Eaſe of the Subject, by ſaving them the trouble, danger, and expence of ſending their Money to *Dublin*, to be there paid into the Treaſury.

2 And whereas ſeveral Scruples have ariſen, amongſt his Majeſty's good Subjects, which have made them doubt, whether the Acquittances given by ſuch Collectors, were, or ought to be ſufficient Diſcharges to the Perſons who have paid the ſaid Rents, againſt his Majeſty, in any Proſecution made in his Name, in the Court of *Exchequer*, or elſewhere; for levying and recovering thereof, in caſe the ſaid Collectors who have received the ſame, have not duly accounted for ſuch Receipts with his Majeſty, as in Duty they ought: For Remedy whereof,

Collectors Acquittances ſhall be valid in Law to all Intents, &c.

3 Be it Enacted by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice, and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame; that the ſeveral Acquittances already given by the Collectors, or Receivers, duly Authorized and Appointed to collect, and receive the ſaid Quit-Rent, Crown-Rent, Compoſition-Rent, and other Rents: As alſo all Acquittances that hereafter ſhall be given by any ſuch Collector, or Receiver, during the time the ſaid Collectors were, are, or ſhall be ſo employed, ſhall be Good, and Valid in Law, to all Intents and Purpoſes, againſt his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors. And that all ſuch Acquittances ſo given, or hereafter to be given, ſhall be as Good and Effectual, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as an *Exchequer* Acquittance duly Paſſed and Entred in the ſeveral Offices of the *Exchequer*.

Collectors upon payment of the ſaid Rents, ſhall give full Acquittances in Parchment.

4 And be it further Enacted, That all and every the Collector, and Collectors, of the aforeſaid Rents, ſhall upon Payment of the ſame, or any Part thereof, give and perfect to the Perſon ſo paying the ſame, a full and clear Receipt, or Acquittance, for what he ſhall receive, in Parchment, under his Hand; wherein he ſhall mention the Sum ſo by him received, and for what Gales Rent, and for what Land, and on what Account the ſame is paid to him. And for the Encouragement of the ſaid Collectors to do their Duty therein, with all due Regard and Indulgence to the Country. And to prevent the Extortions and Oppreſſions which may be committed by their Bailiffs, or Drivers, on the Tenants liable to pay ſuch Quit-Rent, Crown-Rent, Compoſition-Rent, or other Rent.

Be

5 Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Collectors, and every of them, may demand and receive the reſpective Fees hereafter mentioned, and no more, or other Fee: That is to ſay, for every Acquittance they ſhall give for any of the ſaid Rents, for any Sum above five Shillings, and not exceeding twenty Shillings, the Sum of Six-pence, and no more, and for every Sum above twenty Shillings, and not exceeding five Pounds, the Sum of one Shilling and no more, and for every Sum above five Pounds, and not exceeding fifteen Pounds, the Sum of one Shilling Six-pence, and no more, and for every Sum above fifteen Pounds, the Sum or Fee of two Shillings, and in no caſe to receive any more for any one Acquittance than two Shillings.

Collectors may demand and receive Fees, (*viz.*) 6 *d.* for every Acquittance for a Sum above 5 *s.* and not above 20 *s.* above 20 *s.* and not above 5 *l.* One Shilling above 5*l.* and not above 15 *l.* 1 *s.* 6 *d.* Above 15*l.* 2 *s.* and no more in any caſe for one Acquittance.

6 And whereas ſeveral Perſons ſtand charged with, or are obliged to pay ſeveral Rents, for ſeveral parcels of their Lands and Tenements, the ſame being granted under ſeveral and diſtinct Rents, to themſelves, or others, under whom they Claim, for which formerly ſeveral Acquittances uſed to be given, tho' paid at the ſame time, and by the ſame Perſon, for which ſaid ſeveral Acquittances, diſtinct Fees have been paid, to the great charge of the Subject; for Remedy whereof.

7 Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where one Perſon ſtands charged with the Payment of ſeveral and diſtinct Sums, in reſpect of ſeveral Parcels of their Lands and Tenements, or where the ſame is in Charge, in the name of other Perſons, not in Poſſeſſion of ſuch Lands, the ſeveral Collectors of this Kingdom, within their reſpective Diſtricts, ſhall on Receipt of the ſaid Rents, or any part thereof, give to the Perſon ſo in Poſſeſſion, as aforeſaid, and ſo paying the ſame, one Acquittance for what he ſhall ſo pay, which Acquittance ſhall diſtinctly mention, as well the Lands and Tenements, as the Rent ſo paid, and for what Gale the ſame is ſo paid, and by whom, for which one Acquittance the ſaid Collectors ſhall receive, no other or greater Fee than as aforeſaid: And whereas, the ſeveral Acquittances to be made and given purſuant to this Act, may be loſt or miſlaid, to the prejudice of the Perſon therein concerned: For Prevention whereof.

Perſons charged with ſeveral Sums for Lands, &c. granted under diſtinct Rents ſhall have one Acquittance for the whole at the aforeſaid Fee.

8 Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every the Collector and Collectors of this Kingdom, ſhall every Year, prepare a Book, wherein they ſhall Enter all the Receipts or Acquittances by them given, for all and every the aforeſaid Rents, under their Hands, and in the preſence of the Party paying the ſame, to which Receipt the ſaid Parties, or any other on his behalf may ſet their Names; for every which Entry, the ſaid Collectors may demand and receive Two-pence over and above the Fees aforeſaid; which Book, the ſaid Collectors, and every of them reſpectively, ſhall yearly, before the Stating of their Accounts, return under their Hands, and on their Oaths, into the Office of the Auditor-General, where the ſame ſhall remain and be kept, not only as a Charge on ſuch Collectors reſpectively, but alſo as a Diſcharge to the Subject, for all Sums, thereby appearing to be paid, as aforeſaid.

Collectors ſhall keep a Book for entring Quit-Rent Receipts. And may demand 2 *d.* for every Entry.

Which Book the Collectors are to return yearly on Oath into the Auditor-General's Office.

CAP. II.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for encouraging the Importation of Iron and Staves.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the great Duties laid on Foreign Iron are a great Diſcouragement to the Importation thereof, and tend to the leſſening of her Majeſty's Revenue, and to the Deſtruction of the Woods of this Kingdom.

And whereas there is great Scarcity of all ſorts of Timber in this Kingdom, 2
and the great Duties laid on Hoops, Bark, Laths, and on Staves imported, for making Barrels, Pipes or Caſks, are a great Hindrance to the Importation thereof.

For the Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's moſt excellent Ma- 3
jeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, that from and after the Firſt Day of *November*, in the preſent Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, all Duties payable by any Law, for unwrought Iron, Bark, Hoops, Laths, or for Barrel-Staves, Pipe-Staves, Headings, or other Staves or Timber, to be made Uſe of for making Caſks, ſhall wholly ceaſe and determine: And that from thenceforth there ſhall be paid to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for ſuch unwrought Iron, Bark, Hoops, Laths, Barrel-Staves, Pipe-Staves, Headings, or other Staves or Timber, to be made Uſe of for making Caſk, the Duties following, and no other; (that is to ſay) For every Tun of Iron to be imported into this Kingdom, from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *November*, in the preſent Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, the Sum of Five Shillings for Cuſtom, and Five Shillings for Exciſe, and no more; and for every Thouſand of ſuch Barrel-Staves, Pipe-Staves, Headings, or other Staves, for making Caſk, containing Six Score to each Hundred, to be imported into this Kingdom, from and after the ſaid Time, the Sum of Six Pence Cuſtom, and Six Pence Exciſe, and no more; and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity: And for every Thouſand of Hoops, or Laths, containing Six Score to the hundred, to be imported, as aforeſaid, One Penny, and no more; and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity: And for every Barrel of Bark imported, as aforeſaid, the Sum of One Penny, and no more.

Iron unwrought imported, to pay 5 *s.* Cuſtom, and 5 *s.* Exciſe *per* Tun.

Staves imported, 6 *d.* Cuſtom, and 6 *d.* Exciſe, *per* 1000.

Hoops, 1 *d. per* 1000.

Bark, 1 *d. per* Barrel.

And for the preventing the Exportation of Timber out of this Kingdom to 4
any parts beyond the Seas, other than to the Kingdom of *England*, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *November*, in the preſent Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, there ſhall be paid to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors (over and above all Duties now payable for the ſame) the further Sum of Two Pounds Ten additional Duty.

Timber or Plank exported, except to *Great Britain*, to pay 2*l.* 10*s. per* Tun

* England —

Ten Shillings for every Tun of Timber, or Plank, which from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *November*, in the preſent Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and three, ſhall be exported out of this Kingdom, to any part beyond Seas, other than to the Kingdom of *England*; and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer Quantity; and for every Thouſand of Hoops or Laths which ſhall be exported out of this Kingdom to any parts beyond the Seas, (other than to the Kingdom of *England*) the Sum of Five Shillings; and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer Quantity; and for every Thouſand of Pipe-Staves, Barrel-Staves, Headings, and other Staves for making of Caſk, to be computed as aforeſaid, which ſhall be exported out of this Kingdom to any part beyond the Seas (other than into the Kingdom of *England*) over and above all Duties now payable for the ſame, the further Sum of Three Pounds, and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer Quantity.

Hoops or Laths, 5 *s. per* 1000.

Staves, 3 *l. per* 1000.

5 And be it further enacted, that all and ſingular the Duties and Sums by this Act granted, ſhall be paid, collected, levied, and received by the ſame Perſons, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and in the ſame Manner, and under ſuch Penalties, Proviſoes, Reſtrictions and Regulations, as in and by One Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of his late Majeſty King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for ſettling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tunnage, and other Sums of Money, unto his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into or out of the Kingdom of* Ireland, *according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed.* And another Act made in the ſame Year, intituled, *An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe, or New Impoſt, upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*, are directed and appointed, for the paying, collecting, levying, and receiving the Duties ſettled and granted by the ſaid Act.

Cap. 9.

Cap. 8.

6 Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend to impoſe, or to oblige the payment of any Duty for ſuch Timber as ſhall be made up in any Ship or Veſſel, as part of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, or to reſtrain the carrying or going of the ſame out of this Kingdom; but that all Timber ſo made up, as is aforeſaid, ſhall be wholly free and exempt from all the Duties impoſed and granted by this Act, any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Timber made up in any Ship or Veſſel, as part thereof, free.

CAP.

CAP. IV.

A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for continuing the additional Duty of Exciſe on Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, &c.

AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Collector, or other Officer whatſoever in her Majeſty's Revenue, ſhall demand, receive, or take any other Fee or Reward for any Permit for Tobacco, other than the ſeveral Fees and Rates herein after mentioned (that is to ſay) for any Permit of any Quantity of Tobacco, under One hundred Pounds Weight, One Penny and no more; and for every Permit for any Quantity of Tobacco of One hundred Pounds Weight and upwards, Three Pence, and no more: Or other Goods not exceeding the Value of Five Pounds.

Fees for Permits.

CAP. IV. Seſſ. 2.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the Improvement of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures in this Kingdom.

Enacted,

FOR the Encouragement of the Linnen Manufactures in this Kingdom, and preventing Abuſes therein, be it enacted by the Queen's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall after the Firſt Day of *May*, in the Year of our Lord God One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, ſell or expoſe to Sale any Linnen Yarn made in this Kingdom, other than in Hanks or Dozens, each Hank or Dozen conſiſting of Twelve Cutts, and no more; and each Cutt containing One hundred and twenty Threads, and no more: And that all the Yarn contained in the ſaid Hank or Dozen be Flaxen Yarn only, or Tow Yarn only, of the ſame Colour and Fineneſs; and that no Tow Yarn be intermixed with the ſaid Flax Yarn; and that each Hank or Dozen be of One Yard and a Quarter in Length, and no more: That each Cutt ſhall be ſeparated as the ſame ſhall be reeled, and not afterwards; and that in the reeling of the ſaid Linnen Yarn no Perſon or Perſons ſhall reel more than One

That *Iriſh* Linnen Yarn for Sale ſhall be made in Hanks or Dozens of 12 Cuts each, each Cut 120 Threads, &c.

One Thread at a time; and that the Standard Reel of this Kingdom ſhall be Two Yards and an half in Circumference: That each Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſell or expoſe to Sale any Flaxen or Hempen Yarn in other manner than as aforeſaid, and ſhall be thereof convicted, as herein after is mentioned and expreſſed, ſhall forfeit the whole Hank in which any Cut ſhall be falſly made up, to him, her, or them, who ſhall inform and proſecute the ſame with effect.

The Standard Reel to be two Yards and a half in Circumference.

Hank wherein any falſe Cut is made up, forfeited.

5 And be it further enacted, that from and after the Firſt Day of *Auguſt*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and five, there ſhall be paid no Duty whatever to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for or on Account of the Exporting of any Flaxen or Hempen Cloath made or manufactured within this Kingdom.

From the 1ſt *Auguſt*, 1705, no Duty to be paid for Flaxen or Hempen *Iriſh* Cloth exported.

11 And foraſmuch as foreign Pot-Aſhes and Wood-Aſhes are abſolutely neceſſary for the carrying on of the Linnen Manufacture in this Kingdom; yet by reaſon of the exceſſive Duty which heretofore has been laid on the ſaid foreign Aſhes, Merchants and Dealers therein are greatly diſcouraged and in great meaſure prevented from importing the ſame into this Kingdom: Be it enacted, that from and after the Firſt Day of *Auguſt*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and five, no Duty ſhall be demanded, levied or raiſed for or by reaſon of the importing of ſuch foreign Pot-Aſhes or Wood-Aſhes; and likewiſe of all *Holland* Flax-Seeds, or of *Ruſſia* or *Muſcovia* Flax-Seed or Hemp-Seed; or for any Loom or Looms, to the uſe and behoof of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors; but that the ſame ſhall and may be from thenceforth freely imported into any Parts of this Kingdom Duty-free, any Law, Statute or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Duty to be paid for foreign Pot-Aſhes, or Wood-Aſhes imported. Nor for *Holland* Flax-Seed, or *Ruſſia* or *Muſcovia* Flax-Seed or Hemp-Seed. Nor for Looms for the Uſe of the Crown.

Offences againſt this Act to be determined by a Juſtice of the Peace, in relation to the making of Hanks of Linnen-Yarn, &c. *But by* 9 Geo. 2. c. 4. *the like Power is given to the Truſtees for the Linnen Manufacture, within the County of the City and County of* Dublin.

Anno Secundo Annæ Reginæ.

CAP. VII.

An Act for Leſſening the Duty of Rape-ſeed to be exported.

WHEREAS it is found by Experience that the planting of Rape-ſeed contributes very much to the Improvement of the unprofitable and boggy parts of this Kingdom; and that the great Duty laid on Rape-ſeed exported is a great Diſcouragement to the planting or ſowing the ſame: For Remedy thereof, be it enacted by the Queen's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from

Preamble.

Enacted,

That from 1st *June* 1705.

from and after the First Day of *June* in the Year of our Lord God One thousand seven hundred and five, there shall be paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for Rape-seed to be exported, the Duties following, and no other (that is to say;) For every Quarter of Rape-seed, containing Eight Bushels in the Quarter, to be exported out of this Kingdom from and after the said First Day of *June* in the Year of our Lord God, One thousand seven hundred and five, the Sum of Six Pence for Custom, and no more; and so proportionably for a greater or lesser Quantity.

6 *d.* Custom, and no more, shall be paid for every Quarter of Rape-seed exported. And 4 *s. per* Tun for Rape-oil exported.

And be it further enacted, that no more Duty be taken for any Rape-oil made in this Kingdom, which shall after the said First Day of *June* be exported out of this Kingdom, than Four Shillings *per* Tun; and so *pro Rata*. 2

And be it further enacted, that all and singular the Duties and Sums by this Act directed to be paid and taken, shall be paid, collected, levied and received by the same Persons, and by such Ways and Means, and in the same Manner, and under such Penalties, Provisoes, Restrictions and Regulations as in and by one Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of his late Majesty King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for settling the Subsidy of Poundage, and granting a Subsidy of Tonnage and other Sums of Money unto his Royal Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; the same to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into or out of this Kingdom, according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed*, are directed and appointed for the paying, collecting, levying and receiving the Duties settled and granted by the said Act. 3

To be levied as the 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. *c.* 9. directs.

Continuation.

Provided always, that this Act shall continue and remain in Force for three Years, to commence and be computed from the said First Day of *June*, One thousand seven hundred and five, and until the end of the next Session of Parliament next after the Expiration of the said three Years, and no longer. 4

Anno Secundo Annæ Reginæ.

CAP. XIV.

Certain Clauses in an Act, intituled, An Act for regulating the Weights used in this Kingdom: And that Salt and Meal shall be sold by Weight.

Enacted that 56 *l.* of white Salt shall be accounted a Bushel.

AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that all white Salt imported into this Kingdom for the future shall pay her Majesty's Duties by Weight, and not by Measure (that is to say;) Fifty six Pounds of white Salt shall be accounted a Bushel; and that the same Duty shall be paid for every Fifty six Pounds Weight of white Salt as is now payable for a Bushel: And that Sixty five Pounds of Rock Salt shall be accounted a Bushel; and that the same Duty shall be paid for every Sixty five Pounds of Rock Salt as is now payable for a Bushel of Rock Salt. 1

And 65 *l.* of Rock Salt a Bushel.

This

16 This Act, as to ſo much thereof as relates to the buying and ſelling of Salt and Meal by Weight; and as to ſo much thereof as relates to the making her Majeſty's Duties on white and [s] Rock Salt, payable by Weight; as alſo that Sixty five Pounds of Rock Salt ſhall be accounted a Buſhel, and Fifty ſix Pounds of white Salt be eſteemed a Buſhel; and the Duties to be paid for ſuch reſpective Weights thereof, as aforeſaid, for a Buſhel of the ſaid ſeveral Salts, to continue until the End of the next Seſſions of Parliament, and no longer.

[s] See 8 *Annæ C.* 2. for the Duty on Rock Salt.

CAP. XV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act to prohibit Butchers from being Graziers; and to redreſs ſeveral Abuſes in buying and ſelling of Cattle; and in the ſlaughtering and packing of Beef, Tallow and Hides.

8 AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever from and after the Twenty fifth Day of *March* aforeſaid, ſhall ſhip or convey, or cauſe or procure to be ſhipped or conveyed, in or to any Ship, Boat or Veſſel in or upon the Sea; or in or upon any Haven, River, Creek or Place within this Kingdom, any manner of Beef ſalted, packed or barrelled, that at the Time of killing or ſlaughtering thereof, was not of the Age of Five Years, knowing the ſame to be under that Age at the Time of the killing thereof, to the Intent to tranſport or carry the ſame into any the Parts beyond the Seas, there to be uttered, bartered or ſold by way of Merchandize or otherwiſe; every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall forfeit every ſuch Barrel of Beef ſo laden, ſhipped or tranſported contrary to the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act, or the Value thereof; the ſaid Forfeiture to be recovered in Manner and Form aforeſaid.

Perſons ſhipping ſalted Beef, that at the Time of killing thereof was not five Years old, to be ſold abroad, forfeit ſuch Beef, or the Value of it.

9 And whereas the falſe Packing of Beef for Exportation is very prejudicial to the Trade of this Kingdom; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every Barrel of Beef, that from and after the Twenty fifth of *March*, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and four, which ſhall be ſalted and packed up by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, by way of Merchandize, to be tranſported beyond the Seas, ſhall contain at the leaſt Two hundred Weight of neat Beef, at One hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred, upon pain of Forfeiture of every Barrel of Beef that ſhall be found packed up, and ready for Exportation, that doth not contain Two hundred Weight of neat Beef, at One hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred, as aforeſaid, in whoſe Hand ſoever the ſame is found, whether in the Hands of the Perſons that ſalted and made up the ſaid Beef, or in the Hands of

Beef ſalted and packed up to be ſold abroad, the Barrel to contain at leaſt 200 Weight, under Forfeiture of every Barrel.

the Merchant, or any other Perſon that ſhould or might export the ſame: The ſaid Forfeiture to be recovered as aforeſaid. [a]

Continuation.

Provided always, that this Act ſhall be and continue in Force for the Space of Seven Years from the Firſt Day of *February*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and three; and from thence to the End of the next Seſſions of Parliament, and no longer. 18

[a] In any Court of Record in *Dublin*.

Anno Sexto Annæ Reginæ.

CAP. I.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for granting to her Majeſty an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Tobacco, Callicoes, Linnens, Muſlins, and other Goods and Merchandizes.

Enacted,

That ſtrong Ale, or ſtrong Beer may be entered and ſhipped off in the legal Ports, and at the uſual Hours, to be ſpent beyond the Seas, in the Preſence of a ſworn Officer, upon Notice given at the Exciſe-Office.

BE it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the Twenty ninth Day of *September*, in the Year of our Lord God One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon in any Sea-Port, or upon any navigable River, to export and ſhip off as Merchandize within any of the uſual and allowed Ports by Law, and at the common Keys for Exportation, and lading on board of Merchandize, or Keys to be appointed for that purpoſe, and within the uſual Hours of Exciſe, for Accompt of himſelf or any other to be exported into foreign Parts, in the Preſence of a ſworn Gauger, or other ſworn Officer, to be appointed by the Farmers, Commiſſioners or Sub-commiſſioners of her Majeſty's Exciſe, upon Notice thereof to them given at the Office of Exciſe within the Limits, whereof the ſaid Ale or Beer was brewed or made, of the reſpective Port or Place whence the ſame ſhall be ſhipped, any ſort of Strong-Ale or Strong-Beer to be ſpent beyond the Seas; which ſaid Gauger or Officer aforeſaid, ſhall certify the Quantity of the ſaid Beer or Ale ſhipped off, to the Commiſſioners or Officers of the Exciſe, where the Entry thereof ſhall be made, who are hereby required to make Allowance, or repay the Exciſe of the Beer or Ale ſo exported, unto the Perſon or Perſons exporting the ſame, within one Month after ſuch Exportation. 4

Which Officer is to certify the Quantity of Liquor ſhipped off, to the Commiſſioners, &c. who are to repay the Exciſe thereof to the Exporter within a Month after Exportation.

Such Liquor fraudulently re-landed, or put into any other Ship, forfeited.

And 50 *l.* for every Caſk thereof.

To be recovered in any Court of Record in *Ireland*.

One Moiety to the Uſe of the Crown, and the other to the Informer.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Merchant or Maſter of any Ship or Veſſel, or other Perſon, ſhall cauſe or ſuffer any of the ſaid Liquors ſo ſhipped in any Veſſel as Merchandize, to be fraudulently unſhipped, unladen, laid on Land, or put into any other Ship or Veſſel within this Kingdom, he or they ſhall forfeit the ſame, and Fifty Pounds *Sterl.* more for every Caſk he or they ſhall ſo unduly land or put on board any Veſſel, to be recovered in any of her Majeſty's Courts of Record in this Kingdom, by Information, Bill, or Plaint, the one Moiety of which Forfeiture ſhall be to the Uſe

Uſe of the Queen's moſt excellent Majeſty, the other Moiety to the Informer or Proſecutor; and to the Intent her Majeſty's Duty of Exciſe may not be prejudiced by ſuch Beer or Ale as ſhall be ſpent on Shipboard, her Majeſty's Commiſſioners and Officers of the Cuſtoms are hereby required and enjoined, to charge every Maſter of any Ship or Veſſel in his Victualling-Bill with ſo much Beer or Ale, and no more, as ſuch Number of Men uſe to ſpend in ſuch Voyages, [a] the Exciſe whereof to be recovered according to the Laws and Rules already eſtabliſhed.

Commiſſioners, &c. required to charge in Victualling Bills the uſual Allowance of Beer or Ale.

The Exciſe whereof is to be recovered according to Law.

[a] According to 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. *Cap.* 8.

CAP. IX.

A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for the Encouragement and Improvement of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures.

8 AND whereas the exceſſive Fees taken by the Officers of the Cuſtoms, on the Exportation of Linnen Cloth, bought by Seamen and others for their own or Families Uſe, is a Diſcouragement to the ſaid Linnen Manufacture: Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the Twenty fourth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven, there ſhall be paid to all or any of the Patentee-Officers, or any other Officer or Officers of her Majeſty's Cuſtoms or Revenue, their Clerks or Servants for Fees, or upon any Pretence, or for any Cauſe whatſoever, for any one Entry of Linnen Cloth that ſhall be exported, or entred to be exported, containing leſs than fifty eight Pieces, one Penny for each Piece, and no more; and for any one Entry containing Fifty eight Pieces, or upwards, the Sum of Four Shillings and Ten Pence, and no more, nor more than Six Pence for any Certificate of ſuch Parcels, being of the Growth and Manufacture of this Kingdom; and in caſe any Officer or Officers ſhall demand or receive any greater Fee than as aforeſaid, contrary to this Act, he or they ſo offending, and being duly convicted thereof, ſhall *Ipſo Facto* forfeit his and their Imployment and Imployments, and be incapable ever afterwards, of having or enjoying any Office or Imployment in the Revenue in this Kingdom, Information on Oath being firſt given thereof within the Space of Fourteen Days after the Offence committed, to ſome one of her Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, for the County or City where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed.

Enacted, that from 24 *December* 1707,

For an Entry of Linnen Cloth outward under 58 Pieces, 1 *d. per* Piece ſhall be paid, and no more.

58 Pieces or upwards 4 *s.* 10 *d.* and 6 *d.* for the Certificate.

Penalty for receiving more.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for encouraging the Exportation of Corn.

Preamble.

FORASMUCH as it hath been found by Experience, that the Exportation of Corn and Grain into foreign parts, when the price thereof is at a low Rate in this Kingdom, hath been a great Advantage not only to the Owners of Land, but to the Trade of this Kingdom in general. May it pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted.

Corn exported, *viz.*

Malt, Bare, or Barly, when at 10 *s.* *per* Quarter, or under, Rye at 9 *s.* or under, and Wheat at 14 *s.* or under, In *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Ships, the Maſter and two thirds of the Crew at leaſt, being Subjects, The Exporter bringing a Certificate of the Quantity, &c. ſhipped, And proving ſuch Certificate by Oath,

And giving Bond to export and not reland ſuch Corn,

Shall have a Præmium, *viz.* for Bare, Barly, Malt or Rye, the Quarter 1 *s.*

For Wheat, the Quarter 1 *s.* 6 *d.* To be paid on Demand.

Such Corn to be ſhipped free from Cuſtom and Fees.

And be it enacted by the Queen's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and the Commons, in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That when Malt, Bare or Barly, is or ſhall be at Ten Shillings *per* Quarter or under, containing Eight Buſhels; Rye at Nine Shillings *per* Quarter or under, containing Eight Buſhels; and Wheat at Fourteen Shillings *per* Quarter or under, containing Eight Buſhels, in any Port of this Kingdom; every Merchant or other Perſon, who ſhall put on Ship-board in *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Shipping (the Maſter and two Thirds of his Mariners at leaſt, being her Majeſty's Subjects) any ſort of the aforeſaid Corn from any ſuch Ports, where the Rates ſhall not then be higher then as aforeſaid, with Intent to Export the ſaid Corn to parts beyond the Seas; every ſuch Merchant or other Perſons, ſhall bring a Certificate in Writing, under his hand or their hands, containing the Quantity and Quality of Corn ſo ſhipped, to the Farmers, Commiſſioners, Collectors, or other Perſons appointed, or to be appointed for the Time being, to collect the Duties and Rates ariſing by Cuſtoms within any ſuch Port; and upon proof made of any ſuch Certificate, by one or more credible Perſon or Perſons upon their Oaths; which Oath the ſaid Commiſſioners or other Perſons, are hereby authorized and required to adminiſter; and upon Bond given by every ſuch Merchant or other Perſon, in the Sum of Two hundred Pounds at leaſt, for every hundred Tuns of Corn ſo ſhipped; and ſo proportionably, that the ſaid Corn (Danger of the Seas excepted) ſhall be exported into parts beyond the Seas, and not be again landed in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, every ſuch Merchant ſo ſhipping off any of the aforeſaid Corn, and giving Certificate and Bond as aforeſaid, ſhall have and receive from ſuch Farmers, Commiſſioners, Collectors or other Perſons, in any Port reſpectively, where the ſaid Corn ſhall be ſo ſhipped; for every Quarter containing eight Buſhels of Bare, Barly or Malt, ground or unground, one Shilling; for every Quarter of Rye, one Shilling, ground or unground; for every Quarter of Wheat, ground or unground, one Shilling and Six Pence; which Sum or Sums, every ſuch Commiſſioner, Farmer or other Perſon, are hereby authorized and required upon Demand by ſuch Exporter, to make preſent payment of accordingly, without taking or requiring any thing for Cuſtom; or any Fee or Reward for Corn ſo laden to be exported, or for ſo much Grain as ſhall be exported in any Ship wherein any other Goods ſhall be ſhipped, any Law, Statute or Uſage, in any wiſe to the contrary notwithſtanding; and upon

[a] By 11 *Geo.* 2. *c.* 11. the Præmium is to be paid according to Weight.

upon Certificate returned under the Common-ſeal of the chief Magiſtrate, in any place or places beyond Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of Two known Merchants upon the place, that ſuch Corn was there landed, or upon proof by credible Witneſſes, that ſuch Corn was taken by Enemies, or periſhed in the Seas, the Examination and Proof thereof being left to the Judgment of ſuch Commiſſioners, Farmers, Collectors or other Perſons; which proof being made, a Certificate delivered to ſuch Perſon or Perſons reſpectively as took Bonds as aforeſaid, the ſaid Bonds ſhall be delivered up to ſuch Exporter, or his Order, to be cancelled, without any Fee for the ſame; and the Monies by any ſuch Commiſſioners, Farmers, Collectors or other Perſon, ſo paid in Obedience to this Act, ſhall be accepted of in his or their Accompts, as ſo much paid to her Majeſty; and he and they is, are, and ſhall be diſcharged thereof accordingly.

And upon returning a Certificate of the Magiſtrate in the foreign Port, that ſuch Corn was there landed; or proving that ſuch Corn was loſt at Sea.

The Exporter's Bond is to be cancelled without Fee. And the Bounty-Money ſo paid ſhall be allowed the Collectors in their Accompts.

CAP. XX.

Two Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for cleanſing the Port, Harbour, and River of Dublin, *and for erecting a Ballaſt-Office in the ſaid City.*

11 AND to the end that the ſaid reſpective Duties due and payable as aforeſaid, may be more effectually paid and levied, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall not be lawful to and for the Officers of her Majeſty's Cuſtom-houſe in *Dublin*, to clear and diſcharge any Ship or Ships outward-bound, or to permit any Ship or Ships outward-bound, to ſail, till the Commander or Maſter thereof ſhall have brought a Diſcharge from the Maſter of the Ballaſt-Office, teſtifying ſuch Ship or Ships to have paid and cleared their Ballaſt Money, in caſe they took in Ballaſt; and likewiſe all and ſingular the Duties by this Act as aforeſaid impoſed: Which Diſcharge ſhall be immediately granted without Fee or Reward, Fraud or Delay: In caſe of Refuſal or Delay, that then the Maſter of the Ballaſt-Office ſo refuſing or delaying, ſhall forfeit Forty Shillings, for every ſuch Refuſal or Delay, to the Maſter of ſuch Ship, to be recovered in a ſummary Way before the Lord Mayor of the ſaid City for the Time being, and to be levied by Diſtreſs, on Warrant of the ſaid Lord Mayor, and by Sale of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Maſter of the ſaid Office.

Officers of the Cuſtoms not to clear Ships, till a Diſcharge is produced from the Maſter of the Ballaſt-Office.

Maſter of the Ballaſt-Office refuſing or delaying, to forfeit 40 s.

20 And to the End that no Commander, or Maſter of any Ship or Ships reſorting to the ſaid Port of *Dublin* may have juſt Cauſe of Complaint, that his Voyage is retarded by Neglect of the ſaid Officers of the ſaid Ballaſt-Office, or that he ſuffers for want of removing his Ballaſt: Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that in caſe the Governor or Officers of the ſaid Ballaſt-Office, or their Servants, ſhall neglect or refuſe to take off, or bring in Ballaſt to any Ship or Ships within the ſaid Bar, at the reſpective Times appointed for doing thereof

In caſe of Neglect to take off or bring in Ballaſt.

Masters of Ships after Notice given to the Lord Mayor, may employ any other Lighter or Gabbard.

of as aforesaid, that then it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commander and Master of such Ship or Ships, or at any Time after Notice given of such Neglect, to the Lord Mayor of the said City for the Time being, to employ any other Lighter or Lighters, Gabbard or Gabbards, for the doing thereof; which said Lighter or Lighters, Gabbard or Gabbards, so by them as aforesaid employed, are hereby authorized and qualified to take up so much Ballast in the Channel of the said Port or River only, as shall be requisite for ballasting such Ship or Ships so as aforesaid neglected, or carry off such Ballast as shall be in such Ships arriving into Port, in case the Master or Officers and Servants of the said Ballast-Office shall refuse or neglect the same, within the prescribed Days and Times aforesaid; and in every Case, upon Oath thereof made before the Commissioners of the Customs, every such Master of any Ship or Vessel, shall have his Discharge and Clearings out of the said Port, as if he had produced such Certificate from the Master of the Ballast-Office as aforesaid; and every Lighter or Gabbard, which shall be so employed, either in the loading or unloading of the Ballast as aforesaid on Occasion of such Neglect of the said Ballast-Office, shall be exempted from the Payments of any Duty or Mulct to the said Ballast-Office for one Year.

In every Case, upon Oath made before the Commissioners, &c. Ships may be cleared.

Lighters, &c. employed on occasion of Neglect, free for a Year from Duty, &c.

Anno Octavo Annæ Reginæ.

CAP. II.

A Clause in an Act, intituled, An Act for granting to her Majesty an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Tobacco, Callicoes, Linnens, and other Goods and Merchandizes; and also a Duty on Rock-Salt.

Enacted, that from 24 *June*, 1709, 12 *d. per* Tun shall be paid for Rock-Salt imported in lieu of all former Duties.

AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, [a] that the Sum of 4 Twelve Pence *per* Tun, and no more, shall be paid to her Majesty, her Heirs and Successors, for every Tun of Rock-Salt which shall be imported into this Kingdom, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of *June*, One thousand seven hundred and nine, in lieu of all Duties heretofore payable thereout.

[a] To be levied according to 14 and 15 *Car.* 2. Cap. 8.

CAP.

CAP. III.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for explaining and amending an Act, intituled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery.

50 AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all Maſters of Ships, Merchants and others, to take and receive the Body of ſuch Popiſh Regular Clergyman, ſuch Popiſh Prieſt and Popiſh School-maſter ſo now lying and remaining in Goal, and to be tranſported, or who may hereafter remain in Goal to be tranſported, and to tranſport the ſaid Perſon or Perſons beyond the Seas, out of her Majeſty's Dominions of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*. And if any Merchant freighting any Ship outward bound for any Place or Port not within either of the Kingdoms of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, ſhall refuſe to receive the Body or Bodies of ſuch Popiſh Regular Clergyman or Popiſh Prieſt, or Popiſh School-maſter, not exceeding Five, in any one Ship, when required ſo to do by the chief Magiſtrate, or his Deputy, of ſuch Place or Port where any ſuch Popiſh perſon aforeſaid ſhall remain in Goal, the Collector and Collectors and other Officer of her Majeſty's Cuſtoms are hereby required not to diſcharge ſuch Ship until ſuch Merchant ſo freighting the ſame, or ſuch Maſter of a Ship ſhall conſent ſo to do; on pain that ſuch Collector ſo diſcharging ſuch Ship, ſhall forfeit to her Majeſty the Sum of Thirty Pounds *Sterling*.

Enacted, that Maſters of Ships ſhall receive Popiſh regular Clergymen, and Popiſh School-maſters to be tranſported.

Freighters refuſing to receive them on Shipboard, not exceeding 5 in one Ship.

The Ship not to be diſcharged.

On pain of 30 *l.*

51 And for an Encouragement to the ſaid Merchant or Maſter of a Ship to receive and tranſport the ſaid Perſon or Perſons, it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid Collector of ſuch Port or Place to pay, and they are hereby required to pay to the ſaid Merchant or Maſter of a Ship the Sum of Five Pounds *Sterling* for the Tranſportation of every ſuch perſon to any part of the *Weſt-Indies* not being ſubject to her Majeſty, and the Sum of Three Pounds *Sterling* for the Tranſportation of every ſuch perſon to any Place or Port in *Europe*, not being within her Majeſty's Dominions; the ſame to be allowed the ſaid Collector on his Accounts, on producing a Receipt of the ſaid Merchant or Maſter of a Ship, acknowledging a Receipt of the ſaid Sum or Sums, and alſo a Receipt acknowledging that he hath received the Body of ſuch Popiſh Regular Clergyman, Popiſh Prieſt or Popiſh School-maſter; in which Receipt ſhall be expreſt the Name of ſuch Perſon ſo to be tranſported, and the Place where the ſaid Perſon did laſt inhabit or reſide, and the Time the ſaid Perſon hath remained in Goal, and from what County-Goal he hath been tranſmitted to the ſaid Port or Place; which Receipt ſhall be teſtified by the chief Magiſtrate or his Deputy of ſuch Port or Place, and which Receipt herein laſt mentioned ſhall be enrolled in the Crown-Office of her Majeſty's Court of Chief Place in *Dublin*, without Fee or Reward, there to remain of Record.

Collector of the Port to pay 5 *l.* for tranſporting ſuch to the *Weſt-Indies*. And 3 *l.* to any Place in *Europe*, not being in the King's Dominions. The ſaid Sums to be allowed the Collector on his Accounts.

And

Such Popiſh Clergyman, &c. found in *Ireland* out of the Merchants Cuſtody, to ſuffer as a baniſhed Popiſh Clergyman that hath returned.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any ſuch Popiſh Regular Clergyman, Popiſh Prieſt or Popiſh School-maſter, who ſhall be found in this Kingdom out of the Cuſtody of the ſaid Merchant or Maſter of a Ship ſo receiving the ſaid Perſon, he ſhall be deemed and taken to be, and ſhall ſuffer ſuch Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are inflicted on any Popiſh Regular Clergyman who hath been baniſhed and returned again into this Kingdom by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm; and the ſaid Merchant or Maſter of a Ship, ſhall at the Time of receiving the ſaid Sum or Sums from the Collector, and receiving the Body of ſuch Popiſh Regular Clergyman, Popiſh Prieſt or Popiſh School-maſter, enter into a Recognizance to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, in the penalty of Fifty Pounds, to tranſport the ſaid Popiſh Perſon into ſome Place not within this Kingdom, or the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, or the Dominions thereunto belonging; which Recognizance ſhall be entred into by the ſaid Merchant or Maſter of a Ship, at the Time of the Receipt of the reſpective Sum or Sums of Five Pounds and Three Pounds, before the chief Magiſtrate of the ſaid Town, Port and Place, and the Collector by whom the ſaid Sum ſhall be paid, ſhall produce and deliver the ſaid Recognizance to the Commiſſioners of her Majeſty's Revenue, when he ſhall account for the Payment of the ſaid Sum, which Recognizance ſhall by the ſaid Commiſſioners be returned into the Crown-Office of her Majeſty's Chief Place at *Dublin*, for which no Fee or Reward ſhall be paid.

Recognizance of 50 *l.* to be given for tranſporting ſuch.

Collectors to deliver ſuch Recognizance to the Commiſſioners, who are to return the ſame into the Crown-Office.

Anno Secundo Georgii Primi Regis.

CAP. I.

An Act for granting to his Majeſty an additional Duty on Beer, Al Strong-Waters, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes.

Preamble.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of *Ireland* in Parliament aſſembled, being highly ſenſible of the great Bleſſings and Felicity we enjoy by your Majeſty's happy Acceſſion to the Throne of your Anceſtors, and well knowing, that the Security, Peace and Proſperity of this your Majeſty's Realm, neceſſarily depends on the Support of your Majeſty's Government (and being deeply ſenſible of your Majeſty's indulgent Care of this your Kingdom, and of your tender Concern for the Happineſs and Proſperity thereof, expreſt in many remarkable Inſtances; and being well aſſured, that your Majeſty will preſerve to us the ineſtimable Bleſſings which we enjoy under your moſt happy Government, in grateful Acknowledgment thereof, and for the Support of your Majeſty's Eſtabliſhment with Honour) do chearfully, readily and unanimouſly give and grant to your Majeſty the ſeveral Rates and additional Duties of Exciſe herein after mentioned; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be enacted.

And

2 And be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that from and after the twenty firſt Day of *November*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, there ſhall be throughout this your Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, raiſed, levied, collected and paid to your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Space of ſix Calendar Months for and upon all Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ and Strong-Waters, or Spirits that ſhall be brewed or made within this Kingdom for Sale, and upon all Tobacco and Muſlins, and upon Silks and Stuffs made or manufactured in *Perſia*, *China*, or the *Eaſt-Indies*, the ſeveral Rates and Duties herein after mentioned; (that is to ſay) for every Thirty two Gallons of Beer or Ale of above ſix Shillings the Barrel Price brewed within this Kingdom, by the common Brewer or in his Veſſels, or by any other Perſon or Perſons, who doth or ſhall ſell or tap out Beer or Ale, publickly or privately, one Shilling and ſix Pence, to be paid by the common Brewer, or by ſuch other Perſon or Perſons reſpectively, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity. For every Thirty two Gallons of Beer or Ale of ſix Shillings the Barrel or under, brewed within this Realm by the common Brewer, or in his Veſſels, or by any other Perſon or Perſons, who doth or ſhall ſell or tap out Beer or Ale, publickly or privately, three Pence to be paid by the common Brewer, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons reſpectively, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity. For every Gallon of Aquavitæ, Strong-Waters or Spirits, made or diſtilled within this Realm for Sale, the Sum of three Pence, to be paid by the firſt Maker or Diſtiller thereof. For every Pound Weight of Tobacco imported during the Time aforeſaid into this Realm, three Pence half-penny. For every Yard of Muſlin imported into this Kingdom, the Sum of ſix pence, and for every Yard of all Silks and Stuffs made and manufactured in *Perſia*, *China*, or the *Eaſt-Indies*, imported into this Kingdom during the Time aforeſaid, the Sum of one Shilling and ſix Pence.

Beer or Ale brewed here for Sale, above 6 *s.* the Barrel Price, to pay 1 *s.* 6 *d.* for every 32 Gallons.

Of 6 *s.* the Barrel, or under 3 *d.*

Spirits diſtilled here for Sale, 3 *d.* the Gallon.

Tobacco imported, 3 *d.* ½ *per* Pound.

Muſlin imported, 6 *d. per* Yard.

Silks and Stuffs of *Perſia*, *China*, or the *Eaſt-Indies*, imported, 1 *s.* 6 *d. per* Yard.

3 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid ſeveral Duties, Rates and Impoſitions hereby granted and charged as well upon Beer, Ale, Spirits, Aquavitæ and Strong-Waters, as upon Tobacco, Muſlins, Silks and Stuffs, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Time aforeſaid, over and above all other Duties payable for the ſame, by virtue of an Act made in this Kingdom, in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Settling of the Exciſe or New Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*, or by virtue of one other Act made in the ſaid Fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for Settling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tunnage and other Sums of Money unto his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into or out of the Kingdom of* Ireland, *according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed.*

Cap. 8.

Cap. 9.

4 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Directions, Rules, Methods, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things, which in and by the ſaid Act of Parliament,

Cap. 3.

intituled, *An Act for the Settling of the Exciſe or New Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*, are provided, ſettled or eſtabliſhed, for raiſing, levying, collecting, recovering, adjudging or aſcertaining the Duties thereby granted, ſhall be exerciſed, practiſed, applied, uſed, levied, recovered, and put in Execution, for the raiſing, levying, collecting, recovering and paying all and ſingular the Duties and Impoſitions by this Act granted, and impoſed upon the ſeveral Liquors and other Commodities herein mentioned and expreſſed, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if all and every the ſaid Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Methods, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters, Clauſes and Things, were particularly repeated and again enacted in the Body of this preſent Act, with the like Liberty to appeal to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the ſaid Act of Exciſe is provided.

CAP. III.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty an additional Duty on all Wines and Strong-Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and upon all Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine; And alſo a Tax on Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees, and Penſions therein mentioned.

Preamble.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of *Ireland* in Parliament aſſembled, being highly ſenſible of the ineſtimable Bleſſings and Felicity we enjoy by your Majeſty's happy and ſeaſonable Acceſſion to the Throne of your Anceſtors, which the reſtleſs Enemies of our moſt excellent Conſtitution in Church and State, contrary to their ſolemn Engagements to God, your Majeſty, and their Country, have moſt wickedly endeavoured to deprive us of, and being firmly reſolved to the utmoſt of our Powers, to ſupport, maintain and defend your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government againſt all your Enemies, and being convinced, that the Supplies already granted unto your Majeſty this Seſſion of Parliament, are not ſufficient to ſupport your Majeſty's Eſtabliſhment with Honour, have, in the moſt cheerful manner, freely and unanimouſly given to your Majeſty, the ſeveral additional and other Duties herein after mentioned: And we moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty, that it may be enacted,

And

2 And be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that from and after the laſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, and to the one and twentieth Day of *November*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, incluſive, there ſhall be throughout this his Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, raiſed, collected, levied and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all ſorts of Wines, ſtrong Waters and Spirits perfectly made, and upon Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, during the Time above limitted, the ſeveral additional Duties herein after mentioned, (that is to ſay;) for every Tun of Wine, the Sum of four pounds *ſterl.* and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity. And for every Gallon of ſtrong Waters and Spirits perfectly made, and of Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine, the Sum of eight pence *Sterl.* and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

Additional Duties granted on Wine and Spirits imported from 31ſt *January* 1715, to 21ſt *November* 1717. (*viz.*)

For Wine, the Tun 4*l.*

For ſtrong Waters and Spirits, the Gallon 8 *d.*

3 And be it further enacted, That the ſaid ſeveral Duties and Impoſitions hereby granted and charged upon all Wines and ſtrong Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Time aforeſaid, over and above all other Duties payable for the ſame, by Virtue of an Act made in this Kingdom, in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the ſecond, intituled *An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*: Or, by Virtue of one other Act made in the ſaid fourteenth Year of the Reign of the ſaid King *Charles* the ſecond, intituled, *An Act for ſettling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tunnage, and other Sums of Money, unto his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into or out of the Kingdom of* Ireland, *according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed.*

To be levied over and above all other Duties payable for the ſaid Goods by 14 *Car.* 2. C. 8.

Or by 14 *Car.* 2. C. 9.

4 Provided always, and be it further enacted, that if the ſaid Wines, ſtrong Waters, Spirits perfectly made, and Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine, upon which the ſaid additional Duties are charged and paid, or ſecured to be paid, are again exported by any Merchant that is a Subject of this Realm, or any other his Majeſty's Dominions, within twelve Months, or by Merchants, Strangers, * within nine Months after the Importation thereof, and that due Proof be firſt made by Certificate from the proper Officers of the due Entry and Payment of the additional Duties hereby granted on Wines, ſtrong Waters, Spirits perfectly made, and Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine inwards, and that all other Requiſites ſhall be performed, which are by Law required to be performed in Caſes where the Duties of Exciſe are repaid, by Virtue of the before-mentioned Act *For ſettling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*: That then the ſaid additional Duties ſhall without any Delay or Reward, be repaid or allowed unto ſuch Merchant or Merchants ſo exporting the ſame, within one Month after Demand thereof, or the Security for the ſaid additional Duties by this Act charged, ſhall be vacated as to ſo much as ſhall be ſo exported, any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Merchants exporting the ſaid Wines, *&c.* and performing the Requiſites in the Law, to be repaid the ſaid additional Duties, (*viz.*) Subjects within 12 Months, and Strangers 9 Months after Importation.

Within one Month after demand thereof,

Or the Security given for the ſaid Duties to be vacated.

* By 9 *Geo.* 2. C. 1. within 18 and 12 Months.

The ſaid Duties to be levied by ſuch Methods as are preſcribed by 14 *Car.* 2. C. 8.

And be it further enacted, that all and every the Powers, Authorities, Directions, Rules, Methods, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things, which in and by the ſaid Act of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*: Are provided, ſettled or eſtabliſh'd, for raiſing, levying, collecting, recovering, adjudging or aſcertaining the Duties thereby granted, ſhall be exercis'd, practis'd, apply'd and levy'd, recover'd and put in execution for the raiſing, levying, collecting, recovering and paying all and ſingular the Duties and Impoſitions by this Act granted and impos'd upon the ſeveral Liquors herein mention'd and expreſs'd, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes as if all and every the ſaid Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Methods, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauſes, Matters and Things were particularly repeated and again enacted in the Body of this preſent Act, with the like Liberty of appeal to and for the Party griev'd, as in and by the ſaid Act of Exciſe is provided.

With like Liberty of Appeal.

CAP. XIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for continuing the Encouragement given by former Acts of Parliament, to the Flaxen and Hempen Manufactures, and for the further Improvement and Regulation of the ſame.

Enacted:

BE it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall export out of this Kingdom any good Sail-cloth well and ſufficiently made, to any Parts beyond the Seas, at any Time within the ſpace of ten Years next, after the twenty-fourth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, ſhall receive as a *Præmium* for every Yard of Sail-Cloth made of ſound and good Hemp of ten Pence *per* Yard Value, and under fourteen Pence, ſo exported, the Sum of two pence: For every Yard of Mainſail or courſe Canvaſs made in Imitation of *Holland* Duck, of the Value of fourteen pence *per* Yard, or upwards, ſo exported, the Sum of four pence *Sterling*, and after the Expiration of the Term of ten Years, that from thence, during the further Term of eleven Years, any Perſon or Perſons ſo exporting ſuch Sail-cloth, ſhall receive as a *Præmium* for every Yard of ſuch Sail-cloth of ten pence *per* Yard Value, and under fourteen pence, ſo exported, the Sum of one penny: And for every Yard of ſuch Mainſail or courſe Canvaſs, made in Imitation of *Holland* Duck, of the Value of fourteen pence *per* Yard, or upwards, ſo exported, the Sum of two pence *Sterling*, to be paid by ſuch Officer or Officers, and in ſuch Manner as Drawbacks are uſually paid, the Exporter of

That a Præmium of 2*d. per* Yard ſhall be paid for Sail-cloth exported of 10*d. per* Yard Value and under 14*d.*
Of 14*d.* Value or upwards 4*d. per* Yard.

of ſuch Cloth, or any other Perſon or Perſons firſt making oath, that the ſaid Cloth is according to the beſt of his Knowledge and Belief, made of Hemp of the Growth of this Kingdom, and that ſuch Sail-cloth was never before exported, nor any Debenture iſſued out, or *Præmium* paid for the ſame.

8 And for aſcertaining the Value of ſuch Cloth, the Commiſſioners in the Port of *Dublin*, and the principal Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe, in all the other Ports, or any two of them, whereof the Collector for the Time being, to be always one, ſhall have Power, and are hereby required to chooſe two indifferent Merchants, or other Perſons, the moſt experienced in the Value of ſuch Cloth to be exported that can be got, who upon viewing the ſaid Cloth, ſhall certify and declare upon their corporal Oaths, which the ſaid Commiſſioners and other Officers are hereby impowered to adminiſter, what the reſpective Value of ſuch Cloth to be exported are, and if ſuch Merchants ſhall certify the Value of ſuch Cloths to be exported, as aforeſaid, then, and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Allowance and Payment of the *Præmium* ſhall be made as aforeſaid.

Value thereof to be aſcertain'd by Merchants upon Oath.

13 Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, all Flaxen Yarn which ſhall be exported to any Parts beyond the Seas, and is not reeled and made up in the ſame Manner as all Yarn expoſed to Sale is ordered and directed, by an Act paſſed in the ſecond Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for the Improvement of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufacture in this Kingdom*: Shall pay the Sum of one Half-penny for every Pound of ſuch Yarn exported for Cuſtom, to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, over and above what is already due and payable for the ſame.

Flaxen Yarn to be exported not reeled according to 2 Annæ C. 4. to pay ½*d. per* pound additional Duty.

22 And whereas by an Act paſſed in *England*, in the third and fourth Years of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, [a] intituled, *An Act to permit the Exportation of* Iriſh *Linnen Cloth to the Plantations, and to prohibit the Importation of* Scotch *Linnen into* Ireland, It was made lawful during the Term of eleven Years next, after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and five, to export any white or brown Linnen Cloth of the Manufacture of this Kingdom, and traffick with, and vend the ſame into any Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories, or Places belonging to the Crown of *England*, in ſuch Manner as in the ſaid Act is particularly expreſſed.

23 And whereas, by an Act paſſed in *Great Britain*, in the firſt and ſecond Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, [b] intituled, *An Act for continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to Coals, Hemp and Flax,* Iriſh *and* Scotch *Linnen, and the Aſſize of Bread, and for giving Power to adjourn the Quarter-Seſſions for the County of* Angleſey, *for the Purpoſes therein mentioned*, the Term for exporting Linnen Cloth of the Manufacture of this Kingdom, to the Plantations aforeſaid, is prolonged for one Year, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament in *Great Britain*.

24 Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that during the Remainder of the ſaid Term of eleven Years mentioned in the ſaid Act paſſed in *England*, in the third and fourth Year of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, and during ſuch further Time or Term for which the ſaid Act, ſo far as it relates to the Exportation of Linnen Cloth of the Manufacture of this Kingdom, to the *Britiſh* Plantations aforeſaid, is continued, and for and during ſuch further Time and Term

[a] Cap. 8. [b] Cap. 26.

Term for which the ſaid Act, ſo far as it relates to the Exportation of Linnen Cloth of the Manufacture of this Kingdom, to the *Britiſh* Plantations aforeſaid, ſhall, by any Act that may be paſſed in *Great-Britain*, be continued: No Linnen Cloth of the Manufacture of that Part of *Great-Britain* called *Scotland*, which ſhall hereafter be imported into this Kingdom, ſhall pay, or be ſubject to the additional Duty or Cuſtom of ſix pence *per* Yard granted or impoſed on all Linnen imported into this Kingdom, by the ſaid Act paſſed in this Kingdom, in the ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, or by this Act, during the Time and Terms therein and herein mentioned.

Scotch Linnen-cloth imported freed from the additional Duty of 6*d. per* Yard.

Provided always, That the Perſon or Perſons importing ſuch Cloth into this Kingdom, do make Oath, that it is of the Manufacture of ſome part of *Great-Britain*.

Importers to make Oath that the ſaid Cloth is *Britiſh* Manufacture.

CAP. XVI.

Several Clauſes in an Act intituled an Act for the more effectual Amendment of the Law, in relation to Butter, and Tallow Caſks, and of an Act for planting and preſerving Timber-Trees and Woods: And of another Act for prohibiting Butchers from being Graziers, and to redreſs ſeveral Abuſes in buying and ſelling of Cattle, and in the ſlaughtering and packing of Beef, Tallow and Hides.

Enacted

BE it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall ſell, or expoſe to Sale, any Caſk of Butter whereon the Tare of ſuch Caſk ſhall not be fairly burnt with a branding Iron on the Side and Bottom of ſuch Caſk.

That Tare of Butter Caſks be fairly burn'd on the Side and Bottom.

And whereas great Abuſes have of late been practiſed in the falſe packing of Tallow, for Remedy whereof,

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, every Chandler * or other Perſon or Perſons melting Tallow, ſhall ſet or cauſe to be ſet with a Branding-Iron upon the Side and Bottom of every Tallow Caſk, the exact Tare of ſuch Caſk; and alſo ſhall brand upon the Side of the ſaid Caſk, the firſt Letter of the Chandler or Maſter's Chriſtian Name, and his Sir-name at length with an Iron Brand, with a Mark for the City, Town, Village and Pariſh wherein he lives.

Chandlers to brand Tallow Caſks on the Side and Bottom with the Tare. And brand on the Side the firſt Letter of his Chriſtian Name and Sir Name at length, &c.

And

* See 13 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 18.

15 And be it further enacted, [a] That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June* next, no Land-Waiter or other Officer of the Revenue, intruſted with the loading or putting on board any Butter or Tallow in order to be exported, ſhall permit or ſuffer any Caſk or Caſks of Butter or Tallow, to be ſhipped or loaden on Board any Ship, Boat or Veſſel, in order to be exported, unleſs the Tare of ſuch Caſk or Caſks be branded thereon purſuant to this Act, and if any ſuch Land-waiter, or other Officer of the Revenue, ſhall offend therein, and be thereof lawfully convicted on any Indictment in his Majeſty's Court of *King's-Bench*, or at the Aſſizes to be held for the County, City or Town where ſuch Offence was committed, ſuch Land-Waiter or other Officer of the Revenue intruſted as aforeſaid, ſhall be uncapable of ſerving his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in any Place, Office or Employment in the Revenue within this Kingdom, during the ſpace of three Years next after ſuch Conviction.

Officers not to permit Butter or Tallow to be ſhipped unleſs the Tare be branded.

Offending therein rendered uncapable of ſerving for three Years after Conviction.

[a] See 13 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 12.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act for preventing Abuſes and Deceits in his Majeſty's Revenue, by the importing of Brandy in ſmall Quantities.

FOR preventing Frauds frequently uſed in importing of ſtrong Waters, Spirits or Brandy, in ſmall Quantities, whereby the ſame is more eaſily conveyed away without Payment of the Duties thereof. Preamble.

2 Be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by, and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, no Brandy, ſingle or double, ſhall be imported from Parts beyond the Seas, in any Caſk or Veſſel which ſhall not contain fifty Gallons at the leaſt, upon pain of forfeiting the ſaid Brandy, or the Value thereof, ſo to be imported as aforeſaid, whereof one half ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame, to be recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts in *Dublin*, [b] wherein no Eſſoign, Wager of Law, or Protection, ſhall be allowed, or more than one Imparlance.

No Brandy to be imported in Caſks under 50 Gallons Gage, on pain of Forfeiture, to be recovered in any of his Majeſty's Courts in *Dublin*.

3 Provided nevertheleſs that ſuch ſmall Quantities as ſhall be neceſſary for the Uſe of the Ships Company, in the Ship in which the ſame ſhall be imported, not exceeding one Gallon for each Seaman, ſhall not be deemed or conſtrued any Breach of this Act.

Saving a Gallon for the Uſe of each Seaman on board the Ship.

CAP.

[b] Before the Commiſſioners by 6 *Geo.* 1. Cap. 8.

CAP. II.

Several Clauſes in an Act intituled, An Act for continuing to his Majeſty an additional Duty on all Wines, and Strong-Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and upon all Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine; and alſo a Tax on all Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees and Penſions therein mentioned; and for granting a further additional Duty on Ale, Beer, and Strong-Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and upon all Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine; and for ſecuring the Repayment of fifty thouſand Pounds Sterling, formerly advanced unto his Majeſty for the uſe of the Publick, together with the Intereſt thereof.

Enacted that from 21 *November* 1717, unto 21 *November* 1719.

AND for a further Supply to your Majeſty, Be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid twenty firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, unto the ſaid twenty firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, incluſive, there ſhall be throughout this your Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, raiſed, levied, collected, and paid to your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, that ſhall be brewed or made within this Kingdom for Sale, the ſeveral further and other additional Rates and Duties herein after mentioned, (that is to ſay,) for every thirty two Gallons of Beer or Ale, of above ſix Shillings the Barrel price, brewed within this Kingdom by the common Brewer, or in his Veſſels, or by any other Perſon or Perſons, who doth or ſhall ſell, or tap out Beer or Ale publickly or privately, the Sum of Sixpence over and above all other Duties now payable for the ſame, to be paid by the common Brewer, or by ſuch other Perſon or Perſons reſpectively, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity; And for every thirty two Gallons of Beer or Ale of ſix Shillings the Barrel, or under, brewed within this Realm by the common Brewer, or in his Veſſels, or by any other Perſon or Perſons, who doth, or ſhall ſell, or tap out Beer or Ale publickly or privately, one Penny, over and above all other Duties now payable for the ſame, to be paid by the common Brewer, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons reſpectively, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity: For every Gallon of Aquavitæ, Strong-Waters, or Spirits made or diſtilled within this Kingdom for Sale, the Sum of one Penny, over and above all other Duties now payable for the ſame, to be paid by the firſt Maker or Diſtiller thereof; [a] For every Gallon of Brandy or Spirits above proof, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time above limitted, the Sum of one Shilling per Gallon, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity, over and above all other Duties now payable for the ſame.

The further additional Duties ſhall be paid *(viz.)*
For 32 Gallons of Beer or Ale of above 6*s.* the Barrel price brewed for Sale, 6*d.*

For 32 Gallons of Beer or Ale of 6*s.* or under, 1*d.*

For Aquavitæ, Strong-Waters, or Spirits diſtilled in *Ireland* for Sale 1*d.* per Gallon.
For Brandy or Spirits above proof imported, 1*s.* per Gallon.

And

[a] By 1 *Geo.* 2 Cap. 4. rais'd to 5*s.* per Gallon.

6 And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid further additional and other Duties and Impoſitions hereby granted and charged on Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ and Strong-Waters, brewed and made in this Kingdom; and upon Brandy or Spirits above proof, that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, during the time aforeſaid, over and above all other Duties payable for the ſame, by vertue of an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, Intituled, *An Act for ſettling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt, upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted.* Or, by vertue of one other Act made in the ſaid fourteenth Year of the Reign of the ſaid King *Charles* the Second, Intituled, *An Act for ſettling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tunnage, and other Sums of Money unto his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into or out of the Kingdom of* Ireland, *according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed.* Or, by vertue of an Act paſſed the laſt Seſſion of Parliament in this Kingdom, Intituled, *An Act for continuing to his Majeſty the additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes.* And over and above the Duty hereby further continued and granted on Spirits perfectly made that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, and over and above all other Duties and Impoſitions formerly impoſed by any other Law in this Kingdom relating to the Exciſe.

The ſaid further additional Duties.

To be paid over and above all other Duties payable by the 14 *Car.* 2. C. 8.

Or by the 14 *Car.* 2. c. 9.

Or by 2 *Geo.* 1. *R.* c. 7.

Over and above the Duty on Spirits imported, continued by this Act.

7 And for a further Supply to your Majeſty, be it Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid twenty firſt Day of *November*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, and until the ſaid twenty firſt Day of *November*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, incluſive, and no longer, every common or retailing Brewer, who after the ſaid twenty firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, ſhall brew, or make any Guile of Beer or Ale, ſhall declare to the Gauger or Gaugers appointed to Gauge or take an account of the ſame, how much Strong Beer or Strong Ale he intends to make of ſuch Guile; and alſo how much ſmall (if he intends to make any) before any part of ſuch Guile is cleanſed or removed out of his Tuns. And in caſe any ſuch Brewer or Brewers, or his or their reſpective Servants brewing or making ſuch Guile of Beer or Ale, ſhall refuſe to make ſuch Declaration as aforeſaid, ſuch Gauger or Gaugers, ſhall Gauge, Charge, or return the whole of ſuch Guile to be ſtrong, and ſuch Brewer ſhall pay the Duties thereof accordingly, and ſhall alſo forfeit and loſe for each Barrel of Beer or Ale contained in ſuch Guile, the Sum of twenty Shillings; and in Caſe ſuch Brewer, or his reſpective Servants, after ſuch Declaration made as aforeſaid, or after the ſame ſhall be gauged, ſhall make any increaſe of the Strong Beer, or Strong Ale ſo declared and gauged as aforeſaid, by any Ways or Means whatſoever: And in caſe ſuch Gauger or Gaugers ſhall find any Beer, Ale, or Wort, of the ſame Guile, laid off over and above the Quantity ſo gauged or declared, ſuch Brewer ſhall forfeit and loſe for every Barrel ſo encreaſed over and above the Quantity declared as aforeſaid, the Sum of five Pounds, and the Servant * or Servants of ſuch Brewer who were any way concerned, or Aſſiſting

Brewers ſhall declare to the Gaugers how much Strong Beer or Ale, and how much ſmall, they intend to make, before any Guile is cleanſed out of their Tuns.

Brewers refuſing to declare, the Gaugers ſhall charge the whole to be ſtrong; and Duties ſhall be paid accordingly by ſuch Brewers, who forfeit alſo for every Barrel of Beer or Ale in ſuch Guile 20*s.*

Brewers after ſuch Declaration, making any Increaſe.

Or in Caſe Beer, &c. be found laid off aſſiſting in making

above the quantity gauged, or declared, Brewers forfeit 5*l.* for every Barrel increaſed. * Servants ſuch Increaſe, forfeit for every Barrel 20*s.* or for Non-payment to be impriſoned 3 Months.

sisting in making such Encrease after such Declaration, and after the same shall be gauged, shall forfeit and lose for every Barrel so encreased or laid off, the Sum of twenty Shillings, and in default of Payment thereof, shall suffer three Months Imprisonment; And in case upon any Information brought against such Brewer, for the Penalties by this Act imposed for encreasing his length of Beer or Ale, as aforesaid, it shall appear by the Evidence given on the behalf of such Brewer, that the Strong Beer or Ale so gauged or declared as aforesaid, was encreased by adding to, or mixing with the same, any Beer or Ale that was left in the Brew-house on a former Guile of his or her brewing, such Brewer shall incur all the said Penalties, except it be also proved by the Oaths of one or more credible Witnesses, that the Strong Beer or Ale so added to such Guile, was added to such Guile in the sight and view of the Gauger, the said Evidence, or any other thing to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Upon Information against the Brewer for Penalties, and Evidence given for him that such Beer, &c. was increased by mixing it with Beer, &c. of a former brewing, Such Brewer shall incur the Penalties, except it be proved that such addition was made in the presence of the Gauger, notwithstanding such Evidence.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any common 8
Brewer, Inn-keeper or Victualler, or Retailer of Beer or Ale, after the said twenty first Day of *November* one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, until the said twenty first Day of *November* one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, inclusive, and no longer; shall after the gauge taken by the Gauger or Officer of Excise, or upon carrying out his Drink, or after the same is carried out, start or mix any small Beer or small Wort, with or amongst any Strong Beer or Strong Ale upon his Dray, or in any Victualler's Cellar, or other Place, such Brewer, Victualler, or other Person or Persons so doing, shall forfeit and lose for every such Offence the Sum of five Pounds.

Brewers after gage taken mixing their Strong Drink with small upon the Dray, or in a Victualler's Cellar, &c. Brewers, Victuallers, &c. forfeit 5*l.*

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that it shall and may 9
be lawful to and for the Gauger or Gaugers of the Excise, from time to time from the said twenty first Day of *November* one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and until the said twenty first Day of *November* one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, inclusive, and no longer, to taste the Drink upon any such Brewers Dray or Drays, where and whensoever he or they shall find and meet the same: And also upon Request, to enter into the Cellar or Cellars, or other Rooms in the Possession of any Inn-keeper or Victualler that do or shall take or receive any Drink of or from any common Brewer, and to taste the Drink in the same; and if any such Inn-keeper or Victualler after the said twenty first Day of *November* one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, until the said twenty first Day of *November* one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, inclusive, and no longer, shall refuse such Gauger or Gaugers to come into their Cellar or Cellars, or Rooms, or being entred, shall refuse to give an account of the Brewers name, and quantity of strong Beer and small he had from such Brewer or Brewers, and the Time when received into his, her or their Cellars or Rooms, or shall refuse such Gauger or Gaugers to taste the Drink, such Inn-keeper or Victualler, or Person Retailing strong Ale or Beer as is aforesaid, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of five Pounds, the said several Forfeitures incurred during the Term aforesaid, and no longer, to be heard, adjudged and determined before the Commissioners or Sub-commissioners of Excise, with the Benefit of appealing, as is done in other Cases relating to the Excise before them,

Gaugers may taste Drink upon Brewers Drays. And may enter into Cellars, &c. of Inn-keepers, &c. that take Drink from common Brewers and taste the same.

Inn-keepers, &c. denying Gaugers Entrance or admitting them, and refusing to tell the Brewers name, and quantity of Drink he had from such Brewer, or not suffering the Gaugers to taste the Drink, forfeit 5*l.*

Forfeitures to be determined before the Commissioners, &c.

of Excise, with benefit of Appeal.

them, and all Forfeitures for the ſame ſhall be levied and recovered as by thoſe Laws are directed and appointed, one Moiety whereof to go to the Informer, and the other to the uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; and the ſaid Commiſſioners and Sub-commiſſioners, are hereby impowered and authoriſed for Offences from and after the ſaid twenty firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, and until the twenty firſt Day of *November*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, incluſive, and no longer, to ſummon Evidence for diſcovery thereof, and upon refuſal or neglect of the Party ſo ſummoned to give Evidence, when he, ſhe or they, ſhall be thereunto required, and every ſuch Perſon or Perſons, other than the Party accuſed, ſo refuſing, ſhall for and during the Term aforeſaid, and no longer, forfeit and loſe for every ſuch Offence, any Sum or Sums not exceeding ten Pounds, to be impoſed and levied, recovered and diſpoſed of as the other Penalties againſt the ſaid Laws for the better levying, collecting and recovering the Duty of Exciſe, are appointed to be levied, collected and received.

And to be levied as the Laws for Exciſe direct. One Moiety to the Uſe of the King, and the other to the Informer.

Commiſſioners, &c. of Exciſe are impowered for Offences againſt this Act to ſummon Evidences; who not appearing, or refuſing to give Evidence, forfeit 10*l.*

To be recovered as other Penalties are appointed to be levied by the Laws for Exciſe.

10 And for a further ſupply to your Majeſty, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Gaugers and Officers of Exciſe, from and after the ſaid twenty firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, and until the ſaid twenty firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, incluſive, and no longer, to keep an account of all waſh and low Wines which ſhall from time to time be found by him or them, in the Hands or Poſſeſſion of any Diſtiller or Diſtillers; and upon any decreaſe of waſh made of Drink brewed or made from malted Corn or from unmalted Corn, or any other Grain, to charge ſuch Diſtiller or Diſtillers with as much Strong-Water as one ninth Part of the waſh ſo decreaſed ſhall amount unto, or with as many Gallons of Strong-Waters as one third Part of the firſt Extraction from the ſaid Waſh ſo decreaſed, (commonly called low Wines) ſhall amount unto, and upon decreaſe of any Waſh made from Sugars, Malaſſes or decayed Wines, to charge ſuch Diſtiller or Diſtillers with one ſixth Part as Strong-Waters or with as many Gallons of Strong-Waters as one half of the firſt Extraction of low Wines made from Sugars, Molaſſes, or decayed Wines ſhall amount unto, and ſuch Diſtiller or Diſtillers ſhall pay the Duties of Strong-Waters ſo charged, as other Duties in this preſent Act are directed and appointed, from the twenty firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, until the twenty firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, incluſive, and no longer.

Exciſe Officers may keep an account of waſh and low Wines found in the Hands of Diſtillers.

And upon Decreaſe of waſh made of Drink from Corn malted or unmalted, may charge Diſtillers with as much Strong-water as a ninth part of the Decreaſe amounts to, or with as many Gallons of Strong-Waters as one third part of the firſt Extraction from the ſaid waſh amounts to.

And upon Decreaſe of waſh made from Sugars, Molaſſes, or decayed Wines, may charge the Diſtillers with a ſixth part as Strong-Waters, or with as many Gallons of Strong-Waters as one half of the firſt Extraction of low Wines made from Sugars, &c.

11 Provided * always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall not be lawful to or for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, to put all or any of the ſaid Powers or Authorities hereby given in Execution, or to order or direct the Execution thereof; or inflict, raiſe, proſecute, or ſue for any of the Penalties by this Act impoſed, from or after the ſaid twenty firſt Day of *November*, in the ſaid Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, for any Matter or Thing omitted, committed or done, after the ſaid firſt

Powers, &c. given or committed, after

amounts to, to be paid as other Duties in this Act are directed. * No Perſon ſhall execute the by this Act nor ſue, &c. for any Penalty, after the 21ſt of *November* 1719, for any Thing omitted, the ſaid 21ſt of *November* 1719.

All such Prosecutions void.

Day of *November* one thousand seven hundred and nineteen; but that the same shall be, and are hereby declared to be from thenceforth null and void, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and in Case any Person or Persons shall go about, or attempt to put all or any of the said Powers or Authorities in Execution, from and after the said twenty first Day of *November*, in the said Year one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, for any Matter or Thing omitted, committed or done, after the said first Day of *November* one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, such Person or Persons shall be thereby rendred incapable of holding or taking any Office or Employment under his Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and shall also forfeit and pay to the Party or Parties on whom such attempt shall be made, the Sum of one hundred Pounds, to be recovered by him or them by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record in this Kingdom.

Persons attempting to execute the said Powers, &c. rendred incapable of holding or taking any Office under the King.

And forfeit to the Party they make the attempt on 100*l.* to be recovered in any of the King's Courts of Record in *Ireland*.

The additional, and other Duties granted by this Act, to be levied by such Means as are prescribed by 14 *Car.* 2. c. 8,

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that all and every the additional and other Duties hereby continued or granted, shall be raised, levyed, collected and paid unto your Majesty, your Heirs and Successors, during the Term aforesaid, at the same times, and in the same manner, and by the same Ways, Means and Methods, and by such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Powers, and in such Manner and Form in all Respects, as are prescribed, mentioned and expressed in and by the said Act made in this Kingdom, in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, Intituled, *An Act for the settling of the Excise or new Impost upon his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted.* Or, by any other Law now in Force relating to the Revenue or Excise in this Kingdom, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were particularly repeated and again Enacted, in the Body of this present Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the said Act of Excise is provided. 12

Or by any other Law relating to the Revenue in *Ireland*.

CAP. IV.

An Act for the preserving all such Ships and Goods thereof which shall happen to be forced on Shore, or stranded upon the Coasts of this Kingdom.

Preamble reciting Statutes concerning Wrecks at Sea (*viz.*) 3 *Ed.* 1. cap. 4.

WHereas by an Act made in the third Year of the Reign of King *Edward* the First, concerning Wrecks at Sea, it is Enacted, *Where a Man, a Dog, or a Cat escapes Quick out of the Ship, that such Ship, nor Barge, nor any Thing in them, shall be adjudged Wreck; but the Goods shall be saved and kept by View of the Sheriff, Coroner, or the King's Bailiff, and delivered into the Hands of such as are of the Town where the Goods were found, so that if any sue for those Goods, and after prove, that they were his, or perished in his keeping within a Year and a Day, they shall be restored to him without delay; and if not, they shall remain to the King, or such others to whom Wreck belongeth; and he that otherwise*

wiſe doth, and thereof be attainted, ſhall be awarded to Priſon, and make Fine at the King's Will.

2 And whereas by another Act made in the fourth Year of the Reign of the ſaid King *Edward* the firſt, Intituled, *De Officio Coronatoris*, concerning the Wreck of the Sea, It is enacted, *That whereſoever it be found if any lay Hands of it, he ſhall be attached by ſufficient Pledges, and the Price of the Wreck ſhall be valued and delivered to the Town.* 3 & 4. *Ed.* 1. Anno Domini 1276.

3 And whereas great Complaints have been made by ſeveral Merchants as well his Majeſty's Subjects as Foreigners, trading to and from this Kingdom, that many Ships of Trade after all their Dangers at Sea eſcaped, have unfortunately near Home run on Shore, or been ſtranded on the Coaſts thereof; and that ſuch Ships have been barbarouſly plundered by his Majeſty's Subjects, and their Cargoes imbezled, and when any Part thereof has been ſaved, it has been ſwallowed up by exorbitant Demands for Salvage, to the great Loſs of his Majeſty's Revenue, and to the much greater Damage of his Majeſty's trading Subjects. Preamble continued.

4 For Remedy whereof, Be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that the Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace of every County, or County of a City or Town, and alſo all Mayors, Bailiffs, and other head Officers of Corporations and Port Towns near adjoining to the Sea, and all Conſtables, head-Boroughs, Tything-Men, and Officers of the Cuſtoms, in all and every ſuch Places, ſhall upon Application made to them or any of them, by, or on the behalf of any Commander, Chief Officers, Owners or Fraighters of any Ship or Veſſel of any of his Majeſty's Subjects, or others, being in danger of being ſtranded or run on Shore, or being ſtranded or run on Shore, are hereby impowered and required to command the Conſtables of the ſeveral Ports within this Kingdom, neareſt to the Sea Coaſts where any ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be in danger as aforeſaid, to ſummon and call together as many Men as ſhall be thought neceſſary to the Aſſiſtance, and for the Preſervation of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſo in Diſtreſs as aforeſaid, and their Cargoes; and that if there ſhall be any Ship or Veſſel, either Man of War or Merchant Ship belonging to his Majeſty, or any of his Subjects, riding at Anchor near the Place where ſuch Ship or Veſſel is in Diſtreſs or Danger as aforeſaid, the Officers of the Cuſtoms, and Conſtables above mentioned, or any of them, are hereby impowered and required to demand of the ſuperior Officer of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſo riding at Anchor as aforeſaid, Aſſiſtance of their Boats, and ſuch Hands as they can conveniently ſpare for the ſaid Service, and Preſervation of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſo in Diſtreſs, as aforeſaid, and that in Caſe ſuch ſuperior Officer of ſuch Ship or Veſſel riding at Anchor as aforeſaid, ſhall refuſe or neglect to give ſuch Aſſiſtance, he ſhall forfeit for the ſame the Sum of one hundred pounds, to be recovered by the ſuperior Officer of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſo in Diſtreſs as aforeſaid, together with their Coſts of Suit in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoin, Wager of Law, or Protection, ſhall be allowed. Enacted.

That Sheriffs, &c. of Counties, &c. and Mayors, &c. of Port Towns near the Sea, Officers of the Cuſtoms, &c. Upon Application made to them by Owners of Ships in Danger of being run on ſhore, or run on ſhore, are impowered and required to command the Conſtables of the Ports neareſt to the Sea, to ſummon Men to aſſiſt, to ſave ſuch Ships, and their Cargoes.

Commanders of Men of War, and Merchants Ships, at anchor near the Place are required to aſſiſt ſuch Ships in Diſtreſs, with their Boats, and ſuch Hands as they can ſpare.

Such Commanders refuſing, forfeit 100*l.* to the ſuperior Officer of the Ship in Diſtreſs.

To be recovered with Coſts of Suit in any of the King's Courts of Record by Action, &c. And no Eſſoin, &c. to be allowed.

And

For Encouragement of such Persons to assist.

Collectors of the Customs, Commanders of Ships and others assisting in saving such Ships in Distress, or their Cargoes, shall within thirty Days after, be paid a reasonable Reward by the Masters or Owners, &c. of the Ships in Distress, or by the Proprietors of the Ships or Goods saved.

Or the Ships, or Goods saved to remain in the Custody of the Officer of the Customs, till all Charges be paid, and all Assistants gratified.

If after Salvage the Owners, &c. of Ships or Proprietors of Goods so saved, shall disagree with the Officer of the Customs, touching the Gratuities. The Parties interested, and the said Officer may nominate Justices of the Peace, who shall adjust the *Quantum*.

Which Adjustment shall be binding to all Parties.

And the *Quantum* so allotted, shall be paid down to the said Officer, before the Goods be delivered.

If no Person claims the Officer of the Customs of the Port next to the Place where the Ship was in Distress, shall apply to the next Justices of the Peace who shall put him or some other responsible Person into Possession of the Goods, taking an Account of them, to be signed by such Officer.

And for the Encouragement of such Persons as shall give their Assistance to such Ships or Vessels so in Distress, as aforesaid, Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that the said Collectors of the Customs, and the Master or commanding Officer of any Ships or Vessels, and all others who shall act or be imployed in the preserving any such Ship or Vessel in Distress, as aforesaid, or their Cargoes, shall within thirty Days after the Service performed be paid a reasonable Reward for the same, by the Commander, Master, or other superior Officer, Mariners or Owners of the Ship or Vessel so in Distress, as aforesaid, or by the Person or Merchant whose Ship or Vessel, or Goods, shall be so saved, as aforesaid; and in Default thereof, the said Ship, Vessel or Goods so saved, as aforesaid, shall remain in the Custody of such Officer of the Customs, or his Deputy, until such time that all Charges shall be paid, and until the said Officer of the Customs, or his Deputy, and the said Master, or other Officer of the Ship or Vessel, and all others so imployed as aforesaid, shall be reasonably gratified for their said Assistance and Trouble, or good Security given for that purpose, to the Satisfaction of the several Parties that are to receive the same; and that in Case after such Salvage, the Commander or other superior Officer, Mariners or Owners of such Ship or Vessel so saved, as aforesaid, or the Person or Merchant whose Goods shall be saved, as aforesaid, shall disagree with the said Officer of the Customs or his Deputy, touching the Monies deserved by any of the Persons so imployed, as aforesaid; it shall be lawful for the Commander of such Ship or Vessel so saved, or the Owner of the Goods, or the Person or Merchant interested therein; and also for the said Officer of the Customs, or his Deputy, to nominate two or more of the neighbouring Justices of the Peace, who shall thereupon adjust the *Quantum* of the Monies or Gratuities to be paid to the several Persons acting or being imployed in the Salvage of the said Ship, Vessel or Goods, and such Adjustments shall be binding to all Parties, and the Commander of such Ship or Vessel so saved, or the Owner of the Goods, or the Person or Merchant interested therein, shall pay down to the said Officer the Monies so allotted by the said Justices of the Peace, or give good and sufficient Security for the same, before the said Goods be delivered; and in case it shall happen, that no Person shall appear to make his Claim to all or any the Goods that shall be saved, that then and in such Case, the chief Officer of the Customs of the neareſt Port to the Place where the said Ship or Vessel was so in Distress, as aforesaid, shall apply to two or more of the neareſt Justices of the Peace, who shall put him or some other responsible Person in possession of the said Goods, such Justices of the Peace taking an Account in Writing of the said Goods, to be signed by such Officer of the Customs; and if the said Goods shall not be * legally claimed within the space of twelve Months next ensuing, by the rightful Owner thereof, then publick Sale shall be made thereof; and if any of the said Goods be † perishable, then such perishable Goods shall forthwith be sold, and after all Charges deducted, the Residue of such Monies arising by such Sale, with a fair and just Account of the whole, shall be transmitted to his Majesty's *Exchequer*, there to remain for the Benefit of the rightful Owner, when appearing, who upon Affidavit, or other Proof made

† If perishable, to be sold forthwith, and all Charges being deducted, the Surplus to be lodged in the *Exchequer*, there to remain for the Benefit of the Owner.

* If not legally claimed in twelve Months by the true Owner, to be publickly sold.

made of his or their Right or Property thereto, to the Satisfaction of one of the Barons of the Court of *Exchequer*, ſhall upon his Order receive the ſame out of the *Exchequer*.

6 And be it alſo enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever beſides thoſe impowered by the ſaid Officer of the Cuſtoms, or his Deputy, and the Conſtables as aforeſaid, ſhall enter or endeavour to enter on board any ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſo in Diſtreſs, as aforeſaid, without the Leave or Conſent of the Commander, or other ſuperior Officer of the ſaid Ship, or of the ſaid Officer of the Cuſtoms, or his Deputy, or of the ſaid Conſtable, or ſome, or one of them employed for the Service and Preſervation of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel as aforeſaid, or in caſe any Perſon ſhall moleſt him, them, or any of them, in the ſaving of the ſaid Ship, Veſſel or Goods, or ſhall endeavour to impede or hinder the ſaving of any ſuch Ship, Veſſel or Goods, or when any ſuch Goods are ſaved, ſhall take out, or deface the Marks of any ſuch Goods before the ſame ſhall be taken down in a Book or Books for that purpoſe provided by the Commander or ruling Officer, and the ſaid Officer of the Cuſtoms, as aforeſaid; ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall within the ſpace of twenty Days make double Satisfaction to the Party grieved, at the Diſcretion of the two next Juſtices of the Peace, or in Default thereof, ſhall by ſuch Juſtices of the Peace be ſent to the next Houſe of Correction, where he ſhall continue and be employed in hard Labour by the ſpace of twelve Months then next enſuing.

Perſons entring Ships without Leave.

Or hindering the ſaving of Ships or Goods.

Or defacing the Marks of Goods when ſaved, before an Account be taken of them.

To make double Satisfaction.

Or in Default to be kept to hard Labour in the Houſe of Correction twelve Months.

7 And that it ſhall be lawful for any Commander, or any ſuperior Officer of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, ſo in Diſtreſs, as aforeſaid, or for the ſaid Officer of the Cuſtoms or Conſtable on board the ſame Ship or Veſſel, to repel by Force any ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall without ſuch Leave or Conſent from the ſaid Commander or ſuperior Officer, or the ſaid Officer of the Cuſtoms, or his Deputy, or ſuch Conſtables, as aforeſaid, preſs on board the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſo in Diſtreſs, as aforeſaid; and thereby moleſt them in the Preſervation of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſo in Diſtreſs as aforeſaid.

Perſons preſſing to go on board ſuch Ships without Leave, may be repelled by Force.

8 And be it likewiſe enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that in caſe any Goods ſhall be found upon any Perſon or Perſons that were ſtoln or carried off from any ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſo in Diſtreſs, as aforeſaid, he, ſhe or they, on whom any ſuch Goods ſhall be found, ſhall immediately upon Demand deliver the ſame, to the Owner thereof, or to ſuch Perſon by ſuch Owner authorized to receive the ſame, or in Default thereof, ſhall be liable to pay treble the Value of ſuch Goods, to be recovered by ſuch Owner in an Action at Law to be brought for the ſame.

Goods ſtoln or carried off, to be immediately delivered upon Demand, on pain of treble the Value.

9 And be it moreover enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall make, or be aſſiſting in the making any Hole in the Bottom, Side, or any Part of any Ship or Veſſel ſo in Diſtreſs, as aforeſaid, or ſhall ſteal any Pump belonging to any Ship or Veſſel ſo in Diſtreſs, as aforeſaid, or ſhall be aiding or abetting in the ſtealing ſuch Pump as aforeſaid, or ſhall wilfully do any thing tending to the immediate Loſs or Deſtruction of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be, and are hereby made and declared to be guilty of Felony, without any Benefit of his, her or their Clergy.

Making Holes in ſuch Ships, or ſtealing Pumps, &c. Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

10 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall put forth any falſe or treacherous Lanthorns, Lights or Fires, with Intention to ſubject any Ship or Veſſel to Danger or Shipwreck, that ſuch Perſon or Perſons being thereof lawfully convict, ſhall be, and are hereby made and

Putting forth falſe Lights, &c. Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

and declared to be guilty of Felony, without any Benefit of his, her or their Clergy.

Perſons ſued for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, may plead the general Iſſue.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Action, 11
Suit or Information, ſhall be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any Thing he or they ſhall do, or cauſe to be done in purſuance of this Act, and executing any of the Powers and Authorities, or any of the Orders or Directions therein mentioned; all and every Perſon and Perſons ſo ſued in any Court whatſoever, ſhall and may plead the general Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence; and if in any ſuch Suit the Plaintiff or Proſecutor ſhall become non-ſuit, or forbear Proſecution, or diſcontinue the Suit, or if a Verdict ſhall paſs againſt him, or Judgment be given againſt him upon a Demurrer, then in any of the ſaid Caſes, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover full Coſts, for which, he and they ſhall have the like Remedy as where Coſts by Law are awarded, and this Act ſhall be taken and allowed in all Courts within this Kingdom as a publick Act; and all Judges and Juſtices are hereby required to take notice thereof as ſuch, without ſpecial pleading of the ſame.

This a publick Act.

Cuſtom-houſe Officer abuſing his Truſt forfeits treble Damages, and is rendered incapable of any Imployment in the Revenue.

Provided nevertheleſs, if any Officer of the Cuſtoms, or his Deputy ſo im- 12
powered as above, ſhall by Fraud or wilful Neglect, abuſe the Truſt ſo hereby repoſed in him, as aforeſaid, and ſhall be convicted thereof in due Form of Law, ſuch Officer or his Deputy, ſhall reſpectively forfeit treble Damages to the Party grieved, to be recovered in any Action or Suit, to be brought in any Court of Record, and ſhall from thenceforth be fully diſabled and rendered incapable of the ſame, or any other Imployment relating to the ſaid Cuſtoms.

This Act to commence from the 25th *December*, 1717. and to be read yearly in full Market, in the Market-place of every Market-Town, within 5 miles of the Sea, by the Mayor, &c.

On pain of 40*s*.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that this Act and the 13
ſeveral Clauſes herein contain'd, ſhall take Effect from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, and ſhall every Year publickly be read in full Market, on the Market Day next preceding *Michaelmas* Day, in the publick Market Place of every Market Town within five Miles of the Sea, by the Mayor or chief Magiſtrate of every ſuch Market Town, or ſome other Perſon by him appointed, or where there is no ſuch Mayor or chief Magiſtrate, by the Clerk of the Market, or ſome other Perſon by him appointed, and in Default thereof, ſuch Mayor, chief Magiſtrate, or Clerk of the Market, ſhall forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings for every ſuch Offence, to be recovered by civil Bill by the Party who ſhall firſt ſue for the ſame.

Claims to Wrecks ſaved to his Majeſty, &c.

Or Goods flotſam, jetſam or lagan.

Provided always, and be it hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that 14
neither this Act nor any Thing herein contained, ſhall any ways extend to deprive, or any way prejudice his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or any claiming under them, or any of them, or any Patentee or Grantee of the Crown, or any Lord or Lords of any Mannor or Mannors, or other Perſon whatſoever, of, or in Relation to any Right which they or any of them reſpectively have or ſhall have, or lawfully may claim to any Wreck or Wrecks, or any Goods that are or ſhall be flotſam, jetſam or lagan; but that ſuch reſpective Rights ſhall be enjoyed in as full, ample and beneficial Manner, in every reſpect, as if this Act had never been made.

Continuation.

Provided that this Act ſhall continue in Force for the ſpace of three Years, 15
and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer.

CAP.

CAP. VI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for exempting Britiſh *Linen imported from all Duties, and granting to his Majeſty an additional Duty on Cordage; and for the more effectual preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures of this Kingdom, and for the further Encouragement thereof.*

Preamble reciting 3 & 4 *Ann.* c. 8. *Engliſh.*

WHereas by an Act paſſed in *England* in the third and fourth Years of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, Intituled, *An Act to permit the Exportation of* Iriſh *Linen Cloth to the Plantations, and to prohibit the Importation of* Scotch *Linen into* Ireland, It was Enacted, *That it ſhould be lawful to Export from* Ireland *directly to the* Britiſh *Plantations, all ſorts of white and brown Linen Cloath, being the proper Manufacture of* Ireland: Under the Reſtrictions and Conditions in the ſaid Act mentioned, for the Term of eleven Years; which Act, by one other Act paſſed in *Great-Britain* in the firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King *George*, Intituled, *An Act for continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned relating to Coals, Hemp and Flax*, Iriſh *and* Scotch *Linen, and the Aſſize of Bread: And for giving Power to adjourn the Quarter-Seſſions for the County of* Angleſey, *for the Purpoſes therein mentioned:* Was continued for one Year, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

1 *Geo.* 1. *R.* c. 26. *Engliſh.*

2 And whereas by an Act paſſed in the third Year of the Reign of his ſaid preſent Majeſty King *George*, Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Liberty of exporting* Iriſh *Linen Cloath to the* Britiſh *Plantations in* America, *Duty free.* And for the more Effectual Diſcovery of, and proſecuting ſuch as ſhall unlawfully export Wool, and Woollen Manufactures from *Ireland*, and for Relief of *John Fletcher*, in reſpect of the Duty by him paid for a quantity of Sa[illegible]loſt in the Exportation for *Ireland*, It is Enacted, *That the ſaid recited Act of the third and fourth Years of Queen* Anne, *ſo far forth as the ſame relates to the Exportation of* Iriſh *Linen Cloths to the ſaid* Britiſh *Plantations.* Should be and was thereby continued in full Force ſo long as the Merchants, and other Perſons of *Great-Britain*, were, or ſhould be permitted to import into *Ireland*, free of all Duties, ſuch white and brown *Britiſh* Linen Cloth as ſhould be made and manufactured in *Great-Britain*.

And 3 *Geo.* 1. *R.* c. 20. *Engliſh*, which allow the Exportation of *Iriſh* Linen-cloth to the *Britiſh* Plantations in *America*, Duty free.

3 And whereas by an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the fourteenth and fifteenth Years of King *Charles* the Second, Intituled, *An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted.* All *Britiſh* Linen Cloth imported into this Kingdom, is ſubjected to an Exciſe or Duty of ſix Shillings for every hundred Ells.

Recital of Part of 14 & 15. *Car.* 2. c. 8. *Iriſh.* That grants a Duty of 6*s.* per 100 Ells on *Britiſh* Linen-cloth imported.

Recital of part of 14 & 15. *Car.* 2. c. 9. *Iriſh*, that grants a Duty of 6*s.* per 100 Ells of ſaid Cloth.

And whereas by an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the ſaid fourteenth and fifteenth Years of his ſaid late Majeſty King *Charles* the Second, Intituled, *An Act for ſettling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tunnage, and other Sums of Money unto his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into and out of the Kingdom of* Ireland, *according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed.* All *Britiſh* Linen Cloth imported into this Kingdom, were ſubjected to a further Duty of ſix Shillings for every hundred Ells. 4

People of *Great-Britain* may import into *Ireland*, white and brown *Britiſh* Linen-cloth Duty free.

Be it therefore Enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by, and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all Merchants, and other Perſon or Perſons of *Great-Britain*, to import into this Kingdom, all ſuch white and brown *Britiſh* Linen Cloth, as is or ſhall be made and manufactured in *Great-Britain*, free, exempted and diſcharged of, and from the ſaid Duties of ſix Shillings, and ſix Shillings for every hundred Ells, and all other Duties whatſoever impoſed or ſet on the ſame by the ſaid Acts, or any other Act or Acts of force in this Kingdom, ſo long and during ſuch Time as it ſhall be and continue lawful to export from this Kingdom directly to the *Britiſh* Plantations, all ſorts of white and brown Linen Cloths of the Manufacture of this Kingdom, on ſuch Terms, Conditions and Limitations, as in the ſaid recited Act of the third and fourth Years of Queen *Anne*, are limitted and appointed, and no longer. 5

So long as white and brown *Iriſh* Linen-cloth may be exported to the *Britiſh* Plantations.

CAP. IX.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for reviving, continuing, and amending ſeveral Statutes made in this Kingdom heretofore Temporary.

Preamble reciting Statutes for encouraging *Proteſtant* Strangers to inhabit in *Ireland*. 14 *Car.* 2. c. 13.

WHereas in the Parliament held at *Dublin*, the eighth Day of *May*, in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of our late Sovereign Lord King *Charles* the Second, and by divers Prorogations held and continued to the ſeventh Day of *April*, in the fourteenth Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign, a certain Act of Parliament was made and paſſed, Intituled, *An Act for encouraging Proteſtant Strangers, and others, to inhabit and plant in the Kingdom of* Ireland. Which ſaid Act, as to the Naturalizing the Strangers thereby intended to be Naturalized, had continuance only for the Term of ſeven Years from the end of the ſaid Parliament.

4 *Gul.* & *Mar.* c. 2.

And whereas the ſaid Law by an Act made in the fourth Year of our late moſt Sovereign Lord and Lady King *William* and Queen *Mary*, as to all and every Clauſe and Clauſes thereof, was revived for and during the ſpace of ſeven Years, from the end of the then preſent Seſſion of Parliament; which Act ſo far forth as the ſame concerns or relates to the encouraging of Proteſtant Strangers, with the Alterations therein mentioned, was again revived by one o- 2

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ther Act made in the Second Year of our late Sovereign Lady Queen *Anne*; but thereby had continuance only for and during the ſpace of five Years, from the twenty fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and four, and to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament, after the Determination of the ſaid five Years. 2 *Ann.* c. 14.

3 And whereas the ſaid firſt mentioned Act hath been found to have been of good advantage unto this your Majeſty's Kingdom, Be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that the ſaid Act and all and every Clauſe, Article and Proviſoe therein contained, ſo far forth as the ſame concerns or relates to the Encouraging Proteſtant Strangers, other than the Clauſe which exempts them from Payment of Exciſe, is hereby revived, and ſhall be in full Force to all Intents and Purpoſes for ever. 14 *Car* 2. c. 13. made perpetual, except the Clauſe therein which exempts ſuch *Proteſtants* from payment of Exciſe.

4 Provided always, that no Perſon or Perſons ſhall have the Benefit of the ſaid Act, until he, ſhe or they, ſhall inſtead of *The Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy*, mentioned in the ſaid Act, take the ſeveral Oaths mentioned and appointed to be taken in *Ireland*, by an Act of Parliament made in *England* in the third Year of the Reign of the late King *William* and Queen *Mary* of ever Glorious Memory, Intituled, *An Act for the Abrogating the Oath of Supremacy in* Ireland, *and appointing other Oaths*. Being in the ſame Form herein after mentioned, (*Viz.*) Such *Proteſtants* taking the benefit of the ſaid Act, are to take the Oaths appointed by 3 *Gul. & Mar. Britiſh.* And are to make, and Subſcribe the following Declaration.

I A. B. *Do ſincerely Promiſe and Swear, that I will be Faithful, and bear true Allegiance to his Majeſty King* George.

So help me God.

I A. B. *Do Swear, That I do from my Heart Abhor, Deteſt and Abjure, as Impious and Heretical that Damnable Doctrine and Poſition that Princes Excommunicated or Deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of* Rome, *may be Depoſed or Murthered by their Subjects, or any other whatſoever. And I do Declare, That no Foreign Prince, Perſon, Prelate, State or Potentate, hath, or ought to have, any Juriſdiction, Power, Superiority, Preheminence or Authority, Eccleſiaſtical or Spiritual, within this Realm.*

So help me God.

And ſhall Make and Subſcribe the Declaration following, *(viz.)*

I A. B. *do ſolemnly and ſincerely in the preſence of* God, *Profeſs, Teſtify and Declare, That I do believe, that in the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, there is not any Tranſubſtantiation of the Elements of Bread and Wine into the Body and Blood of Chriſt, at or after the Conſecration thereof by any Perſon whatſoever; and that the Invocation or Adoration of the Virgin* Mary, *or any other Saint, and the Sacrifice of the Maſs, as they are now uſed in the Church of* Rome, *are Superſtitious and Idolatrous. And I do ſolemnly in the preſence of God, Profeſs, Teſtify and Declare, that I do make this Declaration, and every Part thereof, in the plain and ordinary Senſe of the Words read unto me, as they are commonly underſtood by Proteſtants, without any Evaſion, Equivocation, or mental Reſervation whatſoever; and without any Diſpenſation already granted me for this Purpoſe by the Pope, or any other Authority, or Perſon whatſoever; or without any Hope of Diſpenſation from any Perſon or Authority whatſoever; or without believing that I am or can be acquitted before God or Man, or abſolved of this Declaration, or any Part thereof, altho' the Pope or any other Perſon or Perſons, or Power whatſoever, ſhall diſpenſe with, or annul the ſame, or declare, that it was null and void from the beginning.* 5

And ſhall alſo Take the Oath following.

I A. B. *do truly and ſincerely Acknowledge, Profeſs, Teſtify and Declare in my Conſcience before God and the World, that our Sovereign Lord King* George *is lawful and rightful King of this Realm, and of all other his Majeſty's Dominions and Countries thereunto belonging: And I do ſolemnly and ſincerely Declare, that I do believe in my Conſcience, that the Perſon pretended to be Prince of* Wales, *during the Life of the late King* James, *and ſince his Deceaſe, pretending to be, and taking upon himſelf the Stile and Title of King of* England, *by the Name of* James the Third, *or of* Scotland, *by the Name of* James *the Eighth, or the Stile and Title of King of* Great-Britain, *hath not any Right or Title whatſoever to the Crown of this Realm, or any other the Dominions thereunto belonging. And I do Renounce, Refuſe and Abjure, any Allegiance or Obedience to him. And I do Swear, that I will bear Faith and true Allegiance to his Majeſty King* George, *and him will defend to the utmoſt of my Power, againſt all traiterous Conſpiracies and Attempts whatſoever, which ſhall be made againſt his Perſon, Crown or Dignity; And I will do my utmoſt Endeavours to diſcloſe and make known to his Majeſty, and his Succeſſors, all Treaſons and traiterous Conſpiracies which I ſhall know to be againſt him, or any of them. And I do faithfully Promiſe, to the utmoſt of my Power, to ſupport, maintain and defend the Succeſſion of the Crown againſt him the ſaid* James, *and all other Perſons whatſoever; which Succeſſion, by an Act Intituled,* An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better ſecuring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject, is and ſtands limitted to the Princeſs *Sophia,* Electoreſs and Dutcheſs Dowager of *Hanover,* and the Heirs of her Body being Proteſtants. *And all theſe Things I do plainly and ſincerely Acknowledge and Swear according to theſe expreſs Words by me ſpoken, and according to* 6

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the plain and common Senſe and Underſtanding of the ſame Words, without any Equivocation, mental Evaſion, or ſecret Reſervations whatſoever. And I do make this Recognition, Acknowledgment, Abjuration, Renunciation and Promiſe, heartily, willingly, and truly, upon the true Faith of a Chriſtian.

So help me God.

7 Provided always, that ſuch freedom in any City, Borough or Town Corporate, ſhall not be of any Uſe to any ſuch Alien, Stranger or Foreigner, nor continue longer than while he, ſhe or they, ſhall dwell or reſide in ſuch City, Borough or Town Corporate, any Thing in the ſaid Act, or in this preſent Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Anno Sexto Georgii Primi Regis.

CAP. IV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing to his Majeſty the additional Duties on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes; and alſo, on all ſorts of Wine, Strong-Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and upon all Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine; and alſo a Tax on all Salaries; Profits of Employments, Fees and Penſions therein mentioned, and for continuing the further additional Duty on Ale, Beer, and Strong-Waters, and Spirits perfectly made, and upon Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine; and for granting an additional Duty on Molaſſes, Treacle, Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, and Cocoa Nuts; and for ſecuring the Repayment of fifty thouſand Pounds Sterling, *formerly advanced unto his Majeſty for the uſe of the Publick together with the Intereſt thereof.*

7 AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that for a further Supply unto your Majeſty, the former additional Duty of twenty Shillings *Sterling* for every hundred Pounds weight of Molaſſes, and the like additional Duty of twenty Shillings *Sterling* for every hundred Pounds weight of Treacle that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom from and after the laſt Day of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall be raiſed, levied and paid to your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, for the Term of ſeven Years, commencing from the laſt Day of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament after the Expiration of the ſaid Term of ſeven Years.

20*s.* additional Duty granted for every 100*l.* weight of Molaſſes and Treacle imported.

8 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, there ſhall be throughout this your Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, raiſed, levied, collected and paid to your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, from the ſaid firſt Day of *September* one thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, until the twenty fifth

fifth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, incluſive, for and upon all Coffee, Tea, Chocolate and Cocoa Nuts, the ſeveral additional Rates and Duties hereinafter mentioned, (that is to ſay;) For every pound weight of Tea imported during the time aforeſaid into this Kingdom, twelve Pence, and for every pound weight of Coffee, Chocolate and Cocoa Nuts imported into this Kingdom during the time aforeſaid, three Pence.

For Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, and Cocoa Nuts imported (*viz.*) for Tea the Pound 12*d.* for Coffee, Chocolate, and Cocoa Nuts, the Pound 3*d.*

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid additional Duties on Tea, Coffee, Chocolate and Cocoa Nuts, and all Money ariſing thereby, ſhall be paid to the Truſtees appointed for the Management of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures of this Kingdom, to be by them applied to encourage and ſupport the ſaid Manufactures, and the Trade thereof in this Kingdom. 9

To be applied for ſupport, &c. of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures in this Kingdom.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every the ſeveral additional Duties aforeſaid hereby continued and granted, ſhall be raiſed, collected and paid unto your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Term and Terms aforeſaid, at the ſame Time, and in the ſame Manner, and by the ſame Ways, Means and Methods, and by ſuch Rules and Directions, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Powers, and in ſuch Manner and Form in all reſpects as are preſcribed, mentioned and expreſſed in and by an Act made in this Kingdom in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, Intituled, *An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted:* Or by any other Law now in Force relating to the Revenue or Exciſe in this Kingdom, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the ſame were particularly repeated and again enacted in the Body of this preſent Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the ſaid Act of Exciſe is provided. 10

The ſaid Duties to be raiſed by ſuch Means as are preſcribed by 14 *Car.* 2. c. 8. or any other Law relating to the Revenue. With like Remedy of appeal as the ſaid Act *Car.* 2. Provides.

CAP. VII.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the better regulating the buying and ſelling of Yarn, and Cloth, and further improving the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures of this Kingdom.

AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *November* one thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, no Drawback or Debenture ſhall be allowed, paid or given by any Collectors, or any other Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue, to any Perſon or Perſons for or on Account of exporting of Callicoe, Holland, Foreign Sail Cloth or Linen whatſoever out of this Kingdom, any former Law, Uſage or Cuſtom to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding. 12

No Drawback to be allowed for Callicoe, or any Foreign Linen exported.

And

17 And whereas divers Perſons to evade the paying of Duty for Foreign Sail-Cloth brought into this Kingdom, make the ſame up into Sails on Board their Ships, and frequently ſell the ſame to other Ships in the ſame Port, and often great quantities of ſuch Foreign Sail-Cloth are Run, and immediately after to conceal the ſame is made up in Sails; for Remedy whereof,

18 Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all new Sails (except what are for the uſe of ſuch Ship made of Foreign Sail-Cloth found on Board any Ship or Boat) ſhall be liable to the ſame Duty as if in pieces; and if ſuch Sails ſhall be landed or put on Board any other Ship or Boat without firſt having paid the ſaid Duty, the ſame ſhall be forfeited to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall give Information thereof to the Commiſſioners or Sub-Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue, who are hereby impowered to examine and condemn the ſame in the ſame manner as is directed in the ſaid [a] Act of Exciſe, with the like Liberty of Appeal as is therein mentioned.

New Sails made of foreign Cloth, except for the Ship's uſe, liable to Duty as if in pieces.

Landed, or put into any other Veſſel, before Duty paid, forfeited to the Informer.

[a] 14 *Car.* 2 C. 8.

CAP. VIII.

An Act for the more effectual preventing the Running of Goods, and for the further preventing Frauds committed in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms.

WHereas notwithſtanding the many Laws made to prevent the Running and Undue landing of Goods imported into this Kingdom, many Frauds are committed and Goods daily put on Shore without Payment of his Majeſty's Duties, to the great loſs of his Revenue, and the Ruin of the Fair Traders of this Kingdom, by Maſters of Ships, or other Perſons having Charge there-
2 of coming into ſmall Creeks in Veſſels of ſmall Burthen; for Remedy whereof,

Preamble.

Be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament [b] Aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that where any Goods exciſeable ſhall be unſhipped and landed out of ſmall Boats and Veſſels under the Burthen of fifteen Tuns not being in Leak or Wreck before due Entry of ſuch Boats or ſmall Veſſels, and of the ſaid Goods at the Cuſtom-Houſe or Place allowed for landing where ſuch Boat or ſmall Veſſel ſhall happen to unlade, or at unlawful Hours, or without the Knowledge, Privity or Conſent of the proper Officer or Officers which ſhould have attend-
3 ed the unlading of ſuch Goods, all ſuch Boats and ſmall Veſſels ſhall be forfeited.

Goods illegally landed out of Boats under 15 Tuns Burthen, ſuch Boats forfeited.

And whereas in Ships from foreign Parts Goods are often found concealed in falſe Bulk-heads, or between the Wainſcot of the ſaid Ships, or in other concealed Places in order to their being privately landed without Payment of Duties, ſo that it is almoſt impoſſible for Officers of the Cuſtoms to diſcover them without

[b] Veſſels of 25 Tuns by 9 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 6.

without having previous Information; for prevention of which fraudulent Practices.

Goods not mentioned in the Invoice, and found concealed in the Ship 48 hours after Invoice made, forfeited.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that from and after the 4
first Day of *November* one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, all Goods not entred nor mentioned in the Invoice, and found concealed in the Ship by the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs forty eight Hours after such Invoice made, shall be liable to Forfeiture as fully as if they were actually carried out of the Ship with intention to Run them, and such Goods shall be seized and disposed of, and Persons prosecuted in manner hereafter mentioned.

Recital of part of an Act 4 *Geo.* 1 cap. 4. concerning Ships stranded.

And whereas an Act was made in the fourth Year of his present Majesty's 5
Reign in this Kingdom, Intituled, *An Act for preserving all such Ships and Goods thereof which shall happen to be forced on Shore, or stranded upon the Coast of this Kingdom.* Wherein it is recited amongst other Things, that many Ships of Trade after all their Dangers at Sea escaped, have unfortunately near home Run on Shore or been stranded on the Coasts thereof; and that such Ships have been barbarously plundered by his Majesty's Subjects and their Cargoes imbezled, and when any Part thereof has been saved it has been swallowed up by the exorbitant Demands for Salvage to the great loss of his Majesty's Revenue, and to the much greater Damage of his Majesty's Trading Subjects; and therefore by the said Act it is amongst other Things enacted, that such Ships, Vessels or Goods so saved as therein is mentioned, shall remain in the Custody of the Officer of the Customs or his Deputy, for the Purposes in the said Act; and if such Goods shall not be legally claimed by the rightful Owner within the Time therein limitted, that then publick Sale shall be made thereof, and if perishable Goods, forthwith be sold; and after all Charges deducted, the Residue of the Money arising by such Sale with a fair and just Account of the whole shall be transmitted to his Majesty's *Exchequer*, there to remain for the benefit of the Owner.

And whereas for want of express Words subjecting stranded Goods so sa- 6
ved to the Payment of Customs and other Duties, a Doubt hath arisen, whether such Goods tho' no way damaged are liable to pay the same to the loss of his Majesty's Revenue, and contrary to the true Intent of the said Act.

Goods saved out of Ships stranded to be liable to Duties as if regularly imported.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that all Goods, Wares and 7
Merchandizes, which from the said first Day of *November* one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall be saved out of any Vessel or Ship that shall happen to be forced on Shore or stranded on the Coasts of this Kingdom not being wrecked Goods, *Jetsam*, *Flotsam* or *Lagan*, shall after all Charges of Salvage, and other Charges paid as aforesaid be subject to the Payment of the like Customs and Duties, and the Owners be Intitled to such Drawbacks on Exportation, and the like Allowance and Abatements as such Goods were, and Merchandizes would, by any Law or Laws now in Force be liable unto, or the Owners be intitled to have in Case the same were regularly imported, any Thing in the aforesaid Act, or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And

8 And whereas one other Act was paſſed in the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign in this Kingdom, Intituled, *An Act for preventing Abuſes and Deceits in his Majeſty's Revenue, by importing of Brandy in ſmall Quantities.* Wherein is recited, that ſeveral Frauds are frequently committed in importing Strong-Waters, Spirits or Brandy in ſmall Quantities, whereby the ſame is more eaſily carried away without Payment of the Duty thereof, therefore by the ſaid Act it is amongſt other Things enacted, that from and after the twenty ninth Day of *September* in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, no Brandy ſingle or double ſhall be imported from Parts beyond the Seas in any Cask or Veſſel which ſhall not contain fifty Gallons at the leaſt, upon Pain of forfeiting the ſaid Brandy, or the Value thereof to be ſo imported, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts in *Dublin*.

Recital of an Act 2 *Geo.* 1. c 18. concerning the Importation of Brandy in ſmall Casks, *&c.*

9 And whereas Seizures are frequently made in every remote Part of this Kingdom, and of ſuch ſmall Quantities at one Time, that the Seizure will not pay the Charge of the Condemnation, nor can the Officers who make ſuch Seizures attend the ſaid Proſecutions at the ſaid Courts in *Dublin*, which tends very much to the Diſcouragement of them in their Duty; for Remedy whereof, and to the Intent the ſaid Law may have its full and deſigned Effect,

10 Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all Seizures now made or which ſhall hereafter be made of Strong Waters, Spirits or Brandy, ſingle or double, that have been or ſhall be imported in any Cask or Veſſel which ſhall not contain fifty Gallons at the leaſt, ſhall and may be proſecuted before the Commiſſioners or Sub-commiſſioners of Excile, who ſhall on Information before them of ſuch Importation, proceed to hear, and they are hereby impowered to determine ſuch Offences, and all Strong-Waters, Spirits or Brandy, ſingle or double ſo imported, ſhall and may be condemned by them; and the Penalties and Forfeitures thereout ariſing, levied, raiſed and diſpoſed of in ſuch Manner and Form in all Reſpects as are preſcribed, mentioned and expreſſed in an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, Intituled, *An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe and new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted.* With the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the ſaid Act of Exciſe is provided.

Seizures made of Brandy, *&c.* Spirits imported in Casks under 50 Gallons gage to be proſecuted before the Commiſſioners, *&c.* of Exciſe.

Penalties, *&c.* to be levied in the manner mention'd in the Act 14 *Car.* 2. c. 8.

11 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Ship, Veſſel or Boat appointed or employed Ordinarily for the Carriage of Letters and Packets, ſhall (unleſs it be in Caſes as ſhall be allowed by the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue in this Kingdom) knowingly import or export any Goods or Merchandizes deſigned for Sale into or out of this Kingdom, upon the Penalty and Forfeiture of an hundred Pounds, to be paid by the Maſter of the ſaid Veſſel or Boat, with the loſs of his Place.

Maſters of Packet Boats importing or exporting therein Merchandize, forfeit 100*l.* with loſs of Place.

12 And whereas many Concealments are made of Drink brewed, and Strong Liquors diſtilled in this Kingdom by Brewers and Diſtillers; for the prevention of ſuch Abuſes, and the better ordering and collecting the Duty of Exciſe, and preventing the Abuſes therein.

Hours appointed for common Brewers to deliver out Beer or Ale.

20*s.* Penalty for every Barrel carried out at other hours, without giving notice to the Officer of Excise.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that no common Brewer of 13
Beer or Ale, shall sell, deliver or carry out any Beer or Ale to any of his Customers either in whole Cask or by the Gallon in any City, Town Corporate or Market Town, before notice given to any Officer of Excise, but between the Hours of the Day hereafter mentioned (that is to say;) from the twenty fifth Day of *March* to the twenty ninth Day of *September* yearly, between the Hours of three of the Clock in the Morning, and nine of the Clock in the Evening, and from the twenty ninth Day of *September* to the twenty fifth Day of *March* yearly, between the Hours of five of the Clock in the Morning and eight of the Clock in the Evening, upon Pain that every Brewer doing contrary hereunto, shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of twenty Shillings for every Barrel of Beer or Ale that shall be carried out contrary to the true Meaning of this Act.

Hours appointed to set Stills at Work, and to carry out low Wines, *&c.*

10*l.* Penalty for carrying out, *&c.* at other Times, without giving notice to the Officer.

And that no Distiller or Maker of low Wines, Spirits, Aquavitæ or Strong- 14
Waters, shall set their Stills at work for the drawing or making any of the Liquors above mentioned, or shall deliver or carry out any low Wines, Spirits, Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters, to any Customer in Cask or by the Gallon, without notice first given to the Officer of Excise for the Place or Division where such Distillers or Maker shall live, to the Intent that such Officer may be present to see and gauge the same, unless at such Times as are herein after mentioned, (that is to say;) from the twenty ninth Day of *September* to the twenty fifth Day of *March* yearly, between the Hours of five of the Clock in the Morning and eight in the Evening, and from the twenty fifth Day of *March* to the nine and twentieth Day of *September* yearly, between the Hours of three in the Morning and nine in the Evening, upon pain that every Distiller and Maker of the Liquors aforesaid doing contrary hereunto, shall forfeit for such Offence the Sum of ten Pounds; all which Forfeitures and Penalties as well as all other Forfeitures and Penalties in this present Act mentioned and inflicted, shall be sued for, prosecuted and recovered by the like Ways, Means and Methods, and in such Manner and Form as is mentioned and expressed in the said before mentioned Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, with like Remedy of Appeal for the Party grieved, and all Seizures, Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties mentioned in this Act, after necessary Charges first deducted for the Recovery thereof shall be divided, one Moiety whereof shall be to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall seize or discover the Goods which are hereby made forfeitable, or give Information of, or prove any Breach of any Clause or Article of this Act.

To be sued for by such means as are directed by 14 *Car.* 2. c. 8.

Continuation.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that this Act 15
shall be, and remain in force for the space of two Years, from the first Day of *November* one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and from thence to the end of the then next Session of Parliament, and no longer.

CAP.

CAP. XV.

Two Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the more effectual Amendment of the Pavements of the ſeveral Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns in this Kingdom: And for preventing Miſchiefs that may happen by Fire in the City of Dublin; *and for augmenting the Number of Hackney-coaches and Chairs in the ſaid City.*

15 AND whereas ſeveral Ships bound Coaſt-ways have been by the Officers of the ſaid Cuſtom-houſe permitted to ſail without ſuch Diſcharge, whereby the ſaid Office * has been deprived of ſeveral Sums of Money charged by the ſaid Act.

16 Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Ship or Ships above thirty Tuns ſhall be permitted by the Officers of the ſaid Cuſtom-houſe in *Dublin*, to ſail Coaſt-ways until the Commander or Maſter thereof ſhall have brought a Diſcharge from the Maſter of the Ballaſt-Office, or his Deputy, teſtifying ſuch Ship and Ships to have paid and cleared their Ballaſt-Money, in caſe they have taken in Ballaſt; and likewiſe, all and ſingular the Duties by the Act herein before mentioned, charged and impoſed.

Cuſtom-houſe Officers in *Dublin* not to permit Ships above thirty Tuns (that have taken in Ballaſt) to ſail Coaſt-ways till diſcharg'd at the Ballaſt-Office.

* *Ballaſt-Office.*

Anno Octavo Georgii Primi Regis.

CAP. VI.

A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for the further Amendment of the Law; and for continuing and amending ſeveral Acts near expiring.

5 AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that at all Times hereafter when the Lord chief Baron of this Kingdom ſhall be abſent from *Dublin*, every Perſon or Perſons nominated and appointed to any Office or Employment, and who by the Laws of this Kingdom are directed to be ſworn before the Lord chief Baron, and take the Oath or Oaths of Office before him, ſhall and may be ſworn into their reſpective Office or Offices in the abſence of the Lord chief Baron, before the Chancellor of his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer* in this Kingdom, or before any one of the Barons thereof, who are hereby impowered and required to Adminiſter the ſaid Oaths, and that ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be ſo ſworn before the ſaid Chancellor of the *Exchequer*, or either of the ſaid Barons, ſhall and are hereby declared to be as effectually inſtated on his or their Office or Offices, and ſhall take upon him or them the execution thereof in the ſame Manner as if they had actually been ſworn before the Lord chief Baron, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Enacted that in the abſence of the Lord chief Baron, Perſons appointed to Employments may take the Oaths before the Chancellor of the *Exchequer*, or any one of the Barons thereof.

CAP. II.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for amending the ſeveral Laws now in Force for encouraging the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures in this Kingdom, and for the further Improvement thereof.

Recital of part of an Act, 2 *Geo.* 1. cap. 13. concerning the premium for Sail-cloth exported.

AND whereas by the ſaid laſt recited Act made in the Second Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, it is (among other things) enacted, that any Perſon or Perſons who ſhould export out of this Kingdom any good Sail-cloth well and ſufficiently made to any Parts beyond the Seas, at any time within the ſpace of ten Years next after the twenty fourth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixteen, ſhould receive as a Premium for every Yard of Sail-cloth made of ſound and good Hemp of ten Pence *per* Yard Value, and under fourteen Pence *per* Yard or upwards ſo exported the Sum of two Pence, for every Yard of main Sail or courſe Canvas made of *Holland* Duck, of the value of fourteen Pence *per* Yard or upwards ſo exported the Sum of four Pence *Sterling*, and after the Expiration of the Term of ten Years, that from thence during the further Term of eleven Years, any Perſon or Perſons ſo exporting ſuch Sail-cloth ſhould receive as a Premium for every Yard of ſuch Sail-cloth of ten Pence *per* Yard Value, and under fourteen Pence ſo exported the Sum of one Penny, and for every Yard of ſuch main Sail or courſe Canvas made in imitation of *Holland* Duck, of the Value of fourteen Pence *per* Yard or upwards ſo exported the Sum of two Pence *Sterling*, to be paid by ſuch Officer or Officers, and in ſuch Manner as Drawbacks are uſually paid, the Exporter of ſuch Cloth, or any other Perſon or Perſons, firſt making Oath, that the ſaid Cloth is according to the beſt of his Knowledge and Belief made of Hemp of the growth of this Kingdom, and that ſuch Sail-cloth was never before exported, nor any Debenture iſſued out or Premium paid for the ſame, which ſaid Act has not hitherto been ſufficient to encourage the ſetting up and eſtabliſhing the Hempen Manufacture in this Kingdom. 18

The time for giving the ſaid premium, farther continued.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid Premium of two Pence for the cheaper, and four Pence for main Sail Canvas, which by the ſaid former Act were given for the Term of ten Years, ſhall be, and are hereby continued for eight Years longer, to be computed from the End and Determination of the ſaid recited Term of ten Years, and that the ſaid recited Term of eleven Years, for which the ſaid Premiums of one Penny for the cheaper ſort, and two Pence for main Sail Canvas were given, ſhall commence from the End and Determination of the ſaid eight Years, and continue from thence for and during the Term of eleven Years, ſubject nevertheleſs to the ſame Rules, Limitations, Reſtrictions and Directions, as in and by the ſaid Statute of the ſecond Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign are mentioned, directed and expreſſed. 19

CAP.

CAP. II.

An Act to prevent the Fraudulent and Clandeſtine importing of Goods.

Preamble.

WHereas the ſeveral Laws already made for the preventing the unlawful and clandeſtine Running of Goods and Merchandizes imported into this Kingdom, and for the Encouragement of the fair Trader, have been rendered ineffectual by the ſeveral Frauds that have been committed and are daily practiſed to the great diminution of his Majeſty's Revenue, and the Impoveriſhment of ſuch Perſons as pay the Duties: And whereas for the better carrying on ſuch private and fraudulent Trade, exciſeable Goods and Merchandizes, are frequently taken in at Sea by fiſhing Boats, or other coaſting Veſſels out of ſome Ship or Veſſel in order to be brought into this Kingdom.

Goods unſhipped, or taken in at Sea, to be landed, or put into any other Ship, before the Duties are paid. The Maſter of the Ship that receives ſuch Goods forfeits treble the Value thereof. And the Maſter of the Ship out of which they were taken forfeits alſo treble the Value.

2 Be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that in caſe any exciſeable Goods, Wares or Merchandizes ſhall, after the twenty fifth Day of *April*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, be unſhipped or taken in at Sea, or out of any Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, in order to be landed, or put into any other Veſſel, Ship or Boat within the Limits of any Port in this Kingdom, without firſt paying or ſecuring, according to Law, the Cuſtoms and other Duties payable for the ſame, the Maſter or other Perſon having charge of ſuch Ship, Boat or other Veſſel into which any ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandizes ſhall be taken or put as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit treble the Value of ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, unleſs in caſe of diſtreſs or neceſſity, of which the Maſter or other Perſon having charge of ſuch Ship, Boat or other Veſſel, ſhall immediately give Notice, and make ſufficient proof of, before the chief Officer or Officers of the Revenue of the firſt Port of this Kingdom where he ſhall arrive, and the Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon taking charge of the Ship or Veſſel out of which ſuch Goods ſhall be taken at Sea, unleſs in caſe of Neceſſity as aforeſaid, ſhall alſo forfeit treble the Value of ſuch Goods ſo unſhipped, one Moiety of which Forfeiture to be for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame in ſuch Manner as is herein after mentioned.

3 And whereas great Quantities of Tobacco made up in ſmall Truſſes, Bundles, Bags, Rolls or Casks are daily imported with an intent that the ſame may more eaſily and privately be carried off and conveyed away without paying the Duties payable thereon; for prevention thereof,

Pe

No Tobacco to be imported in any Package containing leſs than 300*l.* weight on pain of forfeiture, or the Value thereof.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the twenty fifth 4
Day of *April*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, no Tobacco ſo made up ſhall be imported or brought into this Kingdom, or to any Port, Harbour, Haven or Creek thereof in any other Manner than in Hogſheads, Casks or Veſſels, or other Package, not containing leſs than three hundred pounds weight from the *Iſle of Man*, or from any other Place from and after the firſt Day of *May*, in the Year aforeſaid, upon pain of forfeiting the ſaid Tobacco, or the Value thereof: And whereas to the great loſs of the Revenue and the ruin of the fair Trader, great Quantities of Brandy, Strong-Waters and Spirits; and alſo Tobacco and other Goods of the Growth or Manufacture of *Aſia*, *Africa* and *America*, are ſecretly imported into this Kingdom in ſmall Ships and Veſſels or Boats, under the Burthen of twenty Tuns from the *Iſle of Man*; for prevention of which,

No Tobacco, Brandy or Spirits, or Goods of *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, to be imported from the *Iſle of Man* in Veſſels under 20 Tuns Burthen, on pain of forfeiting the Veſſel and Goods.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Tobacco, Brandy, 5
Strong-Waters, Spirits, or ſuch Goods and Merchandizes of the Growth or Manufacture of *Aſia*, *Africa* or *America*, ſhall, from and after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *April*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, be imported or brought into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or into any Port, Harbour or Creek thereof from the *Iſle of Man*, or ſhall be found in any Ship, Veſſel or Boat, under the Burthen of twenty Tuns from the *Iſle of Man*, except for the private Uſe of the Maſter, Seamen and Paſſengers on Board ſuch Ship or Veſſel, or Boat, not exceeding two pounds weight of Tobacco, and one Gallon of Brandy, Strong-Waters or Spirits for each Seaman and Paſſenger, every ſuch Ship, Veſſel or Boat, with all her Tackles, Furniture and Apparel, or the Value thereof; [a] And alſo ſuch Tobacco, Brandy, Strong-Waters, Spirits or any Goods of the Growth or Manufacture of *Aſia*, *Africa* or *America*, ſhall be forfeited, and ſhall and may be ſeized by an Officer of the Revenue; and in caſe ſuch Veſſel or Goods cannot be ſeized, the Maſter or other Perſon, having charge of the Veſſel in which ſuch Goods were imported, ſhall forfeit the Value thereof, one Moiety of which Forfeiture ſhall be for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame, and ſhall and may be recovered in ſuch Manner as is herein after mentioned. And for the better preventing of Frauds in Drawbacks.

If the Veſſel or Goods cannot be ſeized, the Maſter forfeits the Value.

Goods ſhipped, for which a Drawback is due, and afterward relanded, or put on board any other Veſſel with intent to be relanded. The Maſter of the Ship out of which the Goods are put; and the Owner alſo of the Goods forfeit treble the Value.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Goods or Merchan- 6
dizes ſhipped to be exported, for which any Allowance is to be made, or Drawback given by the Laws now in Force in this Kingdom upon the Exportation thereof, ſhall be relanded or unſhipped in any Port or Place in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or ſhall be put on Board any Boat or other Veſſel at any Creek, Haven or Port thereof, or at Sea, in order to be relanded contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, without the Licence of one or more of the principal Officers of ſuch Port or Place firſt had and obtained,

or

[a] By 12 *Geo.* 1. c. 28. *Eng.* All Goods prohibited except of the Growth, &c. of the *Iſle*.

or unleſs it be in caſe of diſtreſs to ſave the ſaid Goods from periſhing, which ſhall be made known forthwith to one of the Officers of the Port where ſuch Ship ſhall arrive, the Maſter, Purſer, or other Perſon, having the charge of ſuch Ship out of which ſuch Goods ſhall be unſhipped, and alſo the Owner of ſuch Goods and Merchandizes ſhall forfeit treble the Value thereof, one Moiety to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Informer, to be recovered as is herein after mentioned; and for the more effectual prevention thereof,

No Drawback to be paid for Goods exported, unleſs the Maſter of the Ship makes Oath (beſides the Requiſites already to be performed that the Goods are not to be relanded in *Ireland*.

7 Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *April* one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, no Allowance ſhall be made to ſuch Merchant or Exporter, or Payment made for or on Account of any Drawback that he may be intitled to upon the Exportation of any Goods, unleſs over and above the [a] Oath and the Certificate already required, the Maſter alſo of the Ship or Veſſel in which the ſaid Goods are to be exported, ſhall make Oath before the Collector or other chief Officer of the Port where ſuch Goods are ſhipped, that to the beſt of his Knowledge and Belief the ſame are not to be intended to be relanded, and that he will not permit or ſuffer the ſaid Goods, or any part of them to be relanded in any Port, Creek or Haven of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, unleſs in caſe of real diſtreſs to ſave the Goods from periſhing; which Oath the ſaid Collector or other chief Officer is hereby impowered and required to Adminiſter.

Ship-maſter being a Quaker, may in ſuch caſe affirm inſtead of ſwearing.

8 Provided always, that if ſuch Maſter or Exporter be a known Quaker, that in ſuch caſe the ſolemn Affirmation of ſuch Maſter or Exporter ſhall and may be taken inſtead of ſuch Oath.

9 And whereas the Perſons that are employed in Running Goods, and defrauding his Majeſty of the ſeveral Duties payable for exciſeable Goods and Merchandizes, are greatly encouraged in ſuch Clandeſtine Trade by ſuch Perſons as for their private Lucre receive, ſell and buy ſuch Goods and Merchandizes; wherefore for the better Diſcovery of, and prevention of the Sale of all Goods and Merchandizes, and Commodities whatſoever which are liable to any Duties or Exciſe, and for which no Duty hath been paid or Entry made, or that have not been legally condemned,

Perſons knowingly harbouring, ſelling or buying run Goods, forfeit the Goods, and treble the Value thereof.

10 Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that, from and after the firſt Day of *April*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, in caſe any Perſon or Perſons ſhall knowingly harbour, keep or conceal, or ſhall knowingly permit or ſuffer to be harboured, kept or concealed, or ſhall ſell or expoſe to Sale, or buy any ſuch exciſeable Goods or Merchandizes knowing that the ſame were Run, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall over and above the Forfeiture of ſuch Goods, forfeit and loſe treble the Value of ſuch Goods.

And

[a] By the ſaid Act 12 *Geo.* 1. C. 28. *Engliſh, Iſle of Man* is to be added to the Oath.

And whereas by the Laws relating to the Exciſe, it is amongſt other Things enacted, that if any difference or Matter of Controverſy ſhould happen to ariſe between any Merchant, Trader or Dealer, and the Commiſſioners, Sub-Commiſſioners, Collectors, or other Officers therein mentioned, it might be lawful for every ſuch Perſon or Perſons to make his Appeal to the Lord Lieutenant, Deputy, or other Chief Governor or Governors and Privy Council of *Ireland*, or ſuch as they ſhould appoint under the Great Seal. 11

And whereas there is no time limitted in and by the ſaid Laws for bringing ſuch Appeal, whereby great Inconveniences have happened as well to the Subject as to his Majeſty's Revenue; for Remedy whereof, 12

No Appeal from the Judgment of the Commiſſioners, &c. to be receiv'd unleſs made within two Calendar Months after Judgment given.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall think himſelf or themſelves aggrieved by any Judgment or Sentence of the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-Commiſſioners, Collectors, or other Officers, ſhall make his, her, or their Appeal unto the ſaid Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other Chief Governor or Governors and Privy Council of *Ireland*, or ſuch as ſhall be appointed by Commiſſion under the Great Seal purſuant to the ſaid Laws, within the Space of two Calendar Months next after ſuch Sentence or Judgment ſhall be given, and in default thereof, that no Appeal ſhall be afterwards received. 13

And whereas it frequently happens that divers Goods and Merchandizes are brought into his Majeſty's Store-houſes for want of being entred, and becauſe the Duties are not paid and ſecured as the Law directs, which Goods do often remain there for ſo long a Time that they become periſhed and of no Value, whereby his Majeſty hath loſt the Duties payable on the Importation of the ſaid Goods; for prevention thereof, 14

Goods brought into the Store-houſes, and there remaining ſix Months, the Duties not paid or ſecured, to be ſold, and the Money firſt applied to pay the Duties, next the Ware-houſe Room, &c. and the overplus to be paid to the Proprietor.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that, from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *April*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, the Commiſſioners of the Revenue, or any three or more of them, the Collectors, or other Chief Officer of the Port for the Time being in their reſpective Diſtricts, in all caſes where Goods are or ſhall be brought into his Majeſty's Store-houſes, for the Security of the Cuſtoms or other Duties due thereon, ſhall cauſe all Goods ſo brought into his Majeſty's Store-houſes as aforeſaid, which ſhall have remained there for the Space of ſix Months, the Subſidies and Duties not paid, or otherwiſe ſecured as the Law directs, to be publickly ſold by Auction or Inch of Candle as ſoon as conveniently they can, and after ſuch Sale, the produce thereof ſhall be firſt applied towards the Payment of the Cuſtoms and Duties due thereupon, and in the next place the Charges of the Ware-houſe Room, Freight and other Charges, and the overplus ſhall be paid to the Proprietor or other Perſons Authoriſed to receive the ſame. 15

One Month's publick Notice to be given before Sale.

Provided always, that before any ſuch Sale of Goods ſhall be made, one Months Notice thereof, and of the Place, Day and Hour of making ſuch Sale, ſhall publickly be poſted up at the Cuſtom-Houſe, and alſo at the Tholſel or Market-Houſe of the Port where the ſaid Sale is to be made. 16

And

17 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that, from and after the twenty fifth Day of *April*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, all and every Perſon and Perſons who ſhall be found paſſing knowingly and wittingly with any exciſeable Goods or Commodities landed from any Ship or Veſſel without the due Entry and Payment of the Duties chargeable thereon in his, her or their Cuſtody from any of the Coaſts of this Kingdom within the Space of ten Miles of any of the ſaid Coaſts, and ſhall be five or more in Company, and ſhall wear any Vizard, Mask, or other diſguiſe, when paſſing with ſuch Goods or Commodities as aforeſaid, ſhall, being convicted thereof, be deemed and taken, and adjudged guilty of Felony, and ſhall for ſuch his, her or their Offence be tranſported as a Felon to ſome of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, there to remain for the Space of ſeven Years; and in caſe any ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall return to this Kingdom before the Expiration of the ſaid ſeven Years, he, ſhe or they ſo returning, ſhall ſuffer as Felons, and have Execution awarded againſt him, her or them, as Perſons attainted of Felony without benefit of Clergy, or of the Statute.

Perſons being 5 or more in Company, found carrying run Goods within ten miles of any of the Coaſts, and wearing Vizards, &c. guilty of Felony, and ſhall be tranſported to the Plantations. Returning before 7 Years are expired, ſhall ſuffer as Felons without benefit of of Clergy.

18 Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Perſon who ſhall be guilty of any Offence of Felony afore-mentioned, ſhall within three Months after ſuch his Offence, and before his Conviction, diſcover two or more of his Accomplices therein, to the Commiſſioners or Sub-Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue, or to any one or more of them, ſo as ſuch Accomplices, or any two of them at leaſt be convicted of ſuch Offence, the Offender ſo diſcovering, ſhall be clearly acquitted and diſcharged of and from ſuch his or her Offence.

Offenders, not convicted, and diſcovering within 3 Months their Accomplices, acquitted.

19 And whereas frequent diſputes do happen between the Merchants and Officers of the Cuſtoms touching and concerning damaged Wines, the ſame depending for the moſt part on the Taſte thereof.

20 And whereas ſuch corrupt Wines are highly prejudicial both to his Majeſty's Revenue, and the Health of his Majeſty's good Subjects of this Kingdom; for the effectual preventing thereof,

21 Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that in caſe any Merchant or other Perſon ſhall find his Wine, or any part thereof, in his Judgment ſo damaged, corrupt or unmerchantable, as not to be worth the Duties, in ſuch Caſe ſuch Merchant ſhall have Liberty immediately after the landing the ſaid Wines, to ſtave and ſpill the ſame in the preſence of ſuch Officer or Officers as ſhall be appointed for that Purpoſe by the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue, or any three or more of them, or the Collector or other chief Officer of the Port where the ſaid Wines ſhall be imported, and that the Merchant ſo ſtaving and ſpilling ſuch Wine, ſhall be repaid the whole Duty paid by him for the ſame, without any Delay, Charge, Fee or Deduction, on any Pretence whatſoever; and that in order to Certify the quantity of Wine ſo deſtroyed, the proper Officer appointed for Diſcharge of the Ship importing the ſame, ſhall make an Entry thereof at the Foot of the Merchants Warrant.

Perſons finding their Wine corrupt, may ſpill it in the preſence of the Officers, and ſhall be repaid the whole Duty.

And as a Compenſation for freight, &c. ſhall be allowed, beſides the Duties, 4*l*. *per* Tun for *Germany* Wine, or Wines that pay the like Duties. 40 Shillings for *French* Wine. 6*l*. for *Portugal*, *Spaniſh*, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that, over and above 22
the Duties repaid as aforeſaid, the Merchant or other Perſon ſhall for every Tun of Wine of the Growth of *Germany*, or Wines which pay Duties as ſuch, ſo deſtroyed, be allowed as a Compenſation for the Freight and other Charges the Sum of four Pounds; and for every Tun of Wine of the Growth of *France*, ſo deſtroyed, the Sum of forty Shillings; and for Wines of the Growth of *Portugal*, *Spain*, and elſewhere, the Sum of ſix Pounds, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity, which Allowances ſhall without any delay be paid by Certificate out of the Duties payable to his Majeſty, and the proper Officer or Officers are hereby required and directed to make and pay ſuch Certificate without Fee or Reward.

Prizage or Butlerage not to be diminiſhed.

Provided, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that any thing 23
herein contained, or to be done in Execution thereof, ſhall not extend or be conſtrued to extend to diminiſh or leſſen the Duties of Prizage or Butlerage of Wines due upon the Importation of the ſame, but that the ſame ſhall be collected and paid in the ſame manner as if this Act had never been made.

No Allowance to be made for ſuch Wines, unleſs imported in Casks directly from the Places of their Growth.

Provided alſo, and be it further enacted, that no Allowance ſhall be made for 24
any ſuch corrupt or decayed Wine, unleſs ſuch Wine ſhall be imported in Casks directly from the Country or Place of the Growth of ſuch Wine, or the uſual Place of its firſt ſhipping; but the ſame ſhall be ſtaved unleſs the full Duty be paid for the ſame.

And whereas it frequently happens in ſeveral Ports of this Kingdom, that 25
upon the arrival of many Ships, at the ſame time there are not Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue ſufficient in ſuch Port or Diſtrict to take the charge and care of the ſaid Ships upon them, by which means the Collector or other chief Officer of ſuch Port or Diſtrict is obliged to employ other Perſons, and place them in ſuch Ships or Veſſels for the better collecting and ſecuring his Majeſty's Revenue.

And whereas ſuch Perſons ſo appointed are frequently obſtructed by the Ma- 26
ſters of ſuch Ships or Veſſels, and other evil minded Perſons, on Pretence that ſuch Perſons ſo deputed are not Legal and Commiſſioned Officers; for Remedy whereof,

Maſters of Ships, &c. hindring Perſons deputed to go on Board, and execute their Orders, forfeit 50*l*. To be recovered in Manner as is directed by 14 *Car*. 2. c. 8.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Maſter or other Perſon 27
having the Charge of any Ship or Veſſel, ſhall refuſe to permit any Perſon or Perſons Authoriſed or Deputed by any Writing ſigned by the Collector or other chief Officer of the Port or Place where ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall arrive, to take the care and charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel upon him or them, or to enter into ſuch his Ship, Veſſel, Gabbard, Hoy, Barque or Boat, or remain on Board, or ſhall Lett, Hinder or Obſtruct ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo deputed in doing or performing ſuch Matters and Things as he or they ſhall be Authorized or Deputed to do or perform as aforeſaid, the Maſter or other Perſon ſo offending ſhall, for every ſuch Offence forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds, to be recovered in Manner as is directed in and by an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, Intituled, *An Act for ſettling the Exciſe and new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted.*

Commiſſioners of the Exciſe impowered to hear and determine Offences, (except where the Penalty is Tranſportation) in manner as is preſcribed by 14 *Car*. 2. c. 8. With like Remedy of Appeal.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the Commiſſioners of Ex- 28
ciſe, or any three or more of them, or the Sub-Commiſſioners of Exciſe reſpectively

tively in their reſpective Diſtricts, ſhall be, and are by this preſent Act authorized and required to hear and determine all Offences againſt any Clauſe or Article herein before mentioned, other than the Offences for which the Perſons convicted are liable to Tranſportation in a Summary Way, and to give Judgment and Sentence, and levy the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures thereupon, and ſuch Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall go, and be diſtributed in ſuch Manner and Form in all Reſpects as are preſcribed in an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, Intituled, *An Act for ſettling the Exciſe and new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*, With the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party aggrieved, as in and by the ſaid Act is provided.

29 And whereas the Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue, and their Aſſiſtants, are very frequently aſſaulted and beaten in the due and legal ſeizing and ſecuring of exciſeable Goods imported into this Kingdom, Run or endeavoured to be Run, his Majeſty's Duties not paid, or after Seizure, the ſame are frequently reſcued, or wilfully deſtroyed or damaged, to the end that neither his Majeſty, or the Officer or Officers, or the Informer or Informers ſhould reap the Profits ariſing from ſuch Seizures according to the Laws of the Land; for Remedy thereof,

30 Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *April*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall unlawfully aſſault or beat any Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue, or his or their Aſſiſtant or Aſſiſtants, in the due ſeizing or ſecuring any exciſeable Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, which he or they hath or have reaſonable Cauſe to ſuſpect to be liable to a Seizure by the Laws of the Land, or by Force or Violence reſcue or carry away, or ſhall procure to be reſcued or carried away any ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, after legal Seizure as aforeſaid, or ſhall at, or after ſuch Seizure deſtroy or damage the ſaid Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, or any part of them, that then in every ſuch Caſe, every Perſon ſo offending, being thereof legally convicted, ſhall for the firſt Offence forfeit and loſe the Sum of one hundred Pounds, and upon failure of Payment thereof, ſhall ſuffer impriſonment for the ſpace of twelve Months; and for the ſecond Offence ſhall be tranſported to ſome of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, there to continue for the Term of ſeven Years.

Perſons aſſaulting Officers &c. in ſeizing Goods, or reſcuing or deſtroying Goods after Seizure, forfeit for 1ſt Offence 100*l.* and for Non-payment to be impriſoned 12 Months. For the 2d Offence, to be tranſported.

31 Provided always, that this Act ſhall continue and be in Force until the twenty fifth Day of *March*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty eight, and from thence to the end of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer.

Continuance.

CAP. II.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for allowing further Time to Perſons in Offices to qualify themſelves, purſuant to an Act intituled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery.

AND whereas a Doubt has been conceived, whether ſuch Perſons who have been admitted into any Offices or Employments might take and ſubſcribe the Oaths, and make and ſubſcribe and repeat the Declaration in the ſaid Act mentioned in the ſame Term, or at the ſame Quarter-Seſſions in which they were admitted to their Offices or Imployments;

Enacted that Perſons in Employments who have taken the Oaths and ſubſcribed the Declaration, or Perſons who ſhall hereafter take and ſubſcribe the ſame, in the ſame Term or Quarter-Seſſions in which they have been, or ſhall be admitted into Employments, ſhall be as duly qualified, as if they had taken and ſubſcribed the ſame in the Term or Quarter Seſſions next after their Admittance into Employments.

Be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every Perſon and Perſons, who already have taken and ſubſcribed the ſaid Oaths, and made, repeated and ſubſcribed the ſaid Declaration, or ſhall hereafter take and ſubſcribe the ſaid Oaths, and make, and repeat, and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration, in ſuch Manner and Form, and in ſuch Place and Places as in and by the ſaid Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery are directed, in the ſame Term or at the ſame Quarter-Seſſions, during which he, or they have been or ſhall be admitted to ſuch Office or Imployment, ſhall be deemed and adjudged to have taken and ſubſcribed the ſaid Oaths, and made, repeated and ſubſcribed the ſaid Declaration as effectually and fully to all Intents, Conſtructions and Purpoſes, as if he, or they had taken and ſubſcribed the ſaid Oaths, and made, repeated and ſubſcribed the ſaid Declaration in the Term, or at the Quarter-Seſſions next after ſuch his or their Admittance into ſuch Office or Imployment.

CAP. IV.

Part of the firſt Clauſe, and ſeveral other Clauſes in an Act intituled, An Act for granting to his Majeſty an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, ſtrong Waters, Wine, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned. And alſo a Tax on Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees and Penſions; and for ſecuring the Repayment of fifty thouſand Pounds ſterling, formerly advanced to his late Majeſty for the Uſe of the Publick, together with the Intereſt thereof.

Preamble.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of *Ireland* in Parliament aſſembled, being highly ſenſible of the many ineſtimable Bleſſings we enjoy by the happy Eſtabliſhment of the Proteſtant Succeſſion to the Crown of theſe Kingdoms in your Majeſty's Royal Houſe; and being fully convinced from the tender Regard your Majeſty has ſhewn for the Religion, Laws and Liberties of all your People, and particularly by your gracious

gracious Aſſurances to us, that we may entirely depend upon your Royal Care to protect your Subjects of *Ireland*, and to promote their Welfare and Happineſs; and being confident that we may reaſonably hope for greater Proſperity under your Majeſty's moſt auſpicious Reign, than this Kingdom has been ever bleſſed with for the Support of your Majeſty's Government, have, in the moſt cheerful Manner unanimouſly given and granted the ſeveral Rates and additional Duties herein after mentioned: And for that End do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-eight, and to the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-nine, incluſive, there ſhall be throughout this his Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, granted, raiſed, collected, levied and paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſeveral Rates and additional Duties herein after mentioned (that is to ſay) for and upon every thirty-two Gallons of Beer or Ale of above ſix Shillings the Barrel Price, brewed within this Kingdom by the common Brewer, or in his Veſſels, or by any other Perſon or Perſons who doth or ſhall ſell or tap out Beer or Ale publickly or privately, the Sum of two Shillings, to be paid by the common Brewer, or by ſuch other Perſon or Perſons reſpectively, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity. And for every thirty-two Gallons of Beer or Ale of ſix Shillings the Barrel or under, brewed within this Realm by the common Brewer, or in his Veſſels, or by any other Perſon or Perſons who doth or ſhall ſell or tap out Beer or Ale publickly or privately, the Sum of four pence, to be paid by the common Brewer, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons reſpectively, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity. For every Gallon of Aquavitæ, ſtrong Waters or Spirits, made or diſtilled within this Kingdom for Sale, the Sum of four pence, to be paid by the firſt Maker or Diſtiller thereof. For every Gallon of Brandy or Spirits above proof which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom during the Time above limited, the Sum of five Shillings, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

Enacted that

From the 25th of *March* 1728, to 25th of *December* 1729, the following additional Duties ſhall be paid, (*viz.*)

For every 32 Gallons of Beer or Ale of above 6*s.* the Barrel price brewed for Sale.

Two Shillings.

For every 32 Gallons of Beer or Ale of 6*s.* or under 4*d.*

For every Gallon of Aquavitæ, ſtrong Waters or Spirits made in *Ireland* for Sale 4*d.*

For every Gallon of Spirits above proof imported 5*s.*

2 And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every the additional and other Duties hereby granted, ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Time aforeſaid, over and above all other Duties payable for the ſame, by virtue of an Act made in this Kingdom in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the ſecond [Intituled, *An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe and new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*] or by virtue of one other Act, made in the ſaid fourteenth Year of the Reign of the ſaid King *Charles* the ſecond [Intituled, *An Act for ſettling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tunnage and other Sums of Money, unto his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into or out of the Kingdom of* Ireland, *according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed.*]

To be paid over and above all other Duties payable for the ſame by 14 *Car.* 2. Cap. 8. or by 14 *Car.* 2. Cap. 9.

7 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every the ſeveral and reſpective additional Duties hereby granted or continued, ſhall be raiſed, any other Law in Force relating to the

To be collected by ſuch Means as are appointed by 14 *Car.* 2. C. 8. or by Revenue.

raiſed, anſwered, collected and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Term aforeſaid, at the ſame time, in like manner, and by ſuch Ways, Means and Methods, and by ſuch Rules and Directions, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Powers as are appointed, directed and expreſſed, in and by the ſaid Act made in this Kingdom in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the ſecond [Intituled, *An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*] or by any other Law now in Force relating to the Revenue or Exciſe in this Kingdom, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the ſame were particularly mentioned, expreſſed, and enacted again in the Body of this preſent Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the ſaid Act of Exciſe is provided.

With like Remedy of Appeal.

CAP. VI.

An Act for the more effectual preventing ſeveral Frauds and Abuſes committed in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Exciſe, and for ſettling the Rates of certain Goods and Merchandizes not particularly valued in the Book of Rates.

Preamble.

WHEREAS many fraudulent Practices and Deceits are daily uſed by evil deſigning Perſons to elude the ſeveral Laws formerly made for the Encouragement of the Fair-Trader, and to prevent the running and undue landing of Goods imported into this Kingdom: And whereas the Proſecutions before the Commiſſioners of Appeals, tho' carried on in a ſummary Way, purſuant to the Laws in Force in this Kingdom for that purpoſe, have been artfully delayed by Perſons proſecuting the ſaid Appeals, upon Account of ſome Informality or Defect of Form in the Proceedings to the great Diſcouragement of the Proſecutors or Informers; for Remedy whereof,

No Judgment given by the Commiſſioners to be reverſed for any Defect in Form in the Proceedings, &c.

Be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no Judgment or Sentence ſhall be reverſed for any Informality, Imperfection or Defect in Form, either in the Information, Proceedings, or Judgment brought before or given by the ſaid Commiſſioners or Sub-Commiſſioners reſpectively. 2

And whereas, where two or more Perſons are concerned as Informers or Diſcoverers, ſeveral Diſputes have ariſen between the Parties pretending to be the real Informer and Diſcoverer, to the great Detriment of his Majeſty's Revenue, and Diſcouragement of ſuch Informers: And whereas a juſt Diſtribution of the Rewards given to ſuch Informers, will be a great Encouragement to the Trade of this Kingdom, and a Means to prevent ſeveral Frauds that are now committed in his Majeſty's Revenue; Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *June*, which will be in the Year of our Lord 3

Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-eight, in every Caſe where two or more Perſons ſhall claim any Right to any Reward for or on Account of any Seizure, Penalty or Forfeiture that they may be intitled to by virtue of this or any former Act now in Force, relating to his Majeſty's Revenue or Exciſe in this Kingdom; that in ſuch Caſe the Commiſſioners of Exciſe for the Time being, or any three or more of them, or the Collector or Collectors, or Sub-Commiſſioners of Exciſe in their ſeveral Diſtricts, who ſhall hear and determine ſuch Seizures, ſhall, and are impowered and required hereby to hear the ſeveral Claims and Demands of ſuch Perſons as may think themſelves intitled to any Reward, for or upon Account of any Information or Diſcovery, and give or diſtribute the ſame in ſuch Manner or Proportions as they ſhall order and direct; which Order or Sentence ſhall be final and concluſive to the ſaid Parties; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Where ſeveral Perſons claim a Right to a Reward, &c. for a Seizure, the Commiſſioners, &c. are to determine, and to diſtribute the ſame in ſuch Manner, &c. as they ſhall direct.

Commiſſioners Order therein concluſive.

4 And whereas it may be inconvenient to require the Attendance of the ſeveral and reſpective Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue in the City of *Dublin*, in order to qualify themſelves for their ſeveral Employments; Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that at all Times hereafter every Perſon or Perſons nominated and appointed to any Office or Employment in his Majeſty's Revenue, ſhall and may be ſworn, and take the Oath of Office or other Oaths, which he or they are reſpectively directed or required by the Laws of this Kingdom to take before their entring on their reſpective Offices, either before ſuch Perſon or Perſons as are now authorized to adminiſter the ſame, or before any of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, or before the Collector of the Diſtrict where ſuch Officer ſhall be appointed to reſide, of and in the ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Counties of Towns and Counties of Cities in this Kingdom where ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall be appointed to reſide; and ſuch Collector or Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace are hereby impowered and required to adminiſter the ſaid Oath or Oaths; and that ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be ſo ſworn before ſuch Collector or any of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace in the ſeveral Counties, Counties of Towns or Counties of Cities within this Realm, ſhall and may take upon him or them the Execution of his or their Office or Offices.

Officers may qualify themſelves for Employments by taking the Oaths before a Juſtice of the Peace, or the Collector of the Diſtrict.

5 And whereas ſeveral evil minded Perſons having great and valuable Quantities of exciſeable Goods or Merchandizes concealed in their Houſes and other Places, and being liable only to a ſmall Forfeiture of fifty pounds for denying Entrance to his Majeſty's Officers which is not adequate to the Value of the Goods which are frequently concealed, have refuſed to admit the Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue into their reſpective Houſes to ſearch for ſuch exciſeable Goods, or if permitted, have prevented their ſearching, ſeizing, or carrying away ſuch Goods and Merchandizes, to the great Diminution of his Majeſty's Revenue, as well as to the Prejudice of the Fair-Trader; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that in caſe any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, from and after the firſt Day of *June*, which will be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-eight, ſhall refuſe to permit, or ſhall not ſuffer any Surveyor or Searcher, Waiter or Officer of his Majeſty's Revenue, who ſhall from time to time be duly and legally deputed and appointed thereunto, to enter or come into, or remain in his, her or their Houſe, Cellar, Vault, Shop, Ware-houſe, Store-houſe, or Store-cellar, or other Place or Places to ſearch for ſuch exciſeable Goods and Merchandizes as he may reaſonably ſuſpect to be concealed in ſuch Place; that in every ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful

Officers denied Entrance, may in the Day-time in preſence of a Conſtable, break open and enter into Houſes, &c. to ſearch for run Goods.

lawful to and for ſuch Officer or Officers, after ſuch Refuſal, to break open and enter in the Day-time in the preſence of a Conſtable into any Houſe, Cellar, Vault, Shop, Ware-houſe, Store-cellar or other Place or Places belonging to any ſuch Perſon as aforeſaid, and to ſearch for any Goods or Commodities for which the Duties payable thereupon to his Majeſty have not been paid; and in caſe any ſuch Goods ſhall be ſo found, to ſeize, attach, carry away, and put the ſame into ſafe Cuſtody.

And ſhall ſeize any ſuch Goods there found.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every the brewing 6
Veſſels and Utenſils for brewing, and all and every the Stills, Worms, Still-heads, and all other Veſſels and Utenſils for diſtilling, uſed in any Brew-houſe or Diſtilling-houſe reſpectively, into whoſe Hands ſoever the ſame ſhall come, and by what Conveyance or Title ſoever the ſame ſhall be claimed, ſhall be liable and ſubject unto, and are hereby charged with all and ſingular the Debts and Duties of Exciſe which ſhall be in Arrear and owing by any Perſon or Perſons for any Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ, Spirits and ſtrong Waters of any kind made within the ſaid Brew-houſe or Diſtilling-houſe, and ſhall alſo be ſubject to all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo uſing the ſaid Brew-houſe or Diſtilling-houſe, for any Offence againſt the Laws and Statutes of Exciſe; and that it ſhall and may be lawful in all Caſes to levy ſuch Debts, Duties, Penalties and Forfeitures upon ſuch Utenſils as it would be lawful to do in Caſe ſuch Perſon or Perſons were the real Proprietor or Proprietors of ſuch Utenſils, at the time of levying the ſame.

Brewing-Veſſels, Stills, &c. into whoſe Hands ſoever they come, ſhall be liable to the Arrear due by any Perſon for Beer, Spirits, &c. and to the Penalties, &c. incurred by the Brewer, or Diſtiller who uſed them.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners of Ex- 7
ciſe or any three or more of them, or the Sub-Commiſſioners of Exciſe in their reſpective Diſtricts, ſhall be authorized, and are hereby required to hear and determine any Cauſe, Matter, or Queſtion ariſing upon any Clauſe or Article therein before mentioned in a ſummary Way, and to give Judgment and Sentence, and levy the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures thereupon in ſuch Manner and Form as are preſcribed in an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the ſecond [Intituled, *An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*] with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party grieved, as by the ſaid Act is provided, other than from any Sentence or Determination touching the Diſtribution of Seizures, Forfeitures or Rewards, where two Perſons or more ſhall lay claim thereto, and which are herein before appointed to be finally determined and ſettled by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe or any three or more of them, or the Collector or Collectors, or Sub-Commiſſioners in their ſeveral Diſtricts.

Commiſſioners of Exciſe, &c. impowered to hear and determine Offences againſt this Act, and to levy Fines, &c. in ſuch Manner as is preſcribed by 14 *Car.* 2. C. 8. with like Remedy of Appeal, except from Sentence concerning Seizures where ſeveral Perſons claim a Right.

And whereas, there are ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes imported into and 8
exported out of this Kingdom, which are not particularly valued in the Book of Rates, and Values of Goods imported and exported, but the ſame are uſually valued by the Importer and Officer of Exciſe agreeably to the ſeveral Prices they bear, at the Time of Importation: Which Method is found by Experience to be very inconvenient to the Fair-Trader, and a Prejudice to his Majeſty's Revenue; For Remedy whereof, Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *June* which will be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-eight, the ſeveral Rates and Values herein after ſpecified and ſet againſt the ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes herein after

Rates and Values following for Goods imported and exported herein after mentioned to be the Rates, &c. according to which Duties

are to be paid, (*viz.*) 12*d.* Cuſtom, and 12*d.* Exciſe, for every 20*s.* Value.

after mentioned, ſhall be the Rates and Values of ſuch Goods and Merchandizes reſpectively according to which his Majeſty's Duties of Cuſtoms and Exciſe ſhall be paid, computing the Duties of Cuſtoms after the Rate of twelve Pence for every twenty Shillings Value of ſuch Goods and Merchandizes, and computing the Duties of Exciſe after the like Rate of twelve pence for every twenty Shillings Value of ſuch Goods and Merchandizes; and the Goods and Merchandizes herein after mentioned, with their ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Rates, ſhall be annexed and added to the Book of Rates of Goods and Merchandizes imported and exported already eſtabliſhed, and ſhall be ſubject to, and be governed and directed by every Clauſe, Rule, and Order laid down and ſpecified in and by the Act of Poundage and Tunnage, and the Act of Exciſe made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the ſecond, the firſt [Intituled, *An Act for ſettling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tunnage and other Sums of Money unto his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into or out of the Kingdom of* Ireland, *according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed*] and the latter [Intituled, *An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*, viz.]

The ſaid Goods and Rates, annexed to the Book of Rates eſtabliſhed by the 14 *Car.* 2. C. 9. and by 14 *Car.* 2. C. 8.

The Rates of Goods and Merchandizes imported and exported.

IMPORT.

	Rates. Cuſtom. l.	s.	d.	Exciſe. l.	s.	d.
A						
Almonds in the Shell, the thouſand	0	1	6	0	1	6
Aule Hafts, the Groce	0	6	0	0	6	0
B.						
Beer, vocat ſpruce Beer, the Gallon	0	2	0	0	2	0
Bellows Pipes, the Groce	1	0	0	1	0	0
Bill-hooks, the dozen	0	12	0	0	12	0
Blades for Foyles, the dozen	0	8	0	0	8	0
Blades for Knives and Forks, the Groce	0	13	4	0	13	4
Blades for Razors, the dozen	0	6	0	0	6	0
Blades for Swords Britiſh courſe, the dozen	0	12	0	0	12	0
Bottles of Stone, the dozen	0	6	8	0	6	8
Buckles, vocat Shoe-buckles the groce, containing twelve dozen pair	0	12	0	0	12	0

IMPORT.	Rates. Custom. l.	s.	d.	Excise. l.	s.	d.
C						
Calicoes painted or ſtained, *per* Yard	0	5	0	0	5	0
Caffoy, *per* Yard	0	12	0	0	12	0
Cauldrons or Pans Iron, the hundred weight	1	0	0	1	0	0
Candleſticks Iron, the dozen	0	5	0	0	5	0
Chocolate, the pound	0	2	6	0	2	6
Coaches or Berlins, with or without the Appurtenances each	60	0	0	60	0	0
Chariots, with or without the Appurtenances, each	40	0	0	40	0	0
Cocoa-Nuts, the pound, for Cuſtom only	0	0	10	0	0	0
Coffin { Figures and Letters, the groce	0	6	0	0	6	0
Coffin { Handles, Plates, Squares, the groce	0	5	0	0	5	0
Cork, ready made, the groce	0	2	6	0	2	6
Curry Combs, the dozen	0	9	0	0	9	0
D.						
Dog Couples, the dozen	0	2	6	0	2	6
E.						
Earth red, the Barrel	0	10	0	0	10	0
Emery ground, the pound	0	0	4	0	0	4
F.						
Ferret Ribbon, the groce	0	16	0	0	16	0
Flints for Fire Arms, the thouſand	0	3	0	0	3	0
Flower, of Meal, of Wheat, the hundred Weight	0	10	0	0	10	0
Flower Roots, the hundred, at five ſcore, for Cuſtom only	1	0	0	0	0	0
G.						
Girth-Web, the groce	1	10	0	1	10	0
Glaſſes for Watches, the dozen	0	6	0	0	6	0
Glaſs *Britiſh* { The whole Caſe, containing twenty-four Leaves	1	16	0	1	16	0
Glaſs *Britiſh* { The half Caſe, containing twelve Leaves	0	18	0	0	18	0
Gimblets for Carpenters, the groce	0	6	8	0	6	8
H.						
Hops *Britiſh*, the hundred Weight	4	0	0	4	0	0
Horns for Lanthorns, the thouſand	1	0	0	1	0	0
Horn Books { Plain, the groce	0	8	0	0	8	0
Horn Books { Gilt, the groce	0	16	0	0	16	0

IMPORT. Rates.	Custom. l.	s.	d.	Excise. l.	s.	d.
Hour Glasses *British*, the groce	2	0	0	2	0	0
Hunting-Horns, the dozen	1	0	0	1	0	0
I.						
Irons { Box Irons, the dozen	1	4	0	1	4	0
Irons { Smoothing Irons not Box, the dozen	0	18	0	0	18	0
Irons { Stirrup Irons, the dozen pair	0	6	0	0	6	0
Junck, called old Junck, the Tun	5	0	0	5	0	0
K.						
Kelp, the Tun	1	10	0	1	10	0
Keys for Watches the groce	1	4	0	1	4	0
Knives { Coopers Knives, the dozen	0	10	0	0	10	0
Knives { Curriers Knives, the dozen	1	4	0	1	4	0
Knives { Drawing Knives, the dozen	0	8	0	0	8	0
L.						
Last Blocks, the dozen	0	2	0	0	2	0
Latches, and Catches Iron the dozen	0	5	0	0	5	0
Lead milled or the Sheets, the hundred weight	0	10	0	0	10	0
Leaves of Silver, the thousand Leaves	1	0	0	1	0	0
Lime Juice, the Gallon	0	2	0	0	2	0
Locks Iron vocat. { Box, Chest and Cupboards Locks, the groce	1	4	0	1	4	0
Locks Iron vocat. { Horse Locks, the dozen	0	8	0	0	8	0
Locks Iron vocat. { Spring Locks double, the dozen	0	16	0	0	16	0
Locks Iron vocat. { Spring Locks single, the dozen	0	10	0	0	10	0
Locks Iron vocat. { Stock-Locks double, the dozen	1	0	0	1	0	0
Locks Iron vocat. { Stock-Locks single, the dozen	0	12	0	0	12	0
M.						
Marbles for Children, the thousand	0	3	0	0	3	0
Metal Leaf, except Silver or Gold, the Pocket, containing two hundred and fifty Leaves	0	10	0	0	10	0
Mum, the Barrel	3	0	0	3	0	0
Muslins, the yard	0	3	4	0	3	4
N.						
Nuts, called Chesnuts, the Barrel	0	15	0	0	15	0

IMPORT.	Rates. Custom. l.	s.	d.	Excise. l.	s.	d.
O.						
Oars, the hundred, containing six score, for Custom only	7	10	0	0	0	0
Oyl Cloath, the yard	0	2	0	0	2	0
Oyl of Jessamin, the pound	0	2	6	0	2	6
Oysters pickled, the Gallon	0	2	6	0	2	6
P.						
Paper, called Card Paper, the Ream	0	6	0	0	6	0
Peas, called Garden Peas, the Bushel	0	10	0	0	10	0
Piamento, the pound	0	1	0	0	1	0
Pots Iron, not exceeding four Gallons each, the dozen	1	10	0	1	10	0
Printing Letters or Types, the hundred weight	5	0	0	5	0	0
R.						
Raddle, the Barrel	0	10	0	0	10	0
Reaping Hooks or Sickles, the dozen	0	3	0	0	3	0
Regulus, the hundred weight	2	0	0	2	0	0
S.						
Saws, called Frame Saws, each	0	6	0	0	6	0
Scales: For Razors, the dozen	0	1	0	0	1	0
Scales: For Scabbards, the Bundle, containing one hundred, for Custom only	2	0	0	0	0	0
Scythes, the dozen	1	0	0	1	0	0
Scythe Stones, the dozen	0	1	0	0	1	0
Seed: Cinque-Foil, Clover, the pound	0	0	2	0	0	2
Seed: Millet, the hundred weight	0	16	8	0	16	8
Shag, Stuff or Hair, the Yard	0	5	0	0	5	0
Shears, Garden Shears, the dozen	1	5	0	1	5	0
vocat. Sheep Shears, the dozen	0	6	8	0	6	8
Shot, the hundred weight	0	15	0	0	15	0
Sheaths for Knives and Forks the groce	0	5	0	0	5	0
Silk Manufacture (not otherwise rated) mixt with Gold, Silver or both, the pound	12	0	0	12	0	0
Seives of Hair, the dozen	0	10	0	0	10	0
Slates, the thousand	0	10	0	0	10	0
Snuff, the pound	0	3	4	0	3	4
Spades for Gardiners, the dozen	1	0	0	1	0	0
Stones, called Flag-stones, the hundred Foot	0	16	8	0	16	8

IMPORT.

	Rates. Cuſtom. l.	s.	d.	Exciſe. l.	s.	d.
Sugar Moulds or Pots, the hundred at five ſcore	1	10	0	1	10	0
Skellets of *France*, the dozen	0	12	0	0	12	0
T.						
Tea of all ſorts, the pound	0	8	4	0	8	4
Tobacco Pipes the groce	0	2	6	0	2	6
Tortoiſe Shell, the pound	0	5	0	0	5	0
Trowels, the dozen	0	8	0	0	8	0
Twiſt of Gold or Silver, the ounce	0	6	8	0	6	8
Tiles, called Pan Tiles, the thouſand, for Cuſtom only	2	10	0	0	0	0
V.						
Velvet, the pound	10	0	0	10	0	0
Vices for Smiths, the Vice	0	6	8	0	6	8
W.						
Weld or Woold Straw, the hundred weight	0	7	0	0	7	0
Whiting, the hundred weight	0	2	6	0	2	6
Wood, called Fire Wood, the Fathom	0	10	0	0	10	0

EXPORT.

	Rates. Cuſtom. l.	s.	d.
B.			
BEef the Carcaſs, exported	1	0	0
Bread, the hundred weight	0	10	0
F.			
Feathers, the hundred weight	2	0	0
Furr, called Rabbits Furr gray, *per* pound	0	4	0
G.			
Graves, the hundred weight	0	2	6
H.			
Hair Kids, the hundred weight	0	12	0
Hogs Lard, the hundred weight	0	18	0

Kelp,

EXPORT.	Rates. Custom. l. s. d.
K	
Kelp, the Tun	1 10 0
O	
Ore, called Copper Ore, the Tun	3 0 0
T.	
Tongues, called Neats Tongues, the dozen	0 6 0
Y.	
Yarn { Bay, the great Stone	0 15 0
Yarn { Woollen, the great Stone	0 8 0

And whereas certain Allowances and Drawbacks are given and granted upon the Exportation of Wines imported into this Kingdom by the Subjects of this Realm or any other his Majesty's Dominions, or Merchants Strangers, provided the same be re-shipped and exported by such natural-born Subjects within the space of twelve Months, or by such Merchants Strangers within the space of nine Months: And whereas the said Terms of twelve Months and nine Months respectively, have by many Instances been found not to be a sufficient Time for the fair and honest Trader; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that from and after the first Day of *June*, which will be in the Year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight, every Merchant being a Subject of this Realm, or any other his Majesty's Dominions, who shall export any Wines, for which Allowances or Drawbacks, ought by Law to be given, within the space of eighteen Months, or any Stranger within the space of fifteen Months [a] after the Importation thereof, shall be intitled to receive and have such Allowances and Drawbacks as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Wines had been exported within the space of twelve Months, and nine Months after the Importation thereof respectively, as in and by the Laws, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding. 9

Time for Drawbacks for Wines exported extended to 18 Months for Subjects, to 15 Months for Strangers.

Provided always, that this Act shall continue and be in Force until the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, which will be in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirty-three, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament and no longer. 10

Continuation of this Act.

Provided also, that when this present Act shall expire, the several Goods and Merchandizes not particularly valued in the Book of Rates, and which are in and by this Act rated and valued as aforesaid, shall from and after the Determination of this Act be valued and rated, and pay the Duties of Customs 11

Proviso.

[a] By 9 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 1. 12 Months to Strangers.

toms and Exciſe thereupon, due to his Majeſty his Heirs and Succeſſors, in ſuch Manner as ſuch Commodities ought to have been by Law rated and valued before the making of this Act; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

12 And whereas the Hours in which the Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe-quays and Stores in the ſeveral Ports in this Kingdom, do at preſent give their Attendance, are for the Winter Seaſon of the Year not only inconvenient to themſelves and the Merchants and Traders of this Kingdom, but alſo, a great Delay and Detriment to the Diſpatch of Trade and Buſineſs: For the preventing whereof, Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſeveral Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe-quays and Stores in the ſeveral Ports of this Kingdom, ſhall from the firſt Day of *October* to the firſt Day of *March* in each and every Year, give conſtant and due Attendance in their reſpective Stations and Buſineſs, from the Hour of ten a Clock in the Forenoon, [a] to the Hour of three a Clock in the Afternoon of each and every Day (Sundays and Holidays excepted) for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs, of all Merchants and Dealers having Reſort to them, inſtead of attending from nine a Clock to twelve in the Forenoon, and from two a Clock till four in the Afternoon, as at preſent they are obliged to do; any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Officers of the Quays and Stores to attend from 1ſt of *October* to 1ſt of *March* every Year, from ten o'Clock in the Forenoon to three in the Afternoon.

Sundays and Holidays excepted.

[a] By 11 *Geo.* 2. C. 3. from 1ſt of *March* to 1ſt of *October* from nine to three.

CAP. VII.

A Clauſe in an Act intituled, An Act to continue the Parliament for the Time being on the Demiſe of his preſent moſt gracious Majeſty, or on any of his Heirs or Succeſſors, for the Term of ſix Months from the Day of the ſaid Demiſe; and likewiſe to prevent the Publick Funds from expiring during the ſaid Term.

5 AND whereas it may happen that the Act or Acts for granting an Aid or Aids to his Majeſty, by the ſeveral Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions therein mentioned, or which hereafter ſhall be made for granting an Aid or Aids to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, by any Rates, Duties, or Impoſitions whatſoever, may at the Time of the Death or Demiſe of his Majeſty, or of his Heirs or Succeſſors, be expired, or near expiring, ſo as his Majeſty's loyal Subjects of this his Kingdom of *Ireland*, in caſe of any Exigency, may for want of ſuch Funds be diſabled from contributing to the Support of the Succeſſion of the Crown of *Great-Britain* and *Ireland*, in the Proteſtant Line, and the Defence of their Rights and Liberties; Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Act or Acts for granting any Aid or Aids to his Majeſty, or to any of his Heirs or Succeſſors, or any Rates, Duties, or Impoſitions thereby granted or impoſed, ſhall expire within ſix Months after ſuch Death or Demiſe, that

Enacted, that if any Acts for granting Duties &c. ſhall expire within ſix Months after the Demiſe of the King, the Duties ſhall continue to be levied for ſix Months after ſuch Death.

that the ſame Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions as by ſuch Act or Acts were granted or impoſed, ſhall be and continue, and ſhall be levied, collected and paid for the ſpace of ſix Calendar Months from the Time of ſuch Death or Demiſe, in ſuch Manner and Form, and according to ſuch Rules and Directions, as are or ſhall be appointed by ſuch Act or Acts, for levying, collecting and paying the ſame, during the Time for which they are, and ſhall be ſeverally granted by ſuch Act or Acts, unleſs the ſame ſhall be altered by any Act of Parliament to be made within ſuch Time of ſix Months as aforeſaid; and if ſuch Act or Acts for granting any Aid or Aids to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or any Rates, Duties, or Impoſitions thereby granted or impoſed, ſhall expire at the Time of ſuch Death or Demiſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or within two Calendar Months before ſuch Death or Demiſe, that then and in ſuch Caſe the ſame Rates, Duties, and Impoſitions as by ſuch Act or Acts were granted or impoſed, ſhall be and continue, and ſhall be levied, collected and paid as aforeſaid, from the Time that the ſame did or would have expired, if this Act had not been made, until the End of the ſix Calendar Months from ſuch Death or Demiſe, unleſs the ſame ſhall be altered by any Act of Parliament to be made within ſuch Time of ſix Months as aforeſaid.

And if ſuch Acts ſhall expire at the Time of ſuch Death or two months before, then the Duties to be levied for ſix months from the Time the Acts would expire; unleſs alter'd by an Act of Parliament made within the ſix months.

Anno Tertio Georgii Secundi Regis.

CAP. III.

An Act for the Encouragement of Tillage, and better Employment of the Poor; and alſo, for the more effectual putting in Execution, an Act, Intituled, An Act to encourage the draining and improving of Boggs, and unprofitable Low-grounds, and for eaſing and diſpatching the inland Carriage, and Conveyance of Goods from one Part to another within this Kingdom; *And alſo, for laying ſeveral Duties upon Coaches, Berlins, Chariots, Calaſhes, Chaiſes and Chairs, and upon Cards and Dice, and upon wrought and manufactured Gold and Silver Plate, imported into or made in* Ireland, *for the Purpoſes therein mentioned; And alſo, for repealing the Duties payable upon the Exportation of Wooll, Bay-Yarn, and Woollen-Yarn, out of this Kingdom for* England.

Preamble reciting the Power given to the Undertakers by 2 *Geo.* 1. C. 12.

WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the firſt of glorious Memory [Intituled, *An Act to encourage the draining and improving of Boggs, and unprofitable Low-grounds, and for eaſing and diſpatching the Inland Carriage, and Conveyance of Goods from one Part to another within this Kingdom*] ſeveral Perſons therein named were thereby authorized and impowered to make ſeveral Rivers therein mentioned navigable, and paſſable for Boats and other Veſſels of Burthen, and

to

to open, cleanſe, and make navigable the ſeveral Boggs and intermediate Tracts in the ſaid Act mentioned, as well for the preſent diſcharging and carrying off the Waters from the ſame, as alſo, for the Navigation and paſſing of Boats and other Veſſels of Burthen therein, in order to the eaſing and diſpatching the Carriage and Conveyance of Goods, and thereby creating and maintaining an Inland Communication and Commerce, in and between the ſeveral Counties in this Kingdom.

Preamble continued, reciting the Power of Commiſſioners by 8 *Geo.* 1. *C.* 6,

2 And whereas, by one other Act made in the Eighth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, [Intituled, *An Act for the further Amendment of the Law, and for continuing and amending ſeveral Acts near expiring*] It is enacted, that all and every the Members of Parliament and Juſtices of the Peace for the Time being, of the ſeveral Counties in the ſaid firſt recited Act mentioned, to be reſpectively next adjacent to the reſpective Works therein ſpecified and provided for, ſhould from thenceforth be, and were thereby reſpectively appointed Commiſſioners for the ſame, and that they or any Five or more of them for the Time being, ſhould at all Times thereafter, have, exerciſe, and uſe the ſame, and the like Powers and Authorities in all Things relating to the ſaid reſpective Works, for which they were reſpectively thereby appointed Commiſſioners, as the Commiſſioners appointed by the ſaid firſt recited Act, or any Seven or other *Quorum* or Number of them, might or ought to have had exerciſed or uſed by Force or Vertue of the ſaid recited Act.

Methods preſcribed by the ſaid Acts being found inconvenient.

3 And whereas, the ſaid Commiſſioners having only Power by the ſaid Acts to contract with Undertakers for carrying on the ſaid Works at their own private Expence, the great Charge that muſt neceſſarily have attended the ſame, hath diſcouraged private Perſons from the undertaking thereof.

4 And whereas the encouraging of Tillage, and employing the Poor in this Kingdom, will be of great Benefit to the ſame, and it is reaſonable and fit that Works of ſuch publick Benefit and Advantage, ſhould be carried on at the Charge of the Kingdom by ſome publick Fund appointed and ſet apart for that purpoſe, and that an equal Number of Commiſſioners ſhould be appointed for each of the Provinces in this Kingdom, for the due Application thereof to the Ends and Uſes aforeſaid; Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Lord Lieutenant, or other chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the Time being, his Grace *Hugh* Lord Archbiſhop of *Armagh*, Primate and Metropolitan of all *Ireland*, and the Archbiſhop of *Armagh* for the Time being, the Right Honourable *Thomas Wyndham* Eſquire, Lord High Chancellor of *Ireland*, and the Lord High Chancellor or Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of *Ireland* for the Time being, the Lord Archbiſhop of *Dublin*, the Lord Archbiſhop of *Caſhel*, and the Lord Archbiſhop of *Tuam* for the Time being, the Right Honourable Sir *Ralph Gore* Baronet, Speaker of the Houſe of Commons, and the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons for the Time being, and the ſeveral and reſpective Perſons herein after named (that is to ſay) for the Province of *Munſter*, the Right Honourable *James* Earl of *Barrymore*, the Right Honourable *Thomas* Earl of *Kerry*, the Right Honourable *Marcus* Lord Viſcount *Tyrone*, the Right Honourable *Thomas* Lord Baron *Southwell*, the Right Honourable *John Rogerſon* Eſquire, Lord Chief Juſtice of his Majeſty's Court of King's Bench, Sir *Robert Maude* Baronet,

Commiſſioners are appointed for putting in Execution the Powers in the Act 2 *Geo.* 1. *C.* 12, and in this Act mentioned.

ronet, the Right Honourable *James Tynte* Eſquire, the Right Honourable *Benjamin Parry* Eſquire, the Right Honourable *Richard Tighe* Eſquire, *Samuel Walter Whitſhet* Eſquire, *Edward Worth* Eſquire, *Richard Betteſworth* Eſquire, *Henry Roſe* Eſquire, *Thomas Carter* Eſquire, *Eaton Stannard* Eſquire, *Eyre Evans* Eſquire, *Robert Marſhal* Eſquire, *Arthur Blennerhaſſet* Eſquire, *Stephen Bernard* Eſquire, and *John Fitz-Gerald* Eſquire. For the Province of *Leinſter*, the Right Honourable *Robert* Earl of *Kildare*, the Right Honourable *Chaworth* Earl of *Meath*, the Right Honourable *Joſhua* Lord Viſcount *Allen*, the Right Honourable *Brabazon* Lord Viſcount *Duncannon*, the Honourable *Henry Singleton* Eſquire, his Majeſty's Prime Serjeant at Law, *Maurice Keating* Eſquire, *John Rochford* Eſquire, *Cæſar Colclogh* Eſquire, *William Conolly* Eſquire, *Jeffery Paul* Eſquire, *Luke Gardiner* Eſquire, *Thomas Burgh* Senior Eſquire, Doctor *Thomas Trotter*, *Samuel Burton* Eſquire, the Honourable *Thomas Marlay* Eſquire, his Majeſty's Attorney General, *Richard Warburton* Senior Eſquire, *Patrick Wemys* Eſquire, *James Hamilton* Eſquire, *James Stopford* Eſquire, and the Right Honourable *Marmaduke Coghill* Eſquire. For the Province of *Ulſter*, the Right Honourable *James* Lord Viſcount *Charlemont*, the Right Honourable *Clotworthy* Lord Viſcount *Maſſareen*, the Right Honourable *Brinſly* Lord Viſcount *Laneſborough*, the Right Reverend *John* Lord Biſhop of *Clogher*, *Robert Cope* Eſquire, *Charles Coot* Eſquire, *Arthur Hill* Eſquire, the Right Honourable *Henry Maxwell* Eſquire, *Francis Lucas* Eſquire, *Henry Brooke* Eſquire, the Right Honourable Sir *Guſtavus Hume* Baronet, *Arthur Dobbs* Eſquire, *Robert Lindſay* Eſquire, the Honourable *Guſtavus Hamilton* Eſquire, *Robert Magill* Eſquire, the Honourable *Michael Ward* Eſquire, one of the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of King's Bench, Sir *Arthur Acheſon* Baronet, the Honourable *Humphrey Butler* Eſquire, *John Moor* Eſquire, and *John Folliot* of the City of *Dublin* Eſquire. For the Province of *Connaught*, the Right Reverend Sir *Thomas Veſey* Baronet Lord Biſhop of *Oſſory*, the Right Reverend *Robert* Lord Biſhop of *Killalla*, the Right Honourable *George* Lord *Saint George*, the Right Honourable Lieutenant General *Owen Wynne*, Sir *Arthur Gore* Baronet, Sir *Henry King* Baronet, Sir *Edward Croſton* Baronet, *Henry Bingham* Eſquire, *John Bingham* Eſquire, *Joſhua Cowper* Eſquire, *Henry Sandford* Eſquire, *Arthur French* Eſquire, *Francis Burton* Eſquire, *Robert French* Eſquire, *Thomas Staunton* Eſquire, *John Staunton* Eſquire, *Walter Jones* Eſquire, *William Veſey* Eſquire, *Owen Wynne* Eſquire, and *Agmondiſham Veſey* Eſquire, ſhall be, and are hereby appointed Commiſſioners for putting in Execution the Powers in the ſaid firſt recited Act, and herein mentioned.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid Commiſſioners hereby appointed, in purſuance of this Act, or any Eleven or more of them, ſhall and may meet and aſſemble themſelves at the *Tholſel* of the City of *Dublin*, on the Firſt *Monday* in the Month of *May* next, and afterwards at ſuch Times, and at ſuch convenient Place in the City of *Dublin*, as the ſaid Commiſſioners hereby, or hereafter to be appointed, in purſuance of this Act, or any Eleven or more of them, ſhall from time to time think fit; And that the ſaid Commiſſioners hereby, or hereafter to be appointed, by vertue of this Act, or any Eleven or more of them, and no other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall at all times hereafter have, exerciſe, and uſe ſuch and the ſame Powers, Liberties, Privileges, Benefits, Advantages, and Authorities, in all things, for the ends and

Which Commiſſioners have the ſame Powers, &c. for the Ends, &c. in the ſaid Act 2 *Geo.* 1. or in this Act mentioned, as the Undertakers for the River *Shannon* in the ſaid Act 2 *Geo.* 1 might have had by vertue of the ſaid Act, or by the Act of 8 *Geo.* 1. *C.* 6.

and purpoſes, in the ſaid firſt recited Act, or herein mentioned, as the Undertakers for the River *Shannon* in the ſaid firſt recited Act mentioned, their Heirs, Aſſigns, or Nominees, or the Commiſſioners appointed by the ſaid Acts, or either of them, or any Seven, or other *Quorum* or Number of them, or the ſaid Undertakers, and the ſaid Commiſſioners jointly, ſhould, might, or ought to have had, exerciſed or uſed by Force or Vertue of the ſaid recited Acts, or either of them; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Commiſſioners to meet at ſuch Time and Place as ſhall be appointed in the Warrant iſſued to the Sheriff for ſummoning and impannelling a Jury.

6 Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that when and as often as the ſaid Commiſſioners hereby, or hereafter to be appointed, by vertue of this Act, ſhall find it neceſſary to iſſue their Warrant to any Sheriff, to ſummon and impannel a Jury for the purpoſes in the ſaid firſt recited Act mentioned, then and in ſuch caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Commiſſioners to meet at ſuch Time and Place as in ſuch Warrant ſhall be appointed for the Appearance of ſuch Jury, and there to determine the Matter for which ſuch Jury ſhall be ſummoned, and no other; Any thing herein before contained to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Upon the Death of a Commiſſioner, the ſurviving Commiſſioners for that Province may elect a Perſon in the place of the deceas'd.

7 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that within Thirty Days after Notice of the Death of any of the ſaid Perſons herein before appointed Commiſſioners for the ſaid reſpective Provinces, or of any other Perſon who ſhall hereafter be choſen a Commiſſioner, purſuant to this Act, the ſurviving Commiſſioners for the Time being, ſhall, and they are hereby required to give publick Notice in the *Dublin Gazette* of the Death of ſuch Commiſſioner, and the ſurviving Commiſſioners for the Time being, of the Province for which the Perſon ſo dying, is hereby, or hereafter ſhall be nominated, ſhall, within Thirty Days after ſuch Notice given, and in default of ſuch Notice then within Six Weeks after the Death of ſuch Commiſſioner, aſſemble themſelves together at the uſual Place of Meeting in the ſaid City of *Dublin*, of all the Commiſſioners hereby appointed, or hereafter to be appointed, by vertue of this Act; and the Majority of the Commiſſioners for the ſaid Province ſo aſſembled, being not leſs than Five, ſhall, and may elect by Balloting another Perſon in the place or ſtead of the Perſon ſo dying, and ſo from time to time, to the end the Number of Twenty Commiſſioners may be always kept full, for each reſpective Province within this Kingdom, and ſhall certify ſuch Election and Appointment in Writing under their Hands and Seals, to the Clerk for the Time being, appointed by all the Commiſſioners hereby appointed, or hereafter to be appointed, by vertue of this Act, who is hereby required to keep the ſame, and to make an Entry thereof in a Book to be by him kept for that purpoſe; And if the Commiſſioners of the ſaid Province for which the Perſon ſo dying, is, or ſhall be appointed, by vertue of this Act, ſhall neglect to nominate or appoint in manner aforeſaid, another in the place of the Perſon ſo dying, then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all the Commiſſioners hereby appointed, or hereafter to be appointed, by vertue of this Act, or any Eleven or more of them, from time to time to elect and appoint a fit and proper Perſon in the place of ſuch Perſon ſo dying, firſt giving Six Weeks publick Notice in the *Dublin Gazette*, of the Death of ſuch Perſon, and of the Province

And if they neglect, all the Commiſſioners may meet and elect a fit Perſon.

for which he was Commiſſioner, and likewiſe of the Time and Place of ſuch intended Election.

And to the end a Fund may be provided towards carrying on the ſaid 8
Works, and for employing the Poor, and improving of Tillage in this Kingdom; be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the twenty fifth Day of March, which will be in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, during the Term of Twenty one Years from thence next enſuing, there ſhall be throughout this his Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, granted, raiſed, levied and paid, to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſeveral Rates and Duties herein after mentioned (that is to ſay) for and upon every Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſhe, and Chaiſe with Four Wheels, within this Kingdom, not uſed for Hire, the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to be paid yearly on the Tenth Day of *January*, during the ſaid Term of Twenty one Years: The firſt Payment thereof to be made on the Tenth Day of *January*, which will be in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty: And for and upon every Chaiſe, Calaſhe, and Chair with two Wheels, in this Kingdom, not uſed for Hire, the Sum of Five Shillings *Sterling* yearly, to be paid at ſuch Times as aforeſaid; Which ſaid Rates and Duties ſhall be collected and levied by ſuch Perſon, or Perſons, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and in ſuch Manner, as the Duty on Fire-Hearths, and other Places uſed for Firing and Stoves, is collected and raiſed, by vertue of an Act made in this Kingdom, in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second [intituled, *An Act for eſtabliſhing an Additional Revenue upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for the better Support of his, and their Crown and Dignity*] or by vertue of one other Act made in this Kingdom, in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of the ſaid King *Charles* the Second [intituled, *An Additional Act for the better ordering and collecting the Revenue ariſing by Hearth Money*] as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes as if the ſaid Acts were particularly mentioned, expreſſed, and enacted again in the Body of this preſent Act, with like Remedy of Appeal, to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the ſaid Acts is provided.

Rates and Duties on Coaches, &c. for 21 Years from 25th *March*, 1730, *viz.* Coaches, &c. (not uſed for Hire) with four Wheels, 20 *s. per Annum.* Chaiſes, &c. with 2 Wheels, 5 *s. per Annum.* To be collected as the Duty on Fire-Hearths is by 15 *Car.* 2. *C.* 17. and 18 *Car.* 2. *C.* 18. with like Remedy of Appeal.

And for the better ſecuring the Payment of the ſaid Duties to his Majeſty, 9
his Heirs and Succeſſors, during the ſaid Term of Twenty one Years; Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every Perſon or Perſons who, on the Twenty ſixth Day of *March*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, or after, ſhall have or keep any Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſhe, Chaiſe or Chair, chargeable with the ſaid Duty, by vertue of this Act, ſhall, within One Calendar Month after the ſaid Twenty ſixth Day of *March*, or within One Month after he, or ſhe, ſhall have or keep any ſuch Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſhe, Chaiſe or Chair, by Writing under his, or her Hand, certify to the Collector of the Diſtrict where he, or ſhe ſhall reſide or dwell, a true Account of all ſuch Coaches, Berlins, Chariots, Calaſhes, Chaiſes, or Chairs, which he, ſhe, or they ſhall have or keep, for his, or her own Uſe, or for any other Perſon, with the Name of the Place and Pariſh of his or her uſual Reſidence or Abode; Which ſaid Certificates ſhall be kept by the reſpective Collectors of the ſeveral Diſtricts in this Kingdom, now or hereafter to be appointed by the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue in this Kingdom, or any three or more of them, and ſhall be alſo entred in a Book to be by them reſpectively

Perſons keeping Coaches, &c. to certify an Account thereof to the Collector of the Diſtrict where they reſide.

Collectors ſhall keep Certificates, and enter them in Books, and ſhall enter Numbers on them.

reſpectively kept for that purpoſe, and a Number ſhall be entred on each Certificate regiſtred; And the ſaid Collectors are hereby reſpectively required under their Hands, once in every Year, before the Tenth Day of *January*, to give a true Liſt of all Coaches, Berlins, Chariots, Calaſhes, Chaiſes or Chairs, from Time to Time returned to them reſpectively, in ſuch Certificates, with the Names of the Perſons, and Places of their Abode reſpectively mentioned, in ſuch reſpective Certificates, to the Perſons who, for the Time being, ſhall be appointed as aforeſaid, to collect the ſaid Duties; And the ſaid Perſons hereby appointed to collect and receive the ſaid Duties on Coaches, Berlins, Chariots, Calaſhes, Chaiſes or Chairs, ſhall reſpectively ſign and deliver Acquittances without Fee or Reward for the ſame, and ſhall keep Duplicates thereof in a Book to be kept for that purpoſe, in the ſame manner as Acquittances are given and kept for the ſaid Duty on Fire-Hearths, and ſhall reſpectively return the Book containing the Duplicates of ſuch Acquittances, to ſuch Perſon and Perſons, and at the ſame Times, and to be diſpoſed of in the ſame manner, as Books containing the Duplicates of Acquittances for the ſaid Duty on Fire-Hearths are returned.

Collectors once in every Year before 10th *January* to give a Liſt of all Coaches, *&c.* to the Perſons appointed to collect the Duties.

Perſons appointed to collect, ſhall give Acquittances and keep Duplicates as for Fire-hearths.

10 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall have or keep any Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſhe, Chaiſe or Chair, chargeable with the ſaid Duty, by vertue of this Act, which ſhall not be certified in manner aforeſaid, and the ſame ſhall be made appear by the Oath of one or more Witneſs or Witneſſes, before any Two Juſtices of the Peace of the County, which Oath the ſaid Juſtices are hereby impowered to adminiſter, where ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo keeping ſuch Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſhe, Chaiſe or Chair, ſhall reſide, then and in ſuch Caſe, every ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſo having or keeping ſuch Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſhe, Chaiſe or Chair, not certified as aforeſaid, ſhall for ſuch Neglect forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offenders Goods, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of ſuch Two Juſtices of the Peace, rendering the Overplus of the Money ariſing by Sale of ſuch Goods (if any) to the Owner thereof, one Moiety of the ſaid Forfeiture to be paid to the Collector of the Diſtrict where ſuch Forfeiture ſhall be levied for the Uſes in this Act mentioned, and the other Moiety to the Informer.

Perſons keeping Coaches, *&c.* and neglecting to certify, forfeit 5 *l.*

11 Provided always, that no Perſon ſhall be ſubject to the ſaid Penalty, for the Omiſſion of any Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſhe, Chaiſe, or Chair, in ſuch Certificate, for which he, or ſhe would not have been further chargeable by this Act.

Proviſo.

12 Provided alſo, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Perſon ſhall be chargeable or charged with more than Twenty Shillings in any one Year, for, or on Account of the ſaid Duty herein before granted to his Majeſty.

Proviſo.

13 Provided nevertheleſs, that every Perſon not being a Coach-maker, having in his, or her keeping or Poſſeſſion, any Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſhe, Chaiſe or Chair, belonging to another, ſhall be charged for ſuch Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Calaſhe, Chaiſe or Chair, with the ſaid Duty impoſed by this Act, in the ſame manner as the Owner or Proprietor thereof, is, or ought to be charged or chargeable for the ſame by this Act.

Proviſo.

14 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the Perſon or Perſons who, for the Time being, ſhall be authorized and impowered to collect

Perſons appointed to collect, ſhall forthwith pay the ſaid Duties to the Collectors of the reſpective Diſtricts.

collect and levy the ſaid Duty, on Coaches, Berlins, Chariots, Calaſhes, Chaiſes and Chairs, ſhall forthwith pay the ſame to the ſaid reſpective Collectors of the ſeveral Diſtricts where the ſaid Duties ſhall be collected and raiſed; and the ſaid Collectors are hereby required to keep ſeparate and diſtinct accounts thereof, and to pay the ſame into his Majeſty's Treaſury, as other Money received by them for the Uſe of his Majeſty.

Perſons appointed to collect, ſhall be accountable to the King, and be ſubject to ſuch Penalties as Hearthmony Collectors are for not rendring a true account.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every Perſon or Perſons that ſhall collect, levy, or receive the ſaid Duties, or any Part thereof, ſhall be accountable to his Majeſty for the ſame, and ſhall be ſubject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures for not rendering a true account thereof, and paying the ſame, in manner afore-mentioned, as the Perſons employed in collecting, levying, and receiving the ſaid Duty of Hearth-money are, and ſtand liable unto for not rendering a true account thereof. 15

Perſons appointed ſhall take an Oath for juſt Performance.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the Perſons hereby appointed, to collect the ſaid Duties on Coaches, Berlins, Chariots, Calaſhes, Chaiſes and Chairs, ſhall, in the firſt Place reſpectively, be ſworn to collect the ſame duly and faithfully, and to make and deliver a true account of all their reſpective Receipts purſuant to this Act, according to the beſt of their Power and Skill, which Oath ſhall be adminiſtred by the ſaid reſpective Collectors, who ſhall give a Certificate thereof, if thereunto required. 16

Duties on playing Cards and Dice for 21 Years, from 25 *March* 1730 *(viz.)* for Cards, the Pack, made in *Ireland* 6*d.* imported, the Pack 12*d.* over and above all other Duties. For Dice made or imported, the pair 5*s.*

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, during the Term of twenty one Years, from thence next enſuing, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for all playing Cards and Dice which, during the Term aforeſaid, ſhall be made fit for Sale or Uſe in this Kingdom, or imported into the ſame, the ſeveral Duties following (that is to ſay) for every Pack of ſuch Cards made in this Kingdom, the Sum of ſix Pence, and for every Pack of ſuch Cards imported into this Kingdom, the Sum of twelve Pence, over and above the Duties now payable to his Majeſty for the ſame; and for every pair of ſuch Dice, the Sum of five Shillings, over and above the Duties now payable to his Majeſty for the ſame; which ſaid Duties upon ſuch Cards and Dice made in, or imported into this Kingdom, ſhall be paid by the Makers or Importers thereof reſpectively. 17

The Duties on Cards and Dice imported to be levied by ſuch means, *&c.* as the Duties of Exciſe are, with like Remedy of Appeal.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the Duties upon ſuch Cards and Dice imported hereby granted, ſhall be levied and brought into his Majeſty's *Exchequer*, by ſuch Ways and Means, and in ſuch Manner, and Form, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as any of his Majeſty's Duties of Exciſe or new Impoſt on Goods imported, are by any Laws now in force to be levied and brought into the ſaid *Exchequer*, with like Remedy of Appeal, to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the ſaid Law is provided. 18

Cards and Dice not to be made in any place in *Ireland*, but *Dublin* or *Cork*.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, no Perſon or Perſons, ſhall, during the ſaid Term of twenty one Years, ſet up or exerciſe the Employment of making Cards or Dice, or ſhall make, or cauſe to be made any Cards or Dice in any Town or Place in this Kingdom, but in the Cities of *Dublin* and *Corke*, or the reſpective Liberties thereof; and that every Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall ſet up, or exerciſe the Employment of making Cards or Dice, or ſhall make, or cauſe to be made, Cards or Dice in any part of this Kingdom, except in *Dublin* or *Corke*, or within the Liberties of them reſpectively, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds. 19

On Pain of 50*l.*

And

20 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all Makers of playing Cards or Dice in the ſaid Cities of *Dublin* and *Corke*, after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, before they ſhall reſpectively begin to make any ſuch Cards or Dice, ſhall give or ſend notice, in writing under their reſpective Hands, of the uſual Houſe or Place where they ſhall reſpectively make or intend to make the ſame; which notice ſhall be given or ſent to the Collector of the Port of *Dublin*, by all Perſons that make or intend to make Cards or Dice in the ſaid City of *Dublin*, or the Liberties thereof. And the like notice ſhall be ſent to the Collector of the Port of *Corke*, by all Perſons who ſhall make, or intend to make Cards or Dice in the ſaid City of *Corke*, or the Liberties thereof; and as often as any Perſon or Perſons ſhall ſet up or exerciſe the Employment of making of Cards or Dice, ſhall make or cauſe to be made any Cards or Dice in any Houſe or Place whatſoever, within the ſaid Cities of *Dublin* and *Corke*, or the Liberties thereof reſpectively, during the ſaid Term of twenty one Years, the like notice ſhall be given or ſent, upon Pain that every Perſon making default in giving ſuch notice as aforeſaid, for every ſuch Offence ſhall forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds; and that all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall, during the ſaid Term of twenty one Years, make or cauſe to be made, any Cards or Dice, in any Houſe or Place not notified as aforeſaid, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds, and ſhall alſo, forfeit the Cards and Dice, and all Materials for making Cards and Dice which ſhall be found in ſuch Houſe or Place, or which ſhall have been made or manufactured there, before ſuch due notice ſhall have been given; and that no Materials whatſoever begun to be wrought, for, or towards the making of Cards or Dice, ſhall be removed from the Place where the ſame ſhall have been begun to be wrought, until the ſame ſhall have been compleatly made and worked into Cards or Dice, or the Duties for the Cards or Dice therewith intended to be made, ſhall be paid to his Majeſty, upon pain that every Perſon who ſhall remove, or cauſe, or permit to be removed, any ſuch Materials, contrary to the true Meaning thereof, ſhall forfeit double the amount of the Duties on Cards or Dice, which might be made from, or with ſuch Materials, one Moiety thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall Inform or Sue for the ſame; and that all and every ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall permit the proper Officer or Officers hereby appointed for collecting and receiving the ſaid Duties on Cards and Dice, in the Day Time to enter any Houſe or Place wherein Cards or Dice ſhall be making or made, and take an account of the Cards and Dice there made, under the Penalty of fifty Pounds for every refuſal thereof; and that no maker of ſuch Cards or Dice, chargeable with the ſaid Duties by this Act, ſhall at any time remove, or ſuffer the ſame to be removed, from the Houſe or Place of making thereof, until ſuch mark upon the Dice, and ſuch Seal, Mark, or Stamp upon the Paper and Thread incloſing every Pack of Cards, and until ſuch Mark on one of the Cards of each Pack, on the painted or ſpotted ſide, ſhall be put as the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue in this Kingdom for the time being, or any three or more of them, ſhall from time to time Deviſe and Appoint, in writing under their Hands, to denote the charging the ſaid Duties, upon pain of forfeiting all ſuch Cards and Dice, and treble the Value thereof, as ſhall be removed contrary to this Act.

Makers of Cards or Dice to give notice of the place where they intend, before they begin to make.

On pain of 50*l.* Perſons making Cards or Dice in any place not notified, forfeit 50*l.* and the Cards and Dice and Materials.

No materials begun, to be removed 'till wrought into Cards or Dice, or the Duties paid, on pain of double Duties.

Perſons not permitting Officers to enter into Houſes, and take an account of Cards and Dice, forfeit 50*l.*

Cards or Dice not to be removed 'till mark'd, on pain of Forfeiture, and treble the Value thereof.

And

Makers of Cards and Dice to make true Entry upon Oath every 14 Days with the reſpective Collectors of *Dublin* and *Corke* Ports.

And every 28 Days clear all Duties on pain of 20*l.* for default of Entry, and double the Duty for non-payment thereof.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid makers of 21
Cards or Dice during the ſaid Term of twenty one Years, ſhall, once in every fourteen Days, make true Entry, upon Oath, with the Collectors for the Time being, of the ſaid Ports of *Dublin* and *Corke* reſpectively, or in their abſence, before the Cuſtomer, Comptroller, or Surveyor of the ſaid reſpective Ports, which Oath the ſaid Collectors, Cuſtomers, Comptroller, or Surveyor are hereby reſpectively impowered to Adminiſter, of all the Cards and Dice by ſuch Makers thereof reſpectively made, within the time for which every Entry ought to be made; and ſhall once within every twenty eight Days, clear all Duties owing by ſuch maker of Cards and Dice, by paying the ſame to the Collector of the Port of *Dublin*, and the Collector of the Port of *Corke* reſpectively, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of twenty Pounds for every default in making ſuch Entry, and double the Duty for Non-payment thereof.

Makers of Cards and Dice attempting a Fraud forfeit 20*l.* One Moiety of Penalties and Forfeitures to the King and the other to the Informer.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every maker of 22
Cards and Dice, who ſhall endeavour to defraud his Majeſty by any Concealment, or undue Entry, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of twenty Pounds; and that all the Penalties and Forfeitures impoſed by this Act, in Relation to the Duties on Cards and Dice, ſhall be divided (to wit) one Moiety thereof to the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall firſt Seize, Inform, or Sue for the ſame.

Commiſſioners of the Revenue to appoint a Mark for Dice and Cards made in, or imported into *Ireland*.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may 23
be lawful to, and for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue for the time being, or any three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and impowered to Deviſe and Appoint in writing under their Hands from time to time ſuch Mark, Stamp, or Seal, as they ſhall think fit to be put upon all Dice, and the Paper and Thread encloſing every Pack of Cards, and on one of the Cards of each Pack, on the painted or ſpotted ſide thereof, which ſhall be made in this Kingdom, or imported into the ſame, from and after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, to denote the charging the ſaid Duties; and alſo, from time to time, to appoint a fit and proper Perſon in the ſaid Ports of *Dublin* and *Corke* reſpectively, who ſhall have the Cuſtody and keeping of ſuch Mark, Stamp, or Seal, and ſhall, from time to time, put ſuch Mark or Stamp upon all Dice, and ſuch Mark or Seal upon the Paper and Thread encloſing every ſuch Pack of Cards, and on one of the Cards of each Pack, on the painted or ſpotted ſide thereof, which ſhall be duly entred, and for which the Duties impoſed by this Act ſhall be duly paid to the ſaid Collectors reſpectively; and the Perſons who ſhall be ſo appointed to Mark, Stamp, and Seal Cards and Dice, purſuant to this Act, ſhall have, and receive, during their reſpective continuance in the ſaid Office, the yearly Sums following (that is to ſay) the [a] Perſon who ſhall be appointed to Mark, Stamp, or Seal Cards and Dice in the City of *Dublin*, the yearly Sum of twenty Pounds; and the Perſon who ſhall be appointed to Mark, Stamp, or Seal Cards or Dice in the City of *Corke*, the yearly Sum of ten Pounds; which ſaid yearly Sums ſhall be paid them Quarterly, by the ſaid reſpective Collectors of the ſaid Ports of *Dublin* and *Corke*, out of the ſaid Duties hereby charged on Cards and Dice.

And to appoint a fit Perſon to mark Dice and Cards.

Perſon appointed in *Dublin*, to have 20*l.* *per Annum*.

Perſon appointed in *Corke*, to have 10*l.* *per Annum*, payable out of the ſaid Duties.

And

[a] By 7 *Geo.* 2. C. 12. 20*l.* *per Annum*, more is allow'd to *Dublin* Stamp-maſter.

24 And for preventing any Miſtake or Fraud, in ſtamping or marking any Cards or Dice not duly entred, or for which the Duties impoſed by this Act, ſhall not have been duly paid; Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the Collectors of the ſaid Ports of *Dublin* and *Corke* reſpectively, or in their Abſence their reſpective Clerks, ſhall, upon the Requeſt of the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall duly Enter any Cards or Dice, and pay the Duties impoſed thereon by this Act, certify in writing, under his Hand, the Number of Pairs of Dice, and Packs of Cards which ſhall have been ſo entred, and for which the ſaid Duties ſhall have been ſo paid, and alſo, the Names and Places of Abode of ſuch Perſons who ſhall have made ſuch Entries, and paid the ſaid Duties; upon the delivery of which ſaid Certificate to the Perſon who, for the time being, ſhall be appointed to keep the ſaid Mark, Stamp, or Seal, the ſaid Perſon ſo appointed, ſhall enter the ſaid Certificate in a Book delivered him by the Collectors of *Dublin* and *Corke*, to be kept by him for that Purpoſe, and afterwards, with all convenient ſpeed, ſhall Mark, Stamp, or Seal ſuch and ſo many pair of Dice and Packs of Cards as ſhall be mentioned to be contained in ſuch Certificate; and the Perſon marking, ſtamping or ſealing the ſame, is hereby required to enter under the ſaid Certificate in the ſaid Book to be kept for that Purpoſe, the Number of the pairs of Dice, and Packs of Cards as he ſhall ſo Mark, Stamp, or Seal, purſuant to the ſaid Certificate, with the Days and Times of his ſo marking, ſtamping, and ſealing the ſame, till the full number of Pairs of Dice and Packs of Cards, which ſhall be contained in ſuch Certificate from the ſaid Collector or his Clerk, ſhall be duly marked, ſtamped, and ſealed purſuant to this Act; which ſaid Book, at the end of every Year, or oftner, if required by the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue, or by any three or more of them, ſhall be returned to the ſaid Commiſſioners to be examined by them, or any other Perſon or Perſons to be appointed by them, or any three or more of them, to examine the ſame.

Collectors of the ſaid Ports to give Certificates of Entries of Cards and Dice.

Which Certificates the Stamp-maſter is to enter in a Book and then to mark the Cards and Dice. And under the Certificates in the Book to enter the Number of Pairs of Dice, and Packs of Cards marked 'till all in the Certificate are marked.

Books to be returned to the Commiſſioners yearly, or oftner if required.

25 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Perſon appointed as aforeſaid, to Mark, Stamp, or Seal ſuch Cards or Dice, ſhall wilfully neglect or refuſe to Mark, Stamp, or Seal the Number of Pairs of Dice, or Packs of Cards contained in ſuch Certificate, then the Perſon ſo neglecting or refuſing, ſhall forfeit for every ſuch default the Sum of five Pounds, one Moiety thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Perſon injured; provided that no Perſon ſhall be obliged to Mark, Stamp, or Seal any Dice or Cards but twice in every Week (that is to ſay) on *Tueſday* and *Thurſday* in every Week, [a] and between the Hours of Nine in the Morning, and Twelve at Noon, and between the Hours of two and four in the Afternoon, on the ſaid Days.

Stamp-maſter neglecting, or refuſing to mark, forfeits 5*l.* *Tueſday's* and *Thurſday's* appointed for marking.

26 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that there ſhall be raiſed, levied and collected to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for, and upon all Cards and Dice which ſhall be made and remain unſold in the Hands of any Perſon or Perſons trading or dealing therein, before the twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties herein after mentioned (that is to ſay) for, and upon every Pack of ſuch Cards, the Sum of four Pence, and for, and upon every Pair of ſuch Dice, the Sum of three Shillings and four Pence; and that all ſuch playing

Cards and Dice on Hand before the 25th *March* 1730.

The Rates and Duties thereon.

[a] By 7 *Geo.* 2. *R. C.* 12. *Saturday* is added.

Memorandum this Clauſe was of Uſe only when the Act was firſt made.

Cards and Dice as ſhall be made and finiſhed before the twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, ſhall, before the twenty fifth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, be brought to the Office of the Collectors of the ſaid Ports of *Dublin* or *Corke*, and upon Oath made, that the ſame were actually made and finiſhed in this Kingdom before the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, which Oath the Collectors of the ſaid Ports of *Dublin* and *Corke* are hereby reſpectively impowered to Adminiſter, and upon Payment of the Duties hereby charged on the ſame to the ſaid Collectors reſpectively, the ſaid Collectors are hereby reſpectively required to certify the Payment of ſuch Duties, and the number of Pairs of Dice and Packs of Cards for which the ſaid laſt mentioned Duties ſhall be ſo paid; and upon delivering ſuch Certificate to the Perſon to be appointed as aforeſaid, to Seal, Mark, or Stamp ſuch Dice and Cards, he ſhall forthwith Seal, Mark, or Stamp in Manner aforeſaid, ſuch Cards and Dice, as are laſt mentioned, with ſuch Seal, Mark, or Stamp, as the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them ſhall provide or appoint, to denote the Duties hereby charged on ſuch Cards and Dice; and that all playing Cards and Dice which ſhall not be brought to the ſaid Offices of the ſaid Collectors of the Ports of *Dublin* and *Corke*, or one of them, and for which the Duties hereby charged, ſhall not be paid, and touching which ſuch Oath as aforeſaid ſhall not be made before the twenty fifth Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, ſhall be adjudged and deemed to be Cards and Dice made after the twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, and ſhall be charged accordingly, with the full Duties impoſed by this Act, on Cards and Dice.

And for the better ſecuring the ſaid Duties on Cards and Dice; be it further 27
enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, and during the continuance of the Duties hereby impoſed, no playing Cards or Dice ſhall be ſold, or expoſed to Sale, or played with, which ſhall not be ſealed, marked, or ſtamped, as by this Act is required, upon Pain that every Perſon who ſhall, from and after that time, and during the continuance of the Duties hereby impoſed, ſell, or expoſe to Sale, or knowingly play with any ſuch Cards or Dice which ſhall not be reſpectively ſealed, marked or ſtamped, as by this Act is required, ſhall forfeit for every Pack of ſuch Cards, and every one of ſuch Dice ſo ſold, or expoſed to Sale, or played with, the Sum of ten Shillings *Sterling*, the one Moiety thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that ſhall firſt Inform, Proſecute, or Sue for the ſame.

Perſon ſelling, &c. or knowingly playing with Cards or Dice not marked, forfeits for every Pack of Cards, and for every one of ſuch Dice 10*s*.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Perſon or 28
Perſons, ſhall, at any time or times Counterfeit or Forge any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, to reſemble any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, which, in purſuance of this preſent Act, ſhall be provided to denote the Payment or charging of any the Duties on Cards or Dice payable by this Act, or ſhall Counterfeit or reſemble the Impreſſion of the ſame upon any Cards or Dice, or any Thread and Paper encloſing any Cards, thereby to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, of any of the ſaid Duties upon Cards and Dice, or ſhall utter, vend, or ſell, any Cards or Dice, with ſuch Counterfeit Seal, Stamp, or Mark, knowing the ſame to be Counterfeit, or ſhall privately or fraudulently uſe any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, to be provided and uſed in purſuance of this Act, relating to the ſaid Duties upon Cards and Dice, ſo as thereby to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs or

Counterfeiting or forging the Seal, &c.

Or privately or fraudulently uſing any Seal, &c. provided by this Act.

or Succeſſors, of any of the ſaid Duties upon Cards and Dice, then every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, and being thereof convicted in due form of Law, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer death as in caſes of Felony, without the benefit of Clergy, or of the Statute.

Felony without benefit of Clergy.

29 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be lawful to, and for any Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue in this Kingdom, to enter, after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, in the day-time, into any Houſe or Place where Cards or Dice are, or ſhall be made, ſold, or expoſed to Sale, or ſuſpected to be privately made, or into any publick Gaming-houſe, Room, or Place, and there to ſearch or ſee what Quantity of Cards and Dice ſhall be making, and whether the Cards and Dice ſo ſold or expoſed to Sale, or ſo uſed in Play, be duly ſealed, marked, and ſtamped, according to the true meaning of this Act; and if the Owner or Occupier, of any Houſe or Place where Cards and Dice ſhall be made, ſold, or expoſed to Sale, or of any ſuch publick Gaming-houſe as aforeſaid, ſhall, at any time or times refuſe Entrance or Liberty of Search to ſuch Officer or Officers, ſuch Owner or Occupier, ſhall, for every ſuch Refuſal, forfeit the Sum of ten Pounds, to be divided as aforeſaid.

Officers have power to enter in the day-time, into Houſes, and to make ſearch for Cards and Dice, and to ſee if they be duly ſealed, &c.

Houſe keeper refuſing Entrance forfeits 10*l.*

30 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be lawful, to remove any Cards or Dice from the Place where the ſame ſhall be made, without ſealing, marking, or ſtamping the ſame, or paying any the Duties impoſed thereon, by this Act; Provided within one Month after the ſame ſhall be made, and before the ſame ſhall be removed from the Place of the making thereof, a Bond be entred into to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, with ſufficient Surety, in a penal Sum of double the Duties chargeable on ſuch Cards or Dice, with a Condition for exporting ſuch Cards and Dice, to ſome Part or Port beyond the Seas, within a time to be limited in ſuch Bond, and that the ſame or any of them ſhall not be relanded in any Part of *Ireland*, and that ſuch Bonds be left in the Hands of the Collector, of the Port of *Dublin*, or the Collector of the Port of *Corke* reſpectively, where ſuch Cards or Dice ſhall be entred for Exportation, and a Certificate be given by ſuch Collector, that ſuch Bond is entred into, with relation to ſuch Cards and Dice. And provided the Maſter of the Ship or Veſſel in which ſuch Cards or Dice are to be exported, ſhall make Oath before the Collector of the Port of *Dublin* or *Corke*, where ſuch Cards and Dice ſhall be ſhipped, that to the beſt of his Knowledge and Belief, the ſame are not intended to be relanded, and that he will not ſuffer the ſaid Cards and Dice, or any of them, to be relanded in any Part of this Kingdom, unleſs in caſe of real Diſtreſs: Which Oath the ſaid Collector of *Dublin* and *Corke* reſpectively, are hereby impowered to Adminiſter.

Cards or Dice for Exportation may be removed from the Place where they are made without ſealing, &c. or Payment of Duties, upon giving Bond, and making Oath that the ſame ſhall be exported, and not relanded.

31 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every the Duties hereby granted to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, on Cards and Dice, and all pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures, exceeding ten Pounds, and all Forfeitures of Cards or Dice, and the Materials of, or for making thereof, impoſed by this Act, in Relation to the ſame, ſhall, during the ſaid Term of twenty one Years, be raiſed, collected, recovered, and levied, by ſuch Ways and

The Duties on Cards and Dice, and all pecuniary Penalties exceeding 10*l.* and all Forfeitures of Cards and Dice, and Materials ſhall be levied by ſuch Means, &c. as are appointed by 14 and 15 *Car.* 2. C. 8.

and Means, and in ſuch Manner and Form, as are appointed, directed, and expreſſed, in, and by an Act made in this Kingdom, in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second [Intituled, *An Act for the Settling of the Exciſe and new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*] or by any other Law now in Force relating to the Revenue or Exciſe in this Kingdom, with the like Remedy of Appeal, to and for the Party Grieved, as in and by the ſaid Act of Exciſe is provided.

Or by any other Law relating to the Revenue with like Remedy of Appeal.

Juſtices of the Peace impower'd to hear and determine pecuniary Forfeitures not exceeding 10*l.*

And be it further enacted by the Authortiy aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be 32
Lawful to, and for any two or more Juſtices of the Peace, for the time being, of the County, reſiding near to the Place where any pecuniary Forfeitures, not exceeding ten Pounds, upon this Act of Parliament, touching any of the Duties hereby impoſed upon Cards and Dice, ſhall be incurred, to hear and determine the ſame; which ſaid Juſtices of the Peace are hereby authorized and required, upon complaint made in that behalf, within two Calendar Months after the Offence committed, to Summon the Party accuſed, and alſo, the Witneſſes on either ſide, and if, upon the Appearance or Contempt of the Party accuſed, and Examination of the Witneſs or Witneſſes, on Oath, which the ſaid Juſtices are hereby impowered to Adminiſter, he ſhall be convicted of the Offence alledged againſt him, then to Award and Iſſue out Warrants under their Hands and Seals, to any Conſtables of the ſaid County, for levying any Penalties ſo adjudged, on the Goods of the Offender, and to cauſe Sale to be made thereof, in caſe the ſame ſhall not be redeemed within ſix Days, rendering to the Party the Overplus (if any) and if any Party ſhall find himſelf aggrieved by the Judgment of the ſaid Juſtices, then he or they ſhall and may complain, or Appeal to the Juſtices of the Peace at the next general Quarter-Seſſions for that County, who are hereby impowered to Summon and Examine Witneſſes upon Oath, and finally to hear and determine the ſame, and in caſe of Conviction, to Iſſue Warrants for levying the Penalties as aforeſaid, and alſo, for levying of the Goods of the Appellants, ſuch Sum, not exceeding forty Shillings, as the ſaid Juſtices ſhall appoint for the Coſts of ſuch Appeal, to be paid to the Informer.

Appeal may be made to the Juſtices at the general Quarter-Seſſions, who are impower'd finally to determine the ſame.

Rates and Duties on Gold or Silver Plate for 21 Years from 25. *March* 1730. (*viz.*) Six Pence for every Ounce Troy imported, over and above all other Duties to be paid down in ready Money by the Importer.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after 33
the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, during the ſaid Term of Twenty one Years from thence next enſuing, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, anſwered, and paid unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for, and upon all Gold or Silver Plate, Wrought or Manufactured, which ſhall be imported and brought into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and for, and upon all Gold or Silver Plate, to be made or wrought within the ſame, the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties following (that is to ſay) for, and upon all Gold or Silver Plate made, or to be made, which, at any time or times after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, during the ſaid Term of twenty one Years, ſhall be imported or brought into the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, over and above all other Cuſtoms and Duties already impoſed thereon, a Duty at the Rate of ſix Pence for every Ounce Troy, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity, to be paid down in ready Money by the Importer thereof; and for, and upon all Gold or Silver Plate which ſhall be made or wrought in *Ireland*, at any time or times, from and after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred

and

and thirty, during the ſaid Term of twenty one Years, a Duty at the Rate of ſix Pence for every Ounce Troy, to be paid by the Makers or Workers thereof reſpectively.

And 6*d.* for every Ounce Troy made in *Ireland*, to be paid by the Makers.

34 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid Duty by this Act impoſed upon Wrought Plate to be imported after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, during the ſaid Term of twenty one Years, ſhall be raiſed, levied, recovered and paid to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, by ſuch Rules, Ways, Means and Methods, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as the Duties upon Cards and Dice imported, impoſed by this Act, are preſcribed and appointed, to be raiſed, levied, recovered, anſwered and paid.

The Duty upon wrought Plate imported to be levied by ſuch Means as the Duties upon Cards and Dice.

35 And for the better ſecuring the ſaid Duty upon Wrought Plate made in *Ireland*; Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, during the ſaid Term of twenty one Years, no Gold-ſmith, Silver-ſmith, or other Perſon whatſoever, working or trading in wrought or manufactured Gold or Silver, ſhall ſell, or expoſe to Sale, Barter, or Exchange any Gold or Silver Plate, Veſſel, or Manufacture of Gold or Silver, unleſs it be Silver Wire, or ſuch Things not exceeding four Penny Weight, which in reſpect of their ſmallneſs, are not capable of receiving a Mark, until ſuch time as ſuch Plate Veſſel, or Manufacture of Gold or Silver, ſhall be aſſayed, touched, and marked, in Manner and Form hereafter preſcribed in that behalf, upon pain of forfeiting the Value thereof, to be recovered by Civil Bill, before the Judges of Aſſize in their reſpective Circuits, and at the Seſſions of the County of *Dublin*, and County of the City of *Dublin*, by any Perſon who ſhall diſcover and ſue for the ſame, where the Value ſhall not exceed the Sum of ten Pounds, and where the Value ſhall exceed the Sum of ten Pounds, then the ſame ſhall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, at the *Four-Courts* in *Dublin*, one Moiety, where the Value of ſuch Forfeiture ſhall exceed the Sum of ten Pounds, to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, to the Uſes in this Act mentioned, the other Moiety to him or them that ſhall firſt Diſcover and Sue for the ſame.

No Gold-ſmith, &c. ſhall ſell, &c. any Gold or Silver Plate, &c. except Silver wire, or ſuch Things not exceeding 4*d.* weight 'till Aſſayed and Marked on Forfeiture of the Value thereof, to be recover'd by civil Bill if 10*l.* or under. If above 10*l.* by Action of Debt, &c in any of the Four Courts.

One Moiety to the Uſes in this Act, and the other to the Informer.

36 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all Gold or Silver Plate, Wrought or Manufactured in *Ireland*, after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, during the ſaid Term of twenty one Years, ſhall be Aſſayed by the Aſſay-Maſter, now or hereafter, to be appointed by the Fraternity or Company of Gold-ſmiths in the City of *Dublin*, and after ſuch Aſſay made, if ſuch Gold Plate ſhall be found conformable to the Standard of twenty two Carrats of fine Gold, in every Pound Troy, and if ſuch Silver Plate ſhall be found conformable to the Standard of eleven Ounces two Penny Weight fine Silver in every Pound Troy, then the ſame ſhall be Touched by the Wardens of the ſaid Fraternity or Company, and marked with the Marks now uſed for that purpoſe, and after the ſame ſhall be Touched and Marked as aforeſaid, then the ſaid Duty of ſix Pence *per* Ounce impoſed by this Act, ſhall be paid by the Perſon bringing ſuch Plate to be Aſſayed and Touched, for every Ounce of ſuch Plate ſo Aſſayed and Touched, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity (except before excepted) over and above

Gold or Silver Plate wrought in *Ireland* to be Aſſayed, and if found conformable to the legal Standard to be Touched, and the Duty to be paid.

The Aſſay-maſter upon Receipt of the Duty is to mark the Plate, and to enter in a Book the Quantities, &c. and the Duty received.

above all other Duties now payable for Aſſaying and Touching the ſame, to the ſaid Aſſay-maſter, who is hereby impowered and required, upon Receipt of the ſaid Duty, to Stamp or Mark, without Fee or Reward, the ſaid Plate, with ſuch Stamp or Mark as the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue for the time being, or any three or more of them ſhall, from time to time appoint; and after the Stamping or Marking thereof as aforeſaid, the ſaid Aſſay-maſter, for the time being, is hereby required from time to time, to enter in a Book, to be by him kept for that Purpoſe, the ſeveral Quantities of Wrought or Manufactured Plate ſo by him Stamped or Marked, and the Names of the Owners or Proprietors of ſuch Plate, and the Days and Times of Stamping or Marking thereof, and the Duty impoſed by this Act, received by him; Upon Receipt of which ſaid Duty the ſaid Aſſay-maſter ſhall give an indented Receipt, Numbered, under his Hand, for the ſaid Duty, to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall pay the ſame, a Duplicate of which ſaid indented Receipt ſhall be kept by him in a Book bound for that purpoſe.

And to give a Receipt for the Duty, and keep a Duplicate thereof in a Book for that Purpoſe.

The Aſſay-maſter ſhall once a Month pay into the Treaſury the Sums he receives, and take Acquittances.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid Aſſay-maſter for the Time being, ſhall once at leaſt in every Month bring into his Majeſty's *Exchequer*, all ſuch Sum or Sums of Money by him received for, or upon account of the Duty, hereby impoſed by this Act, upon Plate, and pay the ſame to the Vice-Treaſurer, or Vice-Treaſurers, his, or their Deputy, or Deputies, for the Time being, who is, and are, hereby required to give Acquittances for the ſame, in the manner as for any other his Majeſty's Revenue. 37

The Aſſay-maſter ſhall once a Year, or oftner, if required, return to the Commiſſioners the ſaid Books.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid Aſſay-maſter for the time being, ſhall once in every Year or oftner, if thereunto required by the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue for the time being, or any three or more of them, return and lodge with them the ſaid Books, containing an account of the Duties received by him, by vertue of this Act, and Duplicates of Receipts given by him for the ſame. 38

The Aſſay-maſter ſhall be ſworn to execute faithfully his Office.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſaid Aſſay-maſter for the time being, before he ſhall be impowered to Mark ſuch Plate, or receive any Duty impoſed by this Act on the ſame, ſhall be ſworn to the due and faithful Execution of his Office, in Aſſaying ſuch Plate, and Stamping or Marking the ſame, purſuant to this Act; and alſo, to bring into his Majeſty's *Exchequer* once every Month at the leaſt, all Monies received by him, for, or on account of the Duties hereby impoſed on Plate, except as hereafter is excepted, which ſaid Oath, ſhall, and may be Adminiſtred by the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue for the time being, or any three or more of them, who ſhall give to ſuch Officer a Certificate thereof. 39

And ſhall enter into a Bond of 1000*l.* for due Performance.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the Aſſay-maſter for the time being, before he ſhall be allowed to Stamp, or Mark any ſuch Plate, or receive any Duty thereon, by Vertue of this Act, ſhall, with ſufficient Security, to be approved of by the ſaid Commiſſioners for the time being, or any three or more of them, enter into a Bond of the Penalty of one thouſand Pounds, to his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, for the due and faithful Execution of his Office, and the Truſt repoſed in him by this Act; which ſaid Bond ſhall be forthwith lodged in the Office of the chief Remembrancer of his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*. 40

And

41 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, ſhall, at any Time or Times, counterfeit or forge any Stamp or Mark, to reſemble any Stamp or Mark which, in purſuance of this preſent Act, ſhall be provided to denote the Payment or charging the Duty on Plate, or Manufactures of Plate payable by this Act, or ſhall counterfeit or reſemble the Impreſſion of the ſame upon any Plate, or Manufactures of Plate, thereby to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, of any part of the ſaid Duty upon Plate, or Manufactures of Plate, or ſhall utter, vend, or ſell any Plate, or Manufactures of Plate with ſuch counterfeit Stamp, or Mark, knowing the ſame to be counterfeit, or ſhall privately or fraudulently uſe any Stamp, or Mark, to be provided and uſed, in purſuance of this Act, relating to the ſaid Duty on Plate, or Manufactures of Plate, ſo as thereby to defraud his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, of any part of the ſaid Duty upon Plate, or Manufactures of Plate, then every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, and being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, ſhall be adjudged a Felon, and ſhall ſuffer Death as a Felon, without Benefit of Clergy.

Counterfeiting or forging the Stamp, or privately or fraudulently uſing any Stamp to be provided by this Act Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

42 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Officer appointed by this Act, to ſtamp or mark Plate, or Manufactures of Plate, to denote the Payment of the ſaid Duties thereon, ſhall have, and detain out of thoſe Duties, the yearly Sum of twenty pounds for his Salary and Reward, for the Execution of the ſaid Office; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

The Stamp-maſter to have a Salary of 20*l. per Annum* payable out of the ſaid Duties.

43 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Monies ariſing from the ſaid Duties impoſed by this Act, and his Majeſty's Moiety of all Penalties and Forfeitures by vertue of this Act (the neceſſary Charges of raiſing the ſame excepted) ſhall, from time to time, be brought into the Receipt of his Majeſty's *Exchequer*, for the purpoſes in this Act expreſſed; and ſhall, from time to time, without any Fee or Deduction, be paid by the Vice-Treaſurer or Receiver-General of this Kingdom, to the ſaid Commiſſioners hereby, or hereafter to be nominated, in purſuance of this Act, on their Warrant or Warrants, under their Hands, or the Hands of the major Part of the ſaid Commiſſioners then preſent (ſuch major Part not to be leſs than eleven in number) without any further or other Warrant to be ſued for, had, or obtained in that Behalf; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners hereby, or hereafter to be nominated by vertue of this Act, or the major Part of them then preſent, ſuch major Part not being leſs than eleven, ſhall have full Power, and are hereby authorized and impowered, from time to time, to lay out, apply and diſpoſe of the Monies ariſing from the ſaid Duties impoſed by this Act, and every or any Part thereof, for the Encouragement and Improvement of Tillage, Employment of the Poor, draining and improving Boggs, and unprofitable Low-grounds, making of the ſeveral Rivers navigable, and making of Canals for the eaſing and diſpatching the Inland Carriage, and Conveyance of Goods and Merchandize from one Part to another within this Kingdom, Ways and Means, and in ſuch Manner and Proportion, and at ſuch Times as they ſhall think moſt fit and convenient, except by giving or making any Premium or Allowance, upon, or in reſpect of the Exportation of Corn out of this Kingdom.

Monies ariſing from the ſaid Duties impoſed by this Act to be paid into the Treaſury, and by the Vice-Treaſurer, *&c.* paid to the Commiſſioners appointed by this Act, who have power to apply the Monies and his Majeſty's Moiety of all Penalties, *&c.* (Charges of raiſing the ſame excepted) for the Encouragement and Improvement of Tillage, *&c.* except by giving any Premium for Corn exported.

And

The Commiſſioners appointed by this Act may appoint Tolls upon Boats, &c. paſſing upon any navigable River, &c. to be levied by Perſons appointed by the ſaid Commiſſioners and by ſuch Means as the Tolls for the River *Shannon* are, by 2 G. 1. c. 12.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners hereby, or hereafter to be appointed by this Act, or the major Part of them then preſent, ſuch major Part not being leſs than eleven, ſhall, and may from time to time appoint ſuch Tolls, Rates or Duties, for, and upon all Boats, Goods, Merchandizes and Paſſengers, navigating or paſſing in, or upon any River, Stream, Cutt, or Canal made navigable or paſſable, in purſuance of this or the ſaid firſt recited Act, to be collected, levied, and received by ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any eleven or more of them, ſhall from time to time appoint, and by ſuch Ways and Means, and in ſuch Manner and Form as the Tolls, Rates or Duties, in the ſaid firſt recited Act mentioned and intended, to be thereby payable to the Undertakers therein named for the River *Shannon*, are, by the ſaid Act, appointed to be collected, levied, and received; and that no other Toll, Rate or Duty ſhall be paid or payable for navigating or paſſing any ſuch River, Stream, Cutt, or Canal, ſave ſuch as ſhall from time to time be appointed as aforeſaid. 44

Tolls, &c. (neceſſary Charges firſt deducted) to be applied to repair and keep up the Locks and other Works made upon ſuch Rivers, &c.

And that all and every the Tolls, Rates, and Duties which ſhall be collected, levied, and received as aforeſaid, the neceſſary Charges of collecting the ſame, to be aſcertained by the ſaid Commiſſioners, being firſt deducted, ſhall, from time to time, be applied, and laid out in repairing and keeping up the ſeveral Locks, or other Works which ſhall be made, in purſuance of this or the ſaid firſt recited Act, upon ſuch Rivers, Streams, or Canals, from the Navigation whereof, ſuch Tolls, Rates, or Duties ſhall reſpectively ariſe in ſuch Manner and Proportion as the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any eleven or more of them, ſhall from time to time direct or appoint, and to no other Uſe, Intent or Purpoſe whatſoever; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners or any eleven or more of them, ſhall, and may from time to time, enter into Contracts and make Bargains with any Workmen, Artificers or other Perſon or Perſons for the making and doing all, and every or any part of the ſaid Works, and all other Matters and Things whatſoever, in and about the Premiſſes; and ſhall alſo, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, make ſuch Orders, By-laws and Regulations for the better Execution of the Truſts, Powers and Authorities repoſed in them, with ſuch Penalties for the Breach thereof, as they, or any eleven or more of them, ſhall think reaſonable; and ſhall and may iſſue out their Warrants for all and every Sum and Sums of Money that ſhall be ſo impoſed or aſſeſt for ſuch Breaches, to be levied in ſuch Manner as the Tolls, Rates or Duties by the ſaid firſt recited Act appointed to be paid, are therein directed to be levied: Provided ſuch By-laws, and the Penalties for the Breach thereof, be agreeable to the Laws of this Realm, and be firſt approved of and ſigned by the Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of this Kingdom, and the three Chief Judges for the time being, or any two or more of them. 45

The ſaid Commiſſioners may make Bargains with Workmen, &c. and may make Orders By-laws, &c. and inflict Penalties, and iſſue Warrants for Sums aſſeſt for Breaches; ſo as ſuch By-laws agree with the Laws of the Land and be approved and ſigned by the Lord Chancellor, &c.

Perſons ſued for any Thing done in purſuance of this Act, and the Act 2 G. 1. c. 12. may plead the general Iſſue, and give this and the ſaid Act, and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence, and ſhall recover full Coſts, if the Plaintiff ſhall become non-ſuit, or a Verdict paſs againſt him.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action, Suit or Information, ſhall be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon or Perſons for any thing that he, or they ſhall do, or cauſe to be done, in purſuance of this or the firſt recited Act, all and every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo ſued in any Court whatſoever, ſhall and may plead the general Iſſue, and give this and the ſaid firſt recited Act, and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence; and if any ſuch Suit, the Plaintiff or Proſecutor ſhall become non-ſuit, or forbear Proſecution, or diſcontinue the Suit, or if a Verdict ſhall paſs againſt him, or Judgment 46

ment be given againſt him upon a Demurrer, then in any of the ſaid Caſes, the Defendant or Defendants ſhall recover full Coſts, for which he and they ſhall have the like Remedy as where Coſts by Law are allowed.

47 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major part of them then preſent, ſuch major part not being leſs than eleven, ſhall, and may appoint a Clerk and Door-keeper, and other neceſſary Servants, and appoint proper Salaries for them reſpectively, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of ſeventy pounds *per Annum*, to be paid out of the ſaid Duties granted as aforeſaid.

The ſaid Commiſſioners may appoint a Clerk, &c. and Salaries not exceeding 70*l. per Annum*, to be paid out of the ſaid Duties.

48 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall, from time to time, be provided and kept by the ſaid Commiſſioners, one or more Book or Books, in which all and every Sum and Sums of Money which ſhall be received by them in purſuance of this Act, and alſo, all Sum and Sums of Money diſburſed, laid out, or expended in, or about the Premiſſes, ſhall from time to time be fairly ſet down and entred, expreſſing the Time when, and the Name of the Perſon or Perſons to whom the ſame were paid, and for what Uſe or Purpoſe ſuch Payment was made.

Books to be kept by the ſaid Commiſſioners wherein all Sums of Money received and diſburſed, ſhall be entred.

49 And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the fourteenth and fifteenth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *Charles* the ſecond [Intituled, *An Act for the ſettling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tunnage, and other Sums of Money unto his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into or out of the Kingdom of* Ireland, *according to a Book of Rates thereunto annexed*] a certain Duty of twelve pence of *Engliſh* Money of every twenty Shillings value, of any of the native Commodities of this Realm, or Manufacture wrought of any ſuch Commodities to be carried out of this Realm, according to the Value thereof expreſſed in the Book of Rates thereunto annexed, is made payable to his ſaid late Majeſty King *Charles* the ſecond, his Heirs and Succeſſors; in which Book of Rates, each Stone containing eighteen pounds of *Iriſh* Wool exported, is rated at the value of one pound five Shillings, and a Duty of five pounds *per Centum*, is made payable for all Goods inward or outward not rated: And whereas by one other Act of Parliament, made in the firſt Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign [Intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing ſeveral Frauds and Abuſes committed in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Exciſe, and for ſettling the Rates of certain Goods and Merchandizes not particularly valued in the Book of Rates*] It is enacted, That from and after the firſt Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty-eight, the ſeveral Rates and Values therein ſpecified, and ſet againſt the ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned, ſhall be the Rates and Values of ſuch Goods and Merchandizes reſpectively, according to which, his Majeſty's Duties of Cuſtoms ſhall be paid, computing the Duties of Cuſtoms after the Rate of twelve pence for every twenty Shillings value of ſuch Goods and Merchandizes, amongſt which, Bay-yarn exported, is valued at fifteen Shillings the great Stone; and Woollen-yarn exported, is valued at eight Shillings the great Stone.

Recital of the Act 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. cap. 9. relating to *Iriſh* Wool exported.

Recital of an Act 1 *Geo.* 2. R. c. 6. relating to Bay-yarn and Woollen yarn exported.

50 And whereas, the repealing and taking off the ſaid Duties, will be a Means to prevent the clandeſtine Exportation of thoſe Commodities, and an Encouragement to Fair-Traders; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the firſt Day of *May*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, the ſaid Duties of Poundage upon Wool, Bay-

Duties on Wool, Bay-yarn and Woollen-yarn taken off.

yarn, and Woollen-yarn, exported out of this Kingdom, to that Part of *Great-Britain* called *England*, and all Powers and Authorities to demand, collect or receive the ſaid Duties, or any of them, and all Penalties and Forfeitures to be incurred for non-payment thereof, ſhall ceaſe and be abſolutely diſcharged and repealed.

CAP. XXI.

Two Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for cleanſing the Ports, Harbours and Rivers of the City of Cork, *and of the Towns of* Galway, Sligoe, Drogheda *and* Belfaſt; *and for erecting a Ballaſt-Office in the ſaid City, and each of the ſaid Towns.*

Part of Sect. 9.

Officers of the Cuſtoms in the Ports of *Cork, Gallway, Sligot, Drogheda* and *Belfaſt* not to permit Ships outward bound to ſail, or Ships above 30 Tuns to ſail coaſt-ways until diſcharg'd at the Ballaſt-Office in caſe they took in Ballaſt.

BE it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall not be lawful to, or for the Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue, or any of them, in the ſaid Ports, or any of them, to clear or diſcharge any Ship or Ships outward bound, or to permit any Ship or Ships outward bound to ſail, or to permit any Ship or Ships above the Burthen of thirty Tuns, to be meaſured as aforeſaid, to ſail Coaſt-ways, until the Commander or Maſter of ſuch Ship or Ships ſhall have brought a Diſcharge from the Maſter of the Ballaſt-Office or his Deputy, teſtifying ſuch Ship or Ships to have paid and cleared their Ballaſt-money, in caſe they took in Ballaſt, and likewiſe, all and ſingular the Duties hereby as aforeſaid impoſed, which Diſcharge ſhall be immediately granted without Fee or Reward, Fraud or Delay; and in caſe of Refuſal or Delay, then the Maſter of the Ballaſt-office or his Deputy ſo refuſing or delaying, ſhall forfeit forty Shillings for every ſuch Refuſal or Delay to the Maſter of ſuch Ship, to be recovered in a ſummary Way before the chief Magiſtrate of ſuch of the ſaid City or Towns where the ſame ſhall happen, to be levied by Diſtreſs, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of ſuch chief Magiſtrate, and by Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Maſter of the ſaid Office.

In caſe of Neglect to take off, or bring in Ballaſt, Maſters of Ships after Notice given to the chief Magiſtrate, may employ any other Lighter, &c.

And to the End that no Commander or Maſter of any Ship or Ships reſorting to the ſaid Ports or any of them, may have juſt Cauſe of Complaint that his Voyage is retarded by Neglect of the ſaid Officers of the ſaid Ballaſt-Office, or that he ſuffers for want of removing his Ballaſt; Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that in caſe the Governors or Officers of any of the ſaid Ballaſt-Offices, or their Servants, ſhall neglect or refuſe to take off, or bring in Ballaſt to any Ship or Ships within any of the ſaid Ports, at the reſpective Times appointed for doing thereof, as aforeſaid, that then it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commander or Maſter of ſuch Ship or Ships at any Time after Notice given of ſuch Neglect to the chief Magiſtrate of the City or Town for the Time being, to employ any other Lighter or Lighters, Boat or Boats, Gabbard or Gabbards, for the doing thereof, which ſaid Lighter or Lighters, Boat or Boats, Gabbard or Gabbards ſo by them as aforeſaid employed, are hereby authorized and qualified to take up ſo much Ballaſt in the

the Channel or Channels of the ſaid Ports or Rivers only, as ſhall be requiſite for ballaſting of ſuch Ship or Ships ſo, as aforeſaid, neglected, or to carry off ſuch Ballaſt as ſhall be in ſuch Ships arriving in any of the ſaid Ports, in caſe the Maſter, Officers, or Servants of ſuch Ballaſt-Office ſhall refuſe or neglect the ſame within the preſcribed Times aforeſaid; And in every ſuch Caſe, upon Oath thereof made before the Collector or chief reſiding Officer of the Cuſtoms of the Port, which Oath ſuch Collector or Officer is hereby impowered to adminiſter, every ſuch Maſter of any Ship or Veſſel ſhall have his Diſcharge and Clearings out of the ſaid Port as if he had produced ſuch Certificate from the Maſter of the Ballaſt-Office as aforeſaid, and every Lighter, Boat, or Gabbard which ſhall be ſo employed either in the loading or unloading of the Ballaſt as aforeſaid, on occaſion of ſuch Neglect by the ſaid Ballaſt-Office, ſhall be exempted from the Payment of any Duty or Mulct to the ſaid Ballaſt-Office for one Year.

In every ſuch Caſe upon Oath made before the Officer of the Cuſtoms, Ships may be cleared.

Lighters, &c. ſo employed on Occaſion of ſuch Neglect to be free from Duty, &c. for a Year.

Anno Quinto Georgii Secundi Regis.

CAP. III.

An Act for the better ſecuring and collecting his Majeſty's Revenue.

WHEREAS ſeveral Frauds and Abuſes have been committed to the great Diminution of his Majeſty's Revenue, and the Officers appointed for the Collection thereof, have been greatly diſcouraged by unreaſonable and unneceſſary Proſecutions, carried on by litigious and evil diſpoſed Perſons; For Remedy whereof, and to the Intent that the Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue may not be put to great Charges, and be thereby diſcouraged from the Execution of their reſpective Offices by Vexatious Suits that may be proſecuted againſt them by evil and litigious Perſons.

Preamble.

2 Be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that if any Suit ſhall be brought or commenced from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, which will be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-two, againſt any Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue in this Kingdom, or any other Perſon or Perſons that ſhall aid and aſſiſt ſuch Officer or Officers, for, and concerning any Matter or Thing by him, them, or any of them, done by vertue of, and in Execution of his or their Office or Offices, ſuch Officer or Officers, his, or their Aiders and Aſſiſtants, may plead the general Iſſue not guilty, and upon Iſſue joined, may give the ſpecial Matter in Evidence to the Jury who ſhall try the ſame.

Officers, &c. ſued for Matters done in Execution of their Offices may plead the general Iſſue.

3 Provided always, that ſuch Officer or Officers, his, or their Attorney or Attorneys, ſhall at leaſt fourteen Days before ſuch Tryal, in caſe ſuch Officer or Officers, ſhall on ſuch Tryal give any Record or Records in Evidence, give Notice in

If Records are to be given in Evidence, 14 Days notice muſt be given by the Officers to the Plaintiff.

in Writing to the Plaintiff or his Attorney, what Record or Records he or they intend to give in Evidence on ſuch Tryal.

Officers may give in Evidence an atteſted Copy of the Entry in the Commiſſioners or Collectors Books, which ſhall be a ſufficient Evidence of their being legal Officers, without producing their Original Commiſſion.

4 And to prevent the great Expence and Trouble, which the Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue may be at in proving the Commiſſions under which they act; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that ſuch [a] Officer or Officers, may give in Evidence, an atteſted Copy of the Entry in any of the Books of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue, or of the Entry in the Collectors Books of that Diſtrict, where he or they acted as an Officer or Officers, to prove that he or they was or were an Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue, which atteſted Copy being duly proved, ſhall be, and is hereby allowed and deemed to be ſufficient Evidence in all Courts of Record in this Kingdom, of his or their being a legal Officer or Officers, or of his or their having Authority to act as an Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue, without producing the Original Commiſſion by which he or they were appointed and conſtituted.

Recital of part of the Act 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. c. 8. concerning the power of the Commiſſioners to ſummon Witneſſes, &c.

5 And whereas, in and by an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *Charles* the ſecond [Intituled, *An Act for the ſettling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*] It is enacted (amongſt other Things) that the Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, or Collectors of Exciſe reſpectively, within the Limits of their ſeveral Diſtricts, or the major part of them, or others authorized under the Hands and Seals of the Commiſſioners not intereſted therein, or the major part of them, upon any Complaint or Information, ſhall proceed to the Examination of the Matter of Fact, by ſummoning Witneſſes and Parties to appear before them, and to give Judgment and Sentence accordingly, as in and by the ſaid Act is appointed, and afterwards, to iſſue a Warrant of Diſtreſs for levying any Forfeiture, Fine or Penalty, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Parties Goods and Chattles againſt whom Judgment ſhall be given, and for want of ſufficient Diſtreſs, to commit the Offender to Priſon.

Commiſſioners, &c. upon Information filed before them in the proper Diſtrict may ſummon Parties and Witneſſes reſiding in any Diſtrict, and the Warrant of Diſtreſs and Impriſonment, where there is no Diſtreſs, may be executed upon the Goods and Chattles, or on the Perſon of the Offender in any part of the Kingdom.

6 And whereas a Doubt hath been made whether the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-Commiſſioners, Collectors, or others authorized as aforeſaid, can ſummon any Perſon to be a Witneſs who doth not reſide in the Diſtrict where ſuch Complaint or Information is exhibited, and whether any Warrant of Diſtreſs, or for impriſoning the Offender where no ſufficient Diſtreſs can be had, may be executed out of the Limits of ſuch particular Diſtrict; Be it therefore declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that upon Information filed before the ſaid Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors, or others authorized as aforeſaid in the proper Diſtrict, Witneſſes and Parties reſiding in any other different Diſtrict of this Kingdom, may be ſummoned to appear before them in the ſame Manner as if the Perſon or Perſons was, or were reſident and found within the particular Diſtrict where ſuch Information was exhibited, and under the ſame Reſtrictions and Regulations, as in and by the ſaid recited Act is appointed; and alſo, that the Warrant of Diſtreſs and Impriſonment where no ſufficient Diſtreſs can be had, that ſhall be iſſued by the Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, or others purſuant to the ſaid Act, may and ſhall be executed reſpectively upon the Goods and Chattles, or on the Perſon of ſuch Offender in any

[a] See 7 *Geo.* cap. 3.

any Part or Place of this Kingdom, in the ſame Manner as ſuch Warrants might have been executed in the particular Diſtrict where the Information was exhibited and Judgment given.

Affidavit to be made by ſome diſintereſted Perſon, that he verily believes the Perſon to be ſummoned, is a material Evidence. Commiſſioners, &c. iſſuing Summons before ſuch Affidavit made forfeit 20*l.* Perſons ſummoned to be Witneſſes, not appearing, or appearing, and refuſing to give Teſtimony forfeit 20*l.*

7 Provided always, that no Summons ſhall iſſue, till it ſhall firſt appear by the Affidavit of ſome Perſon to be made before one of the Commiſſioners, or Sub-commiſſioners of the Diſtrict where ſuch Information is filed, and who ſhall not be intereſted in ſuch Information, that he is adviſed and verily believes, that the Perſon to be ſummoned is a material Witneſs on the ſaid Information; and that every Commiſſioner, or Sub-commiſſioner, who ſhall iſſue ſuch Summons without ſuch Affidavit previouſly made, ſhall forfeit the Sum of twenty pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, by the Perſon who ſhall be ſo ſummoned; and in caſe any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall be duly ſummoned by vertue of this Act to be a Witneſs as aforeſaid, ſhall neglect or refuſe to appear, or appearing, ſhall refuſe to give his, her, or their Teſtimony concerning the Matter in Queſtion, every ſuch Perſon for ſuch Neglect or Refuſal, ſhall forfeit the Sum of twenty pounds *Sterling*.

Commiſſioners, &c. appointed to hear and determine, to take an Oath if required, that they are not to gain or loſe by the Matter, which if they refuſe to take, all Proceedings before them to be void.

8 And to the Intent that all Informations and Complaints exhibited before the Sub-commiſſioners, Collector or Collectors of the Exciſe, and other Duties authorized purſuant to the ſaid Act herein before mentioned, may be impartially determined by diſintereſted Perſons; Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-two, the ſaid Sub-commiſſioners, Collectors of Exciſe and other Perſons that may be authorized and appointed by vertue of the ſaid Act, to hear and determine the ſaid Matter of Complaint mentioned in ſuch Information, and every of them ſhall, if thereto required by the Party or Parties againſt whom ſuch Information is made, take an Oath, that he is not intereſted or concerned directly or indirectly in the Matter or Complaint then depending before them, and that he is not to gain or loſe thereby on any Account whatſoever; which Oath, the Clerk or Regiſter of the Seizures and Forfeitures in the particular Diſtrict, is hereby authorized and required to adminiſter; and if ſuch Sub-commiſſioner, or Sub-commiſſioners, Collector or Collectors of the Exciſe, or any other Perſon or Perſons to be appointed, as in and by the ſaid Act is directed, ſhall refuſe to take the ſaid Oath as aforeſaid, ſuch Sub-commiſſioner, or Sub-commiſſioners, Collector or Collectors, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as may be ſo authorized, is and are by this preſent Act diſqualified and rendered incapable to hear, determine or give Judgment upon the Matter then depending before them, and contained in ſuch Information, and all Proceedings to be had before them after ſuch Refuſal ſhall be null and void.

Maſters of Ships coming from foreign Parts, to declare to the King's Officers their true Names, Name of the Ship, and Port bound to, on pain of 100*l.*

9 And whereas ſeveral Maſters of Ships arriving from foreign Parts in this Kingdom, very often in their Report to the Officer of his Majeſty's Revenue appointed for that Purpoſe, diſguiſe and conceal the real Name, both of the Ship by him or them navigated, and alſo, his or their own Name or Names, and likewiſe the Place or Port to which they are bound; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-two, every Maſter of any Ship or Veſſel arriving in any Port-Town of this Kingdom, ſhall

ſhall declare when required by any of the Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue employed in ſuch Port or Town, his own real Name, and alſo the true Name of the Ship, and diſcover the true Place or Port to which they are bound, upon pain of forfeiting one hundred pounds, to be recovered as is herein after directed.

Maſters of Ships to have 28 Days to envoice, or to go to any other Port.

Provided always, That the Maſter of ſuch Ship, notwithſtanding ſuch Declaration, ſhall have twenty-eight Days to envoice his Ship, or to go to any other Port as if this Act had never been made. 10

Goods ſent into the Inland Parts without a Permit, forfeited, except ſmall Quantities thereof, and all ſorts of Spiceries.

And to prevent Frauds committed by not ſending Permits with exciſeable Goods conveyed into the Inland Parts of this Kingdom; Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-two, all Wines in Hogſheads, Brandy and other foreign Spirits in Veſſels containing more than four Gallons, Tobacco above the Weight of four pounds, Silks in whole pieces, and Indian Goods imported into this Kingdom, other than, and except Spiceries of all Sorts, and except Tea, not exceeding the weight of two pounds that ſhall be carried or conveyed into the Inland Parts thereof, ſhall be liable to be ſeized by any of the Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue, and ſhall be deemed and taken to be Run-Goods and forfeited as ſuch, unleſs the Carrier or Perſon that conveys the ſame ſhall actually produce a Permit, or Let-paſs given by the proper Officer of the Revenue for the Carriage of the ſaid Goods, if demanded or required ſo to do by the ſaid Officer. 11

Oath made of the Loſs of a Permit, &c. the Entry thereof in the Officer's Book, or an atteſted Copy ſhall free Goods from Seizure.

Provided always, that an Oath made by the Carrier of the Loſs of ſuch Permit, and by the Merchant before the Commiſſioners or Sub-commiſſioners in their reſpective Diſtricts, that ſuch Permit was not taken out, or made uſe of to his Knowledge or Belief, to cover or protect any other Goods, but was taken out for thoſe particular Goods ſo ſeized, that in ſuch Caſe the Entry of ſuch Permit in the Books of the proper Officer, or a Copy thereof duly atteſted, ſhall be Evidence of ſuch Permit, as if the ſaid Permit had been produced at the time of ſuch Seizure. 12

Fee for a Permit for Tobacco under hundred pounds weight, or other Goods under the value of 5*l.* 1*d.* For Tobacco of hundred pounds weight and upward, and other Goods of 5*l.* value and upward 3*d.*

Days for the Officers Attendance.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Collector or other Officer whatſoever in his Majeſty's Revenue, ſhall demand, receive or take any other Fee or Reward, for any Permit for Tobacco or other Goods, other than the ſeveral Fees and Rates herein after mentioned, (that is to ſay) for any Permit of any Quantity of Tobacco under one hundred pounds weight, or other Goods under the Value of five pounds, one penny and no more; and for every Permit, for any Quantity of Tobacco of one hundred pounds weight and upwards, and other Goods of the Value of five pounds and upwards, three pence and no more; And that the proper Officer appointed for the iſſuing ſuch Permits, ſhall attend every Day at the uſual Cuſtom-houſe Hours, Sundays, Chriſtmas-day, and Good-friday only excepted. 13

Duties and Forfeitures from Licences, to be paid to Officers appointed by the chief Commiſſioners of Excise.

And for the better Recovery of his Majeſty's Revenue ariſing by Licences for ſelling of Ale, Wine and ſtrong Waters, and alſo, for eaſing the Subject of tedious and expenſive Proſecutions: Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-two, the ſeveral Duties and Forfeitures ariſing from ſuch Licences reſpectively, ſhall from time to time be paid to ſuch Officer or Officers as ſhall be appointed to receive the ſame, under 14

the

the Hands and Seals of the chief Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or any three or more of them; and that in caſe of refuſal or default of ſuch Payment after a Demand made, the ſaid Officer or Officers ſo appointed as aforeſaid, may at any time with the Aſſiſtance of a Conſtable in the Day time, levy the ſaid Duties and Forfeitures for ſelling without ſuch Licence, and all the Arrears thereof, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Parties Goods, in ſuch Manner and by ſuch Means as the Revenue ariſing by Hearth-Money [a] is appointed to be levied and collected, in and by an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Additional Act for the better Ordering and Collecting the Revenue ariſing by Hearth-Money.*

And to be levied by ſuch means, as the Hearth-money is to be raiſed by 17 *Car.* 2. c. 18.

15 And whereas Diſtillers of Aquavitæ and other Strong Waters for Sale, frequently fix their Stills, Alimbecks and Black-pots in the Mountainous Parts of this Kingdom, remote from any Market-Town, with an intent to avoid the Payment of the Exciſe payable thereout to his Majeſty.

16 For Remedy whereof; be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the twenty fifth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty two, no Perſon or Perſons ſhall diſtill for Sale, any Spirits, Aquavitæ or other Strong Waters within this Kingdom, but in Stills, Black-pots or Alimbecks fixed in ſome Houſe or Tenement within ſome Market Town, or within two Miles thereof, under pain of forfeiting for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of forty Pounds, to be recovered in Manner herein after mentioned.

No Perſon to diſtill for Sale any Spirits, *&c.* but in Stills fixed in ſome Houſe in a Market-Town, or within 2 Miles thereof on pain of 40*l.*

17 Provided always, that any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall diſtill Spirits, Aquavitæ or Strong Waters for his, or their own uſe only, and not for Sale, ſhall and may keep and make uſe of any Still, Black-pots or Alimbecks, which ſhall hold or contain no greater or larger Quantity of Waſh or Pot-Ale than twelve Gallons, in their reſpective Places of Abode, and if any Still ſhall be found in the Poſſeſſion of ſuch private Diſtiller containing any larger Quantity of Waſh or Pot-Ale than as aforeſaid, that then and in ſuch caſe, every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be deemed a common Diſtiller for Sale, and ſhall be liable to pay the Duties thereout payable to his Majeſty.

Perſons diſtilling Spirits, *&c.* for their own Uſe; may keep any Stills, *&c.* not containing more than 12 Gallons of Waſh.

Keeping any larger Stills, *&c.* deemed common Diſtillers for Sale.

18 And for the more effectual prevention of the Running of Brandy, and other Foreign Spirits, and Tobacco; Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the twenty fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty two, it ſhall and may be lawful, to and for any Officer of his Majeſty's Revenue, to enter in the Day time into the Shop, Houſe, Out-houſe, Room or Ware-houſe of any Shop-keeper or other Perſon that ſhall vend or ſell Brandy, or other Foreign Spirits, or Tobacco, by Retail, and take an Account from time to time of all ſuch Spirits and Tobacco as ſhall be found in his or their Poſſeſſion, Shop, Houſe, Out-Houſe or Ware-Houſe, and to make a juſt Return thereof, ſigned under his or their Hand or Hands, in ſuch Manner as Accounts are directed to be taken, and Returns made of Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong Waters belonging to any common Brewer, Vintner, Diſtiller, Inn-keeper or Alehouſe-keeper, in and by an Act, made in the fourteenth Year of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for Settling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted.*

Officers may in the Day-time enter into the Shops, *&c.* of Retailers of Foreign Spirits, or Tobacco, and take an Account of what ſhall be there found, and make a Return thereof, in ſuch Manner as Accounts are to be taken, and Returns made of Beer, &c. by 14 *Car.* 2. C. 8.

Provided

[a] Alter'd by 7 *Geo.* 2. c. 3. and to be collected according to 14 *Car.* 2. cap. 8. See alſo 11 *Geo.* 2. cap. 3.

None to be deemed Retailers of Tobacco, Brandy, &c. but such as sell under a Gallon of Spirits, and under 300*l.* weight of Tobacco.

Provided that no Person shall be deemed a Retailer of Tobacco or Brandy, 19
and other foreign Spirits, within this Act, but such as sell Brandy or other foreign Spirits in Quantities under one Gallon, and Tobacco under the Quantity of three hundred pounds weight.

Retailers hindering Officers to enter, and take an Account forfeit 50*l.*

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if such Shop-keep- 20
er or other Person selling foreign Spirits or Tobacco, by Retail, shall refuse or hinder any such Officer of his Majesty's Revenue as aforesaid, to enter into his or their Shop, House, Store-house, Room, Out-house or other Places belonging to him or them, and to take an Account from time to time, of all such Spirits and Tobacco in his or their Possession as aforesaid, he or they so refusing, shall forfeit the Sum of fifty pounds, to be recovered and distributed as is herein after appointed.

Forfeitures, &c. (except what is herein otherwise appointed) to be sued for, &c. by such Means as are mentioned in 14 *Car.* 2. c. 8. with like Remedy of Appeal.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Forfeitures, 21
Fines and Penalties in this present Act before mentioned and expressed, except what is herein otherwise appointed, shall be sued for, prosecuted and recovered by the like Ways, Means and Methods, in such Manner and Form, as is mentioned and expressed in the said herein before mentioned Act made in the fourteenth Year of King *Charles* the second, with like Remedy of Appeal for the Party grieved; and all Seizures, Forfeitures and Fine mentioned in this Act, necessary Charges first deducted for the Recovery thereof, shall be divided (that is to say) one Moiety thereof shall be to the Use of his Majesty, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall sue or prosecute for the same.

Persons fraudulently importing Goods, and Persons aiding, &c. or rescuing Goods seized, for the 1st Offence forfeit 100*l.* and to suffer three Years Imprisonment.

And for the more effectual Prevention of Tumults and Riots, and the Se- 22
curity of his Majesty's Revenue; Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, which will be in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirty-two, every Person or Persons that shall import any exciseable Goods or Merchandizes into this Kingdom in a clandestine and fraudulent Manner, without paying his Majesty's Customs and Excise, and every Master Mariner or other Person whatsoever, that shall be aiding or assisting in the Importation of any such Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, or shall unlawfully assault or beat any such Officer or Officers, or his or their Assistant or Assistants in the due Execution of their respective Offices, and prevent his or their seizing, or securing, or carrying to the next Office of Excise, any exciseable Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes which he or they shall seize, or shall by Force rescue or carry away, or shall procure to be rescued or carried away such Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, or any part of them, then, and in any such Case, every Person so offending, and being thereof legally convicted by the Verdict of a Jury of twelve Men, or upon his or their Confession, shall for the first Offence suffer three Years Imprisonment, and also, forfeit the Sum of one hundred pounds *Sterling*, over and above the Penalties to which such Person or Persons is or are already subject by any Law now in being, and for the second Offence, being thereof convicted as aforesaid, shall be transported to some of his Majesty's Plantations in *America*, there to continue for the space of seven Years.

For the 2d Offence Transportation to the Plantations there to remain for seven Years.

Such Persons returning before the seven Years are expired, without Licence, shall suffer death as Felons without Benefit of Clergy.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that if any Person who 23
shall be transported pursuant to this Act, shall at any Time within the space of seven Years after such Transportation be found in this Kingdom, not being licensed thereunto, by his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, under his or their

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privy Seal, or by the chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom for the time being, ſuch Perſon ſhall ſuffer death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithſtanding, and ſhall and may be tried in any County of this Kingdom where he ſhall be taken or apprehended.

24 Provided alway that this Act ſhall continue in Force for the Space of two Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament and no longer. Continuation.

Anno Septimo Georgii Secundi Regis.

CAP. III.

An Act for continuing and amending an Act, Intituled, An Act for the more effectual preventing ſeveral Frauds and Abuſes committed in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Exciſe; and for ſettling the Rates of Certain Goods and Merchandizes, not particularly valued in the Book of Rates; *And for continuing and amending an Act, Intituled,* An Act for the better Securing and Collecting his Majeſty's Revenue; and alſo for preventing Frauds in the Collection thereof.

WHEREAS an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the firſt Year of your Majeſty's Reign, Intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing ſeveral Frauds and Abuſes committed in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Exciſe, and for ſettling the Rates of certain Goods and Merchandizes, not particularly valued in the Book of Rates:* And whereas an Act paſſed in this Kingdom, in the fifth Year of your Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better ſecuring and collecting his Majeſty's Revenue:* Which two ſeveral Acts were to continue until the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-three, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. Preamble. 1 *Geo.* 2. R. c. 6. 5 *Geo.* 2. R. c. 3.

2 And whereas the ſaid ſeveral Acts have been found uſeful and fit to be continued, for the more effectual Collection of his Majeſty's Revenue, and the Encouragement of the Fair-Trader; Be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that ſuch parts of the ſaid Acts, as are not herein after, or by an Act made in the third Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, [Intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Tillage, and better Employment of the Poor; and alſo for the more effectual putting in Execution, an Act, Intituled,* An Act to encourage the draining and improving of Boggs, and unprofitable low Grounds, and for eaſing and diſpatching the Inland Carriage, and Conveyance of Goods from one Part to another within this Kingdom; *and alſo for laying ſeveral Duties upon Coaches, Berlins, Chariots, Calaſhes, Chaiſes and Chairs,* Parts of the ſaid Acts 1 *Geo.* 2. and 5 *Geo.* 2. R. not altered or repealed by 3 *Geo.* 2. R. c. 3. or by this Act.

and upon Cards and Dice, and upon wrought and manufactured Gold and Silver Plate imported into, or made in Ireland, *for the Purposes therein mentioned; and also for repealing the Duties payable upon the Exportation of Wool, Bay-yarn, and Woollen-yarn, out of this Kingdom for* England] Altered or repealed, shall continue in full Force until the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, which shall be in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and thirty-five, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

Continued to 25th *March* 1735, and to the End of the next Session after.

Officers sued for Things done in Execution of their Offices, to have 20 Days Notice before Tryal.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Actions, hereafter 3
to be brought against the Officer or Officers of his Majesty's Revenue, his or their Assistant or Assistants, for any Thing done by him or them in the Execution of his or their Office, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in every such Action, shall give Notice of Tryal, at least, twenty Days before the Tryal of any such Action, to the Defendant or Defendants, or his or their Attorney or Attorneys; and that, in like Manner, if the Tryal of such Action shall be brought on by Proviso, the like Notice shall be given by such Defendant or Defendants, to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, his or their Attorney or Attorneys.

Cap. 3.

And whereas, in the said Act, made in the fifth Year of your Majesty's 4
Reign, It is enacted, *That the several Duties and Forfeitures arising by Licences for selling of Ale, Wine, and strong Waters, should be paid, from time to time, to such Officer or Officers as should be appointed to receive the same, under the Hands and Seals of the chief Commissioners of Excise, or any three or more of them; and that, in case of Refusal, or Default of Payment, after a Demand made, the said Officer or Officers might, with the Assistance of a Constable, levy the said Duties and Forfeitures, by Distress and Sale of the Parties Goods, in such Manner, and by such Means, as the Revenue arising by Hearth-money is appointed to be collected, in and by an Act made in the seventeenth Year of King* Charles *the second, intituled,* An additional Act for the better ordering and collecting the Revenue arising by Hearth-money: And whereas the same has been found ineffectual, for recovering the several Duties and Forfeitures arising from such Licences:

Duties, &c. arising by Licences for selling of Ale, &c. shall be collected by such Means as are directed by 14 *Car.* 2. c. 8.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth 5
Day of *March*, one thousand seven hundred and thirty-four, the several Duties and Forfeitures arising from such Licences and Forfeitures, shall be raised, answered, collected and paid unto your Majesty, your Heirs and Successors, by such Ways, Means and Methods, as are appointed, directed and expressed, by an Act made in this Kingdom in the fourteenth Year of King *Charles* the second, [a] Intituled, *An Act for the settling of the Excise, or new Impost, upon his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted.*

5 *Geo.* 2. R. c. 3.

And whereas it is also, amongst other Things, in and by the said Act of the 6
fifth Year of your Majesty's Reign, enacted, *That if any Suit, from and after the twenty-fifth Day of* March, *one thousand seven hundred and thirty-two, should be brought against any Officer or Officers of his Majesty's Revenue in this Kingdom, or any Person that may aid and assist such Officer and Officers, concerning any Matter or Thing done by him or them, in Execution of his or their Office or Offices, that such Officer or Officers, his or their Aiders and Assistants, may plead the general Issue, not guilty; and, upon Issue joined, may give the special Matter in Evidence, to the Jury who should try the same: And also, that the Officers of his Majesty's Revenue*

[a] Altered by 11 *Geo.* 2. c. 3.

Revenue may give, in Evidence, an atteſted Copy of the Entry in any of the Books of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue, or in the Collectors Books of that Diſtrict where he or they acted as an Officer or Officers, to prove that he or they was or were an Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue; and that the ſaid atteſted Copy, being duly proved, ſhould be deemed, in all Courts of Record in this Kingdom, to be ſufficient Evidence of his or their being a legal Officer or Officers, without producing the original Commiſſion: And whereas a Doubt hath ariſen, whether ſuch Officer or Officers, his or their Aiders and Aſſiſtants, may, upon an Indictment or Information againſt ſuch Officer or Officers, give the Copy of ſuch Entry in the ſaid Commiſſioners or Collectors Books, reſpectively, in Evidence, on any Tryal to be had on ſuch Indictment or Information, without producing the original Commiſſion by which ſuch Officer or Officers were conſtituted:

Officers ſued, indicted, &c. may give in Evidence an atteſted Copy of the Entry in the Books of the Commiſſioners, &c. to prove they are Officers.

7 Be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Suits, Indictments or Informations, brought againſt ſuch Officer or Officers, where it may be neceſſary to prove the Commiſſion or Commiſſions of any of the Officers of his Majeſty's Revenue, ſuch Copy of the Entry in any of the Books of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue, or of the Entry in the Collectors Books where ſuch Officer or Officers acted, ſhall, being firſt duly proved, be allowed to be a ſufficient Evidence in all Courts of Record in this Kingdom, without producing ſuch original Commiſſion by which ſuch Officer or Officers were appointed.

17 and 18 *Car.* 2. c. 18.

8 And whereas ſome Doubts have been made, concerning the Perſons who are deemed Retailers of Wine, by the Act paſſed in the ſeventeenth and eighteenth Years of King *Charles* the ſecond, Intituled, *An Act for the better ordering the ſelling of Wines and Aquavitæ, together with all Sorts of ſtrong Waters by Retail:* Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Perſons ſelling, or uttering Wine, by any Quantity under one Gallon, ſhall be deemed, and taken to be Retailers, within the Meaning of the ſaid Act.

Perſons ſelling leſs than a Gallon of Wine deemed Retailers.

9 And whereas great Frauds have been carried on by common Brewers, in altering the Situation and Poſition of their Backs and Coolers, after the ſame have been fixed by the proper Officer, either by raiſing with Wedges, or otherwiſe, that Part of the ſaid Cooler, or Coolers, which is commonly made uſe of for the dipping Place, or by placing of Wood, Lead, or ſome other Material, in the Inſide of the ſaid Cooler, or Coolers, where the Dips are uſually taken, by the Officer of Exciſe; For Remedy whereof,

No common Brewer to alter the Situation, &c. of any Back or Cooler without Notice given to the Exciſe-Officer, on pain of 5*l.* to be recovered as directed by 14 *Car.* 2. c. 8. with like Remedy of Appeal.

10 Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from the firſt Day of *May*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-four, no common [a] Brewer of Beer or Ale, ſhall, without giving Notice thereof in Writing to the Officer, or Surveyor of Exciſe of the Diſtrict, or Diviſion wherein he reſides, alter, or ſuffer the Situation, Poſition, or dipping Place, to be altered, of any Back or Cooler, ſo by them made uſe of, under the Penalty of five pounds *Sterling*, the ſame to be recovered and levied, in ſuch Manner as is preſcribed, in, and by the before mentioned Act, made in the fourteenth Year of King *Charles* the ſecond, Intituled, *An Act for ſettling the Exciſe, or new Impoſt, upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein*

[a] But ſee 11 *Geo.* 2. cap. 3.

therein inſerted, with like Remedy of Appeal to the Party that ſhall think himſelf aggrieved, or injured, as by the ſaid Act is provided.

Continuance. Provided always, That this Act ſhall continue in Force until the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, which will be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-five, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer. 11

CAP. X.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the further Regulation and Improvement of the Flaxen and Hempen Manufactures.

Preamble. 6 *Ann.* c. 9. WHEREAS by an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of her Majeſty Queen *Anne*, [Intituled, *An Act for the further Encouragement and Improvement of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures*] It is enacted, That *whoſoever ſhall import, or cauſe to be imported into this Kingdom, any good and ſound Hemp-ſeed of the Growth of* Ruſſia, Germany, *the* Netherlands, *and the Eaſt Country, within the ſpace of nine Years next after the twenty-fourth Day of* December *one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeven, ſhall receive for every Hogſhead of ſuch Hemp-ſeed, as a Premium, the Sum of five Shillings* Sterling, *to be paid by ſuch Officer or Officers, and in ſuch Manner as Drawbacks are uſually paid.*

8 *Ann.* c. 12. And whereas by an Act made in the eighth Year of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne* [Intituled, *An Act to amend the Defects of ſuch Acts as have been made relating to the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures, and to encourage the further Improvement thereof*] The ſame Premium of five Shillings is given for every Hogſhead of Flax-ſeed imported, of the Growth of any of the ſaid Countries for the ſame Term, and in the ſame Manner as is given for Hemp-ſeed by the ſaid firſt recited Act. 2

2 *Geo.* 1. R. c. 13. And whereas by an Act, made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the firſt [Intituled, *An Act for continuing the Encouragement given by former Acts of Parliament to the Flaxen and Hempen Manufactures; and for the further Improvement and Regulation of the ſame*] the ſaid Premium of five Shillings *per* Hogſhead for the Importation of Flax-ſeed, and Hemp-ſeed is continued until the twenty-fourth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. 3

Præmium upon Flax-ſeed, and Hemp-ſeed imported continued for 7 Years from 24th of *December* 1737, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament. And whereas the Continuance of the ſaid Premiums would very much conduce to the Advantage of the ſaid Manufactures; Be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that the ſaid Premium upon the Importation of ſuch Flax-ſeed, and Hemp-ſeed, as aforeſaid, ſhall be continued for ſeven Years from the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-ſeven, and from thence to the End of the next enſuing Seſſion 4

of

of Parliament, to be paid in the ſame Manner as by the ſaid firſt recited Act is directed; and that from the twenty-fourth Day of *June* next, until the twenty-fourth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-four, the like Premium of five Shillings *per* Hogſhead, each Hogſhead containing ſeven Buſhels, ſhall be given for ſound Merchantable Flax-ſeed and Hemp-ſeed imported into this Kingdom, of the Growth of any of the *Engliſh* Plantations in *America*, to be paid as aforeſaid.

The like Præmium given for Flax-ſeed and Hemp-ſeed of the Growth of the *Engliſh* Plantation in *America*, from 24th *June* 1734, to 24th *December* 1744.

5 Provided that from and after the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June* next, and until the twenty-fourth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-four, every Merchant who ſhall export any Hemp-ſeed or Flax-ſeed, ſhall, for every Hogſhead thereof ſo exported, pay five Shillings Cuſtom to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, unleſs Oath be made before the Commiſſioners, Sub-commiſſioners, or Officer of the Port where ſuch Flax-ſeed and Hemp-ſeed ſhall be exported, that the ſame was of the Growth of this Kingdom.

5*s.* Cuſtom to be paid for every Hogſhead of Flax-ſeed and Hemp-ſeed exported from 24th *June* 1734, to 24th *December* 1744, except of *Iriſh* Growth.

6 And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon ſhall be intitled to receive the Premium hereby, or by any former Act of Parliament, given for the Importation of Flax-ſeed or Hemp-ſeed, until he hath made Oath before the Collector of the Cuſtoms in the Port where ſuch Seed ſhall be imported, expreſſing the Name of the Country from whence he believes the ſame was imported, and that he verily believes it to be ſound and good, and of the Growth of the Summer then next preceding; any Thing in this Act or any former Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Perſon intitled to the Præmium for Flax-ſeed or Hemp-ſeed imported until Oath be made what Country it was brought from, and that it is ſound and good as he believes, and of the Growth of the next preceding Summer.

9 And whereas, by an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne* [Intituled, *An Act to enforce ſuch Acts as have been made for the Improvement of the Linnen Manufacture; and for a further Regulation of the ſame*] an additional Duty of one Shilling and ſix pence, *per* Yard, was laid upon all white, painted and ſtained Calicoes, and ſix pence *per* Yard on all Linnens, which ſhould be imported into this Kingdom, to be applied to encourage the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures thereof; which ſaid Duties have been, by ſeveral Acts, continued until the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-five, and from thence to the End of the Seſſion of Parliament then next enſuing.

9 *Ann.* c. 3.

10 And whereas, by an Act made in the firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, [Intituled, *An Act for the further Improvement of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures of this Kingdom*] the like additional Duty of one Shilling and Six Pence *per* Yard, is laid upon all painted and ſtained Muſlins, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, to continue for the ſame Time, and to be paid in like Manner, as the ſaid additional Duty on white, painted and ſtained Calicoes.

1 *Geo.* 2. R. c. 11.

11 Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid additional Rate, or Duty of one Shilling and ſix pence for every Yard of ſuch white, painted or ſtained Calicoe, and painted and ſtained Muſlin, and ſix pence for every Yard of any ſort of Linnen Cloth, not of the Growth or Manufacture of *Great-Britain*, ſhall be, and continue, due and payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for all ſuch white, painted and ſtained Calicoes and Linnens, and painted and ſtained Muſlins, as ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, until the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand

Additional Duties of 1*s.* 6*d. per* Yard on Calicoe, and painted Muſlin, and 6*d. per* Yard on Linnen, except *Britiſh* imported, continued until 25th *December* 1744, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament after.

ſand ſeven hundred and forty-four, and from thence to the End of the Seſſion of Parliament then next enſuing: Which ſaid additional Duties on white, painted and ſtained Calicoes and Linnens, and painted and ſtained Muſlins, ſhall during the Continuance thereof, be applied to the Uſes of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures of this Kingdom, and be ſubject to the Diſpoſal, Order and Management of the Truſtees appointed for encouraging the ſaid Manufactures.

And to be applied to the Uſes of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures.

And whereas a Clauſe in the ſaid Act made in the ſecond Year of his late 12
Majeſty King *George* the firſt, whereby a Præmium of two pence for the Cheaper, and four pence for Main-ſail Canvas, was given, for the Term of ten Years; and which, by another Act made in the tenth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the firſt, [Intituled, *An Act for amending the ſeveral Laws, now in Force, for encouraging the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures in this Kingdom; and for the further Improvement thereof*] was continued for a further Term of eight Years, from the End of the ſaid Term of ten Years, which is now near expiring, but fit to be continued:

2 *Geo.* 1. R. c. 13.

10 *Geo.* 1. R. c. 2.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid recited Clauſe, 13
in the ſaid recited Act contained, ſhall continue, and remain in full Force and Effect, until the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-four, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer.

Præmium for Sail-cloth exported continued until 25th *December* 1744, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament after.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Perſon or 14
Perſons, who ſhall hereafter make, or cauſe to be made, any Sail-cloth of *Iriſh* Hemp into any Main-ſails or Top-ſails, for the Uſe or Furniture of any Ship or Ships, upon the taking ſuch Oath as is mentioned in the ſaid Statute of the ſecond Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the firſt, and upon a further Affidavit of the Sail-maker, to be made before the ſame Officer, before whom the ſaid other Oath is to be taken, who is hereby impowered to adminiſter an Oath for that purpoſe, of his having got and made ſuch Sail-cloth, into Sails, ſhall have, be paid, and be intitled to the like Præmiums, and to be paid in like Manner, for each Yard of ſuch Sail-cloth, as by the ſaid Act of the ſecond Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty is directed, and hereby granted, directed and appointed, for Sail-cloth exported.

Præmium to be paid for Sail-cloth of *Iriſh* Hemp made into Sails, in like Manner as for Sail-cloth exported, the Sail-maker making Oath of the cutting and making thereof into Sails.

Anno Nono Georgii Secundi Regis.

CAP. I.

Two Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for granting and continuing to his Majeſty, an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong Waters, Wine, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned.

AND be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with 2
the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the

ſame

ſame, that the ſeveral and reſpective Duties and Impoſitions on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Wine, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes, which, in and by an Act of Parliament, made and paſſed in the firſt Year of your Majeſty's Reign, [intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty, an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Wine, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned; and alſo, a Tax on Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees and Penſions; and for ſecuring the Re-payment of fifty thouſand Pounds* Sterl. *formerly advanced to his late Majeſty for the Uſe of the Publick, together with the Intereſt thereof*] were granted unto your Majeſty, or chargeable in Manner therein mentioned, from the twenty fifth Day of *March* one thouſand ſeven hundred twenty and eight, to the twenty fifth Day of *December* one thouſand ſeven hundred twenty and nine, incluſive; and which, by one other Act, made and paſſed in the third Year of your Majeſty's Reign [intituled, *An Act for granting and continuing to his Majeſty an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Wine, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes therein mentioned*] were continued until the twenty fifth Day of *December*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred thirty and one, incluſive; and which were further granted and continued from time to time by ſubſequent Acts of Parliament made in this Kingdom, until the twenty fifth Day of *December*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred thirty and five, incluſive; be further granted, continued, raiſed, collected, levied and paid unto your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, from the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred thirty and five, until the twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred thirty and ſeven, incluſive.

Cap. 4.

Cap. 1.

Additional Duties, and Tax on Salaries, &c. continued until 25th *December* 1737.

3 Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if the ſaid Wines, Strong-Waters, Spirits perfectly made, and Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine and Brandy, or Spirits above proof, upon which the ſaid additional Duties are charged, ſhall, after Payment thereof, or Security given for the ſame, be again exported by any Merchant or Merchants, that is or are a Subject or Subjects of this Realm, or any other his Majeſty's Dominions, within eighteen Months, or by Merchants Strangers within twelve Months, after the Importation thereof, and due proof, firſt made, by Certificate from the proper Officer, of the due Entry of ſuch Wines, Strong-Waters, Spirits perfectly made, and Spirits made and diſtilled of Wine, Brandy, or Spirits, above proof, and of the Payment of the ſaid additional Duties hereby granted and charged thereon, or Security being given for the ſame, and that all other requiſites have been performed, which are by Law required to be performed in caſes where the Duties of Exciſe are to be re-paid, by vertue of the before-mentioned Act [Intituled,[a] *An Act for the Settling of the Exciſe, or new Impoſt, upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*] that then the ſaid additional Duties ſhall, without any Delay or Reward, be re-paid or allowed unto ſuch Merchant or Merchants ſo exporting the ſame, within one Month after Demand thereof, or the Security for the ſaid additional Duties by this Act charged, ſhall be vacated or diſcharged, as to ſo much as ſhall be ſo exported; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Additional Duties on Wines and Spirits to be repaid to Subjects within 18 Months, or to Strangers within 12 Months after Exportation.

Within a Month after Demand, or the Security vacated.

[a] By 11 *Geo.* 2. c. 3. not to be repaid for Spirits exported in Casks under 50 Gallons.

CAP.

CAP. II.

An Act for Granting to his Majeſty a further additional Duty on Wine, Silk, Hops, China, Earthen, Japanned or laquered Ware, and Vinegar, and alſo, a Tax of four Shillings in the Pound on all Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees and Penſions, to be applied to pay an Intereſt of five Pounds per. Cent. per Annum, *for the Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, or ſuch Part thereof, as ſhall remain unpaid on the twenty fifth Day of* December, *one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, and towards the Diſcharge of the ſaid Principal Sum.*

Preamble. Cap. 2.

WHereas, in purſuance of an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the fifth Year of your Majeſty's Reign [Intituled, *An Act for Granting to his Majeſty a further additional Duty on Wine, Silk, Hops, China, Earthen, Japanned or laquered Ware, and Vinegar, and alſo, a Tax of four Shillings in the Pound on all Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees and Penſions, to be applied to pay an Intereſt of five Pounds* per. Cent. per Annum, *for the Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, and towards the Diſcharge of the ſaid Principal Sum*] Orders or Receipts were iſſued out of your Majeſty's Treaſury for the Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, bearing an Intereſt at the Rate of five Pounds *per Cent. per Annum.*

1

Cap. 2.

And whereas, the ſeveral Aids and Duties thereby granted to your Majeſty were, by one other Act made and paſſed in the Seventh Year of your Majeſty's Reign [Intituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty a further additional Duty on Wine, Silk, Hops, China, Earthen, Japanned or laquered Ware, and Vinegar, and alſo, a Tax of four Shillings in the Pound on all Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees, and Penſions, to be applied to pay an Intereſt of five Pounds,* per Cent. per Annum, *for the Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, or ſuch Part thereof, as ſhall remain unpaid on the twenty fifth Day of* December, *one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty three, and towards the Diſcharge of the ſaid Principal Sum*] continued until the twenty fifth Day of *December*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred thirty and five inclusive, for the Payment of the ſaid three hundred thouſand Pounds, and Intereſt, or ſuch Part thereof as remained unpaid on the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty three.

2

And whereas, the ſeveral Aids and Duties thereby granted to your Majeſty, have not proved ſufficient to pay and diſcharge the ſaid three hundred thouſand Pounds, and Intereſt, or ſuch Part thereof as remained unpaid on the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty three, but the greateſt Part of the ſaid Principal Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds will remain unpaid and unſatisfied, on the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five.

3

Therefore

4 Therefore be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that for the ſaid Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, or for ſo much thereof as ſhall remain unpaid on the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, there ſhall be paid at the Receipt of your Majeſty's *Exchequer*, by the Hands of the Vice-Treaſurer or Paymaſter-General, Vice-Treaſurers or Paymaſters-General, his or their Deputy or Deputies, at the end of every ſix Calendar Months, from the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, to the Perſon or Perſons who have paid or lent the ſame, his, her or their Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, an Intereſt according to the Rate of five Pounds *per Cent. per Annum*, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions, Defalcations and Abatements whatſoever, from and after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, until ſuch time as they be reſpectively paid their principal Money at one entire Payment.

Intereſt to be paid for the Loan half yearly according to the Rate of 5*l.* *per Cent. per. Ann.*

5 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be intitled to any Part of the ſaid Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, which ſhall be unpaid on the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, and ſhall not be willing to continue the ſame at the Intereſt of five Pounds *per Annum*, ſhall upon the Aſſignment of their unſatisfied Orders or Receipts to the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, be paid the principal Sum ſo due to them on the ſaid Twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, and all Intereſt then due thereon; And the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, ſhall and may Aſſign ſuch Receipts or Orders to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall advance the principal Money due thereon; which Receipts or Orders ſo to be aſſigned by the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, ſhall intitle the Aſſignees thereof to the principal Money due thereon, and to all Intereſt to grow due for the ſame from the Dates of ſuch Aſſignments reſpectively.

Perſons unwilling to continue their Money at 5*l.* *per Cent. per Annum* Intereſt, ſhall upon Aſſignment of their Orders, be paid.

Vice-Treaſurer, *&c.* may aſſign ſuch Orders to Perſons advancing the principal Money due thereon.

6 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every Perſon or Perſons, to whom ſuch Orders or Receipts for the ſaid Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, or any Part thereof, have been given, his, her or their Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns, may by Indorſements on ſuch Orders or Receipts, transfer the right and benefit of the Sum due upon ſuch Orders or Receipts, which Indorſement, upon Notice to the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, and an Entry or Memorial thereof made in the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer's Office (which the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies ſhall, upon Requeſt, without Charge, Fee or Reward, make accordingly, and ſhall on requeſt, permit the ſame to be viewed at the uſual Office Hours, without Fee or Reward) ſhall intitle the Indorſee or Aſſignee, his or her Executors, Adminiſtrators and Aſſigns, to the ſole Benefit of the Sum ſo transferred or aſſigned: And that the ſaid Order or Receipt may in like Manner be aſſigned or transferred by ſuch Aſſignee, his or her Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns, and ſo *toties quoties*; and that after ſuch Aſſignment, it ſhall not be in the Power of the Perſon or Perſons who made ſuch Aſſignment to make void, Releaſe or diſcharge the ſaid Aſſignment, or the Sum thereby transferred or aſſigned, or any Part thereof.

Perſons to whom ſuch Orders are given may by Indorſements thereon transfer their Rights.

Indorſee or Aſſignee intitled thereby to the ſole Benefit of the Sum transferred.

And to the End and Intent, that the Intereſt of the ſaid Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, or ſo much thereof as ſhall remain unpaid on the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, after the Rate of five Pounds *per Cent. per Annum*, may be duly and regularly paid half yearly, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act. 7

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the twenty fifth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in this preſent Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, there ſhall be, throughout this your Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, raiſed, levied, collected, and paid to your Majeſty, until the twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty ſeven, incluſive, and no longer, over and above the Rates and Duties already payable for the ſame, and over and above the ſeveral additional Duties granted and continued to your Majeſty this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, by an Act intituled, *An Act for Granting and Continuing to his Majeſty an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Wine, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes, therein mentioned*, the ſeveral further new additional Rates and Duties herein after mentioned, that is to ſay, one Pound thirteen Shillings *per* Tun for, and upon all ſorts of Wines of the Growth of *Portugal*, and three Pounds *per* Tun for, and upon all other ſorts of Wine, that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, from the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, to the twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty ſeven, incluſive, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity; And alſo the Sum of two Shillings and ſix Pence *per* Pound-Weight for, and upon all Manufactures made of Silk, (except the Manufactures of *Great-Britain*, *China*, *Perſia*, or the *Eaſt-Indies*,) that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, during the Time aforeſaid; and alſo, one halfpenny *per* Pound-Weight for, and upon all Hops, that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, during the time aforeſaid; and alſo, five Pounds *per Cent.* for, and upon all *China*, Earthen, Japanned or laquered Ware, that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, during the time aforeſaid, as valued or rated for Cuſtom by the Book of Rates, annexed to an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second in this Kingdom, intituled, *An Act for Settling the Subſidy of Poundage, and granting a Subſidy of Tunnage, and other Sums of Money, unto his Royal Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the ſame to be paid upon Merchandizes imported and exported into or out of the Kingdom of* Ireland, *according to a Book of Rates hereunto annexed*; and alſo, twenty Shillings *per* Tun for, and upon all ſorts of Vinegar, that ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, during the Time aforeſaid; and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity. 8

Further new additional Duties granted (*viz.*) upon *Portugal* Wines, 1*l.* 13*s.* *per* Tun, Upon all other Wines imported, 3*l.* *per* Tun.

For wrought Silks imported (except of *Great-Britain*, *China*, *Perſia*, or the *Eaſt-Indies*) 2*s.* 6*d.* *per* Pound weight, For Hops imported, ½*d.* *per* pound weight; For China, Earthen, Japanned, or laquered Ware imported 5*l.* *per Cent.* as valued or rated for Cuſtom;

And 20*s.* *per* Tun for Vinegar imported.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any of the ſaid Goods and Merchandizes on which the ſaid additional Duties are charged, ſhall, after Payment thereof, or Security given for the ſame, be again exported by any Merchant or Merchants, that is or are a Subject or Subjects of this Realm, or any other his Majeſty's Dominions, within eighteen Months, or by Merchant Strangers within twelve Months after the Importation thereof, and due proof firſt made, by Certificate from the proper Officers, of the due Entry of the Goods and Merchandizes hereby charged with the ſaid Duties, and of the Payment of the additional Duties hereby granted and charged thereon, 9

Debenture to be paid or Security to be vacated on Exportation of the ſaid Goods, by Subjects in 18 Months, or by Strangers in 12 Months.

thereon, or Security having been given for the ſame, and that all other Requiſites have been performed which are, by Law, required to be performed, in caſes where the Duties of Exciſe are to be repaid, by vertue of an Act made in this Kingdom in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second [intituled, *An Act for the Settling of the Exciſe, or new Impoſt, upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*] that then the ſaid additional Duties ſhall, without any delay, be repaid or allowed unto ſuch Merchant or Merchants ſo exporting the ſame, within one Month after demand thereof, or the Security for the ſaid additional Duties hereby charged, ſhall be vacated or diſcharged, as to ſo much as ſhall be ſo exported; any Thing herein to the contrary notwithſtanding. Cap. 8.

10 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every the ſeveral and reſpective additional Duties hereby granted, ſhall be raiſed, anſwered, collected, and paid unto your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Time aforeſaid, at the ſame time, in like Manner, and by ſuch Ways, Means and Methods, and by ſuch Rules and Directions, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Powers, as are appointed, directed, and expreſſed, in and by the ſaid Act, made in this Kingdom in the fourteenth Year of King *Charles* the Second [Intituled, *An Act for the Settling of the Exciſe, or new Impoſt, upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*] or by any other Law now in Force, relating to the Revenue or Exciſe, in this Kingdom, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame were herein particularly mentioned, expreſſed and enacted again, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the ſaid Act of Exciſe, or any other Law now in Force, relating to the Duties of Exciſe, is provided.

The ſaid Duties to be collected by ſuch Ways, &c. as are appointed by 14 and 15 *Car.* 2. cap. 8.

Or by any other Law now in Force relating to the Revenue.

With like Remedy of Appeal for the Party grieved.

11 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every Perſon and Perſons, who ſhall have upon the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, or who ſhall have at any time, between the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, and the twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty ſeven, incluſive, any Salary, Profits of Employments, Fees or Penſions, in this Kingdom, ſhall pay unto your Majeſty the full Sum of four Shillings *Sterling*, out of every twenty Shillings a Year, which he, ſhe, or they, do or ſhall receive, or be intitled unto, by reaſon of ſuch Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees or Penſions, over and above the Charges and Expences of executing the ſaid Employments, unleſs ſuch Perſon or Perſons do, and ſhall live and actually reſide within this Kingdom, for and during the Space of ſix Calendar Months at leaſt, in each of the ſaid Years; which ſaid Tax, or Duty, of four Shillings *Sterling*, out of every twenty Shillings a Year, as aforeſaid, out of ſuch reſpective Salaries and Penſions, ſhall be ſtopped and deducted yearly, during the Time and Term aforeſaid, by the Vice-Treaſurer, Paymaſter and Receiver-General of your Majeſty's Revenue, or by ſuch Perſon or Perſons, who paid the ſame; and which ſaid Tax of four Shillings in the Pound, to be ſtopped and deducted as aforeſaid, by the Perſon or Perſons, who are to pay the ſaid Salaries, ſhall be by him, or them, paid to the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, to be accounted for to your Majeſty; and alſo, that the ſaid Tax of four Shillings in the Pound, to be ſtopt or deducted

Perſons who have Salaries, &c. and do not reſide in *Ireland* 6 Calendar Months at leaſt in the Year, ſhall pay 4*s. Sterl.* out of every 20*s.* a year, out of ſuch Salaries, &c.

To be ſtopped by the Deputies of ſuch Vice-Treaſurer, &c.

Perſons, and paid to the

deducted out of the Profits, and Fees of any Perſon or Perſons, ſo abſent, as aforeſaid, ſhall be ſtopped by the reſpective Deputy and Deputies, of ſuch Perſon and Perſons, ſo abſent, as aforeſaid, and paid by them to the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, to be accounted for to your Majeſty; and, that ſuch Deputy or Deputies ſhall, within one Calendar Month, after ſuch Tax ſhall become due, give in, upon Oath, an account, before the Lord chief Baron, or any of the Barons of the *Exchequer*, or any two Juſtices of the Peace, of the neat Profits of ſuch Employment or Employments, for which ſuch Deputy or Deputies are or ſhall be accountable to their Principals; which Account, ſuch Perſon or Perſons, to whom the ſame ſhall be given upon Oath, as aforeſaid, ſhall, forthwith, ſend to the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer or Vice Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies; and in caſe ſuch Deputy or Deputies ſhall omit or neglect to give in, upon Oath, ſuch account within the time herein before, for that Purpoſe, appointed, ſuch Deputy or Deputies, neglecting or omitting the ſame, from the Time of ſuch Omiſſion or Neglect, ſhall be incapable of exerciſing or holding ſuch Deputation, and ſhall alſo forfeit the Sum of one hundred Pounds, *Sterling*, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Dublin*, one Moiety thereof to the Uſe of his Majeſty, and the other Moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall ſue for the ſame, in which Suit no Eſſoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed.

Deputies to give in upon Oath before the Lord chief Baron, *&c.* of the *Exchequer*, *&c.* an account of the neat Profits of ſuch Employments.

Such account to be forthwith ſent to the Vice-Treaſurer, *&c.*

Deputies neglecting or omitting the ſame, to be incapable of holding ſuch Deputation, and to forfeit 100*l. Sterl.*

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the Secretary or Secretaries of the Commiſſioners of your Majeſty's Revenue, the Agent and Agents of the ſeveral Regiments, upon the Eſtabliſhment of this Kingdom, and the Agent and Agents of the ſeveral Perſons, who are intitled to receive any Salaries or Penſions, upon your Majeſty's Eſtabliſhment, ſhall reſpectively, on or before the laſt Day of *February*, yearly, deliver in upon Oath, (which Oath the ſaid Lord chief Baron, or any one of the Barons of your Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, or any two Juſtices of the Peace, are hereby required and impowered to Adminiſter) to the beſt of their Knowledge, a Liſt or Account of ſuch of the Officers of the Revenue, and the Officers of the ſaid Regiments, of the degree of a Field Officer, and of the Perſon or Perſons, who are intitled to receive any ſuch Salaries or Penſions, who ſhall have been abſent, and out of this Kingdom, for ſix Calendar Months in the Year, ending the twenty fifth Day of *December*, next preceding; and in caſe ſuch Secretary or Secretaries, Agent or Agents, ſhall refuſe or neglect to deliver in ſuch Liſts reſpectively, he or they ſhall be diſabled from holding and enjoying the ſaid Office of Secretary or Secretaries, or from being Agent or Agents. 12

Secretary of the Commiſſioners of the Revenue, and Agents of Regiments, and Agents of the Perſons intitled to receive Salaries, *&c.* to deliver in upon Oath yearly a Liſt of Abſentees.

Such Secretary, or Agents refuſing or neglecting, to be diſabled to hold his Office, or to be Agents.

Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, that this Act ſhall not extend to charge the ſaid Tax or Duty of four Shillings, *Sterling*, a Year, on every twenty Shillings, as aforeſaid, upon the Salary, Penſion, Fees, or Profits of Employments, payable to the Lord Lieutenant or other chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom, for the Time being, his or their Secretary or Secretaries; nor to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall, within one Month after ſuch Tax ſhall become payable, be exempted from the payment thereof by his Majeſty's Sign Manual, produced for that Purpoſe, and lodged with the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers of this Kingdom, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, within one Month after the ſaid Tax ſhall become due; nor to the Officers of ſuch Regiments as now are, or hereafter ſhall be commanded 13

Chief Governor, and his Secretary, Perſons exempted by the King's Sign Manual, Officers commanded abroad, Half-pay Officers, Widows of Officers, and Officers under the Degree of a Field-Officer, not chargeable with the ſaid Tax.

commanded abroad, on his Majeſty's Service; nor to the half Pay Officers on the Eſtabliſhment of this Kingdom; nor to the Widows of Officers; nor to any Officer under the degree of a Field Officer.

14 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that neither the ſix pence *per* Pound, nor any other Fees, ſhall be payable to, or be deducted or received by the Vice-Treaſurer, Receiver or Pay-maſter General, Clerk of the *Pells*, or any other Officer or Officers of this Kingdom, for or on account of, or out of the Aids hereby granted to your Majeſty, or of any Payment to be made thereout, in purſuance of this Act. No Fees to be deducted by the Vice-Treaſurer, *&c.* out of the Aids hereby granted.

15 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſeveral Duties and Aids, and the ſaid Tax of four Shillings in the Pound, hereby granted to your Majeſty, ſhall in the firſt Place be applied and paid by the Vice Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, to the diſcharge of the Intereſt of the ſaid Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, or ſo much thereof as ſhall remain unpaid on the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, and that all the Surplus of the ſaid Aids and Duties hereby granted to your Majeſty, over and above what ſhall be ſufficient to diſcharge the ſaid Intereſt of the ſaid Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, or ſo much thereof as ſhall be unpaid on the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, ſhall be applied towards the diſcharge of the ſaid principal Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, or ſo much thereof as ſhall be unpaid on the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, in Manner herein after mentioned (*viz.*) That when and as often as ſuch Surplus received by the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, ſhall amount to the Sum of five thouſand Pounds, that then the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, ſhall cauſe the Numbers of all the Receipts or Orders which ſhall remain unſatisfied on the twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, and the Sums therein contained, to be written on ſeveral Tickets or pieces of Parchment, and to be rolled and ſewed up and put into a Box or Urn, and well mixed together, and an indifferent Perſon ſhall publickly between the hours of ten and twelve in the Forenoon, of a Day to be by the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies publickly advertiſed in the *Dublin Gazette* for that Purpoſe, at leaſt twenty Days before, at the Office of the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, draw out of ſuch Box or Urn, as many of the ſaid Tickets or pieces of Parchment, as the Sums therein contained ſhall amount to the ſaid Sum of five thouſand Pounds, and the Perſon or Perſons, the Number of whoſe Order or Receipt ſhall be ſo drawn, his or their Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns, ſhall within twenty Days after the ſaid Tickets or pieces of Parchments ſhall be drawn, be paid by the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, the principal Sums to him or them reſpectively due, with Intereſt for the ſame after the Rate of five Pounds *per Cent. per Annum* till paid, and ſhall upon Payment thereof, deliver up his and their ſeveral and reſpective Orders and Receipts to the ſaid Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, to be cancelled, which he or they are hereby required to cancel accordingly, and the Intereſt payable by vertue of ſuch Orders or Receipts ſhall ceaſe from the Expiration of twenty Days, to

The ſaid Duties and Tax of 4*s.* in the Pound to be firſt applied to pay the Intereſt of the Loan.

And the Surplus towards the Diſcharge of the principal Sum of 300000*l.*

The Manner how.

to be accounted for from the Day of drawing the ſaid Tickets or pieces of Parchment.

If any Part of the principal ſhall be unpaid on the 25th *December* 1737, the ſame ſhall be paid with Intereſt at 5*l. per Cent.*

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Part of the 16
ſaid principal Sum of three hundred thouſand Pounds, ſhall be due and unpaid on the twenty fifth Day of *December*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty ſeven, the ſame ſhall be well and truly ſatisfied and paid unto the ſeveral and reſpective Perſons, their Executors, Adminiſtrators and Aſſigns reſpectively, to whom the ſame ſhall be then due, together with ſuch Intereſt for the ſame as ſhall be then due, at the Rate of five Pounds *per Cent. per Annum*, without any Deduction, Defalcation or Abatement whatſoever.

A ſeparate account to be kept by the proper Officers of the Aids, *&c.* granted by this Act, or any other Act, and appropriated to particular Uſes. Accomptant-General to return a ſeparate account to the Treaſury of appropriated Duties. Collectors to take ſeparate Receipts for the ſame from the Treaſury.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the 17
ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty five, a ſeparate and diſtinct account ſhall be kept, by the proper Officers, of the Aids, Duties and Taxes granted by this Act, or any other Act of Parliament now in Force in this Kingdom, and appropriated to particular Uſes; and that the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue ſhall Return their weekly Abſtracts from the ſeveral Collectors, to the Accomptant-General; and that the Accomptant-General ſhall return a ſeparate account of the ſeveral Duties and Taxes ſo appropriated, to the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies; and that every Collector or Receiver of the ſaid Duties and Taxes do take a ſeparate Receipt for the ſame, when paid into his Majeſty's Treaſury, which ſaid Receipt the Vice-Treaſurer or Vice-Treaſurers, his or their Deputy or Deputies, is and are hereby required to give accordingly.

CAP. IV.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the further Encouragement and Improvement of the Flaxen and Hempen Manufactures.

No Premium to be paid for Sail-cloth but ſuch as ſhall be produced to the proper Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe in Bolts containing 36 Yards at leaſt, which are to be cut thro' the middle by the ſaid Officers.

BE it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt 5
Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty ſix, no Perſon whatſoever, ſhall be intitled to any *Premium*, for any Canvas or Sail-Cloth made into Sails, or for any [a] Canvas or Sail-Cloth whatſoever, other than ſuch Sail-Cloths as ſhall be produced to the proper Officer of the Cuſtom-Houſe, at the reſpective Ports, in one whole or intire Bolt or Piece, containing thirty ſix Yards at the leaſt, which ſhall be then cut thro' the middle by the Officers, before whom it is produced, who are hereby required and authorized to cut the ſame; any thing in the ſaid recited Acts contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

And

[a] By 11 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 4. no Sail-cloth is to be cut.

6 And for the further Encouragement of the Hempen Manufacture of this Kingdom; Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid firſt Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty ſix, the ſame *Premiums* ſhall be given, in the ſame Manner and for the ſame Term of Years, and under the ſame Conditions and Limitations, for all Canvas or Sail-Cloth made or to be made in this Kingdom, of Hemp of the Growth thereof, which ſhall be entred at any Cuſtom-Houſe of this Kingdom, for home Conſumption, as by this and the ſaid recited Acts are given and enacted for Sail-Cloth exported, which Entries the proper Officers of the ſeveral Cuſtom-Houſes of this Kingdom are hereby required to make.

Premium to be given for Sail-cloth made of Hemp, and entred at the Cuſtom-houſe for home Conſumption.

CAP. VI.

A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for continuing and Amending ſeveral Statutes now near expiring.

14 AND whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King *George* the firſt, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing the Running of Goods, and for the further preventing Frauds committed in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms*; It is (amongſt other Things therein contained) enacted, *That where any Goods Exciſeable, ſhall be unſhipped and landed, out of ſmall Boats and Veſſels, under the burthen of fifteen Tuns, not being in Leak or Wreck, before due Entry of ſuch Boats or ſmall Veſſels, and of the ſaid Goods, at the Cuſtom-Houſe or Place allowed for landing, where ſuch Boat or ſmall Veſſel ſhall happen to unload, or at unlawful Hours, or without the Knowledge, Privity or Conſent of the proper Officer or Officers, which ſhould have attended the unlading of ſuch Goods, all ſuch Boats and ſmall Veſſels ſhall be forfeited*; And whereas the ſaid Proviſion, is now totally evaded, by reaſon that the Boats and Veſſels employed in the Running of Goods into this Kingdom, are above the burthen of fifteen Tuns; for Remedy thereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that where any Goods exciſeable, ſhall be unſhipped or landed, out of any Veſſel or Boat, not exceeding the burthen of twenty five Tuns, not being in Leak or Wreck, before due Entry made of ſuch Veſſels, or Boats, and of all the ſaid Goods, at the Cuſtom-Houſe or Place allowed for landing, where ſuch Veſſel or Boat ſhall happen to unſhip or unlade, or at unlawful Hours, or without the Knowledge, Privity and Conſent of the proper Officer or Officers, who ſhould have attended the unlading of ſuch Goods; all ſuch Veſſels and Boats, together with their Tackle and Furniture, ſhall be forfeited, which ſaid Forfeiture may be ſued for and recovered, in ſuch Manner and Form, as is mentioned in an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *An Act for Settling the Exciſe and new Impoſt upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates therein inſerted*; with like Remedy of Appeal; which forfeitures, after neceſſary Charges firſt deducted, ſhall be one Moiety thereof to the Uſe

Recital of Part of an Act, 6. *Geo.* 1. Cap. 8.

Goods exciſeable unſhipped or landed out of Veſſels, or Boats not exceeding 25 Tuns Burthen, before due Entry of ſuch Veſſels and Goods, or at unlawful Hours, or without the Conſent of the proper Officer, Such Veſſels to be forfeited, to be ſued for in Manner as is mentioned in 14 *Car.* 2. C. 8. with like Remedy of Appeal.

Uſe of his Majeſty, and the other Moiety to him or them that ſhall Seize or Sue for the ſame; provided always, that the ſaid laſt mentioned Clauſe, ſhall be and remain in Force for the Term of two Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer.

Continuance.

CAP. XVI.

An Act for accepting the Solemn Affirmation or Declaration of the People called Quakers, *inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form.*

Preamble. Cap. 5.

WHereas by an Act paſſed in the firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent moſt Excellent Majeſty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for accepting the Solemn Affirmation or Declaration of the People called* Quakers, *inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form*; It is enacted, *That from and after the twenty fifth Day of* March, *which was in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty eight, every Quaker within this Kingdom, who ſhall be required upon any lawful Occaſion to take an Oath in any caſe, where by Law an Oath is required, ſhall, inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form, be permitted to make his or her Solemn Declaration or Affirmation in thoſe Words following:*

I A. B. *Do Solemnly, Sincerely and Truly Declare and Affirm:*

Which ſaid Act being only Temporary, will expire at the end of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament.

And whereas it is evident, that the ſaid People called *Quakers*, have not abuſed the Liberty and Indulgence allowed them by Law, but on the contrary, have given manifeſt Teſtimony of their Fidelity and good Affection to his Majeſty, and the Settlement of the Crown in the Proteſtant Line; and it is therefore reaſonable to give them the ſame Eaſe and Relief, as is provided for them by ſaid former Act:

Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that from and after the laſt Day of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, every *Quaker* within this Kingdom, who ſhall be required upon any lawful Occaſion to take an Oath, in any caſe where by Law an Oath is required, ſhall, inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form, be permitted to make his or her Solemn Declaration or Affirmation, in theſe Words following, (*viz.*)

Quakers required to take an Oath, to be permitted to make a ſolemn Declaration.

I

I A. B. *Do Solemnly, Sincerely and Truly Declare and Affirm* : In theſe Words.

Which ſaid ſolemn Declaration or Affirmation ſhall be adjudged and taken : And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the ſame be adjudged and taken to be of the ſame Force and Effect, to all Intents and Purpoſes, in all Courts of Juſtice, and other Places where by Law an Oath is required, or ſhall hereafter be required within this Kingdom, as if ſuch *Quaker* had taken an Oath in the uſual Form. The ſaid Declaration to be of the ſame Force and effect of that an Oath is.

4 And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every Perſon who ſhall have made ſuch ſolemn Declaration or Affirmation as aforeſaid, and ſhall be lawfully convicted of wilfully, falſly and corruptly having declared or affirmed any Matter or Thing, which, if the ſame had been ſworn in the uſual Form, would have amounted to wilful and corrupt Perjury, ſhall incur the ſame Penalties and Forfeitures as, by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, are enacted againſt Perſons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury. Perſons making ſuch Declaration falſly and corruptly. To ſuffer, as Perſons convicted of wilful Perjury.

5 Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no *Quaker* or reputed *Quaker*, ſhall, by vertue of this Act, be qualified or admitted to give Evidence in any criminal Cauſes, or ſerve on any Juries, or bear any Place, Office or Employment of Truſt or Profit under the Government ; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding. *Quakers* not to be admitted to give Evidence in criminal Cauſes, nor to ſerve on Juries, nor to bear Offices.

6 Provided alſo, that no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be deemed a *Quaker* or *Quakers* within the Intention of this Act, unleſs he, ſhe or they ſhall affirm, in the Form aforeſaid, that he, ſhe or they, is or are of the Profeſſion of the People called *Quakers*, and hath or have been ſo for one Year then laſt paſt. Not to be deem'd *Quakers* unleſs they affirm that they are of that Profeſſion, and have been ſo, for a Year before.

7 And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that this Act ſhall be deemed, adjudged and taken to be a publick Act, and be judicially taken notice of as ſuch, by all Judges, Juſtices and other Perſons whatſoever, without ſpecially pleading the ſame. This a publick Act.

8 Provided, that this Act ſhall continue in Force for the Space of eleven Years, and from thence to the end of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer. Continuance.

CAP. I.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for granting and continuing to his Majeſty an additional Duty on Beer, Ale, Strong-Waters, Wine, Tobacco, and other Goods and Merchandizes, therein mentioned.

6d. per Yard additional Duty for foreign Stuffs called Romalls, and Cotton Manufactures, or Cotton and Linen mixed, imported (except *Britiſh.*) A Yard wide (except *Britiſh.*)

AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that for a further 6
Supply to your Majeſty, an additional Duty of Six-pence *per* Yard for all foreign Stuffs, called Romalls, and all Manufactures made of Cotton, or of Cotton and Linen mixed, whether plain, painted or ſtained, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom from any Parts abroad, except the Manufactures of *Great-Britain*; and alſo an additional Duty of Six-pence *per* Yard, over and above the preſent Duties, for all Cambricks not of the Manufacture of *Great-Britain*, which ſhall be imported into this Kingdom, exceeding a Yard wide; ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid to your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, from the twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty ſeven, to the twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty nine, incluſive.

To be raiſed and paid by ſuch Methods as are directed by the Act of Exciſe.

Or by any other Law now in Force relating to the Revenue, or Exciſe;

With like Remedy of Appeal as the Laws relating to the Duties of Exciſe provide.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every the 8
ſeveral and reſpective additional Duties hereby granted or continued, ſhall be raiſed, anſwered, collected, and paid unto your Majeſty, your Heirs and Succeſſors, during the Term aforeſaid, at the ſame Time, and in like Manner, and by ſuch Ways, Means and Methods, and by ſuch Rules and Directions, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures, and with ſuch Powers, as are appointed, directed and expreſſed in and by the ſaid Act, made in this Kingdom in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second [intituled, *An Act for the Settling of the Exciſe, or new Impoſt, upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates, therein inſerted*] or by any other Law now in Force, relating to the Revenue or Exciſe in this Kingdom, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame were particularly mentioned, expreſſed, and enacted again in the Body of this preſent Act; with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party grieved, as in and by the ſaid Act of Exciſe, or any other Law now in being, relating to the Duties of Exciſe, is provided.

CAP.

CAP. III.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for Continuing and Amending ſeveral Laws heretofore made, relating to his Majeſty's Revenue, and the more effectual preventing the Running of Goods.

3 AND whereas, the Laws heretofore made to prevent common Brewers from mixing their ſmall and ſtrong Beer, and Worts, and altering the Poſition of their Backs and Coolers, have proved ineffectual;

Laws to prevent common Brewers from mixing Drink, &c.

Proving ineffectual.

4 Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every common Brewer, ſhall, on or before the twenty fourth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty eight, [a] cauſe the Backs and Coolers containing four Barrels, by him or them made uſe of in brewing, to be ſcrewed down or otherwiſe well and ſufficiently faſtened to the Beams, that ſupport them underneath, and ſhall likewiſe, on or before the Time aforeſaid, cauſe both ends of the Beams placed underneath for the ſupport of ſuch Backs or Coolers, to be faſtned and firmly fixed in the Walls of his or their Brew-Houſe or Brew-Houſes, with Lime and Stone, or in ſome other firm and ſubſtantial Work, to be made up for that Purpoſe, whereof every Brewer ſhall, within the Space of ten Days after the Work is finiſhed as aforeſaid, give notice to the Officer or Gauger of the walk wherein he Reſides, and ſhall likewiſe, from and after the ſaid twenty fourth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty eight, keep all his Stock of Small-Beer and Ale in ſeparate and diſtinct Cellars or Stores; and if any common Brewer ſhall neglect to fix and ſcrew down his Backs or Coolers as aforeſaid, or to faſten the ends of the Beams, that ſupport the ſame below in Manner as aforeſaid, or to give notice thereof as aforeſaid, or that ſhall, after the ſaid twenty fourth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty eight, be found to keep his Strong-Beer and Small-Beer, in one and the ſame Cellar or Store, or ſhall alter the Situation or Poſition of his Backs or Coolers, or the Beams that ſupport the ſame, after they are ſo fixed as aforeſaid, without due notice thereof given, by the Space of four Days at leaſt, to the Officer or Gauger of the Walk, every Perſon ſo offending, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of ten Pounds, to be recovered, levied and applied in ſuch Manner as is preſcribed, in and by an Act made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second [intituled, *An Act for the Settling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt, upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates, therein inſerted*] with like Remedy of Appeal to the Party, that ſhall think himſelf aggrieved or injured, as by the ſaid Act is provided.

Enacted that common Brewers ſhall cauſe their Backs and Coolers, and the Beams that ſupport them, to be firmly fixed.

And within 10 Days after give notice thereof to the Gauger,

And keep their Small-Beer and Ale in ſeparate Cellars.

Neglecting to fix,

Or to give notice,

or keeping their Strong-Beer and Small-Beer in one and the ſame Cellar, or altering the Situation of Backs, &c. when fixed,

without due notice in 4 Days after,

forfeit 10*l.*

To be recovered in ſuch Manner as is preſcribed by the Exciſe Act,

with like Remedy of Appeal.

5 And for the more eaſy Diſcovery of private Retailers of Beer and Ale, and of Perſons, who privately brew Beer and Ale for Sale;

For detecting private Retailers.

[a] See 13 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 3. for further Regulations.

Common Brewers ſhall cauſe the firſt Letter of their Chriſtian-names, and their Sir-names at length, to be branded on the Heads and Bulges of Caſks, upon pain of forfeiting the Beer, &c. found in Caſks that are not ſo branded.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every common Brewer 6
ſhall, on or before the ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-eight, cauſe the firſt Letter of his Chriſtian-name, and his Sir-name at length, to be fixed and branded upon the Heads and Bulges of every Barrel, half Barrel, or other Caſk by him or them made uſe of, for the tunning of Beer, Ale or Small-beer, upon pain of forfeiting all the Beer, Ale, or Small-beer, that ſhall be found to be tunned into any Caſk or Veſſel, that is not ſo branded; to be recovered, levied and applied as aforeſaid; with like Liberty of Appeal as aforeſaid.

Recital of part of 5 *Geo.* 2. R. cap. 3. Whereby it is enacted.

That Stills ſhall be fixed in Houſes in Market-Towns, or within 2 miles thereof.

Said Law being in a great meaſure evaded by fixing Stills in remote Parts.

For Remedy thereof.

And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made in this Kingdom, in the fifth 7
Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, Intituled, *An Act for the better ſecuring and collecting his Majeſty's Revenue*, It is enacted, *That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of* March, *one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-two, no Perſon or Perſons ſhall diſtil for Sale any Spirits, Aquavitæ, or other ſtrong Waters within this Kingdom, but in Stills, black Pots or Alimbecks, fixed in ſome Houſe or Tenement within ſome Market Town, or within two Miles thereof, under pain of forfeiting for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of forty Pounds*; which Law hath been in a great Meaſure evaded, by the ſetting up and fixing Stills in remote and uninhabited Parts of the Country, and at a great diſtance from any Place where Markets are now held, on pretence that they are within two Miles of ſome Place, where Markets were formerly held, and that there are or were Patents for the holding thereof: For Remedy whereof,

Enacted that from 24th of *June* 1738, Stills, &c. to be fixed in Tenements in Towns-corporate, or Towns where Markets are conſtantly kept, or ſuch as ſhall be licenſed by the Commiſſioners of Exciſe on pain of 50*l.* To be recovered as the Act of Exciſe directs, with like Liberty of Appeal.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the 8
ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-eight, no Perſon or Perſons ſhall diſtil, for Sale, any Spirits, Aquavitæ, or other ſtrong Waters within this Kingdom, but in Stills, black Pots or Alimbecks, fixed in ſome Houſe or Tenement, within ſome Town corporate, or Town where Markets are conſtantly kept, or ſuch as ſhall be licenſed by the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Exciſe, or any of them, under pain of forfeiting, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of fifty pounds; to be recovered, levied and applied as aforeſaid; with like Liberty of Appeal as aforeſaid.

Perſons diſtilling for their own Uſe, may uſe Stills, &c. not containing more waſh than 12 Gallons.

Provided always, That any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall diſtil Spirits, Aqua- 9
vitæ or ſtrong Waters, for his or their own Uſe only, and not for Sale, ſhall, and may keep, and make uſe of any Still, black Pot or Alimbecks, which ſhall contain no greater or larger Quantity of Waſh, or Pot-ale, than twelve Gallons, in their reſpective Places of Abode: And if any Still, black Pot or Alimbeck, ſhall be found in the Poſſeſſion of any ſuch private Diſtiller, containing any larger Quantity of Waſh, or Pot-ale, than as aforeſaid, that then, and in ſuch Caſe, every ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall be deemed, to all Intents and Purpoſes, a common Diſtiller for Sale; and ſhall be liable to pay the Duties thereout, payable to his Majeſty.

If Stills are found in their poſſeſſion containing a larger Quantity, they are to be deemed common Diſtillers for Sale, and ſhall pay the King's Duties.

And to prevent the Frauds frequently committed by exporting Brandy, and 10
other foreign Spirits, in ſmall Quantities, with Intent to run the ſame more eaſily again into this Kingdom.

To prevent Frauds by exporting foreign Spirits in ſmall Quantities.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That, from and after the 11
ſaid twenty-fourth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred

Enacted, that from the 24th of *June* 1738, no Drawback is to be allowed for foreign Spirits exported in Caſks, &c. containing leſs than 50 Gallons.

hundred and thirty-eight, no Drawback ſhall be allowed upon the Exportation of any Brandy or other foreign Spirits, that ſhall be exported in Caſks, or Veſſels, containing leſs than fifty Gallons each.

12 And whereas, by an Act of Parliament, made in this Kingdom, in the fourteenth and fifteenth Years of King *Charles* the ſecond, Intituled, *An Act for the Improvement of his Majeſty's Revenue, upon the granting of Licences for the ſelling of Ale and Beer*, It is enacted, *That no Perſons ſhall keep any Ale-houſe or Tippling-houſe, or ſell any Beer or Ale by Retail, in this Kingdom, but only ſuch as ſhall be licenſed according to the ſaid Act; and that Commiſſions ſhall, from time to time, be awarded, under his Majeſty's Great Seal, unto every County, City, and Town-corporate, within this Kingdom, to a convenient Number of Commiſſioners; Some of the chief to be of the* Quorum; *to be nominated by the chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom, with Conſent of the Council, for the Time being; the ſaid Commiſſioners to be choſen of the Juſtices of the Peace, with others to be added to them, in every County of this Kingdom, as the chief Governor or Governors, and Council of this Kingdom, ſhall think fit; and that the ſame Commiſſioners, or any two of them; one whereof to be of the* Quorum; *ſhall licence ſuch Perſons to keep Ale-houſes, and ſell Beer and Ale, in Manner as therein directed.*

Recital of the Act of 14 and 15 *Car.* 2. cap. 18. for granting Licences for the ſelling of Ale and Beer. Whereby Commiſſions were to be awarded unto every County to Commiſſioners

To grant Licences for ſelling of Beer and Ale.

13 And whereas, by one other Act of Parliament made, in this Kingdom, in the ſeventeenth and eighteenth Years of King *Charles* the ſecond, Intituled, *An Act for the better ordering the ſelling of Wines and Aquavitæ, together with all Sorts of ſtrong Waters, by Retail*, It is enacted, *That no Perſon or Perſons, after the twenty-ninth Day of* September, *one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty-ſix, unleſs he and they be licenſed and enabled in Manner therein preſcribed, ſhall ſell or utter, by Retail, any Kind of Wine, Aquavitæ, Uſquebagh, Brandy, Bulkan, or other diſtilled ſtrong Waters whatever, to be drank or ſpent in the Manner therein mentioned; and that Commiſſions ſhall, from time to time, be awarded, under his Majeſty's Great Seal, into every County in this Kingdom, to a convenient Number of Commiſſioners, to be nominated by the Lord Lieutenant, or other chief Governor or Governors of this Kingdom, and Council for the time being; the ſaid Commiſſioners to be choſen out of the Juſtices of the Peace, with ſuch others to be added to them, as the Lord Lieutenant, or other chief Governor or Governors, and Council of this Kingdom, for the Time being ſhall think fit; and that the ſaid Commiſſioners or any two or more of them, ſhall licence ſuch Perſons to ſell and utter, by Retail, any Kind of Wine or Wines, ſtrong Waters, or other diſtilled Liquors, in ſuch Manner as by the ſaid Act is directed.*

Recital of the Act of 17 and 18 *Car.* 2. cap. 18. for the better ordering the ſelling of Wines and ſtrong Waters.

Whereby Commiſſions were to be awarded into every County to Commiſſioners

To grant Licences for ſelling of Wines, and ſtrong Waters.

14 And whereas no Commiſſions now are, or have been for many Years laſt paſt, ſubſiſting, purſuant to either of the ſaid Acts;

And no Commiſſions ſubſiſting.

15 Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-eight, it ſhall and may be lawful, to and for the chief Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Exciſe, or any three of them, and the Collectors of his Majeſty's Exciſe, in their ſeveral Diſtricts, from time to time, to take ſuch Recognizances, and to iſſue and grant ſuch Licences, for the ſelling of Beer and Ale, and Wine, ſtrong Waters and Spirits reſpectively, as in and by the ſaid Acts are directed to ſuch Perſons, and for ſuch Sum or Sums of Money, and for which ſuch Fees only are to be paid, as in and by the ſaid Acts are reſpectively allowed and

Enacted, that from the 25th of *March* 1738, the chief Commiſſioners, and the Collectors of Exciſe, may take Recognizances and grant Licences for ſelling of Beer and Ale, and Wine and Spirits.

and required; [a] and if any Person or Persons shall, after the said twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thousand seven hundred and thirty-eight, sell any Beer or Ale, or any Wine, Brandy, Aquavitæ, or other Spirits by Retail, at any Fair, Assizes or Sessions, or other Place whatsoever, without such Licence or Licences first had and obtained, the Person or Persons so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of five pounds; which said Duties and all Forfeitures, arising from the Sale of such Liquors without such Licences as aforesaid, shall from time to time be paid to the Collectors of Excise, in their several Districts, to be accounted for by them in the same Manner, as other Duties and Forfeitures are accounted for; and in case of Refusal or Default of such Payment after Demand made, the said Collectors or other Officers of the Revenue, employed for that Purpose, may, at any time with the Assistance of a Constable, in the Day Time, levy such Sum or Sums, as ought to be paid for such Licences, and all Forfeitures for selling without such Licences, and all the Arrears thereof, by Distress and Sale of the Parties Goods, in such Manner and by such Means, as the Revenue arising by Hearth-money is appointed to be levied and collected, in and by an Act made in the seventeenth and eighteenth Years of King *Charles* the second, Intituled, *An additional Act for better ordering and collecting the Revenue arising by Hearth-money.*

After 24th of *June* 1738, Persons selling by Retail at Fairs, Assizes, or any other Place without Licence, Forfeit 5*l.*

Duties and Forfeitures to be paid to the Collectors of Excise.

In Default of Payment, Officers of the Revenue, with the Assistance of a Constable in the Day-time, may levy the Duties and Forfeitures by Distress and Sale of the Parties Goods in such Manner as the Hearth-money is to be levied by 17 and 18 *Caroli* 2. cap. 18.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Collectors of 16
his Majesty's Excise, shall, on or before the first Day of *Midsummer* Quarter-Sessions, which shall be held next after the Commencement of this Act, for the several Counties within the respective Districts, return under their Hands and Seals to the Clerks of the Peace, or their Deputies for such Counties respectively, a distinct Account of the Names and Places of Abode, of all and every Person then licensed to sell Ale, Beer, Wine, or strong Waters by Retail within such Counties, together with the Sums of Money, severally to be paid for the said Licences, and continue in like Manner so to do, on or before the first Day of every *Midsummer* Quarter-sessions, to be thereafter held within their respective Districts.

On or before the 1st Day of *Midsummer* Quarter-Sessions after the Commencement of this Act, the Collectors of Excise shall return an Account to the Clerks of the Peace of the Names of all licensed Persons, and the Places of their Abode, together with the Sums of Money to be paid, and continue so to do on or before every succeeding *Midsummer* Quarter-Sessions.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Clerks 17
of the Peace or their Deputies, do file such Returns amongst the Records of the Session, and engross, or cause Copies thereof to be engrossed on Parchment, and hung up in some conspicuous part of the Session-house, on the first Day of the next ensuing Sessions, to be held after such Returns shall be made, there to continue till the End of such Sessions; and that the said Collectors of his Majesty's Excise, Clerks of the Peace and their Deputies, or such of them as shall fail therein, shall for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of five pounds, to be recovered by civil Bill, before any of the Judges of Assize in their Circuits, and in the County of *Dublin*, before the Justices of the Peace at their Quarter-sessions; which said Penalties, when recovered, shall be to the Use of the Person or Persons, who shall, without Fraud, sue for, and recover the same.

Clerks of the Peace to file such Returns and cause Copies thereof to be engross'd on Parchment and hung up in the Session-house to remain there during the Sessions.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Officers of 18
the Custom-house Quays, and Stores in the several Ports of this Kingdom, shall,

Collectors of Excise, and Clerks of Peace failing therein forfeit 5*l.* to be recovered by civil Bill,

to the Use of the Person who shall without Fraud sue for the same.

[a] By 13 *Geo.* 2. cap. 3. alter'd as to Beer and Ale.

ſhall, from the firſt Day of *March*, to the firſt Day of *October*, in each Year, give conſtant and due Attendance, in their reſpective Stations, from the Hour of nine a Clock in the Forenoon, to the Hour of three a Clock in the afternoon, of each and every Day (*Sundays* and *Holidays* excepted) for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs, of all Merchants and Dealers having Reſort to them, inſtead of attending from nine a Clock to twelve in the Forenoon, and from two a Clock till five in the Afternoon, as at preſent they are obliged to do; any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding. Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe Quays and Stores to attend from the 1ſt of *March* to the 1ſt of *October*, from nine o'Clock in the Forenoon to three o'Clock in the Afternoon.

19 Provided always, That ſo much of this Act as is not mentioned to be for continuing any former Act or Acts, Clauſe or Clauſes, ſhall continue and be in Force for two Years, from the twenty-fifth Day of *March* next, and from thence to the End of the then next enſuing Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer. Continuance.

CAP. IV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the further Encouragement of the Hempen and Flaxen Manufactures.

WHEREAS the raiſing of Flax-ſeed and Flax in this Kingdom, will greatly encreaſe the Linnen-Manufacture. Preamble.

2 And whereas great Quantities of Flax-ſeed and Flax are imported every Year from *Riga*, and other Parts, whilſt as good might be raiſed within this Kingdom, if duly promoted and encouraged:

3 Be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that for the ſpace of three Years, from the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-eight, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament, when good, ſound and merchantable Flax-ſeed of the Growth of this Country is or ſhall be at five Shillings *per* Buſhel, or under, every Merchant, or other Perſon, who ſhall put on ſhip-board, to export, or cauſe to be exported, coaſt-ways, from any Port of this Kingdom, to any other Port of the ſame, at the diſtance of ten Leagues at leaſt, or to any Port beyond the Seas, any Quantity of good, ſound and merchantable Flax-ſeed of the Growth of this Kingdom, ſhall bring a Certificate, in Writing, under his or their Hand or Hands, containing the Quantity of Flax-ſeed ſo ſhipped to the Farmers, Commiſſioners, Collectors or other Perſons, appointed, or to be appointed, for the Time being, to collect the Duties and Rates within any ſuch Port; and, upon Oath made of the Truth of ſuch Certificate, by any credible Perſon, before any of the ſaid Officers, Enacted.

That for three Years from the 29th *September* 1738, and thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament, when ſound *Iriſh* Flax-ſeed ſhall be at 5*s. per* Buſhel, or under; Perſons who ſhall ſhip any Quantity thereof to export, or to be carried coaſt-ways from one Port to another at 10 Leagues diſtance, ſhall bring a Certificate of the Quantity ſhipped to the Collector of the Port.

And upon Oath made of the Truth of ſuch Certificate,

and that the ſame was of the Growth of this Kingdom, and ſound as he believes, and no *Præmium* already paid, And upon Bond given in 20*s.* for every Barrel, that the ſaid Seed ſhall be exported, or carried coaſt-ways.

Perſons ſo ſhipping, ſhall receive, clear of all Duties payable upon the export, a *Præmium* of one Shilling *per* Buſhel; to be paid as Drawbacks are uſually paid.

cers, who are hereby impowered to adminiſter the ſame, and that the ſame was of the Growth of this Kingdom, and that he verily believes it to be ſound and good, and that no *Præmium* has been already received for the Export of ſuch Seed; and alſo, upon Bond, given by every ſuch Merchant, or other Perſon, in the Sum of twenty Shillings for every Barrel of ſuch Seed, and ſo in proportion for any greater Quantity, that the ſaid Seed, the Danger of the Seas excepted, ſhall be exported into Parts beyond the Seas, or into ſome Port of this Kingdom, at the diſtance of ten Leagues, at leaſt, from the Port where ſuch Seed ſhall be ſo ſhipped; every ſuch Merchant, ſo ſhipping of any Quantity of ſuch Seed, making Oath, and giving Certificate and Bond, as aforeſaid, ſhall have and receive, clear, and free of all Duties, payable upon the Export of Flax-ſeed, the Sum of one Shilling *per* Buſhel, as a *Præmium* for every Buſhel of ſuch Seed; to be paid by ſuch Officer or Officers, and in ſuch Manner as Drawbacks are uſually paid.

Juſtices of the Peace at their Quarter-ſeſſions are to give in charge to the Grand-Jury to make Preſentment of the common Market price of Flax-ſeed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September* aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all and every the Juſtices of the Peace, for the ſeveral and reſpective Counties, from whence Flax-ſeed ſhall or may hereafter be exported, and they are hereby enjoyned and required, at every their Quarter-Seſſions, to give in Charge in open Court, to the Grand-Jury there aſſembled, to make Enquiry and Preſentment upon their Oaths, of the common Market-price of Flax-ſeed, as the ſame ſhall be commonly bought and ſold in every ſuch County, which Enquiry and Preſentment, the ſaid Grand-Jury are hereby impowered and required to make. 4

Such Preſentment to be made by the Grand-Jury in open Court, and to be certified by the Juſtices to the Collector of the Cuſtoms, and hung up in the Cuſtom-houſe.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Preſentment ſhall be made in open Court, and ſhall be certified by the ſaid Juſtices in Writing, to his Majeſty's chief Officer and Collector of the Cuſtoms for the Time being, reſiding in every ſuch Port from whence ſuch Flax-ſeed may be exported, and ſhall be hung up in ſome publick Place in the Cuſtom-houſe, belonging to every ſuch Port to be reſorted to by all Perſons for their Information. 5

No *Præmium* to be paid until ſuch Preſentment ſhall be made.

Provided always, That if the Grand-Jury in any County, ſhall neglect to make ſuch Preſentment, at any of their ſaid Quarter-Seſſions, in ſuch Caſe no *Præmium* ſhall be paid within ſuch County upon the aforeſaid Exportation, until a Preſentment ſhall be made by the Grand-Jury of ſuch County, at their Quarter-Seſſions, for aſcertaining the Price of Flax-ſeed within the ſaid County, in Manner aforeſaid. 6

Cutting of Sail-cloth through the middle, found hurtful to the Hempen Manufactures.

And whereas the cutting of Sail-cloth, through the Middle of the Piece, to prevent the obtaining of the *Præmium* more than once, for the ſame Sail-cloth, hath been found hurtful to the Hempen Manufacture of this Kingdom; for Remedy whereof. 10

From 29th of *September* 1738.

No Sail-cloth ſhall be cut thro' the middle, and no *Præmium* to be paid for Sail-cloth but ſuch as ſhall be produced to the proper Officer of the Cuſtom-houſe, having twenty double the Webb which is

Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-eight, no Canvas or Sail cloth ſhall be cut for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, and that no Perſon ſhall be intitled to any *Præmium*, for any Canvas or Sail-cloth, other than ſuch Sail-cloth, as ſhall be produced to the proper Officer of the Cuſtom-houſe, having twenty double Threads, being Part of the Warp left in Loops, and without knotting, at the Middle of that End 11

Threads, being part of the Warp left in Loops, and without knotting at the middle of that End of laſt in weaving.

End of the Webb which is laſt in weaving; which Loops or double Threads, the Officers before whom ſuch Sail-cloth is produced, are hereby required to cut away; which ſaid Loops or double Threads, are to be made by warping them from one ſingle Bobbin, and by putting each double Thread through the ſame Split of the Reed, and by cutting the Geers, through which the double Threads paſs when the Webb is woven; and no Collector or other Officer of the Cuſtoms, ſhall ſign any Debenture or Certificate, to obtain a *Præmium* for any Canvas or Sail-cloth, the Loops of which have been ſo cut, or for which the *Præmium* has been once allowed.

Officers to cut away ſuch Loops.

How the Loops are to be made.

No Præmium to be paid for Sail-cloth, the Loops of which have been cut, or for which the Præmium has been once allowed.

CAP. IX.

An Act for enforcing, and making perpetual, an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the preſerving all ſuch Ships, and Goods thereof, which ſhall happen to be forced on Shore, or ſtranded upon the Coaſts of this Kingdom*; and alſo, for inflicting the Puniſhment of Death on ſuch as ſhall wilfully burn, ſink, or deſtroy Ships.

WHEREAS an Act, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, Intituled, *An Act for the preſerving all ſuch Ships, and Goods thereof, which ſhall happen to be forced on Shore, or ſtranded upon the Coaſts of this Kingdom*, having been continued by ſeveral ſubſequent Acts, will expire with this Seſſion of Parliament, unleſs the ſame be continued:

Preamble. Cap. 4.

2 And whereas the ſaid Act hath been found, by Experience, to be of great Uſe, and Benefit, to the Sea-faring Men, and Merchants, of this Kingdom, and other his Majeſty's Dominions:

3 Be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that the ſaid recited Act, Intituled, *An Act for the preſerving all ſuch Ships, and Goods thereof, which ſhall happen to be forced on Shore, or ſtranded upon the Coaſts of this Kingdom*, and all the Clauſes, Matters and Things, therein contained, ſhall be, and are hereby made perpetual.

Enacted.

That the Act 4 Geo. 1. cap. 4. ſhall be perpetual.

4 And for the effectual preventing the wilful caſting away, burning or otherwiſe deſtroying of Ships, by the Owners, Maſters and Mariners thereof, and thereto belonging:

To prevent the wilful Deſtruction of Ships,

5 Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Owner of, or Captain, Maſter or Mariner, or other Officer, belonging to any Ship, ſhall, after the twenty-fifth Day of *March*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-eight, wilfully caſt away, ſink, burn, or otherwiſe deſtroy, the Ship of which he is Owner, or unto which he belongeth, or in any Manner, otherwiſe, direct or procure the ſame to be done, to the Prejudice of any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies politick or corporate, that ſhall under write, or execute any Policy or Policies of Inſurance thereon, or of any Merchant or

Enacted that Owners, Maſters, &c. after 25th of *March* 1738. Wilfully deſtroying Ships, Or directing or procuring the ſame to be done to the Prejudice of Inſurers, or Merchants.

Merchants, that ſhall load Goods thereon, and ſhall be lawfully convicted thereof, ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſo offending, ſhall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and ſhall ſuffer Death without the Benefit of Clergy, or of the Statute, made in the ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, Intituled, *An Act for taking away the Benefit of Clergy, in certain Caſes; and for taking away the Book in all Caſes; and for repealing Part of the Statute for tranſporting Felons.*

Felony without Clergy. Cap. 6.

CAP. XI.

Part of the fourth Clauſe, and the fifth Clauſe in an Act, Intituled an Act for the buying and ſelling of all Sorts of Corn and Meal, and other Things therein mentioned, by Weight; and for the more effectual preventing the Frauds committed in the buying and ſelling thereof; and for regulating the Price and Aſſize of Bread; and for better regulating the Markets.

Part of Sect. 4.

For aſcertaining the Duties upon Corn exported, and imported, and the Præmium upon Exportation.

AND to the end, his Majeſty's Duties upon Corn exported and import- 4
ed, and the *Præmium* on the Exportation thereof, may hereafter be paid according to weight, and that the Aſſize of Bread now appointed according to the price of the Quarter of Grain or Corn, may hereafter be aſcertained and appointed, by a Quantity of ſuch Grain or Corn in weight, of equal Value with ſuch Quarter.

Enacted, that from 1ſt of *Auguſt* 1738, 40 Stone of Rye, Wheat, Meaſlin, Peas and Beans, 24 Stone of Barley and Bear, 22 Stone of Oats, 20 Stone of Malt, to be deemed equal to a Quarter of the ſaid ſeveral ſorts of Corn, &c. And that the ſame Duties as are to be paid upon Importation, and Præmiums as are allowed upon Exportation for a Quarter of each of the ſaid ſorts of Corn, ſhall be paid and allowed for the ſaid ſeveral Weights. Cap. 16.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid firſt 5
Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-eight, forty Stone of Rye, Wheat, Meaſlin, Peas and Beans, twenty-four Stone of Barley and Bear, twenty-two Stone of Oats, twenty Stone of Malt, ſhall for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, be deemed equal to and ſtand in the Place of one Quarter of the ſaid ſeveral Sorts of Corn, Grain and Malt; and that the ſame Cuſtoms, Duties and Exciſe, and the ſame *Præmiums*, as are now allowed and payable on the Exportation or Importation of, or otherwiſe, for one Quarter of each of the ſaid Sorts of Corn, Grain or Malt, ſhall be from thenceforth payable for, and allowed, and payable on the Exportation or Importation of, or otherwiſe, for forty Stone Weight of ſuch Wheat, Rye, Meaſlin, Peas and Beans, and for twenty-four Stone of Barley and Bear, twenty-two Stone of Oats, twenty Stone of Malt; and forty Stone Weight of ſuch Wheat, Rye, Meaſlin, Peas and Beans, twenty-four Stone of Barley and Bear, twenty-two Stone of Oats, twenty Stone of Malt, ſhall from thenceforth be deemed equal to and the ſame with the Quarter; and that forty Stone of Wheat ſhall be deemed equal to and the ſame with the Quarter, mentioned in the Table of the Aſſize of Bread, mentioned in an Act paſſed in the firſt Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, Intituled, *An Act for regulating the Price and Aſſize of Bread and the Markets*; any Law or Uſage to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

CAP.

CAP. XIV.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the further Improvement and Encouragement of the Fiſhery of this Kingdom.

10 AND whereas a Whale-Fiſhery has been lately diſcovered and undertaken, on the Coaſt of this Kingdom; which, if purſued, will greatly encreaſe the Riches of this Nation;

11 Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *May*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty eight, the Sum of twenty Shillings ſhall be paid for every hundred weight of Whale-Finn, and the Sum of ten Shillings for every Tun of Oil, extracted from Whales taken on the Coaſts of this Kingdom, to be paid by the Collector of the next Port, to the Party ſo taking ſaid Whales, Oath being firſt made before ſaid Collector, which Oath the ſaid Collector is hereby impowered to Adminiſter, that the ſaid Finn or Oil was the product of a Whale or Whales, taken on the Coaſts of this Kingdom, and that the ſaid Finn was ſaved, and the ſaid Oil was extracted within this Kingdom; and that no Premium * was before paid for them or either of them.

17 Provided always,† that this Act ſhall be and continue in Force for the Space of three Years, and from thence to the end of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer.

Enacted that from 1ſt of *May* 1738, 20*s.* ſhall be paid for every 100 weight of Whale-Finn, and ten Shillings for every Tun of Oil extracted from Whales taken on the Coaſts of *Ireland*, to be paid by the Collector of the next Port, to the Party ſo taking ſaid Whales, Oath being firſt made that the ſaid Finn or Oil was the

Product of a Whale or Whales of *Ireland*, &c. * And that no Premium was before paid for them. † Continuance.

Anno Decimo Tertio Georgii Secundi Regis.

CAP. III.

Several Clauſes in an Act intituled, An Act for continuing and Amending ſeveral Laws heretofore made, relating to his Majeſty's Revenue, and the more effectual preventing Frauds in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Exciſe.

3 AND whereas the Laws heretofore made to prevent common Brewers of Beer and Ale from altering the Situation and Level of their Coolers, have proved ineffectual for want of convenient Stands commonly called Stages, conſtantly fixt to ſuch Coolers, for the Gaugers and other Officers of Exciſe, to take the Level of ſuch Coolers, when, and as often as they ſhall judge the ſame neceſſary.

Former Laws to prevent common Brewers from altering the Situation, &c. of their Coolers proving ineffectual;

Enacted that from 29th *September*, 1740, common Brewers ſhall erect and fix from End to End of their Coolers thro' the Center a Frame of Wood, and keep the ſame conſtantly fix'd, or forfeit 20*l.*

For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every 4 common Brewer of Beer or Ale, ſhall, on or before the twenty ninth Day of *September*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty, erect and fix, or cauſe to be erected and fixt lengthways from one end to the other of his and their Cooler and Coolers reſpectively, and through the Center thereof, a Frame or Stage of Wood, at leaſt twelve Inches in breadth, and keep the ſame conſtantly ſo fixt for the Purpoſe aforeſaid, and in default thereof, ſhall forfeit the Sum of twenty Pounds.

Frauds having been committed by common Brewers, &c. by keeping private Cellars, &c.

And whereas great Frauds are practiſed by common Brewers, Inn-keepers, 5 Victuallers, and Retailers of Beer and Ale, by keeping of private and concealed Cellars, and other Places for the ſtoring of their Beer, Ale, or Worts in Casks, ſometimes in their own Houſes or Yards, and ſometimes in the Houſes or Yards of other Perſons; To Remedy which evil,

Enacted that common Brewers, &c. who ſhall keep any conceal'd place, And every other Perſon who ſhall ſuffer any of his Houſes, &c. to be uſed for concealing of Beer, &c.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every common Brewer, Inn- 6 keeper, Victualler, and Retailer of Beer and Ale, who ſhall have, keep, or make uſe of any private and concealed Cellar or other Place for the laying or ſtoring of his Beer, Ale or Worts in Casks, and every other Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall knowingly permit or ſuffer any of his Houſes, Out-houſes or Yards to be made uſe of, for the concealing of the Beer, Ale or Worts in Casks of any common Brewer, Inn-keeper, Victualler, or Retailer, of Beer or Ale, ſhall, for every time he or they ſhall ſo make uſe of or permit to be made uſe of any ſuch Houſes, Out-houſes, Yards, Cellars or other Places for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, forfeit and loſe the Sum of fifty Pounds *Sterling*; all which Forfeitures and Penalties ſhall and may be ſued for, and recovered, levied and applied in ſuch Manner and Form, and by ſuch Ways and Methods, as are preſcribed and appointed, in, and by an Act of Parliament made in the fourteenth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second [intituled, *An Act for the Settling of the Exciſe or new Impoſt, upon his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, according to the Book of Rates, therein inſerted*] with like Remedy of Appeal to the Party or Parties that ſhall think him or themſelves aggrieved or injured, as by the ſaid Act is provided.

Shall forfeit 50*l.* to be levied in ſuch Manner as is appointed by the Act of Exciſe. 14 *Car.* 2. Cap. 8.

With like Remedy of Appeal.

Common Brewers, &c. ſhall on or before 29th *September*, 1740, enter with the Exciſe-Officer all Cellars, &c. by them uſed, and every Cellar, &c. not ſo entred before uſe, ſhall be deemed a private Cellar, &c.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every common Brewer, 7 Inn-keeper, Victualler and Retailer of Beer and Ale, ſhall, on or before the ſaid twenty ninth Day of *September*, enter with the Gauger or other Officer of Exciſe, of the diſtrict within which ſuch common Brewer, Inn-keeper, Victualler and Retailer of Beer and Ale reſpectively ſhall reſide, all Cellars, Store-houſes, and Places whatſoever, by them reſpectively uſed, for laying up or ſtoring Beer, Ale or Worts in Casks, and that every Cellar, Store-houſe and Place whatſoever, which ſhall not be ſo entred as aforeſaid, or which ſhall not be ſo entred before the ſame be made uſe of, ſhall be deemed and taken to be a private Cellar or Store-houſe, within the meaning of this Act.

Act 11 *Geo.* 2. *R.* Cap. 3. concerning the ſelling of Beer or Ale at Fairs, &c. being found detrimental.

And whereas by an Act of Parliament, made the laſt Seſſion of this Parlia- 8 ment, Beer or Ale is only to be ſold at Fairs, Aſſizes, Seſſions, or other Places whatſoever, by Perſons licenſed in ſuch Manner as by the ſaid Act is preſcribed, which has been found detrimental to the Revenue, by reaſon Beer and Ale brewed in publick Breweries, where the Exciſe is beſt paid, is hindred to be ſold at ſuch Publick Places, unleſs by Perſons under Licenſe, who generally brew their own Beer and Ale.

Be

9 Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that any Perſon or Perſons, (except ſuch Perſons under Licenſe, who brew their own Beer or Ale for Retail) that ſhall buy Beer or Ale at any publick Brewery, and obtain a Certificate from ſuch Brewer, as alſo from the Gauger of the Diſtrict, that ſuch Beer or Ale was brewed in ſuch publick Brewery, and hath paid the Exciſe, that it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Perſon or Perſons (except as before excepted) to ſell the ſame without Licenſe, at any Fair, Aſſizes, Seſſions, Race, or other Publick Meeting, without being liable to any the Penalties in the ſaid Act contained.

Enacted that Perſons (except ſuch as are under Licenſe who brew their own Beer, &c. for Retail) that buy Beer or Ale at any publick Brewery, and get a Certificate from ſuch Brewer, and the Gauger, that ſuch Beer or Ale was ſo brewed and Exciſe paid, may ſell the ſame without Licenſe at Fairs, &c.

10 Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that ſo much of this Act as is not mentioned to be for continuing any former Act or Acts, Clauſe or Clauſes, ſhall continue, and be in Force for two Years, from the twenty ninth Day of *September* next, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament, and no longer.

To continue for 2 Years from 29 *Sept.* 1740, and from thence to the end of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

CAP. XII.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Continuing and Amending the Laws now in Force, in Relation to Butter and Tallow, and the Casks in which ſuch Goods are to be made up, and for the curing of Hides, and making up Beef and Pork for Exportation; and for preventing the Deſtruction of Salmon.

12 BE it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Land-Waiter or other Officer of the Revenue, intruſted with the loading or putting on Board any Butter or Tallow, in Order to be exported, ſhall, from and after the ſaid twenty ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty, permit or ſuffer any Cask or Casks of Butter or Tallow, to be ſhipped or loaden on Board any Ship, Boat or Veſſel in order to be exported, unleſs ſuch Cask or Casks of Butter or Tallow, have been marked and branded by the Weigh-Maſter or Weigh-Maſters, purſuant to this and the before recited Acts, that then and in every ſuch caſe, every ſuch Land-Waiter, or other Officer of the Revenue offending therein, ſhall forfeit the Sum of ten Shillings for every Cask of Butter, and for every Cask of Tallow the Sum of twenty Shillings, that ſhall be ſo loaden on Board any Ship, Boat or Veſſel, for Exportation contrary to this Act, the ſame to be recovered by Civil Bill, before the Juſtice or Juſtices at the Aſſizes, or before the Juſtices of the Peace, in the County of the City of *Dublin*, and County of *Dublin*, at the Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace, held for the ſaid Counties reſpectively, in the ſame manner as Civil Bills are now uſed and practiſed; any Law to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Enacted that Land-Waiters, &c. permitting Casks of Butter or Tallow to be ſhipped for Exportation before marked and branded forfeit 10*s.* for every Cask of Butter, and for every Cask of Tallow 20*s.*

To be recovered by Civil Bill.

CAP.

CAP. XVIII.

English. *An Act for the Encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation.*

The Ground of the Act.

No Goods to be imported into, or exported out of any the *Englisb* Plantations in *Asia*, *Africa*, or *America*, but in *Englisb* or *Irisb* Vessels, or in Vessels of that Country; and three fourths of the Mariners to be *Englisb*.

FOR the Increase of Shipping, and Encouragement of the Navigation of this Nation, wherein, under the good Providence and Protection of God, the Wealth, Safety and Strength of this Kingdom is so much concerned; Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, and by the Lords and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority thereof; (*a*) that from and after the first Day of *December*, one thousand six hundred and sixty, and from thenceforward, no Goods or Commodities whatsoever shall be imported into, or exported out of any Lands, Islands, Plantations or Territories to his Majesty belonging, or in his Possession, or which may hereafter belong unto, or be in the Possession of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in *Asia*, *Africa* or *America*, in any other Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels whatsoever, but in such Ships or Vessels as do truly and without Fraud belong only to the People of *England* or *Ireland*, (*b*) Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or are of the built of, and belonging to any the said Lands, Islands, Plantations or Territories, as the Proprietors and right Owners thereof, and whereof the Master and three fourths of the Mariners at least are *Englisb*, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture and Loss of all the Goods and Commodities which shall be imported into, or exported out of any the aforesaid Places in any other Ship or Vessel; as also of the Ship or Vessel, with all its Guns, Furniture, Tackle, Ammunition and Apparel; one third Part thereof to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; one third Part to the Governor of such Land, Plantation, Island or Territory, where such Default shall be committed, in case the said Ship or Goods be there seized; or otherwise, that third Part also to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and the other third Part to him or them who shall seize, inform or sue for the same in any Court of Record, by Bill, Information, Plaint or other Action, wherein no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed. And all Admirals and other Commanders at Sea of any of the Ships of War, or other Ship, having Commission from his Majesty, or from his Heirs or Successors, are hereby Authorized, and strictly required to seize and bring in as Prize, all such Ships or Vessels as shall have offended contrary hereunto, and deliver them to the Court of Admiralty, there to be proceeded against; and in case of Condemnation, one Moiety of such Forfeitures shall be to the use of such Admirals or Commanders, and their Companies, to be divided and proportioned amongst them, according to the Rules and Orders of the Sea in Case of Ships taken Prize; and the other Moiety to the use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

The Forfeiture.

And how to be disposed.

Admirals and other Commanders required to seize, &c.

How to be divided.

And

(*a*) Subjects of *England*, *Ireland*, and the Plantations are *Englisb*. 14 *Car.* 2. cap. 11. § 6.
(*b*) *Scotch* Subjects, and Ships accounted *Britisb*. 5 *An.* cap. 8. Art. 4, 5.

2 And be it enacted, that no Alien, or Perſon not born within the Allegiance of our Sovereign Lord the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, or naturalized, or made a free Denizen, ſhall from and after the firſt Day of *February*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, exerciſe the Trade or Occupation of a Merchant or Factor in any the ſaid Places, upon pain of the Forfeiture and Loſs of all his Goods and Chattels, or which are in his Poſſeſſion; one third to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; one third to the Governor of the Plantation where ſuch Perſon ſhall offend; and the other third to him or them that ſhall Inform or Sue for the ſame, in any of his Majeſty's Courts in the Plantation where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed: And all Governors of the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations or Territories, and every of them, are hereby ſtrictly required and commanded, and all who hereafter ſhall be made Governors of any ſuch Iſlands, Plantations or Territories by his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, ſhall before their entrance into their Government, take a ſolemn Oath to do their utmoſt, that every the aforementioned Clauſes, and all the Matters and Things therein contained, ſhall be punctually, and *bona fide* obſerved, according to the true intent and meaning thereof: And upon complaint and proof made before his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, or ſuch as ſhall be by him or them thereunto authorized and appointed, that any the ſaid Governors have been willingly and wittingly Negligent in doing their Duty accordingly, that the ſaid Governor ſo offending ſhall be removed from his Government.

No Alien ſhall be a Factor in any of thoſe Plantations.

The Forfeiture, and how to be diſpoſed.

Governors of the Plantations ſhall take an Oath.

Any Governor not doing his Duty, to be removed from the Government.

3 And it is further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Goods or Commodities whatſoever, of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of *Africa*, *Aſia*, or *America*, or any part thereof, or which are deſcribed, or laid down in the uſual Maps or Cards of thoſe Places, be imported into *England*, *Ireland* or *Wales*, Iſlands of *Guernſey* or *Jerſey*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, in any other Ship or Ships, Veſſel or Veſſels whatſoever, but in ſuch as do truly and without Fraud belong only to the People of *England* or *Ireland*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or of the Lands, Iſlands, Plantations or Territories in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, to his Majeſty belonging, as the Proprietors and right Owners thereof, and whereof the Maſter, and three fourths at leaſt of the Mariners are *Engliſh*, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of all ſuch Goods and Commodities, and of the Ship or Veſſel in which they were imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition and Apparel; one Moiety to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; and the other Moiety to him or them who ſhall Seize, Inform or Sue for the ſame in any Court of Record, by Bill, Information, Plaint or other Action, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

Goods of the Growth, &c. of Africa, Aſia or America.

In what Ships to be Imported.

With what Mariners.

The Forfeiture.

How to be proſecuted, and divided.

4 And it is further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Goods or Commodities, that are of foreign Growth, Production or Manufacture, and which are to be brought into *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, the Iſlands of *Guernſey* and *Jerſey*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, in *Engliſh* built Shipping, or other Shipping belonging to ſome of the aforeſaid Places, and navigated by *Engliſh* Mariners, as aforeſaid, ſhall be Shipped or brought from any other Place or Places, Country or Countries, but only from thoſe of the ſaid Growth, Production or Manufacture, or from thoſe Ports where the ſaid Goods and Commodities can only, or are or uſually have been firſt ſhipped for Tranſportation, and from none other Places or Countries, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of all ſuch

Goods, &c. of foreign growth, &c. in what Shipping, and from whence to be Imported.

The Penalty.

such the aforesaid Goods, as shall be imported from any other Place or Country, contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof, as also of the Ship in which they were imported, with all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel; one Moiety to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall seize, inform or sue for the same in any Court of Record, to be recovered as is before expreſt.

How to be prosecuted, and divided.

Fish, Fins, and Oil, not made and cured by *English* Men, shall pay double Strangers Custom.

And it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that any sort of Ling, 5
Stock-fish, Pilchard, or any other Kind of dried or salted Fish, usually fished for and caught by the People of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or any sort of Cod-fish or Herring, or any Oil or Blubber made, or that shall be made of any kind of Fish whatsoever, or any Whale-fins or Whale-bones, which shall be imported into *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, not having been caught in Vessels truly and properly belonging thereunto as Proprietors, and right Owners thereof, and the said Fish cured, saved and dried, and the Oil and Blubber aforesaid (which shall be accounted, and pay as Oil) not made by the People thereof, and shall be imported into *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, shall pay double Aliens Custom.

No Ship to go from Port to Port in *England*, *Ireland*, &c. but *English*, and manned with *English* Men.

[a] And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that from henceforth 6
it shall not be lawful to any Person or Persons whatsoever, to load, or cause to be loaden and carried in any Bottom or Bottoms, Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels whatsoever, whereof any Stranger or Strangers born (unless such as be Denizens, or naturalized) be Owners, part Owners, or Master, and whereof three fourths of the Mariners at least, shall not be *English*, any Fish, Victual, Wares, Goods, Commodities or Things, of what kind or nature soever the same shall be, from one Port or Creek of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, Islands of *Guernsey* or *Jersey*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, to another Port or Creek of the same, or of any of them, under Penalty for every one that shall offend contrary to the true Meaning of this Branch of this present Act, to forfeit all such Goods as shall be loaden and carried in any such Ship or Vessel, together with the Ship or Vessel, and all her Guns, Ammunition, Tackle, Furniture and Apparel; one Moiety to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform, seize or sue for the same in any Court of Record, to be recovered in manner aforesaid.

The Forfeiture.

How to be prosecuted and divided.

What understood by *English* built Shipping mentioned in the Book of Rates.

[b] And it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that where any ease, a- 7
batement, or privilege is given in the Book of Rates to Goods or Commodities imported or exported in *English* built Shipping, that is to say, Shipping built in *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, Islands of *Guernsey* or *Jersey*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or in any the Lands, Islands, Dominions and Territories to his Majesty in *Africa*, *Asia*, or *America*, belonging, or in his Possession, that it is always to be understood and provided, that the Master and three fourths of the Mariners of the said Ships at least be also [c] *English*; and that where it is required, that the Master and three fourths of the Mariners be *English*, that the true Intent and Meaning thereof is, that they should be such during the whole Voyage, unless in case of Sickness, Death, or being taken Prisoners in the Voyage, to be proved by the Oath of the Master, or other chief Officer of such Ships.

Goods of the Growth of *Muscovy*, *Russia*, and Masts, Timber, Salt, Sugar, &c.

And it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that no Goods or Com- 8
modities of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of *Muscovy*, or of any the

[a] Act of Union, 5 *A.* cap. 8. Art. 4. extends to *Scotland*. [b] Act of Union, 5 *A.* cap. 8. [c] 14 *Car.* 2. cap. 11. §. 6.

the Countries, Dominions or Territories, to the Great Duke or Emperor of *Muſcovy* or *Ruſſia* belonging; as alſo, that no ſort of Maſts, Timber or Boards, no foreign Salt, Pitch, Tar, Roſin, Hemp or Flax, Raiſins, Figs, Prunes, Olive-Oils, no ſort of Corn or Grain, Sugar, Pot-aſhes, Wines, Vinegar, or Spirits called Aquavitæ or Brandy-Wine, ſhall, from and after the firſt Day of *April*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, be imported into *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, in any Ship or Ships, Veſſel or Veſſels whatſoever, but in ſuch as do truly and without Fraud belong to the People thereof, or ſome of them, as the true Owners and Proprietors thereof, and whereof the Maſter, and three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are *Engliſh*; and that no Currans nor Commodities of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of any of the Countries, Iſlands, Dominions or Territories to the Othoman or Turkiſh Empire belonging, ſhall, from and after the firſt Day of *September*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, be imported into any the forementioned Places in any Ship or Veſſel, but which is of *Engliſh* built, and navigated, as aforeſaid, and in no other; except only ſuch foreign Ships and Veſſels as are of the built of that Country or Place, of which the ſaid Goods are the Growth, Production or Manufacture reſpectively, or of ſuch Port where the ſaid Goods can only be, or moſt uſually are firſt ſhipped for Tranſportation, and whereof the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are of the ſaid Country or Place, under the Penalty and Forfeiture of Ship and Goods, to be diſpoſed and recovered as in the foregoing Clauſe.

In what Veſſels to be imported.

As alſo Currans or *Turkey* Goods.

Exception.

Under Forfeiture of Ship and Goods.

9 Provided always, and be it hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that for the prevention of the great Frauds daily uſed in colouring and concealing of Aliens Goods, all Wines of the Growth of *France* or *Germany*, which from and after the twentieth Day of *October*, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty, ſhall be imported into any the Ports or Places aforeſaid, in any other Ship or Veſſel, than which doth truly and without Fraud belong to *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and navigated with the Mariners thereof, as aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed Aliens Goods, and pay all Strangers Cuſtoms and Duties to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, as alſo to the Town or Port into which they ſhall be imported: And that all ſorts of Maſts, Timber or Boards; as alſo all foreign Salt, Pitch, Tar, Roſin, Hemp, Flax, Raiſins, Figs, Prunes, Olive-Oils, all ſorts of Corn or Grain, Sugar, Pot-aſhes, Spirits commonly called Brandy-Wine, or Aquavitæ, Wines of the Growth of *Spain*, the Iſlands of the *Canaries*, or *Portugal*, *Madera*, or Weſtern Iſlands, and all the Goods of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of *Muſcovy* or *Ruſſia*, which from and after the firſt Day of *April*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, ſhall be imported into any of the aforeſaid Places, in any other than ſuch Shipping, and ſo navigated: And all Currans and *Turkey* Commodities, which from and after the firſt Day of *September*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, ſhall be imported into any the Places aforeſaid, in any other than *Engliſh* built Shipping, and navigated as aforeſaid, ſhall be deemed Aliens Goods, and pay accordingly to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and to the Town or Port into which they ſhall be imported.

Proviſo for preventing of Frauds in colouring of Strangers Goods.

Viz. That all Wines, Maſts, Timber, Boards, Salt, Pitch, Tar, Roſin, *&c.* imported in any other than *Engliſh* Shipping, and all Currans and *Turkey* Commodities in any other than *Engliſh* built Shipping, ſhall pay Aliens Duties.

10 And for prevention of Frauds which may be uſed in colouring or buying of foreign Ships, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, and it is hereby enacted, that from and after the firſt Day of *April*, which ſhall be in the Year of our

A Clauſe to prevent the colouring or buying of foreign Ships.

Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, no foreign built Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, ſhall be deemed, or paſs as a Ship to *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick*, or any of them belonging, or enjoy the benefit or privilege of ſuch a Ship or Veſſel, until ſuch time that he or they claiming the ſaid Ship or Veſſel to be theirs, ſhall make appear to the chief Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms in the Port next to the Place of his or their Abode, that he or they are not Aliens, and ſhall have taken an Oath before ſuch chief Officer or Officers, who are hereby authorized to Adminiſter the ſame; that ſuch Ship or Veſſel was *bona fide*, and without Fraud, by him or them bought for a valuable Conſideration, expreſſing the Sum, as alſo the Time, Place and Perſons from whom it was bought, and who are his Part Owners, (if he have any) all which Part Owners ſhall be liable to take the ſaid Oath before the chief Officer or Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe of the Port next to the Place of their Abode; and that no Foreigner, directly or indirectly, hath any Part, Intereſt or Share therein; and upon ſuch Oath he or they ſhall receive a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the ſaid chief Officer or Officers of the Port where ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo making Oath do reſide, whereby ſuch Ship or Veſſel may for the future paſs, and be deemed as a Ship belonging to the ſaid Port, and enjoy the privilege of ſuch a Ship or Veſſel; and the ſaid Officer or Officers ſhall keep a Regiſter of all ſuch Certificates as he or they ſhall ſo give, and return a Duplicate thereof to the chief Officers of the Cuſtoms at *London*, for ſuch as ſhall be granted in *England*, *Wales* and *Berwick*, and to the chief Officers of the Cuſtoms at *Dublin*, for ſuch as ſhall be given in *Ireland*, together with the Names of the Perſon or Perſons from whom ſuch Ship was bought, and the Sum of Money which was paid for her; as alſo the Names of all ſuch Perſons who are Part Owners of her, if any ſuch be.

Owners of foreign Ships to prove by Oath they are not Aliens: And that the Ships were bought for valuable Conſiderations.

Officers of the Ports to keep a Regiſter, and to ſend Duplicates to *London*.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Officer of the Cuſtoms ſhall, from and after the firſt Day of *April*, allow the privilege of being a Ship or Veſſel, to *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick*, or any of them, belonging, to any Foreign built Ship or Veſſel, until ſuch Certificate be before them produced, or ſuch Proof and Oath taken before them; or if any Officer of the Cuſtoms ſhall allow the privilege of an *Engliſh* built Ship, or other Ship, to any the aforeſaid Places, belonging to any *Engliſh* or Foreign built Ship coming into any Port, and making Entry of any Goods, until Examination whether the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners be *Engliſh*; or ſhall allow to any Foreign built Ship, bringing in the Commodities of the Growth of the Country where it was built, the privilege by this Act to ſuch Ship given, until Examination and proof whether it be a Ship of the built of that Country, and that the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners are of that Country; or if any Perſon who is, or ſhall be made Governor of any Lands, Iſlands, Plantations or Territories in *Africa*, *Aſia* or *America*, by his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, ſhall ſuffer any Foreign built Ship or Veſſel, to load or unload any Goods or Commodities within the Precincts of their Governments, until ſuch Certificate be produced before them, or ſuch as ſhall be by them appointed to view the ſame, and Examination whether the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt be *Engliſh*, that for the firſt Offence ſuch Officer of the Cuſtoms, and Governors, ſhall be put out of their Places, Offices or Governments.

Governors or Officers allowing a Ship for *Engliſh* built, which is not, or hath not a Certificate, &c.

Or without Examination,

Shall loſe their Places or Governments.

Provided

12 Provided always, that this Act, or any thing therein contained, extend not, or be meant to reſtrain and prohibit the Importation of any the Commodities of the Streights or Levant Seas, loaden in *Engliſh*-built ſhipping, and whereof the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are *Engliſh*, from the uſual Ports or Places for lading of them heretofore within the ſaid Streights or Levant Seas, though the ſaid Commodities be not of the very Growth of the ſaid Places. Not extend to the Commodities of the Streights and Levant, imported in *Engliſh* built ſhipping from the uſual Places.

13 Provided alſo, that this Act, or any thing therein contained, extend not, or be meant to reſtrain the importing of any *Eaſt-India* Commodities loaden in *Engliſh* built Shipping, and whereof the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are *Engliſh*, from the uſual Place or Places for lading of them in any part of thoſe Seas, to the *Southward* and *Eaſtward* of *Cabo bona Speranza*, although the ſaid Ports be not the very Places of their Growth. Nor to the Importation of *Eaſt-India* Goods in *Engliſh* built Veſſels from the uſual Places.

14 Provided alſo, that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any of the People of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, Iſlands of *Guernſey* or *Jerſey*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, in Veſſels or Ships to them belonging, and whereof the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are *Engliſh*, to load and bring in from any of the Ports of *Spain* or *Portugal*, or *Weſtern* Iſlands, commonly called *Azores*, or *Madera*, or Canary Iſlands, all ſorts of Goods or Commodities of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the Plantations or Dominions of either of them reſpectively. *Engliſh* Men may Import from *Spain*, *Portugal*, &c. Goods of their Plantations.

15 Provided always, that this Act, or any thing therein contained, extend not to Bullion, nor yet to any Goods taken, or that ſhall be *bona fide* taken by way of Reprizal, by any Ship or Ships belonging to *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, Iſlands of *Guernſey* or *Jerſey*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and whereof the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners at the leaſt are *Engliſh*, having Commiſſion from his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors. This Act not to extend to Bullion, nor Goods taken as Prize.

16 Provided always, that this Act, [a] or any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to lay Aliens Duties upon any Corn of the Growth of *Scotland*, or to any Salt made in *Scotland*, nor to any Fiſh caught, ſaved, and cured by the People of *Scotland*, and imported directly from *Scotland* in *Scotch* built Ships, and whereof the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners are of his Majeſty's Subjects, nor to any Seal Oil of *Ruſſia*, imported from thence into *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, in ſhipping *bona fide* to ſome of the ſaid Places belonging, and whereof the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are *Engliſh*. Nor to lay Aliens Duty on *Scottiſh* Salt in *Scotch* Veſſels, nor Seal Oil of *Ruſſia* in *Engliſh* ſhipping.

17 Provided alſo, and it is hereby enacted, [b] that every Ship or Veſſel belonging to any the Subjects of the *French* King, which from and after the twentieth Day of *October*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty, ſhall come into any Port, Creek, Harbour or Road of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and ſhall there lade or unlade any Goods or Commodities, or take in, or ſet on Shore any Paſſengers, ſhall pay to the Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in ſuch Port, Creek, Harbour, or Road, for every Tun of which the ſaid Ship or Veſſel is of Burthen, to be computed by ſuch Officer of the Cuſtoms as ſhall be thereunto appointed, the Sum of five Shillings current Money of *England*; and that no ſuch Ship or Veſſel be ſuffered to depart out of ſuch Port, Creek, Harbour or Road, until the ſaid Duty be fully paid; and that this Duty ſhall continue to be collected, levied and paid for Five Shillings *per* Tun laid on all *French* Veſſels. The Penalty. Vide Act Frauds, 14 *Car.* 2. To continue as long as 50 Sols *per* Tun is collected in *France* on *Engliſh* Veſſels and three Months after.

[a] Act of Union 5 *Ann.* cap. 8. [b] This Duty ceaſed by the 11th Article of the Treaty of Commerce with *France*, concluded at *Utrecht*, 31 *March* / 11 *April*, 1713.

ſuch time as a certain Duty of fifty Sols *per* Tun, lately impoſed by the *French* King, or any part thereof, ſhall continue to be collected upon the ſhipping of *England* lading in *France*, and three Months after, and no longer.

No Sugars, Tobacco, &c. to be carried from any *Engliſh* Plantation but to his Majeſty's Dominions.

And it is further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, [a] that from and after the firſt Day of *April*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty one, no Sugars, Tobacco, Cotton-Wool, Indicoes, Ginger, Fuſtick, or other Dying Wood of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of any *Engliſh* Plantations in *America*, *Aſia*, or *Africa*, ſhall be ſhipped, carried, conveyed or tranſported from any of the ſaid *Engliſh* Plantations, to any Land, Iſland, Territory, Dominion, Port or Place whatſoever, other than to ſuch other *Engliſh* Plantations as do belong to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, or to the Kingdoms of *England* or *Ireland*, or Principality of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, [b] there to be laid on Shore, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of the ſaid Goods, or the full Value thereof, as alſo of the Ship, with all the Guns, Tackle, Apparel, Ammunition, and Furniture; the one Moiety to the Kings Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that ſhall Seize, Inform, or Sue for the ſame in any Court of Record, by Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed. 18

Penalty.

How to be proſecuted and divided.

Security to be given in *England* for Ships to the *Engliſh* Plantations, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that for every Ship or Veſſel which from and after the five and twentieth Day of *December*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty, ſhall ſet Sail out of, or from *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, for any *Engliſh* Plantation in *America*, *Aſia*, or *Africa*, ſufficient Bond ſhall be given with one Surety to the chief Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe of ſuch Port or Place from whence the ſaid Ship ſhall ſet Sail, to the Value of one thouſand Pounds, if the Ship be of leſs Burthen than one hundred Tuns; and of the Sum of two thouſand Pounds, if the Ship ſhall be of greater Burthen; that in caſe the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſhall load any of the ſaid Commodities at any of the ſaid *Engliſh* Plantations, that the ſame Commodities ſhall be by the ſaid Ship brought to ſome Port of *England*, [c] *Ireland*, or *Wales*, or to the Port or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*; and ſhall there unload and put on Shore the ſame, the danger of the Seas only excepted; and for all Ships coming from any other Port or Place to any of the aforeſaid Plantations, who by this Act are permitted to trade there, that the Governor of ſuch *Engliſh* Plantations, ſhall, before the ſaid Ship or Veſſel be permitted to load on Board any of the ſaid Commodities, take Bond in manner and to the value aforeſaid, for each reſpective Ship or Veſſel, that ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall carry all the aforeſaid Goods that ſhall be laden on Board in the ſaid Ship to ſome other of his Majeſty's *Engliſh* Plantations, or to *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*; and that every Ship or Veſſel which ſhall load or take on Board any of the aforeſaid Goods, until ſuch Bond given to the ſaid Governor, or Certificate produced from the Officers of any Cuſtom-houſe of *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or of the Town of *Berwick*, that ſuch Bonds have been there duly given, ſhall be forfeited, with all her Guns, Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, to be employed, and recovered in Manner, as aforeſaid. And the ſaid [d] Governors, and every of them, ſhall twice in every Year, after 19

Or in the Plantations to the Governors,

Under Forfeiture.

Governors to return Copies of the Bonds to *London* twice a Year.

[a] Union Act, 5 *Ann.* cap. 8. [b] Alter'd as to *Ireland*, 22 Car. 2. cap. 26. Sect. 11. 7 *W.* 3. cap. 22. Sect. 14. [c] *Ireland* to be left out, 22 *Car.* 2. cap. 26. Sect. 11. [d] Liſt of Bonds to be returned Yearly. 22 *Car.* 2. cap. 26. Sect. 12.

after the first Day of *January*, one thousand six hundred and sixty, return true Copies of all such Bonds by him so taken, to the chief Officers of the Custom in *London*.

CAP. XXXII.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for Prohibiting the Exportation of Wool, Wool-fells, Fullers-Earth, or any Kind of Scouring Earth. English.

I. FOR the better preventing and avoiding of such Losses and Inconveniences as have happened, and daily do and may happen to the Kingdom of *England*, and Dominion of *Wales*, and to the Kingdom of *Ireland*, by and through the secret and subtil Exportation and Transportation, and by and through the secret and subtil carrying and conveying away of Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-Earth, and Fulling Clay, out of and from the Kingdoms and Dominion aforesaid; and for the better setting on work the poor People and Inhabitants of the Kingdoms and Dominion aforesaid, and to the Intent that the full and best use and benefit of the principal native Commodities of the same Kingdoms and Dominion may come, redound, and be unto and amongst the Subjects and Inhabitants of the same, and not unto or amongst the Subjects and Inhabitants of the Realm of *Scotland*, or of any Foreign Realms or States, as the same now of late in some great Measure hath done, and is further likely to do, if some severer punishment than heretofore be not speedily inflicted upon such Offenders as shall be Actors or Assistants in and to such Exportation and Transportation, and in and to such carrying and conveying away thereof, as aforesaid: Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, the Lords and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, that no Person or Persons whatsoever, from and after the fourteenth Day of *January*, one thousand six hundred and threescore,* shall directly or indirectly export, transport, carry or convey, or cause or procure to be exported, transported, carried or conveyed out of, or from the Kingdom of *England*, or Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or out of, or from the Isles of *Jersey* or *Guernsey*, with *Sark* and *Alderney*, being under the Government of *Guernsey* aforesaid, or out of, or from any of them, or out of, or from the Kingdom of *Ireland* aforesaid, into any Parts or Places out of the Kingdoms, Isles, or Dominion aforesaid, any Sheep or Wool whatsoever, of the Breed or Growth of the Kingdoms of *England* or *Ireland*, or Isles or Dominion aforesaid; or any Wool-fells, Mortlings or Shorlings, or any Yarn made of Wool, or any Wool-flocks, or any Fullers-Earth, or any Fulling Clay whatsoever; nor shall directly or indirectly pack or load, or cause to be packed or loaded upon any Horse, Cart, or other Carriage, or Load, or lay on Board, or cause to be loaden or laid on Board in any Ship or other Vessel, in any Place or Port within the Kingdoms of *England* or *Ireland*, or Town of *Berwick*, or Isles, or Dominion aforesaid, any such Sheep, Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, or Wool-flocks, or any Fullers-Earth or Fulling Clay, to the Intent or Purpose to Export, Transport,

No Person shall export any Sheep or Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn, Wool-flocks,* Fullers-Earth, Fulling Clay.

Nor carry or load on board any Sheep, Wool, &c.

* Alter'd by the Act of Union 5 *Ann.* cap. 8. as to *Scotland.*

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port, carry or convey the ſame, or to cauſe the ſame to be exported, tranſported, carried or conveyed out of the Kingdoms of *England* or *Ireland*, Town of *Berwick*, Iſles or Dominion aforeſaid, or with Intent or Purpoſe that any other Perſon or Perſons ſhould ſo export, tranſport, carry or convey the ſame into any Parts or Places out of the Kingdoms of *England* and *Ireland*, Town of *Berwick*, Iſles or Dominion aforeſaid, into the Kingdom of *Scotland*, or any Foreign Parts.

No Wool-fells, &c. to be carried out of *England*, *Wales*, *Ireland*, &c.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, or any Fullers-Earth, or Fulling Clay, ſhall be, from and after the fourteenth Day of *January*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty, exported, tranſported, carried or conveyed out of the Kingdom of *England* and Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick*, or Kingdom of *Ireland*, or out of any Port or Place of the ſaid Kingdoms reſpectively, unto the Iſles of *Jerſey* or *Guernſey*, or to *Sark* or *Alderney*, except as in this Act ſhall be hereafter limited or appointed.

The Penalties.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every the Offender and Offenders, Offence and Offences aforeſaid, ſhall be ſubject and liable to the reſpective Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures hereafter following; that is to ſay, the ſaid Sheep, Wools, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-Earth, and Fulling Clay ſo exported, tranſported, carried, conveyed, packed or loaden contrary to the true Intent of this Act, ſhall be forfeited; and that every Offender and Offenders therein, ſhall forfeit twenty Shillings for every ſuch Sheep, and three Shillings for every pound weight of ſuch Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-Earth, or Fulling Clay: And alſo the Owners of the ſaid Ships or Veſſels, knowing ſuch Offence, ſhall forfeit all their Intereſt in the ſaid Ships or Veſſels, with all their Apparel and Furniture to them and every of them belonging; and that the Maſter and Mariners thereof, knowing ſuch Offence, and wittingly and willingly aiding and aſſiſting thereunto, ſhall forfeit all their Goods and Chattles, and have Impriſonment for the ſpace of three Months without Bail or Mainprize; the one Moiety of which ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall be to the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him that will Sue for the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record, or before the Juſtices of Aſſize, or in the General Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace; in which Suit, no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

For every Sheep 20*s*. For every pound of Wool, Wool-fells, &c. 3*s*.

The Penalty upon any Merchant that ſhall Tranſport Wools, &c,

IV. And be it further enacted, that if any Merchant, or other Perſon or Perſons, ſhall after the ſaid Fourteenth Day of *January*, Tranſport, or cauſe to be tranſported any Sheep, Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Woollen-Yarn, Wool-flocks, Fullers-Earth, or Fulling Clay, contrary to the true Intent of this Act, and be thereof lawfully convicted, that then he ſhall be diſabled to require any Debt or Account of any Factor or others, for or concerning any Debt or Eſtate properly belonging to ſuch Offender. Provided always, and it is nevertheleſs declared, that this Act, or any thing therein contained, ſhall not be conſtrued to take away any greater Pains or Penalties inflicted, or to be inflicted for any the Offences aforeſaid, by vertue of any former Act of Parliament now in Force.

Proviſo.

V And

× Repealed by 20 Geo III Cap. 1. as to all Woolen manufactures from Ireland from 24th Sept. 23d Dec. 1779

V. And be it alſo further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every Offence that ſhall be done or committed contrary to this Act, ſhall and may be enquired of, and heard, examined, tried and determined in the County where ſuch Sheep, Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-Earth, or Fulling Clay reſpectively, ſhall be ſo packed, loaden or laid aboard, as aforeſaid, contrary to this Act, or elſe in the County where ſuch Offenders ſhall happen to be apprehended or arreſted for ſuch Offence, in ſuch Manner and Form, and to ſuch Effect, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame Offence had been wholly and altogether done and committed at and in ſuch County. Offences againſt this Act, where to be tried.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall at any time hereafter be impeached for any Offence aforeſaid, unleſs ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be [a] proſecuted within the ſpace of one Year next enſuing ſuch Offence committed.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons to Seize, Take and Challenge to his or their own Uſe and Behoof, and to the Uſe of the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, all and all Manner of ſuch Sheep, Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-Earth, and Fulling Clay, as he or they ſhall happen to ſee, find, know, or diſcover to be laid aboard in any Ship, or other Veſſel or Boat, or to be brought, carried, or laid on Shore at or near the Sea, or any navigable River or Water, to the Intent or Purpoſe to be exported, tranſported or conveyed out of the Kingdoms of *England* or *Ireland*, Town of *Berwick*, Iſles or Dominion aforeſaid, contrary to the true Meaning of this Act, [b] or to be packed or loaden upon any Horſe, Cart, or other Carriage, to the Intent or Purpoſe to be conveyed or carried into the Kingdom of *Scotland* aforeſaid; and that ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall happen ſo to Seize, Take or Challenge any ſuch Sheep, Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-Earth, or Fulling Clay, as aforeſaid, ſhall have the full Moiety thereof, to all Intents and Purpoſes. Any Perſon may ſeize Goods loaded contrary to this Act, with Intent to be tranſported, and ſhall have the Moiety thereof.

VIII. Provided always, that ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall make any ſuch Seizure or Challenge, as aforeſaid, to his or their own Uſe, ſhall not be admitted or allowed to give in Evidence upon his or their Oath or Oaths againſt any Perſon or Perſons which ſhall happen to be indicted, accuſed, or queſtioned by vertue of this Act, or any thing therein contained. Proviſo, Such Perſon ſhall not be Evidence againſt the Offender.

IX. And furthermore be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all and every Ship, Veſſel, Hulk, Barge or Boat, of what Kind ſoever, whereof any Alien born, or whereof any natural born Subjects not inhabiting within the Realm of *England* ſhall be Owner or part Owner, and wherein any Sheep, Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-Earth, or Fulling Clay, ſhall happen to be ſhipped, put or laid aboard contrary to the true Meaning of this Act, ſhall be forfeited to the King's Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors. Forfeiture of the Ship, if the Owner be an Alien, or not inhabiting in *England*.

X. Provided always, that this Act ſhall not extend to any Lamb-skin ready dreſt and prepared, fit and uſeful for Furr or Linings. Proviſo for Lamb-ſkins.

XI. Provided alſo, that this Act ſhall not in any wiſe extend to the tranſporting, carrying or conveying away of any ſuch Wool-fells or Pelts, with ſuch Wool upon them, or to any Beds ſtuffed with Flocks, which ſhall be carried or employed in any Ship or other Veſſel for neceſſary Uſe, only, of and about the Ordnance, Proviſo. Flock Beds, *&c.* not to be ſold out of *England*, *Ireland*, or *Berwick*.

[a] May be proſecuted in 3 Years. 9 *W.* 3. cap. 40. [b] *Vide* Act of Union.

Ordnance, or other thing in or concerning ſuch Ship or Veſſel, or only for the neceſſary Uſe of any the Perſons in ſuch Ship or Veſſel, paſſing or being, and which ſhall not be ſold or uttered in any Foreign Parts, out of the Kingdoms of *England* or *Ireland*, or Town of *Berwick*, Iſles or Dominion aforeſaid; nor to the exporting, tranſporting, carrying or conveying of any Weather-ſheep, or of the Wool growing upon any ſuch Weather-ſheep, to be carried alive in any Ship or other Veſſel, for and toward the only neceſſary Food or Diet, of or for the Company or Paſſengers, or other Perſons therein, and for and towards none other Purpoſe.

Anno Decimo Quarto Caroli Secundi Regis.

CAP. XI.

Engliſh.

Part of the ſixth Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds and regulating Abuſes in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms.

An account to be given of all foreign Ships in all Ports of *England*.

VI. AND for the better encreaſe of Shipping and Navigation, be it further enacted, that the Collectors, and other Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in all the Ports of *England*, ſhall forthwith give an Account unto the Collectors and Surveyor in the Port of *London*, (appointed by his Majeſty for all Duties and Matters relating to a late Act, Intituled, [a] *An Act for encreaſing and encouraging of Shipping and Navigation*) of all Foreign built Ships in their Ports, owned and belonging to the People of *England*, of what built and Burthen they are, for which Certificates have been made according to the ſaid Act; and that the ſaid Collector and Surveyor ſhall make a true and perfect Liſt of all ſuch Ships, atteſted under their Hands, and tranſmit the ſame into his Majeſty's Court of *Exchequer*, on or before the Month of *December*, in the Year one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and two, there to remain upon Record. And that no Foreign built Ship (that is to ſay) not built in any of his Majeſty's Dominions of *Aſia*, *Africa* or *America*, or other than ſuch as ſhall (*bona fide*) be bought before the firſt of *October*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and two next enſuing, and expreſly named in the ſaid Liſt, ſhall enjoy the Privilege of a Ship belonging to *England* or *Ireland*, although owned or manned by *Engliſh*, (except ſuch Ships [b] only as ſhall be taken at Sea by Letters of Mart or Repriſal, and Condemnation made in the Court of Admiralty, as lawful Prize) but all ſuch Ships ſhall be deemed as Aliens Ships, and be liable unto all Duties that Alien Ships are liable unto by vertue of the ſaid Act for encreaſe of Shipping and Navigation. And whereas it is required by the ſaid Act, that in ſundry caſes, the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners are to be *Engliſh*, [c] it is to be underſtood, that any of his Majeſty's Subjects of *England*, *Ireland*, and his Plantations, are to be accounted *Engliſh*, and no others, and that the number of Mariners be accounted according to what they ſhall have been during the whole Voyage.

Foreign built Ships not to have the Privilege of Ships belonging to *England* or *Ireland*.

Exception.

Engliſh, *Iriſh*, and Subjects in the Plantations to be accounted *Engliſh*.

CAP.

[a] 12 *Car.* 2. C. 18. [b] Foreign built Ships Regiſter'd in *Scotland*, before 1ſt May 1708, 5 Article of Union 5 *Annæ* cap. 8. [c] *Scotch* to be accounted *Engliſh*. Ditto Article of Union.

CAP. XVIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act againſt the exporting of Sheep, Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, and Tobacco-pipe-clay. Engliſh.

VII AND foraſmuch as great Quantities of Wool, Woollen Yarn, and Wool-flocks, are cloſe packed and preſſed together with Screws, and other unlawful Engines, into Buts, Pipes, Hogſheads, Cheſts and other Casks and Veſſels, and into Sacks, Bags, and other Wrappers made of Wool or Linen, and under colour of Bales, Sacks, Bags, Packs and Casks of other Goods, and otherwiſe, great Quantities of the ſame are daily loaden on Board of Ships or other Veſſels, and ſo are carried, conveyed, exported, and tranſported out of the Kingdoms, [a] Town of *Berwick*, and Dominion aforeſaid; and alſo great Quantities are daily carried and laid at or near the Coaſts of the Sea, or ſome navigable Rivers into Store-houſes and Barns, and by right are laid on Board of Shallops, and other Veſſels belonging to Aliens, and ſo carried and exported out of the Kingdoms, Town of *Berwick*, and Dominion aforeſaid; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, no Perſon or Perſons ſhall preſs together with any Screws, Preſſes, or other Engines, into any Sack, Pack, Bag, or other Wrapper, or ſhall put, preſs, pack or ſtean any Wool whatſoever, or any Yarn made of Wool, into any Butt, Pipe, Hogſhead, Cheſt, or any other Cask or Veſſel, upon any pretence whatſoever, or ſhall carry or lay, or cauſe to be carried or laid at or near the Shore or Coaſts of the Sea, or of any navigable River, or into any Houſe or Place near adjoyning thereunto, any ſuch Wool, Wool-flocks, or Yarn made of Wool, with [b] Intention to Export, Tranſport, Carry or Convey the ſame out of the Kingdoms of *England* or *Ireland*, Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or Dominion of *Wales*, into the Kingdom of *Scotland*, or into any Foreign Parts, under the Penalty of the Loſs and Forfeiture of all ſuch Wool, Wool-flocks, and Yarn made of Wool, as ſhall be ſo packed or preſſed, or put or laid into Cask, or carried or laid near to the Sea-Shore, or to any navigable River, as aforeſaid, or the value thereof.

Screws and unlawful Engines for preſſing together of Wool, not to be uſed.

The Penalty.

VIII And whereas great Quantities of Fullers-earth, or Fulling-clay are daily carried and exported under the colour of Tobacco-pipe-clay; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Tobacco-pipe-clay ſhall, from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and two, be exported, tranſported, carried or conveyed out of, or from the Kingdom of [c] *England*, Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and two, out of or from the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or the Dominion of *Wales*, into the Kingdom of *Scotland*, [d] or into any Foreign Parts, or into any Port or Place out of the Kingdom or Dominion aforeſaid, under the Penalty of three Shillings for every Pound of Tobacco-pipe-clay, which ſhall be exported or tranſported contrary to this Act.

Fulling-clay, Tobacco-pipe-clay, not to be exported.

The Penalty.

[a] *England* and *Ireland*. Sect. 1 and 2. [b] *Great-Britain*, alter'd by the Act of Union as to *Scotland*, 5 *Ann.* cap. 8. [c] *Great-Britain*. [d] Alter'd as to *Scotland*, by the Union.

Packs of Wool, Wool-fels, &c. ſhall not be carried but in the day-time.

IX And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and two, no Packs, Sacks, Bags or Cask of any Wool, Wool-fels, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, or Tobacco-pipe-clay, ſhall be laid or loaded on any Horſe, Cart, or other Carriage whatſoever, or ſhall be carried or conveyed by Land to or from any Place or Places within the Kingdom of *England*,[a] Town of *Berwick*, or Dominion aforeſaid; nor after the firſt Day of *January*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty two, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, but in the Day-time, and at ſeaſonable Hours, (that is to ſay) from and after the firſt Day of *March*, to the nine and twentieth Day of *September* yearly, between the Hours of four of the Clock in the Morning, and eight of the Clock in the Evening, and from the nine and twentieth Day of *September*, to the firſt Day of *March* yearly, between the Hours of ſeven of the Clock in the Morning, and five of the Clock in the Evening, under the Penalty of the Loſs and Forfeiture of all ſuch Goods, or the Value thereof; the one Moiety of all which Forfeitures mentioned in this Act, to be to the uſe of the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that will ſue for the ſame, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any Court of Record, in which no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be admitted or allowed.

The Penalty.

[a] *Great-Britain.*

Anno Decimo Quinto Caroli Secundi Regis.

CAP. VII.

Engliſh.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Trade.

Commodities of the Growth and Manufacture of *Europe* to be ſhipped in *Great-Britain* to be tranſported to the Plantations.

VI BE it enacted, and it is hereby enacted, that from and after the five and twentieth Day of *March*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty four, no Commodity of the Growth,[b] Production or Manufacture of *Europe*, ſhall be imported into any Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place to his Majeſty belonging, or which ſhall hereafter belong unto, or be in the Poſſeſſion of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in *Aſia*, *Africa* or *America* (*Tangier* only excepted) but what ſhall be *bona fide*, and without Fraud, laden and ſhipped in *England*,[c] *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and in *Engliſh* built ſhipping, or which were *bona fide* bought before the firſt Day of *October*, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and two, and had ſuch Certificate thereof, as is directed in one Act paſſed the laſt Seſſions of this preſent Parliament, intituled,[d] *An Act for preventing Frauds and regulating Abuſes in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms*; and whereof the Maſters and three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are *Engliſh*, and which ſhall be carried directly thence to the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places, and from no other Place or Places whatſoever; any Law, Statute,

[b] 3 Ann. *cap.* 8. Sect. 1. an Exception for *Iriſh* Linen. [c] *Great-Britain.* Act Union, 5 *Ann.* [d] 14 *Car.* 2. cap. 11. Sect. 6.

Statute, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding, under the Penalty of the Loſs of all ſuch Commodities of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of *Europe*, as ſhall be imported into any of them from any other Place whatſoever, by Land or Water; and if by Water, of the Ship or Veſſel alſo in which they were imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition and Apparel, one third Part to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; one third Part to the Governor of ſuch Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place, into which ſuch * Goods were imported, if the ſaid Ship, Veſſel or Goods be there ſeized, or informed againſt, and ſued for; or otherwiſe, that third Part alſo to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors; and the other third Part to him or them who ſhall ſeize, inform, or ſue for the ſame in any of his Majeſty's Courts in ſuch of the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Colonies, Plantations, Territories or Places where the Offence was committed, or in any Court of Record in *England*, by Bill, Information, Plaint or other Action, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager in Law ſhall be allowed. Penalty.

VII. Provided always, and be it hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be lawful to ſhip and lade in ſuch Ships, and ſo navigated as in the foregoing Clauſe is ſet down and expreſſed in any Part of *Europe*, Salt for the Fiſheries of *New-England*, and *New-foundland*, and to ſhip and lade in the *Madera's* Wines of the Growth thereof; and to ſhip and lade in the Weſtern Iſlands or *Azores*, Wines of the Growth of the ſaid Iſlands; and to ſhip and take in Servants or Horſes in *Scotland* or *Ireland*, and to ſhip or lade in *Scotland* all ſorts of Victual of the Growth or Production of *Scotland*, and to ſhip or lade in *Ireland* all ſorts of Victual of the Growth or Production of *Ireland*, and the ſame to tranſport into any of the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places; any Thing in the foregoing Clauſe to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding. Proviſo for Salt for Fiſheries and *Madera's* Wines. and Servants, Horſes, or Victuals in *Ireland*.

* 12 *Car.* 2. cap. 18. Sect. 1.

Anno Primo Gulielmi & Mariæ Regis & Reginæ.

CAP. XXXII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the better preventing the Exportation of Wool, and incouraging the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom. Engliſh.

IV. AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Cocquets for carrying Wool from any Port within the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or from the Port of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, ſhall be written upon Paper, and not Parchment, and ſigned by three of the chief Officers of ſuch reſpective Port at leaſt; and all Certificates of landing the ſame again in any other of the ſaid Ports, or from the Kingdom of *Ireland*, ſhall be ſigned Cocquet and Certificate how to be made.

in like manner; and that all such Wool, both at shipping and landing, shall be weighed in the presence of the said Officers, giving such Cocquets and Certificates respectively; and that the exact Weight, Marks and Numbers of such Wool so shipped and landed, shall be likewise particularly expressed in both Cocquet and Certificate.

Penalty on Officers.

V. And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every such Officer and Officers, as shall not observe the Directions in this Act before mentioned on their parts to be performed, shall be deemed and adjudged as Aiders and Abettors of the said Transportation, and suffer the Penalties contained in the Statutes made in the twelfth, and thirteenth and fourteenth Years of King *Charles* the second, against Transportation of Wool, and other the Things before mentioned.

Cap. 32. Cap. 18.

Ports of Import and Export betwixt *England* and *Ireland*.

VI. Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Wool shall be shipped from the Kingdom of *Ireland*, but from these Ports following, (*viz.*) *Dublin*, *Waterford*, *Youghall*, *Kingsale*, *Corke* and *Drogheda*; and that no Wool shall be imported from the Kingdom of *Ireland*, into any Ports but these following, (*viz.*) *Liverpool*, *Chester*, *Bristol*, *Minehead*, *Barnstaple*, *Biddifor* and *Exeter*.

Owner of Ship, &c. discovering, their Reward.

VIII. Provided always, That if any Owner of any Ship or Vessel, or any Master or Mariner knowing of the Exportation of any Sheeps-wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, or Tobacco-pipe-clay, contrary to the true Meaning of this and the other Acts above mentioned, shall within three Months next after the Knowledge thereof, or after his Return into the Kingdom of *England* or *Ireland*, or to the said Town of *Berwick*, or into the Dominion of *Wales* aforesaid, give the first Information *bona fide*, before any of the Barons for the time being of the Court of *Exchequer* in *England*, or the Court of *Exchequer* in *Ireland*, or before any three of the Commissioners appointed by this Act, for the more effectual putting in Execution this and other Laws, made against the Exportation of Wool, or before the Head Officer of any Port where he shall first arrive, upon his or their Oath, of the Number and Quantity of such Sheeps-wool, Wool-fells, Mortling, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, or Tobacco-pipe-clay, so carried, conveyed or exported, as aforesaid, and by whom, where, and in what Ship or Vessel, and afterwards shall be ready upon reasonable Warning, by Process to justify and prove the same, that then such Owner and Owners, Master, Mariner and Mariners, shall not be liable or subject to any the Penalties or Forfeitures in this or any other Act contained or enacted, for the Offence aforesaid, but shall and is hereby enabled to recover and receive such Benefit and Advantages as is appointed to be allowed by the precedent Act or Acts.

Persons authorized may seize, &c.

IX. Provided nevertheless, That the Powers given to the said Commissioners shall not hinder any Person or Persons lawfully authorized from seizing Wool, or prosecuting any Person offending against this or any former Act made against the Transportation of Wool, and other the Things above mentioned.

Officers sued may plead the general Issue, *not guilty*.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information shall be commenced or prosecuted against any Person for what he shall do in pursuance of this Act, such Persons so sued shall and may file a common Bail, or enter into a common Appearance, and plead the general Issue, *not guilty*; and upon Issue joined, may give this Act in Evidence:

vidence: and if the Plaintiff or Profecutor ſhall become non-ſuit, or ſuffer Diſcontinuance, or if a Verdict paſs againſt him, or if upon a Demurrer Judgment paſs againſt him, the Defendant ſhall recover treble Coſts and Damages for his Moleſtation.

XI. And for the better Execution of the Powers granted by this Act, Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That a Regiſter be kept at the *Cuſtom-houſe, London*, of all the Wool, from time to time, imported from *Ireland*; and alſo of what Wool ſhall be ſent from one Port to another in this Kingdom; the particular Weights and Numbers, the Ship, Maſter's Name, Owner's Name, and to whom conſigned; to the end the ſaid Commiſſioners appointed to put this Act in Execution, may have an Inſpection thereinto, or Copies thereof from time to time. This Act to continue for three Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Parliament. A Regiſter of Wool, from *Ireland*, &c. Continuance of the Act.

Anno Septimo & Octavo Gulielmi Tertii Regis.

CAP. XXII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuſes in the Plantation Trade. Engliſh.

XIV. AND whereas ſeveral Ships and Veſſels laden with Tobacco, Sugars, and other Goods of the Growth and Product of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, have been diſcharged in ſeveral Ports of the Kingdoms of *Scotland*, and *Ireland*, contrary to the Laws and Statutes now in being, under pretence that the ſaid Ships and Veſſels were driven in thither by ſtreſs of Weather, or for want of Proviſions, and other Diſabilities, could not proceed on their Voyage: For Remedy whereof, Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *December*, one thouſand ſix hundred ninety-ſix, it ſhall not be lawful, on any pretence [a] whatſoever, to put on ſhore in the ſaid Kingdoms of *Scotland*, or *Ireland*, any Goods or Merchandize of the Growth or Product of any of his Majeſty's Plantations aforeſaid, unleſs the ſame have been firſt landed in the Kingdom of [b] *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and paid the Rates and Duties wherewith they are chargeable by Law, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of the Ship and Goods, three Fourths, without Compoſition, to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Fourth to him or them that ſhall ſue for the ſame. No Plantation Goods to be landed in *Ireland*, unleſs firſt landed in *England*. Forfeiture.

XV. Provided nevertheleſs, That if any Ship or Veſſel, laden as aforeſaid, ſhall by ſtreſs of Weather be ſtranded, or by Reaſon of Leakineſs or other Diſability, ſhall be driven into any Port or Place within the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and Proviſo for Ships ſtranded in *Ireland*,

[a] *Vide* the Act of Union, 5 *A.* cap. 8. See 4 *Geo.* 2. c. 15. *Engl.* [b] *Great-Britain*, *vide* the Act of Union, 5 *A.* cap. 8.

and ſhall not be able to proceed on her Voyage, then, and in ſuch caſe only the ſaid Goods and Merchandizes may be permitted to be put on ſhore, but ſhall be delivered into the Cuſtody and Poſſeſſion of the Collector, or chief Officer of the Cuſtoms of ſuch Port or Place where the ſaid Ship ſhall be ſo ſtranded or driven into, there to remain until the ſaid Goods and Merchandize ſhall, at the Charge of the Owner thereof, be put on board ſome other Ship or Veſſel, in order to be tranſported and carried to ſome other Port or Place within the ſaid Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, the ſaid Officer firſt taking good and ſufficient Security for the Delivery of the ſame, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

No Ship to trade to and from the Plantations, till regiſtred.

XVII. And for a more effectual Prevention of Frauds, which may be uſed to elude the Intention of this Act, by colouring foreign Ships under *Engliſh* Names, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the five and twentieth Day of *March*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred ninety-eight, no Ship or Veſſel whatſoever ſhall be deemed, or paſs as a Ship of the Built of [a] *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, *Berwick*, *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, or of any of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, ſo as to be qualified to trade to, from, or in any of the ſaid Plantations, until the Perſon or Perſons claiming Property in ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall regiſter the ſame as followeth, that is to ſay, If the Ship, at the time of ſuch Regiſter, doth belong to any Port in *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or to the Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, then Proof ſhall be made upon Oath of one or more of the Owners of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, before the Collector and Comptroller of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in ſuch Port; or if at the Time of ſuch Regiſter the Ship belong to any of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, or to the Iſlands of *Guernſey*, or *Jerſey*, then the like Proof to be made before the Governor, together with the principal Officer of his Majeſty's Revenue reſiding on ſuch Plantation or Iſland; which Oath the ſaid Governors and Officers of the Cuſtoms reſpectively, are hereby authorized to adminiſter in the Tenour following, *viz.*

Where to be regiſtred.

The Oath, in *hæc Verba*.

I *A. B.* That the Ship (Name) of (Port) whereof (Maſter's Name) is at preſent Maſter, being a (Kind of Built) of (Burthen) Tons, was built at (Place where) in the Year (Time when) and that (Owner's Name) of and of, *&c.* are at preſent Owners thereof, and that no Foreigner, directly or indirectly, hath any Share or Part, or Intereſt therein.

The Oath to be delivered to the Maſter, and a Duplicate to be tranſmitted to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms.

XVIII. Which Oath being atteſted by the Governor or Cuſtom-Officer reſpectively, who adminiſtred the ſame, under their Hands and Seals, ſhall, after having been regiſtred by them, be delivered to the Maſter of the Ship, for the Security of her Navigation; a Duplicate of which Regiſter ſhall be immediately tranſmitted to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the Port of *London*, in order to be entered in a general Regiſter, to be there kept for this purpoſe, with Penalty upon any Ship or Veſſel trading to, from, or in any of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, after the ſaid five and twentieth Day of *March*, and not having made proof of her Built and Property, as is here directed,

[a] *Great-Britain*, *vide* the Act of Union, 5 *A.* cap. 8.

rected, that ſhe ſhall be liable, and ſhe is hereby made liable to ſuch Proſecution and Forfeiture as any foreign Ship (except Prizes condemned in the high Court of Admiralty) would for trading with theſe Plantations by this Law be liable to.

Ships taken and condemned as Prize, ſhall be ſpecially regiſtred.

XIX. Provided always, that all ſuch Ships as have been, or ſhall be taken at Sea by Letters of Mart or Repriſal, and Condemnation thereof made in the High Court of Admiralty of *England*, as lawful Prize, ſhall be ſpecially regiſtred, mentioning the Capture and Condemnation inſtead of the Time and Place of Building; with Proof alſo upon Oath, that the entire Property is *Engliſh*, before any ſuch Prize ſhall be allowed the Privilege of an *Engliſh* built Ship, according to the Meaning of this Act.

Ship's Name altered, to be regiſtred *de novo*.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Ship's Name regiſtred, ſhall be afterwards changed without regiſtring ſuch Ship *de novo*, which is hereby required to be done upon any Transfer of Property to another Port, and delivering up the former Certificate to be cancelled, under the ſame Penalties, and in the like Method as is herein before directed; and that in caſe any Alteration of Property in the ſame Port, by the Sale of one or more Shares in any Ship after regiſtring thereof, ſuch Sale ſhall always be acknowledged by Indorſement on the Certificate of the Regiſter before two Witneſſes, in order to prove, that the entire Property in ſuch Ship remains to ſome of the Subjects of *England*, if any Diſpute ariſes concerning the ſame. Penalty.

CAP. XXVIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the more effectual preventing the Exportation of Wool, and for the encouraging the Importation thereof from Ireland. Engliſh.

Ports of Importation from *Ireland* into *England*.

V. AND be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for the better Encouragement of the Importation of Wool from *Ireland*, that it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, from the Place or Places in the ſaid Act limited, to import into *England*, from *Ireland*, any Quantity or Quantities of Wool to any of the Ports hereafter mentioned (that is to ſay) *Whitehaven* in the County of *Cumberland*, *Leverpoole*, *Cheſter*, *Briſtol*, *Bridgwater*, *Minehead*, *Barnſtaple*, and *Biddiford*, and to no others; any Thing in this Act to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Commiſſioners of *Ireland* ſhall every ſix Months tranſmit Accounts of Wool exported thence to the Commiſſioners in *England*.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners or Farmers of the Cuſtoms in the Kingdom of *Ireland* for the Time being, ſhall from Time to Time, and at all Times hereafter, once every ſix Months, tranſmit or cauſe to be tranſmitted unto the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England*, a true Account of all ſuch Wool as ſhall be, from Time to Time, exported from any of the Places within the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, from whence the ſame may be exported, the Quantity and Weight thereof, and by whom, and in what Ships exported, and where conſigned,

ſigned, and the Names of the Perſons ſigning the Certificates of the landing the ſame in *England*, and the Date of the ſaid Certificates, and where the ſame was landed, as alſo the Quantity and Weight contained in the ſaid Certificates, in order that the ſame may be compared with the Account by the ſaid Act appointed to be kept by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms of this Kingdom.

Certificate for landing Wool to be on Paper, and not to be interlined.

VII. And for preventing the Miſchiefs of razing, obliterating, or interlining ſuch Certificates, as aforeſaid, Be it further enacted, that all Certificates given for the landing of Wool from *Ireland*, or from one Port to another in *England*, ſhall be written upon Paper, and not Parchment, and that the Quantities therein expreſſed ſhall not be obliterated, or interlined upon any Pretence whatſoever.

CAP. XXXIX.

Engliſh.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for encouraging the Linnen Manufacture of Ireland, *and bringing Flax and Hemp into, and the making of Sail-cloth in this Kingdom.*

Preamble.

I. WHEREAS there are great Sums of Money and Bullion yearly exported out of this Kingdom, for the purchaſing of Hemp, Flax and Linnen, and all the Productions thereof, which might in great meaſure be prevented by being ſupplied from *Ireland*, if ſuch proper Encouragement were given, as might invite foreign Proteſtants into that Kingdom to ſettle: Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſix hundred ninety-ſix, it ſhall and may be lawful, to and for any Native or Natives of *England* or *Ireland*, to import into *England*, directly from *Ireland*, any ſorts of Hemp or Flax, and all the Production thereof, as Thread, Yarn and Linen, of the Growth and Manufacture of *Ireland*, free from all manner of Cuſtoms, Duties, and Impoſitions whatſoever, the Maſter or other chief Officer of the Veſſel, ſo importing the ſame, bringing with him or them a Certificate or Certificates from the chief Officer or Officers of the Port or Ports in *Ireland*, where ſuch Goods ſhall be put on Board, expreſſing the Marks, Number, Tale, or Weight of the Species in each Bale or Parcel mentioned in the Bill or Bills of Lading, with the Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode of the Exporter or Exporters from *Ireland*, and the Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode of ſuch other Perſon or Perſons that ſhall have ſworn the Goods therein mentioned, to be *bona fide* of the Growth and Manufacture of the Kingdom, without Fraud or Covin, and where and to whom in *England* conſigned; and alſo the Maſter or Maſters, chief Officer or Officers of the ſaid Ship or Ships, Veſſel or Veſſels, on Arrival in *England*, making Oath, that the ſaid Bales and Parcels, and

Any Native of *England* or *Ireland* may import directly from *Ireland* Hemp, Flax, Thread, Yarn, and Linen of *Ireland*, free of Cuſtom.

and Goods therein contained, are the ſaid Bales, Parcels and Goods taken on board, by vertue of the ſaid Certificate or Certificates, ſo to be produced; any Act, Cuſtom or Uſage heretofore to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Anno Decimo & Undecimo Gulielmi Tertii Regis.

CAP. X.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wool out of the Kingdoms of Ireland *and* England *into foreign Parts; and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of* England. Engliſh.

FOraſmuch as Wool and the Woollen Manufactures of Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, and other Stuffs made or mixed with Wool, are the greateſt and moſt profitable Commodities of this Kingdom, on which the Value of Lands, and the Trade of the Nation, do chiefly depend: And whereas great Quantities of the like Manufactures have of late been made, and are daily increaſing in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and in the *Engliſh* Plantations in *America*, and are exported from thence to foreign Markets, heretofore ſupplied from *England*, which will inevitably ſink the Value of Lands and tend to the Ruin of the Trade, and the Woollen Manufactures of this Realm: For the Prevention whereof, and for the Incouragement of the Woollen Manufactures within this Kingdom, be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, from and after the four and twentieth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſix hundred ninety-nine, ſhall directly or indirectly export, tranſport, ſhip off, carry or convey, or cauſe or procure to be exported, tranſported, ſhipped off, carried or conveyed out of or from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, into any foreign Realm, States or Dominions, or into any Parts or Places whatſoever, other than the Parts within the Kingdom of *England*, or the Dominion of *Wales*, any the Wool, Wool-Fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Wool-flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen-yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-ſerges, Shalloons, or any other Drapery, Stuffs or Woollen Manufactures whatſoever, made up or mixed with Wool or Wool-flocks; or ſhall directly or indirectly load, or cauſe to be loaden upon any Horſe, Cart or other Carriage, or load or lay on board, or cauſe to be laden or laid on board in any Ship or Veſſel, in any Place or Parts within or belonging to the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, any ſuch Wool, Wool-fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Wool-flocks, Worſted, Bay or Woollen-yarn, Cloth, Bays, Kerſeys, Serges, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-ſerges, Shalloons, or any other Drapery or Woollen Manufactures, to the Intent or Purpoſe to export, tranſport, ſhip off, carry or convey the ſame, or cauſe the ſame to be exported, tranſported, ſhipped off, carried or conveyed out of the Preamble. X

No Perſon ſhall export out of *Ireland* into foreign Parts, except *England*, Wool, Wool-fells, Shortlings, &c. 1699 X

X Repeald by 10 Geo III Cap 6 as to all Articles above mentioned except Wool, Woolfells Mortlings Shortlings Woolflocks & Worsted Bay & Woolen yarn

ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, or out of any Port or Place belonging to the ſame, or with Intent or Purpoſe, that any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould ſo export, tranſport, ſhip off, carry or convey the ſame out of the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, into any Ports or Places (except as aforeſaid.)

Under the Penalties, and Forfeitures following, *viz.*

II. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every of the Offender and Offenders, Offence and Offences aforeſaid, ſhall be ſubject and liable to the reſpective Pains, and Penalties, and Forfeitures hereafter following, (that is to ſay) The ſaid Wool, Wool-fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Wool-flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen-yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shalloons, or any other Draperies, Stuffs, or any other Manufactures, made of or mixed with Wool, or Wool-flocks, ſo exported, tranſported, ſhipped off, or carried, conveyed or loaden, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſhall be forfeited; and that every of the Offender and Offenders therein, ſhall likewiſe forfeit the Sum of five hundred pounds for every ſuch Offence; and all and every Ship, Veſſel, Barge, Boat, or other Bottom whatſoever, wherein any of the ſaid Commodities are or ſhall be ſhipped or laid on board, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſhall be forfeited, with all her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture to them and every of them belonging; and the Maſters and Mariners thereof, or any Porters, Carriers, Waggoners, Boatmen, or other Perſons whatſoever, knowing ſuch Offence, and wittingly aiding and aſſiſting therein, ſhall forfeit forty pounds; of which one Moiety ſhall be to him or them that ſhall ſue for the ſame by Bill, Plaint or Information in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record in *England* or *Ireland*, and the other Moiety thereof to the Encouragement of ſetting up the Linen Manufactures in [a] *Ireland*, to be diſpoſed of by the Court of *Exchequer* there for that Uſe only; in which Suit no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

Loſs of the Goods and 500*l.* as alſo the Ship, Veſſel, Boat, &c.

Perſon aſſiſting to forfeit 40*l.*

Where and how to be proſecuted and diſpoſed of.

Acquittals in *Ireland* no Bar to Proſecutions here.

III. And to prevent evading the Penalties of this Act, by Pretention of Proſecution or Acquittals in *Ireland*, Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Acquittal nor any Indictment, Information or Suit (unleſs the Offender be thereupon convicted) in *Ireland*, for any Offence provided againſt in this Act, ſhall be pleaded or allowed in Bar or Delay of any Indictment, Information, Suit or Proſecution within the Kingdom of *England*.

Any Perſon may ſeize and bring to his Majeſty's Ware-houſe ſuch Wool, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons to ſeize, take, ſecure and convey to his Majeſty's next Ware-houſe all ſuch Wool, Wool-fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Wool-flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen-yarn, Cloth, Serges, Bayes, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-ſerges, Shalloons, Stuffs, and other Draperies and Woollen Manufactures, or mixed with Wool, or Wool-flocks, as he or they ſhall happen to ſee, find, know or diſcover to be laid on board in any Ship, Veſſel or Boat, or to be brought, carried or laid on ſhore, at or near the Sea, or any navigable River or Water, to the Intent or Purpoſe to be exported or conveyed out of the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, contrary to the true Meaning of this Act, or to be laden upon any Horſe, Cart or other Carriage, to the Intent or Purpoſe to be exported, conveyed or carried into any foreign Parts or Places, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof; and alſo that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Perſon and Perſons to ſeize and ſecure all and every ſuch Ship, Hulk, Veſſel, Barge or Boat, of what kind

As alſo ſeize the Ship, &c.

[a] But by 3 *Geo.* II. cap. 21. *Engliſh*, the other Moiety is given to the King.

kind ſoever or whereſoever found or diſcovered, wherein any of the aforeſaid Commodities ſhall happen to be ſhipped or put on board, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and that ſuch Perſon or Perſons that ſhall happen ſo to ſeize, take or ſecure any of the Commodities aforeſaid, or any ſuch Ship, Veſſel, Hulk, Barge or Boat, as aforeſaid, ſhall be indemnified for ſo doing, to all Intents and Purpoſes.

And ſuch Seizor indemnified.

V. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That for every Ship or Veſſel, which from and after the ſaid four and twentieth Day of *June*, ſhall ſet out and ſail from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, in order to export or carry off any of the Commodities aforeſaid to this Kingdom, Bond ſhall be given by two ſufficient Perſons, known Inhabitants of, and reſiding in or near the Place where the Bond is or ſhall be given, to the chief Officers of the Cuſtoms, belonging to the ſaid Port or Place in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, from whence the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſhall ſet ſail, in double the Value of any the aforeſaid Goods intended to be tranſported, as aforeſaid, before the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſhall be permitted to lade on Board any of the Commodities aforeſaid, with Condition that if the ſaid Ship or Veſſel ſhall lade or take on board any of the ſaid Goods in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, that then and in ſuch caſe all the ſaid Goods ſhall be brought by the ſame Ship or Veſſel, to ſome Port or Ports within the Kingdom of *England*, or the Dominion of *Wales*, as aforeſaid, and ſhall there unlade or put on ſhore the ſame, and pay the Cuſtom and Duties thereof, (the Danger of the Seas only excepted;) and that every Ship or Veſſel, which ſhall lade or take on board any of the ſaid Goods, until ſuch Bond be given, ſhall be forfeited, to be recovered and imployed in manner as aforeſaid.

Bond to be given in *Ireland* to bring the Wool, &c. to *England*.

The Ship taking in the ſaid Goods before Bond given forfeited.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Cocquets and Warrants for the carrying or tranſporting of any of the aforeſaid Goods, from the Kingdom of *Ireland*, to any Port or Ports aforeſaid, within this Kingdom, ſhall be written upon Paper, and not Parchment, and ſigned by three of the chief Officers of ſuch reſpective Port at leaſt, and all Certificates of landing the ſame in any the Ports aforeſaid, within this Kingdom, or Dominion of *Wales*, ſhall be ſigned in like manner; and that all the Goods aforeſaid, both at ſhipping and landing, ſhall be viewed and examined by the Surveyor or Searcher, or Land-waiter, attending the Shipping or Diſcharge of any the aforeſaid Goods; and that the exact Quantities and Qualities, Marks and Numbers of the Goods aforeſaid, ſo ſhipped in *Ireland*, ſhall be particularly expreſſed and indorſed upon the Cocquet, by which the ſaid Goods are or were to be ſhipped, and likewiſe upon the Warrant for landing the ſame in *England*, and alſo upon the Certificate or Certificates, given or to be given, for diſcharging the Bond or Bonds taken in *Ireland*, for the ſame.

Cocquets and Warrants and Certificates to be written on Paper, and ſigned by three chief Officers.

The Goods to be viewed.

Quantities, Qualities, &c. to be expreſt upon the Cocquet, and Certificates of Diſcharge.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners of the Revenue, or Farmers of the Cuſtoms, or of the Revenue of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, for the Time being, ſhall, from time to time, and at all Times hereafter, once within every ſix Months, or within thirty Days after the End thereof, tranſmit or cauſe to be tranſmitted unto the Commiſſioners, or Farmers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *England*, an Account of all ſuch Goods, as aforeſaid, as ſhall, from time to time, be exported from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, the Qualities and Quantities thereof, and Duplicates of the Bonds taken for lading the ſame, and by whom, and in what Ships exported, and where, and to what Port in the Kingdom of *England*, or Dominion of *Wales*, conſigned, and the

An Account to be tranſmitted from *Ireland* of the Goods and Bonds every ſix Months to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England*.

Names of the Perſons ſigning the Certificates of the landing the ſame in *England*, and the Date of the ſaid Certificates, and where the ſame are or were laden, and alſo of the Qualities and Quantities, Marks and Numbers contained in the ſaid Certificates, in order that the ſame may be compared with the regiſtred Account, appointed by this Act to be kept by the Commiſſioners or Farmers of the Cuſtoms of this Kingdom.

Certificates to be written on Paper, and not interlined, &c.

IX. And for preventing the Miſchief of razing, obliterating or interlining ſuch Certificates, as aforeſaid, Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all ſuch Certificates ſhall be written upon Paper, and not Parchment, and that the Quantities and Qualities, Marks and Numbers therein expreſt, ſhall not be obliterated or interlined, upon any pretence whatſoever.

Ports of *Ireland* for Exportation.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Goods, as aforeſaid, as ſhall, from time to time be exported from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, into the Ports of this Kingdom, or Dominion of *Wales*, in Manner as aforeſaid, ſhall be ſhipped off, and entred at the Ports of *Dublin*, *Waterford*, *Youghall*, *Kingſale*, *Corke* and *Drogheda*, [a] in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, and at or from no other Port or Place within the ſaid Kingdom; nor ſhall the ſame be imported into any Parts of the Kingdom of *England*, or Dominion of *Wales*, other than the Ports of *Biddiford*, *Barnſtable*, *Minehead*, *Bridgewater*, *Briſtol*, *Milford-Haven*, *Cheſter* and *Leverpool*; any Thing in this Act to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Ports of *England* for Importation.

Commiſſioner, Farmer, or Officer, &c. of *Ireland* offending againſt this Act,

XI. And to the Intent and Purpoſe that this Act may more effectually be put in Execution, for preventing the growing Miſchiefs that daily do or may ariſe to this Kingdom, from the Exportation of ſuch Goods, as aforeſaid, or any of them, out of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, ſhould the ſame ſtill be ſuffered to be ſent from thence to ſupply the foreign Markets, that are or have been ſupplied from *England*, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners, Farmer or Farmers of the Revenue of *Ireland*, or Officer or Officers imployed under them in the Management of the ſaid Revenue there, ſhall, from and after the ſaid four and twentieth Day of *June*, take, or ſuffer to be taken any Entry outward, or ſign any Cocquet, Warrant or Sufferance, for the ſhipping and exporting any ſuch Goods as aforeſaid, into any Kingdom, State or Dominion whatſoever (except as aforeſaid) or ſhall wittingly or willingly permit, contrive or ſuffer the ſame to be done directly or indirectly, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, ſuch Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners, Farmer or Farmers, Officer or Officers, ſo offending in the ſigning ſuch Cocquet, Warrant or Sufferance for the ſhipping or exporting any of the ſaid Goods into any other Kingdom, State or Dominion or Place whatſoever (except as aforeſaid) or paſſing ſuch Entry for the ſame, or any wiſe conniving thereat, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, or ſhall otherwiſe fail or neglect to perform all other Duties required by this preſent Act, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence or Neglect, forfeit his Office, and ſhall moreover for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of five hundred pounds to be recovered and imployed in Manner and Form as aforeſaid.

Forfeits Office and 500*l.*

XII.

[a] And from *New-Roſs*, by the 4 *A.* cap. 7. Alſo *Newry*, *Wexford*, *Wicklow*, *Sligo*, *Limerick*, *Galway*, and *Dundalk*, are added by 12 *Geo.* 2. Eng. cap. 21.

XII. And [a] be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Offence which ſhall be done or committed, contrary to this Act, ſhall and may be inquired of, tried, heard and determined in the County where any ſuch Goods, as aforeſaid, ſhall be ſo laden or put on board, as aforeſaid, or elſe in the County, either in *England* or *Ireland*, where ſuch Offender ſhall happen to be apprehended or arreſted for ſuch Offence, or where any ſuch of the Goods aforeſaid, or the ſaid Ship or Ships, Veſſels, Hulks, Barks or Boats ſhall happen to be ſeized or taken, or brought in, and that the ſaid Tryal ſhall be in ſuch Manner and Form, and in ſuch Effect, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame Offence had been wholly done and committed in the ſame County.

Offences where to be tried.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information ſhall be commenced or proſecuted againſt any Perſon, for what he ſhall do in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon ſo ſued, ſhall and may file a common Bail, or enter into a common Appearance, and plead the general Iſſue, *not guilty*, and upon Iſſue joined, may give this Act, and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence, and if the Plaintiff or Proſecutor ſhall become non-ſuit, or ſuffer Diſcontinuance, or if a Verdict paſs againſt him, or if upon Demurrer, Judgment paſs againſt him, the Defendant ſhall recover treble Coſts and Damages for the Moleſtation.

Perſons ſued may plead the general Iſſue.

XIV. And for the further Incouragement of the Woollen Manufactures of *England*, Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall and may be lawful, from and after the ſaid four and twentieth Day of *June*, to import from the ſaid Ports of *Dublin*, *Waterford*, *Youghall*, *Kingſale*, *Corke* and *Drogheda*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, any Wool, Wool-fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Wool-flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen-yarn, Cloth, Serges, Bays, Kerſeys, Frizes, Druggets, Shalloons, Stuffs, Cloth-ſerges, or any other Drapery made of or mixed with Wool, or Wool-flocks, and manufactured in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, into ſuch Ports of this Kingdom or Dominion of *Wales* only, as aforeſaid, ſo as Notice be firſt given to the Commiſſioners, or chief Managers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in this Kingdom, or to the chief Cuſtomer or Collector, in the Port to which the ſame is intended to be brought, of the Quantity, Quality and Package, together with the Marks and Numbers thereof, with the Name of the Ship and Maſter or Commander, on which the ſaid Goods are to be laden, and the Place or Port into which they are intended to be imported, and ſo as Bond be firſt entred into, to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, with one or more ſufficient Sureties in treble the Value of the Goods ſo intended to be imported, that the ſame ſhall (the Dangers of the Seas excepted) be landed accordingly, and ſo as a Licence be alſo firſt taken, under the Hands of the Commiſſioners, or chief Managers of the Cuſtoms for the Time being, or three of them, or from the chief Cuſtomer or Collector where ſuch Bond is given, for the landing and importing thereof, as aforeſaid; which Licence they are hereby authorized and required to grant, without any Fee or Reward, or any other Charge to the Perſon demanding the ſame; any Law, Statute, or Uſage to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Wool, &c. may be tranſported from *Dublin*, &c. into ſuch Ports of *England*, as aforeſaid, Notice being firſt given to the Commiſſioners, or Officers of the Cuſtoms in this Kingdom,

ſo as Bond be firſt given and Licence granted, without Fee.

XV.

[a] Alter'd as to Offences committed in *Ireland*, by 6 *Geo.* 1. c. 21. and to be tried before the Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Ireland*.

Penalty of the Bonds not to be aſſigned over.

XV. And for the more effectual preventing the Tranſportation of Wool, Wooll-fells, Shortlings, Mortlings or Wool-flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen-yarn, or any Manufactures of Wool or Wool-flocks, or mixed with the ſame, into foreign Parts: Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the Penalties and Forfeitures of the Bonds, which by this Act or any other former Law or Uſage are to be given, or have been given in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, for any Wool, or any of the Commodities aforeſaid, intended to be exported from that Kingdom, to be brought into the Ports of this Kingdom, or Dominion of *Wales*, as aforeſaid, ſhall not, on any Conſideration whatſoever, be granted or aſſigned over to any Perſon whatſoever; and that all ſuch Grants or Aſſignments are and ſhall be void to all Intents and Purpoſes; any Law, Uſage or Statute to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Lord Lieutenant or Lords Juſtices of *Ireland*, to give Direction in Council, that the Judges in their Circuits give this Act in charge at the Aſſizes.

XXI. Provided alſo, and it is hereby further enacted, That after the nine and twentieth Day of *September*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred ninety-nine, the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or Lords Juſtices for the Time being for the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or any of them, are hereby required to give Direction in Council, that this Act ſhall be given in charge by the ſeveral Judges of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, at all the Aſſizes that ſhall be held in that Kingdom, to the end that this Act may be ſtrictly put in Execution, according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof; which ſaid Judges are hereby impowered and required, from time to time, to take particular Accounts throughout their reſpective Circuits, of the due Execution of this Act, and at their Returns to *Dublin* at the End of every Circuit, ſhall acquaint the ſaid Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or Lords Juſtices of that Kingdom for the Time being in Council, with all Accounts or Informations they ſhall have ſo received of any Breach of the ſaid Act, or Negligence or Faults in any of the Officers, to whom the Execution of this Act is committed, to the end that the ſaid chief Governors, or any of them, for the Time being, may be the better informed and enabled to look to and provide for the ſtrict and punctual Obſervation of this Act throughout that Kingdom; of which the ſaid chief Governors, or any of them, for the Time being, ſhall once every Year lay a particular Account in Writing under his or their Hands, before the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors in Council.

Anno Primo Annæ Reginæ.

CAP. VIII.

Engliſh.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for explaining a Clauſe in an Act made at the Parliament begun and holden at Weſtminſter, *the two and twentieth of* November, *in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King* William *the third, Intituled, An Act for the better Security of his Majeſty's Royal Perſon and Government.*

No Patent or Grant ſhall ceaſe upon the Death of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, but ſhall continue ſix Months after ſuch Death.

II. AND be it further enacted, That no Patent or Grant of any Office or Imployment, either Civil or Military, hereafter to be made, ſhall ceaſe, determine, or be void, by reaſon of the Death or Demiſe of her preſent Majeſty (whom God Almighty long preſerve to reign over this Realm) or any of her Heirs, or

or Succeſſors, Kings or Queens of this Realm, but that every ſuch Patent or Grant ſhall be, continue and remain in full Force and Vertue for the ſpace of ſix Months next after any ſuch Death or Demiſe, unleſs in the mean time ſuperſeded, determined or made void by the next and immediate Succeſſor, to whom the Imperial Crown of this Realm is limited and appointed to go, remain or deſcend.

Writs or Informations not to be determined by the Death of her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors.

IV. And be it further enacted, that no Writ, Plea, or Proceſs, or any other Proceeding upon any Indictment or Information for any Offence or Miſdemeanor, or any Writ, Proceſs or Proceeding for any Debt, or Account that ſhall be due or to be made to her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors for or concerning any Lands, Tenements or other Revenue that ſhall belong to her or them, that ſhall be depending at the time of her Majeſty's Demiſe (whom God long preſerve) or of any of her Heirs or Succeſſors, ſhall be diſcontinued or put without Day, by reaſon of her or any of their Deaths or Demiſes, but ſhall continue and remain in full Force and Vertue, to be proceeded upon notwithſtanding any ſuch Death or Demiſe.

This Act to extend to *Ireland*, *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, and the Plantations.

VI. And be it further enacted, that all and ſingular the Proviſions, Clauſes, Matters and Things, whatſoever contained in this Act, and in that part of the Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of the late King, which is recited in this preſent Act, ſhall extend, and be conſtrued to extend to the Kingdom of *Ireland*, to the Iſlands of *Jerſey* and *Guernſey*, and to all her Majeſty's Dominions in *America*, and elſewhere.

Anno Tertio & Quarto Annæ Reginæ.

CAP. VIII.

Several Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act to permit the Exportation of Iriſh Linen Cloth to the Plantations, and to prohibit the Importation of Scotch Linen into Ireland.

Engliſh.

WHereas in and by an Act made in the fifteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *Charles* the Second, intituled, [a] *An Act for the Encouragement of Trade*, it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, that no Commodity of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of *Europe*, ſhall be imported into any Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or Place, to his Majeſty belonging, or which ſhall hereafter belong unto, or be in the Poſſeſſion of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, (except as is therein excepted) but what ſhall be *bona fide*, and without Fraud, laden and ſhipped in *England* or *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, under the Penalties in the ſaid Act contained: Yet foraſmuch as the *Proteſtant* Intereſt in her Majeſty's Kingdom of *Ireland*, ought to be ſupported by giving the utmoſt Encouragement to the Linen Manufactures of that Kingdom, her Majeſty

Preamble.

[a] 15 *Car.* 2. c. 7.

ty is graciouſly pleaſed, in tender regard to her good *Proteſtant* Subjects of her ſaid Kingdom, and for the further Encouragement of the Linen Manufactures thereof, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, that from and after the four and twentieth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and five, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Native or Natives of *England*, or *Ireland*, to lade and ſhip in any Port of the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, in *Engliſh* built Shipping, whereof the Maſter and one Moiety of the Mariners, during the preſent War, and afterwards the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt to be *Engliſh* or *Iriſh*, any white or brown Linen Cloth, which ſhall be of the Manufacture of the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, and no other, and the ſame to tranſport in ſuch Ships, and ſo navigated, into any of the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places, and there freely to Traffick with, and Vend the ſame; any thing in the ſaid Act, or in any other Act, to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Iriſh Linen may be tranſported, and ſent directly to the *Engliſh* Plantations from *Ireland*.

II. Provided nevertheleſs, that no Ship or Veſſel coming to any of the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, Colonies, Territories or Places, from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, ſhall unlade or break bulk, until the Maſter or Commander of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall firſt have made known to the Governor of ſuch Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or Place, or to ſuch Perſon or Officer as ſhall be by him thereunto authoriſed and appointed, the arrival of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, with her Name, and the Name and Sirname of the Maſter or Commander, and ſhall have delivered to ſuch Governor or Officer, a true and perfect Inventory or Invoyce of the lading of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, together with a Certificate from the chief Officer of the Port in *Ireland*, where ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be laden, expreſſing the particulars of ſuch lading, with the Names and Abodes of the Exporters, and of two Perſons at the leaſt, who ſhall have made Oath before ſuch chief Officer, that the ſaid Goods and Linen are *bona fide* of the Manufacture of the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, and until the Maſter or Commander of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall have made Oath before ſuch Governor or Officer, that the ſaid Goods, and every parcel thereof, are the ſame Goods that he, the ſaid Maſter or Commander took on Board by vertue of ſuch Certificate, as is aforeſaid, nor until ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall have been viſited and ſearched by an Officer or Officers; and in caſe the Commander of any ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall unlade or break bulk before ſuch notice given, and ſuch Certificate produced, and ſuch Oath made by ſuch Commander, or before ſuch Search made, as aforeſaid, or if upon ſuch Search any Goods whatſoever of Woollen Manufacture, not laden in *England*, (neceſſary Apparel of the Commander and Mariners only excepted) or any Linen Goods not laden in *England*, nor of the Manufacture of *Ireland*, ſhall be found in ſuch Ship or Veſſel; in all or any of the ſaid caſes, ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be, and is hereby adjudged forfeited with all her Guns, Tackle, Ammunition and Furniture, together with all ſuch Goods and Commodities of what Kind ſoever, as ſhall be imported or found in ſuch Ship; one third part to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, one third part to the Governor of ſuch Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory or Place, into which ſuch Goods ſhall

No Ship to break bulk until notice of Arrival be firſt given to the Governor, or his Deputy,

And an Invoyce of the lading, &c. delivered by the Maſter on Oath.

Commander offending.

Exception.

Forfeiture.

How divided,

ſhall be imported, if the ſaid Ship, Veſſel or Goods be there ſeized, informed againſt, or ſued for (or otherwiſe that third part alſo to her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors) and the other third part to him or them who ſhall ſue for the ſame in her Majeſty's Court, in ſuch of the ſaid Lands, Iſlands, Colonies, Plantations, Territories or Places, where the Offence ſhall be committed, or in any of her Majeſty's Courts at *Weſtminſter*, by Bill, Plaint, Information, or other Action, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed.

Where to be proſecuted,

How.

IX. And be it further enacted, that all Ships coming from *Ireland*, to any ſuch Land, Iſland, Colony, Plantation, Territory or Place, ſhall be ſubject to the ſame Rules, Viſitations, Searches, Penalties and Forfeitures, to which Ships coming from *England* to any of the ſaid Colonies, Plantations or Places, are ſubject or liable to by any Law now in Force.

Ships coming from *Ireland*, liable to be viſited in like manner as Ships from *England*.

X. Provided alſo, and be it enacted, that if any Ship or Veſſel, being laden with Goods in *England*, *Wales*, or *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, for any of the Plantations aforeſaid, ſhall put into any Port or Place in *Ireland*, and ſhall there take in any white or brown *Iriſh* Linen Cloth, in that caſe, the like Certificate and Oaths ſhall be made, that the ſaid Linen Cloth is of the Manufacture of *Ireland*, as is before directed by this Act: And if upon the arrival of ſuch Ship or Veſſel in any of the ſaid Plantations, ſuch Certificate be produced, and Oaths made, as aforeſaid, ſuch Ship or Veſſel, her Maſter, or Commander, and Lading, ſhall be ſubject and liable to ſuch Rules, Viſitations, Searches, Penalties and Forfeitures, as they reſpectively were ſubject and liable to by vertue of the Laws which were in Force before the paſſing of this Act, and no other; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Proviſo concerning Ships lading in *England* for the Plantations, &c. touching in *Ireland*.

XI. Provided, that this [a] Act ſhall continue only for the Term of eleven Years.

Act to continue eleven Years.

[a] Further continued, *vide* 1 *Geo.* cap. 26. 3 *G.* cap. 21.

Anno Quarto Annæ Reginæ.

CAP. VII.

An Act for making the Town of New Roſs, *in the County of* Wexford *in the Kingdom of* Ireland, *a Port for the exporting Wool from* Ireland *into this Kingdom.*

Engliſh

Whereas by an Act paſſed in this Kingdom in the tenth and eleventh Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the Third, [a] intituled, *An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wool out of the Kingdoms of* Ireland *and* England *into Foreign Parts, and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of* England, It is, amongſt other things, enacted, that all

Preamble.

[a] 10 *W.* 3. c. 10.

the Wool and the Manufactures thereof in the ſaid Act particularly ſpecified, as ſhould from time to time be exported from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland* into the Ports of this Kingdom or Dominion of *Wales*, ſhould be ſhipped off and entred at the Ports of *Dublin*, *Waterford*, *Youghall*, *Kingſale*, *Corke* and *Drogheda* in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, and at or from no other Port or Place within the ſaid Kingdom, under great Penalties to every Offender againſt the ſaid Act: And whereas the Town of *New Roſs*, in the County of *Wexford* in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, is in the ſame Harbour with the Port of the City of *Waterford*, and before the paſſing of the ſaid Act hath always had Liberty to export the ſaid Commodities directly into this Kingdom, but the ſaid Town not being particularly named in the ſaid Act, ſome Doubt hath ariſen whether the ſaid Commodities may be exported thence: Therefore to prevent all Doubt for the future concerning the ſame, be it enacted by the Queen's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that at all times from and after the four and twentieth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for all and every Perſon and Perſons whomſoever, to Ship off, enter and export, from the ſaid Town of *New Roſs*, all the ſaid Commodities in the ſaid recited Act particularly mentioned, and to import the ſame into any of the Ports of *Biddeford*, *Barnſtaple*, *Minhead*, *Bridgwater*, *Briſtol*, *Milford-Haven*, *Cheſter* and *Leverpoole*, in the ſame manner, as if the ſaid Town of *Roſs* had been particularly named for Exportation of the ſaid Commodities in the ſaid former Act; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Town of *New Roſs* made a Port for exporting Wool from *Ireland*.

Anno Quinto Annæ Reginæ.

CAP. VIII.

English.

An Article, and Part of the Sixth Article in an Act, Intituled, An Act for an Union of the Two Kingdoms of England *and* Scotland.

Freedom of Trade.

IV. THAT all the Subjects of the united Kingdom of *Great-Britain* ſhall, from and after the Union, have full Freedom and Intercourſe of Trade and Navigation to and from any Port or Place within the ſaid united Kingdom, and the Dominions and Plantations thereunto belonging; and that there be a Communication of all other Rights, Privileges and Advantages, which do or may belong to the Subjects of either Kingdom; except where it is otherwiſe expreſly agreed in theſe Artitles.

That

VI. That all Parts of the united Kingdom for ever, from and after the Union, ſhall have the ſame Allowances, Encouragements, and Drawbacks, and be under the ſame Prohibitions, Reſtrictions and Regulations of Trade, and liable to the ſame Cuſtoms and Duties on Import and Export. The ſame Cuſtoms, Allowances, Drawbacks, Prohibitions, &c. to be in the united Kingdom, as in *England*.

Anno Octavo Annæ Reginæ.

CAP. XIII.

Certain Clauſes in an Act intituled, An Act for continuing ſeveral Impoſitions, additional Impoſitions, and Duties upon Goods imported, to raiſe Money by Way of Loan, for the Service of the Year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ten; and for taking off the Over-ſea Duty on Coals exported in Britiſh *Bottoms; and for better preventing Frauds in Draw-backs upon Certificate Goods, &c.* Engliſh.

XVIII. AND for preventing the running of Tobacco into this Kingdom, under pretence of exporting the ſame to *Ireland*; Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Debenture ſhall be paid or allowed for any Tobacco exported from any Port of *Great-Britain*, to the Kingdom of *Ireland*, until a Certificate ſhall be produced under the Hands and Seals of the Collector, Comptroller and Surveyor of the Cuſtoms, of any Port in *Ireland*, or any two of them, where ſuch Goods ſhall be landed, teſtifying the landing thereof, (the danger of the Seas, or Enemies excepted) any Law to the contrary notwithſtanding; which Certificate the Collector, Comptroller and Searcher of the Cuſtoms, or any two of them, of each Port in *Ireland*, are impowered and required to deliver forthwith, upon the Diſcharge of ſuch Tobacco, and not to take above one Shilling Fee for making out and delivery of ſuch Certificate. No Debenture for Tobacco to *Ireland*, till a Certificate from the Collector, &c. in *Ireland*, of the landing the ſame there. Fee 1s.

XIX. And as a further Security of her Majeſty's Revenues, both in *Great-Britain* and *Ireland*; Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the Maſter of every Ship carrying ſuch Certificate-Goods to *Ireland*, ſhall demand and take from the Collector of every reſpective Port of *Great-Britain*, a Duplicate of his content in writing, certified under the Hand and Seal of the Collector and Comptroller of ſuch Port (which ſaid Duplicate the Collector and Comptroller of each Port in *Great-Britain* are hereby required to deliver to every Maſter, without Fee or Reward) and ſuch Maſter ſhall be obliged to deliver ſuch Duplicate to the Officers of the Cuſtoms in *Ireland* on his arrival, before he be permitted to land ſuch Goods there. Maſter carrying Certificate Goods to *Ireland* to take a Duplicate of his Content from the Collector, &c.

CAP. XVI.

English.

An Act for Explaining and making more Effectual an Act for the better Enabling the Maſter, Wardens, and Aſſiſtants of Trinity-Houſe *to Rebuild the Light-Houſe on the* Edyſtone-Rock.

Preamble reciting 4 and 5 *Annæ* C. 20.

WHereas in and by one Act of Parliament made in the fourth and fifth Years of the Reign of her preſent Majeſty Queen *Anne*, [intituled, *An Act for the better enabling the Maſter, Wardens, and Aſſiſtants of* Trinity-Houſe, *to Rebuild the Light-Houſe on the* Edyſtone-Rock,] It is enacted, that from and after the placing a Light uſeful for Shipping, in the Light-Houſe intended to be Rebuilt on the ſaid Rock, there ſhall be paid to the ſaid Maſter, Wardens, and Aſſiſtants, their Succeſſors, and Aſſigns, by the Maſters and Owners of all *Engliſh* Ships, Hoys, and Barques which ſhall paſs by the ſame, (except Coaſters) the Duty of one Penny *per* Tun outwards bound, and alſo one Penny *per* Tun inwards bound; that is to ſay, of the Merchant one Moiety, and of the Owner of the Ship, Hoy, or Barque the other Moiety, and of all ſuch Strangers or Aliens Ships and Veſſels as ſhall happen to paſs by the ſaid Light-Houſe, the Sum of Two-pence for every Tun of the Burthen of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel; and that every Coaſter paſſing by the ſaid Light-Houſe ſhall pay the Duty of two Shillings, and no more, for every time they ſhall paſs by the ſaid Light-Houſe: The ſaid Duties to be collected by ſuch Perſons as the ſaid Maſter, Wardens, and Aſſiſtants, or their Succeſſors, ſhall appoint, in ſuch Port or Place whence ſuch Ship, Hoy or Barque ſhall ſet forth, or where ſuch Ship, Hoy or Barque ſhall arrive, before they load or unload the Goods therein; and to be recovered by Action of Debt, in any Court of Record at *Weſtminſter*, wherein no Eſſoign, Wager of Law, or Protection, ſhall be allowed, nor more than one Imparlance: And whereas the ſaid Maſter, Wardens, and Aſſiſtants, having a due regard to the Safety and Preſervation of the Shipping and Navigation of this Kingdom, did ſoon after the paſſing the ſaid Act, cauſe the ſaid Light-houſe to be begun to be rebuilt, and by the great Care and Diligence of the Perſons employed therein, the ſaid Work was carried on with ſuch expedition, that a Light uſeful for Shipping was placed therein, on the eight and twentieth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eight; and the ſaid Light-Houſe hath ſince, with much hazard and difficulty, and a very great Expence, been fully built and compleated, to the great Satisfaction of the Flag-Officers and Commanders of her Majeſty's Fleet and Ships of War, and of all others concerned in Trade and Navigation: And whereas ſince the Rebuilding of the ſaid Light-Houſe, ſeveral Foreign Ships that paſſed by, and had the benefit of the ſaid Light, and arrived in ſome of the Ports of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, have avoided Payment of the ſaid Duties, upon pretence that the ſaid Act did not extend to the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*: For prevention whereof, and to the end a Work of that publick Nature, and ſo greatly beneficial to Navigation, may have all due and proper Encouragement; Be it enacted by the Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament

Duty for Ships.

ment assembled, and by the Authority of the same, at the humble Petition of the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants, that the said several and respective Duties, in and by the said recited Act directed to be paid by any Ship, Hoy, or Barque, shall be respectively paid for every such Ship, Hoy, or Barque, as well those belonging to her Majesty's Subjects, as such who belong to Strangers or Aliens, which shall pass by the said Light-House, from or to any Port or Place whatsoever, and shall be collected and received of the Master of such Ship, Hoy, or Barque, in any Part of the Kingdoms of *Great-Britain* and *Ireland*, and shall and may be recovered in any of her Majesty's Courts of Law in either of the said Kingdoms, as well as in a Court of Record at *Westminster*; any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

To be collected in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*.

II. And to the intent the said Duties may be truly answered and paid, Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that no Collector, Customer, Collector of her Majesty's Customs, Comptroller, Receiver of Entries or Ships, Surveyor, or Searcher, Waiter, or other Officer whatsoever, of, or concerning the said Customs, at any Port within the said Kingdom of *Great-Britain* and *Ireland*, shall hereafter give or make out any Cocket, or other Discharge, or take any report outwards for any Ship, Hoy, or Barque, as aforesaid, until the Duties granted by the said recited Act, and payable by the Master of such Ship, Hoy, or Barque, according to the Tenour and true Meaning of the said former Act, shall be paid unto the respective Collectors appointed by the said Master, Wardens and Assistants to receive the same, as aforesaid; and that such Master of such Ship, Hoy, or Barque, do produce and shew forth an Acquittance, or Light-Bill, under the Hand of such Collector, testifying the Receipt thereof.

Officers of the Customs not to clear Ships till the Duties be paid.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Collector and Collectors, or any other Person or Persons, authorized and deputed by the said Master, Wardens and Assistants, as in the said former Act is mentioned, to go on Board any Foreign Ship, Hoy, or Barque, to demand, collect and receive the Duties by the said former Act due and payable; and for non-payment thereof, to take and distrain any Tackle or Furniture belonging to such Ship, Hoy, or Barque, and the same to detain and keep, until he or they be satisfied and paid the said Sums of Money, and every of them; and in case of any Neglect or Delay in Payment of the said Duties, for the space of three Days after any Distress or Distresses so taken, as aforesaid, that then it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers of the said Duties, and any of them, to cause the same to be appraised by two or more sufficient Persons, and afterwards to sell the said Distress or Distresses so taken and appraised, and therewith to satisfy him or themselves, for and concerning the said Duties so neglected or delayed to be paid, and for which a Distress shall be so taken, as aforesaid, rendring to the Master of such Foreign Ship, Hoy, or Barque, in or from which such Distress shall be so taken, the Overplus, if any be.

Receivers thereof to take and sell Distresses for non-payment.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that this Act, and also the said former Act, shall be taken and allowed within all Courts, within the Kingdoms of *Great-Britain* and *Ireland*, as publick Acts; and all Judges and Justices are hereby required to take notice thereof as such, without special Pleading the same.

Publick Act.

CAP.

CAP. XII.

English. *A Clauſe in an Act, intituled, An Act for laying a Duty upon Hops.*

XXVII. AND in regard the Growth of Hops, in ſeveral Parts of *Great-Britain*, is very much increaſed of late Years, it is hereby further provided and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that none of the Duties by this or any former Act granted upon any Hops whatſoever (except Hops of *Britiſh* Growth) ſhall be repaid or drawn back upon the Exportation thereof for *Ireland*; and that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall import or cauſe to be imported into the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, from *Flanders* or any other Parts whatſoever (other than from *Great-Britain*) any Hops whatſoever, upon pain of forfeiting all the Hops which ſhall be ſo imported into *Ireland*, contrary to the true meaning of this Act, or the value of the ſame, and alſo of the Ship or Veſſel in which they ſhall be ſo imported, with her Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, that is to ſay, two third Parts thereof to the Uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh in *Ireland*, where ſuch Hops ſhall be ſeized or diſcovered, and the other third Part thereof to the Uſe of ſuch Perſon or Perſons as will Seize, Inform, or Sue for the ſame, or for the Value thereof, in any her Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Dublin* in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*. And it is hereby declared, that the Importation of any Foreign Hops into *Ireland* (other than from *Great-Britain*) contrary to the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act, is and ſhall be adjudged a common Nuſance.

Hops imported from *Flanders*, &c. to *Ireland*, forfeited, and the Ship, &c.

repealed by 20 Geo II Cap 15

Anno Decimo Annæ Reginæ.

CAP. XVII.

English. *Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the better collecting and recovering the Duties granted for the Support of the Royal Hoſpital at* Greenwich, *and for the further Benefit thereof: And for the preſerving her Majeſty's Harbour-Moorings.*

Preamble. WHereas by an Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act for the Encreaſe and Encouragement of Seamen*; and alſo another Act made in the eighth Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to enforce the Act for the encreaſe and Encouragement of Seamen*, there was given for the better ſupport of the Royal Hoſpital founded at *Greenwich* by his ſaid late Majeſty, a Duty of Six-

pence

pence *per Menſem*, payable by all Seamen; which Acts have not proved ſufficient for the due collecting the ſaid Duty: To the Intent therefore that the ſaid ſix pence *per Menſem* may for the future be more effectually collected for the Uſes aforeſaid, Be it enacted by the Queen's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that every Seaman or other Perſon whatſoever, that ſhall ſerve or be employed by her Majeſty, her Heirs or Succeſſors, or by any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, in any of her Majeſty's Ships, or in any Ship or Veſſel belonging or to belong to any of the Subjects of *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, or Dominions thereunto belonging, and every Maſter or Owner navigating or working in his own Ship or Veſſel, whether employed upon the high Sea or Coaſts of the ſame, or in any Port, Bay, or Creek (other than ſuch Apprentices, under the Age of eighteen Years, as are exempted from Payment of ſix pence *per Menſem* by an Act made in the ſecond Year of her preſent Majeſty's Reign, and ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be employed in any Boat upon any the Coaſts of *Great-Britain* or *Ireland* in taking of Fiſh, which are brought freſh on ſhore into *Great-Britain* and *Ireland*, and every Perſon and Perſons employed in Boats or Veſſels that trade only from Place to Place within any River of *Great-Britain* and *Ireland*, or in any open Boats upon the Coaſts of the ſame) ſhall pay, and there ſhall be allowed and paid by every ſuch Maſter, Owner, Seaman, or other Perſon employed, or that ſhall be employed, the ſaid ſix pence *per Menſem*, or proportionably for a leſſer Time, during the Time he or they ſhall be employed in, or belong to the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, for the better Support of the ſaid *Greenwich* Hoſpital, and to augment the Revenues thereof for the Purpoſes herein mentioned.

Greenwich Money to be paid by Maſters of Ships, &c.

II. And it is hereby declared, That the Maſter, Owner, or Commander of every Ship or Veſſel, not in her Majeſty's Service, is hereby impowered and required to deduct and detain, out of the Wages, Shares, or other Profits payable or accruing to ſuch Seaman, or other Perſon employed in his Ship or Veſſel, the ſaid Duty of ſix pence *per Menſem* (other than for ſuch Apprentices and other Perſons as are before excepted;) and ſhall pay the ſame to ſuch Officer or Officers as ſhall on that behalf be appointed by the Lord high Admiral of *Great-Britain*, or the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord high Admiral of *Great Britain* for the Time being.

Maſters to deduct the ſaid Money out of Sailers Wages.

III. And be it further enacted, That for the better levying and collecting the ſaid Duties of ſix pence *per Menſem*, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Lord high Admiral of *Great-Britain*, or for the Commiſſioners executing the Office of Lord high Admiral of *Great-Britain* for the Time being, to appoint ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as he or they ſhall think fit, to be Receiver or Receivers of the ſaid Duty, and alſo to authorize ſuch Receiver or Receivers to depute and appoint the Collectors or other Officers of her Majeſty's Cuſtoms of the ſeveral Out-ports of this Kingdom, and of the Ports of the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or ſuch other as he or they ſhall think fit to collect and receive the ſame; and all the ſaid Collectors and Officers of the Cuſtoms, if ſo appointed, are hereby required to collect and receive the ſame, according to ſuch Inſtructions and Directions as ſhall be, from time to time, ſent to them in Writing by the ſaid Receiver or Receivers; and for the Care and Pains therein of the ſaid Collectors and other Officers of the Cuſtoms, and others, to be appointed to collect

Receivers thereof to be appointed by the Lord High Admiral, &c.

Collectors to be appointed by the Receivers.

Collectors to have an Allowance for their Pains.

lect and receive the ſaid Duty, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Lord high Admiral, or Commiſſioners executing the Office of Lord high Admiral of *Great-Britain* for the Time being, to make ſuch Allowance to them out of the ſaid Duties as he or they ſhall judge reaſonable.

Receivers may ſummon and examine Maſters, &c. of Ships upon Oath, as to the Number of their Crew, and Times of Service.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Receiver and Receivers, his or their Deputy or Deputies for the Time being, for the better Diſcovery of what ſhall be due from the Perſons ſerving on board, or belonging to any Merchant, or private Ship or Veſſel aforeſaid, by Warrant under his or their Hands, to ſummon all ſuch Maſters and Commanders, or (in their Abſence) the Owner or Owners of ſuch Ships and Veſſels, not in her Majeſty's Service, to be and appear at the Office of the ſaid Receiver or Receivers, his or their reſpective Deputy or Deputies (ſo as the Perſon ſo ſummoned be not obliged to travel above ten Miles for the making ſuch Appearance) which ſaid Receiver or Receivers, his or their reſpective Deputy or Deputies, are hereby impowered and directed to examine every ſuch Maſter and Commander, or Owner or Owners, as to the Number and Times of Service of all and every Perſon or Perſons belonging to or employed in ſuch Ships or Veſſels, who are liable to, or chargeable with the ſaid Sum of ſix pence *per Menſem*; and if ſuch Maſters or Commanders, or (in their Abſence) the Owners, or any of them, ſhall refuſe, when ſo ſummoned (not having a reaſonable Excuſe) to appear before the ſaid reſpective Perſons hereby impowered to examine them in manner, as aforeſaid, or if they ſhall appear, and obſtinately refuſe to make full and true Diſcovery of the Matters aforeſaid, upon their ſeveral Oaths (which Oaths the ſaid Receiver or Receivers, their Deputy or Deputies, are hereby impowered to adminiſter) or ſhall neglect to pay the Monies which ſhall be due to the ſaid Hoſpital, within fourteen Days after they ſhall be cleared inwards by the Officers of her Majeſty's Cuſtoms, that then, and in every ſuch Caſe, all and every ſuch [a] Offender or Offenders, for every ſuch Refuſal or Neglect, ſhall forfeit the Sum of twenty pounds, one Moiety whereof ſhall be to the Uſe of the aforeſaid Hoſpital, and the other Moiety to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſue for the ſame, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of her Majeſty's Courts of Record, wherein no Eſſoign, Wager of Law, or Protection ſhall be allowed; and if a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Plaintiff in any ſuch Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, then ſuch Plaintiff ſhall have and be allowed double Coſts; and if any ſuch Maſter or Commander ſhall attempt to go to Sea with his ſaid Ship or Veſſel before he hath duly accounted with and paid the ſaid Receiver or Receivers the ſaid Duty for the Voyage preceding, then and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Receiver or Receivers, or their Deputies, are hereby impowered to ſtop ſuch Ship or Veſſel from proceeding to Sea, till the ſaid Duty be paid; and upon the Death or Removal of any Maſter or Commander of any Ship or Veſſel, the Owner or Owners ſhall deliver to the ſucceeding Maſter a true Account of the ſaid Duty due to the ſaid Hoſpital, as aforeſaid, and Money ſufficient for the Payment of the ſame to the Receivers thereof; and in Default thereof, ſuch Receiver and Receivers, or their Deputies, ſhall and lawfully may ſtop ſuch Ship or Veſſel from proceeding to Sea, until the ſaid Duties ſhall be fully paid and ſatisfied.

Maſters, &c. not appearing when ſummoned, or appearing, and refuſing to make full Diſcovery, or not paying in 14 Days after clearing forfeit 20*l.*

Receivers to ſtop Ships till the Duty be paid.

Owners of Ships upon the Death, or Removal of a Maſter, to give the Succeſſor a true Account of the Duty and Money to pay it, in Default, the Ship to be ſtopped.

Provided

[a] See 2 *Geo.* 2. cap. 2.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes wherein by this Act an Oath is required or appointed to be taken, the ſolemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called *Quakers* ſhall be accepted inſtead of ſuch Oath, in ſuch Manner and Form as is directed in and by an Act made in the ſeventh and eighth Years of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King *William* the third, Intituled, *An Act that the ſolemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called* Quakers, *ſhall be accepted inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form*, for and during the Continuance of the ſaid laſt recited Act, and no longer; and if ſuch *Quaker* ſhall refuſe to make ſuch ſolemn Affirmation and Declaration, in any Caſe whereby any other Perſon is hereby required to take an Oath, he ſhall forfeit and be ſubject to the like Penalties, as any other Perſon refuſing to take an Oath is liable to by this Act; and in caſe any ſuch *Quaker* ſhall, upon ſuch his ſolemn Affirmation or Declaration, affirm or declare any Matter which ſhall be falſe; or if any other Perſon ſhall, purſuant to the Execution of this Act, wittingly or willingly make a falſe Oath, he or they ſo offending (being lawfully convicted thereof) ſhall ſuffer the like Fines and Puniſhments as other Perſons, being convicted of wilful Perjury, are by the Laws of this Realm ſubject unto. *Quakers* ſolemn Affirmation to be received inſtead of an Oath.

VI. And whereas it is, and hath of late been the Uſe and Practice of divers Maſters or Commanders, Owners or Part-owners of divers Outward bound Merchant-ſhips or Veſſels, to enter into, or ſign a certain Writing or Contract, whereby the Mariners debar themſelves from their Wages, until ſome certain Time after the ſaid Ship or Veſſels Arrival from off the ſaid Voyage in the ſame Port from which they did firſt put to Sea, although the ſaid Ships or Veſſels do make delivering Ports in foreign Parts, whereby their Wages would otherwiſe come due by Law; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no ſuch Contracts, nor any other private Contracts or Agreements, made or entred into by any Seaman or Mariner, ſhall extend or be conſtrued to extend, in any ways to debar, obſtruct, or delay the Payment of the Duties aforeſaid, which by this or any other Act are appropriated to the Uſe of the ſaid Hoſpital. Private Contracts of Mariners to avoid the Duty, no Bar.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act, and every Part thereof, ſhall be taken and deemed to be a publick Act; and if at any Time or Times hereafter any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued for any Matter or Thing done in the Execution of this Act, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may plead the general Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence; and if upon Trial the Plaintiff ſhall become nonſuited, or a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant, the Defendant ſhall recover treble Coſts of Suit. General Iſſue.

CAP. XII.

English. *A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for enlarging the Fund of the Governor and Company of the Bank of* England, *relating to* Exchequer *Bills*, &c.

VI. AND whereas by the ſaid Act of the ninth Year of her ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, Intituled, *An Act for laying a Duty upon Hops*, it is therein (among other Things) enacted, that no Perſon ſhall import, or cauſe to be imported into *Ireland* from *Flanders*, or any other Parts whatſoever (other than from *Great-Britain*) any Hops whatſoever; nevertheleſs great Quantities of foreign Hops have been carried to *Ireland*, and there landed from *Flanders*, or other Parts (other than from *Great-Britain*) to the great Prejudice of his Majeſty's Revenue, and Diſcouragement of the Trade of *Britiſh* Hops: For Prevention of the like Abuſes for the future, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the tenth Day of *September*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, the Maſter of every Ship or Veſſel, which ſhall carry any Hops whatſoever to *Ireland*, ſhall take from the Collector or Comptroller of the Port in *Great-Britain* (where he ſhall lade any Hops) a Duplicate of his Content in Writing of all the Hops taken or laden on board his Ship or Veſſel, before he be permitted to ſail out of the Port, under the Hand and Seal of ſuch Collector or Comptroller of the ſaid Port in *Great-Britain*, which ſaid Duplicate ſhall be delivered to the Maſter of every ſuch Ship or Veſſel without Fee or Reward; and that every ſuch Maſter of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall deliver, upon Oath, ſuch Duplicate to the Officer of the Cuſtoms in ſuch Port in *Ireland*, where ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall arrive, and intends to unlade, before he be permitted to land any Hops; and that in caſe any Hops ſhall be unladen or landed in any Part of *Ireland* before ſuch Duplicate is produced to the Officer, Collector, or Comptroller, as aforeſaid, all ſuch Hops, and ten Shillings for every pound weight, of the ſame, ſhall be forfeited, one Moiety to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, the other Moiety to the Officer or Officers, or any other Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſeize or ſue for the ſame in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record in *Dublin*, to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance.

After 10 *Sept.* 1715. Maſter of Ship, carrying Hops to *Ireland*, to take a Duplicate of his Hops from the Collector, &c. in *England*,

to be delivered to the proper Officer in *Ireland* on Oath,

on Forfeiture of the Hops, and 10*s. per* lb.

CAP.

CAP. XXI.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for continuing the Liberty of exporting Iriſh *Linen Cloth to the* Britiſh *Plantations in* America *Duty-free; and for the more effectual Diſcovery of and proſecuting ſuch as ſhall unlawfully export Wool and Woollen Manufactures from* Ireland; *and for Relief of* John Fletcher, *in reſpect of the Duty by him paid for a Quantity of Salt loſt in the Exportation for* Ireland. Engliſh.

I. WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the third and fourth Years of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, Intituled, *An Act to permit the Exportation of* Iriſh *Linen Cloth to the Plantations, and to prohibit the Importation of* Scots *Linen into* Ireland; It was enacted for the Support of the Proteſtant Intereſt of *Ireland*, and for the Encouragement of the Linen Manufacture of that Kingdom, that it ſhould and might be lawful to export from *Ireland*, directly to the *Britiſh* Plantations, all ſorts of white and brown Linen Cloths, being the proper Manufacture of the ſaid Kingdom, under certain Reſtrictions and Conditions in the ſaid Act mentioned, for the Term of eleven Years; which Act hath been ſince continued for one Year, and to the End of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, by an Act paſſed in the firſt Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King *George*, Intituled, *An Act for continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, relating to Coals, Hemp, and Flax*, Iriſh *and* Scots *Linen, and the Aſſize of Bread, and for giving Power to adjourn the Quarter-ſeſſions for the County of* Angleſea, *for the Purpoſes therein mentioned:* And whereas it hath been found by Experience, that the Continuance of the ſaid Act is and may be beneficial to both the Kingdoms of *Great-Britain* and *Ireland*; Be it therefore enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that the ſaid recited Act of the third and fourth Years of Queen *Anne*, ſo far forth as the ſame relates to the Exportation of *Iriſh* Linnen Cloths to the *Britiſh* Plantations, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby continued in full Force, ſo long as the Merchants, and other Perſons of *Great-Britain*, are or ſhall be permitted to import into *Ireland*, free of all Duties, ſuch white and brown *Britiſh* Linen Cloth as is or ſhall be made and manufactured in *Great-Britain*. Preamble. 3d & 4 Anne

IV. And whereas by an Act made in the tenth and eleventh Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the third, Intituled, *An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wool out of the Kingdoms of* Ireland *and* England *into foreign Parts, and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of* England, one Moiety of the Penalties and Forfeitures thereby inflicted for preventing the Exportation of Wool and other Woollen Goods therein mentioned out of the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, other than into the Kingdom of *England*, or the Dominion of *Wales*, is given to the Encouragement of ſetting up the Linen Manufactures in *Ireland*, to be diſpoſed of by the Court of *Exchequer* there, for Cap. 10. The Moiety of the Penalties which was given to encourage the *Iriſh* Linen Manufactures

for that Uſe only; which Diſpoſition of the ſaid Moiety has been found of very little Advantage to the ſaid Linen Manufactures, but has tended very much to the Diſcouragement of Proſecutions made in purſuance of the ſaid Act: For the more effectually putting the ſaid Act in Execution, Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, the ſaid Moiety of all ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures (after a Deduction made out of the ſaid Moiety of the Charges of Proſecution and Condemnation) ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

is given to the King.

V. And for the better and more impartial Tryals of all ſuch Actions and Informations which ſhall be commenced or proſecuted by vertue of any Act now in being made for the preventing the unlawful Exportation of Wool or Woollen Manufactures from the Kingdom of *Ireland*, Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the twenty-ninth Day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventeen, [a] ſuch Actions and Informations ſhall be tried in any of his Majeſty's Four-Courts at *Dublin*, by a Jury of good and lawful Freeholders to be ſummoned out of any other County than that wherein the Fact ſhall be committed: And to encourage Perſons to diſcover the ſaid Crime, the firſt three Perſons who have been aiding, abetting, or aſſiſting in carrying out or exporting of Wool, or any other of the Commodities, as aforeſaid, that ſhall inform thereof any of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, whereby the Puniſhment and Penalties appointed by this Act may be inflicted and recovered, the Party or Parties ſo diſcovering (not being Owner or Part Owners of the ſaid Wool or other Commodities aforeſaid) ſhall not ſuffer any of the ſaid Penalties or Puniſhment to be inflicted by this or any other Act.

Informations where to be tried.

[a] Alter'd by 6 *Geo.* 1. cap. 21.

Anno Quinto Georgii Primi Regis.

CAP. XI.

English.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act againſt clandeſtine running of uncuſtomed Goods, and for the more effectual preventing of Frauds relating to the Cuſtoms.

No *Eaſt-India* Silks, &c. to be imported into *Ireland* from foreign Parts.

XII. AND whereas great Quantities of wrought Silks, Bengals, and Stuffs, mixed with Silk and Herba, as alſo Muſlins, and other Callicoes, of the Manufacture of *Perſia*, *China*, or *Eaſt-India*, are, notwithſtanding the Laws already made to the contrary, frequently imported from foreign Parts, and landed in *Ireland*, to the prejudice of fair Traders: For the better preventing the ſame for the future, be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that none of the before mentioned Goods ſhall, from and after the firſt Day of *May*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, be imported into the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland* from any Place or Places whatſoever, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this and the former Acts (other than from *Great-Britain*) under the

Penalty.

the Penalty and Forfeiture of all ſuch of the aforeſaid Goods ſo imported, or the Value thereof, as alſo of the Ship or Veſſel importing the ſame, with all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel, one Moiety to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that ſhall ſeize, inform, or ſue for the ſame, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record in *Dublin*, in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*; and if any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms in *Ireland*, ſhall willingly or knowingly connive at the fraudulent Importation of any of the Goods aforementioned, contrary to the true Meaning hereof, or if any ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall take upon him or them to ſeize any of the ſaid Goods, and ſhall, by Fraud or Colluſion, deſiſt or delay the Proſecution thereof to Condemnation, he or they ſo conniving, deſiſting, or delaying, ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of five hundred pounds, to be ſued for and divided in Manner aforeſaid; and ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall alſo be incapable of holding any Office or Employment under his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

Penalty on Officer conniving, &c.

XXI. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the tenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the third, Intituled, *An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wool out of the Kingdoms of* Ireland *and* England *into foreign Parts, and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of* England, it was enacted, that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, from and after the four and twentieth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſix hundred ninety-nine, ſhould, directly or indirectly, export, tranſport, ſhip off, carry, or convey, or cauſe, or procure to be exported, tranſported, ſhipped off, carried, or conveyed out of or from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, into any foreign Realm, States, or Dominions, or into any Parts or Places whatſoever, other than the Parts within the Kingdom of *England*, or the Dominion of *Wales*, any the Wool, Wool-fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Wool-flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen-yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, Sayes, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-ſerges, Shalloons, or any other Drapery Stuffs, or Woollen Manufactures whatſoever, made up or mixt with Wool or Wool-flocks, or ſhould directly or indirectly load, or cauſe to be loaden upon any Horſe, Cart, or other Carriage, or load or lay on board, or cauſe to be laden, or laid on board in any Ship or Veſſel in any Place or Part within or belonging to the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, any ſuch Wool, or other the Matters aforeſaid, to the Intent or Purpoſe to export, tranſport, ſhip off, carry or convey the ſame, or cauſe the ſame to be exported, tranſported, ſhipped off, carried, or conveyed out of the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, or out of any Port or Place belonging to the ſame, or with Intent or Purpoſe that any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould ſo export, tranſport, ſhip off, carry, or convey the ſame out of the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland* into any Ports or Places (except as aforeſaid) upon pain of forfeiting the ſaid Wool, and other Matters aforeſaid, ſo exported, tranſported, ſhipped off, or carried, conveyed or loaden, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of that Act, and under other the Penalties therein mentioned: And whereas it is further enacted by the ſaid Act, that it ſhould and might be lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons to ſeize, take, ſecure and convey to his Majeſty's next Warehouſe all ſuch Wool, and other the Matters aforeſaid, as he or they ſhould happen to ſee, find, know, or diſcover, to be laid on board in any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, or to be brought, carried, or laid on ſhore at or near the Sea, or any navigable River or Water, to the Intent or Purpoſe to be exported or conveyed out of the

Recital of the Act 10 *W.* 3. cap. 10.

the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, contrary to the true Meaning of that Act; and that ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhould happen ſo to ſeize, take, or ſecure any of the Commodities aforeſaid, ſhould be indemnified for ſo doing, to all Intents and Purpoſes: But it is not provided by the ſaid Act, that the ſaid Wool, and other the Commodities aforeſaid, which ſhould be brought, carried, or laid on ſhore at or near the Sea, or any navigable River or Water, to the Intent or Purpoſe to be exported or conveyed out of the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, contrary to the Meaning of that Act, ſhould be forfeited: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the four and twentieth Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and nineteen, all ſuch Wool, and other the Commodities aforeſaid, which ſhall be brought, carried, or laid on ſhore at or near the Sea, or any navigable River or Water, to the Intent or Purpoſe to be exported or conveyed out of the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, contrary to the true Meaning of that Act, ſhall be forfeited, and the Offender and Offenders therein ſhall be ſubject and liable to the like Forfeitures, Pains and Penalties, as Perſons by that Act are ſubject unto for exporting, tranſporting, or ſhipping of Wool, or other the Commodities aforeſaid, contrary to the Intent and Meaning of that Act; and that ſuch Forfeitures, Pains, and Penalties, ſhall be recovered and diſtributed as other the Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures in that Act are by any Law now in Force to be recovered and diſtributed.

Wool and other Goods laid on ſhore near the Sea or any River, &c. to be conveyed out of *Ireland* into foreign Parts, forfeited.

Penalties.

Anno Sexto Georgii Primi Regis.

CAP. XXI.

English.

Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the publick Revenues of Exciſe, Cuſtoms, Stamp-duties, Poſt-Office, and Houſe-money.

XLIX. AND whereas it is found by Experience, that great Quantities of Tobacco are clandeſtinely run into *Ireland*, after the entring and exporting the ſame from *Great-Britain* for other foreign Parts, and the Exporters have entitled themſelves to Debentures for the Drawbacks in this Kingdom, in Prejudice of his Majeſty's Revenues, and to the Diſcouragement of Fair Traders; Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Tobacco, ſo entred out and exported, ſhall afterwards be landed in *Ireland*, the ſame, and double the Drawback thereof ſhall be forfeited, and every Debenture for the Drawback thereof ſhall become void, as if the ſaid Tobacco were relanded in any Part of *Great-Britain*; which Forfeitures ſhall and may be proſecuted and recovered in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter* or *Dublin* reſpectively, or in the Court of *Exchequer* in *Scotland*: In which Proſecution, no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance; the Moiety of which Forfeiture or Forfeitures to be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that will ſue for the ſame, as aforeſaid.

Tobacco exported for foreign Parts, landed in *Ireland*, forfeited and double the Drawback, &c.

LXII. And whereas divers Ships and Veſſels of the Burthen of fifty Tuns or under, laden with Tobacco, Brandy, Spirits, and other cuſtomable or prohibited Goods,

Goods, pretending to be bound for foreign Parts, do frequently lye hovering on the Coaſt of *Ireland*, with Intention to run the ſame privately on ſhore, as Opportunity offers, to the great Diminution of his Majeſty's Revenue, and Ruin of fair Traders; and Ships or Veſſels of the Burthen of fifty Tuns or under, do frequently lye hovering on that Coaſt to take in Wool, not lawfully licenſed, to be brought to *England*, and other Staple Commodities of *Ireland*, prohibited to be exported: For the better preventing whereof, be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, where any Ship or Veſſel of the Burthen of fifty Tuns or under, laden with cuſtomable or prohibited Goods, ſhall be found at anchor or hovering on the Coaſts of *Ireland*, within two Leagues of the Shore, and not proceeding on her Voyage, Wind and Weather permitting, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms of that Kingdom, to go on board every ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and to take an Account of the Lading, and to demand and take Security from the Maſter or other Perſon having or taking the Charge or Command of ſuch Ship or Veſſel in that Voyage, by his own Bond by him to be entred into unto his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhall be treble the Value of ſuch Goods then on board, with Condition that ſuch Ship or Veſſel (as ſoon as Wind and Weather, and the State and Condition of ſuch Ship or Veſſel doth permit) ſhall and will proceed regularly on ſuch Voyage, and ſhall [a] not land ſuch Goods (except Wool lawfully licenſed, as aforeſaid) in and at ſome foreign Port or Ports; and if ſuch Maſter or other Perſon having or taking the Charge or Command of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall upon ſuch Demand refuſe to enter into ſuch Bond, or having entred into ſuch Bond, ſhall not depart or proceed regularly on ſuch Voyage (as ſoon as Wind and Weather, and the State and Condition of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall permit) unleſs otherwiſe ſuffered to make a longer Stay by the Collector (or other principal Officer in his Abſence) of ſuch Port where ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be, not exceeding twenty Days, then, and in either of the ſaid Caſes, all the Goods ſo on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall and may, by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, by Direction of the Collector or other principal Officer, as aforeſaid, be taken out of and from ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and forthwith brought on Shore and ſecured; and in caſe the ſaid Goods are cuſtomable, the Cuſtoms and other Duties ſhall be paid for the ſame; and as concerning Wool, or any prohibited Goods, or other Goods liable to Forfeiture, which may be found on board ſuch Ships or Veſſels at the Time of their unlading, as aforeſaid, the ſame are hereby declared to be ſubject to Forfeiture, and the Officers of the Cuſtoms ſhall and may proſecute the ſame, as alſo the Ship or Veſſel, in caſe ſhe ſhall be liable to Condemnation.

Ships of 50 Tuns hovering on the Coaſts of *Ireland* within 2 Leagues of the Shore, Officers may enter ſuch Ships to take Account of the Lading,

and take Security of the Maſters in treble the Value of the Goods on board, for proceeding regularly on their Voyage.

Maſters refuſing Bonds, or not departing in 20 Days, Officers may ſecure all the Goods, &c.

LXIII. Provided always, That after ſuch Goods are ſo taken out of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and brought on ſhore, and ſecured by ſuch Officer or Officers, ſuch Bonds, ſo to be given, as aforeſaid, ſhall be void, and delivered up without any Fee or Reward for taking or delivering up the ſame; and ſuch Bond not being otherwiſe diſcharged, ſhall, on a proper Certificate returned under the common Seal of the chief Magiſtrate in any Place or Places beyond the Seas, or under the Hands and Seals of two known *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Merchants upon the Place, that ſuch Goods were there landed, or upon Proof by credible Perſons, that ſuch Goods were taken by Enemies, or periſhed in the Seas, (the Examination and Proof

On landing the Goods, Bond void.

Bonds not otherwiſe diſcharged, to be vacated on Certificate.

[a] Alter'd by 12 *Geo.* 2. cap. 22.

Proof thereof being left to the Judgment of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *Ireland*) ſhall be vacated and diſcharged.

Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Ireland* to determine in all Offences relating to Wool.

LXIV. And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Commiſſioners or Sub-commiſſioners of Exciſe reſpectively, in their reſpective Limits and Diſtricts in *Ireland*, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine all Offences againſt any Clauſe or Article contained in this or any other Act of Parliament now in Force in *Ireland*, made for preventing the unlawful Exportation of Wool, Wool-fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Wool-Flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen Yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſies, Sayes, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-Serges, Shalloons, or any other Drapery Stuffs, or Woollen Manufactures, made or mixed with Wool or Wool-Flocks, and manufactured in *Ireland*; which Commiſſioners or Sub-Commiſſioners ſhall and may proceed in a Summary way, and give Judgment or Sentence, and levy the Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures thereupon, in ſuch or the like Manner, as they are enabled to proceed, give Judgment, and levy the Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, in Caſes of Exciſe in *Ireland*, by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force in that Kingdom.

None may claim Property in any Seizure in *Ireland* till they have given Security, &c.

LXV. And be it further enacted, that no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be admitted to claim Property in any Seizure that ſhall be made upon any Clauſe or Clauſes in any Act of Parliament for preventing the unlawful Exportation of Wool from *Ireland*, till he or they ſhall firſt have given ſufficient Security to the ſaid Commiſſioners or Sub-Commiſſioners of the Diſtrict where ſuch Seizure ſhall be made, to anſwer the Penalties attending the Forfeiture thereof, if ſuch Seizure ſhall be adjudged to be good in Law.

General Iſſue.

LXVI. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued, moleſted, or proſecuted for any thing done by vertue or in purſuance of this Act, or any of the Clauſes therein contained, ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall and may plead the general Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence for his, her, or their Defence; and if afterwards a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall diſcontinue his or their Action, or be Nonſuited, or Judgment ſhall be given againſt him or them upon Demurrer, or otherwiſe, then ſuch Defendant or Defendants ſhall have full Coſts to him or them awarded againſt ſuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

CAP.

CAP. XX.

A Clauſe in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the further preventing his Majeſty's Subjects from trading to the East-Indies *under Foreign Commiſſions; and for encouraging and further ſecuring the lawful Trade thereto; and for further regulating the Pilots of* Dover, Deal, *and the Iſle of* Thanet. English.

IX. AND it is further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid four and twentieth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, no Commodity of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the *Eaſt-Indies*, or other the Places aforeſaid, ſhall be imported or carried into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, the Iſlands of *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, or into any Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or Place, to his Majeſty, or to the Crown of *Great-Britain* belonging, or which ſhall hereafter belong to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in *Africa*, or *America*, but ſuch only as ſhall be *bona fide*, and without Fraud loaden and ſhipt in *Great-Britain* in Ships navigated according to the ſeveral and reſpective Laws now in being, as to the ſeveral Places to which the ſaid Goods ſhall be imported or carried, under the Penalty of forfeiting all ſuch Goods, or the Value thereof, together with the Ship or Veſſel in which they ſhall be imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition, and [a] Apparel; and ſuch Ship and Goods ſhall and may be ſeized, and the ſame or the Value thereof, ſhall and may be proſecuted in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in *Dublin*, or in any of his Majeſty's Courts in ſuch Land, Iſland, Colony, Territory, or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, or in the Royal Courts of *Jerſey* and *Guernſey* reſpectively, by Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, nor any more than one Imparlance; one Moiety of which Forfeiture ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who ſhall ſeize or ſue for the ſame; except ſuch Offence ſhall be committed in any of his Majeſty's Plantations in *Africa* or *America*, in which caſe one third Part of the ſaid Forfeiture ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, one other third Part to the Governor of ſuch Land, Iſland, Colony, or Place, where the Offence ſhall be committed, and the other third Part to the Informer or Proſecutor; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding: And if any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, or in the Lands, Iſlands, Colonies, Plantations, Territories, or Places aforeſaid, ſhall willingly or knowingly connive at the fraudulent Importation of any ſuch Commodities as is before mentioned, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or if any ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall take upon him or them to ſeize any of the ſaid Commodities, and ſhall, by Fraud or Colluſion, Deſiſt or Delay the Proſecution thereof to Condemnation, he, or they, ſo conniving,

No Commodity of the Growth of the *Eaſt-Indies* to be imported into *Ireland*, *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, &c. or the Plantations.

But ſuch as ſhall be ſhipt in *Great-Britain*.

on Forfeiture of the Goods and Ship, &c.

Where to be proſecuted.

Penalty, how to be divided.

Cuſtom-houſe Officer conniving, or delaying Proſecution forfeits 500*l.* and incapacitated.

[a] By 12 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 22. Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Ireland* ſhall hear and determine Offences.

niving, deliſting, or delaying, ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of five hundred Pounds, to be ſued for and recovered in Manner aforeſaid; one Moiety of which Forfeiture to be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them who will inform and ſue for the ſame; and ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall alſo for the future be incapable of holding any Office or Imployment under his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors.

Anno Duodecimo Georgii Primi Regis.

CAP. XXVIII.

English. *Several Clauſes in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the Improvement of his Majeſty's Revenues of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, and Inland Duties.*

No Drawback for Tobacco, or Foreign Goods, to the *Iſle of Man*, after 24 *July*, 1726.

XXI. AND whereas great Sums of Money are paid out of his Majeſty's Duties of Cuſtoms on Account of Debentures for Tobacco, and other Foreign Goods and Merchandizes ſhipt for Exportation to the *Iſle of Man*; and it being found by Experience, that the greateſt part of ſuch Tobacco, and other Foreign Commodities, are ſhipt for the *Iſle of Man*, with no other Intent than fraudulently to reland the ſame on the Coaſt of *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, by which evil Practices his Majeſty's Revenues of Cuſtoms are very much leſſened, and the fair Traders prejudiced and diſcouraged in their Trade: For Remedy whereof be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Drawback ſhall be allowed for any Tobacco, or other Foreign Goods or Commodities whatſoever, exported after the twenty fourth Day of *July*, in the Year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, from *Great-Britain*, or *Ireland*, to the *Iſle of Man*; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

No Commodities, except of the Growth, &c. of the *Iſle of Man* to be brought thence into *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Tobacco, Wine, Brandy, *Eaſt-India*, or other Goods or Commodities whatſoever, other than ſuch as are of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the *Iſle of Man*, ſhall be brought from the ſaid Iſland, after the ſaid twenty fourth Day of *July*, into the Kingdoms of *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, or within the Limits of any Port thereto belonging, on any Pretence whatſoever; and in caſe any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, having on Board any ſuch Goods brought from the ſaid *Iſle of Man* (except as aforeſaid) ſhall be found within the Limits of any Port of *Great-Britain*, or *Ireland*, or diſcovered to have been within the Limits of any Port of *Great-Britain*, or *Ireland*, as aforeſaid, whether Bulk has been broke or not, having ſuch Goods on Board, as aforeſaid, ſuch Ship, or Veſſel, or Boat, together with the Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, and alſo all ſuch Goods ſo found on Board, or the Value thereof, ſhall be forfeited and loſt; and every Perſon, who ſhall take any ſuch Commodities (except as aforeſaid) out of any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, coming from the *Iſle of Man*, within the Limits of

Penalty.

any

any Port, as aforeſaid, or carry the ſame on Shore, or convey the ſame from the Shore, when landed, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or be aiding or aſſiſting therein, ſhall forfeit the Sum of one hundred Pounds, or ſuffer Six Months Impriſonment, at the diſcretion of the Court, in which he ſhall be convicted of ſuch Offence.

Perſons entring foreign Goods for Exportation, to obtain a Drawback, and landing them in the *Iſle of Man*, The Penalty.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if any Merchant or other Perſon ſhall, after the ſaid four and twentieth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, enter any Foreign Goods for Exportation to Parts beyond the Seas, other than to the ſaid *Iſle of Man*, in order to obtain the Drawback for the ſame, and ſuch Goods ſhall nevertheleſs be carried to the ſaid Iſland, and there landed, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, that then and in ſuch caſe, the Exporter of ſuch Goods ſhall forfeit the Drawback, or the Amount thereof, paid or to be paid for the ſame, as alſo the treble value of the ſaid Goods; and the Maſter of the Ship or Veſſel on Board which ſuch Goods ſhall be ſhipt and landed, as aforeſaid, ſhall be ſubject and liable to the ſame Penalties and Forfeitures, and ſhall alſo ſuffer ſix Months Impriſonment, without Bail or Mainprize.

Iſle of Man to be added to the Oath in all Debentures for foreign Goods exported.

XXIV. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid four and twentieth Day of *July*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty ſix, the *Iſle of Man* ſhall be added to, and included in the Oath, upon all Debentures for Foreign Goods exported, whereon the Exporter is to ſwear that ſuch Goods are not landed, or intended to be landed in *Great-Britain*, or *Ireland* reſpectively, without which the Officers of the Cuſtoms ſhall not ſuffer the Debentures to paſs; any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Forfeitures how to be recovered.

XXXIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all Forfeitures and Penalties by this Act impoſed for any Offence, which ſhall be committed, relating to any Part of his Majeſty's Revenues, under the Management of the Commiſſioners of Exciſe, or Inland Duties in *Great-Britain*, ſhall be ſued for, levied, and recovered or mitigated by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, and Forfeiture is or may be recovered or mitigated, by any Law or Laws relating to his Majeſty's Revenues of Exciſe, or any of them, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or the Court of *Exchequer* at *Edinburgh* reſpectively (except where it is otherwiſe provided for by this Act) and all Forfeitures and Penalties by this Act impoſed, for any Offence which ſhall be committed relating to any Part of his Majeſty's Revenues, under the Management of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in *Great-Britain*, ſhall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or the Court of *Exchequer* at *Edinburgh* reſpectively, except where it is otherwiſe provided for by this Act; and that all Forfeitures and Penalties hereby impoſed, for any Offence, which ſhall be committed in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, contrary to this Act, ſhall be ſued for, recovered, and levied by ſuch Ways, Means and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture is or may be ſued for or recovered by vertue of any Law or Laws in force in *Ireland*, relating to his Majeſty's Revenue there; and one Moiety of all ſuch Forfeitures and Penalties impoſed by this Act, ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them who ſhall ſeize, inform, or ſue for the ſame, except in ſuch Caſes where it is otherwiſe directed by this Act.

General Issue.

XXXIV. And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that if any Person or Persons shall be sued, molested, or prosecuted for any thing done by vertue or in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the general Issue, and give this Act, and the special Matter in Evidence in his defence; and if afterwards a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff shall discontinue his Action, or be nonsuited, or Judgment shall be given against him upon demurrer, or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have treble Costs awarded to him or them against such Plaintiff.

Anno Secundo Georgii Secundi Regis.

CAP. II.

English.

Several Clauses in an Act, Intituled, An Act for the more effectual collecting in Great-Britain *and* Ireland, *and other Parts of his Majesty's Dominions, the Duties granted for the Support of the Royal Hospital at* Greenwich.

Masters to pay the Duty before they are cleared inwards by the Custom-house.

VII. AND whereas by the said Act of the tenth of Queen *Anne*, the said Duty of Sixpence *per Mensem* is directed to be paid by the Masters, Commanders, or Owners of Ships or Vessels thereby made liable to pay the same, within fourteen Days after they should be cleared inward by the Officers of the Customs, which hath been found ineffectual, in as much as many Masters and Commanders of Ships and Vessels, after they have been cleared at the Custom-house, have wholly neglected to pay the said Duty, whereby great detriment and loss hath happened to the said Hospital: For Remedy whereof be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that from henceforth all and every the Masters, Commanders, and Owners of all Merchant Ships, and other private Ships and Vessels whatsoever, by this or any of the said former Acts made liable to the Payment of the said Duty of Six-pence *per Mensem*, shall pay all such Monies, as shall from time to time be due from them, and every of them respectively, unto the said Hospital, for or on account of the said Duty, before any such Ships or Vessels shall be cleared inwards by the Officers of the Customs of his Majesty, his Heirs, or Successors, in any of the Ports of this Kingdom of *Great-Britain*, or of the said Kingdom of *Ireland*, or of the said Islands of *Guernsey*, *Jersey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, and *Man*, or of any of them, or of any of his Majesty's Colonies, Islands, or Dominions in *America*; and that no Customer, Collector, Comptroller, Receiver, Surveyor, Searcher, Waiter, or other Officer whatsoever, of or belonging to the Customs of his Majesty, his Heirs, or Successors, shall, at any time hereafter, clear inwards any Merchant Ship or private Vessel whatsoever, by this or any of the said former Acts made or declared liable to the Payment of the said Duty of Six-pence *per Mensem*, or grant any Warrant, or give or make out any Cocquet, Transires, Returns, or Discharges unto or for any such Ship or Vessel whatsoever, or shall permit or suffer any

any such Ship or Vessel to go out of any the Ports before mentioned, until the said Master, Commander, or Owner or Owners of every such Ship or Vessel respectively shall and do produce and shew forth unto such Officer or Officers, an Acquittance or Certificate, signed by the said Receiver or Receivers, or his or their Deputy or Deputies for the time being, whereby it shall appear, that such Master, Commander, or Owner or Owners, have duly and fully paid and discharged the said Duty, and that he or they is not or are more than thirty Days in Arrear to the said Hospital, or that they are exempted from the Payment of the said Duties by vertue of the Exceptions herein, and in the said Act of the tenth of Queen *Anne* contained; and every Master, Commander, and Owner of any such Ship or Vessel, who shall refuse or neglect to pay the said Duty of Six-pence *per Mensem*, in the Manner and within the time herein before mentioned, limited, and appointed for Payment thereof, and also every Customer, Collector, Comptroller, Receiver, Surveyor, Searcher, Waiter, and other Officer of the Customs, who shall make Default in any of the Premisses injoined them respectively by this Act, or shall in any wise act contrary to the Directions herein before mentioned, shall, for every such Refusal, Neglect, Default, or Act, forfeit the Sum of twenty Pounds of lawful Money of this Kingdom, if such Forfeitures shall be incurred within *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, or to the amount thereof in the Money of such Islands, Colonies, or Dominions where the same shall be incurred, to be recovered and applied in such Manner, as in that behalf is herein after mentioned and directed.

Masters, Customers, &c. making default, forfeit 20*l*.

VIII. Provided, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that in all cases, wherein by this Act an Oath is required or appointed to be taken, the solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called Quakers shall be accepted instead of such Oath, in such Manner and Form, as by the Laws and Statutes of this Kingdom is directed and appointed; and if any such Quaker shall refuse to make such solemn Affirmation and Declaration in any case, wherein any other Person is hereby required to take an Oath, every such Quaker so refusing shall, for every such Offence, be subject to the like Forfeitures and Penalties, as any other Person refusing to take an Oath is made liable to by this Act; and in case any such Quaker shall, upon his solemn Affirmation or Declaration affirm or declare any Matter, which shall be false, or if any other Person, before any such Receiver or other Person hereby authorized to administer Oaths, shall wilfully make a false Oath, every such Quaker, or other Person, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall, for every such Offence, suffer and be liable to the like Fines, Pains, Penalties, and Punishments, as Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject or liable to by the Laws of the respective Places where such Offence shall be committed.

Quakers solemn declaration to be accepted instead of an Oath.

Quakers or others guilty of a false Affirmation liable to like Punishment as wilful Perjury.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that all and every the Forfeitures and Penalties, which shall at any time hereafter be incurred by vertue of this Act, or any Clause therein contained, within the Kingdoms of *Great-Britain* and *Ireland* respectively, shall be sued for and recovered in such Manner, and with such Costs of Suit, as by the said Act of the tenth of Queen *Anne* is prescribed and directed for the Recovery of the Penalty or Forfeiture of twenty Pounds, hereby laid or inflicted upon the said Masters, Commanders, and Owners of Ships or Vessels neglecting or refusing to appear, or make Discovery, or to pay the said Duty, in such manner as by the said last mentioned Act is required.

Forfeitures and Penalties how to be sued for.

quired and directed; and that all and every the Forfeitures and Penalties, which ſhall at any time hereafter be incurred by vertue of this Act, or any Clauſe therein contained, within the ſaid Iſlands of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, and *Man*, or the ſaid Colonies, Iſlands, or Dominions in *America*, or within any of them reſpectively, ſhall be ſued for and recovered within the ſaid Iſlands, Colonies, and Dominions reſpectively, in ſuch and the ſame manner as is uſual in ſuing for and recovering other Forfeitures or Penalties incurred by vertue of penal Laws within the ſaid Iſlands, Colonies, and Dominions reſpectively, together with double Coſts of Suit; and that one Moiety of all and every the ſaid Forfeitures and Penalties, when recovered, ſhall go and be to the uſe of the ſaid Hoſpital, and the other Moiety thereof to the Uſe of ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as ſhall ſue for the ſame in manner as aforeſaid.

General Iſſue.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that if at any time or times hereafter, any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be ſued for any Matter or Thing, which ſhall be done by vertue or in Execution hereof, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall and may plead the general Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if upon any Trial the Plaintiff ſhall become nonſuited, or a Verdict ſhall paſs for the Defendant, ſuch Defendant ſhall recover and be allowed treble Coſts of Suit.

Anno Tertio Georgii Secundi Regis.

CAP. XIV.

Engliſh.

Certain Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for reducing the Annuity or Fund of the United East-India *Company, and for aſcertaining their Right of Trade to the* East-Indies, *and the Continuance of their Corporation for that Purpoſe, upon the Terms therein mentioned.*

Company to have the ſole Trade to the *Eaſt-Indies* for a limited Time.

IX. AND it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that notwithſtanding ſuch Redemption of the ſaid yearly Fund of one hundred and twenty eight thouſand Pounds, as aforeſaid, the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt-Indies* ſhall, ſubject to the Proviſo of Determination herein after contained in that behalf, have, uſe, and enjoy, and ſhall continue to have, uſe, and enjoy the whole and ſole Trade and Traffick, and the only Liberty, Uſe, and Privilege of trading, trafficking, and exerciſing the Trade or Buſineſs of Merchandize, in, to, and from the *Eaſt-Indies*, and in, to, and from all the Iſlands, Ports, Havens, Coaſts, Cities, Towns, and Places, between the Cape of *Good Hope* and Streights of *Magellan*, and Limits in the ſaid Act of the ninth Year of the Reign of his ſaid late Majeſty King *William* the Third, or in the ſaid Charter of the fifth Day of *September*, in the tenth Year of his ſaid Majeſty's Reign mentioned, in as ample and beneficial manner, as the ſaid Company could thereby trade thereto; and the ſaid *Eaſt-Indies*, or the Iſlands, Havens, Coaſts, Ports, Cities, Towns, and Places, within the Limits aforeſaid, or any of them, ſhall not from

from henceforth, at any time before ſuch Determination of the ſaid ſole and whole Trade of the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt-Indies*, as is herein after mentioned, be repaired, or ſailed to, viſited, frequented, or haunted, by any other the Subjects of his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors whatſoever; and if any of the ſaid Subjects of his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, of what Degree or Quality ſoever they be, other than the Factors, Agents, and Servants of the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt-Indies*, or ſuch as ſhall be by them thereunto licenſed or authorized, ſhall at any time or times hereafter, before ſuch Determination of the ſaid Company's whole and ſole Trade, as aforeſaid, directly or indirectly ſail, or go to, viſit, haunt, frequent, traffick, trade, or adventure in, to, or from the ſaid *Eaſt-Indies*, or other the Limits or Parts aforeſaid, contrary to the true meaning hereof, all and every ſuch Offender and Offenders ſhall incur the Forfeiture and Loſs of all the Ships and Veſſels which ſhall be imployed in ſuch Voyage, Trade, Traffick, or Adventure, with the Guns, Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture thereunto belonging, and alſo all the Goods laden thereupon, or that were or ſhall be ſent to, acquired, traded, trafficked, or adventured within the ſaid *Eaſt-Indies*, or Parts aforeſaid, and all the Proceed and Effects of the ſame, and every of them, and double the Value thereof, which Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall be ſo ſued for, ſeized, diſtributed and diſtributable, recovered and recoverable, as in and by the ſaid Act made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt is appointed, directed, and enacted concerning the Penalties and Forfeitures in that Act mentioned or referred to, with reſpect to the ſaid United Company, or their Trade to the *Eaſt-Indies*.

Veſſels and Goods trading thither during that time, without leave of the Company, forfeited.

XI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that at any time upon three Years notice to be given by Parliament, after the twenty fifth Day of *March*, which ſhall be in the Year, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty ſix, upon the Expiration of the ſaid three Years, and Repayment to the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt-Indies*, or their Succeſſors, of the ſaid capital Stock, Debt, or Sum of three Millions two hundred thouſand Pounds, and all Arrears of Annuity payable in reſpect thereof, in caſe the ſame ſhall not have been before repaid, then and from thenceforth the ſaid Right, Title, and Intereſt, of the ſaid United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt-Indies*, to the whole, ſole, and excluſive Trade to the *Eaſt-Indies*, and Parts aforeſeid, ſhall ceaſe and determine.

On three Years Notice after 1736. and Repayment of the whole Capital Stock, excluſive Trade to ceaſe.

CAP.

CAP. XXXVI.

English.

Part of the firſt Clauſe, and ſeveral other Clauſes in an Act, intituled, An Act for confirming a Patent granted by her late Majeſty Queen Anne *to* William Trench *Eſquire, deceaſed, for erecting a Light-houſe upon the Iſland or Rock called* Skerries, *and for the better Maintenance of the ſaid Light-houſe, and for making the Duties granted for maintaining the ſame perpetual.*

AND in regard that no other Order or Courſe can well be taken for levying the Duties hereby granted towards the Eſtabliſhment and continuance of this good Work, than in the Port, Roads, Creeks, Harbours, and Havens, into which the Merchants, Mariners, or other Perſons, by and from whom the ſame ſhall be payable, do and ſhall trade or arrive, We do by theſe Preſents ordain and appoint, and alſo ſtrictly charge and command all and every the Cuſtomers, Collectors, Comptrollers, Surveyors, Searchers, Waiters, and their and every of their Deputies and Clerks reſpectively, in all and every our Ports and Creeks within our Dominions, and all Captains, Majors, Lieutenants, and other our Officers belonging to any our Forts and Caſtles, and alſo all Wardens, Portreeves, and Keepers of any our Ports, Roads, Harbours, and Havens, and all Wharfingers, Porters, and Labourers, belonging to the Water ſide, and all other Officers of the Cuſtoms, to us, our Heirs, and Succeſſors now being, or which hereafter ſhall or may be in all, and every, or any of our Ports, Harbours, Roads, Creeks, Havens, and Places within our Dominions, to whom it ſhall or may appertain, that neither they, nor any of them, during the ſaid Term of ſixty Years, hereby granted, do or ſhall take or receive any Entry or Cocquet, or give or make any Permit or Tranſire, or certify any Cocquet, return Victualling Bill, or diſcharge or permit any Goods or Stores to be laid on Land, or diſcharged or ſhipped out from or on any Ship, Hoy, Bark, Crayer, Catch, or other Veſſel, or ſuffer any Ship, Hoy, Bark, or other Veſſel, either Stranger or *Britiſh*, liable or ſubject to the Payment of the ſaid Duties, to paſs by or from them, or any of them without a Ticket or Note under the Hand Writing of the ſaid *William Trench*, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, teſtifying the Payment of the ſaid Duties hereby granted, as they tender our high Diſpleaſure, and under ſuch Pains and Penalties as by the Laws and Statutes of this our Realm may be inflicted on the Offenders, for ſuch their Contempt or Neglect of this our Royal Will and Commandment; and to the End and Intent that the ſaid *William Trench*, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns may more effectually have and enjoy the full Benefit and Advantage of this our preſent Grant, We do alſo by theſe Preſents, for us, our Heirs, and Succeſſors, require, charge, and authorize our High Treaſurer of *Great-Britain*, and Commiſſioners of our Treaſury of *Great-Britain* for the time being, the Lord Warden of our Cinque Ports, and his Deputies for the time being, the Maſter, Wardens, and Aſſiſtants of the Corporation of the *Trinity Houſe* of *Deptford Strond*, in our County of *Kent*, and all other the like Corporations within our Realms or Dominions, and alſo all Mayors, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Bailiffs, and other Officers and

Officers of the Cuſtoms, &c. not to clear Ships till *Skerries* Light-money be paid.

and Miniſters whatſoever, of us, our Heirs, and Succeſſors, now, and for the time being, to whom it ſhall or may appertain, that they, and every of them, in their ſeveral Offices, Places, and Stations reſpectively, be, from time to time, during the Term aforeſaid, favouring, aiding, and aſſiſting unto the ſaid *William Trench*, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns, and his and their Deputy and Deputies, and every of them, in and concerning the Premiſſes, upon Requeſt in that behalf, by him, them, or any of them, to be made in ſuch manner as according to Right and Juſtice ought to be done. Officers, &c. to aid in the Premiſſes.

II. And whereas the ſaid *William Trench* did, purſuant to the Power ſo given him, actually erect and build a Light-houſe on the ſaid Rock or Iſland, called the *Skerries*, and laid out and expended in the ſame upwards of three thouſand Pounds, and alſo loſt a Ship and Cargo of Materials of a conſiderable value (which were obliged to be fetched from diſtant Parts) with his only Son, in going to the ſaid Iſland to carry on the ſaid Work: And whereas the ſaid Light-houſe has been, and is of conſtant Uſe and Benefit, not only to his Majeſty's Ships of War and Pacquet Boats, but likewiſe to other Ships and Veſſels paſſing and croſſing between *Great-Britain* and *Ireland*, and to and from *Ireland* to *Great-Britain*, and to Ships ſailing through Saint *George*'s Channel, to and from the Ports South of *Holy-head*, to the *Land's End* of *England*, and of frequent Uſe and Benefit to the Ports North of *Leverpool*: And whereas the ſaid *William Trench* departed this Life on or about the twenty firſt Day of *June*, in the Year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty five, and by his laſt Will and Teſtament did charge the ſaid Light-houſe, and the Duties thereof, with all his Debts, and left a Legacy of five hundred Pounds to *Ruth Trench*, his then Wife, who became the only acting Executrix of the ſaid Will, and made *Sutton Morgan* Clerk, Maſter of Arts, and *Anne* his Wife (Daughter and only ſurviving Child of the ſaid *William Trench*) reſiduary Legatees: And whereas the ſaid *Ruth Trench*, ſince the Death of the ſaid *William Trench*, hath, by Deed dated the thirtieth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty nine, conveyed all her Right, Title, and Intereſt of, in, and to the ſaid Legacy of five hundred Pounds, and of, in, and to the ſaid Letters Patent, and the Light-houſe erected on the Rock or Iſland of *Skerries*, to the ſaid *Sutton Morgan*, his Heirs and Aſſigns, for the remainder of the Term of ſixty Years, mentioned in the ſaid Patent, on Condition that he the ſaid *Sutton Morgan* ſhall pay and diſcharge, as well the Creditors of the ſaid *William Trench*, as alſo the Creditors of the ſaid *Ruth Trench*, whoſe Names are mentioned and ſet forth in a Schedule annexed to the Deed of Aſſignment made between the ſaid *Sutton Morgan* and the ſaid *Ruth Trench*: And whereas it ſo happened, that during the Life-time of the ſaid *William Trench*, as well as ſince the ſaid *Sutton Morgan* has been in Poſſeſſion of the ſaid Light-houſe that the Expence of maintaining the ſame has amounted to much more than the Duties annually collected, which is as well owing to the want of a ſufficient Power to oblige Maſters and Owners of Ships, in certain Caſes, to pay, who have, and ſtill do refuſe to pay the ſame, as to ſeveral Defects and Omiſſions in the ſaid Letters Patent, and particularly in not obliging Foreigners to pay double Duties as are paid to other Light-houſes: And whereas the ſaid *William Trench*, during his Life-time, ſupported and maintained the ſaid Light-houſe almoſt to the utter Ruin of himſelf and Family; and the ſaid *Sutton Morgan* hath, ſince he had Poſſeſſion thereof, maintained and ſupported the ſame as far as in him lay, and has bor-

rowed and expended conſiderable Sums of Money, over and above the Money ariſing by the Duties granted by the ſaid Letters Patent, but is no longer able to ſupport the ſame, and the ſaid Light-houſe (though of very great Uſe and Benefit to the Publick) muſt inevitably fall to Ruin and Decay, unleſs the ſaid Duties are extended, and ſome further Powers and Encouragements given for the more effectual levying and collecting the ſame, and the ſaid Rent to the Crown, and the Arrears thereof be remitted: And whereas the equitable Right in and to the ſaid Letters Patent, and to the ſaid Light-houſe, being veſted, as aforeſaid, in the ſaid *Sutton Morgan*, his Heirs and Aſſigns; and whereas it is judged abſolutely neceſſary, that the ſaid Light-houſe ſhould be preſerved and kept up from and after the ſaid Term of ſixty Years, and in Conſideration of the great Expence the ſaid *William Trench* was at in erecting and building the ſame, it is thought juſt and reaſonable, that the ſaid *Sutton Morgan*, his Heirs, and Aſſigns, ſhould for ever have the keeping up and ſupporting of the ſaid Light-houſe, which cannot otherwiſe be effected but by the Aid and Aſſiſtance of Parliament: Wherefore, and to the Intent that the ſaid Letters Patent may be confirmed, and made more effectual, and that the ſaid *Sutton Morgan*, his Heirs, and Aſſigns, may be the better enabled to maintain and keep the ſaid Light-houſe in ſufficient Repair, and the Lights therein continually burning in the Night Seaſon, and alſo to pay the Debts of the ſaid *William Trench*, deceaſed, and the Debts of the ſaid *Ruth Trench*, as aforeſaid; to the end a Work of this Publick Nature, ſo greatly beneficial to Trade and Navigation, may have all due and proper Encouragement, may it therefore pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, at the humble Requeſt of the ſaid *Sutton Morgan*, *Anne* his Wife, *Ruth Trench*, and the Creditors of the ſaid *William Trench*, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that all and every the Powers, Liberties, Privileges, Authorities, and Duties granted in and by the ſaid Letters Patent, and the ſaid Light-houſe, and all other Rights, Members, and Appurtenances therewith occupied and enjoyed, ſhall be and are hereby declared to be firm, valid, and effectual to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, and the ſame are and ſhall be valid, and have Continuance, from and after the Expiration of the ſaid Term of ſixty Years (thereby granted to the ſaid *William Trench*, his Executors, Adminiſtrators, and Aſſigns) for ever, ſubject nevertheleſs to the Proviſo as to the maintaining of the ſaid Light-houſe, in the Letters Patent contained, and to the Truſts herein after mentioned, and ſhall be fully and abſolutely veſted in the ſaid *Sutton Morgan*, his Heirs, and Aſſigns.

The Light-houſe, &c. veſted in *Sutton Morgan*, for ever.

Rates for Ships.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the twenty fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, the ſaid *Sutton Morgan*, his Heirs and Aſſigns, are hereby authorized and impowered to demand, collect, receive, and take of and from the Maſters and Owners of every Ship, Hoy, Bark, Crayer, Catch, Veſſel, or Bottom, paſſing, croſſing, or ſailing, in, or through Saint *George*'s Channel, by *Holy-head* or *Wicklow*, to, or from any Foreign Port or Place, or which ſhall paſs or croſs the ſaid Channel, to or from any Port, Creek, or Place, in *Great-Britain* Southward of *Holy-head*, from or to *Wicklow*, or any Port, Creek, or Place, Northward thereof, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or that ſhall paſs, croſs,

or

or ſail, from any Port, Creek, or Place, Northward of *Holy-head*, either from any Foreign, or other Port or Place, and ſail between *Holy-head* and the *Calf of Man*, or any Way in Saint *George*'s Channel, to the Southward of *Dublin*, and likewiſe from all Coaſters paſſing to or from any Port, Creek, or Place, in *Great-Britain* North of *Holy-head*, from or to any other other Port, Creek, or Place South thereof, the Sum of one Penny *per* Tun coming into, and the like Sum of one Penny *per* Tun going out of the ſaid Ports, Places, Creeks, or Harbours, in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, as aforeſaid, and double ſuch Duties for any foreign Ship, Veſſel, or Bottom, paſſing, croſſing, or ſailing in the like Manner, according to their reſpective Burthens.

1*d. per.* Tun.

Double for Foreigners.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that Ships and Veſſels loaden with Coals in *Great-Britain* North of *Leverpool* for *Ireland*, or the greateſt part of their loading being Coals, and paſſing or croſſing in Manner aforeſaid, from *Great-Britain* to *Ireland*, ſhall only pay for one Voyage in every Year, from *Great-Britain* to *Ireland*, and for one Voyage from *Ireland* to *Great-Britain*, notwithſtanding they make ſeveral ſuch Voyages in the ſaid Year, to and from *Ireland*, in carrying on the Coal Trade, and the ſame to be paid the firſt Voyage yearly, after the twenty fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty, before clearing out of the Cuſtom-houſes, either in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*; all which ſaid ſeveral Duties ſhall be levied and collected by the ſame Means and Methods, as are preſcribed by the ſaid Letters Patent, or ſhall herein after be preſcribed.

Coal Ships only to pay for One Voyage in a Year from *Great-Britain* to *Ireland*.

VI. And to the end that the ſeveral Duties impoſed by this preſent Act and the ſaid Letters Patent, may be more effectually levied, and collected, be it further enacted, that in caſe any Owner, or Maſter, or any Perſon having the Rule or Command of any Ship or Ships, Veſſel or Veſſels, charged or chargeable with any the Duties granted by this preſent Act, or the ſaid Letters Patent, ſhall refuſe to pay the ſame, that then, and in ſuch caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid *Sutton Morgan*, his Heirs, and Aſſigns, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, or any or either of them, from time to time, to ſeize, take, and detain any of the Goods or Merchandizes, Guns, Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, of or belonging to any of the Maſters or Owners of ſuch Ship, Hoy, Bark, Crayer, Catch, or Veſſel, and the ſame to detain and keep, until he or they be ſatisfied and paid the ſaid Duties, and every of them; and in caſe of any Neglect or Delay in Payment of the ſaid Duties, for the ſpace of three Days after any ſuch ſeizing, taking, or detaining, as aforeſaid, that then it ſhall and may lawful to and for the ſaid *Sutton Morgan*, his Heirs, and Aſſigns, or to his or their Deputy or Deputies, Receiver or Receivers of the ſaid Duties, or any of them, to cauſe the ſame to be appraiſed, by two or more ſufficient Perſons, or ſworn Appraiſers, and afterwards to ſell the Goods ſo taken and appraiſed, and therewith to ſatisfy him or themſelves for or concerning the ſaid Duties ſo neglected and delayed to be paid, together with the charge of ſuch ſeizing, taking, detaining, and ſelling, rendring to the Maſter or Owners of ſuch Ship, Hoy, Bark, Crayer, Catch, or Veſſel, the Overplues, if any there be.

On Nonpayment Goods may be ſeized,

And after three Days appraiſed and ſold.

VII. Provided nevertheleſs, that nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to charge any of the Ships or Veſſels of War belonging to his preſent Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, with any the Duties granted by this Act, or the ſaid Letters Patent; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Ships of War not chargeable.

IX. And be it further enacted, that in caſe any Suit or Suits ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any Act or thing done in purſuance of this Act, the Action ſhall be laid in the reſpective County, whether in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, where ſuch Act was done, and not elſewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action or Actions ſo to be brought, may plead the General Iſſue, and produce and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it ſhall appear ſo to be done, or that ſuch Action or Actions ſhall be brought in any other County in either of the ſaid Kingdoms of *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, than where the ſaid Act was done, that then the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon ſuch Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his or their Action or Actions, after the Defendants ſhall have appeared, or if, upon Demurrer Judgment ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants, ſhall and may recover full Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that this Act ſhall be deemed, taken, and allowed in all Courts of Law or Equity, within the Kingdoms of *Great-Britain* and *Ireland*, as a Publick Act: And all Judges and Juſtices of ſuch Courts are hereby required to take notice of it as ſuch, without ſpecial pleading the ſame; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

This a Publick Act.

Anno Quarto Georgii Secundi Regis.

CAP. XV.

Engliſh.

An Act for importing from his Majeſty's Plantations in America, *directly into* Ireland, *Goods not enumerated in any Act of Parliament.*

Preamble.

WHereas by ſeveral Acts of Parliament made in this Kingdom, and now in Force, it is enacted that no Sugars, Tobacco, Cotton, Wool, Indigo, Ginger, Speckle Wood, or *Jamaica* Wood, Fuſtick, or other dying Wood, Rice, Molaſſes, Beaver Skins, and other Furs, Copper Ore, Pitch, Tar, Turpentine, Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprights, of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of any of his Majeſty's Lands, Iſlands, Plantations, or Colonies in *America*, ſhall be carried, conveyed, or imported from any of the ſaid Plantations to any Land, Territory, Dominion, Port, or Place whatſoever, other than to ſuch other Plantations as do belong to his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, or to the Kingdom of *Great-Britain*; and whereas by an Act of Parliament made in this Kingdom in the ſeventh and eighth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the Third [Intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuſes in the Plantation Trade*] it is (among other things) enacted, that it ſhall not be lawful, on any Pretence whatſoever, to put on Shore in the Kingdom of *Ireland* any Goods or Merchandizes of the Growth or Product of any of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, unleſs the ſame have been firſt landed in the Kingdom of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* up-

upon *Tweed*, and paid the Rates and Duties wherewith they are chargeable by Law, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of the Ship and Goods: And whereas the ſaid Act of the ſeventh and eighth Years of his ſaid late Majeſty King *William* the Third, hath been conſtrued to extend to prohibit the importing from his Majeſty's Plantations in *America* into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, as well ſuch Goods and Merchandize of the Growth or Product of his Majeſty's ſaid Plantations, as are not enumerated, as thoſe Goods and Merchandize of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the ſaid Plantations, which are in the ſeveral Acts for that Purpoſe enumerated, and required to be imported into this Kingdom of *Great-Britain*, or to ſome other of the ſaid Plantations, to the great prejudice of the Trade and Navigation of this his Majeſty's Kingdom of *Great-Britain*, and his Majeſty's ſaid Plantations: For Remedy whereof be it enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, that it ſhall and may be lawful to import into the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland* from his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, and to land and put on Shore in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, all Goods and Merchandizes of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of any of his Majeſty's ſaid Plantations (except Sugars, Tobacco, Cotton-Wool, Indigo, Ginger, Speckle Wood, or *Jamaica* Wood, Fuſtick, or other dying Wood, Rice, Molaſſes, Beaver Skins, and other Furs, Copper Ore, Pitch, Tar, Turpentine, Maſts, Yards, and Bowſprights,[a] of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the ſaid Plantations) any thing in the ſaid recited Act of the ſeventh and eighth Years of his ſaid late Majeſty King *William* the Third, or in any other Act contained, or any Law or Uſage to the contrary thereof, in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Goods not enumerated in any Act of Parliament, may be imported into *Ireland* from the Plantations,

II. Provided always, that the Goods and Merchandize to be imported into the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland* from his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, by vertue of this Act, ſhall be imported in *Britiſh* Shipping, whereof the Maſter and three fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are *Britiſh*.

In *Britiſh* Ships, &c.

[a] Hops excepted by 5 *Geo.* 2. c. 9. *Engl.*

Anno Quinto Georgii Secundi Regis.

CAP. IX.

An Act to explain an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for importing from his Majeſty's Plantations in* America, *directly into* Ireland, *Goods not enumerated in any Act of Parliament, ſo far as the ſaid Act relates to the Importation of Foreign Hops into* Ireland.

Engliſh.

WHereas by an Act made in the ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, [intituled, *An Act for laying a Duty upon Hops*] it was provided and enacted, that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhould import, or cauſe to be imported into the Kingdom of *Ireland* from *Flanders*, or any other Parts whatſoever (other than from *Great-Britain*) any Hops whatſoever, which Duties upon Hops were, by an Act made in the firſt Year of the Reign

Preamble reciting 9 *Anne.* Cap. 12.

1 *Geo.* I. Cap. 12.

4 *Geo.* II. Cap. 15.

Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, granted to his ſaid late Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors for ever: And whereas an Act paſſed in the Fourth Year of your Majeſty's Reign, (intituled, *An Act for importing from his Majeſty's Plantations in* America *directly into* Ireland, *Goods not enumerated in any Act of Parliament*) And whereas, ſince the paſſing the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, ſome Doubts have ariſen, whether Liberty is thereby given to import Hops from his Majeſty's Plantations in *America* directly into *Ireland*: Now to the end the ſaid Doubts may for the future be removed, may it pleaſe your moſt excellent Majeſty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the ſaid Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of her ſaid late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, and the ſaid Act made in the ſaid Firſt Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, and all and every Clauſe, Matter, and Thing therein contained, which prohibit the Importation of Hops into the Kingdom of *Ireland* from *Flanders*, or from any other Parts whatſoever (other than from *Great Britain*) ſhall be, and remain and continue to be in full Force, as if the ſaid Act paſſed in the Fourth Year of his preſent Majeſty had never been made.

repealed by 20 Geo. II. C. 8

No Hops to be imported into *Ireland* from other Parts but *Great Britain*.

CAP. XXI.

English.

An Additional Act for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, by the more effectual preventing the unlawful Exportation of the Woollen Manufactures of the Kingdom of Ireland, *to Foreign Parts.*

Preamble, reciting 10 & 11 *W.* III.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of King *William* the Third (intituled, *An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wool out of the Kingdoms of* Ireland *and* England, *and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of* England) certain Ships and Sloops are directed to cruize on the Coaſts of *England* and *Ireland*, particularly between the North of *Ireland* and *Scotland*, with Orders to take and ſeize all Ships, Veſſels, and Boats, which ſhall export any Wool, with intent to carry it into Foreign Parts, but the Commanders of ſuch Ships and Sloops are not thereby authorized to ſeize Ships, Veſſels, and Boats, which ſhall export any Woollen Manufactures from *Ireland* into Foreign Parts, the Exportation whereof is nevertheleſs prohibited by Law, and are diſcouraged by other Reſtrictions in the ſaid Act from putting the ſame in Execution; therefore, to render the ſaid Act more effectual, be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That the Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*, or Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain* for the

Admiralty to appoint three Ships, and eight armed Sloops to cruize on the Coaſts of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.

the time being, ſhall, from time to time, direct and appoint Three Ships of the Sixth Rate, and Eight or more armed Sloops, conſtantly to cruize on the Coaſts of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in ſuch Stations as the ſaid Lord High Admiral, or Commiſſioners for the time being, ſhall aſſign to ſuch Ships and Sloops reſpectively, with Orders for taking and ſeizing all Ships, Veſſels, and Boats, in which any Worſted, Bay or Woollen Yarn, Cloth, Serges, Bays, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth Serges, Shalloons, or any other Drapery Stuffs, or Woollen Manufactures whatſoever, made up, or mixed with Wool or Wool-flocks, ſhall be exported, or laden in order to be exported from *Ireland* into Foreign Parts; and that the ſaid Lord High Admiral, or the ſaid Commiſſioners for the time being, ſhall ſend a Liſt of ſuch Ships and Sloops, and the Names of the Commanders thereof, together with true Copies of the ſeveral Inſtructions to them given, within ten Days after the Date of the ſaid Orders, to his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for the Management of the Cuſtoms in *Great Britain*, and to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue in *Ireland*.

to ſeize Veſſels having Woollen Manufactures on board

Liſts of Ships and Sloops to be ſent to the Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms.

II. And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commander of every ſuch Ship and Sloop in any Port, Creek, or Road, or in the open Sea, within the Limits of the Station which ſhall be aſſigned to ſuch Ship or Sloop, as aforeſaid, to enter and ſearch, or cauſe to be entered and ſearched, any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat; and if upon ſuch Search any of the ſaid prohibited Commodities ſhall be found therein, and the Maſter or Commander of ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, ſhall not immediately produce to the Commander of ſuch Ship or Sloop a lawful Cocket or Warrant, licenſing the Exportation or Tranſportation thereof, to take and ſeize ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, and to carry the ſame, together with the Crew and Cargo thereof, into any Port in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*.

Commanders of Ships and Sloops may ſearch Veſſels,

and on finding the Goods prohibited,

carry Crew and Cargo into Port.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat ſo taken and ſeized, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel, and all the ſaid prohibited Commodities, which ſhall be found therein, ſhall be forfeited, and the ſaid prohibited Commodities ſhall be lodged in the King's Warehouſe in ſuch Port, into which ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat ſhall be carried, as aforeſaid, until it ſhall be condemned according to Law, and being ſo condemned, ſhall be expoſed publickly to ſale, after One and twenty Days publick Notice thereof in Writing, being affixed upon the Cuſtom-houſe of the ſaid Port, by Inch of Candle, to the laſt and beſt Bidder; and that every ſuch Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, and all the Guns, Tackle, Furniture, and Apparel thereof, ſhall after Condemnation thereof, be expoſed to ſale in like manner; and that One fourth Part of the Produce of ſuch Sale or Sales ſhall be to the Commander of the Ship or Sloop, that ſhall make ſuch Seizure, as aforeſaid, One other fourth Part to the other Officers of ſuch Ship or Sloop, One other fourth Part to the Mariners thereof, to be equally diſtributed to the ſaid Mariners by the chief Officer of the Cuſtoms in the ſaid Port, or by ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be authorized to make ſuch Sale or Sales, as aforeſaid, and the other fourth Part thereof to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, after a Deduction made out of the laſt fourth Part for all the Charges of Proſecution and Condemnation: Provided always, that if ſuch Seizure ſhall be made upon the Information of any Perſon or Perſons, ſuch Informer or Informers ſhall not only be indemnified from the Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, to which Exporters of the ſaid prohibited Commodities, their Aiders and Abettors are

Ships and Goods forfeited,

after Condemnation to be ſold publickly on 21 Days Notice.

Diſtribution of Forfeitures.

Informers indemnified,

and to have a fifth Part of the Sale.

are liable, but ſhall alſo receive One fifth part of the Produce of ſuch Sale or Sales, and the Reſidue thereof ſhall be divided into Four equal parts, and diſtributed in ſuch manner as is herein before directed.

General Iſſue.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon for what he ſhall do in purſuance of this Act, ſuch Perſon ſhall and may plead the general Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff ſhall become non-ſuit, or diſcontinue the Action, or if a Verdict ſhall paſs againſt him, or Judgment be given againſt him, upon a Demurrer, the Defendant ſhall recover treble Coſts.

Perſons claiming Property in Seizures to give Security to anſwer the Penalties.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall be admitted to claim property in any Seizure that ſhall be made upon any Clauſe in this or any Act of Parliament, for preventing the unlawful Exportation of Woollen Goods from *Ireland*, till he or they ſhall firſt have given ſufficient Security by Recognizance entered into before One of the Commiſſioners of the Revenue in *Ireland*, or One of the Barons of the Court of *Exchequer* in *England*, to anſwer the Penalties attending the Forfeiture thereof.

Clauſe in 11 & 12 *W.* III. repealed.

VI. And whereas by a Clauſe in an Act made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of King *William* the Third (intituled, *An Act for continuing ſeveral Laws therein mentioned, and for explaining the Act, intituled, An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wool out of the Kingdoms of* Ireland *and* England *into Foreign Parts, and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures in the Kingdom of* England) it is enacted and declared, That neither the ſaid Act made in the Tenth and Eleventh Years of the Reign of King *William* the Third, nor any thing therein contained, ſhall be conſtrued to extend to ſubject any Perſon or Perſons, or any Ship or Veſſel, to any of the Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, in the ſaid Act contained, for or touching ſuch Woolfells, Shorlings, or Mortlings, as ſhall be neceſſary for the Uſe of the Gunner or Boatſwain's Stores, for the Ship or Veſſel only, and as for ſo much Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth Serges, Shalloons, or other Drapery Stuffs, or other Manufactures, as ſhall be for the proper Uſe for Clothes only of any Mariner or Paſſenger, for his or her Wearing Apparel or Furniture, on board ſuch Ship in the Voyage, and ſhall not exceed in the whole, for any one Mariner or Paſſenger, the Value of Forty Shillings: And whereas under pretence of the Exemption in the ſaid Clauſe contained, great Quantities of Woolfells, Shorlings, and Mortlings, and of Cloth, Serge, Bays, Says, Kerſeys, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth Serges, Shalloons, or other Drapery Stuffs, or other Manufactures, have been exported from *Ireland* into Foreign Parts, be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Clauſe ſhall from and after the Twenty ninth Day of *September*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty two, be and is hereby repealed.

Not to make void the Penalties of former Acts on Exportation of Wool.

VII. Provided always, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, ſhall not extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to diſannul or make void any other Penalties or Forfeitures inflicted by any former Law, upon the Exportation of Wool and Woollen Manufactures, or to alter or repeal any Clauſe therein contained, which is not hereby altered or repealed; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

CAP.

CAP. XIII.

An Act for the better ſecuring and encouraging the Trade of His Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in America. English.

WHEREAS the Welfare and Proſperity of your Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America* are of the greateſt Conſequence and Importance to the Trade, Navigation, and Strength of this Kingdom: And whereas the Planters of the ſaid Sugar Colonies have of late Years fallen under ſuch great Diſcouragements, that they are unable to improve or carry on the Sugar Trade upon an equal Footing with the foreign Sugar Colonies, without ſome Advantage and Relief be given to them from *Great Britain*: For Remedy whereof, and for the Good and Welfare of your Majeſty's Subjects, we your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain* aſſembled in Parliament, have given and granted unto your Majeſty the ſeveral and reſpective Rates and Duties herein after mentioned, and in ſuch Manner and Form, as is herein after expreſſed; and do moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty three, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid, unto and for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, upon all Rum or Spirits of the Produce or Manufacture of any of the Colonies or Plantations in *America*, not in the Poſſeſſion or under the Dominion of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, which, at any Time or Times within or during the Continuance of this Act, ſhall be imported or brought into any of the Colonies or Plantations in *America*, which now are, or hereafter may be, in the Poſſeſſion or under the Dominion of his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors, the Sum of Nine Pence, Money of *Great Britain*, to be paid according to the Proportion and Value of Five Shillings and Six Pence the Ounce in Silver, for every Gallon thereof, and after that Rate for any greater or leſſer Quantity; and upon all Molaſſes or Syrups of ſuch foreign Produce or Manufacture, as aforeſaid, which ſhall be imported or brought into any of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations of or belonging to his Majeſty, the Sum of Six Pence of like Money, for every Gallon thereof, and after that Rate for any greater or leſſer Quantity; and upon all Sugars and Paneles of ſuch foreign Growth, Produce, or Manufacture, as aforeſaid, which ſhall be imported into any of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations of or belonging to his Majeſty, a Duty after the Rate of Five Shillings, of like Money, for every hundred Weight, *Avoirdupoize*, of the ſaid Sugar and Paneles, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

Preamble.

After 25 *Dec.* 1733, 9 *d. per* Gallon to be paid for Rum and Spirits made in the *American* Plantations not belonging to his Majeſty, on Importation to the *Britiſh* Plantations;

and 6 *d. per* Gallo for Molaſſes and Syrups,

and 5 *s. per* C. weight for Sugars and Paneles.

II. And for the better raiſing, levying, and collecting the ſaid Duties, it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That upon the Importation of any ſuch Goods, as aforeſaid, into any of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations belonging

Duties how to be levied.

belonging to the Crown of *Great-Britain*, an Entry or Entries ſhall be made with the Collector or other proper Officer of the Cuſtoms, or the Impoſt Officer, or proper Officer of the Exciſe, in the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be imported, and that all and every the ſaid Duties hereby impoſed, for and upon all ſuch Rum, Spirits, Molaſſes, Syrups, Sugar, and Paneles, of ſuch foreign Growth, Produce, or Manufacture aforeſaid, which ſhall be imported into any of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations of or belonging to the Crown of *Great-Britain*, as aforeſaid, ſhall be paid down in ready Money by the Importers thereof, before the landing of the ſame reſpectively.

The ſaid Goods if landed before Entry and Payment of Duties, ſhall be forfeited,

III. And be it further enacted, That in caſe any of the ſaid Commodities ſhall be landed or put on ſhore in any of his Majeſty's ſaid Colonies or Plantations in *America*, out of any Ship or Veſſel, before due Entry be made thereof at the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be imported, and before the Duties by this Act charged or chargeable thereupon ſhall be duly paid, or without a Warrant for the landing and delivering the ſame, firſt ſigned by the Collector, or Impoſt Officer, or other proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtom or Exciſe belonging to ſuch Port or Place reſpectively, all ſuch Goods as ſhall be ſo landed or put on ſhore, or the Value of the ſame, ſhall be forfeited, and all and every

and may be ſeized,

ſuch Goods as ſhall be ſo landed or put on ſhore, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſhall and may be ſeized by the Governor or Commander in chief, for the Time being, of the Colonies or Plantations where the ſame ſhall be ſo landed or put on ſhore, or any Perſon or Perſons by them authorized in that behalf, or by Warrant of any Juſtice of the Peace or other Magiſtrate (which Warrant ſuch Juſtice or Magiſtrate is hereby impowered and required to give upon Requeſt) or by any Cuſtom-houſe Officer, Impoſt or Exciſe Officer, or any Perſon or Perſons, him or them accompanying, aiding, and aſſiſting; and all and every ſuch Offence and Forfeitures ſhall and may be

and recovered in the Court of Admiralty or in any Court of Record there.

proſecuted for and recovered in any Court of Admiralty in his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America* (which Court of Admiralty is hereby authorized, impowered, and required to proceed to hear and finally determine the ſame) or in any Court of Record in the ſaid Colonies or Plantations, where ſuch Offence is committed, at the Election of the Informer or Proſecutor, according to the Courſe and Method uſed and practiſed there in Proſecutions for Offences againſt

Forfeitures how to be diſtributed.

penal Laws relating to Cuſtoms or Exciſe; and ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures ſo recovered there, ſhall be divided as follows, *viz.* One third Part thereof for the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, to be applied for the Support of the Government of the Colony or Plantation where the ſame ſhall be recovered, one third Part to the Governor or Commander in chief of the ſaid Colony or Plantation, and the other third Part to the Informer or Proſecutor who ſhall ſue for the ſame.

No Sugars, *&c.* except of the *Britiſh* Plantations, to be imported into *Ireland*, unleſs ſhipped in *Great-Britain*, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-three, no Sugars, Paneles, Syrups, or Molaſſes, of the Growth, Product, and Manufacture of any of the Colonies or Plantations in *America*, nor any Rum or Spirits of *America*, except of the Growth or Manufacture of his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies there, ſhall be imported by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, but ſuch only as ſhall be fairly and *bona fide* loaden and ſhipped in *Great-Britain* in Ships navigated according to the ſeveral Laws now in being in that behalf, under the Penalty of forfeiting all ſuch Sugar,

Penalty.

Paneles,

Paneles, Syrups, or Molaſſes, Rum, or Spirits, or the Value thereof, together with the Ship or Veſſel in which the ſame ſhall be imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition, and Apparel; and if any of the Commodities aforementioned ſhall be imported into *Ireland* contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, all and every ſuch Commodities, with the Ship or Veſſel wherein they ſhall be imported, and the Tackle, Ammunition, and Furniture thereof, ſhall and may be ſeized by the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or Lords Juſtices, for the Time being, for the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or any Perſon or Perſons authorized by him, them, or any of them, or by Warrant of any Juſtice of the Peace or other Magiſtrate (which Warrant ſuch Juſtice or Magiſtrate is hereby impowered and required to give upon Requeſt) or by any Cuſtom-houſe Officer, or Exciſe Officer, or any Perſon or Perſons him, them, or any of them accompanying, aiding, and aſſiſting, and all and every the ſaid Offences, committed againſt this Act, may be proſecuted, and the Penalties and Forfeitures recovered, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in *Dublin*, at the Election of the Informer or Proſecutor, by Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance; and the Penalties and Forfeitures recovered on ſuch Proſecution ſhall go and be divided and applied in Manner following, *viz.* one Moiety to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to the Uſe of the Informer or Proſecutor.

Penalty on Perſons aſſiſting in ſuch unlawful Importation.

V. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be aiding and aſſiſting in bringing on ſhore or landing any ſuch Sugar, Paneles, Syrups, or Molaſſes, Rum, or Spirits into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or into any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, or ſhall receive into his, her, or their Houſe or Cuſtody, any of the Commodities aforementioned, knowing the ſame to be imported or landed, and brought on ſhore, contrary to this Act, every ſuch Perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit treble the Value of ſuch Goods, to be eſtimated and computed according to the beſt Price that each reſpective Commodity bears at the Place where any ſuch Seizures ſhall be made, to be ſued for, recovered, and applied in Manner afore-mentioned.

50*l.* Penalty on moleſting Officer in his Duty.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall hinder, moleſt, or reſiſt any Cuſtom-houſe Officer, Impoſt or Exciſe Officer, or their or any of their Aſſiſtants, in the due Execution of his or their Duty in ſeizing or ſecuring any of the Commodities afore-mentioned, imported into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or landed or put on ſhore in any of the Colonies or Plantations in *America*, which now are, or hereafter may be, in the Poſſeſſion or under the Dominion of his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, contrary to the Purport or true Meaning of this Act, he, ſhe, or they ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of fifty pounds to be ſued for, recovered, and applied in Manner afore-mentioned, and ſhall alſo be liable to be proſecuted for the ſame, by Indictment or otherwiſe, and being thereof found guilty, ſhall be impriſoned for three Months without Bail or Mainprize; and if any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, Impoſt, or Exciſe Officer or Officers, or their Aſſiſtants, ſhall be ſued or proſecuted for any Thing done in Execution of his or their Duty for the better and more effectual putting in Force this preſent Act, he or they may and ſhall plead the general Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence, and the

Officer, if ſued may plead this Act.

Judges ſhall allow thereof; and if any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms or Exciſe in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, Impoſt or Exciſe Office, in any of his Majeſty's Plantations or Colonies in *America*, ſhall willingly or knowingly connive at the fraudulent Importation, or landing and bringing on ſhore, of any of the Commodities afore-mentioned, contrary to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act, or ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall take upon him or them to ſeize any of the ſaid Commodities, and ſhall by Fraud or Colluſion deſiſt from or delay the Proſecution thereof to Condemnation, he or they ſo conniving, deſiſting, or delaying, ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of fifty pounds, to be ſued for, recovered, and applied in Manner aforeſaid, and ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall alſo be incapable of holding any Office or Imployment under his Majeſty, his Heirs or Succeſſors.

50*l.* Penalty on Officer conniving at ſuch fraudulent Importation.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any of his Majeſty's Subjects, who is or ſhall be Maſter, or have the Charge of any Ship or Veſſel, ſhall take in, or permit or ſuffer to be taken in, at Sea, or in any Creek or Harbour, or other Place, any Sugar, Paneles, Syrups, or Molaſſes, Rum, or Spirits, in order to be imported into *Ireland*, or brought on ſhore and landed in any of his Majeſty's Plantations in *America*, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, every ſuch Maſter, or other Perſon, ſo offending, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of one hundred Pounds, to be ſued for, recovered, and applied in Manner herein before mentioned.

100*l.* Penalty on Maſter of Ship, *&c.* permitting ſuch Importation.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That upon all Suits and Proſecutions for the Importation of any of the Commodities afore-mentioned into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, or for the bringing on ſhore and landing of any of the Commodities afore-mentioned in any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, contrary to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act, the *Onus probandi*, that the ſame and every Part thereof were fairly and *bona fide*, and without Fraud, loaden and ſhipped in *Great-Britain*, in Ships navigated according to the ſeveral Laws in being in that Behalf, or that the Rum or Spirits were made of the Growth or Manufacture of ſome of his Majeſty's Sugar Colonies in *America*, or that all and every the Commodities aforeſaid, which ſhall be imported into any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, were of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations there, or were duly entred, and had really and *bona fide* paid the Duties hereby charged and chargeable thereon, before the bringing on ſhore and landing thereof in any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*, ſhall lie on the Claimer or Owner thereof.

The *Onus probandi* in Suits to lie on the Owners.

IX. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any Sugar or Paneles of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any of the Colonies or Plantations belonging to or in the Poſſeſſion of his Majeſty, his Heirs, or Succeſſors, which ſhall have been imported into *Great-Britain* after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-three, ſhall at any Time, within one Year after the Importation thereof, be again exported out of *Great-Britain*, and that due proof be firſt made, by Certificate from the proper Officers of the due Entry and Payment of the Subſidies or Duties charged or payable upon the Importation thereof, together with the Oath of the Merchant or his Agent importing and exporting the ſame, or, in caſe ſuch Merchant or Agent ſhall be one of the People called *Quakers*, by his ſolemn Affirmation to the Truth thereof, and that all other Requiſites ſhall be performed that are by Law

Duties paid for Sugar or Paneles imported from the *Britiſh* Plantations after 24th of *June*, 1733. to be repaid on Exportation within the Year.

Law to be performed in Caſes where any of the ſaid Subſidies or Duties are to be paid by any former Statute, all the Reſidue and Remainder of the Subſidy or Duty, by any former Act or Acts of Parliament granted and charged on ſuch Sugar or Paneles, as aforeſaid, ſhall without any Delay or Reward be repaid to ſuch Merchant or Merchants, who do export the ſame, within one Month after Demand thereof.

Allowance on Exportation for Sugars refined in *Great-Britain*.

X. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-three, for every hundred weight of Sugar refined in *Great-Britain*, and ſo in Proportion for a greater or leſſer Quantity, which ſhall be exported out of this Kingdom, there ſhall be, by vertue of this Act, repaid at the Cuſtom-houſe to the Exporter, within one Month after the Demand thereof, over and above the ſeveral Sums of three Shillings and one Shilling *per* hundred, payable by two former Acts of Parliament, one of them made in the ninth and tenth Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *William* the third, and the other in the ſecond and third Years of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, the further Sum of two Shillings, Oath or ſolemn Affirmation, as aforeſaid, being firſt made by the Refiner, that the ſaid Sugar, ſo exported, was produced from brown and muſcovado Sugar, and that, as he verily believes, the ſame was imported from ſome of the Colonies or Plantations in *America* belonging to and in the Poſſeſſion of the Crown of *Great-Britain*, and that as he verily believes, the Duty of the ſaid brown and muſcovado Sugar was duly paid at the Time of the Importation thereof, and that the ſame was duly exported, his Majeſty's Searcher alſo certifying the ſhipping thereof, and all other Requiſites being duly performed, according to the Book of Rates.

Suits to be commenced in 2 Years after Offence.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Suits and Proſecutions for any Offence againſt this Act ſhall be brought and commenced within two Years after ſuch Offence committed.

Charge of Proſecution how to be born.

XII. And for the better and more effectual carrying this Act into Execution, Be it further enacted, that the Expence of proſecuting any Offence againſt this Act ſhall be paid and born, in the firſt Place, out of the Shares and Parts of the Penalties and Forfeitures hereby given and granted to his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, upon any Seizure, Condemnation, and Judgment to be had and obtained for or by reaſon of any Fraud or Miſbehaviour againſt the true Intent or Meaning of this Act.

Sugars may be imported from the *Spaniſh* or *Portugueſe* Dominions, as formerly.

XIII. Provided nevertheleſs, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend or be conſtrued to extend to hinder or reſtrain the Importation of any Sugars, being of the Growth or Produce of any of the Dominions belonging to the King of *Spain*, or the King of *Portugal*, from any Part or Place from whence ſuch Sugars might lawfully have been imported before the making of this Act, any Thing herein before contained to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Publick Act.

XIV. And it is hereby declared and enacted, That this preſent Act ſhall be taken to be a publick Act, of which all Judges and Juſtices ſhall take notice, without ſpecially pleading the ſame; and the ſame ſhall continue and be in Force for the ſpace of five Years, to be computed from the twenty-fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-three, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament. [a]

CAP.

[a] Note, that by 11 *Geo.* 2. R. this Act is continued for 7 Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

CAP. XIX.

English. *An Act for the more effectual preventing the clandeſtine Importation of Foreign Hops into* Great Britain *and* Ireland, *and to prevent the adulterating or ſophiſticating of Hops, to alter the Colour or Scent thereof.*

Preamble reciting the Act 9 *Annæ* Cap. 12.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for laying a Duty upon Hops*, it is enacted, That there ſhall be raiſed, levied, and paid unto, and for the Uſe of her Majeſty, her Heirs and Succeſſors, for and upon all Hops, which, at any Time or Times within or during the Term of Four Years, to be reckoned from the Firſt Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eleven, ſhall be imported or brought into the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, over and above all other Cuſtoms, Subſidies, and Duties, impoſed upon or payable for the ſame, the Sum of Three Pence for every Pound Weight *Averdupois*, and after that Rate for a greater or leſſer Quantity, to be paid by the Importer thereof before the landing of the ſame, which ſaid Act, and every Clauſe, Article, Matter, and Thing therein contained, is continued, and declared to be in Force, by an Act made in the Firſt Year of his late Majeſty King *George*, from the Thirty firſt Day of *May*, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, until the Firſt Day of *Auguſt*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame were therein particularly and at large repeated and re-enacted; which ſaid Duty of Three Pence a Pound by the aforeſaid Act of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, and continued by the aforeſaid Act of his late Majeſty King *George*, was continued by One other Act made in the Firſt Year of his late Majeſty King *George*, and made payable to his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors for ever: And whereas the Penalty for landing or putting on ſhore out of any Ship or Veſſel any imported Hops, before due Entry thereof ſhall have been made, and the Duty by the aforeſaid Acts granted and continued ſhall have been paid, has been found too ſmall to prevent the clandeſtine Importation of the ſame: And whereas by the low Price that Hops have taken and do ſtill bear in foreign Markets, great Quantities of foreign Hops are imported into and vended in *Great Britain*, and brought into and vended in *Ireland*, contrary to Law: For preventing therefore of a Practice ſo prejudicial to the Hop Planters of this Kingdom, and ſo detrimental to the Revenue; be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Firſt Day of *May*, which ſhall be in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty four, if

if any foreign Hops ſhall be landed or put on ſhore out of any Ship or Veſſel in *Great Britain*, before due Entry thereof ſhall be made at the Cuſtom-Houſe in the Port or Place where the ſame ſhall be imported, and before the Duties charged or chargeable thereon ſhall be paid, or without a Warrant for landing or delivering the ſame firſt ſigned by the Commiſſioners, Collector, or other proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms reſpectively; or if any foreign Hops, other than of *Britiſh* Growth, ſhall be landed or put on ſhore out of any Ship or Veſſel in *Ireland*, all ſuch Hops, of what kind ſoever, as ſhall be ſo landed or put on ſhore, or taken out of any Ship or Veſſel in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, ſhall be forfeited and burnt within ten Days after the ſame ſhall be lawfully condemned, and alſo the Ship or Veſſel forfeited in which the ſame were imported, and the Perſon or Perſons concerned in importing of the ſame, or that ſhall have been aiding and aſſiſting in the landing or putting the ſame on ſhore, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Shillings for every Pound Weight thereof, and ſo in proportion for any greater or leſſer Quantity.

After 1 *May*, 1734, foreign Hops landed in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, before Entry and Payment of Duties, or ſigned Warrant,

ſhall be burnt, the Ship forfeited,

and Importer to pay 5 *s.* for each Pound of ſuch Hops.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* ſhall, from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *May*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty four, mix with, or put into any Quantity of Hops any Drug or Ingredient, or other Thing whatſoever, to alter the Colour or Scent thereof, every Perſon ſo offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted by the Oath of one or more Witneſs or Witneſſes, before one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace of the County or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds for every Hundred Weight thereof.

5 *l.* Penalty on every hundred Weight of ſophiſticated Hops.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as well ſpecifick as pecuniary, by this Act impoſed (the ſuing for, levying, and recovering of which are not hereby before particularly provided for) ſhall and may be ſued for, levied, and recovered, or mitigated, in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* reſpectively, by ſuch Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, and Forfeiture may be ſued for, levied, recovered, or mitigated by the Laws now in Force relating to Hops; and that one Moiety of every ſuch Fine, Penalty, and Forfeiture, ſhall be to his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them that will diſcover, inform, or ſue for the ſame.

Penalties how to be levied.

CAP.

CAP. XXI.

English. *An Act for taking off the Duties upon Woollen and Bay Yarn imported from* Ireland *to* England, *and for the more effectual preventing the Exportation of Wool from* Great Britain, *and of Wool, and Wool manufactured, from* Ireland *to Foreign Parts.*

Preamble. MOST gracious Sovereign: Whereas in the Book of Rates annexed to the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, a particular Rate of Three Pounds, Six Shillings, and Eight Pence, for every hundred Weight, containing One hundred and twelve Pounds, was fixed upon Woollen or Bay Yarn imported; according to which Rate a Subsidy of Twelve Pence in the Pound was thereby payable to his Majesty: And whereas according to the said Rate a further Subsidy of Poundage of Twelve Pence in the Pound on Woollen or Bay Yarn was granted to your Majesty for your Life (which God long preserve) by an Act made in the First Year of your Reign: And whereas by an Act made in the second Year of her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, another Subsidy was granted on the Importation of Woollen or Bay Yarn in proportion to the said Rate, commonly called, *The one third Subsidy*; and by an Act passed in the Third Year of her said late Majesty, another Subsidy was granted on the Importation of Woollen or Bay Yarn, commonly called, *The two thirds Subsidy*; all which Acts, which granted the said several Subsidies, commonly called, *The Old Subsidy*, *One third Subsidy*, and *Two thirds Subsidy* (except the Act for the said further Subsidy, which is granted to your Majesty during your Life) are by several subsequent Acts of Parliament continued for ever, subject to Redemption by Parliament: And whereas the taking off the Duties upon Woollen or Bay Yarn imported from *Ireland*, may be a Means to prevent the exporting Wool and Woollen Manufactures from *Ireland* to Foreign Parts, and may be of Use to the Manufactures of *Great Britain*: We your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of *Great Britain* in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of *May*, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and forty, the said several Subsidies payable to your Majesty, your Heirs, and Successors, by any Law now in Force, upon Woollen or Bay Yarn imported from *Ireland*, after that Time shall cease and determine, and be no longer payable.

Duties on Woollen or Bay Yarn from *Ireland* taken off.

II. And to the end that his sacred Majesty, nor any of the publick Creditors, or other Person or Persons, Bodies politick or corporate, who are intitled to any Part, Share, or Interest in the Monies arising by the said Duties on Bay Yarn

Yarn and Woollen Yarn imported into this Kingdom from the Kingdom of *Ireland*, as aforeſaid, may ſuffer by the ceaſing and determining thereof; be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury now being, or the High Treaſurer, or any three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the Time being, and they are hereby enjoined and required, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of *December*, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty nine, to cauſe an Account to be made up and ſtated of the Monies which ſhall have ariſen by the ſaid Duties on Bay Yarn and Woollen Yarn for ſeven Years laſt paſt.

Treaſury to make an Account of the ſaid Duties for the laſt ſeven Years,

III. And it is hereby further enacted, That the Medium of the Monies which have ariſen by the ſaid Duties within the ſaid ſeven Years, ſhall be a certain annual Sum to be charged on the Fund called the *Aggregate Fund*; and being ſo charged, ſhall from time to time be iſſued, paid, diſtributed, and applied to make good to his Majeſty, during his natural Life (which God long preſerve) and to the ſeveral publick Creditors, or other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies politick or corporate, having Intereſt or Security in the Monies ariſing by the ſaid Duties on Bay Yarn and Woollen Yarn, the like Parts, Shares, or Proportions out of the ſaid annual Sum, as the Monies ariſing by the ſaid Duties on Bay Yarn and Woollen Yarn would have been apportioned and applied, in caſe the ſaid Duties had been continued, and not been determined by this Act.

the Medium whereof to be charged annually on the Aggregate Fund.

IV. Provided nevertheleſs, that nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend to take off, or cauſe to ceaſe and determine the Duties upon Worſted Yarn, being of two or more Threads twiſted or thrown, or Cruel imported into *Great Britain* from the Kingdom of *Ireland*.

Proviſo

V. And whereas notwithſtanding the ſeveral Laws made to prevent the Exportation of Wool unmanufactured from this Kingdom and *Ireland* to Foreign Parts, ſuch Exportation is notoriouſly continued; now for the better preventing ſuch Exportation of Wool from thence, and ſecuring the ſame to be manufactured within this Kingdom; be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that all Wool, and Woollen or Bay Yarn, Wool-fells, Shortlings, Mortlings, Wool-flocks, Worſted, Yarn, Cloth, Serge, Bays, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-ſerges, Shalloons, Stuffs, and other Draperies and Woollen Manufactures, or mixed with Wool or Wool-flocks, which ſhall from time to time be exported from the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, from and after the Firſt Day of *May*, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty, into the Ports of this Kingdom hereafter mentioned, ſhall be ſhipped off, and entered at the Ports of *Dublin*, *Waterford*, *Youghal*, *Kinſale*, *Cork*, *Drogheda*, *New Roſs*, *Newry*, *Wexford*, *Wicklow*, *Sligoe*, *Limerick*, *Galway*, and *Dundalk*, in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, and at or from no other Port or Place within the ſaid Kingdom; nor ſhall the ſame be imported into any Parts of the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, other than the Ports of *Biddeford*, *Barnſtaple*, *Minehead*, *Bridgewater*, *Briſtol*, *Milford Haven*, *Cheſter*, and *Liverpool*, in the ſame manner, as if the ſaid Ports of *Newry*, *Wexford*, *Wicklow*, *Sligoe*, *Limerick*, *Galway*, and *Dundalk*, had been particularly named for Exportation of the ſaid Goods, in the Act paſſed in the Tenth and Eleventh Year of the Reign of the late King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wool out of the Kingdom of* Ireland *and* England, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned;

Ports of Exportation of Wool in *Ireland*, and Importation in *England*.

ed; any thing in this or any other Act to the contrary thereof in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

Wool to be exported in Veſſels only of the Built of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*.

VI. And the better to prevent the Exportation of Wool or Woollen Yarn, and the other Species of Wool or Woollen Manufactures before-mentioned, from *Ireland* into Foreign Parts, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of *December*, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty nine, no Wool, or any of the ſaid Goods, ſhall be loaden or laid on board any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat in *Ireland*, or imported or brought from thence into this Kingdom, but in ſuch Ships, Veſſels, or Boats, as ſhall be of the Built of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and which ſhall be wholly owned and manned by the Subjects of this Kingdom, or *Ireland*, and duly regiſtred in ſuch Manner and Form as herein after mentioned; under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of the ſaid Goods, or the Value thereof, as alſo of the Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, in which the ſame ſhall be laden or put on board, together with all her Guns, Ammunition, Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture.

Ships how to be qualified for loading Wool.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty nine, no Ship or Veſſel whatſoever, ſhall be deemed or paſs as a Ship of the Built of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, ſo as to be qualified to load or take on board in any of the Ports of *Ireland*, herein appointed for that Purpoſe, any Wool Woollen or Bay Yarn, or other the Species before mentioned, in order to import or bring the ſame into the Ports of *Great Britain*, in this Act mentioned and appointed for that Purpoſe, until the Perſon or Perſons claiming Property in ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall Regiſter the ſame as followeth (that is to ſay) Proof ſhall be made upon the Oath or Affirmation, in caſe the Perſon be a *Quaker*, of one or more of the Owners of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, before the Collector and Comptroller of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in ſuch Port of *Great Britain* or *Ireland* reſpectively, to which ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall belong; which Oath or Affirmation the ſaid Officers of the Cuſtoms reſpectively are hereby authorized to adminiſter in the Tenor following; that is to ſay,

I A. B. *do make Oath (or being a* Quaker, *do ſolemnly affirm) that the Ship of whereof is at preſent Maſter being Tons, was built at in the Year built of and that of and of are at preſent Owners thereof; and that no Foreigner, directly or indirectly hath any Share, Part, or Intereſt therein.*

A Certificate of which Oath or Affirmation, atteſted by the Collector and Comptroller of the Cuſtoms who adminiſter the ſame, under their Hands and Seals, ſhall, after having been regiſtred by them, be delivered to the Maſter of the Ship for the Security of her Navigation; a Duplicate of which Regiſter ſhall be immediately tranſmitted to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the Port of *London*, in order to be entered in the general Regiſter, to be there kept by them for this Purpoſe.

VIII. And

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that no Ship's Name regiſtred, ſhall be afterwards changed, without regiſtring ſuch Ship again, which is hereby required likewiſe to be done upon any Transfer of Property to another Port, and delivering up the former Certificate to be cancelled, under the ſame Penalties, and in the like Method, as is herein before directed: And that in caſe any Alteration of Property in the ſame Port, by the Sale of one or more Shares in any Ship, after regiſtring thereof, ſuch Sale ſhall always be acknowledged by Indorſement on the Certificate of the Regiſter, before Two Witneſſes, in order to prove that the entire Property in ſuch Ship remains to ſome of the Subjects of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, if any Diſpute ariſes concerning the ſame.

Ship's Name not to be altered, without regiſtring the ſame again,

and the Alteration of Property in it to be indorſed.

IX. And whereas great Quantities of Wool have been clandeſtinely exported, under the Denomination of Coverlids, Waddings, and other Manufactures made of Wool, whereas the ſame was only Wool ſlightly wrought, or ſtitched together, and may be reduced to Wool again, by which Practice the unfair Traders have evaded the good Laws made to prevent the Exportation of Wool; for preventing the like Practices for the future, Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Twenty fifth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty nine, no Coverlids, Waddings, or other Manufactures, or pretended Manufactures, made of Wool ſlightly ſtitched, worked, or otherwiſe put together, ſo as the ſame may be reduced to, and made uſe of as Wool again, or Mattraſſes, or Beds ſtuffed with combed Wool, or Wool fit for combing, ſhall be exported from *Great Britain* or *Ireland* to Parts beyond the Seas, under the like Penalties and Forfeitures which are by any Law in being inflicted on Perſons concerned in the Exportation of Wool.

Penalty on exporting Wool ſlightly wrought.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Twenty fifth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty nine, no Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shortlings, Wool-flocks, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen Yarn, ſhall be packed up in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, in any Box, Barrel, Caſk, Caſe, Cheſt, or any other Package, but in Packs or Truſſes of Leather or Canvas, commonly called *Pack-cloth*; and all ſuch Packs or Truſſes of Leather or Canvas ſhall be ſtamped or marked on the Outſide thereof with the reſpective Words WOOL or YARN, in large Letters, not leſs than three Inches in Length, under the Penalty and Forfeiture of all ſuch Wool, or other the Goods aforeſaid, with the Package thereof, and Three Shillings for every Pound Weight thereof, to be paid by the Owner or Packer of ſuch Wool or Yarn.

Wool in what to be packed up.

XI. And for preventing any fraudulent Tranſportation of Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shortlings, combed Wool, Woollen or Bay Yarn, Worſted Yarn, Cruels, or Wool ſlightly manufactured, under the Pretence of carrying the ſame coaſtwiſe in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shortlings, combed Wool, Woollen or Bay Yarn, Worſted Yarn, Cruel, or Wool ſlightly manufactured, as aforeſaid, ſhall, from and after the ſaid Twenty fifth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty nine, be put or laden on board any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, bound to Parts beyond the Seas, or ſhall be carried or laden in order to be carried in any Ship, Veſſel, Bottom or Boat coaſt-wiſe, or from one Port of *Great Britain* or *Ireland* to another, unleſs Notice be firſt given to the Commiſſioners

No Wool to be exported but upon Notice given to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, &c.

or chief Managers of the Cuſtoms, or to the Cuſtomer or Collector and Comptroller of the Port from which the ſame is intended to be ſent or exported, of the Quantity, Quality, and Package, together with the Marks and Numbers thereof, with the Name of the Ship and Maſter or Commander on which the ſaid Goods are to be laden, as likewiſe the Name or Names of the Owner or Owners of the ſaid Goods, and the Place of his or their Abode or Habitation, and the Place and Port into which the ſame are intended to be imported, and to whom conſigned; and unleſs Bond be firſt entered into, to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, with one or more ſufficient Securities, in treble the value of the Goods ſo intended to be carried coaſtwiſe, that the ſame ſhall (the Danger of the Seas excepted) be landed accordingly; due Notice whereof ſhall be forthwith tranſmitted by the Cuſtomer or Collector and Comptroller of the Port from whence the ſame ſhall be exported, to the Cuſtomer or Collector and Comptroller of the Port into which the ſame is intended to be imported, and Entry made, in the Manner required, by this or any other Act; and unleſs a Licence be alſo firſt taken under the Hands of the Commiſſioners, or chief Managers of the Cuſtoms for the Time being, or any three of them, or from the Cuſtomer or Collector and Comptroller where ſuch Bond is given for the landing and carrying thereof, as aforeſaid; which Licence they are hereby required to grant without any Fee or Reward, or any other Charge to the Perſon demanding the ſame; any Law, Statute, or Uſage to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding: And all ſuch Bonds ſo entred into for the carrying ſuch Goods coaſt-wiſe in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, ſhall not be diſcharged, but by producing a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the Cuſtomer or Collector and Comptroller of the Port or Place in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, where ſuch Goods were landed, ſetting forth the Quantity, Quality, and Package, together with the Marks and Numbers thereof, with the Name of the Ship and Maſter out of which ſuch Goods were landed; and that all ſuch Bonds as ſhall remain undiſcharged by ſuch Certificate after ſix Months, ſhall be tranſmitted to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *Great-Britain*, or the Commiſſioners of the Revenue in *Ireland*, who are hereby required to put them in Suit immediately: And if any Wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shortlings, combed Wool, Woollen or Bay-yarn, Worſted-yarn, Cruels, or Wool ſlightly manufactured, ſhall be carried or laden on board any Ship, Veſſel, Bottom, or Boat, in order to be carried coaſtwiſe, or from one Port to another Port, before ſuch Bond entred into, and ſuch Licence taken out as aforeſaid, and before all the Directions of this and every other Act made to prevent the Tranſportation of any of the Goods aforeſaid, ſhall be fully and duly complied with, ſo far as the ſame relate to the Exporter or Proprietor of ſuch Goods; or if any of the ſaid Goods ſhall be laden on board any Ship, Veſſel, or Boat, bound to Parts beyond the Seas; then all ſuch Goods as ſhall be ſo carried and laden, or the Value therefore, ſhall be forfeited and loſt, together with the Ship, Veſſel, Bottom, or Boat, on which ſuch Goods ſhall be ſo laden or put on board, with all her Guns, Ammunition, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture.

Security for the landing it,

and a Licence taken.

Bonds not to be diſcharged, but upon producing a Certificate.

Forfeiture on Default.

XII. Provided nevertheleſs, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend to alter or leſſen any other Security now required by Law for Goods carried coaſtwiſe, or to repeal or make void any Law now in Force in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland* made to prevent the Exportation of Wool, or any the Goods or Commodities aforeſaid.

No other Security hereby leſſened, or Law made void.

And

XIII. And for the better preventing Frauds that may be practiſed in the colluſive landing any Wool or Woollen-yarn from *Ireland*, or in the ſhipping or landing any of the ſaid Goods carried coaſtwiſe; be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that from and after the ſaid twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-nine, none of the ſaid Goods imported into this Kingdom from *Ireland*, nor any of the ſaid Goods carried coaſtwiſe within this Kingdom or *Ireland*, ſhall be landed or ſhipped, but in the Preſence of the proper Officers appointed to attend the ſame, nor at any other Place or Places, than the lawful Quays ſet out in the Manner preſcribed by the Act of Frauds, paſſed in the fourteenth Year of King *Charles* the ſecond, for *England*, *Wales*, and *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, and by the Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of the Reign of her late Majeſty Queen *Anne*, for ſettling a Court of *Exchequer* in *Scotland* for that Part of the united Kingdom, without ſpecial Sufferance and Leave had from the Commiſſioners and Officers of the Cuſtoms, or at ſuch Quays in *Ireland*, as are or ſhall be appointed according to the Laws of that Kingdom, on pain of forfeiting the ſaid Goods, or the Value thereof, and three Shillings for every pound weight of ſuch Goods, to be paid by the Owner or Proprietor thereof, or any Perſon concerned in ſuch unlawful ſhipping or landing, to be proſecuted and recovered as hereafter is directed; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Wool before whom, and where to be landed.

XIV. And in order to prevent any fraudulent Practices by Officers or other Perſons in making colluſive Seizures, or by entring Informations, and making private or ſecret Agreements, whereby may be evaded any of the Forfeitures or Penalties inflicted by Law, to prevent the tranſporting out of this Kingdom any Wool, Wool-fels, Wool-flocks, Mortlings, Shortlings, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen-yarn, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, Tobacco-pipe-clay, or any other ſcouring Clay or Earth, or to prevent the illegal tranſporting out of *Ireland* any of the ſaid Goods, or of Cloth, Serge, Bayes, Kerſeys, Says, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-ſerges, Shalloons, or any other Drapery Stuffs, or Woollen Manufactures whatſoever, made up or mixed with Wool or Wool-flocks; be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that it ſhall not be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, other than the Officers of ſome or one of the Revenues of Cuſtoms or Exciſe, or Salt-duties, to enter any Information of Seizure of any Wool, Wool-fells, or other Species of Goods before enumerated, as forfeited by vertue of this or any other Act; nor ſhall it be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, to enter, or cauſe or procure to be entred, filed, or proſecuted, any Information or Informations againſt any Perſon or Perſons for the Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture aforeſaid, unleſs ſuch Information or Informations be filed and proſecuted in the Name of his Majeſty's Attorney General, or in the Name or Names of ſome Officer or Officers of ſome or one of the aforeſaid Revenues of Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt-duties in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*; and if any Information of Seizure of any of the Goods before-mentioned, ſhall be made or proſecuted by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, other than in the Name of the Attorney General, or in the Name of ſome Officer of his Majeſty's Revenue as aforeſaid; the ſame, and all the Proceedings thereupon had, are hereby declared to be null and void; as is alſo every other Information or Informations, with all the Proceedings thereon, which ſhall be filed or entred for any of the Penalties aforeſaid, in the Name or Names of any other Perſons or Perſons

None but Officers to enter Informations of Seizures;

to be proſecuted in the Attorney General's or their Names, only.

Perſons than as herein before mentioned; any Law or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithſtanding.

This Act not to take away the Power of the King's Guard Ships.

XV. Provided nevertheleſs, That nothing in this Act contained ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend to take away the Power given to the Commanders and Officers of his Majeſty's Ships of War, or the armed Sloops appointed, or to be appointed by the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, or the Lord high Admiral for the Time being, to guard againſt the Tranſportation of Wool out of the Kingdom of *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, purſuant to an Act made in the tenth and eleventh Year of King *William* the third, Intituled, *An Act to prevent the Exportation of Wool out of the Kingdoms of* Ireland *and* England, *and for the Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures of the Kingdom of* England; and another Act paſſed in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An additional Act for Encouragement of the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, by the more effectual preventing the unlawful Exportation of the Woollen Manufactures of the Kingdom of* Ireland, *to foreign Parts*, or by any other Act.

Penalties for colluſive Seizures, on Officer,

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Officer of the Revenue ſhall, directly or indirectly, make any colluſive Seizure or Information of any of the ſaid Goods, or any fraudulent or colluſive Agreement whatſoever, whereby the Owner or Claimer thereof, their Agents or Servants, may avoid the Forfeitures and Penalties, or any Part thereof, incurred by this or any other Act made to prevent the Tranſportation of Wool, or any of the other Species of Goods before-mentioned; he ſhall for ſuch Offence forfeit the

and Owner,

Sum of two hundred pounds, and alſo be rendered incapable of ſerving his Majeſty in any Office or Imployment in the Revenue; and alſo the Exporters, Importers, and Owners of the Goods ſo colluſively ſeized, or with whom ſuch colluſive Agreement ſhall be made, ſhall forfeit treble the Value thereof; and all ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall be to the Uſe of him or

to go to the Informer.

them who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of *Exchequer* in *Scotland*, or in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Dublin*; wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, or any more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

Encouragement to Offenders to diſcover their Accomplices.

XVII. Provided nevertheleſs, That any Perſon whatſoever concerned in any ſuch colluſive or fraudulent Seizure or Agreement, who ſhall firſt diſcover ſuch his Offence to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* or *Scotland* for the Time being, or the Commiſſioners of the Revenue in *Ireland* for the Time being, reſpectively, ſhall be clearly acquitted and diſcharged thereof, provided he makes ſuch Diſcovery within the ſpace of three Months after the Offence ſhall have been committed, and ſo as any one or more of his Accomplices therein be convicted thereof; and if ſuch Perſon firſt making ſuch Diſcovery as aforeſaid, within the Time aforeſaid, be not an Officer of the Revenue, or Owner of the Goods, he ſhall as a further Encouragement for making ſuch Diſcovery, have and receive to his own Uſe and Benefit, the whole Money which on the Conviction or Convictions of ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be recovered from him, her, or them, and be levied on his, her, or their Eſtate or Effects, the Charges of Proſecution being firſt thereout deducted.

Informations and Actions where to be entred and proſecuted.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits, and Informations, to be had and commenced upon this, or any other Acts for preventing the Exportation of Wool, Wool-fells, Wool-flocks, Mortlings, Shortlings, Worſted, Bay,

or

or Woollen-yarn, Cruels, or Wool ſlightly manufactured, or Mattraſſes, or Beds ſtuffed with combed Wool, or Wool fit for combing, Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, Tobacco-pipe-clay, or any other ſcouring Earth or Clay from *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*; or for preventing the Exportation from *Ireland* into foreign Parts, of Cloth, Serges, Bays, Kerſeys, Frizes, Druggets, Shalloons, Stuffs, Cloth-ſerges, or any other Drapery made of or mixed with Wool manufactured in *Ireland*, may be entred and proſecuted (except where it is in this Act otherwiſe directed) in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of *Exchequer* in *Scotland*, or at the Quarter-ſeſſions of the Peace, or before any two Juſtices of the Peace for any County, City, or Place in this Kingdom, in a ſummary Way, at the Election of the Seizer or Informer, or by any Law relating to the Revenue of *Ireland*, in that Kingdom; wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance; and if the Property thereof be claimed by any Perſon or Perſons, in ſuch Caſe the *Onus probandi* ſhall lie upon the Owner or Claimer thereof, and not on the Officer or Seizer; any Thing in this, or any other Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Onus probandi to lie upon the Owner.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all the Forfeitures and Penalties before in this Act mentioned and appointed, except where the ſame is otherwiſe directed by this Act, ſhall be to the Uſe of ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſeize, inform, or ſue for the ſame, in the Manner herein before directed.

Forfeitures, &c. to be to the Uſe of the Seizer, &c.

XX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That on the Condemnation of any Wool, or any other of the Species of Goods before enumerated, the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners ſhall and may cauſe all ſuch Goods to be publickly ſold to the beſt Bidder, at ſuch Places as the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall think proper; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding; and out of the Produce of ſuch Sale, they ſhall cauſe to be paid all Charges of Condemnation and Sale, and the Remainder to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſeize, inform, or ſue for the ſame, as aforeſaid.

Commiſſioners ſhall cauſe condemned Wool, &c. to be ſold, and out of the Produce, the Charges of Condemnation ſhall be deducted, and the Remainder paid to the Seizer, &c.

XXI. Provided always, and be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, In caſe any Officer of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt Duty, ſhall receive any Information from any other Perſon or Perſons, whereby any Seizure of the ſaid Goods ſhall be made, or any Proſecution ſhall be commenced and carried on to Effect; ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall have and receive to his own Benefit, one half of what ſhall be recovered, levied, and received by any ſuch Officer, as a Reward for his Information or Diſcovery; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Officer making Seizure upon Information, the Informer to have half.

XXII. And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons, Offender or Offenders, ſhall, by Conviction, Judgment, or otherwiſe, become liable to the Payment of the Penalty of three Shillings *per* pound weight, inflicted by this or any former Act made to prevent the Exportation of Wool, for ſuch Wool, or other the Species before mentioned, and ſhall not be of ſufficient Ability to pay the ſame, by which means the Informer or Proſecutor will loſe the Benefit of ſuch his Information and Proſecution; then, and in ſuch Caſe, it ſhall and may be lawful for the reſpective Commiſſioners to cauſe one Shilling *per* pound weight for all ſuch of the ſaid Goods, for which ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be convicted, to be paid by the Receiver General of the Revenue, under the Management of the

Proviſion where the Offender is unable to pay the 3*s*. Penalty.

the reſpective Commiſſioners, out of any publick Money in his Hands; and the Money paid by any Receiver General, Caſhier, or other Officer, as aforeſaid, ſhall be accepted of, and allowed in his Accounts, as ſo much Money paid to his Majeſty; and every ſuch Officer is and ſhall be hereby diſcharged thereof accordingly; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Encouragement to Maſters or Mariners of Ships, employed in clandeſtine exporting of Wool to make Diſcovery thereof.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty-nine, if the Maſter of any Ship or Veſſel employed in the clandeſtine exporting to Parts beyond the Seas, from *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, any Wool, Wool-fells, Wool-flocks, Mortlings, Shortlings, Worſted, Bay, or Woollen yarn, Cruels, or Wool ſlightly manufactured, or Mattraſſes, or Beds ſtuft with combed Wool, or Wool fit for combing, or any Fullers-earth, Fulling-clay, Tobacco-pipe-clay, or any other ſcouring Earth or Clay, or in the clandeſtine importing from *Ireland* any Woollen Cloth, Serges, Bays, Kerſeys, Sayes, Frizes, Druggets, Cloth-ſerges, Shalloons, or any other Drapery Stuffs, or Woollen Manufacture, made and manufactured in *Ireland*; or if the Mate, or any of the Mariners of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall give an Account in ſix Months after ſuch ſhipping or exporting any of the Goods before-mentioned, to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* or *Scotland*, or to the Commiſſioners of the Revenues in *Ireland* reſpectively, of the Name of the Ship or Veſſel, and the Species and Quantities of ſuch Goods ſo clandeſtinely exported or ſhipt for Exportation to Parts beyond the Seas, together with the Name of the Owner or Owners, Exporter or Exporters of ſuch Goods, or the Name of the Perſon or Perſons who act in his or their Aid and Aſſiſtance, ſo as he or they may be proſecuted and convicted for ſuch his or their Offence or Offences committed againſt this or any other Act made to prevent the illegal Exportation of Wool, or any the Species or Goods before-mentioned; ſuch Maſter, Mate, or Mariner, ſhall not only be indemnified for ſo doing, but ſhall be clearly acquitted and diſcharged from any the Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures he or they are by Law ſubject to for ſuch his or their Offence or Offences; and ſhall alſo have and receive three fourth Parts of the Penalties or Forfeitures, clear of Charges, that ſhall be recovered and received by means of ſuch their Diſcovery; which the reſpective Commiſſioners aforeſaid are to cauſe to be paid and diſtributed in ſuch Manner and Proportion as they ſhall think proper, and the other fourth Part to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, after deducting the Charges of Proſecution and Condemnation; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Perſons qualified to put this Act in Execution.

XXIV. And to prevent any Diſpute relating to the Authority of any Perſon or Perſons acting as an Officer, or as Officers of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt Duties in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, for the putting in Execution this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to thoſe Revenues, or made againſt the Tranſportation of Wool; be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that every Perſon, who by Deputation, Commiſſion, or other Inſtrument, under the Hands and Seals of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt, in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland* reſpectively ſhall be appointed to act as an Officer or Servant under them, for putting this or any of the ſaid Acts in Execution, ſhall be eſteemed an Officer of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt reſpectively, to all Intents and Purpoſes in the Law whatſoever.

And

XXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall offer or promiſe to give any Bribe, Recompence, or Reward whatſoever, to any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt, in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*, to connive at or permit the Tranſportation or the Concealment of any Wool, Wool-flocks, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shortlings, Yarn made of Wool, Cruels, or Wool ſlightly manufactured, or Mattreſſes, or Beds ſtuffed with combed Wool, or Wool fit for combing, Fullers-earth, Fullers-clay, and Tobacco-pipe-clay, or any other ſcouring Earth or Clay; or to the removing thereof, contrary to this or any other Act made againſt the Tranſportation thereof; or to do, conceal, or connive at any other Act, whereby any of the Proviſions made by this or any other Law, as aforeſaid, may be evaded or broken; every ſuch Perſon and Perſons ſhall, for every ſuch Offence (whether the ſame Offer, Propoſal, or Promiſe be accepted or performed, or not) forfeit the Sum of Three hundred Pounds, to be recovered and applied to the Uſe of him or them who ſhall inform or ſue for the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of *Exchequer* in *Scotland*, or in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Dublin*; wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, or any more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed.

300*l.* Penalty on offering to bribe an Officer.

XXVI. And for the more effectual putting this Act in Execution, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt, or any other Perſon or Perſons that ſhall act in Aid or Aſſiſtance of any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt, in putting this Act in Execution, ſhall be hindered, oppoſed, obſtructed, moleſted, wounded, or beaten in ſeizing any Wool, Wool-fells, Wool-flocks, Mortlings, Shortlings, Woollen or Bay Yarn, or any other Species of Goods before enumerated, by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, either in the Day or Night, by Land or Water; the Perſon or Perſons that ſhall ſo hinder, oppoſe, obſtruct, moleſt, wound, or beat any ſuch Officer or Officers, or any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall act in his or their Aid or Aſſiſtance in the making ſuch Seizures, as aforeſaid; or any other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, being armed with offenſive Arms or Weapons, or wearing any Vizard, Maſk, or other Diſguiſe, who ſhall reſcue, or attempt to reſcue any Wool, or other the Goods aforeſaid, which ſhall be ſeized by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt; every ſuch Perſon or Perſons that ſhall be convicted of any of the ſaid Offences, ſhall, by Order of the Court before whom ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall be convicted, be tranſported to ſome of his Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations in *America*, for ſuch Term as ſuch Court ſhall think fit, not exceeding Seven Years, in the ſame manner as by an Act made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, of glorious Memory, intituled, *An Act for the further preventing Robbery, Burglary, and other Felonies, and for the more effectual Tranſportation of Felons, and unlawful Exporters of Wool; and for declaring the Law upon ſome Points relating to Pirates*; and by one other Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty, intituled, *An Act for the preventing Robbery and other Felonies, and for the more effectual Tranſportation of Felons*, the Offenders therein mentioned are to be tranſported to the ſaid Colonies and Plantations; and if any ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall return into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, before the Expiration of the Time for which ſuch Perſon ſhall

Perſons oppoſing Officers in their Duty, deemed Felons.

be tranſported, contrary to the Intent and Meaning hereof, he or they ſo returning ſhall ſuffer as Felons, and have Execution awarded againſt them, as Perſons attainted of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

XXVII. And whereas by an Act paſſed in the Fourth Year of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the further preventing Robbery, Burglary, and other Felonies, and for the more effectual Tranſportation of Felons, and unlawful Exporters of Wool, and for declaring the Law upon ſome Points relating to Pirates*, it is enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall be in Priſon for want of ſufficient Bail, for unlawful Exportation of Wool or Wool-fells, and ſhall refuſe to appear or plead to a Declaration or Information to be delivered to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, or to the Goaler, Keeper, or Turnkey of the Priſon, at the ſaid Priſon, for the ſaid Offence by the ſpace of one Term, Judgment ſhall be entred againſt him by Default; and in caſe Judgment ſhall be obtained againſt any ſuch Perſon or Perſons by Default, Verdict, or otherwiſe, and ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall not pay the Sum recovered againſt him or them for the ſaid Offence within the ſpace of three Months after entring up of ſuch Judgment, the Court before whom ſuch Judgment ſhall be obtained, ſhall, by Order of Court, cauſe ſuch Offender or Offenders to be tranſported in the ſame manner as Felons aforeſaid, for the Term of ſeven Years; and if ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall return into *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, before the Expiration of the ſaid ſeven Years, he or they ſhall ſuffer as Felons, and have Execution awarded againſt them, as Perſons attainted of Felony without Benefit of Clergy: And whereas the ſaid Act extended only to the Perſon or Perſons who actually exported the Wool or Wool-fells, but not to their Aiders or Abettors; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Act, and every thing therein contained, ſo far as the ſame concerns the Exporters of Wool or Wool-fells, ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend to all and every Perſon or Perſons who act as Aiders or Abettors to ſuch Exporters of Wool or Wool-fells, as fully, to all Intents and Purpoſes, as if the ſame was repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

Act 4 *Geor.* II. to extend to the Abettors and Exporters of Wool.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Bonds taken, or to be taken purſuant to this Act, ſhall not be chargeable with any the Duties upon ſtampt Vellum, Parchment, or Paper; any Law or Statute made, or to be made to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Bonds not chargeable with the Stamp-duties.

XXIX. And whereas it is found by Experience, that great Quantities of Wool, Wool-fells, Wool-flocks, Mortlings, Shortlings, Cruels, Worſted, Woollen and Bay Yarn, Mattreſſes, and Beds ſtuffed with combed Wool, or Wool fit for combing, are frequently exported from *Great Britain* or *Ireland* in Foreign Parts, and of Woollen Manufactures from *Ireland* into Foreign Parts, to the great Prejudice of the Woollen Manufacture of this Kingdom; which Practice hath of late been much increaſed and promoted by evil-diſpoſed Perſons, who, notwithſtanding the Laws already made, do undertake as Inſurers, or otherwiſe, that ſuch Goods ſhall be delivered in Parts beyond the Seas: For the preventing ſo great a Miſchief for the future, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of *December*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty nine, all and every Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, who, by way of Inſurance or otherwiſe, ſhall undertake or agree, that any of the Goods or Merchandizes before mentioned, ſhall be carried or conveyed to any

500 *l.* Penalty on inſuring or procuring Wool to be landed in foreign Parts.

any Parts beyond the Seas, from any Port or Place whatſoever within this Kingdom, or *Ireland*, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; or in purſuance of ſuch Inſurance, Undertaking, or Agreement, ſhall deliver, or cauſe or procure to be delivered any of the ſaid Goods in any Parts beyond the Seas, ſuch Perſon or Perſons, and all and every their Aiders, Abettors, and Aſſiſtants, ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit and loſe the Sum of five hundred Pounds, to the Uſe of the Informer or Proſecutor, over and above all other Forfeitures and Penalties, to which they are liable by any Act now in Force.

The like Penalty on the inſured.

XXX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, who ſhall pay, or agree to pay any Sum or Sums of Money for the inſuring, conveying, or exporting out of this Kingdom, or *Ireland*, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, any of the Goods or Merchandizes aforeſaid; ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit and loſe the Sum of five hundred pounds to the Uſe of the Informer, or ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall ſue for the ſame.

Encouragement to Perſons inſuring and inſured, to make Diſcovery.

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in Caſe the Inſurer, Conveyer, or Manager of or in ſuch Fraud, or the Perſon or Perſons agreeing to inſure, convey, or manage therein, do or ſhall, within the ſpace of ſix Months after ſuch Tranſaction or Agreement, firſt give Notice thereof to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* or *Scotland* for the Time being, or to the Commiſſioners of the Revenue in *Ireland* for the Time being, ſo as the Perſon or Perſons concerned with him, her, or them in ſuch Offence, be convicted thereof; he, ſhe, or they ſo firſt diſcovering, ſhall not only be clearly acquitted and diſcharged of ſuch Offence, and from the Penalties to which he, ſhe, or they is or are liable by Reaſon thereof, but ſhall alſo have to his, her, and their own Uſe, the whole Forfeiture hereby impoſed upon the Party or Parties making ſuch Inſurance or Agreement, after the Charges of Proſecution are deducted; and ſhall likewiſe retain and enjoy to his, her, or their own Uſe the Inſurance-money, or Reward given or paid to him, her, or them, by the Perſon or Perſons concerned with him, her, or them therein; and in caſe the Party or Parties inſured, ſhall, within the like ſpace of ſix Months, firſt make Diſcovery thereof to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *England* or *Scotland* for the Time being, or to the Commiſſioners of the Revenue in *Ireland* for the Time being, ſo as the Perſon or Perſons concerned with him, her, or them in ſuch Offence, be convicted thereof; he, ſhe, or they ſo firſt diſcovering, ſhall recover and receive back ſuch Inſurance-money or Premium, as he, ſhe, or they hath or have paid upon ſuch Inſurance or Agreement; and in caſe the ſaid Inſurance-money or Premium ſhall not at the Time of ſuch Diſcovery be actually paid, then the Perſon or Perſons ſo firſt diſcovering, is and are hereby ſaved harmleſs, and indemnified from paying the ſame, or any part thereof; and all and every Agreement and Agreements entered into for paying ſuch Monies, is and are hereby declared to be null and void; and ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo firſt diſcovering, ſhall alſo have to his, her, and their own Uſe the whole Forfeiture impoſed upon ſuch Inſurer, Conveyer, or Manager, as aforeſaid, after Charges of Proſecution are deducted; and ſhall alſo be clearly acquitted and diſcharged of the Forfeitures hereby impoſed upon him, her, or them.

The ſaid Penalties how to be recovered.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That all the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by the Perſons concerned in the fraudulent and illegal Inſurances, or Agreements to inſure, or be inſured, as before-mentioned, ſhall be ſued for,

proſecuted, and recovered in any Court of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in the Court of *Exchequer* in *Scotland* or *Ireland*, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in the Name of his Majeſty's Attorney General, or in the Name of any Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or Salt Duties; wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance.

XXXIII. And whereas Policies of Inſurance are commonly made on Goods and Merchandizes, as well as on Ships or Veſſels, wherein the Inſurer undertakes, in Conſideration of a Premium given him by the aſſured, to bear all the riſques and hazards of the Voyage; and it is generally unknown to the Inſurers what ſorts of Goods and Merchandizes are loaded on board any Ship or Veſſel, whereby it frequently happens that Inſurances are made on Wool or Woollen Yarn, to be carried from *Great-Britain* or *Ireland* to Foreign Parts beyond the Seas, or on Woollen Manufactures to be carried from *Ireland* to Foreign Parts beyond the Seas, as well as on Ships or Veſſels having on board ſuch Wool or Woollen Yarn, or Woollen Manufactures from *Ireland*: And whereas the diſcouraging all ſuch Inſurances may be a Means to prevent the fraudulent Exportation of Wool and Woollen Yarn, and Woollen Manufactures from *Ireland*; be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Policies of Inſurance which, from and after the twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty nine, ſhall be made on Goods and Merchandizes loaden, or to be loaden, or any Ship or Veſſel bound from *Great-Britain* or *Ireland* to Foreign Parts beyond the Seas, which ſhall afterwards appear to be Wool or Woollen Yarn, or any other Species of Wool before-mentioned, or Woollen Manufactures from *Ireland*; and all Policies of Inſurance which, from and after the twenty fifth Day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and thirty nine, ſhall be made on any Ship or Veſſel bound from *Great-Britain* or *Ireland* to Foreign Parts beyond the Seas, which ſhall have on board any Wool or Woollen Yarn or any other Species of Wool before-mentioned, or Woollen Manufactures from *Ireland*, ſhall be deemed and taken to be null and void, notwithſtanding any Words or Agreement whatſoever, which ſhall be inſerted in any ſuch Policy of Inſurance; and nothing ſhall be recovered by the aſſured in either caſe from the Inſurer for Loſs or Damage, or for the Premium which ſhall have been given as the Conſideration for inſuring ſuch Goods and Merchandizes, Ship, or Veſſel; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Inſurances on Woollen Goods null and void.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Action or Suit ſhall be commenced againſt any Perſon or Perſons, for any thing done in purſuance of this Act; the Defendant or Defendants in ſuch Action or Suit may plead the general Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the ſame was done in purſuance, and by the Authority of this Act; and if it ſhall appear ſo to have been done, the Jury ſhall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff ſhall be nonſuited, or diſcontinue his Action, after the Defendant or Defendants ſhall have appeared; or if Judgment ſhall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer againſt the Plaintiff; the Defendant or Defendants ſhall and may recover treble Coſts, and have the like Remedy for the ſame, as any Defendant or Defendants have in other Caſes by Law.

General Iſſue.

Treble Coſts.

CAP.

CAP. XXII.

An Act to rectify a Miſtake in an Act made in the ſixth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King George, *for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the publick Revenues of Exciſe, Cuſtoms, Stamp Duties, Poſt-Office, and Houſe-money, relating to the Condition of Bonds taken from Maſters of Ships; and to indemnify Perſons who have acted under the ſaid Miſtake; and alſo to obviate a Doubt which has ariſen upon an Act made in the ſeventh Year of his ſaid late Majeſty's Reign, for the further preventing his Majeſty's Subjects from trading to the* East-Indies *under Foreign Commiſſions; and for encouraging and further ſecuring the lawful Trade thereto, with regard to Proſecutions in* Ireland *in a ſummary Way, for the fraudulent Importation of* East-India *Goods into that Kingdom.* English.

WHereas in the Record of an Act paſſed in the ſixth Year of the Reign of King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds and Abuſes in the Publick Revenues of Exciſe, Cuſtoms, Stamp Duties, Poſt-Office, and Houſe-money*, is a Clauſe which recites, that whereas divers Ships and Veſſels of the Burthen of Fifty Tuns, or under, laden with Tobacco, Brandy, Spirits, and other cuſtomable or prohibited Goods, pretending to be bound for foreign Parts, do frequently lie hovering on the Coaſt of *Ireland*, with Intention to run the ſame privately on Shore, as Opportunity offers, to the great Diminution of his Majeſty's Revenue, and Ruin of Fair Traders; and Ships or Veſſels of the Burthen of fifty Tuns, or under, do frequently lie hovering on that Coaſt to take in Wool not lawfully licenſed, to be brought into *England*, and other Staple Commodities of *Ireland*, prohibited to be exported; for the better preventing whereof it was declared and enacted by the ſaid Act, that from and after the firſt Day of *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty, where any Ship or Veſſel of the Burthen of fifty Tuns, or under, laden with cuſtomable or prohibited Goods, ſhould be found at Anchor, or hovering on the Coaſts of *Ireland*, within two Leagues of the Shore, and not proceeding on her Voyage, Wind and Weather permitting, it ſhould and might be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms of that Kingdom, to go on Board every ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and to take an Account of the lading, and to demand and take Security from the Maſter, or other Perſon having or taking the Charge or Command of ſuch Ship or Veſſel in that Voyage, by his own Bond, by him to be entred into, unto his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, in ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhould be treble the Value of ſuch Goods then on Board; with Condition that ſuch Ship or Veſſel, as ſoon as Wind and Weather, and the State and Condition of ſuch Ship or Veſſel did permit, ſhould and would proceed regularly on ſuch Voyage, and ſhould not land ſuch Goods (except Wool lawfully licenſed Preamble, reciting the Act 6 *Geor.* 1. c. 21.

licenſed as aforeſaid) in, and at ſome foreign Port, or Ports; and if ſuch Maſter or other Perſon, having or taking the Charge or Command of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhould, upon ſuch Demand, refuſe to enter into ſuch Bond, or having entered into ſuch Bond, ſhould not depart or proceed regularly on ſuch Voyage, as ſoon as Wind and Weather, and the State and Condition of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhould permit, unleſs otherwiſe ſuffered to make a longer ſtay by the Collector, or other principal Officer in his Abſence, of ſuch Port where ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhould be, not exceeding twenty Days; then, and in either of the ſaid caſes, all the Goods ſo on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhould and might by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, by Direction of the Collector, or other principal Officer as aforeſaid, be taken out of and from ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and forthwith brought on Shore and ſecured, and in caſe the ſaid Goods were cuſtomable, the Cuſtoms and other Duties ſhould be paid for the ſame; and as concerning Wool, or any prohibited Goods, or other Goods liable to Forfeiture, which might be found on board ſuch Ships or Veſſels at the time of their unlading, as aforeſaid, the ſame are thereby declared to be ſubject to Forfeiture, and the Officers of the Cuſtoms ſhould and might proſecute the ſame, as alſo the Ship or Veſſel, in caſe ſhe ſhould be liable to Condemnation: And whereas there appears to be a Miſtake in the ſaid recited Clauſe in the Act aforeſaid, by the word [*not*] being inſerted in the Record thereof, between the word [*ſhall*] and the word [*land*] contrary to the Meaning and Intention of the ſaid Act; now for remedying the ſaid Miſtake, be it enacted and declared by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing this Act, the herein beforementioned Bonds to be entered into by the Maſters of Ships or Veſſels, or the Perſons having or taking Charge or Command thereof, according to the Direction and Proviſion before recited of the ſaid Act, ſhall be with Condition, that ſuch Ship or Veſſel, as ſoon as Wind and Weather, and the Condition of ſuch Ship or Veſſel will permit, ſhall, and will proceed regularly on ſuch Voyage, and ſhall land ſuch Goods (except Wool lawfully licenſed) in, and at ſome foreign Port or Ports; and if ſuch Maſter or other Perſon having or taking the Charge or Command of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall, upon ſuch Demand, refuſe to enter into ſuch Bond, or having entred into ſuch Bond, ſhall not depart or proceed regularly on ſuch Voyage, as ſoon as Wind and Weather, and the State and Condition of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall permit, unleſs otherwiſe ſuffered to make a longer ſtay by the Collector, or other principal Officer in his abſence, of ſuch Port where ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be, not exceeding twenty Days; then, and in either of the ſaid Caſes, all the Goods ſo on Board ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſhall and may by any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms, by direction of the Collector or other principal Officer as aforeſaid, be taken out of and from ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and forthwith brought on Shore and ſecured; and in caſe the ſaid Goods are cuſtomable, the Cuſtoms and other Duties ſhall be paid for the ſame; and as concerning Wool, or any prohibited Goods, or other Goods liable to Forfeiture, which may be found on Board ſuch Ships or Veſſels at the Time of their unlading as aforeſaid, the ſame are hereby declared to be ſubject to Forfeiture, and the Officers of the Cuſtoms

The Amendment.

Cuſtoms ſhall and may proſecute the ſame, as alſo the Ship or Veſſel, in Caſe ſhe ſhall be liable to Condemnation.

Perſons indemnified who have acted according to the intent of the Act.

II. And whereas ſome Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, and other Perſons aſſiſting them, may have gone on Board, and demanded and taken Security from the Maſters or other Perſons having the Charge of ſuch Ships or Veſſels as aforeſaid, and have otherwiſe acted under the ſaid Act according to the Intention of the ſaid Act, though not according to the Letter thereof, whereby ſuch Officers and Perſons may be liable to Proſecutions for the ſame; therefore to indemnify and ſave harmleſs ſuch Officers and Perſons, their Heirs, Executors, and Adminiſtrators, for taking ſuch Securities, and acting as aforeſaid; be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all ſuch Officers and Perſons as have taken any ſuch Securities, or acted as aforeſaid, their Heirs, Executors, and Adminiſtrators, ſhall, and each and every of them are hereby reſpectively acquitted, indemnified, releaſed, and diſcharged of and from all Actions, Proſecutions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Outlawries, Convictions, and Judgments incurred, obtained, had, or to be incurred, obtained, or had, on account, or by reaſon of the ſame.

Act 7 *Geo.* I. C. 22.

III. And whereas by a Clauſe in an Act of Parliament made in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt, intituled, *An Act for the further preventing his Majeſty's Subjects from trading to the* Eaſt-Indies, *under Foreign Commiſſions, and for encouraging and further ſecuring the lawful Trade thereto; and for further regulating the Pilots of* Dover, Deal, *and the Iſle of* Thanet, it is, amongſt other Things, enacted, That from and after the twenty fourth Day of *June*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and twenty one, no Commodity of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the *Eaſt-Indies*, or other the Places in the ſaid Act before-mentioned, ſhall be imported or carried into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, the Iſlands of *Jerſey*, *Guernſey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, or into any Land, Iſland, Plantation, Colony, Territory, or Place, to his Majeſty, or to the Crown of *Great-Britain* belonging, or which ſhall hereafter belong to his Majeſty, his Heirs and Succeſſors, in *Africa* or *America*, but ſuch only as ſhall be *bona fide*, and without Fraud, loaden and ſhipt in *Great-Britain*, in Ships navigated according to the ſeveral and reſpective Laws now in being, as to the ſeveral Places to which the ſaid Goods ſhall be imported or carried, under the Penalty of forfeiting all ſuch Goods, or the Value thereof, together with the Ship or Veſſel in which they ſhall be imported, with all her Guns, Tackle, Furniture, Ammunition, and Apparel; and ſuch Ship and Goods ſhall and may be ſeized, and the ſame, or the Value thereof, ſhall and may be proſecuted in any of his Majeſty's Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, or in *Dublin*, or in any of his Majeſty's Courts in ſuch Land, Iſland, Colony, Territory, or Place where the Offence ſhall be committed, or in the Royal Courts of *Jerſey* and *Guernſey* reſpectively, by Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law ſhall be allowed, or any more than one Imparlance; one Moiety of which Forfeiture ſhall be to the uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety to him or them who ſhall ſeize or ſue for the ſame; except ſuch Offence ſhall be committed in any of his Majeſty's Plantations in *Africa* or *America*; in which Caſe one Third Part of the ſaid Forfeiture ſhall be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, one other Third Part to the Governor of ſuch Land, Iſland, Colony, or Place where the Offence

Offence ſhall be committed, and the other Third Part to the Informer or Proſecutor; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding: And if any Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, or in the Lands, Iſlands, Colonies, Plantations, Territories, or Places aforeſaid, ſhall willingly or knowingly connive at the fraudulent Importation of any ſuch Commodities as is before mentioned, contrary to the true Meaning of the ſaid laſt mentioned Act; or if any ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall take upon him or them to ſeize any of the ſaid Commodities, and ſhall by Fraud or Colluſion deſiſt or delay the Proſecution thereof to Condemnation; he or they ſo conniving, deſiſting, or delaying, ſhall forfeit and loſe the Sum of five hundred Pounds, to be ſued for and recovered in Manner aforeſaid; one Moiety of which Forfeiture to be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof to him or them who will inform and ſue for the ſame; and ſuch Officer or Officers ſhall alſo for the future be incapable of holding any Office or Imployment under his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors. And whereas a Doubt hath ariſen, whether by reaſon of the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, the Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by the Laws now in Force, in the ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, againſt running, or intending to run Goods into that Kingdom, or for landing or carrying the ſame away, without due Entry being made thereof, or paying, or giving Security for the Payment of the Duties thereout due and payable to his Majeſty, can (as to Commodities of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of the *Eaſt-Indies*, mentioned in the ſaid recited Act) be ſued for, and recovered in a ſummary Way, in any other Manner than by Bill, Plaint, or Information in ſome of his Majeſty's Courts of Record in *Dublin*: And whereas divers evil-diſpoſed Perſons have of late been encouraged to run great Quantities of *India* Goods into the Kingdom of *Ireland*, which were not loaden or ſhipped in or from any Part of *Great-Britain*, whereby the Payment of any Duty for the ſame hath been avoided, to the great Diminution of his Majeſty's Revenue in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act; for Remedy whereof, and for obviating and taking away all ſuch Doubts, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the Commiſſioners of Exciſe in the Kingdom of *Ireland* for the time being, or any three of them, or the Sub-Commiſſioners of Exciſe for the time being, or the major Part of them reſpectively, in their reſpective Limits and Diſtricts in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, ſhall, from and after the paſſing of this Act, and they are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine all Offences againſt any Clauſe or Article contained in any Act of Parliament now in Force in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, made for preventing the running or intending to run into the ſaid Kingdom any Commodity of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the *Eaſt-Indies*, or other Places beyond the *Cape of Good Hope*; and the ſaid Commiſſioners and Sub-Commiſſioners ſhall and may, and they are hereby impowered to proceed in a ſummary Way, and hear, determine, and give Judgment or Sentence thereupon, and order and direct the Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, to be recovered and levied in ſuch or the like Manner, as they the ſaid Commiſſioners and Sub-Commiſſioners are enabled to proceed to hear, determine, give Judgment, and levy the Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures in Caſes of Exciſe in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, by any Law, Act, or Acts of Parliament now in Force in that Kingdom; any thing in

Commiſſioners, or Sub-commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Ireland*, to try Offences againſt any Acts for prohibiting the running of *India* Goods,

In a ſummary Way.

in the ſaid Act paſſed in the ſeventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King *George* the Firſt to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Prizage.

This is N°. 4 in Bacons Book of Rates Page 366

IS a Cuſtom due to his Majeſty by Preſcription, and parcel of the ancient Inheritance of the Crown, to be paid out of every Ship bringing in Wines of all ſorts belonging to Subjects.

Prizage is not due until the unlading or breaking of Bulk.

Single Prizage payable in *Ireland*, is one Tun to be taken out of every Ship bringing in the Quantity of nine Tuns, and under eighteen Tuns. Double Prizage, two Tuns for eighteen Tuns or upwards.

The Rates following are ſettled by Agreement to be paid down by the Importer, if the Prizage be not paid in Kind. (*Viz.*)

		l.	*s.*	*d.*
French Wine	Single Prizage	30	0	0
	Double Prizage	45	0	0
Malago Wine and *Sherries*	Single Prizage	40	0	0
	Double Prizage	60	0	0
Canary	Single Prizage	50	0	0
	Double Prizage	75	0	0

The Cuſtom payable to his Majeſty for ſingle Prizage is 15*s.* and for double Prizage 30*s.* by Preſcription.

Butlerage.

This is N°. 4 in Bacons Book of Rates P. 366

IS a Cuſtom payable to his Majeſty, and his Heirs, by Merchants Strangers, of 2*s.* upon every Tun of Wine they import.

Light-Money.

This is N°. 5 in Do. Pge. 368

IS a Tribute of Four Pence *per* Tun, payable to his Majeſty by his Prerogative, for foreign Ships trading to *Ireland*, towards the ſupport of his Majeſty's Light-Houſes, which are erected here for the Safeguard of the Lives of Sea-faring Men; whereby Dangers may be avoided, and ſuch Ships may the better come to their Ports.

The Ports of Ireland *and Places of Shipping and Landing in each, as they were ſettled by the Lord Lieutenant and Council in their Proclamation, dated the 19th of* September, 1662, *purſuant to the Act of* Tunnage *and* Poundage, *and the Act of* Exciſe *or* New Impoſt.

Dublin, the Cuſtom-houſe-Key.
Wexford, { The Common Key. / French's Key.
Roſs, the Cuſtom-Houſe-Key,
Waterford, the whole Key of *Waterford*.
Dungarvan, the Cuſtom-Houſe-Key.
Youghal, the Cuſtom-Houſe-Key.
Corke, the Cuſtom-Houſe-Key.
Kinſale, the Cuſtom-Houſe-Key.
Baltimore, { The Old Cuſtom-Houſe-Key. / The Abby Strand. / Caſtle Strand. / The Caſtle-Key. / Block-Houſe-Key. / The Town Strand. / The Black Rock.
Limerick, { The Key of *Limerick*. / —— the Pooll.
Galway, { The Cuſtom-Houſe-Key. / — *alias* the Town-Key.
Sligo, { The Limekill under *Sligo* Fort. / The *Moyne*, under the Abby of *Moyne*. / *Balliſhannon*.
Killebegs, the uſual Key, or Place of Landing.
Londonderry, the Ship-Key.
Colerain, the Cuſtom-Houſe-Key.
Ballitra, the Cuſtom-Houſe-Key.
Carrickfergus, { The Key of *Carrickfergus*. / The Dock of *Belfaſt*. / The River of *Larne*. / The River of *Glenarme*.
Donaghadee, the Cuſtom-Houſe-Key.
Strangford, { The Key of *Strangford*. / Port Ferry.
Dundalk and *Carlingford*, { The Cuſtom-Houſe-Key.
Drogheda, { The Cuſtom-Houſe-Key. / —— *alias* Town-Key.
Wicklow, { The Cuſtom-Houſe-Key. / — *alias* Town-Key.

* *Wicklow* was made a Port, ſince the Revolution in 1688.

In

In which Proclamation there is the following Paragraph, viz.

And we do appoint the ſaid ſeveral Places at the ſaid ſeveral Ports, and no other, to be the places for lading or landing of any Goods or Merchandizes whatſoever, to be exported out of or imported into this Kingdom; and that it may be lawful for the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms and Exciſe, or any three or more of them by Order under their Hands and Seals, to permit and ſuffer any Pilchards, groſs Goods or Merchandizes to be landed at ſuch other places as they ſhall think convenient and conducing to his Majeſty's profit, or to prohibit under their Hands and Seals as aforeſaid, if they find it for his Majeſty's Service and profit, the lading or landing of Goods or Merchandizes at any of the before-mentioned Creeks or Places, other than the Common Key of each Port, as they ſhall at any time or times hereafter ſee cauſe, according to the Cuſtom and Uſage before the twenty third Day of *October*, one thouſand ſix hundred forty one: Whereof all Perſons concerned are to take Notice, and yield Obedience thereunto, under ſuch Penalties as are expreſſed in the Act or Acts for Cuſtoms and Exciſe.

A Table of Fees, to be taken by the Officers of the ſeveral Cuſtom-Houſes in the Kingdom of Ireland, 1695.

	Cuſtomer s. d.	*Survey. General* s. d.	*Comptroller,* s. d.	*Searcher* s. d.
ENtry or Invoice of every Ship from *England* or *Scotland*, by Natives	1 4	0 4	0 4	1 0
From Foreign parts by Natives	1 8	0 8	0 8	2 0
Ditto, by Strangers	2 0	1 0	1 0	2 6
Outvoice, or Entry of every Ship to *England* or *Scotland*, by Natives	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 6
Entry to Foreign Parts, by Natives	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 6
By Strangers	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0
Clearing in or out, by Natives	0 6	0 3	0 3	0 0
By Strangers	1 4	0 8	0 8	0 0
Clearing in or out, to or from Foreign Parts	1 0	0 6	0 6	0 0
Entry of Goods, to or from *England* or *Scotland*	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 6
Ditto, from Foreign Parts	0 8	0 8	0 8	0 6
Bills of Store, by Natives	0 6	0 6	0 6	0 6
Ditto, for Strangers	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 6
For every Cocquet	1 0	0 9	0 9	0 6

	Cuſtomer	Survey. General	Comp-troller.	Searcher
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Invoice of every Veſſel Coaſt-ways ——	0 2	0 1	0 1	0 3
Warrant for diſcharging Goods Coaſt-ways ——	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 6
Entry of every Coaſting Veſſel outwards ——	0 2	0 1	0 1	0 3
Every Lett-paſs, Tranſire, or Cocquet along the Coaſt, for all Goods for which Bond is given ——	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 6
But in caſe where Duty is paid Inwards, and none Outwards, the Merchant or Owner, ſhall be obliged to take out a Certificate of the Payment of the Duty, and not otherwiſe.				
Certificate for Goods that paid Duty Inwards, and none Outwards —— — —	1 2	0 7	0 7	0 0
For every Coaſt Certificate that is to be returned in diſcharge of a Bond —— — —	1 2	0 8	0 8	0 6
Cancelling or diſcharging Bonds, and filing the Certificate. —— —— —	0 6	0 0	0 0	0 0
Every Endorſement on Cocquets, or Return of a Certificate —— —— —	0 4	0 4	0 4	0 0
For endorſing every Licence for Wool, or other Goods —— —— ——	0 4	0 0	0 0	0 0
Certificate for landing Coals —— ——	1 2	0 4	0 4	0 0
For Bonds to his Majeſty's Uſe forEmployment--	1 6	0 0	0 0	0 0
Bonds to his Majeſty's Uſe on all Occaſions, except for Employment —— ——	1 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Certificate upon Warrant from the chief Governor paying no Duty—— —— ——	1 6	0 9	0 9	0 0
Cocquet of every great Ship laden with Corn exported out of the Kingdom, 100 Tuns, burden and upwards —— ——	0 0	0 0	0 0	6 8
The like for every ſmall Bark laden with Corn under 100 Tuns, exported out of the Kingdom, and not otherwiſe —— —— —	0 0	0 0	0 0	3 4
Every Dicker of tann'd Hides —— ——	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 2
Every Tun of Liquors, *Gauger*, —— —— ——				4d.
Every Barrel of Beef, Herrings, *&c. Gauger*, —— ——				½.
Every Tun of Tallow, Butter, *&c. Gauger*, —— ——				10d.
Every Pack of Yarn, Frize, Skins, *&c. Packer*. —— ——				4d.

Fees

Fees to be taken for Cranage *and* Wharfage, *joyntly and never ſeparately, in the Port of* Dublin *only*, viz.

FOR all Liquids and all dry Goods in Cask, and for all weighable Commodities *per* Tun, for both Cranage and Wharfage, *Craner* —— —6*d.*
For looſe Rheams or Bundles of Paper, *per* 100 *Craner* —— —— 4*d.*
For Bags of Wool, Hops, Horſe-packs, Packs of Skins, or Cheſts of Glaſs, or Earthen Ware, Trunks or Caſes, Cribbs of Glaſs, Bales of Paper, Hampers and Baſkets of Bottles, and the like, in or out, *Craner* — —— 2*d.*
For Barrels of Anchovies, Capers, Keggs of Sturgeon, Jars of Oil, and Olives, and the like, *per* ſcore Inwards, *Craner* — —— —— 2*d.*
For Calve-ſkins, Goat-ſkins, and Pelts looſe, the 100 containing ten dozen, in or out, *Craner* — —— —— —— —— 1*d.*
For Boxes, Bundles, Truſſes, Barrels, and the like Inwards, each *Craner* —— —— —— —— —— —— 1*d.*
For every hundred of Barrels of Lamb-black, *Craner* —— —— 2*d*
For Beef, Herrings, Butter, Tallow, Pork, Cheeſe, and Salmon *per* Tun Outwards, *Craner* —— —— —— —— 4*d*
For any other Goods not here mentioned, that ſhall come to the Crane, *per* Tun *Craner* —— —— —— —— —— 6*d.*
For every hundred and twenty Deal Boards, or Salt and Tann'd Hides, *Craner* —— —— —— —— —— —— 2*d.*
For Grain and Meal of all ſorts, Salt and Coals, *per* Tun, at ten Barrels to the Tun, *Craner* — —— —— —— —— 1*d.*
Timber, *per* Tun, *Craner* — — — — —— 6*d.*
Every thouſand of Pan Tyles, to pay, *Craner* — — — 3*d.*

None of the above Goods to pay the above Cranage *or* Wharfage, *or any other Fee, unleſs the Merchant or Owner ſhall actually Land them at the Cuſtom-Houſe-Key, or Ship them off thence.*

It is agreed upon between the Maſters, Wardens and Brethren, of the Guild of Merchants, Dublin, *and the ſeveral Patent-Officers of the Cuſtom-Houſe, above-mentioned, that the above Fees ſhall be taken for the future, and none other.*

Ex. per THO. TILSON, *Cler. Parl. Dom. Com.*

Forms

Forms of Informations upon the Act for imported Exciſe, which, with the Judicial Proceedings thereupon, are to be entred in a Book kept for that Purpoſe by the Sub-Commiſſioners or Collectors of each Port or Diſtrict.

Forms of Informations upon a Seizure.

BE it remembred, That upon the day of in the Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King's Majeſty that now is, *G. H.* came in his own proper Perſon before {*me* / *us*} the Sub-Commiſſioner, or Sub-Commiſſioners, of his Majeſty's Revenue of Exciſe and New Impoſt for the Port of *C.* at the Office of Exciſe in and did then and there give {*me* / *us*} the ſaid Sub-Commiſſioners to underſtand, and to be informed, that betwixt the * day of laſt paſt, and the Day of exhibiting this Information, he the ſaid *G. H.* did in the Port of *C.* ſeize to the Uſe of our Sovereign Lord the King, and himſelf, certain Goods, (*viz.*) being the Goods of a Perſon or Perſons unknown, for that the ſame being exciſeable Goods were imported into this Kingdom, from Parts beyond the Seas, and taken up or diſcharged out of a certain Ship or Veſſel (not being in Leak or Wrack) before the ſaid Ship or Veſſel was firſt entred in the Cuſtom-houſe of the ſaid Port of *C.* or at, or in, or upon ſome other Place or Places, than upon the open Keys, Wharfs, landing Places, or Slips of the ſaid Port, as the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other Chief Governors and Privy-Council of this Realm, for the time being, have therefore aſſigned and appointed, or at unlawful Hours or Times, or without the Cognizance, Knowledge, Privity, or Conſent of ſuch Officer or Officers as was aboard the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, attending the unlading thereof, or before due Entry and Payment of the Exciſe due, and payable thereupon, contrary to the Form of the Statute, in that Caſe made and provided. And therefore the ſaid *A. B.* prays the Judgment of the aforeſaid Sub-Commiſſioner, or Sub-Commiſſioners, that the ſaid Goods may remain forfeited; one Moiety thereof to the Uſe of his ſaid Majeſty, and the other to the Informer, as by the Law is directed.

*The Time limited, is 6 Months by 14 and 15 *Car.* 2. *C.* 8.

Under-

Underneath this Information enter this Rule.

IF no Perſon claims the Propriety of the Goods in the above Information mentioned, within 21 Days from the Date hereof,

{*I* / *we*} adjudge them forfeited and recovered as by the Law is directed,

{*A. B.* / *C. D.*} Sub-Commiſſioners.

After the Twenty one Days are expired, if no Claim be entred, then Enter Judgment thus.

NO Perſon having laid Claim to the Goods in the above Information mentioned, within the time limited by the Act of Exciſe {*I* / *We*} adjudge them forfeited and recovered, one Moiety thereof to the uſe of his Majeſty, and the other to the Informer, and to be ſold by Inch of Candle, as by the Law is directed. Dated this Day of

{*A. B.* / *C. D.*} Sub-Commiſſioners.

But in caſe of a Claim, this Rule to be entred.

E. F. of came this Day before {*Me* / *Us*} the Sub-Commiſſioners aforeſaid, and laid Claim to the Goods in the above Information mentioned. *E. F. Merchant.*

{*I* / *We*} the Sub-Commiſſioners aforeſaid, do appoint {*Monday* / *Tueſday*} the Day of next, at of the Clock in the {*Fore* / *After*} noon, at in this Port, for the Hearing and determining this Matter, of which all Perſons concern'd are to take Notice.

{*A. B.* / *C. D.*} Sub-Commiſſioners.

Notwithſtanding

Notwithſtanding this Publication, it may not be amiſs to give the Parties Notice by Summons, and upon their Appearance, to proceed to hear the Evidence.

The Form of the Summons.

YOU are hereby Summoned to appear before {*Me* / *Us*} Sub-Commiſſioner or Sub-Commiſſioners aforeſaid, at in upon the Day of at a Clock in the {*Fore* / *After*} noon, to make your Anſwer, and Defence, to an Information exhibited againſt you, at which Time and Place, {*I* / *We*} Sub-Commiſſioners will proceed to hearing of the Cauſe, Examination of Witneſſes, and final Sentence.

L. M. being Sworn for the King, Depoſeth, That, *&c.*

I. K. Sworn, likewiſe for the King, Depoſeth, That, *&c.*

At which time and Place, the Plaintiff *G. H.* and alſo the Defendant *E. F.* appeared, and the Cauſe being heard before {*Me* / *Us*} Sub-Commiſſioner or Sub-Commiſſioners of Exciſe, and Proof being made as afore-written, to juſtify the Information, {*I* / *We*} do adjudge the Goods mentioned in the Information, to be Forfeited and Confiſcated, one Moiety to our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other to the Informer.

Or do adjudge, That the Goods in the Information mentioned, are not forfeited, and therefore are acquitted from the ſaid Information.

A. B. / *C. D.* Sub-Commiſſioners.

If the Sub-Commiſſioners do think the Caſe at any time ſo Equitable or Commiſerable, as to admit it to Compoſition, which is not to be done, but in ſmall matters, (unleſs by Order of the Chief Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue) then the Informer and Claimer, to enter their Submiſſion under the Information, thus,

I *G. H.* do, for as much as concerns me in the Information above-written, ſubmit the ſame to ſuch Compoſition, as the Sub-Commiſſioners ſhall think fit to ſettle and appoint. *G. H.*

And I *E. F.* Claimer of the Goods (or Defendant to the Information above-written) do the ſame. *E. F.*

We

We do order and appoint that the aforeſaid *E. F.* ſhall forthwith pay the Informer *G. H.* the Sum of and the like Sum to the Hands of for his Majeſty's uſe, for the Offence aforeſaid,

A. B.
C. D. } Sub-Commiſſioners.

An Information againſt an Owner, Maſter, Purſer, or Perſon taking Charge of a Ship.

BE it remembered, That upon the Day of in the Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King's Majeſty that now is, *A. B.* came in his own proper Perſon before {*Me* / *Us*} Sub-Commiſſioners and did then and there on the behalf of our Sovereign Lord the King, and himſelf, give {*Me* / *Us*} the ſaid Sub-Commiſſioners to underſtand, and to be informed, That betwixt the Day of laſt paſt, and the Day of exhibiting this Information, *G. H.* being Owner, Maſter, Purſer, or Perſon taking Charge of the Ship called the *A.* of arriving from Parts beyond the Seas, did ſuffer certain Goods and Merchandizes, *(viz.)*
to be taken up or diſcharged out of the ſaid Ship, (not being in Leak or Wrack) and to be delivered at, or in ſome other Place or Places than upon the open Key, Wharfs, landing Places or Slips of the ſaid Port, as the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other Chief Governor, and Privy-Council of this Realm for the time being, have therefore aſſigned and appointed, or at unlawful Hours or Times, or without the Cognizance, Knowledge, Privity or Conſent of ſuch Officer or Officers as was aboard the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, attending the unlading thereof, or before due Entry or Payment of the Exciſe, due and payable thereupon, or to be hid and concealed on Board, with intent to be Run, without paying the Duty for the ſame, contrary to the Form of the Statute in that Caſe made and provided, whereby the ſaid *G. H.* hath forfeited one hundred Pounds. And therefore the ſaid *A. B.* prays the Judgment of the Sub-Commiſſioners aforeſaid, againſt the ſaid *G. H.* that he may forfeit one hundred Pounds, one Moiety thereof to the King, and the other to himſelf, as by the Law is directed.

An Information againſt an Owner, Maſter, Purſer or Perſon taking Charge of a Ship, not ſuffering the Officers to do their Duty.

BE it remembered, That upon the Day of in the Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King's Majeſty that now is, *A. B.* came in his own proper Perſon before {*Me* / *Us*} Sub-

Commiſſioners, and did then, and there, on the behalf of our Sovereign Lord the King and himſelf, give {Me / Us} the ſaid Sub-Commiſſioners to underſtand, and to be informed, that betwixt the Day of laſt paſt, and the Day of exhibiting this Information *C. D.* Being Maſter, Owner or Commander of the Ship or Veſſel called the *E.* of coming from Parts beyond the Seas, did there and then refuſe to permit or ſuffer certain Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the ſaid Port of appointed for that Purpoſe to make Search for Goods and Commodities exciſeable aboard the ſaid *E.* of or to remain on board the ſaid Ship or Veſſel, according to their Duty, but on the contrary did forcibly hinder and oppoſe the ſaid Officers ſo upon Duty and in Execution of their Office as aforeſaid, contrary to the Form of the Statute, in that caſe made and provided, whereby the ſaid *C. D.* hath forfeited fifty Pounds, and therefore the ſaid *A. B.* prays Judgment of the ſaid Sub-Commiſſioners that he may forfeit the ſaid Sum of fifty Pounds, as by the Law is directed.

An Information againſt Mariners.

BE it remembred that upon the Day of in the Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King's Majeſty that now is, *A. B.* came in his own proper Perſon before {Me / Us} Sub-Commiſſioners, and did then and there on the behalf of our Sovereign Lord the King and himſelf, give, {Me / Us} to underſtand and to be informed, that betwixt the Day of laſt paſt, and the Day of exhibiting this Information, *I. F.* and *H. F.* being Mariners, Seamen, or Perſons employed aboard the Ship, or Veſſel called the *A.* of arriving from Parts beyond the Seas, (whereof *I. G.* is Owner or Maſter, or ſo deputed) did conſent and aſſiſt, or were preſent at the delivering of certain Goods, (*viz.*) out of the ſaid Ship (not being in Leak or Wrack) and to be delivered at, or in ſome other Place, or Places, than upon the open Key, Wharfs, Landing-places, or Slips of the ſaid Port, as the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor and Privy Council of this Realm, for the time being, have therefore aſſign'd and appointed, or at unlawful Hours or Times, or without the Cognizance, Knowledge, Privity or Conſent of ſuch Officer or Officers, as was aboard the ſaid Ship or Veſſel attending the unlading thereof, or before due Entry or Payment of the Exciſe due and payable thereupon, contrary to the Form of the Statute in that caſe made and provided; whereby the ſaid *I. F.* and *H. F.* have forfeited each of them ten Pounds, and therefore the ſaid *A. B.* prays the Judgment of the Sub-Commiſſioners aforeſaid, againſt them the ſaid *I. F.* and *H. F.* that they may forfeit ten Pounds a piece accordingly, one Moiety thereof to the King, and the other to the Informer as by the Law is directed.

An Information againſt an Owner, Maſter or Commander of any Coaſting Ship or Veſſel that ſhall receive on Board, or Diſcharge, or unſhip exciſeable Goods, contrary to Law; as alſo againſt Perſons aiding, abetting, aſſiſting, or knowing thereof.

BE it remembered, That upon the Day of in the Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King's Majeſty that now is, *A. B.* came in his own proper Perſon before {*Me* / *Us*} Sub-Commiſſioners, and did then and there, on the behalf of our Sovereign Lord the King, and himſelf, give {*Me* / *Us*} the ſaid Sub-Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners to underſtand, and to be informed, that betwixt the Day of laſt paſt, and the Day of exhibiting this Information, *C. D.* being Owner, Maſter or Commander of a certain Ship, or coaſting Veſſel, did in the Port of receive on Board, or diſcharge, or deliver on Shore, or into a certain Gabbard, Lighter or other Boat, to be carried on Shore, certain Exciſeable Goods or Commodities, *viz.* (the ſaid Ship or coaſting Veſſel coming from the Port of in this Realm, and not being in Leak or Wrack) at unſeaſonable Hours or Times, or at, or in ſome other Place or Places, than upon the open Key, Wharfs, Landing-places or Slips of the ſaid Port, as the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy or other chief Governor, and Privy Council of this Realm for the time being, have therefore aſſigned and appointed, or without Licence firſt had, or without the Cognizance, Knowledge, Privity, or Conſent of ſuch Officer, or Officers, as was attending the lading or unlading of the ſaid Ship, or Veſſel, or before due Entry and Payment of the Exciſe due and payable thereupon. And further that *E. F. G. H.* and *I. K.* (being Mariners or Sea-men) were aiding, abetting, aſſiſting, or Perſons knowing thereof, whereby the ſaid *C. D.* as Owner, Maſter, or Commander of the ſaid Ship or Veſſel hath forfeited the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and the ſaid *E. F. G. H.* and *I. K.* each of them the Sum of Five Pounds, as being ſo aiding, abetting, aſſiſting, or knowing thereof as aforeſaid, and therefore the ſaid *A. B.* prays Judgment of the Sub-Commiſſioner, or Sub-Commiſſioners aforeſaid, againſt the ſaid *C. D.* that he may forfeit accordingly the ſaid Sum of twenty Pounds; As alſo againſt the ſaid *E. F. G. H.* and *I. K.* that they likewiſe may forfeit each of them the Sum of five Pounds as aforeſaid, one Moiety thereof to the King, and the other to himſelf, as by the Law is directed.

Note, *That the ſame manner of Proceedings will be requiſite in the aforegoing Informations, and the ſame way of Summons to Perſons concerned, as in the firſt Caſe, or Information is directed.*

An Information againſt a Boat, Gabbard or Wherry, &c. and Perſons taking Charge of the ſame.

BE it Remembred, That upon the day of in the Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King's Majeſty that now is, *A. B.* came in his own proper Perſon before {*Me* / *Us*} Sub-Commiſſioners and did then, and there give {*Me* / *Us*} to underſtand, and to be informed, that betwixt the Day of laſt paſt, and the Day of exhibiting this Information, there was ſeized or found certain Goods, *viz.* in the Port of *D.* in a certain Gabbard, Lighter, Boat, Wherry, Skiff, or other Veſſel, whereof *N. T.* and *T. R.* were Perſons having Charge, which Goods (belonging to ſome Perſon, or Perſons unknown) were imported into this Kingdom from Parts beyond the Seas, and taken up, or diſcharged out of a certain Ship or Veſſel, (not being in Leak or Wrack) and to be delivered at, or in ſome other Place or Places than upon the open Key, Wharfs, Landing-places, or Slips of the ſaid Port, as the Lord Lieutenant, Lord Deputy, or other chief Governor and Privy Council of this Realm for the time being, have therefore aſſigned and appointed, or at unlawful Hours or Times, or without the Cognizance, Knowledge, Privity, or Conſent of ſuch Officer, or Officers as was aboard attending the unlading of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, or before due Entry or payment of the Exciſe, due and payable thereupon; or did carry the ſame aboard ſome other Ship or Veſſel contrary to the Form of the Statute in that caſe made and provided. And therefore the ſaid *A. B.* craves Judgment, that the ſaid Gabbard, Lighter, Boat, Wherry, Skiff, or other Veſſel may be forfeited, and that the ſaid *N. T.* and *T. R.* may likewiſe forfeit each of them ten Pounds a-piece, one Moiety thereof to our Sovereign Lord the King, and the other to himſelf as by the Law is directed.

The aforeſaid Information will fit for any Perſon aſſiſting Wharfinger, Carmen, and for Seizure of Horſes.

An Information againſt Exciſeable Goods, found hid or concealed aboard any Veſſel Inwards, with Intent to be landed or carried away without due Entry and Payment of Duty.

BE it remembred, that upon the Day of in the Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King's Majeſty

Majeſty that now is, *A. B.* came before {*Me* / *Us*} Sub-commiſſioners, on behalf of his Majeſty, and himſelf, and gave us to underſtand, that betwixt the Day of laſt paſt, and the Day of exhibiting this Information, he did ſeize the Goods following, *viz.*
for that the ſaid Goods being exciſeable Goods were found on Board a Ship or Veſſel, and there hid or concealed with intent to be carried away without due Entry firſt had and made of the ſame, or Payment of the Exciſe, due and payable thereupon, which is contrary to the Form of the Statute in that caſe made and provided, and therefore prays the Judgment of the ſaid Sub-Commiſſioners that the ſaid Goods may remain forfeited, one Moiety to the King, and the other to the Informer, as by the Law is directed. The Proceedings upon this muſt be as upon the former Caſes by Summons, *&c.* and examining of Witneſſes to prove the Concealment and Intention of Fraud.

An Information againſt Exciſeable Goods Entred by a wrong Denomination.

BE it remembred, that upon the Day of in the Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord the King's Majeſty that now is, *A. B.* came before {*Me* / *Us*} Sub-Commiſſioners, on behalf of his Majeſty, and himſelf, and gave us to underſtand, that betwixt the Day of laſt paſt, and the Day of exhibiting this Information, he did ſeize the Goods following, *viz.* For that the ſaid Goods belonging to one *C. D.* Merchant entring the ſame, were imported from Parts beyond the Seas, and by a Permit or Warrant, from one or more of the Officers of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms in the ſaid Port of brought to that Cuſtom-houſe and there viewed. That the ſaid *C. D.* did after ſuch view made, enter the ſaid Goods not according to their Quality, true Denomination and Kind as abovesaid, but on the contrary did enter the ſaid Goods by another and wrong Denomination, and did not pay his Majeſty's Duty, according to the true Quality and Denomination of the ſaid Goods, thereby intending to defraud his Majeſty of the Duty of Exciſe, or New Impoſt due thereupon. And therefore the ſaid *A. B.* prays the Judgment of the Sub-Commiſſioners aforeſaid, that the ſaid Goods and their Value may remain forfeited, one Moiety to the Uſe of his ſaid Majeſty, and the other to the Informer as by the Law is directed.

In

In the Caſe of Brewers, Vintners, Inn-keepers, Ale-Houſe-keepers, Diſtillers or Retailers of Strong-Waters, or any ſort of Liquors, the like Proceeding is to be againſt Offenders by Information, Summons, Proof and Judgment, and due Record thereof kept by the Commiſſioners, Sub-Commiſſioners, &c. And for the ſeveral Caſes, the Forms of Informations are to be as followeth, viz.

Forms of Informations

Againſt a Brewer, &c. for not entring and paying Weekly.

A. B. APpearing before *C. D.* Sub-Commiſſioner, or Sub-Commiſſioners of Exciſe, *&c.* Informeth as well on the behalf of our Sovereign Lord the King, as himſelf, that *E. F.* Common Brewer of Beer or Ale, (or Diſtiller of Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters) betwixt the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* hath made, brewed or diſtilled ſeveral Quantities of Beer, Ale, and Strong-Waters, whereof he hath not made due and true weekly Entry, nor paid Exciſe of the ſame, (or whereof having made due Entry, he hath not weekly paid Exciſe of the ſame) at the Office of Exciſe, under which he now liveth, but hath neglected, or refuſed to do the ſame, contrary to the Statute in that behalf, made and provided; and therefore the ſaid *A. B.* craveth Proceſs, Judgment and Execution, againſt the ſaid *E. F.* according as in and by the Statute in that behalf is directed and appointed.

Againſt a Brewer, &c. for refuſing the Gauger to Gauge.

A. B. APpearing, *&c.* Informeth, *&c.* that *E. F.* (Brewer or Diſtiller) did refuſe to permit *G. H.* Gauger for the Exciſe appointed for that purpoſe, to enter into his Brew-Houſe, Out-Houſe, Store-Houſe, or Stilling-Houſe, when he demanded liberty to gauge all Coppers, Fats, Keeves, or other Veſſels in the ſame, and to take account of all Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ, or Strong-Waters, brewed, made or diſtilled, and that the ſaid *E. F.* being forbidden to carry or deliver out any Beer or Ale, (or retail any more Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters) did nevertheleſs ſince, that is to ſay, at or upon, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* deliver out, *&c.* Barrels of Ale or Beer, or retail, *&c.* Gallons of Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters, and therefore the ſaid *A. B.* craveth, Proceſs, *&c.*

Againſt

Againſt a Brewer, &c. for hiding and concealing his Drink or Strong-Waters from the Gauger.

A. B. APpearing, *&c.* Informeth, *&c.* That *E. F.* Brewer or Diſtiller, having admitted *G. H.* Gauger for the Exciſe appointed for that purpoſe, to enter into his Brew-Houſe, Out-Houſe, Still-Houſe, and Store-Houſe, to Gauge and take account of his Beer, Ale, or Aquavitæ and Strong-Waters, did upon the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* hide and conceal, *&c.* Barrels (or, *&c.* Gallons) of his Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ, or Strong-Waters, from the Gauge, View, or Sight of the ſaid *G. H.* contrary to the Statute in that behalf made and provided; and alſo the ſaid *E. F.* being forbidden to carry or deliver out any Beer or Ale, (or retail any Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters,) did nevertheleſs ſince deliver out, *&c.* Barrels of Ale or Beer, (or retail, *&c.* Gallons of Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters;) and therefore the ſaid *A. B.* craveth Proceſs, Judgment and Execution againſt the ſaid *E. F.*

Againſt a Brewer, &c. for making uſe of a private Tun.

A. B. APpearing, *&c.* Informeth, *&c.* That *E. F.* being a Common Brewer of Beer or Ale, (or Diſtiller of Aquavitæ, or Strong-Waters) hath, at, or upon the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* made uſe of a private Tun, Copper, Fat, Keeve, Still, Alimbeck or other Veſſel, for the making and brewing of Ale or Beer, or diſtilling of Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters, without acquainting or giving Notice thereof to the Gauger or Gaugers, or other Officer appointed to gauge his Veſſels, *&c.* and alſo the ſaid *E. F.* being forbidden to carry or deliver out any Beer or Ale, (or Retail any Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters,) did, nevertheleſs ſince deliver out, *&c.* Barrels of Ale or Beer, (or Retail, *&c.* Gallons of Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters,) and therefore, the ſaid *A. B.* craveth Proceſs, Judgment and Execution, againſt the ſaid *E. F.* &c.

Againſt a Vintner, Ale-Houſe-Keeper, &c. for brewing his own Drink and Waters without entring into Bond.

A. B. APpearing, *&c.* Informeth, *&c.* That *E. F.* Vintner, Inn-Keeper, Victualler, Ale-Houſe-Keeper, *&c.* uſing common ſelling of Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters, by Retail, hath made, brewed or diſtilled his Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters, without entring into Bond to our Sovereign Lord the King, with ſufficient Sureties for the true Entry and paying Weekly, or every fourteen Days, at the Office of Exciſe, under which he liveth, the Exciſe of all his Beer, Ale, Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters, contrary to the Statute in that behalf made, this being the firſt (or ſecond or third) Offence

of

of the ſaid *E. F.* and therefore the ſaid *A. B.* craveth Proceſs, Judgment and Execution, *&c.*

Againſt a Vintner, Victualler, Ale-Houſe-Keeper, &c. *compounding and ſelling Drink by Barrel, half Barrel,* &c.

A. B. APpearing, Informeth, *&c.* That *E. F.* Vintner, Inn-Keeper, Victualler, or Ale-Houſe-keeper, having compounded (or given Bond) for Entry and Payment of his Exciſe, doth nevertheleſs vend or diſpoſe of his Beer or Ale to *J. K.* &c. by the Barrel, or half Barrel, Kilderkin, Ferkin or Gallon, for the private Expence or Conſumption otherwiſe of the ſaid *J. K.* who hath made default of Payment of double Exciſe of the ſame, according as by the Statute in that caſe is required, and therefore the ſaid *A. B.* craveth Proceſs, Judgment and Execution, *&c.*

Againſt one buying Drink from the Retailer, &c:

A. B. APpearing, Informeth, *&c.* That *I. K.* of, *&c.* having betwixt the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* bought and received ſundry Barrels, half Barrels, Kilderkins, Ferkins, or Gallons of Beer or Ale, for his private Expence or Conſumption otherwiſe, of *E. F.* of, *&c.* Victualler, Inn-Keeper, *&c.* who hath compounded (or given Bond) for Entry and Payment of his Exciſe; and that the ſaid *I. K.* hath made default of Payment of double the Exciſe of the, *&c.* Barrels, half Barrels, *&c.* as aforeſaid, according as by the Statute in that caſe is required, and therefore the ſaid *A. B.* craveth, *&c.*

Againſt a Victualler, &c. *brewing part, and taking part of his Drink from a Common Brewer,* &c.

A. B. INformeth, That *E. F. &c.* being a Vintner, Inn-Keeper, Victualler, Ale-Houſe-Keeper, (or one ſelling Beer or Ale by Retail) doth not Weekly brew and make his own Beer and Ale, but hath on, about, or betwixt the, *&c.* Day of *&c.* taken part thereof, that is to ſay, &c. Barrels of Beer or Ale, [*according to the Quantity and Quality thereof,*] from *R. R.* who is a common Brewer of Beer and Ale, and as if he had brewed the ſame himſelf, hath not paid Exciſe, according as by the Statute in that caſe is required, therefore the ſaid *A. B.* craveth Proceſs, Judgment, &c.

Before

Before the proceeding to Hearing and Judgment upon the Information, Notice ought to be given to the Perſons informed againſt, and alſo to Witneſſes, if it be neceſſary or required: And if ſuch Perſon or Witneſſes ſhall not appear, Oath is to be made thereof by the Perſon ſummoning, and that being Recorded, then proceed as directed.

The Form of a Summons to give Evidence.

YOU are to take Notice, That you are hereby ſummoned perſonally to appear before, &c. Commiſſioners (or Sub-Commiſſioners,) of Exciſe, at the Office of Exciſe in, &c. upon the, &c. Day of, &c. by, &c. of the Clock in the, &c. then and there to give Teſtimony on behalf of his Majeſty, upon an Information exhibited the, &c. Day of, &c. againſt *E. F.* and hereof you are not to fail, upon pain of forfeiting ten Pounds or being impriſoned, as by the Statute in that caſe is directed and appointed. Dated the, &c. Day of

To *G. D.*

A Summons to a Party to defend himſelf.

YOU are hereby to take Notice, That you are ſummoned to appear in Perſon before, &c. Sub-Commiſſioner (or Sub-Commiſſioners) of Exciſe, at the Office of Exciſe, in, and upon the, &c. Day of, &c. by, &c. of the Clock in the &c. then, and there to make your Anſwer and Defence unto an Information exhibited againſt you: And in caſe you ſhall wilfully neglect or refuſe to appear at the Day, Time and Place aforeſaid, or appearing, ſhall depart before you are called, you are hereby to take notice, that the Sub-Commiſſioner (or Sub-Commiſſioners, &c. will proceed to hearing of the Cauſe and Examination of the Witneſſes, and to final Sentence, as if you had been preſent and defended yourſelf, according as by the Statute in that caſe is directed. Dated the Day of, &c. To *E. F.*

After full Hearing of the Cauſe, Judgment is to be entred either for the King and the Informer, or for the Defendant, as the Proof ſhall make out, and the particular Offences and Penalties ſo adjudged, are to be expreſſed in the ſaid Entry of Judgment, and accordingly, Warrants of Diſtreſs are to be iſſued out in the Forms following, viz.

A Warrant of Diſtreſs to be iſſued out againſt a Brewer, &c. *after Judgment given againſt him, for not entring and paying weekly*, &c.

Exciſe-Office. WHEREAS upon Proof made before me, *C. D.* Sub-Commiſſioner, or before us, *&c.* Sub-Commiſſioners of Exciſe, appointed for [*recite the Places for which you have Commiſſion to be Sub-Commiſſioner.*] *Or thus,*

Whereas upon Confeſſion of *E. F.* made before me *C. D.* Sub-Commiſſioner, (or us, *&c.* Sub-Commiſſioners, as aforeſaid) it appears, that *E. F.* of, *&c.* Brewer or Diſtiller, from the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* hath made, brewed or diſtilled, ten Barrels of Beer or Ale, (*expreſſing the Quantity*) or ten Gallons of Aqua-vitæ or Strong-waters, without weekly making due Entry, or Payment of the Exciſe for the ſame, at the Office of Exciſe under which he liveth, and in ſo doing, he hath according to the Statute for Exciſe, been adjudged by me *C. D.* Sub-Commiſſioner, (or us, *&c.* Sub-Commiſſioners of Exciſe, as aforeſaid) to have forfeited twenty Pounds for his firſt, or forty Pounds for his ſecond, or ſixty Pounds for his third Week's Neglect of entring and paying weekly, together with double the Value of the ten Barrels of Beer and Ale, made or brewed, (or ten Gallons of Aqua-vitæ or Strong-Waters, made and diſtilled) without Entry and Payment as aforeſaid, amounting to the Sum of, *&c.* (*expreſſing the double Value of the Beer, Ale, or Strong-Waters.*) Theſe are therefore to authorize and require you, or either of you, to diſtrain ſuch, or ſo much of the Goods and Chattels of the ſaid *E. F.* as may be ſufficient to ſatisfy the Sum of, *&c.* by him forfeited as aforeſaid: And all Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Portriffs, Sovereigns, Conſtables, and all other his Majeſty's Officers, are hereby reſpectively prayed and required to be aiding and aſſiſting unto you and either of you, in the due Execution hereof, according as the Statute for Exciſe requires. Dated the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* in the Year of our Lord, *&c.* and in the, *&c.* Year of the Reign of our Sovereign King, *&c.*

To *A. B.* and *P. Q.* or either of them.

Againſt

Againſt a Brewer, &c. refuſing the Gauger Entrance.

WHEREAS upon Proof made, *&c.* it appears, That *E. F.* common Brewer, Vintner, Inn-keeper, Ale-houſe-keeper, or Diſtiller of Aqua-vitæ or Strong-Waters, did on the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* refuſe to permit *G. H.* Gauger or Searcher for the Exciſe, duly authorized thereunto, to enter into his Houſe, Brew-houſe, Out-houſe, Stores or Diſtilling-houſe, to gauge, or take account of his Brewing Veſſels, Coppers, Fats, Keeves or Alimbecks, and of his Beer, Ale, or Aqua-vitæ and Strong-Waters, brewed, made, or diſtilled: And altho' he was thereupon forbidden by the ſaid *G. H.* to carry or deliver out any Beer or Ale, (or to retail any more Beer, Ale, Aqua-vitæ or Strong-Waters) that he the ſaid *E. F.* hath nevertheleſs ſince (that is to ſay, at or upon the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.*) carried or delivered out three Barrels of Beer or Ale, (or retailed betwixt the, *&c.* Days of, *&c.* Barrels of Beer or Ale, or, *&c.* Gallons of Aqua-vitæ or Strong-Waters) and in ſo doing, hath, according to the Statute for Exciſe, been adjudg'd by, *&c.* to have forfeited Fifty Pounds, [*if he be a common Brewer, or elſe Five Pounds if a Victualler, Diſtiller,* &c.] beſides double the Value of the Barrels of Beer or Ale carried or delivered out as aforeſaid, (or of the, *&c.* Barrels of Beer, Ale, or, *&c.* Gallons of Aqua-vitæ or Strong-Waters retailed as aforeſaid, *if he be a Victualler, Diſtiller,* &c.) amounting to the Sum of, *&c.* Theſe are therefore, *&c.* (*as in the firſt Warrant of Diſtreſs.*)

To *A. B.* &c.

Againſt a Brewer, for uſing a private Tun, &c.

WHEREAS, *&c.* it appears, that *E. F. &c.* hath between the, *&c.* Days of, *&c.* or at or upon the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* made uſe of a private Tun, Copper, Fat, Keeve, Still or Alimbeck, [*expreſſing the Veſſel*] for the making, brewing or diſtilling of his Beer, Ale, or Aqua-vitæ and Strong-Waters, without acquainting or giving publick Notice thereof unto the Gauger or Searcher appointed thereunto: And in ſo doing, hath, according to the Statute for Exciſe, been adjudg'd by, *&c.* to have forfeited the Sum of Twenty Pounds [*if a common Brewer*] or Five Pounds [*if any other.*] Theſe are therefore, *&c.* [*as in the preceding Warrants.*]

To *A. B.* &c.

Againſt one for hiding or concealing Drink.

WHEREAS, *&c.* it appears, that, *&c. E. F. &c.* did on, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* hide or conceal, *&c.* Barrels of Beer, Ale, or, *&c.* Gallons of Aqua-vitæ or Strong-Waters, by him made, brewed or diſtilled, from the Gauge, View or Sight of the Gauger, or Searcher, appointed to gauge or take Account of the ſame; and in ſo doing, hath, according to the Statute for Exciſe, been adjudged, *&c.* to have forfeited the Sum of Twenty Pounds, [*if a common Brewer*] or elſe Five Pounds, [*if any other.*] Theſe are therefore, *&c.* [*as before.*]

To *A. B.* &c.

Againſt a Vintner, Victualler, &c. *for brewing, without entring into Bond.*

WHEREAS, *&c.* it appears, that, *&c. E. F.* Vintner, Inn-keeper, *&c.* uſing common ſelling of Beer, Ale, Aqua-vitæ, or Strong-Waters by Retail, hath at or upon [*ſuch or ſuch a Day, or between ſuch or ſuch a time*] made, brewed or diſtilled, *&c.* Barrels of Beer, Ale, or, *&c.* Gallons of Aqua-vitæ or Strong-Waters, without entring into Bond to our Sovereign Lord the King, with ſufficient Sureties for the true Entry and Payment of the Exciſe of the ſame, and in ſo doing, hath, according to the Statute for Exciſe, been adjudged by, *&c.* to have forfeited the Sum of Twenty Shillings, (*this being his firſt Offence*) or the Sum of Forty Shillings, (*this being his ſecond Offence*) or the Sum of Three Pounds, (*this being his third Offence.*) Theſe are therefore, *&c.* [*as before.*]

To *J. C.* &c.

Againſt one compounding, &c. *ſelling by the Barrel,* &c.

WHEREAS, *&c.* it appears, *&c.* that *E. F. &c.* having compounded or given Bond for Entry and Payment of his Exciſe, did nevertheleſs at or upon the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* vend and diſpoſe of, *&c.* Barrels, or Half-barrels, Kilderkins, *&c.* of his Beer or Ale, unto *J. K. &c.* who hath made default of paying double the Exciſe thereof: And foraſmuch as the ſaid *E. F.* in ſo doing, hath, according to the Statute for Exciſe, been adjudged by, *&c.* to have forfeited the Sum of Forty Shillings. Theſe are therefore, *&c.*

To *W. R.* &c.

Againſt

Againſt one buying and receiving Beer, &c. by the Barrel from one compounding, &c.

WHEREAS, *&c.* it appears, *&c.* that *I. K.* hath at or upon the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* bought or received, *&c.* Barrels or Half-Barrels, Kilderkins, *&c.* of Beer, or Ale, of or from *E. F. &c.* who compounded, or elſe hath given Bond for Payment of his Exciſe; and whereas the ſaid *I. K.* making default of Payment of double the Exciſe of the, *&c.* Barrels, Half-Barrels, Kilderkins, *&c.* bought and received from *E. F.* as aforeſaid, hath according to the Statute of Exciſe been adjudged by, *&c.* to have forfeited the Sum of Forty Shillings. Theſe are therefore, *&c.*

To *A. B.* &c.

Againſt one not wholly brewing his Drink.

WHEREAS, *&c.* it appears that, *&c. E. F.* being a Vintner, Inn-keeper, Victualler, Ale-houſe-keeper (or one ſelling Beer, or Ale, by Retail) doth not wholly brew his own Beer, or Ale, but did at or upon, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* take Part thereof (that is to ſay) Four Barrels of Beer, or Ale, of and from, *&c.* who is a common Brewer, and whereas the ſaid *E. F.* refuſing or neglecting to pay or clear the Exciſe of the ſaid Four Barrels of Beer, or Ale, as if he himſelf had brewed all and every Part thereof himſelf, hath according to the Statute for Exciſe been adjudged by, *&c.* to have forfeited the Value of the ſaid Four Barrels, *&c.* amounting to the Sum of, *&c.* Theſe are therefore, *&c.*

To *A. B.* &c.

Againſt one not appearing upon Summons, ad Teſtificandum.

WHEREAS, *&c.* it appeareth, *&c.* that *N. O.* being duly ſummoned or warned perſonally to appear before me, (*if there be no more than one Sub-Commiſſioner*) or before us (*if there be more*) at the Office of Exciſe in, *&c.* upon the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* by, *&c.* of the Clock in the, *&c.* then and there to give Teſtimony on behalf of his Majeſty, upon an Information exhibited the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* againſt *E. F. &c.* hath wilfully neglected or refuſed to appear, or elſe hath appeared, but refuſed to make Oath for Diſcovery of his Knowledge concerning the Matter in Queſtion; *or elſe* hath appeared and made Oath, but refuſed to anſwer to ſuch Queſtions or Interrogatories as were demanded

manded of him touching the Matter in Queſtion, and ſo doing hath according to the Statute for Exciſe been adjudged by, &c. to have forfeited Ten Pounds. Theſe are therefore, &c. [*as before.*]

To *A. B.* &c.

The Form of a Warrant for attaching a Perſon, and carrying him to Priſon for want of Diſtreſs to be had.

WHEREAS, &c. it appeared, &c. that *E. F.* &c. common Brewer, or Diſtiller, had from the, &c. Day of, &c. made, brewed or diſtilled Ten Barrels of Beer, or Ale, or Ten Gallons of Aqua-vitæ or Strong-Waters, without weekly making due Entry or Payment of the Exciſe of the ſame, at the Office of Exciſe under which he liveth, and for ſo doing was according to the Statute for Exciſe, on the, &c. Day of, &c. adjudged by me, *C. D.* Sub-Commiſſioner (or us, &c. Sub-Commiſſioners) of Exciſe to have forfeited Twenty Pounds, this being his firſt weekly Neglect, or Forty Pounds, this being his ſecond weekly Neglect, or Sixty Pounds, this being his third weekly Neglect, together with double the Value of the Ten Barrels of Beer or Ale, made and brewed, or Ten Gallons of Aqua-vitæ or Strong-Waters, made or diſtilled, without Entry and Payment weekly as aforeſaid, amounting in all to the Sum of, &c. And whereas Warrant of Diſtreſs hath ſince, that is to ſay, upon the, &c. Day of, &c. been iſſued for levying the Forfeiture or Forfeitures aforeſaid; and whereas Proof hath been made before me *C. D.* Sub-Commiſſioner, or us, &c. Sub-Commiſſioners, that no ſuch Diſtreſs can be had or obtained of the Goods or Chattles of the ſaid *E. F.* as may be ſufficient to ſatisfy the ſaid Sum of, &c. Theſe are therefore, purſuant to the Statute aforeſaid, to authorize and require you to attach the Body of the ſaid *E. F.* and the ſame together with the Warrant given you for that purpoſe, to deliver into the Cuſtody of the Keeper or Goaler of, &c. Priſon, his Deputy or Deputies: And all Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Portriffs, Sovereigns, Conſtables, and all other his Majeſty's Officers and Miniſters, are hereby prayed and required to be aiding and aſſiſting unto you or either of you, in the due Execution hereof. Given under our Hands and Seals this Day of *Anno Dom.*

To *A. B.* and *C. D.* &c.

The

The Form of a Warrant of Commitment mentioned before, to be delivered together with the Body of the Party committed to Priſon, and for the particular Caſe aforeſaid, is, or may be as followeth, viz.

WHereas, *&c.* it appeared, *&c.* That *E. F. &c.* common Brewer or Diſtiller, had from the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* made, brewed, or diſtilled ten Barrels of Beer or Ale, or ten Gallons of Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters, without weekly making due Entry or Payment of the Exciſe of the ſame at the Office of Exciſe under which he liveth, and for ſo doing was according to the Statute for Exciſe on the, *&c.* Day of, *&c.* adjudged by me *C. D.* Sub-Commiſſioner (or us, *&c.* Sub-Commiſſioners) of Exciſe to have forfeited twenty Pounds, this being his firſt weekly Neglect, or forty Pounds, this being his ſecond weekly Neglect, or ſixty Pounds, this being his third weekly Neglect, together with double the value of the ten Barrels of Beer or Ale, or ten Gallons of Aquavitæ or Strong-Waters, made, brewed, or diſtilled, without Entry and payment weekly as aforeſaid, amounting in all to the Sum of, &c. And whereas Warrant of Diſtreſs hath ſince, that is to ſay, upon the, &c. Day of, &c. been iſſued for levying the Forfeiture or Forfeitures aforeſaid; and whereas Proof hath been made before me *C. D.* Sub-Commiſſioner, or us, &c. Sub-Commiſſioners, that no ſuch Diſtreſs can be had or obtained of the Goods or Chattles of the ſaid *E. F.* as may be ſufficient to ſatisfy the Sum of, &c. Theſe are therefore, purſuant to the Act aforeſaid, to authorize and require you to take into your charge the Body of the ſaid *E. F.* herewith ſent unto you, and the ſame to keep in ſafe Cuſtody, until he pay and ſatisfy the ſaid Sum of, &c. without permitting him to eſcape out of your Cuſtody, or go forth out of Priſon without Warrant or Order in writing from me, (*if there be but one*) or from us (*if there be more Sub-Commiſſioners*) or until he be otherwiſe legally diſcharged, upon pain of forfeiting double the value of the Sum aforeſaid, as by the Statute for Exciſe is directed and appointed, and for ſo doing this ſhall be your ſufficient Diſcharge, &c. Dated at the Office of Exciſe, &c.

To R. O. *Keeper or Goaler of the Priſon of,* &c. *his Deputy or Deputies.*

The like Warrants Mutatis Mutandis, *are to be framed in all and every Caſe or Caſes before-going, from the Preamble of your Warrants of Diſtreſs, according to the Nature and Quality of each particular Offence, with Addition only as you may perceive by the immediate preceding Attachments and Commitments, of mentioning Proof to have been made, that no ſufficient Diſtreſs could be had to ſatisfy your Judgment given; for as you cannot impriſon the Body of any Perſon where ſufficient Diſtreſs may be had, ſo in want thereof, you cannot commit the Body of any Perſon without a Warrant, expreſſing the whole Matter or Cauſe of your Commitment, which, together with the Body is to be delivered unto, and remain in the Keeping and Cuſtody of the Keeper or Goaler, or his Deputy, of the Priſon unto which ſuch Body ſhall be committed.*

A TABLE of the Cuſtom and Exciſe payable in ready Money for any Quantity of French *Wine imported, from one Gallon to a Tun, all Diſcounts deducted.*

Aliquot Parts of a Tun.	*Gallons.*	Fill'd. *Cuſtom.* l.	s.	d.	20 pts	Fill'd. *Exciſe.* l.	s.	d.	20 pts	Unfill'd. *Cuſtom.* l.	s.	d.	20 pts	Unfill'd. *Exciſe.* l.	s.	d.	20 pts
	1	0	0	3	7	0	0	6		0	0	3		0	0	5	18
	2	0	0	6	14	0	1	0		0	0	6		0	0	10	16
	3	0	0	10	1	0	1	6		0	0	9		0	1	4	4
	4	0	1	1	7	0	2	0		0	1	0		0	1	9	12
	5	0	1	4	14	0	2	6		0	1	3		0	2	3	
	6	0	1	8	1	0	3	0		0	1	6		0	2	8	8
$\frac{1}{6}$ of a Tierce——	7	0	1	11	7	0	3	6		0	1	9		0	3	1	16
	8	0	2	2	14	0	4	0		0	2	0		0	3	7	4
	9	0	2	6	1	0	4	6		0	2	3		0	4	0	12
	10	0	2	9	8	0	5	0		0	2	6		0	4	6	
	11	0	3	0	14	0	5	6		0	2	9		0	4	11	8
	12	0	3	4	1	0	6	0		0	3	0		0	5	4	16
	13	0	3	7	8	0	6	6		0	3	3		0	5	10	4
$\frac{1}{5}$ of a Tierce——	14	0	3	10	13	0	7	0		0	3	6		0	6	3	12
	15	0	4	2		0	7	6		0	3	9		0	6	9	
Half a Qr. Caſk--	15$\frac{3}{4}$	0	4	4	10	0	7	10	10	0	3	11	5	0	7	1	1
	16	0	4	5	7	0	8	0		0	4	0		0	7	2	8
	17	0	4	8	14	0	8	6		0	4	3		0	7	7	16
	18	0	5	0	1	0	9	0		0	4	6		0	8	1	4
	19	0	5	3	7	0	9	6		0	4	9		0	8	6	12
	20	0	5	6	14	0	10	0		0	5	0		0	9	0	
Half a Tierce——	21	0	5	10		0	10	6		0	5	3		0	9	5	8
Quarter Caſk--——	31$\frac{1}{2}$	0	8	9		0	15	9		0	7	10	10	0	14	2	2
Tierce———-——	42	0	11	8		1	1	0		0	10	6		0	18	10	16
Qr. Caſk & half--	47$\frac{1}{4}$	0	13	1	10	1	3	7	10	0	11	9	15	1	1	3	3
Hogſhead———	63	0	17	6		1	11	6		0	15	9		1	8	4	4
Hogſhead & half-	94$\frac{1}{2}$	1	6	3		2	7	3		1	3	7	10	2	2	6	6
Pipe--———-——	126	1	15	0		3	3	0		1	11	6		2	16	8	8
Three Hogſheads	189	2	12	6		4	14	6		2	7	3		4	5	0	12
A Tun ——— ——	252	3	10	0		6	6	0		3	3	0		5	13	4	16

A TABLE of the Cuſtom and Exciſe payable in ready Money for any Quantity of Spaniſh *Wines imported, from one Gallon to a Tun, all Diſcounts deducted.*

Aliquot Parts of a Tun.	*Gallons.*	Fill'd. *Cuſtom.* l.	s.	d.	20 *pts*	*Exciſe.* l.	s.	d.	20 *pts*	Unfill'd. *Cuſtom.* l.	s.	d.	20 *pts*	*Exciſe.* l.	s.	d.	20 *pts*
	1	0	0	4	15	0	0	8	12	0	0	4	6	0	0	7	14
	2	0	0	9	10	0	1	5	4	0	0	8	12	0	1	3	8
	3	0	1	2	5	0	2	1	15	0	1	0	18	0	1	11	2
	4	0	1	7	1	0	2	10	6	0	1	5	3	0	2	6	17
	5	0	1	11	16	0	3	6	18	0	1	9	9	0	3	2	11
	6	0	2	4	11	0	4	3	9	0	2	1	15	0	3	10	5
$\frac{1}{6}$ of a Tierce——	7	0	2	9	7	0	5	0		0	2	6		0	4	6	
	8	0	3	2	2	0	5	8	12	0	2	10	6	0	5	1	14
	9	0	3	6	17	0	6	5	4	0	3	2	12	0	5	9	8
	10	0	3	11	13	0	7	1	15	0	3	6	18	0	6	5	2
	11	0	4	4	8	0	7	10	6	0	3	11	3	0	7	0	17
	12	0	4	9	3	0	8	6	18	0	4	3	9	0	7	8	11
	13	0	5	1	18	0	9	3	9	0	4	7	15	0	8	4	5
$\frac{1}{5}$ of a Tierce——	14	0	5	6	13	0	10	0		0	5	0		0	9	0	
	15	0	5	11	8	0	10	8	12	0	5	4	6	0	9	7	14
Half a Qr. Caſk--	15$\frac{3}{4}$	0	6	3		0	11	3		0	5	7	10	0	10	1	10
	16	0	6	4	3	0	11	5	4	0	5	8	12	0	10	3	8
	17	0	6	8	19	0	12	1	15	0	6	0	18	0	10	11	2
	18	0	7	1	14	0	12	10	6	0	6	5	3	0	11	6	17
	19	0	7	6	10	0	13	6	18	0	6	9	9	0	12	2	11
	20	0	7	11	6	0	14	3	9	0	7	1	15	0	12	10	5
Half a Tierce——	21	0	8	4		0	15	0		0	7	6		0	13	6	
Quarter Caſk--—	31$\frac{1}{2}$	0	12	6		1	2	6		0	11	3		1	0	3	
Tierce————	42	0	16	8		1	10	0		0	15	0		1	7	0	
Qr. Caſk & half--	47$\frac{1}{4}$	0	18	9		1	13	9		0	16	10	10	1	10	4	10
Hogſhead————	63	1	5	0		2	5	0		1	2	6		2	0	6	
Hogſhead & half-	94$\frac{1}{2}$	1	17	6		3	7	6		1	13	9		3	0	9	
Pipe--————	126	2	10	0		4	10	0		2	5	0		4	1	0	
Three Hogſheads	189	3	15	0		6	15	0		3	7	6		6	1	6	
A Tun ————	252	5	0	0		9	0	0		4	10	0		8	2	0	

A TABLE of the Cuſtom payable in ready Money for any Quantity of Rheniſh *Wine imported, from one Gallon to a Tun, all Diſcounts deducted.*

Aliquot Parts of a Tun.	*Gallons.*	Full. *l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	Unrip'd. *l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
	1	0	0	4	6	0	0	3	17
	2	0	0	8	12	0	0	7	14
	3	0	1	0	18	0	0	11	11
	4	0	1	5	3	0	1	3	8
	5	0	1	9	9	0	1	7	5
	6	0	2	1	15	0	1	11	2
$\frac{1}{7}$ of an Awme	7	0	2	6		0	2	3	
	8	0	2	10	6	0	2	6	17
	9	0	3	2	12	0	2	10	14
	10	0	3	6	18	0	3	2	11
	11	0	3	11	3	0	3	6	8
	12	0	4	3	9	0	3	10	5
	13	0	4	7	15	0	4	2	2
$\frac{1}{7}$ of an Awme	14	0	5	0		0	4	6	
	15	0	5	4	6	0	4	9	17
Half a Quarter Cask	$15\frac{3}{4}$	0	5	7	10	0	5	0	15
	16	0	5	8	12	0	5	1	14
	17	0	6	0	18	0	5	5	11
	18	0	6	5	3	0	5	9	8
	19	0	6	9	9	0	6	1	5
	20	0	7	1	15	0	6	5	2
Half an Awme	21	0	7	6		0	6	9	
Quarter Cask	$31\frac{1}{2}$	0	11	3		0	10	1	10
Awme	42	0	15	0		0	13	6	
Quarter Cask and half	$47\frac{1}{4}$	0	16	10	10	0	15	2	5
Hogſhead	63	1	2	6		1	0	3	
Hogſhead and half	$94\frac{1}{2}$	1	13	9		1	10	4	10
Pipe	126	2	5	0		2	0	6	
Three Hogſheads	189	3	7	6		3	0	9	
A Tun	252	4	10	0		4	1	0	

The Exciſe is the ſame with French Wine, which ſee.

The Exciſe and additional Duties are to be repaid to wholeſale Merchants for Wines exported; but not the Moiety of the Cuſtom, Wines being expreſly excepted in Rule 4 in the Act for Cuſtom, Pag. 103

A TABLE of the neat Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage and Additional Duty, which ought to be repaid in Great Britain, *upon Exportation of every Tun of Wines, being the neat Subſidy or Cuſtom payable for the ſame in* Ireland *at Importation, purſuant to the Proviſo in the Act of* Tunnage *and* Poundage, Pag. 113, 114.

If the *Additional Duty* was *ſecured* in *Great Britain*, at Importation, the Repayments were as follow, *viz.*	*London.*				*Out-Ports.*			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d*	20 *pts*
French {Fill'd up	6	10	0		5	0	0	
French {Unfill'd	5	14	4	16	4	8	0	
Spaniſh and Portugal {Fill'd up	7	10	0		6	0	0	
Spaniſh and Portugal {Unfill'd	6	12	0		5	5	7	4
Rheniſh {Fill'd up	8	0	0		8	0	0	
Rheniſh {Unfill'd	7	0	9	12	7	0	9	12
If the *Additional Duty* aforeſaid was *paid down* in *Great Britain*, at Importation, the Repayments were as follow, *viz.*								
French {Fill'd up	6	5	6		4	15	6	
French {Unfill'd	5	10	5	6	4	4	0	10
Spaniſh and Portugal {Fill'd up	7	4	0		5	14	0	
Spaniſh and Portugal {Unfill'd	6	6	8	14	5	0	3	16
Rheniſh {Fill'd up	7	15	6		7	15	6	
Rheniſh {Unfill'd	6	16	10	1	6	16	10	1

And ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Quantity.

Note, *The Britiſh Cockets or Duplicates (which ought to be produced) will ſhew whether the Wines paid or ſecured the Additional Duties in* Great Britain, *at Importation.*

The Exciſe is the ſame as from Foreign Parts, which ſee in the aforegoing Tables reſpectively.

A TABLE of the Additional Duty payable in ready Money upon all Wines imported, from a Gallon to a Tun, all Diſcounts deducted. By 2 Geo. 1. Cap. 3.

Aliquot Parts of a Tun.	*Gallons.*	Full. *l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	Unfill'd *l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
	1	0	0	3	9	0	0	3	2
	2	0	0	6	18	0	0	6	4
	3	0	0	10	6	0	0	9	5
	4	0	1	1	15	0	1	0	7
	5	0	1	5	4	0	1	3	8
	6	0	1	8	12	0	1	6	10
$\frac{1}{6}$ of an Awme	7	0	2	0		0	1	9	12
	8	0	2	3	9	0	2	0	14
	9	0	2	6	18	0	2	3	16
	10	0	2	10	6	0	2	6	17
	11	0	3	1	15	0	2	9	19
	12	0	3	5	4	0	3	1	1
	13	0	3	8	12	0	3	4	3
$\frac{1}{5}$ of an Awme	14	0	4	0		0	3	7	4
	15	0	4	3	9	0	3	10	6
Half a Quarter Caſk	15$\frac{3}{4}$	0	4	6		0	4	0	12
	16	0	4	6	18	0	4	1	8
	17	0	4	10	6	0	4	4	9
	18	0	5	1	15	0	4	7	11
	19	0	5	5	4	0	4	10	13
	20	0	5	8	12	0	5	1	14
Half an Awme	21	0	6	0		0	5	4	16
A Quarter Caſk	31$\frac{1}{2}$	0	9	0		0	8	1	4
An Awme	42	0	12	0		0	10	9	12
Quarter Caſk and half	47$\frac{1}{4}$	0	13	6		0	12	1	16
A Hogſhead	63	0	18	0		0	16	2	8
A Hogſhead and half	94$\frac{1}{2}$	1	7	0		1	4	3	12
A Pipe	126	1	16	0		1	12	4	16
Three Hogſheads	189	2	14	0		2	8	7	4
A Tun	252	3	12	0		3	4	9	12

A TABLE

A TABLE of the Second Additional Duty payable in ready Money upon all Wines imported (except Portugal) *from one Gallon to a Tun, all Discounts deducted. By* 9 Geo. 2. Cap. 2.

Aliquot Parts of a Tun.	*Gallons.*	Full.				Unfill'd.			
		l.	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
	1	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	6
	2	0	0	5	2	0	0	4	12
	3	0	0	7	14	0	0	6	18
	4	0	0	10	5	0	0	9	5
	5	0	1	0	17	0	0	11	11
	6	0	1	3	8	0	1	1	17
$\frac{1}{6}$ of an Awme	7	0	1	6		0	1	4	4
	8	0	1	8	11	0	1	6	10
	9	0	1	11	2	0	1	8	16
	10	0	2	1	14	0	1	11	2
	11	0	2	4	5	0	2	1	9
	12	0	2	6	17	0	2	3	15
	13	0	2	9	8	0	2	6	1
$\frac{1}{5}$ of an Awme	14	0	3	0		0	2	8	8
	15	0	3	2	11	0	2	10	14
Half a Quarter Cask	$15\frac{3}{4}$	0	3	4	10	0	3	0	9
	16	0	3	5	2	0	3	1	
	17	0	3	7	14	0	3	3	6
	18	0	3	10	5	0	3	5	13
	19	0	4	0	17	0	3	7	19
	20	0	4	3	8	0	3	10	5
Half an Awme	21	0	4	6		0	4	0	12
A Quarter Cask	$31\frac{1}{2}$	0	6	9		0	6	0	18
An Awme	42	0	9	0		0	8	1	4
Quarter Cask and half	$47\frac{1}{4}$	0	10	1	10	0	9	1	7
A Hogshead	63	0	13	6		0	12	1	16
A Hogshead and half	$94\frac{1}{2}$	1	0	3		0	18	2	14
A Pipe	126	1	7	0		1	4	3	12
Three Hogsheads	189	2	0	6		1	16	5	8
A Tun	252	2	14	0		2	8	7	4

A TABLE

A TABLE of the Second Additional Duty, payable in ready Money, on Portugal *Wine imported, from one Gallon to a Tun, all Diſcounts deducted. By* 9 Geo. 2. Cap. 2.

Aliquot Parts of a Tun.	*Gallons.*	Full. *l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	Unfill'd. *l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
	1	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	5
	2	0	0	2	16	0	0	2	10
	3	0	0	4	4	0	0	3	16
	4	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	1
	5	0	0	7	1	0	0	6	7
	6	0	0	8	9	0	0	7	12
$\frac{1}{6}$ of an Awme	7	0	0	9	18	0	0	8	18
	8	0	0	11	6	0	0	10	3
	9	0	1	0	14	0	0	11	9
	10	0	1	2	2	0	1	0	14
	11	0	1	3	11	0	1	2	
	12	0	1	4	19	0	1	3	5
	13	0	1	6	7	0	1	4	10
$\frac{1}{5}$ of an Awme	14	0	1	7	16	0	1	5	16
	15	0	1	9	4	0	1	7	1
Half a Quarter Caſk	$15\frac{3}{4}$	0	1	10	5	0	1	8	1
	16	0	1	10	12	0	1	8	7
	17	0	2	0		0	1	9	12
	18	0	2	1	9	0	1	10	18
	19	0	2	2	17	0	2	0	3
	20	0	2	4	5	0	2	1	9
Half an Awme	21	0	2	5	14	0	2	2	14
A Quarter Caſk	$31\frac{1}{2}$	0	3	8	10	0	3	4	2
An Awme	42	0	4	11	8	0	4	5	9
Quarter Caſk and half	$47\frac{1}{4}$	0	5	6	16	0	5	0	3
A Hogſhead	63	0	7	5	2	0	6	8	4
A Hogſhead and half	$94\frac{1}{2}$	0	11	1	12	0	10	0	6
A Pipe	126	0	14	10	4	0	13	4	8
Three Hogſheads	189	1	2	3	6	1	0	0	12
A Tun	252	1	9	8	8	1	6	8	15

A TABLE of the neat Cuſtom and Exciſe, payable for Oyls imported by Natives, from a Gallon to a Tun.

Gallons.	Cuſtom and Exciſe the ſame, *viz.* on *Rape and Linſeed.*				*Sallet.*			Train-Oyl of *Greenland.*				*Newfoundland.*				*Sevil, Majorca, Minorca, Aſtuglia, Provence, or Portugal.* *Cuſtom.*				*Exciſe.*			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
1	0	0	1	9	0	0	3	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	6	0	0	2	10	0	0	1	10
2	0	0	2	17	0	0	6	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	12	0	0	5		0	0	3	1
3	0	0	4	6	0	0	9	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	17	0	0	7	9	0	0	4	11
4	0	0	5	15	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	3	0	0	9	19	0	0	6	2
5	0	0	7	3	0	1	3	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	9	0	1	0	8	0	0	7	12
6	0	0	8	12	0	1	6	0	0	2	5	0	0	1	15	0	1	2	18	0	0	9	2
7	0	0	10		0	1	9	0	0	2	13	0	0	2		0	1	5	7	0	0	10	13
8	0	0	11	9	0	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	2	6	0	1	7	17	0	1	0	4
9	0	1	0	17	0	2	3	0	0	3	9	0	0	2	12	0	1	10	6	0	1	1	14
10	0	1	2	6	0	2	6	0	0	3	16	0	0	2	17	0	2	0	16	0	1	3	4
11	0	1	3	15	0	2	9	0	0	4	4	0	0	3	3	0	2	3	5	0	1	4	14
12	0	1	5	4	0	3	0	0	0	4	11	0	0	3	9	0	2	5	15	0	1	6	4
13	0	1	6	12	0	3	3	0	0	4	19	0	0	3	15	0	2	8	4	0	1	7	15
14	0	1	8		0	3	6	0	0	5	7	0	0	4		0	2	10	13	0	1	9	7
15	0	1	9	9	0	3	9	0	0	5	14	0	0	4	6	0	3	1	3	0	1	10	17
15¾	0	1	10	10	0	3	11¼	0	0	6		0	0	4	10	0	3	3		0	2	0	
16	0	1	10	17	0	4	0	0	0	6	2	0	0	4	12	0	3	3	13	0	2	0	8
17	0	2	0	6	0	4	3	0	0	6	10	0	0	4	17	0	3	6	2	0	2	1	18
18	0	2	1	14	0	4	6	0	0	6	18	0	0	5	3	0	3	8	12	0	2	3	8
19	0	2	3	3	0	4	9	0	0	7	5	0	0	5	9	0	3	11	1	0	2	4	19
20	0	2	4	12	0	5	0	0	0	7	12	0	0	5	15	0	4	1	11	0	2	6	9
21	0	2	6		0	5	3	0	0	8		0	0	6		0	4	4		0	2	8	
31½	0	3	9		0	7	10½	0	1	0		0	0	9		0	6	6		0	4	0	
42	0	5	0		0	10	6	0	1	4		0	1	0		0	8	8		0	5	4	
47¼	0	5	7	10	0	11	9¾	0	1	6		0	1	1	10	0	9	9		0	6	0	
63	0	7	6		0	15	9	0	2	0		0	1	6		0	13	0		0	8	0	
94½	0	11	3		1	3	7½	0	3	0		0	2	3		0	19	6		0	12	0	
126	0	15	0		1	11	6	0	4	0		0	3	0		1	6	0		0	16	0	
157½	0	18	9		1	19	4½	0	5	0		0	3	9		1	12	6		1	0	0	
189	1	2	6		2	7	3	0	6	0		0	4	6		1	19	0		1	4	0	
252	1	10	0		3	3	0	0	8	0		0	6	0		2	12	0		1	12	0	

The Wholeſale Merchant is to be allowed Six Pounds per Cent. *in the Exciſe, for prompt Payment.*

A Moiety of the Cuſtom is to be repaid for Oyls exported, and the whole Exciſe.

A TABLE

A TABLE of the Duties to be paid in ready Money for any Quantity of Tobacco *of the* Britiſh *Plantations, imported by Natives, from One Pound to Ten Thouſand, all Diſcounts deducted.*

Pounds.	*Cuſtom.*			20	*Exciſe.*			20	*Additional Duty.*			20	*Total.*			20
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*pts*
1	0	0	1	9	0	0	0	18	0	0	3	3	0	0	5	10
2	0	0	2	17	0	0	1	16	0	0	6	6	0	0	10	19
3	0	0	4	6	0	0	2	14	0	0	9	9	0	1	4	9
4	0	0	5	14	0	0	3	12	0	1	0	12	0	1	9	18
5	0	0	7	3	0	0	4	10	0	1	3	15	0	2	3	8
6	0	0	8	11	0	0	5	8	0	1	6	18	0	2	8	17
7	0	0	10		0	0	6	6	0	1	10	1	0	3	2	7
8	0	0	11	8	0	0	7	4	0	2	1	4	0	3	7	16
9	0	1	0	17	0	0	8	2	0	2	4	7	0	4	1	6
10	0	1	2	5	0	0	9		0	2	7	10	0	4	6	15
11	0	1	3	14	0	0	9	18	0	2	10	13	0	5	0	5
12	0	1	5	2	0	0	10	16	0	3	1	16	0	5	5	14
13	0	1	6	11	0	0	11	14	0	3	4	19	0	5	11	4
14	0	1	8		0	1	0	12	0	3	8	2	0	6	4	14
15	0	1	9	8	0	1	1	10	0	3	11	5	0	6	10	3
16	0	1	10	16	0	1	2	8	0	4	2	8	0	7	3	12
17	0	2	0	5	0	1	3	6	0	4	5	11	0	7	9	2
18	0	2	1	14	0	1	4	4	0	4	8	14	0	8	2	12
19	0	2	3	2	0	1	5	2	0	4	11	17	0	8	8	1
20	0	2	4	10	0	1	6		0	5	3		0	9	1	10
21	0	2	5	19	0	1	6	18	0	5	6	3	0	9	7	
22	0	2	7	08	0	1	7	16	0	5	9	6	0	10	0	10
23	0	2	8	16	0	1	8	14	0	6	0	9	0	10	5	19
24	0	2	10	4	0	1	9	12	0	6	3	12	0	10	11	8
25	0	2	11	13	0	1	10	10	0	6	6	15	0	11	4	18
26	0	3	1	2	0	1	11	8	0	6	9	18	0	11	10	8
27	0	3	2	11	0	2	0	6	0	7	1	1	0	12	3	18
28	0	3	4		0	2	1	4	0	7	4	4	0	12	9	8
29	0	3	5	8	0	2	2	2	0	7	7	7	0	13	2	17
30	0	3	6	15	0	2	3		0	7	10	10	0	13	8	5
31	0	3	8	4	0	2	3	18	0	8	1	13	0	14	1	15
32	0	3	9	12	0	2	4	16	0	8	4	16	0	14	7	4
33	0	3	11	1	0	2	5	14	0	8	7	19	0	15	0	14
34	0	4	0	9	0	2	6	12	0	8	11	2	0	15	6	3
35	0	4	1	18	0	2	7	10	0	9	2	5	0	15	11	13
36	0	4	3	6	0	2	8	08	0	9	5	8	0	16	5	2
37	0	4	4	14	0	2	9	06	0	9	8	11	0	16	10	11
38	0	4	6	03	0	2	10	04	0	9	11	14	0	17	4	1
39	0	4	7	12	0	2	11	02	0	10	2	17	0	17	9	11
40	0	4	9		0	3	0		0	10	6		0	18	3	

Duties

Duties on Tobacco continued.

Pounds.	Cuſtom.			20	Exciſe.			20	Additional Duty.			20	Total.			20
	l.	s.	d.	pts	l.	s.	d.	pts	l.	s.	d.	pts	l.	s.	d.	pts
41	0	4	10	9	0	3	0	18	0	10	9	3	0	18	8	10
42	0	4	11	18	0	3	1	16	0	11	0	6	0	19	2	
43	0	5	1	6	0	3	2	14	0	11	3	9	0	19	7	9
44	0	5	2	14	0	3	3	12	0	11	6	12	1	0	0	18
45	0	5	4	3	0	3	4	10	0	11	9	15	1	0	6	8
46	0	5	5	11	0	3	5	8	0	12	0	18	1	0	11	17
47	0	5	7		0	3	6	6	0	12	4	1	1	1	5	7
48	0	5	8	8	0	3	7	4	0	12	7	4	1	1	10	16
49	0	5	9	17	0	3	8	2	0	12	10	7	1	2	4	6
50	0	5	11	5	0	3	9		0	13	1	10	1	2	9	15
51	0	6	0	14	0	3	9	18	0	13	4	13	1	3	3	5
52	0	6	2	2	0	3	10	16	0	13	7	16	1	3	8	14
53	0	6	3	11	0	3	11	14	0	13	10	19	1	4	2	4
54	0	6	4	19	0	4	0	12	0	14	2	2	1	4	7	13
55	0	6	6	8	0	4	1	10	0	14	5	5	1	5	1	3
56	0	6	7	16	0	4	2	8	0	14	8	8	1	5	6	12
57	0	6	9	5	0	4	3	6	0	14	11	11	1	6	0	2
58	0	6	10	13	0	4	4	4	0	15	2	14	1	6	5	11
59	0	7	0	2	0	4	5	2	0	15	5	17	1	6	11	1
60	0	7	1	10	0	4	6		0	15	9		1	7	4	10
61	0	7	2	19	0	4	6	18	0	16	0	3	1	7	10	
62	0	7	4	7	0	4	7	16	0	16	3	6	1	8	3	9
63	0	7	5	16	0	4	8	14	0	16	6	9	1	8	8	19
64	0	7	7	4	0	4	9	12	0	16	9	12	1	9	2	8
65	0	7	8	13	0	4	10	10	0	17	0	15	1	9	7	18
66	0	7	10	1	0	4	11	8	0	17	3	18	1	10	1	7
67	0	7	11	10	0	5	0	6	0	17	7	1	1	10	6	17
68	0	8	0	18	0	5	1	4	0	17	10	4	1	11	0	06
69	0	8	2	7	0	5	2	2	0	18	1	7	1	11	5	16
70	0	8	3	15	0	5	3		0	18	4	10	1	11	11	5
71	0	8	5	4	0	5	3	18	0	18	7	13	1	12	4	15
72	0	8	6	12	0	5	4	16	0	18	10	16	1	12	10	4
73	0	8	8	1	0	5	5	14	0	19	1	19	1	13	3	14
74	0	8	9	9	0	5	6	12	0	19	5	2	1	13	9	3
75	0	8	10	18	0	5	7	10	0	19	8	5	1	14	2	13
76	0	9	0	6	0	5	8	8	0	19	11	8	1	14	8	2
77	0	9	1	15	0	5	9	6	1	0	2	11	1	15	1	12
78	0	9	3	3	0	5	10	4	1	0	5	14	1	15	7	1
79	0	9	4	12	0	5	11	2	1	0	8	17	1	16	0	11
80	0	9	6		0	6	0		1	1	0		1	16	6	
81	0	9	7	9	0	6	0	18	1	1	3	3	1	16	11	10
82	0	9	8	17	0	6	1	16	1	1	6	6	1	17	4	19
83	0	9	10	6	0	6	2	14	1	1	9	9	1	17	10	9
84	0	9	11	14	0	6	3	12	1	2	0	12	1	18	3	18
85	0	10	1	3	0	6	4	10	1	2	3	15	1	18	9	8
86	0	10	2	11	0	6	5	08	1	2	6	18	1	19	2	17

Duties on Tobacco *continued.*

Pounds.	*Cuſtom.*			20	*Exciſe.*			20	*Additional Duty.*			20	*Total.*			20
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*pts*
87	0	10	4		0	6	6	6	1	2	10	1	1	19	8	7
88	0	10	5	8	0	6	7	4	1	3	1	4	2	0	1	16
89	0	10	6	17	0	6	8	2	1	3	4	7	2	0	7	6
90	0	10	8	5	0	6	9		1	3	7	10	2	1	0	15
91	0	10	9	14	0	6	9	18	1	3	10	13	2	1	6	5
92	0	10	11	2	0	6	10	16	1	4	1	16	2	1	11	14
93	0	11	0	11	0	6	11	14	1	4	4	19	2	2	5	4
94	0	11	1	19	0	7	0	12	1	4	8	2	2	2	10	13
95	0	11	3	8	0	7	1	10	1	4	11	5	2	3	4	3
96	0	11	4	16	0	7	2	8	1	5	2	8	2	3	9	12
97	0	11	6	5	0	7	3	6	1	5	5	11	2	4	3	2
98	0	11	7	13	0	7	4	4	1	5	8	14	2	4	8	11
99	0	11	9	2	0	7	5	2	1	5	11	17	2	5	2	1
100	0	11	10	10	0	7	6		1	6	3		2	5	7	10
200	1	3	9		0	15	0		2	12	6		4	11	3	
300	1	15	7	10	1	2	6		3	18	9		6	16	10	10
400	2	7	6		1	10	0		5	5	0		9	2	6	
500	2	19	4	10	1	17	6		6	11	3		11	8	1	10
600	3	11	3		2	5	0		7	17	6		13	13	9	
700	4	3	1	10	2	12	6		9	3	9		15	19	4	10
800	4	15	0		3	0	0		10	10	0		18	5	0	
900	5	6	10	10	3	7	6		11	16	3		20	10	7	10
1000	5	18	9		3	15	0		13	2	6		22	16	3	
1100	6	10	7	10	4	2	6		14	8	9		25	1	10	10
1200	7	2	6		4	10	0		15	15	0		27	7	6	
1300	7	14	4	10	4	17	6		17	1	3		29	13	1	10
1400	8	6	3		5	5	0		18	7	6		31	18	9	
1500	8	18	1	10	5	12	6		19	13	9		34	4	4	10
1600	9	10	0		6	0	0		21	0	0		36	10	0	
1700	10	1	10	10	6	7	6		22	6	3		38	15	7	10
1800	10	13	9		6	15	0		23	12	6		41	1	3	
1900	11	5	7	10	7	2	6		24	18	9		43	6	10	10
2000	11	17	6		7	10	0		26	5	0		45	12	6	
3000	17	16	3		11	5	0		39	7	6		68	8	9	
4000	23	15	0		15	0	0		52	10	0		91	5	0	
5000	29	13	9		18	15	0		65	12	6		114	1	3	
6000	35	12	6		22	10	0		78	15	0		136	17	6	
7000	41	11	3		26	5	0		91	17	6		159	13	9	
8000	47	10	0		30	0	0		105	0	0		182	10	0	
9000	53	08	9		33	15	0		118	2	6		205	6	3	
10000	59	07	6		37	10	0		131	5	0		228	2	6	

A TABLE

A

TABLE

OF

TARES and ALLOWANCES practiſed in the Port of DUBLIN.

ALLOM in Caſks, 14 pound *per* hundred, containing 112 pounds.
Aſhes, called Pot-Aſhes, 10 pound *per* Hundred weight.
Argal in Caſks, 14 pound *per* hundred weight.
Backs for Chimneys of half hundred weight and downwards, to be accounted Small, and all above that weight Large.
Balks { Great, 8 Inches ſquare, and upwards, to be rated as Timber. / Middle, under 8, and above 5 Inches ſquare. / Small, 5 Inches ſquare, and under.
Baſket Rods the Bundle, 3 Foot about at the Band.
Barillia in double Frails, 23 pounds.
Books unbound, 8 hundred weight makes a Maund.
Brimſtone in Caſks, 8 pounds *per* hundred weight.
Briſtles in Fatts about 5 hundred weight, 84 pounds.
Bulruſhes the Load, 60 Bundles.
Butter in Caſks, weighing 132 pounds, 20 pounds.
Capers, for *Tare*, one Third.
Cheſts of Iron { Large, 1 Yard and quarter long. / Middle, 1 Yard long. / Small, three quarters of a Yard long.
Copperas in Caſks, 14 pounds *per* hundred weight.
Feathers, 4 pounds *per* hundred weight.
Grocery. { Cinnamon { In Skins, 14 pounds *per* hundred weight. / In Skins and Baggs, 16 pounds *per* hundred weight. }
Currans { In Butts and Caroteels, 16 pounds *per* hundred weight. / In Quarter Caſk, 18 pounds *per* hundred weight. / In Baggs about 4 hundred weight, 10 pounds *per* Bagg. }

Grocery.

- Figs { In ſmall Caſk, 10 pounds *per* hundred weight. / In Frails, 1 pound and half each.
- Pepper in Baggs, without Matts, 4 pounds *per* hundred weight.
- Pruans in Puncheons, or uncertain Caſks, 14 pounds *per* hundred weight.
- Raiſins { In Frails, 4 pounds *per* Frail. / Lippora in Barrels / Solis in Caſks } 10 pounds *per* hundred weight.
- Sugar { In Cheſts, 18 pounds *per* hundred weight. / In Baſkets, 1 pound and half each. / In Hogſheads, 12 pounds *per* hundred weight. / In Barrels, 14 pounds *per* hundred weight.

Hair called Goats Hair { In Canvas, 4 pounds *per* hundred weight. / In Hair-cloth, 7 pounds *per* hundred weight.

Hops imported { In Baggs, 4 pounds *per* hundred weight. / In Pockets, 2 pounds *per* hundred weight.

Madder { In Fatts, 10 pounds *per* hundred weight. / In ſmall Caſk, 14 pounds *per* hundred weight.

Nails in Packs with Baggs, about two hundred weight, 14 pounds.

Saltpeter in Caſks, 12 pounds *per* hundred weight.

Shumack in Baggs, 4 pounds *per* hundred weight.

Raw Silk { In Bales, about three hundred weight, 24 ſmall pounds. / In half Bales, about 1 hundred and half, 12 ſmall pounds.

Tallow in Caſks, 14 pounds *per* hundred weight.

Timber the Tun, 40 Cubic Feet.

Wool, 4 pounds *per* hundred weight.

To Gauge a SHIP.

The RULE.

MUltiply the Length of the Keel, by the Breadth at the Mid-Ship-Beam, and the Product by the Depth of the Hold; then divide this laſt Product by 100, the Quotient is the Ship's Burthen in Tuns, (if a King's Ship.)

But in Merchants Ships where there is no Allowance for Ordnance, Maſts, Sails, Cables or Anchors, divide the laſt Product by 94, the Quotient is the Ship's Burthen.

Example.

Example.

Suppose { The Length of the Keel ——— 50.5
Breadth at the Mid-Ship Beam ——— 20.
Depth of the Hold ——— 10. } Foot.

50.5
20
1010.0
10
Tuns.
100) 10100.0 (101. Burthen of a King's Ship.

Tuns.
94.) 10100.0 (107.4 Burthen of a Merchant's Ship.
700
420
44

Note, *That for the more ready finding the Burthen of any Ship, the Dimensions should be taken in Feet and Decimal Parts of a Foot; But in regard that the Feet upon most Rules are divided into Inches and not Decimaly, here you have Decimal Fractions equal in Value to any Number of Inches under a Foot.*

Inches.	Decimals.
1	.0834
2	.1666
3	.25
4	.3334
5	.4166
6	.5
7	.5834
8	.6666
9	.75
10	.8334
11	.9166

A TABLE of the ſeveral Species of Victual, and Quantities thereof, uſually allowed for the Proviſion of Ships trading to foreign Parts in the reſpective Voyages, and for the Times, therein mentioned, and limited; for which by 14 *and* 15 Car. 2. Cap. 9. Rule 107. *no Cuſtom is to be paid,* viz.

To each Seaman.

	To *Norway, Flanders, Holland,* or *France.*	To the *Canaries, Spain, Portugal,* and the *Sound,* &c.	To *America.*
	Two Months.	Three Months.	Eight Months.
Beef	$\frac{1}{2}$ of a Barrel.	$\frac{3}{4}$ of a Barrel.	2 Barrels.
or Pork	$\frac{1}{3}$ of a Barrel.	$\frac{1}{4}$ of a Barrel.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of a Barrel.
Butter	8 Pounds and $\frac{1}{4}$.	12 Pounds and $\frac{3}{4}$.	33 Pounds.
Cheeſe	8 Pounds and $\frac{1}{4}$.	12 Pounds and $\frac{3}{4}$.	33 Pounds.
Bread	60 Pounds.	90 Pounds.	240 Pounds.
Beer——————— One Hogſhead, for the Voyage.			

To be allow'd to ſuch a Number of Men only as ſail the Ship.

To be allowed only at the Port where the Ship takes in her Cargo, and upon Condition that the Goods ſhipped outwards by way of Merchandize, are of a greater Value than the Value of the Proviſion allowed as above, and that the Duty of ſuch Goods exceeds the Cuſtom which ſuch Victuals would be ſubject to, were they not to paſs free.

By 6 *Annæ, Cap.* 1. The inland Exciſe to be paid for Beer or Ale allow'd in Victualling Bills.

The uſual Allowances in Ireland *to Maſters of Ships, and Merchants, in the Duties Inwards,* viz.

MASTERS of Ships, making a true and juſt Invoice, and maintaining Officers appointed to attend on board, are by Courteſy allowed one Pound *per Cent.* upon the Total of the Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage paid for Goods imported in their Ships.

Merchants

Merchants bringing Wines by way of Merchandize, and making due Entry thereof, are by the 7th Rule annex'd to the old Book of Rates for Cuſtom (Page 104.) to be allow'd 10 *per Cent.* for Leakage out of the Subſidy, if the Wines be not fill'd up on Ship-board.

Merchants are to be allow'd, by the 8th Rule annex'd to the ſaid Book of Rates, (Page 104.) 5 in the hundred of the Subſidy of Poundage on all other Goods they import (except Bark, Hoops, Iron, Laths, Oyls, Rock-ſalt, Staves, Tobacco, and Wines.)

Wholeſale Merchants are allow'd 6 Pounds *per Cent.* out of the Exciſe of all Goods they import (except Iron, Staves, Tobacco, and Wines) and out of the Additional Duties (except Cards, Dice, wrought Plate, Tobacco, and Wines) in Conſideration of paying down the ſaid Duties in ready Money, the ſaid Merchants having a Right by the Act for Exciſe to keep an Import Account, and in ſuch caſe are not liable to the Payment of the Exciſe and additional Duties for their Goods till Sale or Barter. But the ſaid Allowance is not to be given to Shop-keepers, Retailers, or Perſons importing Goods for their own Conſumption; for by the Act for Exciſe, ſuch ſhall not be permitted to carry away their Goods, before the Exciſe be fully paid and ſatisfied.

Wholeſale Merchants are allow'd 10 Pounds *per Cent.* out of the Exciſe and Additional Duties of Tobacco and Wines imported, for the ſaid Conſideration.

A LIST of ſeveral Goods not inſerted Alphabetically, with Directions where to find them.

Old Book of Rates Inwards.

ALE	*See* Beer.
Apples dried	Pears.
Backs for Chimneys	Iron.
Bands for Kettles	Iron.
Barley, Beans, Mault, Oats, Rye, Wheat	Corn.
Barmilions	Fuſtians.
Baſhrons	Battery.
Beads	Amber.

Bellows

	See
Bellows for Children	Whiſtles.
Birds of Stone	Whiſtles.
Bombazines	Barratoes.
Bottoms for Sieves	Hair Bottoms.
Bottom Thread	Pack-thread.
Brandy	Spirits.
Braſs old	Shruff.
Bullion	Plates.
Callico	Linnen.
Callico Buckrams	Bugaſines.
Callico Cupboard-cloths	Pintadoes.
Callivers	Guns.
Canary Seeds	Alpiſti.
Catlings	Harp-ſtrings.
Catlings	Lute-ſtrings.
Chapes for Dagger	Lockers.
Checks	Barbers Aprons.
China Diſhes	Diſhes.
Cinders of Iron	Iron.
Clap-Boards	Clap-holt.
Cloth-Raſhes	Raſhes.
Cocks	Whiſtles.
Corn-Powder	Gun-powder.
Corſelets	Harneſs.
Counters	Cabinets.
Creepers of Laten	Andirons.
Cruel Ribband	Caddas.
Curats	Harneſs.
Allom Romiſh or Roach in Drugs	Allom.
Almiet	Orcant.
Auripigmentum	Orpiment.
Barley hull'd, or French Barley	Barley hull'd.
Beaver Cods	Caſtoreum.
Copperas, white and blue	Copperas.
French Grains	Grains of Guiney.
Gum Juniperi	Sandracha.
Gum Sagapenum	Gum Serapinum.
Gum Seneca	Gum Arabick.
Gutta Gambæ	Cambogium.
Holiwortles	Bunkins.
Lapadonum	Lapdanum.
Limum	Argentum ſublime.
Nux Piſtachia	Piſtachias.
Piſtolochia	Bunkins.
Prunes of Brunelia	Prunellas.

	See
Rubarb	Rhabarbarum.
Rubrum	Benalbum.
Stock	Sanders red.
Succinum	Carrabe.
Tincal	Borax.
Ebony Wood	In E and W.
Fire Irons	Iron.
Flanders Tyle	Brick-Stones.
Forceps	Shears.
Gally Tyle	Brick-Stones.
Geldings	Horſes.
Gravers for Goldſmiths	Punſons.
Almonds	In Grocery Wares.
Anniſeeds	
Cinnamon	
Cloves	
Currans	
Dates	
Figs	
Ginger	
Liquoriſh	
Mace	
Nutmegs	
Pepper	
Prunes	
Raiſins	
Sugar	
Hangings gilt	Leather.
Hatchets	Axes.
Head-pieces	Harneſs.
Hogſhead Staves	Pipe-Staves.
Hooks-ends	Caphooks.
Bullet Screws	Inſtruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons.
Inciſion Sheers	
Paces for Tooth-drawers	
Pullicanes	
Sets	
Trepanes	
Iron Doubles	Plates.
Kerſies	Drapery.
Kettles	Battery.

	See
Lamp-black	Blacking
Lamps	Braſs
Lavercocks	Braſs
Lemons	Oranges
Lile Grograms	Buffines
Mails	Andlets
Mares	Horſes
Minikins	Luteſtrings
Moccadoes	Buffines
Mohair	Chamlets
Morians	Harneſs
Muskets	Guns
Nags	Horſes
Necklaces	Bracelets
Paris Mantles	Blankets
Paving Tyles	Brick-ſtones
Perry	Syder
Peſtles of Braſs	Mortars
Pewter wrought	Tin
Piles-Weights	Braſs
Pin-caſes	Caſes for Needles
Pipe-holt	Boards
Pliers	Pincers
Pumice-ſtones	Pomy
Puppets	Babies
Reeds	Canes
Ropes	Cordage
Saphora	Barillia
Scales	Braſs
Scarlet Powder	Grains
Serges	Drapery
Serpentine	Gunpowder
Slade	Glaſſes for Windows
Snail	Snouting
Snaphances	Dagges with Firelocks
Sparta Velvet	Fuſtian
Sports	Baſkets
Stays for Books	Deſks
Straw Hats	Baſts
Stuffs	Drapery

Timber	*See* Wood
Tow dreſt	Snouting
Trumpets	Braſs
Wallers of Braſs	Braſs
Whiſtles	Stone-Birds

Old Book of Rates Outwards.

Adzes	See in Iron wrought
Armour	
Axes	
Bits	
Carpenters and Gravers Tools	
Clock-Work	
Fowling Pieces	
Houghs	
Jack-Work	
Knives	
Locks	
Muskets	
Piſtols	
Sciſſers	
Stirrups	
Barley	See in Corn
Beans	
Buck-Wheat	
Malt	
Oats	
Peaſe	
Rye	
Wheat	
Bottles	Glaſſes
Brick	in E
Buttons of all ſorts	See in Haberdaſhery
Filiting	
Hooks and Eyes	
Inkle	
Pack-thread	
Tape	

		See
Cows		Oxen
Darnix Hangings		Tapiſtry
Drapery		Woollen-Cloth
Geldings		Horſes
Hat-makers Strings		Catlings
Kerſies		Woollen-Cloth
Lawns		Cobweb Lawns
Pearls		Jewels
Pewter		Tin
Plains		Cottons
Precious Stones		Jewels
Says		Woollen-Cloth
Serges		
Steers		Oxen
Stone-Ware		Earthen Ware
Stuffs		Woollen-Cloth
Tyles		in E

New Book of Rates Inwards.

	See
Berlins	Coaches
Box-Iron	Irons
Catches Iron	Latches
Fire-Wood	Wood
Flag-ſtones	Stones
Pans Iron	Cauldrons
Pantiles	Tiles
Sickles	Reaping Hooks
Smoothing Irons	Irons
Stirrup Irons	Irons
Types	Printing Letters

New Book of Rates Outwards.

	See
Rabbits Fur	Fur

A

VIEW

OF THE

RATES

OF

Goods and Merchandizes

IMPORTED and EXPORTED,

AND THE

Neat Duties payable according to the ſaid Rates,

AND OF THE

Neat Duties to be repaid upon Exportation in Time for Goods, for which Duties were paid Inwards.

DUBLIN: Printed in the Year M DCC XLI.

In the following VIEW *it is to be obſerved.*

1. THAT the Goods and Rates therein are Copies of the Goods and Rates in the reſpective Acts of Parliament, *viz.* The Act for Poundage and Tunnage 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. cap. 9. The Act for ſettling of the Exciſe or New Impoſt 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. cap. 8. And the Act intitled, An Act for the more effectual preventing ſeveral Frauds and Abuſes committed in his Majeſty's Cuſtoms and Exciſe, *&c.* 1 *Geo.* 2. cap. 6. But in the ſaid View ſeveral Articles are placed more exactly in alphabetical Order, than they are in the original Old and New Book of Rates for Cuſtom, that they may more readily be found; but are nevertheleſs continued under the ſame Letter, and general Head of the Alphabet in the ſaid Statutes.

2. That the old Rates for Exciſe are brought in orderly in the Exciſe Column, and the Goods placed alphabetically among the Goods rated in the ſaid Book of Rates for Cuſtom.

3. That whereas by the Act for Exciſe, Sect. 6. all Drugs imported are to pay 2*s.* for every 20*s.* Value; and by the ſaid Act, Sect. 7. all Sorts of raw Hemp, undreſs'd Flax, Tow, Tar, Roſin, Pitch, Wax, Cable, Cable Yarn, or Cordage, are to pay 6*d.* for every 20*s.* Value according to the Exciſe Rates; in the ſaid View, the Rates for Exciſe on Drugs are double in the Exciſe Column, and half Exciſe Rates only charged on the ſaid raw Hemp, *&c.* that ſo 5 Pounds *per Cent.* in all ſuch Caſes, may be the Exciſe to be paid down, or ſecured.

4. That by the Act for Exciſe, Sect. 9. all Goods imported (except Jewels, Bullion, Corn, Victuals, Arms, and Ammunition) not rated for Exciſe, are to pay 12*d.* for every 20*s.* Value, as rated for Cuſtom.

5. That where a Circumflex is found to any Articles, to the Right-hand of the Exciſe Column, they have ſome Dependence on each other. For Inſtance, Pins Engliſh, the Dozen Thouſand, are to be charged with the ſame Cuſtom Rate as Pins the Dozen Thouſand are charged; Ardas, Belledine, *&c.* Bengala, and Legee Silk, with the ſame Cuſtom Rate as raw long Silk of all Sorts, except China and Morea, is charged.

6. Whereas

6. Whereas it is enacted by the Old Act for Cuſtom, that Goods brought in or carried out liable to Subſidy, not mentioned in the Book of Rates, ſhould pay Cuſtom according to Value upon Oath of the Merchant. Therefore in ſuch Caſes r *l.* is put in the Column for Cuſtom, and the neat Duty calculated accordingly.

7. That the additional Duties are placed regularly among the Cuſtom Rates after the ſeveral Articles which are chargeable therewith, and the Statutes mentioned, by which they are granted.

8. That whereas there are ſeveral Engliſh Statutes, which extend to this Kingdom, prohibiting the Importation of Commodities of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the *Eaſt-Indies*, *Perſia*, or *China*, from any Place but *Great Britain*, under great Penalties on the Importers, and the King's Officers. And whereas there are a Number of ſuch Goods in the Books of Rates, that are not diſtinguiſhed by any Mark, whereby they may be known, and the Penalties in the ſaid Statutes may, through Inadvertency, be incurred. Therefore in the following View, for the Safety of the Merchant and Officer, there is Care taken to place in the Margin before every ſuch Article (*E. Ind.*) as before Bengala Silk.

9. That there are ſeveral Articles in the Books of Rates, which are Haberdaſhery Wares, and by the Fourth Rule in the Old Book of Rates for Cuſtom, are to have no Allowance of the half Cuſtom upon Exportation, and therefore the Drawbacks thereof in the following View are calculated accordingly. But as there is not any Mark in the Books of Rates whereby they may be known; there is Care taken likewiſe in the following View to place in the Margin before every ſuch Article (*Hab.*) as before Pins.

A VIEW

A

VIEW

OF THE

RATES of GOODS and MERCHANDIZES Imported and Exported, and the Neat Duties payable according to the ſaid Rates, and of the Neat Duties to be repaid upon Exportation in Time for Goods, for which Duties were paid Inwards.

Rates of MERCHANDIZES.

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties payable according to the ſaid Rates from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties payable according to the ſaid Rates from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
A.	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
ADzes for Coopers, the dozen	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6
Aggats ſmall as a bean, the hundred dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Aggats large, the piece	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	9
Allom { Engliſh, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds / Romiſh or roach. See *Drugs*, Letter A.	0	10	0	0	15	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	0	0

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Alphabets the ſet, containing 24	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Alphiſti, or Canary ſeeds, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	15	0	0	0	0	0	7	1	0	0	8	3	6	0	5	3	13	0	5	10	16
Amber, The pound	0	7	4	0	1	8	0	0	5	3	0	0	6	10	0	0	3	1	0	0	3	15
Amber, The maſt, containing 2 pound and a half	0	8	4	0	0	0	0	0	9	9	0	0	11	1	0	0	7	1	0	0	7	17
Hab.— Amber, Beads the pound	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5
Anchovis the little barrel	0	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	18	0	0	6	7	0	0	7	2
Andirons, Or creepers of lattin, the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Andirons, Of iron, wrought in England, the pair	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	0	0
Andlets, or mails, the pound	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Aneile of Barbary, the pound	0	3	0	0	1	8	0	0	2	13	0	0	3	5	0	0	1	16	0	0	2	2
Annoto, the pound	0	1	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	4
Anvils, Engliſh, the hundred, containing 112 pounds	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	15	0	0	0	0
Apples, The buſhel	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Apples, The barrel, containing three buſhels	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Aqua-vitæ— The barrel	5	6	8	0	0	0	0	10	0	19	0	11	9	4	0	7	6	11	0	8	4	14
Aqua-vitæ— The hogſhead	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8	0	17	7	16	0	11	3	16	0	12	7	0
Aqua-vitæ— And for the additional duty on Spirits not above proof, 8 d. per Gallon, by 2 Geo. 1. c. 3.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	7	11	0	0	7	11	0	0	7	11
Aqua-vitæ— But ſee *Spirits*.																						
Argal, white, or red, or powder, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	3	4	1	2	0	0	2	1	14	0	2	6	3	0	1	7	1	0	1	9	5
Armour, old, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Arrows for trunks, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Aſhes vocat. Pot Aſhes, The barrel, containing 200 pounds	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	14	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	9	0	0	0	0
Aſhes vocat. Pot Aſhes, The hundred weight, containing 112 pounds, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	9	19	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	0	0	0	0
Aſhes vocat. Wood or Soap Aſhes, The laſt, containing 12 barrels	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	8	3	0	0	0	0	0	16	11	15	0	0	0	0
Aſhes vocat. Wood or Soap Aſhes, The hundred weight, containing 112 pounds, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0
But by 2 Ann. Cap. 4. foreign Pot Aſhes or Wood Aſhes are to be imported free of all duties from and after 1 Auguſt, 1705.																						

Aule-

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Aule-blades the thouſand, Engliſh	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	15	0	0	0	0
Aulgers { Engliſh for Carpenters, the groce	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	0	0
Aulgers { Foreign for Carpenters, the groce	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	10	0	1	6	17
Axes, or Hatchets, the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
B.																						
Babies, or Puppets for children, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Babies heads of earth, the dozen	0	10	0	0	9	0	0	0	10	16	0	1	0	14	0	0	7	18	0	0	8	18
And for the additional duty 12d. for every 20 s. value, as rated for Cuſtom. By 9 Geo. 2. Cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
Bacon { Of England or Wales, the flitch	0	10	0	Free.			0	0	5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	17	0	0	0	0
Bacon { Of Weſtphalia, and all foreign, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	Free.			0	1	10	16	0	2	6	8	0	0	11	8	0	1	3	4
Bags { With locks, the dozen	2	8	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	8	0	5	3	11	0	3	4	15	0	3	9	6
Bags { With ſteel rings, without locks, the dozen	1	12	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	5	0	3	6	7	0	2	3	3	0	2	6	4
Balks { Great, the hundred, containing 120	12	0	0	20	0	0	1	10	2	8	1	14	0	0	1	4	6	0	1	6	4	16
Balks { Middle, the hundred, containing 120	5	0	0	6	0	0	0	10	4	14	0	11	11	14	0	8	0	4	0	8	9	14
Balks { Small, the hundred, containing 120	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10	0	4	8	10	0	5	0	6
Ballances vocat. { Gold ballances, the groce, containing 12 dozen pair	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Ballances vocat. { Ounce ballances, the groce, containing 12 dozen pair	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Ballances vocat. { The ſort, containing four dozen	2	13	4	0	0	0	0	5	0	9	0	5	10	11	0	3	9	5	0	4	2	6
Balls vocat. { Tennis balls, the thouſand	2	0	0	1	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	3	11	6	0	2	4	6	0	2	8	2
Balls vocat. { Waſh-balls, the groce, containing 12 dozen	2	0	0	0	10	0	0	2	4	9	0	3	0	1	0	1	5	1	0	1	8	17
Bandaleers, the hundred, containing five ſcore	0	16	8	0	0	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	10	1	0	1	2	3	0	1	3	14
Bands vocat. { Flanders bands of bone-lace, the band	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	10	16	1	2	0	16	0	14	1	16	0	15	8	16
Bands vocat. { Cut-work of Flanders, or any other country	20	0	0	0	0	0	1	17	9	12	2	4	1	12	1	8	3	12	1	11	5	12
																						Band-ſtrings,

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Band-ſtrings, the dozen knots	0	10	0	3	0	0	0	3	3	11	0	3	5	9	0	3	0	13	0	3	1	12
Bankers of Verdures, the dozen pieces	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Barbers aprons or checks the piece, not above ten yards	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
And for the additional duty on linnen 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10. (Britiſh excepted)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Barrilia or ſaphora to make glaſs, the barrel, containing 200 weight	4	0	0	3	0	0	0	6	7	9	0	7	10	13	0	4	8	13	0	5	4	5
Bark from and after the 1ſt of November, 1703, to pay per barrel one penny and no more, 2 Anne, chap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
Barley the quarter, containing eight buſhels	0	5	0	Free.			0	0	2	17	0	0	3	16	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	18
Barlings the hundred, containing 120	1	13	4	12	0	0	0	12	10	8	0	13	4	14	0	12	0	17	0	12	4	0
Bartattoes or Bombazines: Narrow, the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	4	2	0	13	2	18	0	8	5	18	0	9	5	6
Bartattoes or Bombazines: Broad, the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	2	15	0	15	5	7	0	9	10	17	0	11	0	3
Bartattoes or Bombazines: Of Silk, the yard	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	6	15	0	0	6	15
And for the additional duty 2 s. 6 d. per pound weight, (except of Great Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt-Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Baſket-rods the bundle	0	6	8	0	8	0	0	0	8	6	0	0	9	12	0	0	6	8	0	0	7	1
Baſkets vocat. hand-baſkets or ſports, the dozen	0	3	4	0	4	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	4	16	0	0	3	4	0	0	3	10
Baſons of lattin the pound	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	13	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	3
Baſt-ropes: The rope	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	9
Baſt-ropes: The bundle, containing ten ropes	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Baſt-ropes: The hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	6	15	0	0	7	11
Baſts or Straw Hats: Knotted the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Baſts or Straw Hats: Plain the dozen	0	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	8
Battery, Baſhrons, or Kettles, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	9	0	0	6	0	0	0	14	2	6	0	17	0	10	0	9	11	0	0	11	4	2
Bays of Florence per yard	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17

Beads

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Hab. — Beads: Of bone, the great groce, containing 12 ſmall groce	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	1	4	18	0	1	4	18
Of box, the great groce	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	1	4	18	0	1	4	18
Of chriſtal, the thouſand	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	2	9	17	0	2	9	17
Of coral, the pound	1	0	0	1	10	0	0	2	4	6	0	2	8	2	0	1	4	18	0	1	4	18
Of glaſs and wood of all ſorts, the great groce	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13
Of glaſs the ſmall groce, containing 12 dicker, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	7	19	0	0	9	17	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	5
Of glaſs the pound, for every 20s. value in the Cuſtom on oath	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	11	0	1	4	7	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	3
Of Jaſper ſquare, the hundred ſtones	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	1	10	11	0	1	10	11
Beer and Ale imported, the barrel, for every 20s. value in the Cuſtom on oath	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	2	4	0	1	6	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	10	8
Beaupers the piece, containing 24 or 25 yards	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	7	0	2	9	2	0	1	9	4	0	1	11	12
Bell-mettal the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	13	4	0	0	0	0	3	1	15	0	3	8	2	0	2	4	5	0	2	7	8
Bellows the pair	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Bells vocat. Clapper bells the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Dog-bells the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	0	1	4	0	0	8	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	8	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	17
Hawks-bells, French making, the dozen pair	0	5	0	0	12	0	0	0	9	12	0	0	10	11	0	0	8	3	0	0	8	13
Hawks-bells, Noremborough making, the dozen pair	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Horſe-bells the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Morris-bells the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Bits for bridles the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Blacking, or lamp-black, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Blankets vocat. Paris mantles coloured, the mantle	1	5	8	0	0	0	0	2	5	2	0	2	10	0	0	1	9	16	0	2	0	5
Paris mantles, or others, uncoloured, the mantle	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Boards vocat. Barrel-boards the thouſand, at ſix ſcore to the hundred. By 2 Ann. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	9	●
Clap-boards the hundred, containing 120 boards	0	15	0	5	0	0	0	5	4	19	0	5	7	16	0	5	0	13	0	5	2	2
Paſt-boards for books the thouſand	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Pipe-boards or Pipe-holt the thouſand, at ſix ſcore to the hundred. By 2 Ann. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	9	●
White-boards for Shoemakers, the board	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Bodkins the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Bome-ſpars the hundred, containing 120	1	13	4	3	0	0	0	4	4	17	0	4	11	4	0	3	7	7	0	3	10	10
Books unbound. The baſket or maund, containing eight bales or two fats	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8	0	17	7	16	0	11	3	16	0	12	7	0
The fat, containing half a maund	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	19
Boſſes for bridles the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Botanoes per piece	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Bottles. Of earth, covered with wicker, the dozen	0	3	4	0	1	6	0	0	2	15	0	0	3	8	0	0	1	16	0	0	2	2
And for the additional duty, 12 d. for the value of every 20 s. as rated for Cuſtom. By 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
Of glaſs. Covered with wicker, the dozen	0	13	4	0	3	0	0	0	9	6	0	0	11	17	0	0	5	9	0	0	6	15
With vices, covered with leather, the dozen	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	11	18	0	3	11	6	0	1	6	16	0	2	0	10
Uncovered, the dozen	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Of wood, called ſucking bottles, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Boultel. Raines the piece	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	6	15	0	0	7	11
The bale, containing 20 pieces	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8	0	17	7	16	0	11	3	16	0	12	7	0
Bowling ſtones, the buſhel, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	10	0	0	1	5	1	0	1	8	17	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5
Bows vocat. ſtone-bows of ſteel the piece	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Bow-ſtaves the hundred, containing ſix ſcore ſtaves	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	19

Boxes

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Boxes: Drawing-boxes the dozen, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	1	13	0	1	5	9	0	0	7	19	0	0	9	16
Fire or Tinder-boxes the groce, containing 12 dozen boxes	0	13	4	0	9	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Money-boxes the groce, containing 12 dozen, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	3	6	0	1	1	7	0	1	5	3	0	0	7	13	0	0	9	11
Neſt-boxes the groce, containing 12 dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Pepper-boxes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	7	17	0	1	0	14	0	1	2	3
Round-boxes, or French boxes for marmelade or jelly, the dozen	0	3	0	0	2	6	0	0	3	2	0	0	3	14	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	11
Sand-boxes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Soap-boxes the ſhock, containing three ſcore boxes	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4
Spice-boxes the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Tobacco-boxes the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	12	0	0	1	6	3	0	1	9	19	0	1	0	9	0	1	2	7
Boxes vocat. Touch-boxes: Covered with leather, the dozen	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Boxes vocat. Touch-boxes: Covered with velvet, the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Boxes vocat. Touch-boxes: Of iron or other mettal, gilt, the dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Bracelets or Necklaces: Of glaſs, the ſmall groce, containing 12 bundles or dickers	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	5
Bracelets or Necklaces: Red, the ſmall groce, containing 12 bundles or dickers	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	5
Braſs or: Lamps the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Braſs or: Lavercocks the pound	0	1	4	0	1	2	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	13	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	3
Braſs or: Piles weights the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Braſs or: Braſs ſcales and weights the dozen pair	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Braſs or: Trumpets the dozen	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6

Brick-ſtones

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Brick-ſtones vocat. The thouſand brick-ſtones	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Flanders tyle to ſcour with, the thouſand	1	6	8	1	0	0	0	2	2	10	0	2	7	11	0	1	6	17	0	1	9	8
Gally tyles the foot	0	0	8	0	0	6	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	10
Pan-tyles the thouſand	Value.			5	0	0	See New Rates, Letter T.															
Paving tyles the thouſand	2	0	0	5	0	0	0	6	7	4	0	7	2	16	0	5	7	16	0	5	11	12
And for the additional duty on the ſaid brick-ſtones and tyles, 12 d. for every 20 s. value as rated for Cuſtom. By 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
Bridles the dozen	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	7	17	0	1	0	14	0	1	2	3
Brimſtone the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	6	8	0	15	0	0	1	0	5	0	1	1	10	0	0	10	7	0	0	10	19
Briſtles Rough or undreſt, the dozen pounds	0	5	0	0	6	0	0	0	6	5	0	0	7	4	0	0	4	16	0	0	5	5
Dreſt the dozen pounds	0	10	0	0	12	0	0	1	0	9	0	1	2	7	0	0	9	12	0	0	10	11
Broches of lattin or copper the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6
Bruſhes: Beard-bruſhes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Of hair, vocat. Comb-bruſhes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Head-bruſhes the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Rubbing-bruſhes the dozen	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	15	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5
Weavers-bruſhes the dozen	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Of heath Courſe the dozen	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Fine, or head-bruſhes, the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Called rubbing-bruſhes, the dozen	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Bruſhes for hats and cloaths, the dozen	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Buckrams: Of the Eaſt-country The roul or half piece	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	5	0	0	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
The piece by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	5	0																
Of French making the dozen pieces	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	14	0	5	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Caen, the dozen, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	4	8	14	0	5	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Roan, the dozen, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	5	2	7	0	5	11	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Buckrams: Of Germany, or fine, per piece	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buckrams: Hamborough black the piece, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	10	0	0	1	5	1	0	1	8	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buckrams: Vocat. Carrick buckrams the ſhort piece	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buckrams: And for the additional duty, per yard 6 d. on all the ſaid buckrams. By 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hab.— Buckles: For girdles the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
Hab.— Buckles: For girts the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	18	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	5
Buffines, Muccadoes, and Lyle-grograms: Narrow, the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	15
Buffines, Muccadoes, and Lyle-grograms: Broad, the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards	4	10	0	0	0	0	0	8	6	1	0	9	11	3	0	6	4	8	0	7	0	19
Bugaſines, or callico buckrams, the half piece	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
And for the additional duty, per yard 1 s. 6 d. by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hab.— Bugles: Great the pound	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	5
Hab.— Bugles: Small or ſeed bugle the pound	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	3	15	0	0	3	15
Hab.— Bugles: Lace the pound	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	4	11	0	0	4	11
Hab.— Bugles: Of glaſs the pound, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	2	6	0	1	0	16	0	1	4	12	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	8
Bullions for purſes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Bulruſhes the load	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Burrs for mill-ſtones the hundred, containing five ſcore	2	10	0	2	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	5	0	11	0	3	0	16	0	3	5	11
Buſkins of leather the dozen pair	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Buſtians the ſingle piece, not above 15 yards	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Butter: The barrel	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	8	0	1	3	4	0	0	5	14	0	0	7	12
Butter: Of England the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	Free.			0	0	5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	17	0	0	0	0

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Hab. — *except Mettal.* Buttons: Of bugle, steel, copper, or lattin, the great groce, containing 12 small groce, every groce 12 dozen	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4
Of bugle the dozen	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	7
Of christal the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	5
Of fine damask-work the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13
Of glass the great groce, containing 12 small groce	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	7	10	0	0	7	10
Of hair the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	3	15	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	5
For handkerchiefs the groce, containing 12 dozen	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	10	2	0	3	5	14	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5
Of silk the great groce, containing 12 small groce	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	9	5	0	4	1	1	0	2	9	17	0	2	9	17
Of thread the great groce, containing 12 small groce	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13
C.																						
Cabinets or counters, small, the groce	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Large the piece	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Cables tarred or untarred the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	13	4	Free.			0	0	7	12	0	0	10	3	0	0	3	16	0	0	5	1
Hab. — Caddas, or cruel ribband, the dozen pieces, every piece containing 36 yards	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Calve-skins in the hair the piece	0	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	18	0	0	2	4	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	11
Cambogium. Vid. *Drugs*.																						
Cameletto, half silk half hair, the yard foreign	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Candle-plates or wallers of brass or lattin the pound	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	9	0	0	1	15	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5
Candles of tallow the pound	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	9

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Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Candleſticks — Of braſs or lattin the pound	0	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	18	0	0	2	4	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	11
Candleſticks — Of wyre the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Candle-wick the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Canes — Or reeds the thouſand	2	10	0	5	0	0	0	7	0	18	0	7	10	8	0	5	10	13	0	6	3	8
Canes — Of wood the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Canes — The ſhock, containing 60 canes	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Cant ſpars the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	1	13	4	30	0	0	1	9	9	8	1	10	3	15	1	8	11	18	1	9	3	1
Capers — The pound	0	0	6	0	0	0																
Capers — The hundred weight, containing 112 pounds, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	5	0	2	0	5	10	15	0	3	8	3	0	4	1	9
Cap-hooks, or hooks-ends, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	15	0	0	12	0	0	1	3	6	0	1	6	3	0	0	11	0	0	1	0	9
Capravens the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	3	13	4	0	0	0	0	6	11	3	0	8	1	2	0	5	2	5	0	5	9	4
Hab. — Caps, vocat. — Double-tufted or cockared caps the dozen	2	8	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	8	0	5	3	11	0	3	4	15	9	3	9	6
Caps, vocat. — For children the dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5
Caps, vocat. — Night-caps — Of linnen the dozen (except Britiſh, which are free)	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Caps, vocat. — Night-caps — Of ſattin and velvet the dozen	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	2	9	17	0	2	9	17
Caps, vocat. — Night-caps — Of ſilk knit the dozen	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	3	9	2	0	3	9	2
Caps, vocat. — Night-caps — And for the additional duty on the ſaid ſattin and velvet, and ſilk knit caps, 2s. 6d. per pound weight, (except of Great Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt-Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Caps, vocat. — Night-caps — Of woollen the dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Hab. — Cards, vocat. — Playing-Cards the groce, containing 12 dozen pair	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	5	8	3	0	6	11	7	0	1	10	11	0	1	10	11
Cards, vocat. — And for the additional duty, for every pack 12 d. by 3 Geo. 2. cap. 3.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cards, vocat. — Wool-Cards — Old, the dozen pair	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	7	19	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	13
Cards, vocat. — Wool-Cards — New, the dozen pair	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8

Carpets,

Rates Inwards.		Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
		l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Carpets, vocat.	Brunſwick carpets, ſtript or unſtript, the piece	0	10	0	0	8	0	0	0	10	4	0	1	0	2	0	0	7	7	0	0	8	6
	China of cotton, courſe the piece	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	7	0	0	0	0
	And for the additional duty, for every yard 1 s. 6 d. By 2 Geo. 1. cap. 1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0
	Of Cornex, the carpet two yards and a half long	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	7	0	2	9	2	0	1	9	4	0	1	11	12
	Of England or Scotland the piece	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	0	0
	Gentiſh the dozen	3	0	0	4	16	0	0	7	4	6	0	8	3	14	0	5	11	4	0	6	4	18
	Of Perſia — The yard ſquare, the yard	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	4	0	0	0	0
	Of Perſia — Short the piece	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	4	5	17	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	0	0	0	0	0
	Of Perſia — Long the piece	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	7	9	7	0	0	0	0	0	6	8	10	0	0	0	0
	And for the additional duty, for every yard 1 s. 6 d. By 2 Geo. 1. cap. 1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0
	Turkey or Venice — Short the piece	1	10	0	1	15	0	0	3	0	16	0	3	6	10	0	2	4	5	0	2	7	2
	Turkey or Venice — Long, containing four yards and upwards	8	0	0	6	0	0	0	13	2	18	0	15	9	6	0	9	5	6	0	10	8	10
	Of Turkey, for cheſts, the piece, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	13	0	2	2	9	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
	Of Tunny the piece, containing two yards and a half	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Carrels the piece, containing 15 yards		1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4
Caſes for looking-glaſſes	Gilt — Of number three and four, the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
	Gilt — Of number five and ſix, the dozen	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	18	0	0	9	5	0	0	5	18	0	0	6	12
	Gilt — Of number ſeven and eight, the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
	Gilt — Of number nine and ten, and upwards, the dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
	Ungilt — Of number three and four, the dozen	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
	Ungilt — Of number five and ſix, the dozen	0	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	3	19	0	0	4	13	0	0	2	19	0	0	3	6
	Ungilt — Of number ſeven and eight, the dozen	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
	Ungilt — Of number nine and ten, the dozen	0	16	8	0	0	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	10	1	0	1	2	3	0	1	3	14
Hab.— Caſes — For combs — Single the groce, containing 12 dozen		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5
Caſes — For combs — Double the groce, containing 12 dozen		2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	1	10	11	0	1	10	11
Caſes — With wooden combs garniſh'd, the dozen		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom,			Exciſe,			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Hab.— Caſes for needles: With ſmall ivory combs, garniſhed, the dozen	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5
Caſes for needles: With middle ſort ivory combs, garniſhed, the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	1	10	11	0	1	10	11
Caſes for needles: With large ivory combs garniſhed, the dozen	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	3	9	2	0	3	9	2
Caſes for needles: Or pin-caſes, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	7	10	0	0	7	10
Caſes for needles: French, gilt, the dozen	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	2	16	0	0	2	16
Caſes for ſpectacles: The groce, ungilt, containing 12 dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	7	10	0	0	7	10
Caſes for ſpectacles: The groce, gilt, containing 12 dozen	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	3	5	0	1	3	5
Caſkets of iron: Small, the dozen	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Caſkets of iron: Middle ſort, the dozen	2	8	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	8	0	5	3	11	0	3	4	15	0	3	9	6
Caſkets of iron: Large, the dozen	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Caſkets of ſteel, the dozen	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	4	2	0	13	2	18	0	8	5	18	0	9	5	6
Caveare the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Caules: Of linnen for women the dozen (except Britiſh, which are free)	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Caules: Of ſilk the dozen	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	3	0	0	1	3	0
And for the additional duty, for every pound weight of ſilk, (except of Great Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt-Indies) 2 s. 6 d. by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Chaſin-diſhes: Of braſs or lattin the pound	0	1	4	0	1	2	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	13	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	3
Chaſin-diſhes: Of iron the dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Chains: For dogs, courſe, the dozen	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Chains: For keys or purſes, fine, the dozen	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	6	15	0	0	7	11
Chairs of walnut-tree the piece	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Chamlets: Unwatered or mohair the yard	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Chamlets: Watered the yard	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Chamlets: Half ſilk half hair the yard	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Great Britain, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts
Cheese the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	6	8	Free.			0	0	3	16	0	0	5	1	0	0	1	18	0	0	2	10
Cherries the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Chess: Boards the dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Chess: Men the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6
Chests: Of iron: Small or middle sort, the piece	5	0	0	4	0	0	0	8	6	2	0	10	1	2	0	6	1	12	0	6	11	2
Chests: Of iron: Large the piece	6	13	4	8	0	0	0	13	10	4	0	15	11	11	0	10	8	4	0	11	8	17
Chests: Of Cypress wood the nest, containing 3 chests	1	10	0	15	0	0	0	15	6	6	0	16	0	0	0	14	9	15	0	15	0	12
Chests: Of Spruce or Dansk the nest, containing 3 chests	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Chests: Painted the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Chimney backs: Small the piece	0	6	8	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	4	7	0	1	1	3	0	1	1	16
Chimney backs: Large the piece	0	13	4	2	0	0	0	2	6	3	0	2	8	14	0	2	2	7	0	2	3	12
China peaſe the pound	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	0	0
Chizels for Joiners the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Cisterns of lattin the pound	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	15	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5
Citterns the dozen	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Clap-holt or Clap-boards: The ſmall hundred, containing ſix ſcore boards	0	15	0	Vid. Boards.																		
Clap-holt or Clap-boards: The ring, containing two ſmall hundred	1	10	0																			
Clap-holt or Clap-boards: The great hundred, containing 24 ſmall hundred	18	0	0																			
Claricods the pair	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	11
Cloaks of felt the piece	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Coaches for children the dozen, for every 20s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	1	2	0	1	4	18	0	0	7	8	0	0	9	6
Coals the tun	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	16	0	0	9	2	0	0	5	18	0	0	6	11
Cochaneil, vocat. Sylveſter or Campeache cochaneil, the pound	0	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	18	0	0	2	4	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	11
Cochaneil, vocat. Of all ſorts of cochaneil, except Sylveſter or Campeache cochaneil	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6

Coffee

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Coffee the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	20	0	0	0	0	0	1	17	9	12	2	4	1	12	1	8	3	12	1	11	5	12
And for the additional duty, 3d. per pound, by 6 Geo. 1. cap. 4.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	17	0	0	2	17	0	0	2	17	0	0	2	17
Coffers — Covered with gilt leather, the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Coffers — Covered with velvet, the dozen	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Coffers — With iron bars, the neſt, containing three coffers	1	12	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	5	0	3	6	7	0	2	3	3	0	2	6	4
Coffers — Plain the neſt, containing three coffers	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Coffers — Painted the neſt, containing three coffers	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	3	0	1	9	4	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	2
Comaſhes out of Turkey, the piece	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Hab.— Combs — Of bone the pound	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	5
Hab.— Combs — Of box the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13
Hab.— Combs — Of horn for Barbers the dozen	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	2
Hab.— Combs — Called horſe-combs, the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	5
Hab.— Combs — Of ivory the pound	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13
Hab.— Combs — Vocat. light-wood combs, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	3	15	0	0	3	15
Hab.— Combs — For Wool the pair, old or new	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	1	17	0	0	1	17
Comfits the pound	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Compaſſes — Of iron for Carpenters the dozen	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Compaſſes — Of braſs the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Compaſſes — Of braſs and iron the dozen, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	9	5	0	4	1	0	0	3	3	10	0	3	5	8
Compaſſes — For ſhips the dozen	0	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	18	0	0	6	7	0	0	7	1
Copper — Bricks or plates, round or ſquare, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	4	0	0	0	4	2	16	0	4	4	14	0	3	11	19	0	4	0	18
Copper — Chains, the chain	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Copper — Purles or plate, the mark	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Copperas — The hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Copperas — Green the 112 pounds, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	9	10	0	0	10	14	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	2
Copperas — White and blue. Vid. *Drugs*.																						
Cordage or ropes tarred or untarred, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	13	4	0	6	8	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	18	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17

Cork

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.	Exciſe.	Neat Duties from		Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from	
			Great Britain, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.	*Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.
	l. s. d.	*l. s. d.*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*
Cork — For Shoemakers, the dozen pieces	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 0 4 10	0 0 5 6	0 0 3 7	0 0 3 15
Cork — Of all other ſorts the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0 16 8	1 0 0	0 1 8 16	0 2 0 0	0 1 4 0	0 1 5 12
Cork-tacks — Of iron the thouſand	0 6 8	0 0 0	0 0 7 11	0 0 8 17	0 0 5 13	0 0 6 6
Cork-tacks — Of ſteel the thouſand	1 13 4	0 0 0	0 3 1 15	0 3 8 2	0 2 4 5	0 2 7 8
Corn, vocat. — Barley the quarter. (See Letter B.)	0 2 0	Free.				
Corn, vocat. — Beans, Malt, Oats the quarter	0 2 0		0 0 1 3	0 0 1 10	0 0 0 11	0 0 0 15
Corn, vocat. — Rye the quarter	0 5 0		0 0 2 17	0 0 3 16	0 0 1 8	0 0 1 18
Corn, vocat. — Wheat imported, the quarter	0 6 8		0 0 3 16	0 0 5 2	0 0 1 18	0 0 2 11
Coverlets of Scotland, the piece	0 15 0	0 0 0	0 1 5 0	0 1 5 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Counters — Of braſs the pound, by the Act for Exciſe	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 0 1 13	0 0 1 17	0 0 1 7	0 0 1 10
Counters — Of lattin the pound	0 1 0	0 0 0				
Croſsbow — Lathes the pound	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 1 3	0 0 1 7	0 0 0 17	0 0 0 19
Croſsbow — Racks the piece	0 10 0	0 0 0	0 0 11 7	0 1 1 5	0 0 8 9	0 0 9 8
Hab. — Croſsbow — Thread the pound	0 0 8	0 0 0	0 0 0 15	0 0 0 18	0 0 0 7	0 0 0 7
Cruſes of ſtone — Without covers the hundred, containing five ſcore	0 10 0	0 0 0	0 0 11 7	0 1 1 5	0 0 8 9	0 0 9 8
Cruſes of ſtone — With covers the hundred, containing five ſcore	1 6 8	0 0 0	0 2 6 5	0 2 11 6	0 1 10 13	0 2 1 4
And for the additional duty, 12 d. for the value of every 20 s. as rated for Cuſtom. By 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 11 6	0 0 11 6	0 0 11 6	0 0 11 6
Cuſhion-cloaths — Courſe the dozen	2 10 0	0 0 0	0 4 8 14	0 5 6 4	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Cuſhion-cloaths — And for the additional Duty, 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10. (except Britiſh)	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 5 13	0 0 5 13	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Cuſhion-cloaths — Of tapiſtry the dozen	4 10 0	0 0 0	0 8 6 1	0 9 11 3	0 6 4 8	0 7 0 19
Cuſhions the dozen	0 10 0	0 0 0	0 0 11 7	0 1 1 5	0 0 8 9	0 0 9 8
Cuttle bones the thouſand	1 6 8	0 0 0	0 2 6 5	0 2 11 6	0 1 10 13	0 2 1 4

Dagger-

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
D.																						
Dagger-blades the dozen	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4
Dagger: For children the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Dagger: Of bone for children the dozen	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Dagger: Black, with velvet ſheaths, the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Dagger: Gilt, with velvet ſheaths, the dozen	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Dagges with firelocks, or ſnaphances, the piece	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	19	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Deals, vocat. Burgendorp deals the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	10	16	1	2	0	16	0	14	1	16	0	15	8	16
Deals, vocat. Mebro and Norway deals the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Deals, vocat. Spruce deals the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	8	3	1	6	5	15	0	16	11	16	0	18	10	12
Deſks: Or ſtays for Books, the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Deſks: For Women, To work on, covered with woollen, the piece	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Deſks: For Women, Covered with velvet, the piece	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Dials of Bone the dozen	0	8	0	0	5	0	0	0	7	8	0	0	8	18	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	17
Dials of Wood the dozen	0	2	0	0	0	6	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	16	0	0	0	17	0	0	1	0
Dimity the yard	0	2	0	0	0	6	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	16	0	0	0	17	0	0	1	0
If Indian, to be imported from Great Britain only, and to pay an additional duty of 1 s. 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Diſhes of China: Great and ſmall under a quart, the dozen, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	19	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Diſhes of China: Of a quart and upwards, the dozen, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	9	5	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	11	0	0	0	0

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
And for the additional duty, 12 d. for the value of every 20 s. as valued for Custom. By 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	0	0
Dogs of earth the groce, containing 12 dozen	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
And for the additional duty, 12 d. for the value of every 20 s. as rated for Custom. By 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
Dornix — With caddas the piece, containing 15 yards	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Dornix — With silk the piece, containing 15 yards	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Dornix — With thread the piece, containing 15 yards	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Dornix — With wool the piece containing 15 yards	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	7	0	2	9	2	0	1	9	4	0	1	11	12
Dornix — French making — The ell	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	6	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	7
Dornix — French making — The yard	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Drapery, vocat. — Old Drapery — The yard, coming from England	0	10	0	Free.			0	0	5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	17	0	0	0	0
Drapery, vocat. — Old Drapery — From any other parts, the yard	8	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	13	4	10
Drapery, vocat. — New Drapery — Viz. Kerseys, serges, and all other stuffs of wool, or mixed with wool from England	0	3	4	Free.			0	0	1	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0
Drapery, vocat. — New Drapery — From any other parts, the yard	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	11	12	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	10
Drugs vocat.																						
Acacia the pound	0	4	0	0	8	0	0	0	6	15	0	0	7	11	0	0	5	12	0	0	6	6
Acorus the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Adianthum — Album the pound	0	0	8	0	1	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	0
Adianthum — Nigrum the pound	0	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	15
Agaricus — Rough or untrimmed the pound	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Agaricus — Or Agarick trimmed or pared the pound	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17

Agnus

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Drugs vocat.																						
Agnus caſtus ſeeds the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Alchermes { Confectio the ounce	0	4	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	17	0	0	3	19	0	0	4	7
Alchermes { Syrop the pound	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Alkanet roots the pound	0	1	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	4
Allom, romiſh or roach, the hundred, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	2	13	4	0	3	5	9	0	3	9	5	0	2	11	15	0	3	1	13
Almonds, bitter, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	2	14	8	0	4	5	12	0	5	1	4	0	3	6	4	0	3	10	0
E. Ind. Aloes { Cicotrina the pound	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	5	0	0	0	0
Aloes { Epatica the pound	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	17	0	0	3	4	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	9
Alumen plume the pound	0	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	7	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
Ambergreece black or gray, the ounce Troy	3	0	0	6	0	0	0	8	5	18	0	9	5	6	0	7	0	16	0	7	6	10
Ameos-ſeed the pound	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	16
E. Ind. Amomi-ſeeds the pound	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Anacardium the pound	0	3	4	0	6	0	0	0	5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	0	0	0	0
Angelica the pound	0	1	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	6
Antimonium { Crudum, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	1	17	4	0	2	8	9	0	3	0	5	0	2	2	14	0	2	4	12
Antimonium { Præparatum, or ſtibium, the pound	0	0	8	0	2	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	13	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	7
Argentum ſublime, or limum, the pound, or quick-ſilver	0	3	0	0	6	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	13	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	10
Ariſtolochia longa & rotunda, the pound	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	15	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5
Arſnick white or yellow, or roſalger, the pound	0	0	4	0	0	8	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	10
Aſpalathus the pound	0	1	6	0	2	8	0	0	2	7	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	19	0	0	2	1
E. Ind. Aſſa-fætida the pound	0	1	2	0	2	4	0	0	1	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	13	0	0	0	0
Aſſarum-roots the pound	0	1	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	6
Balauſtium the pound	0	2	6	0	5	0	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	15	0	0	3	11	0	0	3	15
Balſamum { Artificial the pound	0	3	4	0	6	8	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6	0	0	4	14	0	0	5	0
Balſamum { Natural the pound	0	10	0	4	0	0	0	4	2	16	0	4	4	14	0	3	11	19	0	4	0	18
Barley hull'd, or French barley, the 112 pounds	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15	0	2	4	5	0	2	6	3

Bay-berries

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Drugs vocat.																						
Bay-berries the 112 pounds	0	13	4	1	6	8	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4	0	1	6	17	0	1	8	2
E. Ind. Bdellium the pound	0	2	6	0	4	0	0	0	3	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	19	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Benalbum or rubrum the pound	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Benjamin of all ſorts the pound	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	5	0	0	0	0
Bezar-ſtone { Of the Eaſt-Indies the ounce Troy	3	0	0	3	10	0	0	6	1	14	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	12	0	0	0	0
Bezar-ſtone { Of the Weſt-Indies the ounce Troy	0	10	0	0	8	0	0	0	10	4	0	1	0	2	0	0	7	7	0	0	8	6
Black-lead the 112 pounds	1	10	0	3	0	0	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13	0	3	6	8	0	3	9	5
Blatta bizantia the pound	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	3	15	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	0
Bolus { Communis or Armoniacus the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	6	8	0	10	0	0	0	9	10	0	0	10	14	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	2
Bolus { Verus the pound, or fine bole	0	9	8	0	2	8	0	0	1	18	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	15
E. Ind. Borax { In paſte or unrefined, commonly called tincal, the pound	0	3	4	0	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0
Borax { Refin'd the pound	0	13	4	0	5	4	0	0	10	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	0	0
Bunkins, holiworties, or piſtolochia, the pound	0	2	6	0	1	4	0	0	2	3	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	9	0	0	1	14
Cacao nuts the pound	Value.			0	1	6	See the New Rates, Letter C.															
E. Ind. Calamus the pound	0	0	8	0	0	6	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Cambogium, or gutta gambæ, the pound	0	3	4	0	2	8	0	0	3	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	0	0	0	0
Camphire { Refin'd the pound	0	5	0	0	13	4	0	0	10	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	19	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Camphire { Unrefin'd the pound	0	2	6	0	6	8	0	0	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	9	0	0	0	0
Cancri oculus the pound	0	4	0	0	6	8	0	0	6	1	0	0	6	16	0	0	4	18	0	0	5	5
Cantharides the pound	0	5	0	0	8	0	0	0	7	7	0	0	8	6	0	0	5	18	0	0	6	8
Caraway-ſeeds the 112 pounds	1	4	0	0	13	4	0	1	9	4	0	2	1	15	0	1	2	7	0	1	4	13
E. Ind. Cardomomes the pound	0	3	0	0	5	0	0	0	4	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	14	0	0	0	0
Carlina the pound	0	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	7	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
Carolina the pound	0	0	4	0	0	8	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	10
Carpo balſami the pound	0	4	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	17	0	0	3	19	0	0	4	7
Carrabe, or ſuccinum, the pound	0	1	0	0	2	8	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	5	0	0	1	16	0	0	1	18

Carthamus-

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Drugs vocat.																						
Carthamus-ſeeds the pound	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	12
Caſſia Fiſtula the pound, of all ſorts	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
Caſſia Lignea the pound	0	1	8	0	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	8	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	15
Caſtoreum, or beaver-cods, the pound	0	10	0	2	0	0	0	2	4	5	0	2	6	3	0	2	1	8	0	2	2	7
Ceruſſa the 112 pounds	0	10	0	3	0	0	0	3	3	11	0	3	5	9	0	3	0	14	0	3	1	13
Cetrach the pound	0	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	7	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
China-roots the pound	0	6	8	0	6	0	0	0	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	0
Chriſtal in broken pieces for phyſical uſes, per pound	0	3	4	0	6	8	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6	0	0	4	14	0	0	5	0
Ciceres white and red the pound	0	0	6	0	0	8	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	11
Cinabrium, or vermilion, the pound	0	2	6	0	6	8	0	0	5	4	0	0	5	13	0	0	4	9	0	0	4	14
Ciperus longus & rotundus, 112 pounds	1	13	4	3	14	8	0	5	1	2	0	5	7	9	0	4	3	12	0	4	6	1
Citrago the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Civet the ounce Troy	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10	0	4	8	10	0	5	0	6
Coculus Indiæ the pound	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	18	0	0	2	5	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	10
Coloquintida the pound	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	17	0	0	3	4	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	9
Copperas White the 112 pounds	2	0	0	4	13	4	0	6	3	8	0	6	11	0	0	5	4	0	0	5	7	16
Copperas Blue of Danſk or Hungary, the 112 pounds	0	12	0	1	17	4	0	2	3	17	0	2	6	3	0	2	0	9	0	2	1	12
Coral Red or white, in fragments for phyſical uſes, the pound	0	3	4	0	2	8	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	1	0	0	2	9	0	0	2	15
Coral Whole the pound	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Corſu-berries the pound, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	2	5	0	1	6	1	0	0	8	11	0	0	10	9
Coriander-ſeeds the 112 pounds	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	2	0	19	0	2	4	15	0	1	7	4	0	1	9	2
Cortex Caperum the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Cortex Guiaci the 112 pounds	3	0	0	4	13	4	0	7	2	16	0	8	2	4	0	5	9	14	0	6	3	8
Cortex Mandragoræ the pound	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Cortex Tamariſci the pound	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	16
Cortex Winteranus the pound	0	0	8	0	2	8	0	0	1	18	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	15
Coſtus dulcis & amara the pound	0	1	8	0	2	8	0	0	2	9	0	0	2	16	0	0	1	19	0	0	2	3

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Great Britain, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Drugs vocat.																						
E. Ind.— Cubebs the pound	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Cumin-seed the 112 pounds	1	13	4	3	6	8	0	4	8	12	0	5	2	19	0	3	11	2	0	4	2	6
Cuscuta the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
E. Ind.— Cyclamens, or panis porcinus, the pound	0	2	0	0	2	8	0	0	2	13	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	5
Cyprus nuts the pound	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0
Daucus Creticus the pound	0	4	0	0	4	8	0	0	4	18	0	0	5	13	0	0	3	15	0	0	4	3
Diagredium, or scammony, the pound	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	2	0	19	0	2	4	14	0	1	7	5	0	1	9	2
Diptamus { Leaves the pound	0	1	0	0	8	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	5	5	0	0	4	15	0	0	4	17
Diptamus { Roots the pound	0	1	6	0	2	8	0	0	2	7	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	19	0	0	2	1
Doronicum the pound	0	2	6	0	3	4	0	0	3	6	0	0	3	15	0	0	2	12	0	0	2	16
Eleborus albus & niger the pound	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	10
Epithemum the pound	0	1	0	0	3	4	0	0	2	9	0	0	2	13	0	0	2	3	0	0	2	5
Es-ustum the pound	0	1	4	0	3	4	0	0	2	13	0	0	2	18	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	7
Euphorbium the pound	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	12
Fennel-seeds the pound	0	0	6	0	1	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	19
Fenugreek the 112 pounds	0	15	0	3	0	0	0	3	6	8	0	3	9	5	0	3	2	2	0	3	3	11
E. Ind.— Flory the pound	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	3	15	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	0
Folium Indiæ the pound	0	5	0	0	6	8	0	0	6	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	3	0	0	0	0
Fox lungs the pound	0	3	0	0	2	8	0	0	3	4	0	0	3	16	0	0	2	7	0	0	2	13
E. Ind.— Frankincense of France or parrosin, the 112 pounds	0	12	0	1	4	0	0	1	8	7	0	1	10	13	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	2
Galanga the pound	0	1	6	0	2	8	0	0	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	19	0	0	0	0
Galbanum the pound	0	1	6	0	4	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	3	8	0	0	2	14	0	0	2	16
General the pound	0	1	4	0	2	0	0	0	1	18	0	0	2	3	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	13
Gentiana the pound	0	0	6	0	0	8	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	11
Ginny-pepper the pound	0	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	7	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
Grains of Guiney, or French grains, the 112 pounds. (See Letter G.)	1	10	0	2	8	0	0	3	8	3	0	4	1	17	0	2	11	12	0	3	2	9
E. Ind.— Grana { Pinæ the pound	0	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
D.— Grana { Tinctorum	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	0	0
Green ginger the pound	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	8	0	1	0	16	0	0	11	17	0	1	0	1

Gum

Rates Inwards.			Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
			l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Drugs vocat.																								
E. Ind.	—	Animi the pound	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	0	0
		Arabick, or Gum Seneca, the 112 pounds	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
E India	. .	Armoniack the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
		Caramen the pound	0	0	6	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	13	0	0	2	8	0	0	2	9
		Carannæ the pound	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	11	0	1	2	6	0	1	0	8	0	1	0	16
		Elemni the pound	0	10	0	0	5	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	10	8	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	12
		Guiaci the pound	0	5	0	0	6	8	0	0	6	12	0	0	7	11	0	0	5	3	0	0	5	13
	Gum	Hederæ the pound	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
E. Ind.	—	Lacke the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	0	0
Do.	. .	Opopanax the pound	0	6	8	0	6	0	0	0	7	4	0	0	8	9	0	0	5	5	0	0	5	18
		Sandrake, or gum juniperi, the 112 pounds	1	8	0	3	0	0	0	4	1	16	0	4	7	2	0	3	5	16	0	3	8	9
		Saracol the pound	0	1	6	0	2	8	0	0	2	7	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	19	0	0	2	1
		Serapinum the pound, or ſagapenum	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	9	0	0	1	19	0	0	2	1
		Taccamahaccæ the pound	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	11	0	1	2	6	0	1	0	8	0	1	0	16
		Tragagant the pound	0	1	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	4
		Hermodactilus the pound	0	2	0	0	2	4	0	0	2	9	0	0	2	16	0	0	1	17	0	0	2	1
	Horns of Stags or Harts	The hundred for Cuſtom	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	2	0	1	10	16	0	0	8	11	0	0	11	8
		The hundred weight for Exciſe	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	4	8	8	0	4	8	8	0	4	8	8	0	4	8	8
		Hypociſtis the pound	0	2	0	0	3	4	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	2	9	0	0	2	12
		Jallop the pound	0	4	0	0	8	0	0	0	6	15	0	0	7	11	0	0	5	12	0	0	6	0
		Incenſe or Olibanum, the 112 pounds. (See *Olibanum.*)	5	0	0	7	4	0	0	11	6	4	0	13	1	4	0	9	1	14	0	9	11	4
		Ireos the 112 pounds	2	10	0	6	0	0	0	8	0	4	0	8	9	14	0	6	9	19	0	7	2	14
		Iſon-glaſs the 112 pounds	5	0	0	20	0	0	1	3	6	12	1	5	1	12	1	1	2	2	1	1	11	12
		Jujubes the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
	Juniper-berries	The 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	1	3	18	7	1	7	14	7	0	10	4	7	1	0	2
		The pound, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	1	6	8																
		Lapdanum, or Lapcdonum, the pound	0	1	0	0	2	8	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	5	0	0	1	16	0	0	1	18
	Lapis	Calaminaris the 112 pounds	0	16	8	1	17	4	0	2	6	11	0	2	9	14	0	2	1	15	0	2	3	7
		Contra-yerva the ounce	0	5	0	0	6	8	0	0	6	12	0	0	7	11	0	0	5	3	0	0	5	13

Lapis

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Great Britain, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts
Drugs vocat.																						
E. Ind. Lapis Hematitis the pound	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	17	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	13
Lapis Judaicus the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
E. Ind. Lapis Lazuli the pound	0	10	0	0	13	4	0	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	7	0	0	0	0
Lapis Tutiæ the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Leaves Of roses the pound	0	1	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	6
Leaves Of violets or flowers the pound	0	0	8	0	1	8	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	9	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	4
Lentils the pound	0	0	3	0	0	8	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	9
E. Ind. Aloes the pound	0	10	0	1	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	0	0	0
Asphaltum the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Lignum Nephreticum the pound	0	4	0	0	2	8	0	0	3	15	0	0	4	11	0	0	2	12	0	0	3	0
Rhodium the 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	13	4	0	1	1	4	0	1	3	2	0	0	10	7	0	0	11	6
Vitæ the 112 pounds	0	10	0	1	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	2	2	0	1	3	1
Litharge Of gold the 112 pounds	0	12	0	2	10	0	0	2	11	1	0	3	1	6	0	2	7	12	0	2	8	15
Litharge Of silver the 112 pounds	0	10	0	2	0	0	0	2	4	5	0	2	6	3	0	2	1	8	0	2	2	7
Locusts the pound	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	15	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5
Lupines the 112 pounds	0	10	0	1	4	0	0	1	7	5	0	1	9	2	0	1	4	8	0	1	5	6
Lyntiscus, or Xylobalsamum, the pound	0	1	8	0	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	8	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	15
Madder-roots, or Rubea-tinctorum, the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Manna the pound	0	2	6	0	6	0	0	0	4	16	0	0	5	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	4	6
Marmalade the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Mastick Red the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Mastick White the pound	0	3	4	0	5	4	0	0	4	18	0	0	5	11	0	0	3	19	0	0	4	5
Mechoachan the pound	0	2	6	0	4	0	0	0	3	13	0	0	4	3	0	0	2	19	0	0	3	4
Mercury Precipitate the pound	0	6	8	0	16	0	0	0	9	10	0	0	10	14	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	2
Mercury Sublimate the pound	0	3	0	0	8	0	0	0	6	4	0	0	6	16	0	0	5	7	0	0	5	13
Millium solis the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
E. Ind. Mirabolanes Dry the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0
Mirabolanes Condited the pound	0	1	8	0	1	4	0	0	1	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0
Mirtle-berries the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Drugs vocat.																						
Mithridate Venetiæ the pound. (See Letter M.)	0	10	0	0	13	4	0	1	1	4	0	1	3	2	0	0	10	7	0	0	11	6
Mummia the pound	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	9	0	0	1	19	0	0	2	1
E. Ind. Musk the ounce Troy	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	4	8	13	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	5	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Musk Cods { The dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	8	0	0	0	0
Musk Cods { Per ounce, by the Act for Excise	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	11	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	5	0	0	0	0
Myrrhe the pound	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	3	19	0	0	2	10	0	0	2	16
Nardus Celtica, or Spica Romana, the 112 pounds	5	12	0	11	4	0	0	15	10	3	0	17	7	9	0	13	2	5	0	14	0	18
Nigella the pound	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	12
Nitrum the pound	0	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	7	0	0	2	15	0	0	1	16	0	0	1	19
E. Ind. Nutmegs condited { The pound	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0
Nutmegs condited { Per piece, by the Act for Excise	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0
Nux { De Benne the pound	0	1	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	4
E. Ind. Nux { Cupressi the pound	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Nux { Indica the piece	0	0	6	0	2	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Nux { Pini, or Grana Pini, the pound	0	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Nux { Vomica the pound	0	0	8	0	1	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	0
Oleum { Petrolium the pound	0	1	8	0	3	0	0	0	2	13	0	0	2	19	0	0	2	3	0	0	2	0
Oleum { Turpentine the pound	0	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	15
Olibanum, or incense, the 112 pounds	5	0	0	10	5	4	0	14	4	16	0	15	11	16	0	12	0	6	0	12	9	13
Opium the pound	0	10	0	0	12	0	0	1	0	9	0	1	2	7	0	0	9	12	0	0	10	11
Orabus the pound	0	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	15
Orange-flower { Ointment the pound	0	2	6	0	4	0	0	0	3	13	0	0	4	3	0	0	2	19	0	0	3	4
Orange-flower { Water the gallon	0	5	0	0	8	0	0	0	7	7	0	0	8	6	0	0	5	18	0	0	6	8
Orcant, or almiet, the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Origanum the pound	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	16
Orpiment, or auripigmentum, the 112 pounds	2	0	0	4	13	4	0	6	3	8	0	6	11	0	0	5	4	0	0	5	7	16
Ossippum huerredum the pound	0	0	6	0	2	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	6
Ossa de corde cervi the pound	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	3	0	7	0	3	7	19	0	2	0	18	0	2	4	14

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from								Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from							
							Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				*Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Drugs vocat.																						
Oyl Of almonds the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Oyl Of amber the pound	0	10	0	1	4	0	0	1	7	5	0	1	9	2	0	1	4	7	0	1	5	6
Oyl De bay the 112 pounds	2	0	0	5	12	0	0	7	1	19	0	7	9	11	0	6	2	11	0	6	6	7
Oyl De bene the pound	0	6	8	0	10	0	0	0	9	10	0	0	10	14	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	2
Oyl Of mace or nutmegs the pound	0	6	0	1	10	0	0	1	8	7	0	1	9	10	0	1	6	12	0	1	7	4
Oyl Of rosemary the pound	0	8	0	0	6	8	0	0	8	6	0	0	9	17	0	0	6	1	0	0	6	16
Oyl Of scorpions the pound	0	2	8	0	4	0	0	0	3	15	0	0	4	5	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	5
Oyl Of spike the pound	0	1	8	0	3	0	0	0	2	13	0	0	2	19	0	0	2	3	0	0	2	6
Panis porcinus. Vid. *Cyclamen.*																						
Panther the pound	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Pearl-seeds the ounce Troy	0	3	4	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	1	1	16	0	1	0	4	0	1	0	11
Pellitory the pound	0	0	6	0	1	6	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Pepper long the pound	0	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Perrosin. Vid. *Frankincense.*																						
Pioney Roots the pound, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	11	0	1	4	7	0	0	6	17	0	0	8	15
Pioney Seeds the pound	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	16
Pistachias, or nux pistachia, the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Pix Burgundiæ the 112 pounds	0	15	0	1	10	0	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6	0	1	9	4	0	1	10	12
Polipodium the pound	0	0	4	0	0	6	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	8
Polium montanum the pound	0	0	8	0	2	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	13	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	7
Pomegranate-pills the 112 pounds	2	0	0	3	14	8	0	5	4	18	0	6	0	10	0	4	5	10	0	4	9	6
Poppy seeds the pound	0	0	8	0	1	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	0
Prunellas, or pruans of Brunelia, the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Psyllium the pound	0	0	8	0	1	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	0
Quicksilver. Vid. *Argentum vivum.*																						
Radix Contra-yerva the pound	0	3	4	0	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	3	13	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	8
Radix Esulæ the pound	0	1	0	0	16	0	0	0	9	12	0	0	9	16	0	0	9	6	0	0	9	8

E. Ind.

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Drugs vocat.																						
Radix { Peonæ the pound	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	16
Radix { Scorcionera the pound	0	3	4	0	4	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	4	16	0	0	3	4	0	0	3	10
Red lead the 112 pounds	0	16	8	1	16	0	0	2	5	16	0	2	8	19	0	2	1	0	0	2	2	12
Rhabarbarum, or rubarb, the pound	1	0	0	1	12	0	0	2	5	9	0	2	9	5	0	1	11	14	0	2	1	12
Rhaponticum the pound	0	13	4	0	4	0	0	0	9	17	0	1	0	8	0	0	6	1	0	0	7	6
Roſſet the pound	0	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	15
Rubea tinctorum. Vid. *Madder Roots.*																						
Sal { Alcali the pound	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Sal { Armoniacum the pound	0	1	8	0	1	6	0	0	1	16	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	9
Sal { Gem the pound	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	16
Sal { Nitri the pound	0	1	6	0	2	8	0	0	2	7	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	19	0	0	2	1
E. Ind. Sanders { Red, alias ſtock, the 112 pounds	4	0	0	8	8	0	0	11	8	6	0	0	0	0	0	9	9	10	0	0	0	0
Sanders { White the pound	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	19	0	0	0	0
Sanders { Yellow the pound	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	0	0
Sandiver the 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	18	0	0	1	3	17	0	1	5	15	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	19
Sandracha, or gum juniperi, the 112 pounds	1	8	0	3	14	8	0	4	10	1	0	5	3	8	0	4	2	1	0	4	4	15
Sanguis { Draconis the pound	0	3	4	0	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	3	13	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	8
Sanguis { Hirci the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Sarſaparilla the pound	0	3	4	0	4	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	4	16	0	0	3	4	0	0	3	10
Saſafras wood or roots the 112 pounds	1	0	0	1	17	4	0	2	8	9	0	3	0	5	0	2	2	14	0	2	4	12
Scamonium. Vid. *Diagredium.*																						
Scincus marinus the piece	0	0	4	0	0	6	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	8
Scordium the pound	0	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	15
Scorpions { The piece	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Scorpions { Per hundred, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	1	5	13	0	1	10	8	0	0	10	10	0	1	0	17
Sebeſtines the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Seeds for gardens of all ſorts the pound	0	0	8	0	1	8	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	9	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	4
Seler montanus the pound	0	0	8	0	1	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	0
Semen cucumeris, cucurb, citral, melon, the pound	0	0	8	0	1	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	0

Sena

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Great Britain, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts
Drugs vocat.																						
Sena the pound	0	2	6	0	8	0	0	0	5	18	0	0	6	8	0	0	5	4	0	0	5	9
Soldonella the pound	0	0	8	0	1	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	0
Sperma ceti { Fine the pound	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	8	0	2	2	7	0	1	11	19	0	2	0	9
Sperma ceti { Course oiley the 112 pounds	4	0	0	8	0	0	0	11	3	16	0	12	7	0	0	9	5	0	0	10	0	12
Spica Celtica. Vid. *Nardus Celtica*, or *Spica Romana*.																						
E. Ind.— Spikenard the pound	0	6	8	0	8	0	0	0	8	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	8	0	0	0	0
Spodium the pound	0	1	6	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	1	11	0	0	1	14
Spunges { The pound	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	18	2	9	1	4	1	7	0	9	4	1	0	12	3	10
Spunges { The hundred weight, by the Act for Excise	0	0	0	0	10	0																
Squilla the 112 pounds	1	5	0	0	13	4	0	1	9	15	0	2	2	10	0	1	2	12	0	1	5	0
E. Ind.— Squinanthum the pound	0	3	4	0	10	8	0	0	7	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	19	0	0	0	0
Staphisager the 112 pounds	2	0	0	4	13	4	0	6	3	8	0	6	11	1	0	5	4	0	0	5	7	16
Stechados the pound	0	0	10	0	2	8	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	1	15	0	0	1	16
Stibium. Vid. *Antimonium præparatum.*																						
Storax { Calamita the pound	0	5	0	0	8	0	0	0	7	7	0	0	8	6	0	0	5	18	0	0	6	8
Storax { Liquida the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Succus liquiritiæ the pound	0	1	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	4
Sulphur vivum the pound	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	16
Talk { Green the pound	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Talk { White the pound	0	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	15
Tamarinds the pound	0	0	10	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	17
Terra { Lemnia the pound	0	5	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	19	0	0	2	11	0	0	3	0
Terra { Sigillata the pound	0	3	0	0	2	4	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	12	0	0	2	3	0	0	2	9
Thlaspii, semen, the pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Tornsall the pound	0	0	8	0	1	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	0
Treacle { Common the pound	0	2	0	0	2	8	0	0	2	13	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	5
Treacle { Venice the pound	0	10	0	0	13	4	0	1	1	4	0	1	3	2	0	0	10	7	0	0	11	6
And for the additional duty, 20 s. for every hundred pounds weight. By 6 Geo. 1. cap. 4.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12

Trochisci

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Drugs vocat.																						
Trochiſci de vipera the ounce Troy	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Turbith { The pound	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Turbith { Phapſiæ the pound	0	2	0	0	5	0	0	0	3	19	0	0	4	7	0	0	3	8	0	0	3	12
Turmerick the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Turpentine { Common the 112 pounds	0	10	0	1	6	8	0	1	8	15	0	1	10	13	0	1	5	18	0	1	6	17
Turpentine { Of Venice, Scio, or Cyprus, the pound	0	10	8	0	4	0	0	0	8	7	0	0	10	7	0	0	5	6	0	0	6	6
Verdigreece the pound	0	1	8	0	3	4	0	0	2	17	0	0	3	3	0	0	2	7	0	0	2	10
Vermilion. Vid. *Cinabrium.*																						
Verniſh the 112 pounds	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10	0	4	8	10	0	5	0	6
Viſcus quercinus the pound	0	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	3	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13
Vitriolum Romanum the pound	0	1	0	0	6	8	0	0	4	7	0	0	4	11	0	0	4	1	0	0	4	3
Umber the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	11	16	0	2	3	12	0	1	6	2	0	1	8	0
White-lead the 112 pounds	1	0	0	2	13	4	0	3	5	9	0	3	9	5	0	2	11	15	0	3	1	13
Worm-ſeeds the pound	0	3	4	0	6	0	0	0	5	6	0	0	5	18	0	0	4	6	0	0	4	13
Xylobalſamum. Vid. *Lyntiſcus.*																						
Zedoaria the pound	0	3	4	0	2	8	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	1	0	0	2	9	0	0	2	15
Dudgeon the hundred pieces, containing five ſcore	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Durances or Duretty { With ſilk the yard	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Durances or Duretty { With thread the yard	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Dutties the piece	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	19	0	0	0	0
And for the additional duty, 1 s. 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10.	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0
E.																						
Earlings the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Ebony-wood the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds. See *Wood.*	1	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	12	0	3	7	8	0	2	9	18	0	2	11	16

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Elephants teeth the hundred, containing five ſcore	6	13	4	8	0	0	0	13	10	4	0	15	11	11	0	10	8	4	0	11	8	18
N. B. Elephants teeth of Eaſt-India can be imported from Great Britain only.																						
Emery-ſtones the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	8	7	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6
F.																						
Fans for corn the piece	0	6	8	0	3	0	0	0	5	10	0	0	6	15	0	0	3	12	0	0	4	4
Fans, Of paper the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	9	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Fans, For women and children, of French making, the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Feather beds old or new, the piece	1	13	4	0	0	0	0	3	1	16	0	3	8	2	0	2	4	6	0	2	7	9
Feathers, For beds the 112 pounds	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Feathers, Of France for beds the hundred weight, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10	0	4	8	10	0	5	6	6
Feathers, Of Ruſſia the hundred weight, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	1	15	0	0	3	6	10	0	4	2	2	0	2	7	2	0	2	10	18
Feathers, Vocat. Eſtridge or Oſtridge feathers, undreſt the pound	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Feathers, Of Oſtridges, Black the pound, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	3	6	0	1	1	7	0	1	5	3	0	0	7	13	0	0	9	11
Feathers, Of Oſtridges, White the pound, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	1	5	1	0	1	8	17	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5
Felts for cloaks, French making, three yards and a half long, one yard and a half broad, the felt	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Fiddles for children the dozen	0	3	4	0	1	6	0	0	2	15	0	0	3	7	0	0	1	16	0	0	2	2
Figuretto the yard	0	8	4	0	0	0	0	0	9	9	0	0	11	1	0	0	7	1	0	0	7	17
Files the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	1	3	18	0	1	7	14	0	0	10	4	0	1	0	2
Fire-ſhovel plates the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Fire-ſhovels the dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
* Fiſh, vocat.																						
Cod-fiſh, The barrel	1	0	0				0	0	11	8					0	0	5	14				
Cod-fiſh, The laſt, containing 12 barrels	12	0	0				0	11	4	16					0	5	8	8				
Cod-fiſh, The hundred, containing ſix ſcore	4	0	0				0	3	9	12					0	1	10	16				
Cods-heads the barrel	0	3	4				0	0	1	18					0	0	0	19				
Cole-fiſh the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	1	0	0				0	0	11	8					0	0	5	14				
Eels vocat. Pimper eels the barrel	1	0	0				0	0	11	8					0	0	5	14				
Eels vocat. Shaft, kine, or dole eels, the barrel	1	10	0				0	1	5	2					0	0	8	11				
Eels vocat. Spruce eels the barrel	2	0	0				0	1	10	16					0	0	11	8				
Eels vocat. Stub eels the barrel	2	6	8				0	2	2	12					0	1	1	6				
Eels vocat. Quick eels the ſhip's lading	20	0	0				0	19	0	0					0	9	6	0				
Gull-fiſh the barrel	0	16	8				0	0	9	10					0	0	4	15				
Haddocks the barrel	0	6	8				0	0	3	16					0	0	1	18				
Herrings, Red, The cade, containing 500	1	0	0	Free.			0	0	11	8					0	0	5	14				
Herrings, Red, The laſt, containing 20 cades	12	6	8				0	11	8	12					0	5	10	6				
Herrings, White, full or ſhotten, The barrel	1	0	0				0	0	11	8					0	0	5	14				
Herrings, White, full or ſhotten, The laſt, containing 12 barrels	12	0	0				0	11	4	16					0	5	8	8				
Lampreys the piece	0	1	0				0	0	0	12					0	0	0	6				
Lings of all ſorts the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	6	13	8				0	6	4	4					0	3	2	2				
Newland, Small the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	0	10	0				0	0	5	14					0	0	2	17				
Newland, Middle ſort the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	1	0	0				0	0	11	8					0	0	5	14				
Newland, Fiſh great the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	1	10	0				0	1	5	2					0	0	8	11				
Salmon, The barrel	2	0	0				0	1	10	16					0	0	11	8				
Salmon, Girles the barrel	0	15	0				0	0	8	11					0	0	4	5				

* By the Act of Navigation, any ſort of ling, ſtock-fiſh, pilchard, or any other kind of dried or ſalted fiſh, uſually fiſhed for and caught by the people of Great Britain or Ireland; or any ſort of cod-fiſh, or herrings, not having been caught by Britiſh or Iriſh ſubjects in veſſels to them truly belonging, and not by them cured, ſaved, and dried, ſhall pay double alien's cuſtom, which is treble the neat duty every ſuch article here ſtands charged with. And whereas fiſh is ſubject to the payment of cuſtom only, it is to be noted that half the cuſtom is to be drawn back upon exportation of ſuch fiſh not caught, &c. as aforeſaid.

Fiſh

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Fish, vocat. Seal-fish the fish	0	13	4	Free.			0	0	7	12					0	0	3	16				
Stock-fish Croplings The hundred, containing six score	0	13	4				0	0	7	12					0	0	3	16				
Croplings The last, containing 1000	6	13	4				0	6	4	0					0	3	2	0				
Lub-fish The hundred, containing six score	1	6	8				0	1	3	4					0	0	7	12				
Lub-fish The last, containing 1000	13	6	8				0	12	8	0					0	6	4	0				
Titlings The hundred, containing six score	0	6	8				0	0	3	16					0	0	1	18				
Titlings The last, containing 1000	3	6	8				0	3	2	0					0	1	7	0				
Whitings the barrel	0	10	0				0	0	5	14					0	0	2	17				
Flasks Covered with leather the dozen	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Flasks Covered with velvet the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Flasks Of horn the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Flax, vocat. Spruce, Muscovy, and all other flax undrest, the 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Flax, vocat. Dreſt or wrought flax, the 112 pounds	10	0	0	7	0	0	0	16	0	19	0	19	2	19	0	11	3	19	0	12	10	19
Fleams to let blood, the piece	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
Flocks the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Flower-roots the hundred, containing five score	Value.			0	5	0	0	1	2	4	0	1	6	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	10	8
							See the New Rates, Letter F.															
Flutes courſe the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Freeze the yard	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Frizado the piece, containing 24 yards	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8	0	17	7	16	0	11	3	16	0	12	7	0
Furrs, vocat.																						
Armins the timber, containing 40 skins	2	0	0	1	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	3	11	6	0	2	4	6	0	2	8	2
Badger-skins the piece	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Bear-skins Black the piece	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Bear-skins Red the piece	1	0	0	0	6	8	0	1	3	3	0	1	6	19	0	0	9	9	0	0	11	7
Bear-skins White the piece	2	0	0	0	6	8	0	2	2	11	0	2	10	3	0	1	3	3	0	1	6	19

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Furs vocat.																						
Budge — Beaver — Skins the whole piece	0	5	0	0	10	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9	0	0	7	1	0	0	7	11
Budge — Beaver — Wombs the piece	0	1	8	0	5	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	2	0	0	3	6	0	0	3	9
Budge — White — Tawed the hundred, containing five ſcore ſkins	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Budge — White — Untawed the hundred, containing five ſcore ſkins, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	3	10	0	0	4	2	18	0	4	6	14	0	3	9	4	0	3	11	2
Budge — Black — Tawed the dozen ſkins	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4
Budge — Black — Untawed the hundred, containing five ſcore ſkins	3	10	0	2	0	0	0	5	2	9	0	6	3	15	0	3	6	10	0	4	1	3
Budge — Poults the fur, containing four panes	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Budge — Navern the hundred legs, containing five ſcore	0	8	4	2	0	0	0	2	3	6	0	2	4	18	0	2	0	18	0	2	1	14
Budge — Rumney the hundred legs, containing five ſcore	0	6	8	5	0	0	0	5	0	4	0	5	1	9	0	4	10	6	0	4	10	18
Calaber — Untawed the timber, containing 40 ſkins	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Calaber — Tawed the timber, containing 40 ſkins	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	6	15	0	0	7	11
Calaber — Seaſoned the pane	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Calaber — Stag the pane	0	12	6	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	4	11	0	0	10	12	0	0	11	15
Calaber — Skins — The hundred, containing five ſcore	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Calaber — Skins — Black the hundred, containing five ſcore, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	6	7	4	0	7	2	16	0	5	7	16	0	5	11	12
Calaber — Cats — Wombs the pane or mantle, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	6	3	0	1	2	18	0	1	6	14	0	0	9	4	0	0	11	2
Calaber — Cats — Poults — The hundred, containing five ſcore	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Calaber — Cats — Poults — The mantle	0	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	7	2	0	0	8	6	0	0	5	6	0	0	5	18
Calaber — Dockerers the timber, containing 40 ſkins	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Calaber — Fitches — The timber, containing 40 ſkins	0	13	4	1	0	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	9	8	0	1	3	1	0	1	4	7
Calaber — Fitches — The pane or mantle	0	12	6	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	4	11	0	0	10	12	0	0	11	15
Calaber — Foxes — The black fox ſkin	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	10	16	1	2	0	16	0	14	1	16	0	15	8	16
Calaber — Foxes — The ordinary ſkin	0	1	4	0	2	0	0	0	1	18	0	0	2	3	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	13
Calaber — Foxes — The pane or mantle	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	7	17	0	1	0	14	0	1	2	3
Calaber — Foxes — Wombs, poults or pieces, the pane	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Furs vocat.																						
Foynes — Backs the dozen	0	13	4	1	5	0	0	1	9	14	0	2	0	5	0	1	5	18	0	1	7	3
Foynes — Tails the pane or mantle	0	12	6	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	4	11	0	0	10	12	0	0	11	15
Foynes — With tails the piece	0	3	4	0	3	6	0	0	3	17	0	0	4	10	0	0	2	18	0	0	3	5
Foynes — Without tails the piece	0	4	4	0	4	0	0	0	4	14	0	0	5	11	0	0	3	10	0	0	3	18
Foynes — Raw the piece	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Poults the hundred, containing five ſcore	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4
Wombs — Seaſoned the pane or mantle	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4
Wombs — Stag the pane or mantle	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	7	17	0	1	0	14	0	1	2	3
Grayes — Untawed the timber, containing 40 ſkins	0	8	4	0	0	0	0	0	9	9	0	0	11	1	0	0	7	1	0	0	7	17
Grayes — Tawed the timber, containing 40 ſkins	0	12	6	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	4	11	0	0	10	12	0	0	11	15
Jennets — Black — Raw the ſkin	0	12	6	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	4	11	0	0	10	12	0	0	11	15
Jennets — Black — Seaſoned the ſkin	0	16	8	0	0	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	10	1	0	1	2	3	0	1	3	14
Jennets — Gray — Raw the ſkin	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Jennets — Gray — Seaſoned the ſkin	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Leopards — Skins the piece	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	7	0	2	9	2	0	1	9	4	0	1	11	12
Leopards — Wombs the pane	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	8	0	11	0	8	0	7	0	18	0	7	10	8
Letwis — Tawed the timber, containing 40 ſkins	0	8	4	0	0	0	0	0	9	9	0	0	11	1	0	0	7	1	0	0	7	17
Letwis — Untawed the timber, containing 40 ſkins	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	7	19	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	13
Lewxerns ſkins the piece, for every 20s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	12	0	3	7	8	0	2	9	18	0	2	11	16
Martrons — The timber, containing 40 ſkins	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	10	16	1	2	0	16	0	14	1	16	0	15	8	16
Martrons — The pane or mantle	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	2	0	19	10	6	0	12	8	16	0	14	1	18
Martrons — Gills the timber, containing 40 ſkins	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6
Martrons — Poults the pane or mantle	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Martrons — Tails the hundred, containing five ſcore	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Miniver the mantle	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Minks — Untawed the timber, containing 40 ſkins	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Minks — Tawed the timber, containing 40 ſkins	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10

Moul

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Furs vocat.																						
Moul-ſkins the dozen	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	10
Otter the piece	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Ounce-ſkins the piece	0	12	6	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	4	11	0	0	10	12	0	0	11	15
Sables of all ſorts the timber, containing 40 ſkins	30	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	8	8	3	6	2	8	2	2	5	8	2	7	2	8
Weaſel-ſkins the dozen	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6
Wolf-ſkins: Tawed the piece	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Wolf-ſkins: Untawed the piece	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	2	6	9	0	1	7	10	0	1	9	14
Wolf-ſkins: Woolverings the piece	0	12	6	0	15	0	0	1	3	11	0	1	5	19	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	4
All furs of the Britiſh plantations from Great Britain do pay but half in the Cuſtom, by 14 & 15 Car. 2. cap. 9.																						
No furs of the Britiſh plantations in America to be imported into Ireland but from Great Britain, under forfeiture thereof and the ſhip. See 7 & 8 Gul. 3. cap. 22. and 4 Geo. 2. cap. 15. Eng.																						
E. Ind.— Fuſſes of cloves the pound	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
Fuſtians vocat.																						
Janes, millians, and barmilians, Engliſh, and the like Engliſh manufactures of thread, the whole piece	1	10	0	2	0	0	0	3	3	13	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	2	0	0	0	0
Amſterdam, Holland, or Dutch fuſtians, the piece, containing two half pieces of 15 yards the half piece	6	0	0	5	0	0	0	10	4	16	0	12	3	12	0	7	6	12	0	8	6	0
Barmilians the piece, containing two half pieces	6	0	0	5	0	0	0	10	4	16	0	12	3	12	0	7	6	12	0	8	6	0
Cullen fuſtians the piece, containing two half pieces	6	0	0	5	0	0	0	10	4	16	0	12	3	12	0	7	6	12	0	8	6	0

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Great Britain, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Fuſtians vocat.																						
Holmes and Bevernex Fuſtians — The bail, containing two half pieces	60	0	0	0	0	0	5	13	4	16	6	12	4	16	4	4	10	16	4	14	4	16
Holmes and Bevernex Fuſtians — The piece, containing two half pieces	2	14	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	4	0	5	11	9	0	3	9	16	0	4	2	19
Jean fuſtians the piece, containing two half pieces	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	4	11	11	0	3	2	4	0	3	6	9
Millian fuſtians the piece, containing two half pieces	6	0	0	5	0	0	0	10	4	16	0	12	3	12	0	7	6	12	0	8	6	0
Naples fuſtians — Tripe or vellure plain — The half piece, containing 15 yards and half	6	0	0	5	0	0	0	10	4	16	0	12	3	12	0	7	6	12	0	8	6	0
Naples fuſtians — Tripe or vellure plain — The piece, containing 7 yards	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Naples fuſtians — Tripe or vellure plain — The yard	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	6	15	0	0	7	11
Naples fuſtians — Wrought voc. Sparta velvet — The half piece, containing 7 yards and half	4	10	0	0	0	0	0	8	6	1	0	9	11	3	0	6	4	8	0	7	0	19
Naples fuſtians — Wrought voc. Sparta velvet — The yard	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6
Naples fuſtians — Oſprow, or Auguſta fuſtians, the piece, containing two half pieces	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Naples fuſtians — With ſilk the yard	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	7	19	0	0	5	1	0	0	5	13
Naples fuſtians — Of Weaſel the piece, containing two half pieces	6	0	0	5	0	0	0	10	4	16	0	12	3	12	0	7	6	12	0	8	6	0
G.																						
Gadza — Of all ſorts without gold or ſilver, the yard	0	2	8	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	10	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	10
Gadza — Stript with gold or ſilver, the yard	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	2	16	0	0	2	16
Gadza — And for the additional duty, (except of Great Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt Indies) 2 s. 6 d. per pound weight, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4

Gally

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Gally diſhes the dozen	0	1	6	0	5	0	0	0	3	14	0	0	3	19	0	0	3	5	0	0	3	8
And for the additional duty, 12 d. for every 20 s. value, as rated for Cuſtom, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
Galls the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Garnets — Small rough the pound	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Garnets — Small or great cut the pound	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Garters of ſilk, French making, the dozen pair	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	2	9	17	0	2	9	17
And for the additional duty, 2 s. 6 d. per pound weight, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Gauntlets the pair	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Gimlets for Vintners the dozen	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	6	15	0	0	7	11
Girdles of — Counterfeit gold and ſilver the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Girdles of — Cruel the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4
Girdles of — Leather the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	13	4	1	0	0	0	2	6	6	0	3	0	12	0	1	8	16	0	1	11	19
Girdles of — Silk the dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	9	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5
Girdles of — Velvet the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	1	10	11	0	1	10	11
Girdles of — And for the additional duty on the ſaid girdles of ſilk and velvet (except of Great Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt Indies) 2 s. 6 d. per pound weight, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Girdles of — Woollen the dozen	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	3	0	1	9	4	0	1	1	13	0	1	3	1
Glaſſes vocat.																						
Balm-glaſſes the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	8	0	2	2	7	0	1	11	19	0	2	0	9
Burning-glaſſes the dozen	0	2	0	0	12	0	0	0	7	18	0	0	8	6	0	0	7	6	0	0	7	10
Drinking glaſſes vocat. — Courſe drinking glaſſes the dozen	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Drinking glaſſes vocat. — Engliſh drinking glaſſes the hundred, cont. five ſcore, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	19	0	0	0	0

Rates Inwards,	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Glaſſes vocat.																						
All other Engliſh glaſſes after half rate per centum for Exciſe. And for every 20 *s.* value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	10	0	0	1	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	0	0	0
Drinking Glaſſes vocat. — Flanders drinking glaſſes, the 100 glaſſes	0	16	8	2	10	0	0	3	1	14	0	3	4	18	0	2	8	19	0	2	10	10
Drinking Glaſſes vocat. — French drinking glaſſes the 100 cont. 5 ſcore	0	10	0	1	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	2	2	0	1	3	1
Drinking Glaſſes vocat. — Scotch (ſince the union, are charg'd as Engliſh.)																						
Drinking Glaſſes vocat. — Venice drinking glaſſes the dozen	0	12	0	0	4	0	0	0	9	2	0	0	11	8	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	16
Glaſs Pipes — Small the pound	0	5	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	18	0	0	2	11	0	0	3	0
Glaſs Pipes — Great the 100 weight cont. 112 pounds	5	0	0	16	16	0	1	0	6	8	1	2	1	8	0	18	1	18	0	18	11	8
Glaſs Plates or ſights for Looking Glaſſes unfiled of Chriſtal — Small, under No. 6. the dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Glaſs Plates or ſights for Looking Glaſſes unfiled of Chriſtal — Number 6 the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Glaſs Plates or ſights for Looking Glaſſes unfiled of Chriſtal — No. 7, 8, 9, 10, the dozen	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Glaſs Plates or ſights for Looking Glaſſes unfiled of Chriſtal — No. 11, 12, the dozen	30	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	8	8	3	6	2	8	2	2	5	8	2	7	2	8
Glaſs ſtone plates for ſpectacles, rough, the dozen	0	13	4	0	6	8	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	18	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17
Hour Glaſſes of — Flanders making — Courſe, the groce, cont. 12 dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Hour Glaſſes of — Flanders making — The dozen fine	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Hour Glaſſes of — Venice making, the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Looking Glaſſes — Half-penny glaſſes the groce containing twelve dozen	0	8	0	0	6	8	0	0	8	7	0	0	9	17	0	0	6	1	0	0	6	16
Looking Glaſſes — Penny-ware, the groce containing twelve dozen	0	16	0	0	6	8	0	1	0	17	0	1	3	18	0	0	8	6	0	0	9	17

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*pts*
Glaſſes vocat.																						
Looking Glaſſes of Steel — Small the dozen	0	13	4	0	5	0	0	0	10	9	0	1	0	18	0	0	6	12	0	0	7	18
Looking Glaſſes of Steel — Large	1	6	8	0	10	0	0	1	8	17	0	2	1	18	0	1	1	5	0	1	3	15
Looking Glaſſes — Of Chriſtal — Small the dozen, under number fix	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Looking Glaſſes — Of Chriſtal — Middle ſort the dozen, number ſix	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Looking Glaſſes — Of Chriſtal — Small the dozen, number 7, 8, 9, 10	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	4	2	0	13	2	18	0	8	5	18	0	9	5	6
Looking Glaſſes — Of Chriſtal — The dozen, number 11, 12	45	0	0	0	0	0	4	5	0	12	4	19	3	12	3	3	8	2	3	10	9	12
Looking Glaſſes — Memorandum, that the ſaid numbers are accounted as inches																						
Vials the hundred, containing five ſcore	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Water glaſſes the dozen	0	8	0	0	3	0	0	0	6	5	0	0	7	15	0	0	3	19	0	0	4	14
Glaſſes for Windows vocat. — Burgundy — White, the cheſt	2	10	0	3	10	0	0	5	8	0	0	6	5	10	0	4	5	15	0	4	10	10
Glaſſes for Windows vocat. — Burgundy — Colour'd, the cheſt	3	10	0	3	0	0	0	6	1	15	0	7	3	1	0	4	5	16	0	5	0	9
Glaſſes for Windows vocat. — Normandy — White, the caſe	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	9	5	0	4	1	1	0	3	3	11	0	3	5	9
Glaſſes for Windows vocat. — Normandy — Coloured, the caſe	2	10	0	3	0	0	0	5	2	7	0	5	11	17	0	4	0	2	0	4	4	17
Glaſſes for Windows vocat. — Muſcovy glaſs or ſlade, the pound	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Glaſſes for Windows vocat. — Rheniſh, the Way or Web, containing ſixty Bunches	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Glew, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Globes — Small, the pair	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	9	5	0	4	1	1	0	3	3	11	0	3	5	9
Globes — Large, the pair	2	0	0	6	0	0	0	7	6	10	0	8	2	2	0	6	7	2	0	6	10	18
Gloves of all ſorts the dozen	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
And an additional duty of two ſhillings and ſix pence per pound weight for ſilk gloves, (except of Great-Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt-Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. C. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Gold — Foil, the ſmall groce, containing twelve dozen	0	6	8	0	4	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	7	6	0	0	4	3	0	0	4	16
Gold — Paper, the ſmall groce, containing twelve dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12

Gold

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Great Britain, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts
Gold and silver thread right, the pound containing 12 ounces Venice weight	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Grains — French or Guiny, the pound	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	12
Grains — Or scarlet powder, the pound	0	6	8	0	4	6	0	0	6	7	0	0	7	12	0	0	4	9	0	0	5	1
Grains — Of Sevil in berries or grains of Portugal or Rotta, the pound	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Gravers and Pincers — The pound, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	11	19	0	1	3	15	0	0	6	5	0	0	8	3
Gravers and Pincers — The dozen, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	1	2	0	1	4	18	0	0	7	8	0	0	9	6
Grind-stones the chalder	0	13	4	1	10	0	0	2	0	10	0	2	3	1	0	1	8	14	0	1	9	19
Grocery Wares vocat.																						
Almonds, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	2	9	17	0	2	9	17
Anniseeds, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	9	10	0	4	8	18	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5
E. Ind. — Cinnamon the pound	0	6	8	0	3	0	0	0	5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. — Cloves the pound	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	0	0
Currans the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	3	9	2	0	3	9	2
Dates, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	10	0	0	0	0	0	8	6	1	0	9	11	3	0	4	2	15	0	4	2	15
Figs, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	1	10	0	0	2	4	6	0	2	8	2	0	1	4	18	0	1	4	18
Ginger — Of the East Indies, the pound	0	3	0	0	1	4	0	0	2	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0
Ginger — Of the West-Indies, the pound	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	15	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	15
Ginger — Of the English plantations from Great-Britain, the 112 pounds, by 14 Car. 2. C. 9. to pay but after half rate for Custom	0	10	0	1	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	5	0	0	0	0
Green. See *Drugs*.																						

Liquorish,

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.	Exciſe.	Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.
	l. *s.* *d.*	*l.* *s.* *d.*	*l.* *s.* *d.* 20 *pts*	*l.* *s.* *d.* 20 *pts*	*l.* *s.* *d.* 20 *pts*	*l.* *s.* *d.* 20 *pts*
Grocery Wares, vocat.						
E. Ind. Liquoriſh, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1 10 0	1 0 0	0 2 4 8	0 2 10 2	0 0 11 5	0 0 11 5
E. Ind. Mace, the pound	0 15 0	0 0 0	0 1 5 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 8 9	0 0 0 0
E. Ind. Nutmegs, the pound	0 6 0	0 0 0	0 0 6 16	0 0 0 0	0 0 3 7	0 0 0 0
E. Ind. Pepper, the pound	0 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 2 5	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 2	0 0 0 0
Prunes, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0 12 0	0 15 0	0 1 3 6	0 1 5 11	0 0 8 9	0 0 8 9
Raiſins of all ſorts, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2 3 4	0 0 0	0 4 1 2	0 4 9 7	0 2 0 8	0 2 0 8
Sugar — Of Barbary, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1 0 0	2 0 0	0 2 9 19	0 3 1 15	0 2 4 5	0 2 6 3
Sugar — Candy — Brown, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	8 0 0	5 0 0	0 12 3 12	0 14 10 0	0 8 6 0	0 9 9 4
Sugar — Candy — White, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	12 0 0	0 0 0	1 2 8 3	1 6 5 15	0 16 11 15	0 18 10 11
Sugar — Muſcovadoes — The hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1 10 0	0 0 0	0 3 3 13	0 0 0 0	0 2 7 2	0 0 0 0
Sugar — Muſcovadoes — Of the Engliſh plantations, the 112 pounds from Great-Britain, by 14 Car. 2. C. 9. to pay but after half rate for Cuſtom, and by the Act for Exciſe rated at 1l.	0 15 0	1 0 0	0 1 7 17	0 0 0 0	0 1 3 10	0 0 0 0
Sugar — Muſcovadoes — From elſewhere the 112 pounds	1 10 0	2 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 3 9 7	0 0 0 0	0 2 9 19
Sugar — White — Of the Engliſh plantations the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds from Great-Britain by 14 Car. 2. C. 9. to pay but after half rate for Cuſtom	2 10 0	5 0 0	0 7 0 18	0 0 0 0	0 5 10 13	0 0 0 0

Rates Inwards.			Custom. l.	s.	d.	Excise. l.	s.	d.	Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants. l.	s.	d.	20 pts	Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants. l.	s.	d.	20 pts	Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants. l.	s.	d.	20 pts	Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants. l.	s.	d.	20 pts
Grocery Wares vocat.																								
Sugar	White	Sugar foreign, or imported from any foreign place, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds--	9	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	14	8	0
		Sugar of Lisbon, the hundred weight, by the Act for Excise—	0	0	0	5	6	8	0	13	10	11	0	16	10	1	0	9	5	7	0	10	11	8
	Refined, double or single, in loafs made in England, the hundred, containing 112 pounds		6	0	0	7	0	0	0	12	3	7	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	3	0	0	0	0
	St. Thome and Panellis, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		1	0	0	0	10	0	0	1	5	1	0	1	8	17	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5
White powder sugar from Great-Britain, for every twenty shillings value on oath in the custom			1	0	0	7	0	0	0	6	6	19	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	13	0	0	0	0
By 6 G. 2 R. C. 13 Eng. No sugars or paneles of the growth, product and manufacture of any of the colonies, or plantations in America, shall be imported into Ireland, but from Great-Britain, upon pain of forfeiture, except sugars of the growth or product of any of the dominions belonging to the King of Spain, or the King of Portugal, from any port or place whence such sugars might lawfully have been imported before the making of the said Act.																								
Turkey grograms, the yard			0	3	9	0	0	0	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	19	0	0	3	3	0	0	3	15
Gun-powder vocat.	Corn-powder, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		5	0	0	Free			0	4	9	0	0	6	4	0	0	2	4	10	0	3	2	0
	Serpentine, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds		3	0	0				0	2	10	4	0	3	9	12	0	1	5	2	0	1	10	16
Guns vocat	Callivers the piece		0	15	0	Free			0	0	8	11	0	0	11	8	0	0	4	5	0	0	5	14
	Muskets the piece		0	5	0				0	0	2	17	0	0	3	16	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	18

Hair

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
H																						
Hair vocat. Camels hair, the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Hair vocat. Elks hair, for saddles, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	12	6	2	16	0	0	3	2	13	0	3	5	1	0	2	11	2	0	3	0	6
Hair vocat. Goats hair, the 112 pounds	0	1	0	11	4	0	0	10	6	18	0	10	7	2	0	10	6	12	0	10	6	14
Hair bottoms for sieves the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Halberts Gilt the piece	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Halberts Ungilt the piece	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Hammers With wooden handles, or without, the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Hammers Voc. horseman's hammers, the dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Handkerchiefs the dozen	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	8	15	0	5	8	3	0	3	3	13	0	3	9	7
And for the additional duty, if silk, 2 s. 6 d. per pound weight (except of Great Britain, China, Persia, or the East Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
And by 14 & 15 Car. 2. C. 9. Rule 4. the Moiety of the Custom is not to be repaid upon Exportation.																						
Harness vocat. Corselets compleat the piece	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Harness vocat. Curats the piece	0	12	6	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	4	11	0	0	10	12	0	0	11	15
Harness vocat. Morians or Head-pieces Graven the piece	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Harness vocat. Morians or Head-pieces Plain the piece	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Harness roses the thousand	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Harp-strings or catlings the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	5	0	0	6	8	0	0	6	12	0	0	7	11	0	0	5	3	0	0	5	13
Hat-bands the groce, containing 12 dozen	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	8	0	11	0	8	0	7	0	18	0	7	10	8
Hats Of beaver wool or hair, the hat	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	8	0	11	0	8	0	7	0	18	0	7	10	8
Hats All other hats the piece	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Hawks Of all sorts the hawk, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	8	10	0	5	0	6	0	4	2	16	0	4	4	14
Hawks Hoods the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4
Headings for pipes, hogsheads, or barrels, by 2 Ann. cap. 2. are to pay 6 d. per thousand Custom, and 6 d. Excise, and no more, at six score to the hundred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	9	0

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Great Britain, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Heath for bruſhes the hundred, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Hemp vocat. Hemp ſhort dreſt the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	6	0	0	5	0	0	0	10	4	16	0	12	3	12	0	7	6	12	0	8	6	0
Hemp vocat. Cullen or ſteel hemp, and all other ſorts of dreſt hemp, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	10	0	0	5	0	0	0	14	2	8	0	17	4	8	0	9	5	8	0	11	0	8
Hemp vocat. Spruce, Muſcovia, and all other rough hemp, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	13	4	0	10	0	0	1	1	5	0	1	3	15	0	0	9	9	0	0	10	14
Hides vocat. Buff hides the hide	1	0	0	1	10	0	0	2	4	6	0	2	8	2	0	1	10	12	0	2	0	10
Hides vocat. Cow hides of Barbary and Muſcovia, the hide	0	5	0	0	7	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	7	15	0	0	5	7	0	0	5	17
Hides vocat. Cow or horſe hides Tanned the piece	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Hides vocat. Cow or horſe hides In the hair the piece	0	5	0	0	10	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9	0	0	7	1	0	0	7	11
Hides vocat. India hides the hide	0	8	4	0	7	0	0	0	8	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	6	0	0	0	0
Hides vocat. Loſh hides the piece	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	1	3	2	0	1	0	14	0	1	1	3
Hides vocat. Red or Muſcovia hides tanned, coloured, or uncoloured, the hide	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Hilts for ſwords and daggers the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Honey The barrel	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10	0	4	8	10	0	5	0	6
Honey The tun	12	0	0	32	0	0	2	1	5	15	2	5	3	8	1	15	9	8	1	17	8	4
Hoops of iron for pipes or hogſheads the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	6	8	3	0	0	0	4	1	1	0	4	6	2	0	3	5	9	0	3	8	0
Hoops for making caſks the thouſand, at ſix ſcore to the hundred, by 2 Ann. cap. 2. are to pay 1 d. and no more	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
Horſes and mares, geldings and nags, the piece	0	5	0	Free.			0	0	2	17	0	0	3	16	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	18
Horſes of wood the groce, containing 12 dozen, for every 20 *s.* value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	2	5	0	1	6	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	10	8
Hoſe of cruel, vocat. Mantua hoſe, the pair	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9

Jars

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
I.																						
Jars of China of all sorts, the pair, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0
And for the additional duty, 12 d. for every 20 s. value as rated for Custom, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	0	0
Jeat the pound	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Jews trumps the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Imperlings blue or red the dozen	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Indico: Of all sorts the pound	0	3	4	Free.			0	0	1	18	0	0	2	11	0	0	0	19	0	0	1	5
Indico: Of the English Plantations, the pound from Great Britain, by 14 Car. 2. cap. 9. to pay but after half rate for Custom	0	0	6				0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
Indico: Dust the pound	0	1	8				0	0	0	19	0	0	1	6	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	13
Indico dust of the English Plantations, the pound from Great Britain, by the said statute to pay after half rate for Custom	0	0	10				0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0
Ink for Printers the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Ink-horns: The groce, containing 12 dozen	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Ink-horns: Of glass the dozen	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6
Inkle: Unwrought the pound	0	2	6	0	1	6	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	15	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	17
Inkle: Wrought the dozen pounds	6	0	0	2	0	0	0	7	6	19	0	9	5	15	0	1	10	11	0	1	10	11
Inkle: Rowls the dozen pieces, containing 36 yards the piece	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	3	9	2	0	3	9	2
Instruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Bullet-screws the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Instruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Incision-sheers the dozen	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Instruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Paces or tooth drawers the dozen	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Instruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Pullicanes the dozen	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Instruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Sets the bundle, containing 16	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Instruments for Barbers and Chirurgeons vocat.: Trepanes the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9

Iron

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Iron: Unwrought the tun, by 2 Ann. cap. 2. is to pay 5 s. for Custom, and 5 s. for Excise, and no more	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	7	6	0	0	7	6	0
Iron: Packs for chimneys: Small the piece	0	6	8	1	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	4	7	0	1	1	3	0	1	1	16
Iron: Packs for chimneys: Large the piece	0	13	4	2	0	0	0	2	6	3	0	2	8	14	0	2	2	7	0	2	3	12
Iron: Bands for kettles the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	5	0	0	0	6	7	4	0	7	2	16	0	5	7	16	0	5	11	12
Iron: Fire-irons the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
Iron: Hoops the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	6	8	3	0	0	0	4	1	1	0	4	6	2	0	3	5	9	0	3	8	0
Iron ore and cinders the tun	0	10	0	Free.			0	0	5	14	0	0	7	12	0	0	2	17	0	0	3	16
Juice of lemons the pipe	4	0	0	0	6	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Ivory the pound	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	9
If of East India, it can be imported from Great Britain only.																						
K.																						
Keyknops the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Knives vocat: Almine, Bohemia, and all other course knives, the dicker, containing ten knives	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Knives vocat: Butchers knives the dicker, containing ten knives	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Knives vocat: Carving knives the dozen	3	0	0	1	10	0	0	4	3	2	0	5	2	10	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14
Knives vocat: Cullen knives the groce, containing 12 dozen	8	0	0	10	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19	6	8	0	13	2	8	0	14	5	12
Knives vocat: French knives the bundle, containing 12 dozen	4	0	0	7	4	0	0	10	6	16	0	11	10	0	0	8	8	0	0	9	3	12
Knives vocat: Glovers knives the bundle, containing six knives	1	10	0	0	5	0	0	1	7	19	0	2	1	13	0	0	11	7	0	1	2	4
Knives vocat: Hounciles the dozen, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	9	5	0	4	1	1	0	3	3	11	0	3	5	9
Knives vocat: Pen-knives the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Knives vocat: Sker-knives the dicker, containing ten knives	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Knives vocat: Stock knives: Ungilt the dozen stocks	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Knives vocat: Stock knives: Gilt the dozen stocks	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	4	2	0	13	2	18	0	8	5	18	0	9	5	6

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
L.																						
Lace vocat. *Hab.* — Bone lace of thread the dozen yards	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	1	10	11	0	1	10	11
Brittin lace the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen yards	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	2	9	17	0	2	9	17
Cruel lace the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	3	9	2	0	3	9	2
Of gold or ſilver, or ſilver and gold, the pound Troy or Venice weight	8	0	0	20	0	0	1	6	4	16	1	8	11	4	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12
Gold and ſilver lace the ounce Troy	0	5	0	1	13	4	0	1	9	12	0	1	10	11	0	1	6	15	0	1	6	15
Pomet lace the groce, containing 12 dozen yards	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5
Purl or antlet-lace of thread the groce, cont. 12 dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13
Silk — Bone-lace the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	10	0	0	40	0	0	2	7	1	4	2	10	3	4	1	17	7	4	1	17	7	4
Silk — Lace of all other ſorts the pound, containing ſixteen ounces	5	0	0	10	0	0	0	14	1	16	0	15	8	16	0	9	4	16	0	9	4	16
And for the additional duty, 2s. 6d. per pound weight, (except of Great Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Ladles voc. melting ladles the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Lapis magnata, falſe, the pound	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Laths the thouſand, at ſix ſcore to the hundred, by 2 Ann. cap. 2. are to pay 1d. and no more	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
Lattin vocat. — Black lattin the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	5	0	0	0	6	7	4	0	7	2	16	0	5	7	16	0	5	11	12
Lattin vocat. — Shaven lattin the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	10	0	5	0	0	0	7	0	18	0	7	10	8	0	5	10	13	0	6	3	8
Lead — The tun, containing 20 hundred weight	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	4	2	0	13	2	18	0	8	5	18	0	9	5	6
Lead — Ore the tun	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10

Leather

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Leather vocat. Bazil leather the dozen	20	0	0	0	0	0	1	17	9	12	2	4	1	12	1	8	3	12	1	11	5	12
Hangings gilt the piece	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Leather for maſks the pound	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Spaniſh, Turkey, Eaſt India, or Cordovant, the dozen ſkins	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	8	0	11	0	8	0	7	0	18	0	7	10	8
Eaſt India to be imported from Great Britain only. See 7 Geo. 1. c. 20. Eng.																						
Spruce, Muſcovia, or Danſk leather, the dozen ſkins	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Leaves of gold the hundred leaves, containing five ſcore	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Lemons pickled the pipe	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Lemon-water The tun	10	13	4	0	0	0	1	0	1	18	1	3	6	8	0	15	1	2	0	16	9	7
Lemon-water The gallon	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	17
Lime for Dyers, the barrel	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Lines of Hamborough for ſhips, the piece	0	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	7	7	0	0	8	12	0	0	5	10	0	0	6	2
Linnen vocat.																						
Britiſh (white and brown) free, ſo long as it ſhall be lawful to export from Ireland to the Britiſh Plantations white and brown Iriſh linnen cloths, by 4 Geo. 1. cap. 6.	Free.																					
E. Ind. Callicoes, fine or courſe, the piece	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
And for the additional duty, 1 s. 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cambricks The half piece, containing ſix ells	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	7	0	2	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cambricks The piece, containing thirteen ells	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	14	0	5	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cambricks The packet	2	10	0	2	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	5	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Canvas vocat. Dutch Barras, and Heſſens canvas, the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	3	10	0	0	0	0	0	6	7	8	0	7	8	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Rates Inwards.		Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
		l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Linnen vocat.																							
Canvas vocat.	French and Normandy canvas, and line narrow, brown or white, the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	6	10	0	0	0	0	0	12	3	9	0	14	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Noyal canvas, the hundred ells, containing 120	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8	0	17	7	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White French, or Normandy canvas broad, the hundred ells, containing 120	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	10	16	1	2	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	French canvas, and line broad for tabling, being an ell and half a quarter and upwards, the hundred ells containing 120	15	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	4	4	1	13	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Packing canvas, guttings, and ſpruce canvas, the hundred ells, containing 120	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Poledavies, ſpruce, elbing or quinbrow canvas, the bolt, containing 28 ells	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	8	0	1	11	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Stript, or tufted canvas, with thread the piece, containing 15 yards	0	18	0	1	10	0	0	2	3	3	0	2	6	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Stript, or tufted, or quilted canvas with ſilk, the piece, containing 15 yards	1	10	0	0	18	0	0	2	3	5	0	2	8	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Stript canvas, with copper, the piece, containing fifteen yards	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Vandaloſe or vitri canvas, the hundred ells, containing 120	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	4	2	0	13	2	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Linnen vocat.																						
Canvas vocat — Working canvas — For cuſhions, narrow, the hundred ells, containing 120	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Canvas vocat — Working canvas — Broad the hundred ells, containing 120	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	8	0	11	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Cowsfield cloth or plats, the ell	0	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Damask — Tabling — Of Holland making, the yard	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Damask — Tabling — Of Sileſia making, the yard	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Damask — Towelling and Napkining — Of Holland making, the yard	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Damask — Towelling and Napkining — Of Sileſia, the yard	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diaper — Tabling — Of Holland making, the yard	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diaper — Tabling — Of Sileſia making, the yard	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	17	0	0	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diaper — Napkins of Holland making the dozen	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diaper — Towelling and Napkining — Of Holland making, the yard	0	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	18	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diaper — Towelling and Napkining — Of Sileſia making, the yard	0	1	0	0	2	6	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drilling, and packduck, the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	4	11	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elbing, or dansk cloth, double ploy, the ell	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Flanders Linnen Cloth — Courtrey, Gentiſh, Iper, Iſingham, Outnal, Outnard — And all other ſorts of Flanders white, the ell	0	3	6	0	3	4	0	0	3	17	0	0	4	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Flanders linnen cloth Iſingham, and Gentiſh brown, and all other brown linnen the ell	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	17	0	0	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
French linnen white, not ſpecially rated, the ell, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	3	4	0	1	1	6	0	1	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hambo-

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.	Exciſe.	Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.
	l. s. d.	*l. s. d.*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*
Linnen vocat.						
Hamborough — Cloth, narrow, the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	4 0 0	5 0 0	0 8 6 0	0 9 9 4	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Hamborough — And Sileſia cloth, broad, the hundred ells, containing 120, white or brown	7 0 0	0 0 0	0 13 2 15	0 15 5 7	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Hinderlands, middle good, Headlake, and Muſcovia linnen, narrow, the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	2 10 0	0 0 0	0 4 8 14	0 5 6 4	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Holland Linnen — Bag Holland, of Holland making, the ell	0 6 8	0 0 0	0 0 7 11	0 0 8 17	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Holland Linnen — Ætes cloth, Brabant, Embden, Freeze, Gulick, Overiſſels, Rowſe, Sheppards, and all other cloth of Holland the ell	0 3 4	0 0 0	0 0 3 16	0 0 4 8	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Lawns — The half piece, containing ſix ells and a half	1 5 0	1 10 0	0 2 7 3	0 2 11 18	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Lawns — The piece, containing thirteen ells	2 10 0	3 0 0	0 5 2 7	0 5 11 17	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Lawns — Callicoe lawns, the piece	1 0 0	0 0 0	0 1 10 14	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Lawns — And for the additional Duty, 1s. 6d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 1 4 18	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Lawns — French lawns, the piece	1 5 0	0 0 0	0 2 4 7	0 2 9 2	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Lawns — Sileſia Lawns, the piece, containing between four and eight yards	0 10 0	0 0 0	0 0 11 7	0 1 1 5	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Lockrams — The piece, broad	10 0 0	0 0 0	0 18 10 16	1 2 0 16	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Lockrams — The piece narrow	6 0 0	0 0 0	0 11 4 2	0 13 2 18	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

E. Ind.

Minſters.

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Linnen vocat.																						
Minſters, the roll, containing 1500 ells, at five ſcore to the hundred	47	10	0	0	0	0	4	9	9	6	5	4	9	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oxenbrigs, the roll, containing 1500 ells at five ſcore to the hundred	60	0	0	0	0	0	5	13	4	16	6	12	4	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Polonia, Ulſters, Hanovers, Lubeck, narrow Sileſia, narrow Weſtphalia, narrow Hatford, plain napkining, and all other narrow cloth of High Dutch-land and the Eaſt-country, white, or brown, and not otherwiſe rated, the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	8	0	11	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Soultwich the hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Strasborough or Hamborough linnen the ell	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
And for the additional Duty on the ſaid linen (except Britiſh) 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. c. 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Note, that by 11 Geo. 2 R. a further additional Duty is to be paid for Cambricks (except Britiſh) exceeding a yard wide																						
Linnes blew or red the dozen	1	10	0	0	12	6	0	2	0	3	0	2	5	17	0	1	3	11	0	1	6	8
Linſeed the buſhel	0	5	0	Free			0	0	2	17	0	0	3	16	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	18
Hempſeed, or flax-ſeed of the growth of Ruſſia, Germany, the Netherlands, or the Eaſt-country, or of the Engliſh plantations in America, by 7 Geo. 2. c. 10	Free																					
Litmus, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Lockers or chapes for daggers, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Locks: Budget or hanging-locks, ſmall the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	10	0	1	0	0	0	2	4	8	0	2	10	1	0	1	7	16	0	1	10	13
Locks: Hanging-locks, large, the groce, containing 12 dozen	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	8	15	0	5	8	3	0	3	3	13	0	3	9	7

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Lures for hawks, the piece	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	15	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5
Lutes { Coffein making, with cases the dozen	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8	0	17	7	16	0	11	3	16	0	12	7	0
Lutes { Venice making, with cases the dozen	24	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	4	6	2	12	11	10	1	13	11	10	1	17	9	2
Lutestrings vocat. { Cutlings, the groce, containing 12 dozen knots	0	2	8	0	6	8	0	0	5	5	0	0	5	16	0	0	4	10	0	0	4	15
Lutestrings vocat. { Minikins, the groce, containing 12 dozen knots	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4
M																						
Madder, vocat. { Crop-madder, and all other bale-madder, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0	1	0	0	0	2	4	8	0	2	10	1	0	1	7	16	0	1	10	13
Madder, vocat. { Fat-madder, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	16	8	0	10	0	0	1	3	3	0	1	6	6	0	0	10	8	0	0	11	19
Madder, vocat. { Mul-madder, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	5	0	0	6	8	0	0	6	12	0	0	7	11	0	0	5	3	0	0	5	13
Magnus, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Malt and barley. *Vid. Corn.*																						
Maps printed, the ream	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Masks { Of Sattin, the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Masks { Of Velvet, the dozen	3	0	0	1	4	0	0	3	11	15	0	4	11	3	0	2	6	12	0	3	0	6
Masts { For ships small the mast	0	3	4	1	0	0	0	1	1	4	0	1	1	16	0	1	0	4	0	1	0	14
Masts { Of the British plantations from Great-Britain, by 14 Car. 2. c. 9. to pay but after half rate for Custom	0	1	8	1	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	15	0	0	0	0
Masts { Middle the mast	0	10	0	2	0	0	0	2	4	5	0	2	6	3	0	2	1	8	0	2	2	7
Masts { Of the British plantations from Great-Britain, by the said stat. to pay but after half rate for Custom	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	19	0	0	0	0
Masts { Great the mast	1	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	7	16	0	5	11	12	0	5	2	2	0	5	4	0

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Great Britain, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts	l.	s.	d.	20 pts
Masts Great, of the British plantations from Great-Britain, by the said stat. to pay but after half rate for Custom	0	10	0	5	0	0	0	5	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	11	5	0	0	0	0
Match for guns the pound	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
Mats Of Russia, the mat	0	0	6	0	1	8	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	7	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	2
Mats Called Dutch the yard, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	0	1	8	0	1	0	7	0	1	4	3	0	0	6	13	0	0	8	11
Meal of wheat, or rye, the last, containing 12 barrels	6	0	0	Free.			0	5	8	8	0	7	7	4	0	2	10	4	0	3	9	12
Melasses of rameals, the tun	6	0	0	5	0	0	0	10	4	16	0	12	3	12	0	7	6	12	0	8	6	0
Of the British plantations from Great-Britain, by 14 Car. 2. C. 9. to pay but after half rate for Custom	3	0	0	5	0	0	0	7	6	12	0	0	0	0	0	6	1	10	0	0	0	0
And for the additional Duty 20 s. for every hundred pounds weight, by 6 Geo. 1. c. 4.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12
Meselanes The piece, containing thirty yards	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	2	0	19	10	6	0	12	8	16	0	14	1	18
Meselanes The single piece, containing 14 yards of Silesia making	1	16	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	16	0	3	11	13	0	2	6	11	0	2	9	19
Metheglin, the hogshead	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Mithridate, the pound	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Mittins of wadmol, the dozen pair	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	4	0	0	11	18	0	0	7	13	0	0	8	10
Moccado ends, the dozen pounds	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Morters and pestles of brass, the pound	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	15	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5
Mustard-seed, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
N																						
Nails vocat. Chair-nails the thousand	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12

Nails

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Nails vocat. Copper nails, rose nails, and sadlers nails, the sum, containing ten thousand	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Harness nails the sum, containing ten thousand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Head nails the barrel	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8	0	17	7	16	0	11	3	16	0	12	7	0
Small nails the half barrel	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8	0	17	7	16	0	11	3	16	0	12	7	0
Spring nails the sum, containing ten thousand	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Napkins, French making, the dozen	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
And for the additional duty, 6d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Neats tongues Of Russia, the piece	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
The barrel	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
The dozen	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	6	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	7
Neckerchers of Flanders making, the dozen	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	4	2	0	13	2	18	0	8	5	18	0	9	5	6
And for the additional duty, if linnen, 6d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Needles Called sewing needles the dozen thousand	2	10	0	2	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	5	0	11	0	1	10	11	0	1	10	11
Hab. Voc. pack needles the thousand	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13
Voc. sail needles the thousand	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	2	16	0	0	2	16
✓ *E. Ind.* Nutmegs pickled the piece	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0
Nuts vocat. Small nuts the barrel	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Walnuts the barrel	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
O.																						
Oaker the barrel	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	10	0	2	10	8	0	1	10	1	0	2	0	10
Oakham the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	5	0	Free.			0	0	2	17	0	0	3	16	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	18
Oar vocat. iron oar the tun	0	10	0	Free.			0	0	5	14	0	0	7	12	0	0	2	17	0	0	3	16
Oars the hundred, containing six score	Value.			10	0	0	See the New Rates, Letter O.															

Olives

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Great Britain, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Olives the hogshead	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8	0	17	7	16	0	11	3	16	0	12	7	0
Onions — The barrel	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Onions — The hundred bunches	0	16	8	0	0	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	10	1	0	1	2	3	0	1	3	14
Onions — Seeds the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Oranges and lemmons the thousand	5	0	0	Free.			0	4	9	0	0	6	4	0	0	2	4	10	0	3	2	0
Orchal the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Orsedew the dozen pounds	1	6	8	2	0	0	0	3	1	15	0	3	6	17	0	2	6	3	0	2	8	14
P.																						
Hab. Packthread in skeins, the hundred weight	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	2	9	17	0	2	9	17
Hab. Packthread vocat. bottom thread, the hundred pounds	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	14	0	5	6	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Pans vocat. — Dripping and frying-pans the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	4	8	13	0	5	4	5	0	3	9	5	0	4	1	1
Pans vocat. — Warming-pans the dozen	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Paper vocat. — Blue paper the ream	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Hab. Paper vocat. — Brown paper the bundle	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	14
Hab. Paper vocat. — Paper of Caen and Roan, ordinary the ream	0	4	6	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	19	0	0	2	10	0	0	2	10
Hab. Paper vocat. — Cap paper the ream	0	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	18	0	0	4	4	0	0	4	4
Hab. Paper vocat. — Demy paper the ream	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	6	15	0	0	6	15
Hab. Paper vocat. — Morlaix paper the ream	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	6	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	8
Hab. Paper vocat. — Ordinary printing and copy paper, the ream	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	6	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	8
Paper vocat. — Painted paper the ream	0	13	4	1	0	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	9	8	0	1	3	1	0	1	4	6
Hab. Paper vocat. — Pressing paper the hundred leaves	0	13	4	1	0	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	9	8	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5
Hab. Paper vocat. — ~~Rochel paper, as large as demy paper, the ream~~	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	4	0	0	11	18	0	0	5	1	0	0	5	1
Hab. Paper vocat. — Royal paper the ream	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5
Parchment the roll, containing six dozen sheets	2	2	0	3	0	0	0	4	9	16	0	5	5	15	0	3	9	16	0	4	1	16
Past of jean the pound	0	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	8	10	0	0	9	18	0	0	6	7	0	0	7	1
Pears or apples dried the barrel	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Penners the groce, containing 12 dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Piercer-bits the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Pike-heads the piece	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	9
Pikes — Without heads the piece	0	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	3	19	0	0	4	13	0	0	2	19	0	0	3	6
Pikes — With heads the piece	0	4	6	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	19	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	4
Pincers — The groce, containing 12 dozen	2	0	0	2	8	0	0	4	1	17	0	4	9	9	0	3	2	9	0	3	6	5
Pincers — Or plyers, the dozen	0	3	4	0	4	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	4	16	0	0	3	4	0	0	3	10
Hab. Pins — The dozen thouſand	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5
Hab. Pins — Engliſh, the dozen thouſand, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	1	4	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Pintadoes, or callico cup-board cloths the piece	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	4	8	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
And for the additional duty, 1 s. 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pipes — For children the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	6	15	0	0	7	11
Pipes — For tabors the dozen	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Pitch vocat. — Small band the laſt, containing 12 barrels	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Pitch vocat. — Of the Britiſh plantations from Great Britain, by 14 Car. 2. cap. 9. to pay but after half rate for Cuſtom	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	9	19	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	0	0	0	0
Pitch vocat. — Great band the laſt, containing 12 barrels	3	6	8	3	0	0	0	5	11	17	0	7	0	11	0	4	4	17	0	4	11	4
Pitch vocat. — Of the Britiſh plantations from Great Britain, by the ſaid ſtatute, to pay but after half rate for Cuſtom	1	13	4	3	0	0	0	4	4	17	0	0	0	0	0	3	7	7	0	0	0	0
Plain irons the dozen	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Plaiſter of Paris the mount, containing 3000 weight	2	0	0	1	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	3	11	6	0	2	4	6	0	2	8	2
Planks — Of cedar the foot	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Planks — Of England the hundred foot, cont. five ſcore	0	12	6	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	12	0	0	0	0
Plates vocat. — All bullion, either in coin, bars, or plates, to be imported duty free.																						
Plates vocat. — For wrought plate, 12 d. for every 20 s. value of the faſhion on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	13	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from								Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from							
							Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				*Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Plates vocat. — And for the additional duty, 6 d. for every ounce Troy, by 3 Geo. 2. cap. 3.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Single white or black, the barrel, containing 300 plates	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10	0	4	8	10	0	5	0	6
Double white or black, the barrel, containing 300 plates	4	0	0	8	0	0	0	11	3	16	0	12	7	0	0	9	5	0	0	10	0	12
Harness-plates, or iron doubles — The plate	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Harness-plates, or iron doubles — The bundle, containing ten plates	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Playing-tables of walnut-tree, the pair	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Hab. Points — Of thread, the great groce, containing 12 small groce	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	0	11	5	0	0	11	5
Points — Of capiton, the great groce, containing 12 small groce	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	1	10	11	0	1	10	11
Points — Of fine silk, the small groce, containing 12 dozen	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	1	4	18	0	1	4	18
And for the additional duty on silk, 2 s. 6 d. per pound weight (except of Great Britain, China, Persia, or the East Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	0	4	4	0	0	4	4
Pomegranats the thousand	2	0	0	2	10	0	0	4	3	0	0	4	10	12	0	3	3	12	0	3	7	8
Pomy, or pumice-stone, the tun	0	13	4	5	0	0	0	5	4	0	0	5	6	11	0	5	0	4	0	5	1	9
Pots vocat. — Of earth or stone — Covered the hundred, containing five score	1	6	8	5	0	0	0	5	11	12	0	6	4	14	0	5	4	0	0	5	6	11
Pots vocat. — Of earth or stone — Uncovered, containing a gallon to every cast, whether in one pot or more	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	4	8	13	0	5	4	5	0	3	9	5	0	4	1	1
Pots vocat. — Gally-pots the hundred, containing five score	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Pots vocat. — And for the additional duty on the said pots, 12 d. for the value of every 20 s. as rated in the Custom, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6

Pots

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Pots vocat. Melting pots for Goldſmiths the hundred	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Pots vocat. And for the additional duty, 12 d. for every 20 s. value as rated for Cuſtom, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
Pots vocat. All pots and kettles of iron, the dozen	6	0	0	12	0	0	0	16	11	15	0	18	10	11	0	14	1	11	0	15	0	19
Pullies vocat. Pullies of iron the groce, cont. 12 dozen	5	0	0	8	0	0	0	12	3	4	0	13	10	4	0	9	10	14	0	10	8	4
Pullies vocat. Of braſs the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Pullies vocat. Of wood the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Punſons and gravers for Goldſmiths the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Q.																						
Quills called Gooſe quills, the thouſand, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	2	6	0	1	0	16	0	1	4	12	0	0	7	2	0	0	9	0
E. Ind. Quilts French making the dozen	4	16	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	17	0	10	7	1	0	6	9	9	0	7	6	12
E. Ind. Quilts Of callico the piece	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E. Ind. Quilts And for the additional duty, 1 s. 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quilts Of ſattin or other ſilk, the piece	6	13	4	0	0	0	0	12	7	4	0	14	8	11	0	6	3	4	0	6	3	4
Quilts And for the additional duty, 2 s. 6 d. for every pound weight, (except of Great Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Quinces the hundred	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
R.																						
Rackets the piece	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	12
Rape of grape the tun	3	0	0	6	0	0	0	8	5	18	0	9	5	6	0	7	0	16	0	7	6	10

Rapeſeed

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Rapeſeed the quarter	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Raſhes vocat. — Bridges or Leyden raſhes — The ſingle piece, containing 15 yards	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Raſhes vocat. — Bridges or Leyden raſhes — Engliſh the double piece, containing 30 yards	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	19	0	0	0	0
Raſhes vocat. — Cloth-raſhes, Engliſh the piece	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	8	5	18	0	0	0	0
Rattles — For children the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Rattles — With bells the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Razors the dicker, containing ten	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Recorders the ſet or caſe, containing five recorders	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Ribband — Of ſilk, and all other ſilken manufacture the pound, containing 16 ounces	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	8	0	11	0	8	0	4	8	8	0	4	8	8
Ribband — Of gold, ſilver, or both, the pound, containing 16 ounces	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8	0	17	7	16	0	7	6	4	0	7	6	4
Ribband — And for the additional duty on the ſaid ribband, 2 s. 6d. for every pound weight, (except of Great Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Rice the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	5	0	1	6	8	0	2	5	6	0	2	10	1	0	1	10	3	0	2	0	10
Of the Britiſh plantations from Great Britain, to pay but after half rate for Cuſtom, by 14 Car. 2. cap. 9.	0	12	6	1	6	8	0	1	10	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	2	0	0	0	0
Rims for ſieves the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	7	19	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	13
Rings vocat. — For curtains the pound	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	15	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	5
Rings vocat. — For keys the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	4	0	0	11	18	0	0	7	13	0	0	8	10
Rings vocat. — Of braſs, copper, or St. Martin's, gilt, the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Rings vocat. — Small the box, containing two groce, 12 dozen to each groce	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Rings vocat. — Of hair the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Rings vocat. — Of wyre the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	18	0	0	5	14	0	0	3	13	0	0	4	1
Rozin the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	5	0	0	3	4	0	0	4	15	0	0	5	14	0	0	3	6	0	0	3	15
Rugs of all ſorts the piece	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17

Sack-cloth

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
S.																						
Sack-cloth: The hundred ells, containing ſix ſcore	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	1	8	0	17	7	16	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0
Of ſingle threads the piece, containing 15 yards	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
With white thread, the yard	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
And for the additional duty, 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
With ſilk the yard	0	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	16
And for the additional duty, 2 s. 6 d. per pound weight (except of Great Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Saddles of ſteel the piece	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Safflore the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Saffora. Vid. *Barilia*.																						
Saffron the pound	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Salfore the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	1	13	0	1	5	9	0	0	7	19	0	0	9	17
Salt of all ſorts the buſhel, containing eight gallons	0	1	0	0	5	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	3	12	0	0	3	2	0	0	3	4
Salt called rock-ſalt, by 8 Ann. cap. 2. 12 d. per tun, and no more	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6	0
By 2 Ann. ſeſſ. 2. cap. 14. 56 pounds of white ſalt, and 65 pounds of rock-ſalt are to be accounted a buſhel.																						
Salt-petre the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
If of the Eaſt Indies, it cannot be imported from any place but Great Britain.																						
Saws vocat.: Hand-ſaws the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Leg-ſaws the piece	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Tenant-ſaws the dozen	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Whip-ſaws the piece	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.	Exciſe.	Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.
	l. s. d.	*l. s. d.*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*
Scales for ſcabbards, the bundle	Value	0 1 0	See the new Rates Letter S			
Scamoty — The yard	0 0 8	0 1 0	0 0 0 19	0 0 1 1	0 0 0 15	0 0 0 16
Scamoty — The piece, containing 13 yards	0 8 8	0 13 0	0 1 0 5	0 1 1 18	0 0 9 16	0 0 10 12
Sciſſers the groce, containing 12 dozen	1 13 4	3 0 0	0 4 4 17	0 4 11 4	0 3 7 7	0 3 10 10
Sea-holly-roots, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1 0 0	5 12 0	0 6 2 11	0 6 6 7	0 5 8 17	0 5 10 15
Sea-horſe-teeth, the pound	0 5 0	0 0 0	0 0 5 14	0 0 6 12	0 0 4 5	0 0 4 14
Searge — Of Athens, the yard	0 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 2 5	0 0 2 13	0 0 1 14	0 0 1 18
Searge — Of Florence, the yard	1 0 0	0 0 0	0 1 10 14	0 2 2 10	0 1 4 19	0 1 6 17
Vocat. Forceps the groce, containing 12 dozen	0 13 4	0 0 0	0 1 3 2	0 1 5 13	0 0 11 6	0 1 0 12
Shears — For glovers, the pair	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 1 3	0 0 1 7	0 0 0 17	0 0 0 19
Shears — For ſeamſters, the dozen	0 3 4	0 0 0	0 0 3 16	0 0 4 8	0 0 2 16	0 0 3 3
Shears — For ſhearmen — New the pair	1 0 0	0 0 0	0 1 10 14	0 2 2 10	0 1 4 19	0 1 6 17
Shears — For ſhearmen — Old the pair	0 13 4	0 0 0	0 1 3 2	0 1 5 13	0 0 11 6	0 1 0 12
Shears — For taylors, the dozen	0 16 0	0 0 0	0 1 6 3	0 1 9 4	0 1 1 12	0 1 3 2
Sheets old the pair, for every 20s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1 0 0	0 6 0	0 1 2 16	0 1 6 12	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Shirts old the piece, for every 20s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1 0 0	0 1 6	0 1 0 5	0 1 4 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Shruff or old braſs, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3 0 0	0 0 0	0 5 8 1	0 6 7 9	0 4 2 19	0 4 8 13
Shubs of calaber, the piece or ſhub	2 0 0	0 0 0	0 3 9 7	0 4 4 19	0 2 9 19	0 3 1 15
Shumake, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0 13 4	0 0 0	0 1 3 2	0 1 5 13	0 0 11 6	0 1 0 12

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Silk vocat.																						
Bridges ſilk, the pound, containing 16 ounces	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Ferret or Floret ſilk, the pound, containing 16 ounces	1	0	0	0	16	0	0	1	8	8	0	2	0	4	0	1	2	14	0	1	4	12
Fyllozel or Paris ſilk, the pound, containing 16 ounces	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	7	17	0	1	0	14	0	1	2	3
Granado ſilk — Black, the pound, containing 16 ounces	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Granado ſilk — In colours, the pound, containing 16 ounces	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Naples ſilk, in colours, the pound, containing 16 ounces	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	14	0	5	6	4	0	3	6	9	0	3	11	4
Orgazine ſilk, the pound, containing 16 ounces	0	16	8	0	0	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	10	1	0	1	2	3	0	1	3	14
Pole, or Spaniſh ſilk, the pound, containing 16 ounces	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Raw — Short ſilk, or capiton, the pound, containing 24 ounces	0	6	8	0	10	0	0	0	9	9	0	0	10	14	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	3
Raw — China ſilk, the pound, containing 24 ounces	1	0	0	0	18	0	0	1	9	11	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	17	0	0	0	0
Raw — Morea ſilk, the pound, cantaining 24 ounces	0	10	0	0	9	0	0	0	10	16	0	1	0	14	0	0	7	18	0	0	8	17
Raw — Long ſilk, of all ſorts, except China, and Morea, the pound, containing 24 ounces	0	10	0	0	18	0	0	1	3	17	0	1	5	15	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	19
Raw — Ardas ſilk, the great pound, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	10	0	0	10	14	0	0	11	13
Raw — Belledine, Bias, and Meſſina ſilk, the great pound, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	2	2	0	1	3	1
E. Ind. — Raw — Bengala ſilk, the great pound, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	0	0
Raw — Legee ſilk, the great pound, containing 24 ounces by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	1	3	17	0	1	5	15	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	19

Sattin

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from								Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from							
							Great Britain, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				*Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Silk vocat.																						
Sattin ſilk, the pound, containing 16 ounces	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	6	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Sleave ſilk — Courſe, the pound containing 16 ounces	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Sleave ſilk — Fine, or Naples ſleave, the pound containing 16 ounces	2	13	4	0	0	0	0	5	0	9	0	5	10	11	0	3	9	5	0	4	2	6
Silk nubs, or huſks, the pound, containing 21 ounces	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Thrown ſilk, the pound, containing 16 ounces	1	13	4	0	0	0	0	3	1	15	0	3	8	2	0	2	4	5	0	2	7	8
Baſſan, Vincentia, Orſoy, and Meſſina thrown ſilk, the ſmall pound, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	2	8	11	0	3	2	17	0	1	11	0	0	2	2	4
Bolognia, Naples, and Organſive ſilk, the ſmall pound, containing 16 ounces, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	2	10	16	0	3	5	2	0	2	1	5	0	2	4	9
Capiton ſilk, double, the ſmall pound, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	6	8	0	1	2	11	0	1	5	15
Naples thrown ſilk, the ſmall pound, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	1	2	6	0	2	7	14	0	3	2	0	0	1	10	3	0	2	1	6
Thrown ſilk, the pound, dyed, containing 16 ounces	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	14	0	5	6	4	0	3	6	9	0	3	11	4
China damaſk, the yard	2	13	4	0	0	0	0	5	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	1	0	0	0	0
And for the additional Duty, 1s. 6d. per yard, by 2 Geo. 1. c. 1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	18	0	0	0	0
Cloath — Of Gold and Silver — Plain the yard	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	3	9	2	0	3	9	2
Cloath — Of Gold and Silver — Wrought the yard	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	4	2	0	13	2	18	0	5	7	14	0	5	7	14
Cloath — Of Tiſſue, the yard	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	10	16	1	2	0	16	0	9	4	16	0	9	4	16
And for the additional Duty, 2s. 6d. per pound weight, on ſaid cloath, (except of Great-Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt-Indies,) by 9 Geo. 2. c. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.	Exciſe.	Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.
	l. s. d.	*l. s. d.*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*
Silk vocat.						
All ſilks wrought of the fabrick or manufacture of the Eaſt-Indies, Italy, or any parts or places whatſoever, the pound weight, containing 16 ounces	2 10 0	5 0 0	0 7 0 18	0 7 10 8	0 4 8 8	0 4 8 8
And for the additional duty, 2s. 6d. per pound weight, (except of Great-Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt-Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. c. 2.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 4 4	0 2 4 4	0 2 4 4	0 2 4 4
And for the additional Duty, on Eaſt-India ſilks, from Great-Britain, 1 s. 6. per yard, by 2 Geo. 1. c. 1.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 1 4 18	0 0 0 0	0 1 4 18	0 0 0 0
N. B. Eaſt-India ſilks, and all other Eaſt-India goods are not to be imported into Ireland from any place but Great-Britain, under forfeiture thereof, and the ſhip, &c. by 7 Geo. 1 R. c. 20. Eng.						
Skins vocat.						
Skeets for whitſters, the ſkeet	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 1 3	0 0 1 7	0 0 0 17	0 0 0 19
Buck-ſkins: In the hair, the ſkin	0 2 6	0 0 0	0 0 2 16	0 0 3 6	0 0 2 2	0 0 2 7
Buck-ſkins: Dreſt, the ſkin	0 5 0	0 0 0	0 0 5 14	0 0 6 12	0 0 4 5	0 0 4 14
Calve-ſkins: Raw, the dozen	0 6 8	0 0 0	0 0 7 11	0 0 8 17	0 0 5 13	0 0 6 6
Calve-ſkins: Tanned	0 10 0	0 15 0	0 1 2 3	0 1 4 1	0 0 11 6	0 1 0 5
Cordovant of Scotland, the dozen	1 6 8	0 0 0	0 2 6 5	0 0 0 0	0 1 10 13	0 0 0 0
Dog-fiſh-ſkins for fletchers, the dozen	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 0 11	0 0 0 13	0 0 0 9	0 0 0 10
Elk-ſkins, the ſkin, for every 20 s. value, on oath in the Cuſtom	1 0 0	1 10 0	0 2 4 6	0 2 8 2	0 1 10 12	0 2 0 10
Fox-ſkins dreſt, the dozen	0 16 0	1 5 0	0 1 11 5	0 2 2 5	0 1 6 13	0 1 8 4
Goat-ſkins: Of Barbary, or the Eaſt-country, in the hair, the dozen-ſkins	0 15 0	1 0 0	0 1 7 17	0 1 10 14	0 1 3 11	0 1 4 19
Goat-ſkins: Of England and Scotland, in the hair, the dozen	0 6 8	0 0 0	0 0 7 11	0 0 0 0	0 0 5 1	0 0 0 0
Goat-ſkins: Tanned, the dozen	2 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 9 7	0 0 0 0	0 2 9 1	0 0 0 0

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Skins vocat.																						
Gold-ſkins, the ſkin	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	9
Huſs-ſkins for fletchers, the ſkin	0	0	8	0	0	6	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	11
Kid-ſkins, In the hair, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Kid-ſkins, Dreſt, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Lamb-ſkins, in the wool, the hundred and twenty, for every 20 *s.* value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	1	5	0	0	2	1	10	0	2	5	6	0	1	7	16	0	1	9	14
Portugal-ſkins, the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Rabbet and coney-ſkins of all ſorts, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore, for every 20 *s.* value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	1	10	0	0	2	4	6	0	2	8	2	0	1	10	12	0	2	0	10
Seal-ſkins, the ſkin	0	1	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	6
Shamois-ſkins, the dozen	1	6	8	1	10	0	0	2	8	2	0	3	1	4	0	2	0	10	0	2	3	1
Sheep-ſkins, In the wool, the ſkin	0	0	3	0	0	9	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	10
Sheep-ſkins, Blue, of France, the dozen, for every 20*s.* value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15	0	2	4	5	0	2	6	3
Spaniſh, Sevil, or Cordovant-ſkins, the dozen	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	8	0	11	0	8	0	7	0	18	0	7	10	8
Spruce-ſkins, tawed, the dozen	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Squirrel-ſkins, the thouſand, for every 20 *s.* value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	7	16	0	5	11	12	0	5	2	2	0	5	4	0
Slip, the barrel	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Slude, the pound, for every 20 *s.* value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	10	0	1	4	6	0	0	6	16	0	0	8	14
Smalts, the pound	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
Snouting, alias ſnail, or dreſt tow, the twelve pounds for every 20 *s.* value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	2	5	0	1	6	1	0	0	8	11	0	0	10	9
Snuffers of all ſorts, the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6

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Soap

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Soap vocat. Caſtle, or Venice, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	0	0	6	0	0	0	8	5	18	0	9	5	6	0	7	0	16	0	7	6	10
Flemiſh, the barrel	4	0	0	12	0	0	0	15	1	0	0	16	4	4	0	13	2	4	0	13	9	16
Of all other ſorts, hard or ſoft, the 112 pounds, for every 20s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	6	0	0	0	6	7	2	0	6	10	18	0	6	1	8	0	6	3	6
Spangles, of copper, the thouſand	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Spars Small, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Middle, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
See *Bome ſpars, and Cant-ſpars.*																						
Spectacles, without caſes, the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	18	0	0	1	9	11	0	2	1	7	0	1	3	17	0	1	5	15
Spirits perfectly made, the gallon	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	0	1	6	19	0	0	9	9	0	0	11	7
All ſpirits made of wine or cyder, the gallon, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	6	8	0	1	3	3	0	1	6	19	0	0	9	9	0	0	11	7
All ſtrong waters perfectly made the gallon, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Spirits, or rum from the Britiſh ſugar colonies in America, exempted from payment of $\frac{1}{3}$ more in ſubſidy by 14 Car. 2. c. 9.	1	0	0	0	6	8	0	1	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	9	0	0	0	0
And for the additional Duty on ſpirits, not above proof, 8 d. per gallon, by 2 Geo. 1. c. 3.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	7	11	0	0	7	11	0	0	7	11
And for the additional Duty on ſpirits, above proof, 5 s. per gallon, by 4 Geo. 1. c. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	8	0	4	8	8	0	4	8	8	0	4	8	8

By

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from								Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from							
							Great Britain, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				*Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
By 6 Geo. 2 R. cap. 13. Engliſh, no rum or ſpirits of America, except of the growth or manufacture of his majeſty's ſugar colonies there, ſhall be imported into Ireland, but from Great-Britain only, under forfeiture, or the value thereof, and the ſhip, &c.																						
Spoons of horn, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	3	0	1	9	4	0	1	1	12	0	1	5	12
Spunges. Vid. *Drugs*.																						
Standiſhes: Of braſs, the dozen	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6
Standiſhes: Of wood, the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Standiſhes: Covered with leather, gilt the piece	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Standiſhes: Vocat. Pocket ſtandiſhes, the dozen	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Starch, white, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	5	0	0	1	10	0	0	6	1	18	0	7	8	18	0	3	9	8	0	4	6	18
Staves vocat. Barrel ſtaves, pipe ſtaves, headings, or other ſtaves for making caſk, the thouſand, at ſix ſcore to the hundred, by 2 Ann. cap. 2. 6 d. Cuſtom and 6 d. Exciſe, and no more	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	9	0
Steel: Of all ſorts, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15	0	2	4	5	0	2	6	8
Steel: Called ſteel wiſp, or long, per faggot, or per hundred weight, containing 112 pounds, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15	0	2	4	5	0	2	6	8
Steel: Called gad ſteel, the half barrel, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	12	2	16	0	12	6	12	0	11	9	1	0	11	11	0
Stockings: Of ſilk the pair	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	1	10	11	0	1	10	11
Stockings: And for the additional Duty, 2s. 6d. per pound weight, (except of Great-Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt-Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. c. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Stockings: Of Woollen: For men and women, the pair	0	3	0	0	3	4	0	0	3	12	0	0	4	3	0	0	2	14	0	0	3	0
Stockings: Of Woollen: For children the pair	0	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	18	0	0	2	4	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	11
Stockings: Of Worſted: For men and women, the pair	0	6	0	0	6	8	0	0	7	4	0	0	8	6	0	0	5	9	0	0	6	1
Stockings: Of Worſted: For children, the pair	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3

Stone-

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Stone-birds, or whiſtles, the ſmall groce, cont. 12 dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
And for the additional duty, 12 d. for every 20 s. value as rated for Cuſtom, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
Stones vocat. Blood-ſtones the pound	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Cane-ſtones the tun	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Dog-ſtones the laſt, containing three pair to the laſt	6	0	0	Free.			0	5	8	8	0	7	7	4	0	2	10	4	0	3	9	12
Mill-ſtones the piece	3	6	8	Free.			0	3	2	0	0	4	2	13	0	1	7	0	0	2	1	6
Quern-ſtones Large the laſt	3	0	0	13	10	0	0	15	6	10	0	16	5	18	0	14	1	8	0	14	7	2
Quern-ſtones Small the laſt	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Slick-ſtones the hundred, containing five ſcore	0	10	0	10	2	0	0	9	11	13	0	10	1	11	0	9	8	15	0	9	9	14
Sturgeon The firkin	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Sturgeon The cagg	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	7	17	0	1	0	14	0	1	2	3
Succard wet or dry the pound	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Sword blades Of Venice, Turkey, or fine blades, the dozen	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Sword blades Courſe, of Flanders making, the dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Syder or perry the tun	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10	0	4	8	10	0	5	0	6
T.																						
Table-books Courſe the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Table-books Fine the dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Tables vocat. playing-tables, of wainſcot, and all other ſorts courſe the pair. (Vid. Letter P.)	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Tacks of iron the thouſand	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Tallow the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	1	10	0	0	2	4	6	0	2	8	2	0	1	10	12	0	2	0	10

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Tapistry with Caddas the Flemish ell	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	7	19	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	13
Tapistry with Gold or silver the Flemish ell	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	4	2	0	13	2	18	0	8	5	18	0	9	5	6
Tapistry with Hair the Flemish ell	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	4	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	9
Tapistry with Silk the Flemish ell	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Tapistry with Wool the Flemish ell	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Tar Small band the last, containing 12 barrels	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	10	2	0	3	5	14	0	1	10	13	0	2	2	9
Tar Of the British Plantations from Great Britain, by 14 Car. 2. cap. 9. to pay but after half rate for Custom	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	19	0	0	0	0
Tar Great band the last, containing 12 barrels	3	6	8	1	13	4	0	4	8	16	0	5	9	9	0	3	1	16	0	3	8	3
Tar Of the British plantations from Great Britain, to pay but after half rate for Custom, by the said statute	1	13	4	1	13	4	0	3	1	16	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	6	0	0	0	0
Tarras the barrel	0	5	0	0	6	8	0	0	6	12	0	0	7	11	0	0	5	4	0	0	5	13
Teazels the thousand	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Hab. Tennets of cruel, the yard	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	7	19	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	7
Hab. Thimbles the thousand	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	2	9	17	0	2	9	17
Thread Black and brown thread the dozen pounds, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
Thread Bridges thread the dozen pounds	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	4	11	11	0	2	1	7	0	2	1	7
Thread Crosbow thread the hundred pounds, containing five score	3	6	8	0	0	0	0	6	3	12	0	7	4	6	0	3	1	12	0	3	1	12
Hab. Thread Lions or Paris thread the bale, containing 100 bolts	15	0	0	3	0	0	0	17	0	17	1	1	9	17	0	2	9	17	0	2	9	17
Thread Outnal thread the dozen pounds	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	2	9	17	0	2	9	17
Thread Piecing thread the dozen pounds	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	3	9	2	0	3	9	2
Thread Sifters thread the pound	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	7	17	0	0	8	9	0	0	8	9
Thread Whited brown thread, the dozen pounds	1	0	0	1	13	4	0	2	6	4	0	2	10	0	0	1	6	15	0	1	6	15
Thrums Of linnen or fustian the pound	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	9
Thrums Of woollen the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Ticking of the East-country the yard	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Ticks

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Ticks: Brizel ticks, and counterfeit brizel, the tick	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ticks: Turnal ticks, the tick	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ticks: Of ſtode the tick	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
And for the additional duty on the ſaid ticking, 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tiles called pan-tiles the thouſand	Value.			5	0	0	See the New Rates, Letter T.															
Tincal the pound. Vid. *Drugs*.																						
Tinfoyl the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Tinglaſs the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Tinſel: With copper the yard	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	2	16	0	0	2	16
Tinſel: Right of gold and ſilver the yard	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13
Tinſhore the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	1	6	0	3	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	17	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	5
Tobacco: Spaniſh and Brazil tobacco, or any not Engliſh plantation, the pound	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	5	8	0	0	5	8
Tobacco: Spaniſh or Brazil tobacco, in pudding or roll, the pound	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	5	8	0	0	5	8
Tobacco: St. Chriſtopher's, Barbadoes, or any of the Carib Iſlands, Virginia, or Summer Iſlands, the pound (by 7 W. 3. cap. 16.)	0	2	6	0	1	8	0	0	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0
Tobacco: And for the additional duty, 3 d. ½ per pound weight on all the ſaid tobaccoes, by 2 Geo. 1. cap. 1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
Tools vocat. carving tools the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Tow the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Trayes of wood the ſtock, containing 60 trayes	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Treacle: Flanders treacle the barrel	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Treacle: Of jean the pound	0	0	10	0	1	4	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
Treacle: And for the additional duty, 20 s. for every hundred pounds weight of the ſaid Flanders and Jean treacle, by 6 Geo. 1. c. 4.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Great Britain, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Treen nails the thousand	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Trees of all sorts free.																						
Trumpets for children the groce, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	1	3	18	0	1	7	14	0	0	10	4	0	1	0	2
Trunnels the thousand	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Tweezers of France the dozen	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8	1	0	6	7	9	0	4	2	19	0	4	8	13
Twine — Of Hamborough the pound	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	9
Twine — The hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	14	0	5	6	4	0	3	6	9	0	3	11	4
Twist for band-strings, the dozen knots	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13
Tyn — Of Cornwal and Devonshire, unwrought, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	19	0	0	0	0
Tyn — Wrought, vocat. Pewter, the 112 pounds	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	14	0	8	9	18	0	5	7	18	0	6	3	10
Trenchers — White sort, common, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Trenchers — Red or painted, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6

V.

Vallances of Scotland, the piece	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	6	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	15	0	0	0	0
Vellum for table books the skin	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Verders of tapistry, with hair, the Flemish ell	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Verditer the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	6	8	0	0	0	0	2	6	5	0	2	11	6	0	1	10	13	0	2	1	4
Vials the piece	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Vice hasps the dozen	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Vinegar the tun	5	0	0	10	0	0	0	14	1	16	0	15	8	16	0	11	9	6	0	12	6	16
And for the additional duty, 20s. per tun, by Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12	0	18	9	12
Vizards the dozen	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	4	0	2	7	15	0	1	8	7	0	1	10	13

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
W.																						
Wadmoll the yard	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	14
Wainſcots the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	10	0	0	60	0	0	3	5	10	16	3	9	0	16	3	1	1	16	3	2	8	16
Wax — The hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	2	15	0	0	4	5	16	0	5	1	8	0	3	6	8	0	3	10	4
Wax — Vocat. hard wax, the pound	0	3	4	0	1	2	0	0	2	11	0	0	3	4	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	18
Nab. Whale-bone the hundred weight	0	10	0	2	10	0	0	2	9	18	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	0	0	0
Not caught, &c. by ſubjects, and in their ſhips, by 12 Car. 2. cap. 18. Eng.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4
Whet-ſtones the hundred ſtones, containing five ſcore	0	15	0	0	16	8	0	1	5	19	0	1	8	16	0	1	1	13	0	1	3	2
Whipcord the pound	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	1
Whiſtles — Cocks or bellows the groce	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	4	0	2	7	15	0	1	8	7	0	1	10	13
Whiſtles — Cocks or birds of ſtone, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	0	0	5	6	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	15
Whiſtles — And for the additional duty, 12 d. for every 20 s. value as rated for Cuſtom, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	11	6
Wines — The tun, called brandy wines	10	0	0	20	0	0	1	8	3	12	1	11	5	12	1	3	6	12	1	5	1	12
Wines — And for the additional duty on ſpirits not above proof, 8d. per gallon, by 2 Geo. 1. cap. 3.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	0	0	7	11	0	0	7	11	0	0	7	11
Wines — And for the additional duty on ſpirits above proof, 5 s. per gallon, by 1 Geo. 2. cap. 4.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	8	0	4	8	8	0	4	8	8	0	4	8	8
Wines — See *Spirits*.																						
Woad vocat. — Iſlands or green woad the tun, containing 20 hundred weight	8	0	0	18	0	0	1	4	6	4	1	7	0	12	1	0	8	12	1	1	11	16
Woad vocat. — Tholouſe woad the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	13	4	0	18	0	0	2	5	3	0	2	11	10	0	1	7	13	0	1	10	16

Rates Inwards.	Custom.			Excise.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Wood vocat.																						
Box-wood, The tun, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	12	0	0	0	12	2	15	0	12	6	11	0	11	9	1	0	11	10	19
Box-wood, For combs, the thousand pieces	1	13	4	0	0	0	0	3	1	15	0	3	8	2	0	2	4	5	0	2	7	8
Brazil or Farnambuck-wood the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Braziletto or Jamaica-wood the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	17	0	0	0	0
Ebony-wood the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
But vid. Letter E.																						
Fustick the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	5	0	0	6	0	0	0	6	5	0	0	7	4	0	0	4	16	0	0	5	5
Lignum vitæ. Vid. *Drugs.*																						
Logwood the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	0	0	3	10	0	0	6	1	14	0	7	1	2	0	4	8	12	0	5	2	6
Red or Guinny-wood the tun	30	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	8	8	3	6	2	8	2	2	5	8	2	7	2	8
Speckled-wood the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	13	4	1	0	0	0	1	6	18	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0
Sweet-wood of West-India the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	7	0	2	9	2	0	1	9	4	0	1	11	12
Timber, The tun or load	0	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	6	18	0	1	9	8	0	1	3	1	0	1	4	7
Timber, The load, containing 50 foot, by the Act for Excise	0	0	0	1	0	0																
Touch-wood the pound, for every 20 s. value on oath in the Custom	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	11	0	1	4	7	0	0	6	17	0	0	8	15
Wool of all sorts to be imported free.																						
Worm-seed the pound. Vid. *Drugs.*	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Worsteds vocat. St. Omers narrow, or half worsted, the piece	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Worsteds vocat. Russels worsted, or broad worsted, the piece	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
Wrests for virginals the groce, containing 12 dozen	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	4	0	2	7	15	0	1	8	7	0	1	10	13

Wyer

Rates Inwards.	Cuſtom.			Exciſe.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Wyer vocat.																						
Dagger and quartern wyer, the pound	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Iron wyer the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	14	0	5	6	4	0	3	6	9	0	3	11	4
Lattin wyer the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	5	8	0	11	0	8	0	7	0	18	0	7	10	8
Steel wyer the pound	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Straſborough wyer the pound	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Virginal wyer the pound	0	5	0	4	0	0	0	3	11	19	0	4	0	18	0	3	10	10	0	3	11	0
Cittern wyer the pound, for every 20s. value on oath in the Cuſtom	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	8	10	0	5	0	6	0	4	2	16	0	4	4	14
Y.																						
Yarn vocat.																						
Cable yarn the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	6	8	0	0	9	9	0	0	11	7	0	0	6	12	0	0	7	11
Cammel or mohair yarn the pound	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	6	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	7
Cotton yarn The pound	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10
Cotton yarn Of Turkey the pound, by the Act for Exciſe	0	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	6
Grogram yarn the pound	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Raw linnen yarn, Dutch or French, the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Seal yarn the pound	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	9
Scotch yarn the pound	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0
Spruce or Muſcovy yarn the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	13	4	1	13	4	0	2	2	8	0	2	4	18	0	1	10	12	0	1	11	17
Woollen and bay yarn the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	3	6	8	0	0	0	0	6	3	12	0	7	4	6	0	4	8	12	0	5	2	19

The

The Subſidy of Tunnage and the Duty of Exciſe, payable for Wines that ſhall be brought into the Port of *Dublin*, and into all and every the other Ports of *Ireland*, by Natives.

	CUSTOM.		EXCISE.			Neat Duties to be repaid upon Exportation. EXCISE.	
	FULL.	Unfilled, to be brought in by way of merchandize, 10 per Cent. deducted for leakage.	FULL.	FULL, 10 per Cent. deducted for prompt payment.	Unfilled, to be brought in by way of Merchandize, 10 per Cent. deducted for leakage, and 10 per Cent. for prompt payment.	FULL, 10 per Cent. deducted for prompt payment.	Unfilled, to be brought in by way of Merchandize, 10 per Cent. deducted for leakage, and 10 per Cent. for prompt payment.
	l. s. d.	*l. s. d.*	*l. s. d.*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*
FOR every tun of wine of the growth of France, or of any of the dominions of the French King, or Crown of France—	3 10 0	3 3 0	7 0 0	6 6 0 0	5 13 4 16	6 6 0 0	5 13 4 16
For every but or pipe of Muſcadine, Malmeſies, Cutes, Tents, Alicants, Baſtard-ſacks, Canaries, Malagoes, Maderaes, and all other wines whatſoever, commonly called ſweet wines of the growth of the Levant, Spain, Portugal, or of any of the iſlands or dominions to them, or any of them belonging, or elſewhere	2 10 0	2 5 0	5 0 0	4 10 0 0	4 1 0 0	4 10 0 0	4 1 0 0

For

The Duties on Wines continued.

	CUSTOM.		EXCISE.			Neat Duties to be repaid upon Exportation. EXCISE.	
	FULL.	Unfilled, to be brought in by way of merchandize, 10 per Cent. deducted for leakage.	FULL.	FULL, 10 per Cent. deducted for prompt payment.	Unfilled, to be brought in by way of Merchandize, 10 per Cent. deducted for leakage, and 10 per Cent. for prompt payment.	FULL, 10 per Cent. deducted for prompt payment.	Unfilled, to be brought in by way of Merchandize, 10 per Cent. deducted for leakage, and 10 per Cent. for prompt payment.
	l. s. d.	*l. s. d.*	*l. s. d.*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*
For every awme, containing forty two gallons of Rhenish wine of the growth of Germany	0 15 0	0 13 6	1 3 4	1 1 0 0	0 18 10 16	1 1 0 0	0 18 10 16
And for the additional duty on all the said wines, by 2 Geo. 1. R. cap. 3. four pounds per tun	0 0 0	0 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0 0	3 4 9 12	3 12 0 0	3 4 9 12
And for the further additional duty, by 9 Geo. 2. R. cap. 2. three pounds per tun	0 0 0	0 0 0	3 0 0	2 14 0 0	2 8 7 4	2 14 0 0	2 8 7 4
For every but or pipe of Portugal wine	2 10 0	2 5 0	3 10 0	3 3 0 0	2 16 8 8	3 3 0 0	3 16 8 8
And for the additional duty, by 2 Geo. 1. R. cap. 3. four pounds per tun	0 0 0	0 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0 0	3 4 9 12	3 12 0 0	3 4 9 12
And for the further additional duty, by 9 Geo. 2. R. cap. 2. one pound thirteen shillings per tun	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 13 0	1 9 8 8	1 6 8 15	1 9 8 8	1 6 8 15

THE

RATES

OF

Merchandizes Outwards.

Rates Outwards.	Cuſtom. l.	s.	d.	Neat Duty. l.	s.	d.	20 pts
A.							
Alabaſter the load	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Allum the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Anvils the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Aqua-vitæ the hogſhead	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Aſhes of Iriſh wood the laſt, containing 12 barrels	1	13	4	0	1	8	0
B.							
Bacon the flitch	0	2	6	0	0	1	10
Bags the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	4	0

Barrels

Rates Outwards.

	Custom. l.	s.	d.	Neat Duty. l.	s.	d.	20 pts
Barrels of birding-pieces the barrel	0	6	8	0	0	4	0
Beef the barrel	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Beer the tun	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Beer-eager the tun	1	10	0	0	1	6	0
Bell-metal the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0	0	4	0	0
Bellows the dozen	0	6	0	0	0	3	12
Birding-pieces the piece	0	13	4	0	0	8	0
Bird-lime the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0	0	1	6	0
Boards vocat. Barrel-boards or ſtaves the thouſand, containing ten hundred, at ſix ſcore to the hundred	4	0	0	0	4	0	0
Boards vocat. Boards or ſtaves for hogſheads the thouſand, containing ten hundred, at ſix ſcore to the hundred	6	0	0	0	6	0	0
Boards vocat. Boards or ſtaves for pipes the thouſand, containing ten hundred, at ſix ſcore to the hundred	8	0	0	0	8	0	0
Boards vocat. And for every thouſand of the ſaid ſtaves, at ſix ſcore to the hundred, exported to any part beyond the ſeas, except to Great Britain, a further duty of three pounds, by 2 Ann. cap. 2.	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Boards vocat. Inch boards the hundred foot, containing ſix ſcore to the hundred	0	6	8	0	0	4	0
Boards vocat. Two inch boards the hundred foot, containing ſix ſcore to the hundred	0	13	4	0	0	8	0
Boards vocat. And for every tun of timber or plank exported to any part beyond the Seas, except to Great Britain, a further duty of 2 l. 10 s. by 2 Ann. cap. 2.	0	0	0	2	10	0	0
Bodies vocat. Stitched bodies with ſilk, the pair	0	3	4	0	0	2	0
Bodies vocat. Of whalebone the pair	0	2	0	0	0	1	4
Bones vocat. ox bones, the thouſand	0	6	8	0	0	4	0
Books printed, unbound or bound, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	5	0	0	0	3	0
Braſs manufacture the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	16	8	0	0	10	0
Bridles the dozen	0	1	8	0	0	1	0
Bruſhes of heath the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Buckweed the quarter. Vid. *Corn*.							
Butter good or bad the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Buttons of hair the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	0	0	6	0	0	0	6

C.

Calve-ſkins the dozen, undreſs'd or dreſs'd, not exceeding 36 pounds	0	12	0	0	0	7	4
Candles the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	1	0	0

Canvas

Rates Outwards.	Custom. l.	s.	d.	Neat Duty. l.	s.	d.	20 pts
Canvas { Tufted the piece, containing 36 yards. Vid. *Linnen.*							
Canvas { Iriſh making the hundred ells, containing five ſcore. Vid. *Linnen.*							
Caps of wool of all ſorts the dozen	0	6	0	0	0	3	12
Cards vocat. Stock cards the dozen	1	4	0	0	1	2	8
Cards vocat. Tow cards, new, the dozen	0	5	0	0	0	4	0
Cards vocat. Playing cards the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	5	0	0	0	3	0
Cards vocat. Wool vocat. New the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Cards vocat. Wool vocat. Old the dozen	0	6	0	0	0	3	12
Card boards the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Carpets the piece	0	11	0	0	0	6	12
Catlings, or hatmakers ſtrings, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	16	0	0	0	9	12
Cheeſe the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Cloak-bags the dozen	0	15	0	0	0	9	0
Cobweb lawns the yard	0	0	8	0	0	0	8
Combs of wood, bone, or horn, or any other ſort. Vid. *Haberdaſhery.*							
Comfits the pound. Vid. *Confectionary.*							
Coney hair or wool, black or white, the pound	0	12	0	0	0	7	4
Copper manufactures of all ſorts the hundred, containing 112 pounds	0	16	8	0	0	10	0
Cordage tarred or untarred the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Corn vocat. Barley the quarter, containing eight buſhels	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Corn vocat. Beans the quarter, containing eight buſhels	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Corn vocat. Malt the quarter	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Corn vocat. Oats the quarter	0	6	8	0	0	4	0
Corn vocat. Peaſe the quarter	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Corn vocat. Wheat the quarter	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Corn vocat. Rye the quarter	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Corn vocat. Buck wheat the quarter	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Corn, viz. malt, bare or barley, rye and wheat exported to parts beyond the ſeas in Britiſh or Iriſh ſhipping, when at or under certain prices, free, by 6 Ann. cap. 18.							
Cottons and plains of all ſorts, the hundred goads	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Coverlets { Of wool and hair the piece	0	1	8	0	0	1	0
Coverlets { Of caddas the piece	0	1	3	0	0	0	15
Curry-combs. Vid. *Iron Wares.*							
Cuſhions the dozen	1	0	0	0	1	0	0

Darnix

Rates Outwards.	Cuſtom.	Neat Duty.
	l. *s.* *d.*	*l.* *s.* *d.* 20 *pts*
D		
Darnix — The yard	0 0 11	0 0 0 11
Darnix — Vocat. Coverlets, the piece	0 3 4	0 0 2 0
Dice. Vid. *Haberdaſhers ware.*		
Dimithy, the yard	0 4 0	0 0 2 8
Dublets of leather the piece. Vid. *Garments.*		
Duſt of cloves, of ginger, of lignum vitæ, of mace, of nutmeg, of pepper, of all ſpices, and the like, are cuſtom free, having paid at importation.		
E		
Bricks and tyles of all ſorts, the thouſand	0 3 4	0 0 2 0
All ſorts of earthen and ſtone ware not rated, the hundred parcels	0 3 4	0 0 2 0
Emery ſtones, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0 3 4	0 0 2 0
F		
Fennel ſeeds, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1 10 0	0 1 6 0
Figurettoes — Broad, the piece	1 10 0	0 1 6 0
Figurettoes — Narrow, the piece	0 16 0	0 0 9 12
Figurettoes — With ſilk or copper. Vid. *Silk.*		
Fiſh vocat. — Cod-fiſh, the barrel	0 10 0	0 0 6 0
Fiſh vocat. — Eels — The barrel	1 0 0	0 1 0 0
Fiſh vocat. — Eels — Small, the barrel	0 10 0	0 0 6 0
Fiſh vocat. — Hake-fiſh, the hundred, containing 6 ſcore	0 3 4	0 0 2 0
Fiſh vocat. — Herrings — Full fiſh, the barrel	0 13 4	0 0 8 0
Fiſh vocat. — Herrings — Shotten, the barrel	0 10 0	0 0 6 0
Fiſh vocat. — Pilchers, the tun	6 0 0	0 6 0 0
Fiſh vocat. — Salmon, the tun	8 0 0	0 8 0 0
Fiſh vocat. — Sprats, the tun, containing 1000	0 10 0	0 0 6 0
Fitches, the timber, containing 40 ſkins	1 13 4	0 1 8 0
Flannel, the yard	0 $4\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 0 $4\frac{1}{2}$

Rates Outwards.	Custom. l.	s.	d.	Neat Duty. l.	s.	d.	2 pts
Flocks, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	13	4	0	0	8	0
Freezes, the yard	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
Fuſtians of Iriſh making, of all ſorts, to go out free.							
G							
Garments, or wearing apparel of all ſorts, to go out free.							
Garters of worſted, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	2	6	0	0	1	10
Geldings or nags, the piece. Vid. *Horſes.*							
Girdles { Of leather for men, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	16	8	0	0	10	0
Girdles { For children, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Glaſs { For windows, the cheſt	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Glaſs { Broken the barrel	0	3	4	0	0	2	0
Glaſſes to drink in, bottles, and all ſorts of glaſſes, the hundred	0	3	4	0	0	2	0
Glew Iriſh, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	16	8	0	0	10	0
Gloves { Plain, of ſheep, kid, or lambs leather, the dozen pair	0	2	0	0	0	1	4
Gloves { Fringed and ſtitch'd, the dozen pair	0	3	4	0	0	2	0
Gloves { Furred with coney-wool, the dozen pair	0	4	0	0	0	2	8
Gloves { Of buck-leather, the dozen pair	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Glovers clippings, the fat or maund	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Gooſe quills, the thouſand	0	2	0	0	0	1	4
Gun-powder, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Guts, vocat. Ox guts the barrel	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
H							
Haberdaſhery wares, vocat. { Packthread, incle, tape, filiting, buttons of all ſorts, hooks and eyes, and all other haberdaſhery, Iriſh making, not particularly rated, by the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Hair, vocat. { Harts-hair, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	12	0	0	1	7	4
Hair, vocat. { Horſe-hair, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	6	0	0	0	6	0	0
Hair, vocat. { Ox or cow-hair, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Hair-cloath, the piece	0	13	4	0	0	8	0
Harts-horn, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0	0	1	6	0

Hat-

Rates Outwards.	Custom.			Neat Duty.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Hat-bands of cruel, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	5	0	0	0	3	0
Hatchets, the dozen, Vid. *Iron ware.*							
Hats, vocat. Beavers and demy-caſters of Iriſh making, the dozen	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Hats, vocat. Felts, and all other hats, the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Hawk-hoods, the dozen	0	2	6	0	0	1	10
Hemp-ſeeds, the quarter, containing 8 buſhels	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Foreign, 5 s. per hogſhead, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10	0	0	0	0	5	0	0
Hides Tanned, or untanned the hide, into England, or any other his Majeſty's dominions	0	6	0	0	0	3	12
Hides Into any foreign part, the hide	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Hogs alive, the piece	0	1	0	0	0	0	12
Holſters, the dozen pair	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Hoops for barrels, the 1000	0	13	4	0	0	8	0
Hoops exported to any part beyond the ſeas, except to Great-Britain, are to pay 5 s. per thouſand additional Duty, by 2 Ann. c. 2.	0	0	0	0	5	0	0
Hops, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0	0	1	6	0
Horns, vocat. Blowing horns, ſmall, the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	2	8
Horns, vocat. Of bucks, the hundred	0	4	0	0	0	2	8
Horns, vocat. Goats horns, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Horns, vocat. Ink-horns, the dozen. Vid. *Haberdaſhery wares.*							
Horns, vocat. Horns for lanthorns, the thouſand leaves	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Horns, vocat. Ox horns, the thouſand	2	10	0	0	2	6	0
Horns, vocat. Powder-horns, the dozen	0	4	0	0	0	2	8
Horns, vocat. Of rams, the thouſand	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Horns, vocat. Of ſheep, the thouſand	0	3	4	0	0	2	0
Horns, vocat. Shooing-horns, the dozen	0	0	8	0	0	0	8
Horns, vocat. Stags-horns, the hundred	1	12	0	0	1	7	4
Horns, vocat. Tips of horns, the thouſand	0	15	0	0	0	9	0
Horſes, vocat. Stone-horſes, geldings or nags, into England or Scotland, or any other Engliſh plantation, the piece	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Horſes, vocat. Into foreign parts, the piece	20	0	0	1	0	0	0
Horſe Collers, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Horſe Tails with hair, the hundred weight, containing 5 ſcore	1	10	0	0	1	6	0

Rates Outwards.	Custom. l. s. d.	Neat Duty. l. s. d. 20 pts
I		
Iron wrought, viz. axes, adzes, boughs, armour, bits, knives, locks, fowling-pieces, muskets, piſtols, ſciſſers, ſtirrups, and all carpenters and gravers tools, jack-work, clock-work, and all iron-mongers wares perfectly manufactured, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0 10 0	0 0 6 0
Jewels, precious ſtones, and pearls, free.		
Iron — The tun	6 13 4	0 6 8 0
Iron — Ordnance, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1 0 0	0 1 0 0
Iron — Old iron, the tun	6 13 4	0 6 8 0
K		
Knives. Vid. *Iron wares.*		
L		
Lace — Of gold and ſilver, the pound	1 16 0	0 1 9 12
Lace — Of velvet, the pound. Vid. *Silk.*		
Lawns. Vid. *Cobweb lawns.*		
Lead — Caſt and uncaſt, the fodder, containing twenty hundred weight	20 0 0	1 0 0 0
Lead — Ore, the tun	2 0 0	0 2 0 0
Lime, the chaldor	0 13 4	0 0 8 0
Linnen, viz. Cloth, flaxen or hempen, made or manufactured in Ireland, by 2 Ann. c. 4. free.	Free	
Linnen, viz. Shreds, the maund or fat	2 0 0	0 2 0 0
Linſeed — The quarter, containing eight buſhels	3 0 0	0 3 0 0
Linſeed — Foreign, 5 s. per hogſhead, by 7 Geo. 2. c. 10.	0 0 0	0 5 0 0
Linſey-woolſey. Vid. *Stuff.*		
Liſts of cloth, the thouſand yards	1 10 0	0 1 6 0
Litharge of lead, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0 4 0	0 0 2 8
Loom-work, the yard	0 0 6	0 0 0 6

Mantles

Rates Outwards.	Cuſtom. l.	s.	d.	Neat Duty. l.	s.	d.	20 pts
M							
Mantles { Of the beſt ſort, the piece	0	6	8	0	0	4	0
Mantles { Of the worſt ſort, the piece	0	3	4	0	0	2	0
Mantling { The pack, containing four hundred yards, ſix ſcore to the hundred	6	0	0	0	6	0	0
Mantling { Of freeze, the yard	0	0	3	0	0	0	2
N							
Nails of all ſorts the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	5	0	0	0	3	0
Nuts ſmall, the barrel, containing three buſhels	0	6	8	0	0	4	0
O							
Oat-meal, the barrel	0	6	8	0	0	4	0
Oker, yellow, or red, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Oxen, cows or ſteers, the head	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Oyl, called train-oyl, made in Ireland, the tun	10	0	0	0	10	0	0
Oyſters, the ſmall barrel, in pickle	0	1	4	0	0	0	16
P							
Parchment, the roll	0	6	8	0	0	4	0
Paſt-boards, the groce, containing 12 dozen	0	12	0	0	0	7	4
Points of leather, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	0	0	4	0	0	0	4
Pork, the barrel	1	10	0	0	1	6	0
Purls of broad-cloth, the piece	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
R							
Rape cakes, the thouſand	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Rape-ſeed the quarter, containing eight buſhels, by 2 Ann. cap. 7.	0	0	0	0	0	6	0

Rugs

Rates Outwards.	Cuſtom. l.	s.	d.	Neat Duty. l.	s.	d.	20 pts
Rugs, vocat. Iriſh rugs, the yard	0	0	4	0	0	0	4
Iriſh rugs for beds, the rug	0	6	8	0	0	4	0
Ruſſeting for painters, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	5	0	0	0	3	0
S							
Sack-cloth, to make ſacks, the bolt, or piece. Vid. *Linnen.*							
Saffron, the pound	1	10	0	0	1	6	0
Sheep, the ſcore, alive into England	2	10	0	0	2	6	0
Shoes: Old, the hundred dozen pair	4	0	0	0	4	0	0
All new ſhoes, boots, and ſlippers, the pound weight	0	0	6	0	0	0	6
Shreds and pieces of broad cloth, the pound	0	0	6	0	0	0	6
Skins vocat. Badgers-ſkins, the piece	0	1	0	0	0	0	12
Cat-ſkins, the hundred	1	6	8	0	1	4	0
Deer-ſkins, the piece	0	5	0	0	0	3	0
Dog ſkins, the dozen	0	2	6	0	0	1	10
Fox-ſkins, the piece	0	0	8	0	0	0	8
Goat-ſkins, the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	10	0	0	0	10	0	0
Hare-ſkins, the piece	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
Kid-ſkins dreſt, or undreſt, the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	3	0	0	0	3	0	0
Lamb-ſkins dreſt, or undreſt, the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	0	16	8	0	0	10	0
Marteon-ſkins, the piece	0	5	0	0	0	3	0
Of Otter: Raw the piece	0	1	0	0	0	0	12
Taw'd, the piece	0	1	4	0	0	0	16
Wombs the mantle	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Of Rabbets or Coneys: Black, with ſilver hair or without, the hundred, containing 120	1	6	8	0	1	4	0
Gray: Seaſoned, the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Stag, the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Tawed, the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	0	13	4	0	0	8	0
Taw'd or dy'd into colours, the hundred, containing 120	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Sheep-ſkins taw'd with the wool on, the hundred containing ſix ſcore	1	10	0	0	1	6	0
Pelts, dreſt, or undreſt without the wool, the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Sheep-ſkins, with the wool, the hundred, containing ſix ſcore	20	0	0	1	0	0	0
Squirrel-ſkins, the thouſand	2	10	0	0	2	6	0

Skins

Rates Outwards.	Cuſtom. l.	s.	d.	Neat Duty. l.	s.	d.	20 pts
Skins vocat. Stag-ſkins the piece	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Skins vocat. Swan ſkins the piece	0	2	6	0	0	1	10
Skins vocat. Wolf-ſkins the piece	0	3	4	0	0	2	0
Skins vocat. Wolf-ſkins tawed the piece	0	6	0	0	0	3	12
Soap. Hard, Iriſh making, the hundred, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Soap. The barrel	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Starch the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	13	4	0	0	8	0
Steel the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Stockings. Iriſh the dozen	0	2	6	0	0	1	10
Stockings. Kerſey. Long the pair	0	1	0	0	0	0	12
Stockings. Kerſey. Short the dozen pair	0	3	9	0	0	2	5
Stockings. Leather the dozen. Vid. *Garments.*							
Stockings. Woollen for children the dozen	0	1	8	0	0	1	0
Stockings. Woollen for men the dozen	0	5	0	0	0	3	0
Stockings. Worſted for children the dozen	0	3	4	0	0	2	0
Stockings. Worſted for men the dozen	0	12	6	0	0	7	10
Stockings. Lower ends of worſted ſtockings the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	4	0
Sugar of all ſorts brought into this kingdom, and after refined, and after made into loaves, and exported by way of merchandize, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
T.							
Tallow, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	10	0	0	1	6	0
Tape. Vid. *Haberdaſhery.*							
Tapiſtry, or darnix hangings of what ſort ſoever made in Ireland, whereof any part of wool, the pound weight	0	0	6	0	0	0	6
Thrums, the hundred pounds, containing 5 ſcore	0	6	8	0	0	4	0
Tobacco-pipes, the ſmall groce, containing 12 dozen	0	1	0	0	0	0	12
Tyn. Unwrought, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	7	6	8	0	7	4	0
Tyn. Wrought, vocat. pewter, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	5	0	0	0	5	0	0
V							
Vinegar of wine the tun	2	6	8	0	2	4	0

Rates Outwards.	Cuſtom. l.	s.	d.	Neat Duty. l.	s.	d.	20 pts
W							
Wadmol the yard	0	0	4	0	0	0	4
Wax { Hard, the pound	0	2	0	0	0	1	4
Wax { Iriſh, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	4	0	0	0	4	0	0
Weld, the hundred weight, containing 112 pounds	1	5	0	0	1	3	0
Wine-lees, the but	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Woad { Iriſh, the tun	10	0	0	0	10	0	0
Woad { Nets, the hundred, containing 5 ſcore	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
Wool Iriſh, into England, the ſtone, containing 18 pounds, by 3 Geo. 2 R. cap. 3.	Free						
Wool, Spaniſh, free.							
Woollen-Cloth { Broad woollen cloth, or old drapery, the piece, containing 36 yards, and ſo proportionably for greater or leſſer quantities	3	6	8	0	3	4	0
Woollen-Cloth { Kerſies, ſerges, ſays, and other ſorts of ſtuffs, or new draperies made in Ireland, the piece	0	15	0	0	0	9	0
Y							
For every pack of linnen-yarn, called Iriſh yarn, containing 400 pound weight, at ſix ſcore to the hundred	20	0	0	1	0	0	0
And by 2 Geo. 1 cap. 13. an additional duty of a half penny per pound, on all linnen-yarn not reeled and made up according to 2 Ann. ſeſſ. 2. cap. 4.	0	0.	0	0	0	0	10
Goods inwards or outwards not rated, to pay 5 pounds per cent. by 14 Car. 2. c. 9.							

THE

THE

RATES

OF

GOODS and MERCHANDIZES Imported and Exported, (By 1 GEO. 2. Cap. 6.)

Import.	Cuſtom.			Neat Duties payable according to the ſaid Rates from								Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from							
				Great Britain, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				*Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
A																			
Almonds in the ſhell, the thouſand	0	1	6	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	19	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	8
Awl hafts, the groce	0	6	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	7	19	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	13
B																			
Beer vocat. Spruce beer, the gallon	0	2	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Bellows pipes, the groce	1	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Bill hooks, the dozen	0	12	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6
Blades for Foyls, the dozen	0	8	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	6	15	0	0	7	11
Blades for Knives and forks, the groce	0	13	4	0	1	3	2	0	1	5	13	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	12
Blades for Razors, the dozen	0	6	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	7	19	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	13
Blades for Swords, Britiſh, courſe, the dozen	0	12	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6
Bottles of ſtone, the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
And for the additional duty, 12 d. for every 20 s. value, as rated for Cuſtom. By 9 Geo. 2 cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	11	6
Buckles, vocat. Shoe-buckles, the groce, containing 12 dozen pair	0	12	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6

Caſſoy

Import.	Cuſtom.	Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.
	l. s. d.	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*	*l. s. d.* 20 *pts*
C					
Caffoy, per yard	0 12 0	0 1 1 12	0 1 3 17	0 0 10 3	0 0 11 6
E. Ind. Callicoes painted, or ſtained, per yard	0 5 0	0 0 5 14	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
And for the additional duty, 1 s. 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. c. 10	0 0 0	0 1 4 18	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Candleſticks, iron, the dozen	0 5 0	0 0 5 14	0 0 6 12	0 0 4 5	0 0 4 14
Cauldrons, or pans, iron, the hundred weight	1 0 0	0 1 10 14	0 2 2 10	0 1 4 19	0 1 6 17
Chariots, with or without the appurtenances, each	40 0 0	3 15 7 4	4 8 3 4	2 16 7 2	3 2 11 4
Chocolate, the pound	0 2 6	0 0 2 16	0 0 3 6	0 0 2 2	0 0 2 7
And for the additional duty, 3d. per pound weight, by 6 Geo. 1. c. 4	0 0 0	0 0 2 17	0 0 2 17	0 0 2 17	0 0 2 17
Coaches, or berlins, with or without the appurtenances, each	60 0 0	5 13 4 16	6 12 4 16	4 4 10 16	4 14 4 16
Cocoa nuts, the pound, for Cuſtom only	0 0 10	0 0 1 6	0 0 1 9	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 3
And for the additional duty, 3d. per pound weight, by 6 Geo. 1. c. 4	0 0 0	0 0 2 17	0 0 2 17	0 0 2 17	0 0 2 17
Coffin { Figures and letters, the groce	0 6 0	0 0 6 16	0 0 7 19	0 0 5 2	0 0 5 13
Coffin { Handles, plates, ſquares, the groce	0 5 0	0 0 5 14	0 0 6 12	0 0 4 5	0 0 4 14
Corks, ready made, the groce	0 2 6	0 0 2 16	0 0 3 6	0 0 2 2	0 0 2 7
Curry-combs, the dozen	0 9 0	0 0 10 4	0 0 11 18	0 0 7 13	0 0 8 10
D					
Dog couples, the dozen	0 2 6	0 0 2 16	0 0 3 6	0 0 2 2	0 0 2 7
E					
Earth, red, the barrel	0 10 0	0 0 11 7	0 1 1 5	0 0 8 9	0 0 9 8
Emery, ground, the pound	0 0 4	0 0 0 7	0 0 0 8	0 0 0 6	0 0 0 6
F					
Hab. Ferret ribband, the groce	0 16 0	0 1 6 3	0 1 9 3	0 0 9 0	0 0 9 0
Flints, for fire-arms, the thouſand	0 3 0	0 0 3 8	0 0 4 0	0 0 2 11	0 0 2 16
Flower, of meal of wheat, the hundred weight	0 10 0	0 0 11 7	0 1 1 5	0 0 8 9	0 0 9 8
Flower roots, the hundred, at 5 ſcore, for Cuſtom only	1 0 0	0 1 2 5	0 1 6 1	0 0 8 10	0 0 10 8

Gim-

Import.	Custom.	Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholesale Merchants.	Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholesale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.
	l. s. d.	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*
G					
Gimlets, for carpenters, the groce	0 6 8	0 0 7 11	0 0 8 17	0 0 5 13	0 0 6 6
Girth-webb, the groce	1 10 0	0 2 10 0	0 3 3 14	0 2 1 9	0 2 4 6
Glaſs, Britiſh { The whole caſe, containing 24 leaves	1 16 0	0 3 4 16	0 3 11 13	0 2 6 11	0 2 9 19
Glaſs, Britiſh { The half caſe, containing 12 leaves	0 18 0	0 1 8 8	0 1 11 17	0 1 3 6	0 1 5 0
Glaſſes for watches, the dozen	0 6 0	0 0 6 16	0 0 7 19	0 0 5 2	0 0 5 13
H					
Hops Britiſh, the hundred weight	4 0 0	0 7 6 14	0 0 0 0	0 5 7 18	0 0 0 0
And for the additional duty, one half-penny, per pound weight, by 9 Geo. 2. c. 2	0 0 0	0 0 0 10	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 10	0 0 0 0
Hab. Horn-Books { Plain, the groce	0 8 0	0 0 9 1	0 0 10 12	0 0 4 10	0 0 4 10
Horn-Books { Gilt, the groce	0 16 0	0 1 6 3	0 1 9 3	0 0 9 0	0 0 9 0
Horns for lanthorns, the thouſand	1 0 0	0 1 10 14	0 2 2 10	0 1 4 19	0 1 6 17
Hunting horns, the dozen	1 0 0	0 1 10 14	0 2 2 10	0 1 4 19	0 1 6 17
Hour-glaſſes, Britiſh, the groce	2 0 0	0 3 9 7	0 4 4 19	0 2 9 19	0 3 1 15
I					
Irons { Box irons, the dozen	1 4 0	0 2 3 4	0 2 7 15	0 1 8 7	0 1 10 13
Irons { Smoothing irons, not box, the dozen	0 18 0	0 1 8 8	0 1 11 17	0 1 3 6	0 1 5 0
Irons { Stirrup irons, the dozen pair	0 6 0	0 0 6 16	0 0 7 19	0 0 5 2	0 0 5 13
Junk, call'd old junk, the tun	5 0 0	0 9 5 8	0 11 0 8	0 7 0 18	0 7 10 8
K					
Kelp, the tun	1 10 0	0 2 10 0	0 3 3 14	0 2 1 9	0 2 4 6
Keys for watches, the groce	1 4 0	0 2 3 4	0 2 7 15	0 1 8 7	0 1 10 13
Knives { Coopers knives, the dozen	0 10 0	0 0 11 7	0 1 1 5	0 0 8 9	0 0 9 8
Knives { Curriers knives, the dozen	1 4 0	0 2 3 4	0 2 7 15	0 1 8 7	0 1 10 13
Knives { Drawing knives, the dozen	0 8 0	0 0 9 1	0 0 10 12	0 0 6 15	0 0 7 11

Import.	Custom.	Neat Duties from Great Britain, By Wholesale Merchants.	Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholesale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Great Britain, To Wholesale Merchants.	Neat Duties to be repaid, being first imported from Other Parts, To Wholesale Merchants.
	l. s. d.	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*	*l. s. d. 20 pts*
L					
Laſt-blocks, the dozen	0 2 0	0 0 2 5	0 0 2 13	0 0 1 14	0 0 1 18
Latches and catches, iron, the dozen	0 5 0	0 0 5 14	0 0 6 12	0 0 4 5	0 0 4 14
Lead, milled, or the ſheets, the hundred weight	0 10 0	0 0 11 7	0 1 1 5	0 0 8 9	0 0 9 8
Leaves of ſilver, the thouſand leaves	1 0 0	0 1 10 14	0 2 2 10	0 1 4 19	0 1 6 17
Lime-juice, the gallon	0 2 0	0 0 2 5	0 0 2 13	0 0 1 14	0 0 1 18
Locks Iron vocat. — Box, cheſts, and cupboard locks, the groce	1 4 0	0 2 3 4	0 2 7 15	0 1 8 7	0 1 10 13
Horſe locks, the dozen	0 8 0	0 0 9 1	0 0 10 12	0 0 6 15	0 0 7 11
Spring-locks, double, the dozen	0 16 0	0 1 6 3	0 1 9 3	0 1 1 12	0 1 3 2
Spring-locks, ſingle, the dozen	0 10 0	0 0 11 7	0 1 1 5	0 0 8 9	0 0 9 8
Stock-locks, double, the dozen	1 0 0	0 1 10 14	0 2 2 10	0 1 4 19	0 1 6 17
Stock-locks, ſingle, the dozen	0 12 0	0 1 1 12	0 1 3 17	0 0 10 3	0 0 11 6
M					
Marbles, for children, the thouſand	0 3 0	0 0 3 8	0 0 4 0	0 0 2 11	0 0 2 16
Metal, leaf, except ſilver or gold, the pocket, containing 250 leaves	0 10 0	0 0 11 7	0 1 1 5	0 0 8 9	0 0 9 8
Mum, the barrel	3 0 0	0 5 8 1	0 6 7 9	0 4 2 19	0 4 8 13
E. Ind. — Muſlin, the yard	0 3 4	0 0 3 16	0 0 0 0	0 0 2 16	0 0 0 0
And for the additional duty, 6d. per yard, by 2 Geo. 1. c. 1	0 0 0	0 0 5 13	0 0 0 0	0 0 5 13	0 0 0 0
And for the additional duty, on painted and ſtained muſlins, 1 s. 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. c. 10.	0 0 0	0 1 4 18	0 0 0 0	0 1 4 18	0 0 0 0

Nute.

Import.	Cuſtom.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
N.																			
Nuts called cheſnuts, the barrel	0	15	0	0	0	1	5	0	1	7	17	0	1	0	14	0	1	2	3
O.																			
Oars the hundred, containing ſix ſcore, for Cuſtom only	7	10	0	0	16	6	6	0	18	10	16	0	12	11	11	0	14	1	16
Oyl-cloth the yard	0	2	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
And for the additional duty, 6 d. per yard, by 7 Geo. 2. cap. 10.— Note, that Britiſh is free from all duties.	0	0	0	0	0	5	13	0	0	5	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oyl of jeſſamin the pound	0	2	6	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	6	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	7
Oyſters pickled the gallon	0	2	6	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	6	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	7
P.																			
Hab. Paper, called card-paper, the ream	0	6	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	7	19	0	0	3	7	0	0	3	7
Peaſe, called garden peaſe, the buſhel	0	10	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Pimento the pound	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	11
Pots, iron, not exceeding four gallons each, the dozen	1	10	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
Printing letters, or types, the hundred weight	5	0	0	0	9	5	8	0	11	0	8	0	7	0	18	0	7	10	8
R.																			
Raddle the barrel	0	10	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Reaping-hooks, or ſickles, the dozen	0	3	0	0	0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	11	0	0	2	16
Regulus the hundred weight	2	0	0	0	3	9	7	0	4	4	19	0	2	9	19	0	3	1	15
S.																			
Saws, called frame-ſaws, each	0	6	0	0	0	6	16	0	0	7	19	0	0	5	2	0	0	5	13

Sca'es

Import.	Cuſtom.			Neat Duties from								Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from							
				Great Britain, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				*Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants				Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
Scales { For razors the dozen	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Scales { For ſcabbards the bundle, containing one hundred, for Cuſtom only	0	2	0	0	0	2	5	0	0	2	13	0	0	1	14	0	0	1	18
Scythes the dozen	1	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Scythe-ſtones the dozen	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	7	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	19
Seed { Cinque-foyle, Clover } the pound	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
Seed { Millet the hundred weight	0	16	8	0	1	6	18	0	1	10	1	0	1	2	3	0	1	3	14
Shag-ſtuff or hair the yard	0	5	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Shears vocat. { Garden ſhears the dozen	1	5	0	0	2	4	7	0	2	9	2	0	1	9	4	0	1	11	12
Shears vocat. { Sheep ſhears the dozen	0	6	8	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Sheaths for knives and forks the groce	0	5	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Shot the hundred weight	0	15	0	0	1	5	0	0	1	7	17	0	1	0	14	0	1	2	3
Sieves of hair the dozen	0	10	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8
Silk manufacture (not otherwiſe rated) mixed with gold, ſilver, or both, the pound	12	0	0	1	2	8	4	1	6	5	16	0	11	3	8	0	11	3	8
And for the additional duty, 2 s. 6 d. per pound weight (except of Great Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Skillets of France the dozen	0	12	0	0	1	1	12	0	1	3	17	0	0	10	3	0	0	11	6
Slates the thouſand	0	10	0	0	0	11	14	0	1	1	12	0	0	8	17	0	0	9	16
Snuff the pound	0	3	4	0	0	3	16	0	0	4	8	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	3
Spades for Gardeners the dozen	1	0	0	0	1	10	14	0	2	2	10	0	1	4	19	0	1	6	17
Stones called flag-ſtones the hundred foot	0	16	8	0	1	6	18	0	1	10	1	0	1	2	3	0	1	3	14
Sugar-molds or pots the hundred, at five ſcore	1	10	0	0	2	10	0	0	3	3	14	0	2	1	9	0	2	4	6
And for the additional duty, 12 d. for the value of every 20 s. as rated in the Cuſtom, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
T.																			
E. Ind.— Tea of all ſorts the pound	0	8	4	0	●	9	9	0	●	0	0	0	0	7	1	0	●	0	●

Import.	Cuſtom.			Neat Duties from *Great Britain*, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties from Other Parts, By Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from *Great Britain*, To Wholeſale Merchants.				Neat Duties to be repaid, being firſt imported from Other Parts, To Wholeſale Merchants.			
	l.	*s.*	*d.*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*	*l.*	*s.*	*d.*	20 *pts*
And for the additional duty, 12 d. per pound weight, by 6 Geo. 2. cap. 4.	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	0	0
Tobacco pipes the groce	0	2	6	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	6	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	7
And for the additional duty, 12 d. for every 20 s. value as rated for Cuſtom, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
Tortoize ſhell the pound	0	5	0	0	0	5	14	0	0	6	12	0	0	4	5	0	0	4	14
Trowels the dozen	0	8	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	10	12	0	0	6	15	0	0	7	11
Twiſt of gold or ſilver the ounce	0	6	8	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
Tyles called pan-tyles the thouſand, for Cuſtom only	2	10	0	0	7	0	18	0	7	10	8	0	5	10	13	0	6	3	8
And for the additional duty, 12 d. for every 20 s. value, as rated for Cuſtom, by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6	0	0	11	6
V.																			
Velvet the pound	10	0	0	0	18	10	16	1	2	0	16	0	9	4	16	0	9	4	16
And for the additional duty, 2 s. 6 d. per pound weight (except of Great Britain, China, Perſia, or the Eaſt Indies) by 9 Geo. 2. cap. 2.	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4	0	2	4	4
Vices for ſmiths, the vice	0	6	8	0	0	7	11	0	0	8	17	0	0	5	13	0	0	6	6
W.																			
Weld, or woold ſtraw, the hundred weight	0	7	0	0	0	7	18	0	0	9	5	0	0	5	18	0	0	6	12
Whiting the hundred weight	0	2	6	0	0	2	16	0	0	3	6	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	7
Wood called fire-wood the fathom	0	10	0	0	0	11	7	0	1	1	5	0	0	8	9	0	0	9	8

N. B. The Exciſe rates of all the aforeſaid goods imported, are the ſame as the Cuſtom rates, except Cocoa nuts, Flower roots, Oars, Scales for Scabbards, and Tiles called Pan-tiles, which are expreſly rated in the old Book of Rates for Exciſe.

Export.

Export.

	Custom. l.	s.	d.	Neat Duty. l.	s.	d.	20 pts
B.							
BEEF, the carcafs, exported	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Bread the hundred weight	0	10	0	0	0	6	0
F.							
Feathers the hundred weight	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Fur, called rabbits fur, gray, per pound	0	4	0	0	0	2	8
G.							
Graves the hundred weight	0	2	6	0	0	1	10
H.							
Hair, kids, the hundred weight	0	12	0	0	0	7	4
Hogs-lard the hundred weight	0	18	0	0	0	10	16
K.							
Kelp the ton	1	10	0	0	1	6	0
O.							
Ore, called copper ore, the ton	3	0	0	0	3	0	0
T.							
Tongues, called neats-tongues, the dozen	0	6	0	0	0	3	12
Y.							
Yarn { Bay, the great ſtone / Woollen, the great ſtone } By 3 Geo. 2. R. cap. 3. are free.	Free.			0	0	0	0

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—— Upon Decrease of Wash from Sugars, *&c.* to charge Distillers with $\frac{1}{9}$ Part, as Strong-waters, or with as many Gallons of Strong-waters, as $\frac{1}{3}$ of the first Extraction of low Wines made from Sugars, *&c.* amounts to. *ibid.*

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—— Imported from *Great Britain* to pay but half Custom. 113

Goods, being lost at Sea, which paid Custom Outwards, upon due Proof thereof, Denizens may ship as much Custom free. 52

Goods ſhipped or landed at unlawful Hours, or Places, except out of Veſſels in Leak, or Wreck, to be forfeited, or their Value. 53, 54

—— Fine imported, may be ſecured in the Ware-houſes, for Payment of the Duties. 54

—— Not entered in twenty eight Days after the Ship's Arrival, to be brought into the Ware-houſes, and the Charge thereof to be born by the Merchant, *&c.* *ibid.*

—— Not permitted to be ſo taken and ſecured, Offenders to forfeit 100 *l. Engliſh.* *ibid.*

—— Purloined, *&c.* in the Ware-houſe, the Keeper thereof to make Satisfaction. 55

— Laden, or landed, before due Entry, and Payment of Cuſtom (except in caſe of Neceſſity) to be forfeited, or their Value. *ibid.*

— Imported, unſhipped into any Lighter, *&c.* without Licence, Lighter, *&c.* to be forfeited. *ibid.*

— To be carried coaſtwiſe, which are prohibited to be exported, or ſubject to the Payment of Duty Outwards, Entry thereof to be made, and Bond to be given. 56

— Shipped before ſuch Entry made, and Bond given, to be forfeited, or their Value. *ibid.*

—— For which Duties were paid Inwards, carried coaſtwiſe, and diſcharged without a Certificate, to be forfeited. 57

—— Carried coaſtwiſe, a Certificate to be return'd of their being landed. 56

—— Inwards, not entered in the Name of the very Owner, forfeited, or the Value of them. 57

—— Put on board, or taken out of any Ship, *&c.* or carried away, or intended to be carried away, before Cuſtom be paid, to be ſeized, and put into the King's Ware-houſes. 55, 57, 58, 109

—— Not rated in the Book of Rates, to pay Cuſtom according to Value, upon Oath of the Merchant. 102

—— Foreign, imported, (except Wines, Tobacco, wrought Silks, Haberdaſhery, and all Sorts of Grocery Wares) and afterwards exported by Subjects within twelve Months, or Strangers within nine Months, to draw back half the Cuſtom. 103

—— Such remaining upon Hands, without Alteration of Property, after a Year, may be exported Cuſtom free. 104

—— That receive Damage (except Tobacco) to be view'd by two indifferent Merchants, and the Damage to be certified by them upon Oath, in Proportion to which, the Owner is to have an Abatement in the Cuſtom. *ibid.*

—— Periſhable, to be view'd and taſted by ſworn Officers, and Allowance to be made of the Duty of Exciſe, not exceeding what is allowed in the Cuſtom. 12

—— Allow'd for Store, *&c.* to be free from Cuſtom, and to be entred in diſtinct Books. 107

Goods entred Inwards or Outwards by Licence, to be indorſed on the Licence, and entred in the proper Books. 107

—— Cuſtomed Outwards, and not put on board the Ship named in the Warrant, may be put on board another Ship. *ibid.*

—— Remaining in the Store after ſeven Days, to pay Ware-houſe Room. 108

—— Seized, to be delivered into the Charge of the Store-keeper. 109

—— Of the *Britiſh* Plantations, imported from *Great Britain*, to pay but half Cuſtom. 113, 114

—— All other foreign (except Wines, and Tobacco, and Goods from the *Engliſh* Plantations) imported by Natives from any Place but *Great Britain*, to pay ⅓ more in the Subſidy, above the Subſidy payable according to the Book of Rates. 114

—— Imported, or exported, by Aliens, to pay double Natives Cuſtom. *ibid.*

—— Landed, or laden, before the Ship is entred, or in undue Time, or Place, (except out of Veſſels in Leak, or Wreck) or without the Cognizance of the Officer, to be forfeited, and the Value thereof. 6

—— Landed, or attempted to be landed illegally out of Gabbards, *&c.* to be forfeited, and their Value, together with the Gabbards, *&c.* 8

—— Inwards, outwards, or coaſtwiſe, ſhipped or landed at unlawful Hours or Places, or before Entry made, or Warrant obtained, to be forfeited, and their Value. 9

—— Inwards, not entred in the Name of the real Importer, to be forfeited, or their Value. *ibid.*

—— Bartered, *&c.* to be reputed ſold. 10

—— Inwards, or Outwards, not entred in the Name of the real Proprietor, forfeited. 12

—— Fraudulently put on board, or landed or attempted to be landed illegally, to be ſeiz'd, and carried to the Exciſe Office. 19

—— Seized, if not claimed within 21 Days, to be forfeited. 19

—— Claimed within 21 Days, and due Entry not proved, to be forfeited. 19, 20

—— Diſtrain'd, and not redeem'd in ſix Days, or ſeized, and not claim'd or clear'd in twenty one Days, to be appraiſed, and ſold by the Candle. 23, 26

—— Saved out of Ships ſtranded, to remain in the Cuſtody of the Officer of the Cuſtoms, until all Charges of Salvage be paid, and all Aſſiſtants gratified. 166

—— Such not claimed, to be put into the Poſſeſſion of reſponſible Perſons. *ibid.*

—— Such not legally claimed, by the rightful Owner, within twelve Months, to be publickly ſold. *ibid.*

—— Periſhable, to be ſold forthwith, and the Reſidue of the Money ariſing by the Sale (all Charges firſt deducted) to be paid into the *Exchequer*, there to remain for the Benefit of the rightful Owner. 166, 167

Goods ſtolen or carried off from Ships ſtranded, to be immediately delivered to the Owner, on pain of treble their Value. 167

—— Flotſam, Jetſam, or Lagan, the Right thereof ſaved to the King, *&c.* 68

—— Illegally landed out of Boats under 15 Tuns Burthen, a Forfeiture of ſuch Boats. 175

—— Illegally landed out of Veſſels not exceeding 25 Tuns Burthen, a Forfeiture of ſuch Veſſels. 239

—— Not mentioned in the Invoice, and found conceal'd in the Ship, 48 Hours after Invoice, to be forfeited. 176

—— Saved out of Ships ſtranded, to pay Duties, as if they had been regularly imported. *ibid.*

—— Unſhipped, or taken in at Sea, to be landed, or put into any other Ship, *&c.* within the Limits of a Port, before Duties are paid, the Maſter receiving, and the Maſter delivering ſuch, to forfeit each treble their Value, except in caſe of Neceſſity. 181

—— Intitled to a Debenture, ſhipped, and afterwards re-landed, or put into any other Veſſel, with Intent to be re-landed, without Licence, the Maſter of the Ship out of which they were put, and the Owner of the Goods forfeit each treble the Value thereof. 182

—— Of *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, not to be imported from the *Iſle of Man*, in Veſſels under 20 Tuns Burthen, under Forfeiture of Ship, *&c.* and Goods, *&c.* *ibid.*

But by 12 *Geo.* 1. cap. 28. *Eng.* no Goods ſhall be imported from the ſaid Iſle, except of the Growth, *&c.* thereof.

—— Brought into the Store-houſes, and remaining there ſix Months, the Duties not paid, or ſecured, to be ſold. 184

—— Foreign, ſent into the Country without a Permit, forfeited. 222

—— Except ſmall Quantities, and Spiceries of all Sorts. *ibid.*

—— Seiz'd for want of a Permit, to be freed by the Oath of the Carrier, and Merchant, that the Permit was loſt. *ibid.*

—— Fraudulently imported, or ſeiz'd, the Importers thereof, or Perſons reſcuing ſuch, forfeit for the firſt Offence 100 *l.* and to ſuffer three Months Impriſonment, for the ſecond Offence to be tranſported; and not to return for ſeven Years, without Licence, on pain of Death. 224

—— Not rated in the Book of Rates, to pay 12 *d.* Cuſtom, and 12 *d.* Exciſe for every 20 *s.* Value, according to the Rates eſtabliſhed by 1 *Geo.* 2. cap. 6. 192, 193

—— Rated by 1 *Geo.* 2. cap. 6. to be annexed to the Book of Rates for Cuſtom, 14 *Car.* 2. cap. 9. and for Exciſe, 14 *Car.* 2. cap. 8. 193

—— To be imported into or exported out of the *Britiſh* Plantations in *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, in no other than *Britiſh* or *Iriſh*, or Ships of the ſaid Countries, and whereof the Maſter, and three Fourths at leaſt of the Mariners are *Engliſh*, on pain of Forfeiture of Goods and Ship, *&c.* 254

Goods of the Growth of *Africa*, *Aſia*, or *America*, to be imported in no other than ſuch Ships, and ſo navigated, under the like Penalty. 255

——— Enumerated, Bond to be given to land ſuch in *Great Britain*. 260

Note, That by 22 *Car.* 2. cap. 26. *Eng.* the Word (*Ireland*) is to be left out of ſuch Bonds.

——— Of foreign Growth, *&c.* to be imported in ſuch Ships, and ſo navigated, to be brought from no other Country, than that of their Growth, *&c.* or Places whence they can only be, or moſt uſually are firſt ſhipt off, under the like Penalty. 255

——— Not to be carried coaſtwiſe in foreign Ships, under the like Penalty. 256

——— Of the Growth, *&c.* of *Muſcovy*, or *Ruſſia*, or *Ottoman* Empire, not to be imported in any other than *Britiſh*, or *Iriſh* Ships, and navigated as above, or in foreign Ships of the built of the Country, whereof the Goods are the Growth, *&c.* or of ſuch Port where the ſaid Goods can only be, or moſt uſually are firſt ſhipt for Tranſportation, and whereof the Maſter, and three Fourths of the Mariners at leaſt are of the ſaid Country or Place, under the like Penalty. 256, 257

——— Of the Growth, *&c.* of *Muſcovy*, *Ruſſia*, or *Turkey*, if not imported in *Britiſh*, or *Iriſh* Ships, and navigated as above, to pay Aliens Duty to his Majeſty, and to the Town they are brought to. 257

——— Of the *Streights*, or *Levant* Seas, may be brought from the uſual Places of lading them, in *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Ships, and navigated as above. 259

——— Of *Eaſt India*, may be imported in ſuch Ships. *ibid.*

But by 5 *Geo.* 1. cap. 11. and 7 *Geo.* 1. cap. 20. *Eng.* not to be imported from any Place, but *Great Britain*.

——— Of the Growth, *&c.* of the Plantations, or Dominions of *Spain*, or *Portugal*, may be brought from *Spain* or *Portugal*, or *Weſtern* Iſlands called *Azores*, *Madera*, or *Canary* Iſlands, by his Majeſty's Subjects, in ſuch Ships, and ſo navigated. 259

——— Bullion may be imported, and Goods taken by way of Reprizal, by commiſſion'd *Britiſh* or *Iriſh* Ships, and navigated as above. *ibid.*

——— Of the *Britiſh* Plantations, enumerated in 12 *Car.* 2. C. 18. for encouraging of Shipping, &c. not to be carried to any Place, but ſome other of the *Britiſh* Plantations, or to *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*. 260

And to *Scotland* ſince the Union.

Goods, no Goods of the ſaid Plantations in *America*, to be landed in *Ireland*, on any Pretence whatſoever, unleſs the ſame be firſt landed in *Great-Britain*, &c. by 7 & 8 *Gul.* 3. C. 22. *Eng.* under Forfeiture of the Ship and Goods, ¾ without Compoſition to the King, and the other ¼ to the Proſecutor. 269

——— Not enumerated in 4 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 15 *Eng.* may be imported into *Ireland*, in *Britiſh* Shipping, whereof the Maſter, and ¾ of the Mariners at leaſt are *Britiſh*. 309

But by 5 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 9. *Eng.* Hops are made an enumerated Commodity. 310

——— Of the Growth, &c. of *Europe*, not to be imported into the ſaid Plantations, but ſuch as ſhall be ſhipped in *Great-Britain*, in *Engliſh* Ships, and navigated as above, and carried directly thence to the ſaid Plantations under Forfeiture of Goods and Ship, &c. 266, 267

——— Proviſo for Salt for the Fiſheries of *New-England*, and *Newfound-land*, and for Wines of *Madera* ſhipped there, and Wines of the *Weſtern-Iſlands* ſhipt there, and for Servants, and Horſes, ſhipped in *Ireland*, and for Victuals of the Growth, or Production of *Ireland*. 267

——— *Iriſh* Linen-Cloth may be carried thither by Natives of *England*, or *Ireland*, in *Engliſh* built Shipping. 280

——— Enumerated, may be put on Shore, out of Ships leaky, or diſabled, to remain in the Cuſtody of the Collector, &c. until the Owner puts them on board ſome other Ship, to be carried to *Great-Britain*. 269, 270

——— Certificate Goods, not to be landed in *Ireland* without a Duplicate. 283

——— Cuſtomable, or prohibited, found in Ships of 50 Tuns Burthen, or under, hovering on the Coaſts, pretending to be bound for foreign Parts, to be taken an Account of by the Officers of the Cuſtoms. 294, 295

——— Such to be brought on Shore, and ſecured, if the Maſter refuſes to give Bond, or giving Bond, does not proceed on the Voyage, as ſoon as Wind, &c. will permit. 295

——— Brought on Shore, if cuſtomable, the Duties to be paid for ſuch, if prohibited, to be forfeited. 295

——— Taken on Shore, the Bond to be void. *ibid.*

——— Landed out of ſuch Ships in Places beyond Seas, or taken by Enemies, or periſhed in the Seas, due proof thereof being given to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *Ireland*, the Bond to be vacated. 295, 296

——— Of the Manufacture of *Perſia*, *China*, or *Eaſt-India*, (*viz.*) wrought Silks, Bengals, Stuffs mixed with Silk and Herba, Muſlins and other Callicoes, not to be imported from any other Place, than *Great-Britain*, under Forfeiture of ſuch Goods, and the Ship, &c. ½ to the King, and ½ to the Informer. 292, 293

——— Fraudulently imported, and connived at, by the Officers of the Cuſtoms, or ſeized, and by Colluſion not proſecuted to Condemnation, ſuch Officers to forfeit 500*l.* to be divided as aforeſaid, and to be incapable to ſerve his Majeſty, &c. 293

Goods, no Goods of the *East-Indies* to be imported, but such as shall be shipped in *Great-Britain*, under Forfeiture of the Goods and Ship, &c. ½ to the King, and ½ to the Prosecutor. 297

By 3 *Geo.* 2. C. 14. *English*, the Ship, &c. and Goods forfeited, and double their Value. 303

—— Foreign, exported to the *Isle of Man* not to be allow'd a Drawback. See *Isle of Man*. 298

—— No Goods to be brought from the *Isle of Man*, except of the Growth, &c. thereof, under Forfeiture of the Ship, &c. and such Goods, ½ to the King, and ½ to the Informer. *ibid.*

—— From the *Isle of Man*, brought in any Ship, &c. found within the Limits of any Port, or discover'd to have been within the Limits of any Port, to be forfeited, or the Value thereof, and the Ship, &c. *ibid.*

—— Foreign, shipped for Parts beyond the Seas, other than the *Isle of Man*, and carried to the said Island, the Drawback to be forfeited, and treble the Value of such Goods. 299

—— Foreign, taken out of any Ship coming from the *Isle of Man* (except of the Growth, &c. thereof) or carried on Shore or from the Shore, when landed, the Penalty. 298, 299

—— Brought from the *Isle of Man* (except of the Growth, &c.) the Penalty on Masters of Ships, &c. 299

—— Foreign exported, the Exporter to swear that such Goods are not landed, or intended to be landed in the *Isle of Man*, without which Oath no Debenture is to pass. *ibid.*

—— Of the Growth, &c. of his Majesty's Plantations in *America*, may be imported in *British* Shipping, the Master and ¾ of the Mariners at least to be *British* (except Sugars, Tobacco, Cotton, Wool, Indico, Ginger, speckle Wood, or *Jamaica* Wood, Fustick, or other dying Wood, Rice, Molasses, Beaver-skins, and other Furs, Copper-Ore, Pitch, Tar, Turpentine, Masts, Yards, and Bowsprights) by 4 *Geo.* 2. C. 15 *Eng.* 309

But by 5 *Geo.* 2. C. 9. *Eng.* Hops are made an enumerated Commodity. 310

—— Not inserted Alphabetically, a List of them. 375, to 380

Greenwich Money, to be deducted by Masters, &c. of Ships, out of the Seamens Wages, and to be by them paid to the Collectors thereof. 287, 300

—— Receivers thereof to be appointed by the Lord High Admiral. 287

—— Lord High Admiral may authorize such Receivers to depute Collectors. *ibid.*

—— Collectors appointed to receive the said Duty, requir'd to collect the same, according to the Instructions of the Receivers. *ibid.*

—— Collectors to have Allowances out of the said Duties. 287, 288

—— Receivers thereof, or their Deputies, may summon Masters, &c. of Ships, and examine them upon Oath, as to the Number of their Crew, and Times of Service. 288

—— Masters, &c. summon'd, and refusing to appear. or appearing, and refusing to make Discovery, or neglecting to pay the said Money, to forfeit 20*l.* to be recover'd in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record, ½ to the Use of the Hospital, and ½ to the Prosecutor. *ibid.*

Greenwich, Double Coſts to be allow'd, if a Verdict paſs for the Plaintiff. 288
—— Ships to be ſtopped till the ſaid Duty be paid. *ibid.*
—— Owners of Ships, upon the Death, or Removal of Maſters, to deliver a true Account of the ſaid Duty to the ſucceeding Maſters, and Money to pay the ſame, or the Ships to be ſtopped. *ibid.*
—— Quakers Affirmation, to be accepted inſtead of an Oath. 289
—— Convicted of making a falſe Affirmation, to be puniſh'd as other Perſons are to be, for wilful Perjury. *ibid.*
—— Other Perſons convicted of wilful Perjury to be puniſh'd, as the Laws in that Caſe ordain. *ibid.*
—— Quakers ſubject to the like Penalties for refuſing, *&c.* as Perſons who take an Oath. *ibid.*
—— Contracts between Maſters of Ships, and Mariners, to evade the Payment of the ſaid Duty, to be no Bar. *ibid.*
Grocery-Wares foreign exported, not to be allow'd a Drawback of the Cuſtom. 103

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Haberdaſhery Wares foreign exported, not to be allowed a Drawback of the Cuſtom. 103
Hearth-Money, granted in Recompence and Satisfaction for the Profits of the Court of Wards, and ancient Tenures. 117
—— Two Shillings to be paid yearly to the King, his Heirs and Succeſſors, for every Hearth, Firing-place, and Stove. See *Duties*. *ibid.*
—— Accounts to be given by Owners of Houſes, to Conſtables, *&c.* of Hearths, *&c.* *ibid.*
—— Such Accounts to be yearly requir'd, and compared by Conſtables, *&c.* 118, 119
—— Such, not deliver'd, or no Occupiers, Conſtables, *&c.* to take Informations by their own View, under Forfeiture of 40*s.* for every Week's Neglect, and 40*s.* for every falſe Return. 118
—— Juſtices of the Peace to appoint Perſons to aſſiſt Conſtables. *ibid.*
—— Such Perſons refuſing, to be fined 20*s.* *ibid.*
—— Juſtices of the Peace ſuſpecting Returns to be fraudulent, may appoint other Perſons to take Accounts. *ibid.*
—— To cauſe ſuch Accounts to be inroll'd by the Clerk of the Peace. *ibid.*
—— To return Duplicates into the *Exchequer*. 119
—— Fifty Pounds Penalty on the Clerk of the Peace for neglecting. *ibid.*
—— Sheriffs made Collectors of the ſaid Duty. *ibid.*
—— Their Power taken away, and given to Officers to be appointed by the chief Governor. 129
—— The ſaid Duty may be levied on any Goods, or Lands of the Perſon charged, whereſoever found, in Caſe Diſtreſs cannot be found to be taken, according to the Act for Hearth-Money. 120
—— To be paid into the *Exchequer*, and not to be charged with any Grants, *&c.* 120

Hearth-money, Persons sued for acting in Pursuance to the said Act, may plead the general Issue, and upon a Verdict, recover treble Costs. 120
—— Increase or Decrease of Hearths, to be inrolled, and a Duplicate sent into the *Exchequer*, and thenceforth the Owners of Houses to be discharged, where such Decrease is. *ibid.*
—— For Arrears thereof, no Suit to be commenced after two Years. 120, 130
—— Not to be paid by Persons living upon Alms. 120
—— Not to be paid for private Ovens, or Kilns. 122, 132
—— To be paid for Ovens in Bakers Houses, *&c.* and Kilns, wherein Grain is dryed for Sale. 132
—— Not to be paid by poor Widows producing Certificate. *ibid.*
—— Nor for Houses within the Scite of Cathedral Churches, *&c.* *ibid.*
—— Persons procuring, or accepting any Pension thereout, to forfeit double the Value thereof. 121
—— Indebted for the said Duty not to be privileged to sue in the *Exchequer*, as Debtors to the King. 122
—— Justices of the Peace, to examine upon Oath Persons making Returns. 128
—— Occupiers of Houses, to forfeit 4*s.* for every Hearth omitted in their Accounts. *ibid.*
—— Constables, not giving Notice to the Occupiers, or not making Returns, to forfeit 40*s.* *ibid.*
—— Court of *Exchequer* may augment the Allowance of Clerks of the Peace not exceeding 3*d.* in the Pound. 128, 129
—— Chief-Governors, *&c.* may appoint Officers to collect the said Duty. 129
—— Such Officers may examine former Returns, and without Assistance (where it cannot be had) may enter into Houses, and make Search. *ibid.*
—— May levy the said Duty, and all Arrears thereof. *ibid.*
—— To be paid to the Officers upon Demand. 129, 130
—— Officers to distrain, and sell the Parties Goods, for Non-payment thereof. 130
—— Constables refusing to assist, forfeit 40*s.* *ibid.*
—— No Charge to be made, or Distress taken for the said Duty, or Arrears thereof, after 2 Years. 120, 130
—— Collectors thereof to give Security, and take an Oath of Trust. *ibid.*
—— To give Acquittances for the said Duty which are to be final Discharges. *ibid.*
—— Hearths concealed to pay double Duty. 131
—— Officers collecting the said Duty, to pay the Clerks of the Peace. *ibid.*

Hearth-money, Differences about Diſtreſſes, *&c.* to be determin'd by a Juſtice of the Peace, *&c.* 131
—— Juſtices of the Peace, *&c.* to aſſiſt Officers. *ibid.*
—— Chief-Governor, *&c.* may appoint fit Perſons to execute every Thing, which by the Acts for Hearth-money, is to be done by Juſtices, or Clerks of the Peace. *ibid.*
—— To be paid yearly, on the tenth of *January*, at one intire Payment. 132
—— Returns to be made by Owners of Houſes, &c. before the tenth of *November*, yearly. *ibid.*
—— Double Duty to be paid for Houſes wherein Fires are made, that have no fixed Hearths, with Chimneys over them. 133
Hemp, raw imported, to pay *6d.* for every 20*s.* Value in the Exciſe. See *Duties.* 4
—— Not imported according to 12 *Car.* 2. C. 18. *Eng.* for encouraging of Shipping, *&c.* to be forfeited, and the Ship. 257
—— Imported in foreign Ships, to pay Aliens Cuſtom. 257
—— *Iriſh*, may be imported into *England* by Natives of *England* or *Ireland*, Duty free. 272
—— Seed, of the Growth of *Ruſſia*, *Germany*, the *Netherlands*, the *Eaſt*-Country, and the *Engliſh* Plantations in *America*, to be imported Duty free. 143, 228
—— Sound merchantable, and of the Growth of the Summer then next preceding, intitled to a Premium of 5*s.* a Hogſhead. See *Premiums.* 229
—— Foreign, to be exported, to pay 5*s.* a Hogſhead Duty. *ibid.*
Hempen-cloth *Iriſh*, to be exported, Cuſtom free. See *Linen-cloth*, *Premiums.* 143
Hoops, or Laths, imported, to pay 1*d.* *per* Thouſand, and no more. 140
—— To be exported, to any Place, but *Great-Britain*, to pay 5*s.* *per* Thouſand, additional Duty. 141
Hops, to pay one Half-penny *per* Pound, additional Duty. See *Duties.* 234
—— Not to be imported from any Place but *Great-Britain*, on Pain of Forfeiture, or their Value, and the Ship, *&c.* ½ to the Poor of the Pariſh, and the other ½ to the Informer, *&c.* 286, 310
—— Imported, from any other Place, a common Nuſance. *ibid.*
—— A Duplicate thereof to be taken by Maſters of Ships, in *Great-Britain*, and by them deliver'd to the Officers in *Ireland*, before they be permitted to land them. 290
—— Landed, before ſuch Duplicate is produced, forfeited, and 10*s.* *per* Pound weight, One Half to the King, and One Half to the Proſecutor. *ibid*
—— Made an enumerated Commodity. 310

Hops, Foreign, other than of *Britiſh* Growth, landed in *Ireland*, to be forfeited, and burnt, and the Ship to be forfeited, and the Perſons concerned in importing, or aſſiſting in landing, to forfeit 5*s.* for every Pound weight thereof. 319

—— Five Pound Penalty for every hundred weight of ſophiſticated Hops. *ibid.*

—— The Forfeitures and Penalties to be One Half to the King, and One Half to the Informer. *ibid.*

Horſes, or other Cattle, or Carriages, ſeiz'd for being uſed in carrying run Goods, forfeited, or their Value. 8, 9

Hours lawful, for lading or landing of Goods by the Act for Cuſtom. 53

—— By the Act for Exciſe. 6

—— For Officers to attend, by 14 Rule in the Act for Cuſtom. 105

—— By 1 *Geo.* 2. C. 6. 199

—— By 11 *Geo.* 2. C. 3. 247

—— For Permit Officers to attend. See *Permit.*

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Jewels imported, exempted from Payment of Exciſe. 4

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—— Mariners, *&c.* concern'd in the Fact, and not discloſing it in a Month after, to forfeit 10*l.* or to be sent to the House of Correction. *ibid.*

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——— Maſters and Mariners knowing of the illegal Exportation of Wool, *&c.* and aiding therein, to forfeit their Goods and Chattles, and to be impriſoned three Months. 262

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——— Merchants to make Entries of Goods particularly, and ſign Bills, *&c.* on pain of 10 *l.* 56

——— Making ſhort, or undue Entry, to forfeit the Goods, or their Value. *ibid.*

——— Carrying Goods, for which Duties are payable, from one Port to another here, to declare the Contents, *&c.* and give Bond, on pain of forfeiting ſuch Goods, or their Value. *ibid.*

——— May break Bulk in any Port allow'd by Law, and pay Cuſtom for no more than they ſhall land, the Maſter of the Ship making Oath, *&c.* 103

——— Shipping off Strangers Goods, in the Name of a Native, to forfeit ſuch Goods, and their Goods perſonal. *ibid.*

Merchants Strangers made Denizen, to pay Aliens Cuſtom, unleſs they conſtantly abide in the Kingdom. 103

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——— Strangers, within nine Months. *ibid.*

——— May export ſuch Goods after the Year is expired, Duty free. 104

——— To have no Allowance for corrupt Tobacco, but the ſame is to be burn'd if they refuſe to pay the Duty for it. *ibid.*

——— To be allow'd 10 *per Cent.* for Leakage on Wines, brought in by way of Merchandize, if not filled up on Shipboard. *ibid.*

——— To be allowed 5 *per Cent.* on all other Goods to be imported. *ibid.*

——— To pay no Subſidy for a Hogſhead of Wine run out to ſeven Inches, and a Butt to nine Inches. *ibid.*

——— To have Abatements for corrupt Wine, at the Diſcretion of the Commiſſioners, &c. *ibid.*

Alter'd by 12 *Geo.* 1. cap. 2. and ſuch Wine to be ſpill'd.

——— To be repaid for all other Goods (except Tobacco) imported, a Part of the Subſidy in proportion to the Damage they receive. *ibid.*

——— To be allow'd one in ten, in Woollen Cloth to be exported, free of Cuſtom, for a Wrapper. 105

——— Strangers, to have one free Port for ſtoring Goods brought in, to be again exported to foreign Markets. *ibid.*

——— Merchants to be diſpatched in ſuch Order, as they come to enter their Goods. 106

——— To make Entries Outwards particularly, by Bill under their Hands, &c. *ibid.*

——— To have particular Cockets, and Certificates by themſelves, of the ſame Date with their Entry. 107

——— To make Entries Inwards particularly, by Bill under their Hands, &c. *ibid.*

——— Swearing that they cannot perfectly enter their Goods, may have a Warrant to view them, *&c.* *ibid.*

——— Taking up Goods at Sight, and leaving them in the Ware-houſe after ſeven Days without entring, &c. to pay for Ware-houſe Room. 108

——— Importing Goods for their own Conſumption, to pay down the Duties. 5

——— Wholeſale, after Entry, to give Bond not to deliver their Goods to Buyers, or Retailers, until the Exciſe be paid. 9

Merchants failing to give Bond, to pay down the Exciſe, or the Goods to be kept in the Stores, until Bond be given, or Duty paid, and the Owner to pay for the Ware-houſe Room. 9, 10

—— On Sale of Goods, to certify what is ſold, and to pay Exciſe for ſo much. 10

—— Not to deliver ſuch Goods, nor the Buyer to receive them, before ſuch Certificate be delivered, and Payment of Exciſe, on pain of double the Value thereof. *ibid.*

—— Bartering, &c. Goods, to pay down the Exciſe, on pain of forfeiting, as in caſe of not paying Exciſe upon Sale of them. *ibid.*

—— Entring, and taking up Retailers Goods, to forfeit double the Value of ſuch Goods. *ibid.*

—— Swearing that they know not the true Quantity, and Quality of their Goods, may view and enter them, and if they make not a due Entry, to forfeit the Goods ſhort, or unduly entred, and their Value. 10, 11

—— Importers, the Method of accounting with them, where Goods are not liable to Exciſe till Sale. 20

—— Upon accounting, to pay Exciſe for all Goods ſent to other Places than the Ports, and there entred. 21

—— To give a particular Account of Stock on hand, to the Commiſſioners, &c. when required. *ibid.*

—— Refuſing, or neglecting for four Days after Notice, to pay the full Exciſe in ſix Days, or to forfeit double the Value of ſuch Goods, as ſhall be wanting on their Import Account, and afterwards to pay down the Exciſe as Retailers. *ibid.*

—— Swearing that the Goods on Hand, and Goods ſhipped out, are the ſame which they imported and entred, to be allow'd for the Remainder, and to pay Exciſe only for what is wanting. 22

—— Refuſing Entrance, and Search, to forfeit 100 *l.* *ibid.*

—— Permitting Entrance, and Search, and refuſing to make Oath that the Goods view'd were by them imported, ſuch Goods to be reputed the Goods of another, and not to be reckoned in Diſcharge of their Accounts. *ibid.*

—— Making Oath, and neglecting ſix Days after, to pay the Exciſe, their Bonds to be proſecuted, and their Exciſe to be paid down for the future. *ibid.*

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—— Selling Wines mingled, to forfeit 20 *l.* 136

—— Fraudulently re-landing Beer ſhipped for Exportation, to forfeit ſuch Liquor. and 50 *l.* for every Caſk thereof re-landed, half to the King, and half to the Informer. 146, 147

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—— Finding their Wines corrupt, may ſpill them in the Preſence of the Officers, and are to be repaid the whole Duty. See *Wine.* 185

Merchants to be allow'd beſides the Duties, 4*l. per* Tun for *Germany* Wines ſpill'd, or Wines that pay the like Duties, 40 *s.* for *French* Wines, and 6 *l.* for *Portugal*, *Spaniſh*, &c. 186

—— To have no Allowance for ſuch Wines, unleſs imported in Caſks directly from the Places of their Growth. *ibid.*

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——— For importing into, or exporting Goods out of the *Britiſh* Plantations, in any Ships, but *Engliſh*, *Iriſh*, or Ships of ſuch Plantations, one third to be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, one third to the Governor of the Plantation, if the Seizure be there made, elſe that third to the King's Uſe, and the other third to the Informer. 254

Penalties for landing foreign Goods, contrary to the Act of Navigation, One Half to the King, and One Half to the Informer. 256

——For carrying Goods coaſtwiſe in foreign Ships, to be divided as above. *ibid.*

—— For importing Goods of the Growth, *&c*, of *Muſcovy*, or *Ruſſia*, or *Ottoman* Empire contrary to the Act of Navigation, to be divided as above. 257

—— For tranſporting Wooll, &c. contrary to 12 *Car.* 2. C. 32. *Eng.* One Half to the King, and One Half to the Proſecutor. 262

—— For carrying Wooll, &c. by Land, at illegal Hours, contrary to 14 *Car.* 2. C. 18 *Eng.* to be divided as above. 266

—— For carrying Goods of the Growth, &c. of *Europe* to the *Britiſh* Plantations, contrary to 15 *Car.* 2. C. 7. *Eng.* One Third to his Majeſty, One Third to the Governor of ſuch Plantation, if the Seizure be there made, elſe that Third to the King, and the other Third to the Informer. 266, 267

—— For importing *Britiſh* Plantation Goods, contrary to 7 & 8 *Gul.* 3. C. 22. *Eng.* Three Fourths without Compoſition to the King, and the other One Fourth to the Proſecutor. 269

—— For the Exportation of Wooll, &c. contrary to 10 & 11 *Gul.* 3. C. 10 *Eng.* One Half to the Proſecutor and One Half to the Uſe of the Linen Manufactures in *Ireland.* 274

But by 3 *Geo.* 1. C. 21. *Eng.* the one half which was given to the Uſe of the Linen Manufactures by the ſaid Stat. 10 & 11 *Gul.* 3. after a Deduction thereout of the Charges of Proſecution, &c. is given to the King. 291, 292.

—— Of Wooll Bonds given in *Ireland*, not to be aſſign'd over. 278

—— For landing, &c. in the *Britiſh* Plantations, Linen or Woollen Goods, contrary to 3 and 4 *Ann.* C. 8. *Eng.* One Third to the King, One Third to the Governor of the Plantation, if the Seizure be there made, elſe that One Third to the King, and the other One Third to the Informer. 280, 281

—— For importing Hops, contrary to 9 *Ann.* C. 12 *Eng.* Two Thirds to the Poor of the Pariſh, and the other One Third to the Proſecutor. 286

—— For landing Hops without a Duplicate, One Half to the King, and One Half to the Proſecutor. 290

—— For landing or adulterating Hops, contrary to 7 *Geo.* 2. C. 19. One Half to the King, and One Half to the Informer. 319

—— For importing *Eaſt-India* Silks, &c. contrary to 5 *Geo.* 1. C. 11. *Eng.* and for carrying, or laying Wooll, &c. on Shore near the Sea, &c. with Intent to Export the ſame, One Half to the King, and One Half to the Informer. 292, 293

—— For landing in *Ireland* Tobacco ſhipped in *Great-Britain* for ſome other foreign Part, One Half to the King, and One Half to the Proſecutor. 294

Penalties

Penalties for Ships hovering on the Coasts, with prohibited Goods, contrary to 6 *Geo.* 1 C. 21 *Eng.* One Half to the King, and One Half to the Prosecutor. 296

—— For importing *East-India* Goods, contrary to 7 *Geo.* 1. C. 20. *Eng.* One Half to the King, and One Half to the Prosecutor. 297

—— For Goods brought from, or carried to the *Isle of Man*, contrary to 12 *Geo.* 1. C. 28. *Eng.* One Half to the King, and One Half to the Informer. 299

—— For Wool, *&c.* laden in *Ireland* without a lawful Licence, by 5 *Geo.* 2. C. 21. *Eng.* to be One Fourth to the Commander of the King's Ship, One Fourth to the Officers, and One Fourth to the Mariners thereof, and the other One Fourth to the King, (Charges of Prosecution, &c. to be deducted out of the last One Fourth.) But if there be an Informer, he is to have One Fifth, and the Residue to be divided into 4 equal Parts and distributed as above. 311

—— For importing Sugars, &c. of the Colonies in *America*, contrary to 6 *Geo.* 2 C. 13. *Eng.* One Half to the King, and One Half to the Informer. 315

Perjury wilful, or Subornation, in Matters depending before the Commissioners for Appeals, or of Excise, &c. to be punish'd as the Stat. 28. *Eliz.* C. 1. ordains. 26

—— In relation to the *Greenwich* Money, to be punish'd in such Manner as the Laws of the Land ordain. 301

Permit to be sent with excizeable Goods, carried into the Inland Ports, except small Quantities, under Forfeiture of such. 222

—— Lost, the Entry thereof in the Book of the Officer, or an attested Copy, to be sufficient Evidence. 222

—— Fee for Tobacco under 100 Pounds weight, or other Goods under the Value of 5 *l.* one Penny, of 100 *l.* weight and upwards, and other Goods of the Value of 5 *l.* and upwards, 3 *d.* and no more. *ibid.*

—— Officer to attend every Day, at the usual Custom-house Hours, *Sundays*, *Christmas*-Day, and *Good-Friday* excepted. *ibid.*

Persons, for not permitting fine Goods to be brought into the Ware-house, for securing the Duties, to forfeit 100 *l.* 54

—— Carrying Goods coastwise, for which Duties are payable, to make Declaration, and give Bond. 56

—— Exhibiting Informations against Goods seiz'd, and neglecting to sue, a Prosecutor may be appointed by the Commissioners. 58

—— Offending against the Act for Custom, not to be prosecuted for Penalties after a Year. 59

—— Carrying by Way of Burthen, or conveying in any Coach, &c. Goods at unseasonable Hours, or from unlawful Places, or knowingly at other Times, though seasonable, carrying or conveying Goods illegally landed, to forfeit 5 *l.* also the Coach, &c. to be forfeited, together with Horses, &c. drawing of them. 8, 9

Perſons, ſuch may be ſeiz'd, and the Horſes, &c. and Coach, &c. in Order to be proceeded againſt. 9

—— Not permitting Officers to enter into Ships, Houſes, &c. to ſearch, or oppoſing them in ſeizing, &c. of Goods, to forfeit 50 *l.* 20

—— Aſſiſting ſuch Offenders, or Porters, &c. refuſing to carry Goods ſeiz'd, to forfeit 10*l.* *ibid.*

—— Offending againſt the Act for Exciſe, not to be proſecuted for Penalties after 6 Months. 24

—— Guilty of Subornation, or wilful Perjury, in Matters depending before the Commiſſioners for Appeals, or of Exciſe, &c. to be puniſh'd as the Stat. 28. *Eliz.* C. 1. ordains. 26

—— Acceſſary to Offences againſt the Act for Exciſe, and diſcovering the ſame, to be acquitted, and to have half the Fines, &c. incurred by others. *ibid.*

—— Occupying Houſes, and not the Landlord, to pay Hearth-Money. 117

—— Living upon Alms, not to pay the ſaid Duty. 120

—— Sued for acting in purſuance of the Stat. for the ſaid Duty, 14 *Car.* 2. C. 17. may plead the general Iſſue. 120

—— In arrear of Hearth-Money, not chargeable after 2 Years. 120, 130

—— Procuring, or accepting any Penſion, &c. out of the Hearth Duty, to forfeit double the Value of ſuch Penſion, &c. 121

—— Indebted for the ſaid Duty, not to be privileged as Debtors to the King, to ſue in the *Exchequer*. 122

—— Fraudulently relanding Beer ſhipped for Exportation, to forfeit the Liquor, and 50*l.* for every Cask relanded. 146

—— Entring Ships in Diſtreſs without Leave, or hindring the ſaving of ſuch Ships, or Goods, or defacing the Marks of Goods, when ſaved, before they be taken down in a Book for that Purpoſe, to make double Satisfaction, or to be kept to hard Labour in the Houſe of Correction 12 Months. 167

—— Preſſing to go on Board Ships in Diſtreſs without Leave, may be repell'd by Force. *ibid.*

—— Stealing, or carrying off Goods from ſuch Ships, to deliver them to the Owner, *&c.* upon Demand, on Pain of treble the Value thereof. *ibid.*

——Making Holes in ſuch Ships, or ſtealing Pumps, *&c.* guilty of Felony, without Clergy. *ibid.*

—— Putting forth falſe Lights, Felony, without Clergy. 167, 168

—— Sued for acting in purſuance of the Stat. 4 *G.* 1. C. 4. concerning Ships ſtranded, may plead the general Iſſue, &c. 168

—— Appointed to Employments, may, in the Abſence of the Lord Chief Baron, take the Oaths before the Chancellor of the *Exchequer*, or any one of the Barons thereof. 179

Perſons knowingly harbouring, ſelling, or buying run Goods, to forfeit the Goods, and treble their Value. 183

—— Being 5 or more in Company, found carrying run Goods within 10 Miles of any of the Coaſts, and wearing Vizards, to be tranſported as Felons, to the Plantations, to remain there for ſeven Years. 185

—— Returning before ſeven Years are expired, Felony, without Clergy. *ibid.*

—— Not convicted of the Offence of Felony, and diſcovering within three Months their Accomplices, acquitted. *ibid.*

—— Aſſaulting Officers, &c. in ſeizing Goods, or reſcuing, or deſtroying Goods after Seizure, forfeit for the firſt Offence 100*l.* and for Non-payment to be impriſoned twelve Months. 187

—— For the Second Offence to be tranſported. *ibid.*

—— In Employments, who have taken, or ſhall hereafter take the Oaths, &c. in the ſame Term, in which they have been, or ſhall be admitted into Employments to be as duly qualified, as if they had taken the Oaths, &c. in the Term, &c. next after their Admittance into Employments. 188

—— Appointed to Employments, may qualify themſelves by taking the Oaths before a Juſtice of Peace, or the Collector of the Diſtrict where they are to reſide. See *Oaths*. 191

—— Lending or paying any Sum of Money into the Treaſury, on Account of the Loan, to be paid according to the Rate of 5 *l. per Cent. per Annum.* 233

—— Intitled to any Sum ſo paid in, and refuſing to take 5 *l. per Cent. per Annum* Intereſt, may transfer their Orders, &c. to the Vice-Treaſurer, &c. and receive their Money. *ibid.*

—— To whom Orders, &c. are given, may by Indorſement thereon transfer their Rights. *ibid.*

—— Indorſee, thereby, upon Notice to the Vice-Treaſurer, to be intitled to the ſole Benefit of the Sum transferr'd. *ibid.*

—— Perſons transferring, diſabled to make void ſuch Aſſignment. *ibid*

—— Who have Salaries, &c. and do not reſide in *Ireland*, ſix Months in the Year, to pay 4*s.* in the Pound, out of the neat Profits of ſuch Salaries, &c. 235

—— Chief Governors, and their Secretaries exempted. 236

—— Perſons producing the King's Sign Manual, within a Month after ſuch Tax becomes due, exempted. *ibid.*

—— Officers commanded abroad, Half-pay Officers, Widows of Officers, and Officers, under the Degree of a Field Officer, exempted. 236, 237

—— Summoned to be Witneſſes, not appearing, or appearing, and refuſing to give Teſtimony, to forfeit 20*l.* 221

—— Diſtilling Spirits, &c. for their own Uſe, may keep Stills, &c. not containing more than 12 Gallons of Waſh. 223

Perſons

Perſons keeping any larger Stills, &c. to be deemed common Diſtillers for —— Sale. See *Diſtillers*. 223

——— Selling under a Gallon of Brandy, &c. and under 300 *l.* weight of Tobacco, to be deem'd Retailers. See *Retailers*. 224

——— Selling Foreign Spirits, or Tobacco by Retail, refuſing Officers to enter into their Shops, &c. to take an Account, to forfeit 50 *l.* *ibid.*

—— Fraudulently importing Goods, and Perſons aiding, &c. or reſcuing Goods ſeiz'd, to forfeit for the firſt Offence, 100*l.* and to ſuffer three Months Impriſonment, for the ſecond Offence, Tranſportation to the Plantations for ſeven Years. *ibid.*

—— Returning before the ſeven Years are expired, without Licenſe, Felony, without Clergy. 224, 225

—— Selling leſs than a Gallon of Wine to be deem'd Retailers. See *Retailers*. 227

—— Importing Flax-ſeed, or Hemp-ſeed, not intitled to the Premium, until they make appear by Oath whence it was brought, that it is ſound and good, and of the Growth of the Summer then next preceding, as they verily believe. See *Premium*, *Flax-ſeed*. 229

—— Not to load any Goods in any Foreign Ship, to be carried Coaſtwiſe, under Forfeiture of Goods and Ship, &c. See *Ships*. 256

—— Not to export, or load to be exported, any Sheep, Wool, &c. to Foreign Parts, under Forfeiture of the ſame, and 20*s.* for every Sheep, and 3*s.* for every Pound of Wool, &c. 261, 262

—— Lawfully convicted of ſuch Offence, to be diſabled to recover any Debt, or Eſtate. 262

—— Any Perſons may ſeize ſuch Goods, One Half to his own Uſe, and One Half to the Uſe of the King. 263

—— Not to be admitted to give in Evidence upon Oath in ſuch Caſe. *ibid.*

—— Not to preſs with Engines into any Sack, &c. or pack any Wool, &c. into Casks, or carry or lay Wool, &c. near the Sea Coaſts, or a navigable River, &c. with Intention to export the ſame to foreign Parts, under Forfeiture of ſuch Goods, or the Value thereof. 265

—— Not to export, or load to be exported, any Wool, &c. to any Place but to *England*, or *Wales*, under Forfeiture of the ſame, and 500*l.* and the Ship, &c. 274

—— Any Perſon may ſeize ſuch Goods, and be indemnified. 274, 275

— Sued for Things done in purſuance of 10 & 11 *Gul.* 3. *Eng.* Wool Act, may file a common Bail, *&c.* and plead the general Iſſue, *&c.* 277

—— Sued for Things done in purſuance of 5 *Geo.* 2 C. 21. *Eng.* Wool Act, may plead the general Iſſue, and upon a Verdict for them recover treble Coſts. 312

Perſons may export from *New-Roſs* to the Wool Ports in *Great-Britain*, Wool, &c. mentioned in the 10 & 11. *Gul.* 3. C. 10. *Eng.* 281

—— Not to import Hops from any Place but *Great-Britain*. See *Hops*. 286

—— Not to be admitted to claim any Property in Seizures for Wool, *&c.* till they give Security to the Commiſſioners, *&c.* to anſwer the Penalties, *&c.* if ſuch Seizures ſhall be adjudged good in Law. 296

—— Sued for Things done in purſuance of 6 *Geo.* 1. C. 21. *Eng.* may plead the general Iſſue, *&c.* *ibid.*

—— Taking Goods out of any Ship, *&c.* from the *Iſle of Man* (except of the Growth, *&c.* thereof, or carrying the ſame on Shore, *&c.* or aſſiſting therein, to forfeit 100*l.* and to ſuffer ſix Months Impriſonment. 298, 299

—— Aſſiſting in landing Sugar, Spirits, *&c.* of the Plantations in *America*, or receiving, or harbouring the ſame, contrary to 6 *Geo.* 2. C. 13. *Eng.* to forfeit treble the Value thereof. 315

—— Hindring, *&c.* Officers to ſeize ſuch Goods, to forfeit 50*l.* and to be proſecuted for the ſame, and being found guilty, to ſuffer three Months Impriſonment. *ibid.*

—— Concerned in importing foreign Hops, or aiding in landing the ſame, contrary to 7 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 19. *Eng.* to forfeit 5*s.* for every Pound weight thereof. 319

—— Adulterating Hops to forfeit 5*l.* for every hundred weight thereof. *ibid.*

Pitch imported, to pay 6*d.* for every 20*s.* Value in the Exciſe. See *Duties*. 4

—— Imported contrary to 12 *Car.* 2. C. 18. *Eng.* for encouraging Shipping, *&c.* to be forfeited and the Ship. 257

—— Imported in Foreign Ships, to pay Aliens Duty. *ibid.*

—— Of the *Britiſh* Plantations, to be imported from *Great-Britain* only, under Forfeiture thereof, and the Ship, *&c.* 308, 309

Plantations, *Britiſh*; Goods thereof imported from *Great-Britain*, to pay but half Cuſtom. 113

—— Commodities of the Growth or Manufacture thereof imported thence, exempted from Payment of the One Third more in Subſidy. 114

—— In *Aſia*, *Africa*, or *America*, no Goods to be imported into or exported thereout, but in *Britiſh* or *Iriſh*, or Ships of the ſaid Countries, and whereof the Maſter and Three Fourths at leaſt of the Mariners are *Engliſh*, under Forfeiture of Goods, and Ship, *&c.* 254

—— Bond to be taken for Ships trading there for enumerated Goods, that ſuch ſhall be landed in *Great-Britain*. 260

The Word *Ireland*, to be left out of all ſuch Bonds, by 22. *Car.* 2. C. 26. *Eng.*

—— No Goods of the Growth, &c. of *Europe*, to be carried thither, but ſuch as ſhall be ſhipped in *Great-Britain* in *Engliſh* Ships, and navigated as above, and carried thence directly. 266

Plantations, Proviſo for Salt for the Fiſheries of *New-England*, and *Newfoundland*, and for Wines of *Madera*, ſhipped there, and Wines of the Weſtern Iſlands ſhipped there, and for Servants and Horſes ſhipped in *Ireland*, and for Victuals of the Growth or Production of *Ireland*. 267

—— *Iriſh* Linen-cloth may be carried thither by Natives of *England*, or *Ireland*, in *Engliſh* built Shipping. See *Linen*. 280

—— In *America*, Ships not to be qualified to trade to, or from them, until regiſtred. 270

—— Such Ships Names changed after regiſtring, or upon any Transfer of Property to another Port, to be regiſtred *de novo*. 271

—— Property of ſuch Ships alter'd after regiſtring, by Sale of any Share thereof, ſuch Sale to be acknowledged by Endorſement on the Certificate of the Regiſter. *ibid.*

— Ships taken by Letters of Mart or Reprizal, and condemned and regiſtred, allow'd to trade to the ſaid Plantations. *ibid.*

Plantations, *&c.* of *Spain*, or *Portugal*, Goods of the Growth, *&c.* thereof, may be brought from *Spain*, or *Portugal*, or Weſtern Iſlands, by his Majeſty's Subjects, in *Britiſh*, or *Iriſh* Ships, and navigated as above. 259

Plantations Britiſh in *America*, Goods thereof may be imported thence into *Ireland* in *Britiſh* Shipping (except ſuch as are enumerated in 4. *Geo.* 2. C. 15. *Eng.*) 309

But by 7 *Geo.* 2. C. 19. *Eng.* Hops are alſo prohibited.

Plate imported, to be free. 4

—— Gold or Silver wrought, imported, to pay 6*d. per* Ounce Troy, additional Duty. See *Duties*. 212

—— Made in *Ireland*, to pay 6*d. per* Ounce *Troy*. See *Duties*. 213

— Not to be ſold (except ſmall Things of 4 penny-weight) till aſſayed, and marked, under Forfeiture of the Value thereof. *ibid.*

—— To be aſſayed, and if found conformable to the legal Srandard to be touched, and the Duty to be paid, and then to be marked by the Aſſay-Maſter. *ibid.*

—— The ſaid Duties, and all Forfeitures relating thereto (charges of raiſing the ſame excepted) to be applied for the Encouragement of Tillage, *&c.* 215

Popiſh regular Clergy-Men, Prieſts, and School-Maſters, convict, to be tranſported out of the King's Dominions of *Great-Britain*, and *Ireland*. 151

— Merchants freighting Ships, refuſing to receive the Bodies of ſuch, not exceeding Five in any one Ship, the Ships to be ſtopp'd by the Officers of the Cuſtoms, on Pain of 30*l.* *ibid.*

—— For tranſporting every ſuch, to any Part of the *Weſt-Indies* (not ſubject to the King) the Freighter, or Maſter of the Ship, is to be paid 5*l.* and to any Part of *Europe* (not within the King's Dominions) 3*l.* by the Collec-

Collectors of the Ports, where such are shipped, which Sums are to be allow'd the said Collectors in their Accounts, on producing proper Receipts. 151

Popish, &c. found here out of the Custody of such Merchant, or Master of a Ship receiving such, to suffer as Popish regular Clergy-men, who have been banished, and returned again. 152

——— To transport such as aforesaid, such Merchants, or Ship-Masters, are to enter into a Recognizance of 50*l.* at the time of receiving such Sums, and such Recognizance to be deliver'd by the Collectors to the Commissioners, and by them into the Crown-Office. *ibid.*

Port, may be appointed in every Province, by the Chief Governor, and Privy-Council, for laying up Strangers Goods imported, with Intent to he carried out again to Foreign Markets. 105

Ports and Places appointed by Proclamation, for shipping and landing Goods. 338, 339

——— Other convenient Places may be allow'd by the Commissioners, for landing gross Goods, *&c.* 339

——— For exporting Wool, *&c.* from *Ireland*, (*viz.*) *Dublin*, *Waterford*, *Youghal*, *Kinsale*, *Cork* and *Drogheda*. 276

And by 4 *Annæ* C. 7. *Eng.* *New-Ross.* And by 12 *Geo.* 2. C. 21. *Eng.* *Newry*, *Wexford*, *Wicklow*, *Sligo*, *Limerick*, *Galway*, and *Dundalk.*

——— For importing Wool, &c. in *England*, (*viz.*) *Bideford*, *Barnstaple*, *Minehead*, *Bridgwater*, *Bristol*, *Milford-Haven*, *Chester*, and *Leverpool.* 276

Poundage for Wares imported and exported, by 15 *H.* 7. C. 1. 1

Premium, for Corn exported in *British*, or *Irish* Ships, (*viz.*)

For { Bare, Barly, or Malt at 10*s* the Quarter, or under } 1*s.* ; Rye, at 9*s.* the Quarter, or under - - - - 1*s.* ; Wheat at 14*s.* the Quarter, or under - - - 1*s.*6*d.* } *per* Quarter

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But by 11 *Geo.* 2 *R.* C. 11. to be paid according to Weight.

——— To be paid by the Collectors, *&c.* upon Demand, and to be allow'd them in their Accounts. *ibid.*

——— The Exporter to certifie the Quantity shipped, and prove the Certificate by Oath, and to give Bond for exporting, and not relanding thereof. *ibid.*

——— Upon returning Certificate from beyond Seas, or proving that such Corn was lost at Sea, such Bond to be cancelled. 149

——— For sound and merchantable Flax-seed, and Hemp-seed imported, of the Growth of *Russia*, *Germany*, the *Netherlands*, the East-Country, and the *English* Plantations in *America*, 5*s. per* Hogshead, to be paid in such Manner, as Drawbacks are usually paid. 229

Premium,

Premium, not to be paid until the Importers thereof make Oath, expreſſing the Name of the Country, whence they believe the ſame was imported, and that they verily believe it to be ſound and good, and of the Growth of the Summer then next preceding. 229

—— To be paid for ſound *Iriſh* Flax-ſeed, at 5*s.* *per* Buſhel, ſhipped for Exportation, or carried Coaſtways from one Port to another, 1*s.* *per* Buſhel, to be paid as Drawbacks are uſually paid. 247, 248

—— For *Iriſh* Sail-Cloth exported, 2*d.* *per* Yard for the cheaper, and 4*d.* *per* Yard for Mainſail, to be paid in ſuch Manner as Drawbacks are uſually paid, the Exporter, *&c.* firſt making Oath that the ſaid Cloth is according to the beſt of his Knowledge and Belief, made of Hemp of the Growth of this Kingdom, and that it never was before exported, nor Premium paid for the ſame. 156, 157, 180, 230

—— To be paid for Sail-Cloth of *Iriſh* Hemp, made into Sails, in like Manner as for Sail-Cloth exported, the Sail-Maker making Oath of the cutting and making thereof into Sails. 230

—— Not to be paid for Sail-Cloth made into Sails, or any Sail-Cloth whatſoever, but ſuch as ſhall be produced to the proper Officers of the Cuſtom-Houſe in whole Bolts, containing 36 Yards at leaſt, which ſhall be cut thro' the middle by the ſaid Officers. 238

But by 11 *Geo.* 2 *R.* Cap. 4. no Sail-Cloth is to be cut.

—— To be given for Sail-Cloth made in this Kingdom, of Hemp of the Growth thereof, which ſhall be entred at any Cuſtom-Houſe for home Conſumption, in the ſame Manner and for the ſame Term of Years, *&c.* as for Sail-Cloth exported. 239

—— For tranſporting Popiſh regular Clergy-men, Prieſts and School-maſters convict, 5*l.* for each to the *Weſt-Indies*, and 3*l.* to any Part of *Europe* (not within the King's Dominions.) See *Popiſh regular Clergy-men*, &c. 151

—— To be paid for Whale-finns, and Oyl extracted from Whales taken on the Coaſts. 251

Prizage, excepted in the Act for Poundage and Tunnage. 52

—— Not to be diminiſhed by 12 *Geo.* 1 C. 2. 186

—— What. 337

—— The Rates ſettled thereon. *ibid.*

Proteſtant Strangers tranſporting themſelves, &c. and reſiding here, and taking the Oaths, to be reputed Subjects. See *Aliens*. 115

Prunes, imported contrary to 12. *Car.* 2. C. 18. *Eng.* for encouraging of Shipping, *&c.* to be forfeited, and the Ship. 257

—— Imported in foreign Ships, to pay Aliens Duty. *ibid.*

Q

Quakers Affirmation to be taken inſtead of an Oath. 240
—— Not to be deemed Quakers, unleſs they affirm that they are of that Profeſſion, and have been ſo for one Year then laſt paſt. 241
—— Guilty of a falſe and corrupt Affirmation, to ſuffer as Perſons convicted of Perjury. See *Greenwich Money*. *ibid.*
Quit, Crown, and Compoſition-Rent, Acquittances given for the ſame by Collectors, to be valid in Law. 138
—— Acquittances to be given on Parchment. *ibid.*
—— Fees to be paid for ſuch Acquittances, (*viz.*) for a Sum of 5*s.* and not exceeding 20*s.* 6*d.* above 20*s.* and not exceeding 5*l.* 1*s.* above 5*l.* and not exceeding 15*l.* 1*s.* 6*s.* and no more for any one Acquittance than 2*s.* 139
—— One Acquittance to be given to a Perſon charged with the Payment of diſtinct Sums, for ſeveral Parcels of Lands, &c. *ibid.*
—— Book to be kept by the Collectors, for entring ſuch Acquittances. *ibid.*
—— Two Pence more to be paid for ſuch Entries, beſides the Fees aforeſaid. See *Collectors*. *ibid.*
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—— Houſes and Tenements in the ſeveral Corporations in *Ireland*, to pay 1*s.* 6*d.* yearly, out of every 20*s.* Rent, ſo that the Rents formerly reſerv'd (before 14 & 15 *Car.* 2. C. 2.) exceed not the ſame. *ibid.*
—— Rent formerly reſerved, to be paid only, if it exceeds the Quit-Rent and the Eſtates to be diſcharged from Quit-Rent granted by the ſaid Act. *ibid.*

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—— The ſaid Rates by 1 *Geo.* 2. C. 6. to be annex'd to the Book of Rates already eſtabliſh'd, and to be govern'd and directed by the Clauſes, Rules, *&c.* in the Act for Poundage and Tunnage. 14 *Car.* 2. C. 9. and the Act for Exciſe, 14 *Car.* 2. C. 8. 193
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—— Not to receive Goods from the Wholeſale-Merchant, before Certificate be deliver'd, and Exciſe paid. 10
—— Not to land Goods before Entry, nor carry them away, before Exciſe be paid, on Pain of double their Value, or Impriſonment, till Satisfaction be made. 10

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——— Shipping Goods coaſtwiſe, for which Exciſe was paid inwards, to take Certificates thereof. 12

—— For want of ſuch Certificate, to pay the Exciſe at the Port they are carried to. *ibid.*

——— Fraudulently ſhipping out Merchants Goods, not liable to Exciſe till Sale, to forfeit double their Value and to be diſfranchiſed for ever. *ibid.*

—— Not to ſell Beer, Ale, Aqua-vitæ, *&c.* till Bond be given for due entring, and paying Exciſe Weekly, or in 14 Days, on Pain of 20*s.* for the firſt, 40*s.* for the ſecond, and 3*l.* for the third Offence; and Impriſonment till they give Bond to brew, *&c.* no more for Sale. 13, 14

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—— Retailing after they are forbidden to forfeit 5*l.* more, beſides double the Value of the Liquors. 15

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—— To give Bond upon Compoſition, for performing and paying, and thereupon to be acquitted from Entry, Gauge and Search. *ibid.*

——— Retailing at Fairs, *&c.* to pay Exciſe on the Place, for Liquors not brewed by common Brewers, or the Liquor to be ſeiz'd, and detain'd till the Exciſe is paid. 15, 16

—— Not to retail at Fairs, Aſſizes, or Seſſions, or any Place, without Licenſe. 246

—— Perſons that buy Beer or Ale at any publick Brewery, and get a Certificate from the Brewer and Gauger that the Exciſe was paid, may ſell the ſame without Licenſe at Fairs, *&c.* 253

—— Compounding, not to ſell Beer or Ale by the Barrel, *&c.* to Houſekeepers for their Uſe, or to any Perſon to be retailed, on Pain that the Buyer ſhall pay double the Exciſe, or in Default, both Buyer, and Seller to forfeit 40*s.* a Piece. 16

——— Not wholly brewing their own Beer and Ale, or not taking it wholly from a common Brewer, to pay Exciſe for all, under Forfeiture of all ſuch as they took from the common Brewer, or the Value thereof. *ibid.*

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——— Not to keep Ale-houſes without Licenſe, on Pain of 5*l.* 125

Retaylers,

Retaylers, Exception for Ale or Beer to be ſold at Fairs, *&c.* 125
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—— To have Signs. 125
—— Not to ſell Wines, or Strong-Waters, without Licenſe, on Pain of 5*l.* 134
——— Of Wines, to pay for every Licenſe, not leſs than 40*s.* nor more than 40*l.* in *Dublin* County, and City, nor more than 20*l.* yearly, in all other parts of the Kingdom. 134, 135
——— Of Strong-Waters, not to pay leſs than 10*s.* for every Licenſe, nor more than 10*l.* in *Dublin* City and County, nor more than 5*l.* yearly, in other Parts. 135
—— To pay half their Licenſe-Money before taking out the Licenſe, and the other half within 6 Months after. *ibid.*
—— To give Bond for the ſecond Payment. *ibid.*
—— To pay 2*s.* *per Annum*, for every Year in the Licenſe for Wines and 12*d.* for Strong-Waters and no more, to Collectors appointed to receive the ſaid Duty. 136
—— Mingling Wines, and ſelling the ſame, to forfeit 10*l.* *ibid.*
——Perſons ſelling under a Gallon of Brandy, or other foreign Spirits, or under 300*l.* weight of Tobacco, to be deemed Retaylers. 224
—— Hindring Officers to enter and take an Account of ſuch Spirits, *&c.* to forfeit 50*l.* *ibid.*
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—— Of *Iriſh* Hemp, made into Sails, the like Premiums to be paid. See *Premium.* 230
—— To have no Premium, but ſuch as ſhall be produced to the proper Officers of the Cuſtom-houſe in whole Bolts, containing 36 Yards at leaſt, which, ſhall be cut through the middle by ſuch Officers. 238
Alter'd as to the cutting, by 11 *Geo.* 2. Cap. 4.
—— Made in this Kingdom, of Hemp of the Growth thereof, which ſhall be entred at any Cuſtom-houſe for home Conſumption to have the ſame Premiums and for the ſame term of Years, as Sail-Cloth exported. 239
—— Foreign, exported, to have no Drawback. 174
—— Foreign, made into new Sails (except for the Uſe of the Ship) found on board, to pay Duty as if in Pieces. 175
—— made into ſuch Sails, and landed without Payment of Duties, to be forfeited to the Informer. *ibid.*
Salt, white imported, 56*l.* weight thereof to be accounted a Buſhel, and the Duty to be paid accordingly. 144
—— Rock, imported, 65*l.* weight thereof to be accounted a Buſhel, and the Duty to be paid accordingly. *ibid.*
—— Rock, to pay twelve Pence *per* Tun, and no more. 150
—— Foreign imported, contrary to 12 *Car.* 2. C. 18. *Eng.* for encouraging of Shipping, &c. to be forfeited, and the Ship. 257
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School-Maſters *Popiſh*, convict, to be tranſported out of the King's Dominions of *Great-Britain*, and *Ireland.* See *Popiſh regular Clergymen.* 151
Searchers, &c. to give Notice to Collectors, of Ships coming in, and going out, at any Tide. 105
—— To have all Cockets, &c. deliver'd to them, before Shipping, or Landing of Goods, to examine and try, whether or no, the Goods agree in Quantity and Quality. 107
—— Failing to examine, &c. to forfeit their Places. *ibid.*
—— To enter into a Book, the Day of the going out, and coming in of Ships, &c. 108
—— Not to detain Ships, when fully laden, &c. above one Tide, without juſt Ground, under Forfeiture of Office, and paying Damage. *ibid.*

†

Searchers, conſenting, or knowing of Goods illegally ſhipped or landed, and not diſcloſing the ſame in one Month after, to forfeit 100*l.* and their Places. See *Officers*. 109

Secretary to the Commiſſioners of the Revenue, to deliver in yearly upon Oath, to the beſt of his Knowledge, a Liſt of Officers, *&c.* who ſhall have been out of *Ireland*, for ſix Calendar Months in the Year. 236

—— Refuſing, or neglecting, to be diſabled to hold his Office. *ibid.*

Seizures, to be regiſtred and entred with the Regiſter in the Port of *Dublin*, and certified by him to be ſo entred, and regiſtred, and to be ſecured in the King's Ware-houſes in the reſpective Ports before any Action, *&c.* or Information, be exhibited or proceeded in againſt ſuch. 58

—— Neglected, or delay'd to be proſecuted, the Commiſſioners may appoint Proſecutors, who are to be the lawful Seizers, and to have a Moiety of the Seizures, &c. 58

—— To be deliver'd preſently after ſtay, into the charge of the Ware-houſe Keeper, at the Cuſtom-houſe of the Port where Seizure is made. 109

—— Officers making Seizures, forthwith to acquaint the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms therewith, and to certifie the ſame to the Regiſter of the Seizures in the Port of *Dublin*, with the Quantity of the Goods and fit Circumſtances for exhibiting Informations in the *Exchequer*. *ibid.*

—— Not to be compounded, or agreed for, without Licenſe out of the *Exchequer*, or other lawful Warrant. *ibid*

—— Licenſes, Compoſitions, Fines, Recoveries, Warrants, Orders, and other Diſcharges for, or upon Seizures, and Informations, to be entred with the Regiſter, and the King's Money to be paid to the Collectors of the reſpective Ports. *ibid.*

—— Appraiſments of Seizures, to be ſhewed to the Regiſter, before they be return'd into the *Exchequer*, to be by him examined and entred, and if undervalued, a new Appraiſment may be made. *ibid.*

—— To be brought to the Office for Exciſe, next to the Place where made, to be there detain'd and kept. 19

—— Not claimed by the true Owner, or one deputed by him under his Hand, within 21 Days after Seizure, to be forfeited, and ſold at the next general Day of Sale. *ibid.*

—— Claimed within the ſaid Time, and Proof not made by the Owner, of due Entry, &c. to be forfeited, and ſold. 19, 20

—— Porters, &c. refuſing to carry Seizures to the Office for Exciſe (reaſonable Hire being tendred) to forfeit 10*l.* 20

—— Not claimed, or cleared, within 21 Days after to be apprais'd, and ſold by the Candle. 26

—— The Moiety of all Seizures, Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties, by the Act of Exciſe (neceſſary Charges firſt deducted) to be to the Uſe of his Majeſty, and the other Moiety to the Seizer or Informer. *ibid.*

—— Of Spirits imported, in Casks under 50 Gallons, to be determined by the Commiſſioners, &c. of Exciſe. 177

Seizures, of Wool, &c. by the Commiſſioners, &c. of Exciſe. 296
Sheep not to be exported to Foreign Parts, nor to be ſhipped with intent to be exported illegally, under Forfeiture, and 20*s.* for every ſuch Sheep. See *Wool.* 262
Sheriffs, reſponſible for Priſoners committed to Goal by the Commiſſioners, for want of Diſtreſs. 24
—— Making Replevin, or Deliverance of Diſtreſſes taken by Virtue of the Act of Exciſe, or Sheriffs, Goalers, or Maſters of Houſes of Correction, refuſing to receive and ſet on Work ſuch Perſons, or ſuffering them to eſcape, &c. to forfeit double the Sums of Money for which they were committed. *ibid.*
Sheriffs, &c. to aſſiſt Officers in the due Execution of the Act of Exciſe. 27
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Shippers Book outwards, and another inwards, to be kept. 106
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—— In Diſtreſs, to be aſſiſted by Perſons, to be ſummoned by Sheriffs, Cuſtom-houſe Officers, &c. 165
—— To be aſſiſted by Men of War, and Merchants Ships at anchor near the Place. *ibid.*
—— Commanders of Men of War, &c. refuſing to aſſiſt, to forfeit 100*l.* to the ſuperior Officers of ſuch Ships, to be recover'd with Coſts in any Court of Record. *ibid.*
—— Perſons aſſiſting in ſaving ſuch Ships, or their Cargo, to be paid a reaſonable Reward by the Maſters or Owners thereof, within 30 Days after. 166
—— Otherwiſe the Ships or Goods to remain in the Cuſtody of the Officer of the Cuſtoms, until all Charges be paid, and all Aſſiſtants ſatisfied. *ibid.*
—— If after Salvage, Owners, *&c.* diſagree with the Officer of the Cuſtoms, touching the Gratuities, the Parties intereſted, and the Officer of the Cuſtoms may nominate Two or more neighbouring Juſtices of the Peace to adjuſt the Quantum. *ibid.*
——— Such adjuſtment to be binding on all Parties; and the Quantum ſo allotted, to be paid down to the ſaid Officer, before the Goods be deliver'd. *ibid.*
—— Goods ſaved out of ſuch Ships, not claimed, to be put by the next Juſtices of the Peace, into the Poſſeſſion of a reſponſible Perſon. *ibid.*
——— Such Goods not claimed by the rightful Owner, within 12 Months, to be publickly ſold. *ibid.*
——— Such Goods, if periſhable, to be ſold forthwith. 166
—— Money ariſing by ſuch Sale (all Charges firſt deducted) to be paid into the *Exchequer*, there to remain for the Benefit of the rightful Owner. *ibid.*

Ships, Perſons entring Ships in Diſtreſs, without Leave, or hindring the ſaving thereof, or the Goods, or defacing Marks of Goods when ſaved, before they be taken down in a Book for that Purpoſe, to make double Satisfaction, or to be kept to hard Labour in the Houſe of Correction twelve Months. 167

——Perſons preſſing to go on Board ſuch Ships, without Leave, may be repell'd by Force. *ibid.*

——Such Goods found on Perſons ſtealing or carrying off the ſame to be deliver'd to the Owner, *&c.* on Demand, on Pain of treble the Value thereof. *ibid.*

—— Perſons making Holes in ſuch Ships, or ſtealing Pumps, *&c.* Felons without Clergy. *ibid.*

—— Perſons putting forth falſe Lights, Felons without Clergy. 167, 168

—— Owners, Maſters, *&c.* wilfully deſtroying Ships, Felons without Clergy. 249

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Ships Wreck'd, and Goods Flotſam, Ietſam, or Lagan, the Claims thereto ſaved to the King, and Lords of Mannors, *&c.* 168

—— Appointed ordinarily for the Carriage of Letters, *&c.* not to carry Goods for Sale, without Licenſe from the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue, on Pain of 100 *l.* to be paid by the Maſters thereof, on Forfeiture of Place. 177

—— Not exceeding 25 Tuns Burthen, unlading Goods illegally to be forfeited, One Half to the King, and One Half to the Informer. 239

—— Foreign, carrying Goods coaſtwiſe, to be forfeited, and the Goods. 256

—— *Engliſh* built Shipping, to be underſtood to be Ships built in *Great-Britain*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, Iſlands of *Guernſey*, or *Jerſey*, or Town of *Berwick* upon *Tweed*, or in his Majeſty's Plantations, and the Maſter and Three Fourths at leaſt of the Mariners to be *Engliſh*, and to be ſuch during the whole Voyage, unleſs in Caſe of ſickneſs, *&c.* *ibid.*

——Foreign built, not to have the Privilege of *Engliſh*, until the Owners prove by Oath that they are not Aliens, and that they bought the ſaid Ships for valuable Conſiderations, expreſſing the Sum, Time, Place, and Perſons from whom they bought the ſame, and that no Foreigner hath any Part, *&c.* therein. 258

—— To have Certificates upon ſuch Proof made, and for the future to have the Privilege of Ships belonging to the Port where Proof was given. *ibid.*

Ships, Trading to the *Britiſh* Plantations, ſecurity to be given for landing enumerated Goods in *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, &c. 260
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—— Not qualified to trade to the Plantations, until regiſtred on Oath of one or more of the Owners. 270
—— Form of the Oath. *ibid.*
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—— Trading to, from, or in the Plantations, their Built and Property not proved, to be ſubject to the Proſecution as foreign Ships are, except Prizes condemned in the High Court of Admiralty. 270, 271
—— Taken at Sea by Letters of Mart or Reprizal, and Condemnation made in the High Court of Admiralty to be ſpecially regiſtred, and Proof made that the intire Property is *Engliſh*. 271
—— Regiſtred, their Names changed or Property transferr'd to another Port, to be regiſtred *de novo*. *ibid.*
—— Property alter'd in the ſame Port after regiſtring, by Sale of any Share thereof, ſuch Sale to be acknowledg'd by Endorſement on the Certificate of the Regiſter, to prove the Property remains *Engliſh*. *ibid.*
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—— Such, ſubject to the ſame Rules, *&c.* to which Ships coming from *England* are liable to. 281
—— Laden with Goods in *Great-Britain*, for the *Britiſh* Plantations, putting into *Ireland*, and there taking in white and brown *Iriſh* Linen-cloth, the Maſters to perform the ſaid Requiſites. *ibid.*
—— Such Ships, and Maſters, to be ſubject to no other Rules, *&c.* than they were before the paſſing the Stat. 3 & 4 *Ann.* c. 8. *Eng.* *ibid.*
— Importing *Eaſt-India* Goods, contrary to 7 *Geo.* 1. c. 20. and 3 *Geo.* 2. —c. 14. *Eng.* forfeited. 297, 303.
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—— Imported from foreign Parts (except *Great-Britain*) to pay One Third more in the Cuſtom, over and above the Rates in the Book of Rates. 113

Silks made in *China*, *Perſia*, or the *Eaſt Indies*, to pay 1 *s.* 6 *d. per* Yard additional Duty. 153
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—— Imported, by way of Merchandize, and not filled up on Shipboard, the Merchant to be allowed 10 *l. per Cent.* for Leakage. 104

—— Hogsheads run out, and not containing above seven Inches, and Butts or Pipes not above nine Inches, to be accounted Outs, and not to pay Custom. *ibid.*

—— Imported from *Great Britain*, to pay so much only in Custom, as is to be repaid of the Duties in *Great Britain*, upon Exportation thereof. 113, 114

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—— Full Casks thereof, exceeding a Quarter Cask, to be accounted a Teirce, exceeding a Teirce, a Hogshead, exceeding a Hogshead, a Puncheon, exceeding a Puncheon, a Butt or Pipe. 12, 13

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—— Such, not to be sold by Retail, on pain of 10 *l.* 136, 137

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—— A Compensation likewise to be paid for such, *viz.* For *Germany* Wines, and Wines that pay the like Duties, 4 *l.* } *per* Tun.
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—— Of the Growth of *France*, *Germany*, *Spain*, the Iſlands of the *Canaries*, or *Portugal*, *Madera*, or the *Weſtern* Iſlands, imported in Foreign Ships, to pay Aliens Duty. *ibid.*

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—— One Witneſs allow'd to be ſufficient for the King, to convict Offenders againſt the Act for Exciſe. *ibid.*

—— Convicted of wilful Perjury, to ſuffer the Penalties in the Statute 28 *Eliz.* cap. 1. 26

—— Summoned for Diſcovery of Offences by Brewers, &c. againſt 4 *Geo.* 1. cap. 2. refuſing to give Teſtimony, to forfeit 10 *l.* 163

—— Reſiding in any different Diſtrict, may be ſummoned to appear in the proper Diſtrict, where the Information is filed. 220

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—— Summoned, and not appearing, or appearing, and refuſing to give Teſtimony, to forfeit 20 *l.* *ibid.*

Wood, ſpeckle, or *Jamaica* Wood, and dying Wood of the *Britiſh* Plantations, to be imported from *Great Britain* only, under Forfeiture thereof, and the Ship, &c. 308, 309

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Wool, Bay-Yarn, and Woollen Yarn, to be exported, the Duty thereon repeal'd. 217, 218

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—— Owners, *&c.* of ſuch Ships or Veſſels, knowing ſuch Offence, to forfeit their Intereſt therein. 262

—— Maſters and Mariners thereof, knowing ſuch Offence, and aiding thereunto, to forfeit all their Goods and Chattels, and to ſuffer three Months Impriſonment, without Bail or Mainprize. *ibid.*

—— Merchants convicted of illegally tranſporting Sheep, Wool, *&c.* diſabled to ſue for Debts or Eſtates belonging to them. *ibid.*

—— Sheep, or Wool, *&c.* found on board any Ship or Veſſel, or near the Sea, or any navigable River, or loaden on any Carriage, with Intent to be illegally exported, may be ſeized by any Perſon, and the Seizer to have the full Moiety thereof. 263, 273

—— Seizers of ſuch, not to be allowed Evidences upon Oath, againſt the Perſon accuſed, *&c.* *ibid.*

—— Sheep, Wool, *&c.* put on board an Alien's Ship, *&c.* or the Ship of a natural born Subject, not inhabiting in *Great Britain*, the Ship to be forfeited. *ibid.*

—— Proviſo for Lamb-ſkins dreſs'd. *ibid.*

—— And for Pelts, Flock-Beds, and Weather Sheep alive, for the Uſe of the Ship and Paſſengers, and not for Sale. 263, 264

—— Wool, *&c.* preſs'd, or packed with Screws, *&c.* into Bags, *&c.* or Caſks, or laid near the Sea, or a navigable River, with Intention to be illegally tranſported, to be forfeited, or the Value thereof. 265

—— Carried by Land at unſeaſonable Hours, to be forfeited, or the Value thereof. 266

—— Cockets and Certificates to be written upon Paper, and not upon Parchment, and to be ſigned by three of the chief Officers of the Ports, at leaſt. 267, 272, 275, 276

—— Ports for ſhipping off Wool, *&c.* from *Ireland*. See *Ports*. 321

—— For landing thereof in *Great Britain*. See *Ports*. *ibid.*

—— Owners, Maſters, *&c.* of Ships, diſcovering within three Months, *&c.* the illegal Exportation of Wool, *&c.* avoid the Penalties, *&c.* and to have the Benefit allow'd by the Wool Acts. 268

—— Account to be tranſmitted every ſix Months by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *Ireland*, to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *Great Britain*. 271, 275

—— Certificates not to be obliterated, or interlined. 271, 276

—— Not to be carried from *Ireland*, to any Place but to *Great Britain*, nor to be put on board any Horſe or Carriage, or Ship or Veſſel, with Intent to be exported, under Forfeiture thereof, and the Ship, *&c.* 274

—— Offenders to forfeit 500 *l.* *ibid.*

Wool
Woolfells
Shortlings
Mortlings
Woolflocks
Worsted, Bay } woolen yarn
Cloth
Serge
Bays
Kerſeys
Says
Frizes
Druggets
Cloth-Serges
Shalloons
or
Any other Drapery or Woollen manufactures

Wool,

prohibited to be exported to any other places than England now Great Britain per Union & that by Licence & under the Restrict. and Pen

Wool, Maſters, *&c.* of Ships, Carriers, *&c.* wittingly aiding, to forfeit 40 *l.* half to the Proſecutor, and half for the Encouragement of the Linnen Manufactures in *Ireland*. 274

But by 3 *Geo.* 1. c. 21. *Eng.* the half which was given to the Uſe of the Linnen Manufactures (after a Deduction thereout of the Charges of Proſecution, *&c.*) is given to the King.

—— Acquittals in *Ireland* for ſuch Offences, or Suits (unleſs the Offenders be convicted) to be no Bar, or Delay of Proſecution in *Great Britain*. *ibid.*

—— Shipped, or laid near a navigable River, or laden upon any Horſe, *&c.* with Intent to be exported, may be ſeiz'd, together with the Ship, *&c.* and the Perſon ſeizing to be indemnified. 274, 275

—— Bond to be given for Wool, *&c.* to be carried to *Great Britain*. 275

—— Shipped, before Bond given, the Ship to be forfeited. *ibid.*

—— Cockets and Warrants, to be written on Paper, and not Parchment, and ſign'd by three Officers of the Ports at leaſt, where ſuch Goods are ſhipped. *ibid.*

—— Certificates of landing the ſame to be ſign'd in like manner. *ibid.*

—— To be view'd, *&c.* by the proper Officers, at the Time of ſhipping, and landing thereof. *ibid.*

—— Quantities, *&c.* to be endorſed on the *Iriſh* Cocket, and on the Warrant for landing the ſame in *Great Britain*; and upon the Certificate given for diſcharging the Bonds in *Ireland*. *ibid.*

—— Officers taking Entries of ſuch outward, or ſuffering the ſame to be illegally ſhipped, to forfeit their Places, and 500 *l.* 276

—— Offences againſt the Wool Act 10 & 11 *Gul.* 3. *Eng.* to be determin'd in the County where ſuch Goods are ſhipped, elſe in the County in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* where the Offender or Goods are taken. 277

But by 6 *Geo.* 1. cap. 21. *Eng.* Offences committed in *Ireland* to be tried before the Commiſſioners of Exciſe in *Ireland*.

—— Perſons ſued for what they ſhall do in purſuance of the Stat. 10 & 11 *Gul.* 3. cap. 10. *Eng.* may enter a common Appearance, and plead the general Iſſue, and recover treble Coſt, if a Verdict, *&c.* paſs againſt the Plaintiff. *ibid.*

—— Wool, and Woollen Manufactures, may be imported from *Ireland* into *Great Britain*, upon Notice given to the chief Cuſtomer, or Collector, where the ſame is intended for. *ibid.*

—— Bond to be entred into for landing ſuch accordingly. *ibid.*

But vide 20 Geo III Cap 6 Whereby so much of all acts as restrain the Exportation of Cloth Serge, Bays, Kerseys, Says, Prizes, Druggetts, Cloth Lasts Shalloons, Grograms, Bocking, Drapery Stuffs or Woollen manufactures Whatsoever are repeald in 20 Geo 1759

Wool, a Licence to be taken from the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, or chief Cuſtomer, or Collector, where ſuch Bond is given. 277
—— Penalties and Forfeitures of Wool Bonds taken in *Ireland*, not to be aſſign'd over to any Perſon. 278
—— Judges in *Ireland* to give the Wool Act 10 & 11 *Gul.* 3. *Eng.* in charge at all the Aſſizes, and to take Accounts in their Circuits of the due Execution thereof, and to acquaint the Lord Lieutenant, with Informations they receive of any Breaches thereof. *ibid.*
—— The firſt three Perſons aiding in the illegal Exportation of Wool, *&c.* (not being Owners, or Part Owners thereof) diſcovering the Crime, avoid all Penalties in the Wool Acts. 292
—— laid on Shore near the Sea, or any navigable River to be illegally exported, to be forfeited, and the Offender to be ſubject to the Penalties in 10 & 11 *Gul.* 3. cap. 10. *Eng.* 294
—— Not lawfully licenſed, found on board Ships hovering on the Coaſts of *Ireland*, to be forfeited, and the Ship. 295
—— Offences againſt the Wool Acts, to be determined by the Commiſſioners, *&c.* of Exciſe in *Ireland*. 296
—— No Perſon to be admitted to claim Property in any Seizure of Wool, *&c.* till he gives Security to anſwer Penalties, if the Seizure be adjudged good. *ibid.*
—— Perſons ſued for ſeizing Wool, &c. purſuant to 6 *Geo.* 1. cap. 21. *Eng.* may plead the general Iſſue, and give the ſaid Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence, and upon a Verdict, &c. for them, to have full Coſts. *ibid.*
—— Perſons ſued for Things done in purſuance to 5 *Geo.* 2. cap. 21. *Eng.* may plead the general Iſſue, and upon a Verdict for them recover treble Coſts. 312
Wool, &c. (not lawfully licenſed) found on board any Ship, &c. forfeited, and the Veſſel. 311
—— Admiralty to appoint three Ships, and eight armed Sloops to cruize on the Coaſts of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, ro ſeize Ships having Woollen Manufactures on board. 310, 311
—— Liſts of Ships and Sloops to be ſent to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in *Great Britain*, and to the Commiſſioners of the Revenue in *Ireland*. 311
—— Commanders of Ships and Sloops may ſearch Veſſels, and upon finding the Goods prohibited, carry Crew and Cargo into Port. *ibid.*
—— Ships and Goods forfeited, and after Condemnation to be ſold publickly, on 21 Days Notice. *ibid.*
—— Diſtribution of Forfeitures. *ibid.*
—— Informers indemnified, and to have One Fifth Part of the Sale. 311, 312
—— Perſons claiming Property in the Seizures, to give Security to anſwer the Penalties. 312

Wool, Clauſe in 11 & 12 *Gul.* 3. which allow'd the Value of 40 *s.* to Mariners and Paſſengers, repeal'd. 322

—— Not to be carried from *Ireland* to *England*, but in Ships or Veſſels of the Built of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and duly regiſter'd. 322

—— No Manufactures of Wool ſlightly ſtitched, &c. to be exported from *Great Britain*, or *Ireland*, to Parts beyond the Seas. 323

—— Wool, &c. not to be packed up in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, but in Packs or Truſſes of Leather or Canvas, ſtamped or marked on the Outſide with the Words WOOL or YARN. *ibid.*

—— Not to be ſhipped for parts beyond the Seas, or laden to be carried Coaſtwiſe from Port to Port in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, unleſs Notice be firſt given to the Commiſſioners, or to the Cuſtomer, &c. of the Port from which the ſame is intended to be ſent or exported, of the Quantity, &c. thereof, and a Bond entered into, and a Licence taken for ſuch as ſhall be carried Coaſtwiſe. 323, 324

—— Before whom, and where to be landed. 325

—— None but Officers to enter Informations of Seizures of Wool, &c. *ibid.*

—— Informations to be filed and proſecuted in the Name of the Attorney General, or in the Name of ſome Officer. *ibid.*

—— Officers making colluſive Seizures, &c. forfeit 200 *l.* and rendered incapable of holding any Employment. 326

—— Encouragement to Offenders to diſcover ſuch Seizures, &c. *ibid.*

—— Informations, &c. where to be entered and proſecuted. 326, 327

—— *Onus probandi* ſhall lie upon the Owner or Claimer. 327

—— Officer making Seizure upon Information, the Informer to have half. *ibid.*

—— Proviſion for the Informer, or Proſecutor, when the Offender is not able to pay the Penalty. *ibid.*

—— Encouragement to Mariners and Maſters of Ships employ'd in clandeſtine exporting of Wool, &c. to make Diſcovery thereof. 328

—— Perſons qualified to put the Wool Acts in Execution. *ibid.*

—— Three hundred Pounds Penalty for offering a Bribe to an Officer to connive at, or permit the Tranſportation, or Concealment of Wool, &c. 329

—— Perſons oppoſing Officers in ſeizing, deemed Felons. *ibid.*

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—— Bonds not chargeable with the Stamp Duties. *ibid.*

—— Five hundred Pounds Penalty on inſuring, or procuring Wool, &c. to be landed in Foreign Parts. 330, 331

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—— Cable imported, to pay 6*d*. for every 20*s*. Value in the Exciſe. 4
—— Woollen and Bay, exported from *Ireland* to *England*, the Duties thereon to ceaſe in *England* after 1 *May*, 1740. 320

FINIS.

MVSEVM BRITAN NICVM